Version 3 Release 2

# *IBM DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS User's Guide*



SC27-4569-01

Version 3 Release 2

# *IBM DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS User's Guide*



#### Note:

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the "Notices" topic at the end of this information.

#### Second Edition (December 2016)

This edition applies to Version 3 Release 2 of IBM DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS (product number 5655-W78) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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# About this information

DB2 Recovery Expert for  $z/OS^{\text{®}}$  (also referred to as DB2 Recovery Expert) is a feature-rich product that assists you with system-level as well as object level backups, and system-level, application, and object-level recoveries.

The topics in this user's guide are designed to help database administrators, system programmers, application programmers, and system operators perform the following tasks:

- Plan for the installation of DB2 Recovery Expert.
- Install DB2 Recovery Expert.
- Configure your DB2 Recovery Expert environment.
- Operate DB2 Recovery Expert.
- Diagnose and recover from DB2 Recovery Expert problems.

Always check the DB2 Tools Product Documentation page for the most current version of this information:

http://www.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/db2tools-library.html

# Chapter 1. DB2 Recovery Expert overview

IBM<sup>®</sup> DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS (also referred to as DB2 Recovery Expert) is a storage-aware backup and recovery solution that integrates storage processor fast-replication facilities with DB2<sup>®</sup> backup and recovery operations to allow instantaneous backups, reduce recovery time, and simplify disaster recovery procedures while using less CPU, I/O, and storage resources.

# What's new in DB2 Recovery Expert

## September 2015

- The Mass Application Recovery enhancement allows users to define a prioritized grouping of application profiles that can be utilized in various operations such as recovery, quiet time analysis, and image copies. Such groups can also be used during an image copy recovery. This feature will allow users to restore their applications with other available assets, and additionally, allow them to prioritize the recovery of applications according to a user-defined group.
- The Redirected Recovery enhancement extends object recovery functionality. Redirected Recovery allows users to recover an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is different from the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
- The Transaction Recovery enhancement will enable users to undo a transaction or transactions based on selection criteria. The Transaction Recovery feature will be based on the included Log Analysis Tool functionality to generate Undo SQL. Recoveries will be performed in a transactionally consistent manner where all operations of a transaction are undone.
- The Combined System Level Backup (CSLB) enhancement is an optional feature of IMS Recovery Expert v2.2 and DB2 Recovery Expert v3.2, which allows users to create, with a single process, a backup that includes one or more subsystems. The subsystems in the CSLB can be all of the same type (i.e. all IMS subsystems or all DB2 subsystems) or mixed (one or more IMS subsystems and one or more DB2 subsystems). All subsystem backups are created with a consistent point in time for recovery.

## November 2013

DB2 Recovery Expert added the following new functionality to support DB2 11 for z/OS (also referred to as DB2 11):

- Support has been added for the new DB2 11 suppress NULL indexes feature. This new DB2 V11 feature can be used to improve the performance of an index by excluding NULL keys to reduce its size.
- Support added for the DB2 V11 feature that allows users to control whether updates done inside a stored procedure can be committed when the stored procedure ends without committing the activity done by the calling program. This DB2 V11 feature helps customers migrate work to DB2 z/OS from other platforms.
- Support has been added for the new DB2 V11 global variable object type. A global variable can be set in a connection and it will hold its value through that connection. Global variables can be used to pass values to other users of the same DB2 connection.

- Support has been added for the DB2 V11 extended 10 byte RBA/LRSN. This added support helps non-data sharing customers who were bumping into the highest RBA and data sharing customers who were seeing multiple log records with the same LRSN.
- Updated the DB2 Recovery Expert Disaster Recovery from Image Copies process to support the DB2 V11 feature that automatically cleans committed pseudo-empty index pages. This enhancement can reduce the size of some indexes, which can improve SQL performance and reduce the need to run the REORG INDEX utility.
- Support has been added to remove the point-in-time recovery restriction in recovery plan generation introduced in DB2 10. DB2 Recovery Expert added several new catalog columns that will save the old properties so objects can be altered back on a recovery. This restriction will still be in place for any recovery plans not using the DB2 Recover Utility and for dropped object recovery.
- Enhancement that improves DB2 Recovery Expert's ability to identify the access path with the least expensive cost. When multiple access path solutions are available, this enhancement will also evaluate the runtime overhead associated with each plan.
- Support has been added for the new DB2 V11 feature that allows aliases to be created for PUBLIC use or FOR SEQUENCE. Defining aliases for sequences allows objects to be defined as a public resource.

#### June 2012

DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 includes many new features that enhance an already powerful recovery solution. These new features focus on making it easier to protect mission-critical data and continuing to provide the fastest, least costly method of recovery when time is of the essence:

- Integration with IBM Tools Customizer for z/OS providing one interface to customize and generate installation JCL for all DB2 Tools.
- Enhanced ISPF interface that includes the recovery and log analysis functionality previously found only in the V2.2 GUI interface.
- Completely redesigned web browser interface replaces the V2.2 GUI interface. Look and feel is more in sync with the ISPF interface. Eliminates the need to separately install a local version for each user.
- Support for IPv6 in DB2 Recovery Expert server, agent, and client. The agent and server will support and accept connections from both IPv4 and IPv6 clients.
- Ability to generate DDL for object authorizations enabling the restoration of object authorizations when recovering dropped objects.
- Ability to generate BIND statements for related plans and packages enabling the binding of plans and packages for objects being recovered. This feature is available for:
  - Existing object recovery or dropped object recovery from the SLR
  - Dropped object recovery using Log Based Dropped Object Recovery
  - When generating binds for the new DDL generation option
- Expanded the object types that can be recovered to include indexes, views, synonyms, aliases, data types, triggers, functions, stored procedures, sequences and roles. Added the ability to perform dropped object recovery or DDL generation for all of the added object types.
- Ability to update Real-Time Statistics (RTS) when creating fast-replication image copies.

- Ability to generate DDL for dropped objects without an up-to-date Schema Level Repository. This new feature in both the ISPF and browser client uses Log Analysis to read the log records to recreate the object's image to a point in time.
- Added the "Generate DDL Only" recovery option to both the web and ISPF interfaces. The ability to only generate the DDL can provide the user with a record of DDL "at a glance" at a point in time of their choosing. This option is available for regular objects and dropped objects.

# What does DB2 Recovery Expert do?

DB2 Recovery Expert helps you avoid accidental data loss or corruption by providing the fastest, least costly method of backup and recovery.

DB2 Recovery Expert provides a fast and easy-to-use implementation of a DB2 system backup and recovery methodology. It reduces backup windows by leveraging storage-based fast-replication such that backups of multi-terabyte databases can be performed in seconds or less. It simplifies backup and recovery methodologies by allowing full-system, application, and object-level recoveries to be performed from a common system backup. Consistent backups can be created using "full" or "data-only" system level backup options. It provides DB2 system backup and recovery support even for complex applications, where all of the application's data must be backed up, restored, and recovered as a unit. System backups can be taken while the DB2 system remains active. In addition, when creating system level backups, DB2 Recovery Expert invokes storage-based fast-replication facilities through appropriate storage processor APIs, reducing host CPU and I/O resource utilization and enabling legacy data copy methods to be used while the DB2 system is down.

DB2 Recovery Expert has integrated, intelligent recovery and disaster recovery managers that analyze recovery assets and establish optimal recovery procedures to minimize recovery time and recovery point objectives. Recovery jobs are tailored specifically to available backup and hardware resources.

- The Intelligent Recovery Manager supplies the ability to perform local recoveries efficiently using all available recovery resources. Restore operations that invoke fast-replication facilities through appropriate storage processor APIs and parallel recovery can significantly reduce recovery time and complexity.
- The Intelligent Disaster Recovery Manager uses local site procedures to prepare for offsite disaster recovery or disaster restart in advance. The information that is acquired allows Intelligent Disaster Recovery Manager to intelligently perform remote site restoration operations and appropriate recovery or restart procedures.

# Backup and recovery solutions

IBM solutions help IT organizations maximize their investment in DB2 databases while staying on top of some of today's toughest IT challenges. Backup and recovery solutions can protect your data and lessen the negative impact that data loss can have on your business.

Backup and recovery is one of the most complicated areas of database management. Having the right resources to do a recovery is critical, and unfortunately in many cases, is not addressed until after data is already lost. Database backup and recovery solutions include recovering from a dropped object to bouncing back from a major disaster, and everything in between. Recoveries that are done manually can be error prone, time consuming, and resource intensive.

Some of the questions you might face as a database administrator who is responsible for backup and recovery tasks include:

- Can a transaction be reversed or does the entire database have to be recovered?
- How can you determine which objects have been impacted?
- Do you have the necessary resources to recover to a point in time?
- Are you prepared for a disaster?
- Can you recover your subsystem?
- · How much data are you willing to lose?

DB2 Tools for z/OS products support and exploit the most current versions of DB2, optimizing the performance and management of DB2.

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS, one of several important DB2 Tools for z/OS, is a storage-aware backup and recovery solution that integrates storage processor fast-replication facilities with DB2 backup and recovery operations to allow instantaneous backups, reducing recovery time, and simplifying disaster recovery procedures while using less CPU, I/O, and storage resources. This product provides an intelligent analysis of altered, incorrect, or missing database assets, including table spaces, tables, indexes, and data. It automates the process of rebuilding these assets to a specified point in time, often without taking the database or the business operations offline.

Other DB2 Tools for z/OS that can assist with database backup and recovery include:

- DB2 Log Analysis Tool for z/OS
- DB2 Change Accumulation Tool for z/OS
- DB2 Archive Log Accelerator for z/OS
- DB2 Automation Tool
- IBM Application Recovery Tool for IMS<sup>™</sup> and DB2

# **DB2 Recovery Expert features and benefits**

DB2 Recovery Expert offers several unique and significant features that you can use to significantly improve your DB2 backup and recovery methodology.

DB2 Recovery Expert features include:

#### **ISPF** interface

DB2 Recovery Expert provides an easy-to-use ISPF interface to manage all of its main functions. Through the ISPF interface users can easily create system backup, object, and disaster recovery profiles that contain all the information necessary to run backup, restore, and disaster recovery jobs.

#### DB2 system backup and recovery

DB2 Recovery Expert provides the ability to backup an entire DB2 system 1 (full image or data only) or a partial DB2 system at the volume level through the use of system backup profiles. These profiles designate the DB2 system, the user options and the resources that will be used to perform the backup. When executed, DB2 Recovery Expert will validate that all DB2 data is included in the backup by performing dynamic

discovery of all the data sets and their associated volumes. This will ensure that the entire DB2 system is backed up. The system backup can be taken while the DB2 system is active by using fast-replication storage devices, or while the DB2 system is down using DFSMSdss or FDR to copy each DB2 volume. DB2 Recovery Expert also provides the ability to "offload" or copy the system backup to tape. A system backup can be used at the local site to restore an entire DB2 system, or at the remote site to restore the DB2 system for disaster recovery purposes. In addition, DB2 Recovery Expert can restore individual DB2 objects from a system backup.

#### DB2 system backup configuration and management

DB2 Recovery Expert includes a System Setup feature that can be used to discover a DB2 system and recommend layout and configuration changes so that the DB2 system can be set up appropriately to accommodate a system backup and recovery methodology.

#### **Backup validation**

DB2 Recovery Expert provides extensive backup validation to ensure that the system backup contains all DB2 files and catalog structures required for a successful recovery.

#### Tape offload support

DB2 Recovery Expert provides tape offload support to automate copying a system backup or partial system backup from disk to tape. Backups created on disk can be copied to tape using DFSMSdss or FDR so the backup disk volume pool can be reused. DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to encrypt the data when offloading to tape or disk. Data encryption can be specified for either DFSMSdss or FDR offloads. DB2 Recovery Expert provides a report of backups and offloaded tapes for offsite support. A subsequent DB2 system restore operation will restore the backup from disk or tape depending on system backup availability and recovery scope. DB2 Recovery Expert will use the most appropriate backup for application-level recovery and will restore the databases from disk, tape, or a previous image copy depending on which backup provides the most expedient recovery process.

#### **Object level backup**

DB2 Recovery Expert provides the ability to create data set level fast replication backups. This feature can be used to drive EMC Snap Dataset or IBM Dataset FlashCopy<sup>®</sup> to create a backup for individual or groups of table spaces and indexes. Users can create two types of object backups using fast replication. One type is created using traditional image copies that will be registered in SYSIBM.SYSCOPY and usable by any recovery tool or other process that uses image copies. Another type is created using VSAM type copies that will be registered in the DB2 Recovery Expert internal repository. These backups are usable for recovery purposes when DB2 Recovery Expert generates recovery JCL.

#### **Object level recovery**

DB2 Recovery Expert object level recovery enables users to recover individual DB2 objects or groups of related objects from a system backup or from image copies. Users create application profiles that contain the information that is used to recover a DB2 subsystem's objects to a desired point in time. When recovery is necessary, DB2 Recovery Expert analyzes all the available backup resources to generate the most appropriate recovery JCL to recover all the objects in the profile. DB2 Recovery Expert can also invoke additional recovery utilities after restoring the databases to bring them to a more current point-in-time. In addition, object-level recovery leverages storage-based data set fast-replication facilities. The use of storage-based data set fast-replication allows object recovery to be performed in parallel to the database restore process, thus significantly reducing the overall recovery time. Object or database recoveries that traditionally have taken many hours can be performed in minutes or seconds using DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### Tape-based disaster restart

DB2 Recovery Expert provides disaster recovery support by transforming traditional DB2 disaster recovery procedures into a tape-based disaster restart methodology. System backups can be tagged for offsite transport to a disaster recovery site during the offload process. The tape-based disaster restart methodology loads the system backup tapes and restarts DB2 at the disaster recovery site. The DB2 restart process transforms the system backup into a transactionally consistent DB2 system that is ready to accept work. Using DB2 Recovery Expert to implement an DB2 tape-based disaster reduces recovery time objectives.

#### Automation and management of disaster recovery

Using DB2 Recovery Expert to automate and manage traditional disaster recovery processes simplifies disaster recovery procedures, reduces recovery time, and makes the recovery process less error-prone. Users create disaster recovery profiles which contain the recovery assets that will be sent to the recovery site. These assets can include system backups, archive logs, and image copies. The DB2 Recovery Expert Intelligent Disaster Recovery Manager runs at some set interval at the local site, performing the following functions:

- Analyzes, prepares, and identifies any new assets to be sent to the recovery site.
- Copies and then conditions DB2 recovery data sets (RECONS) with the recovery assets to be used at the remote site.
- Creates JCL that can be executed at the disaster recovery site to recover the DB2 system.
- Produces a detailed report showing all tapes that need to be transported to the disaster recovery site.

The user simply has to submit the predefined jobs that were created at the local site by the Intelligent Disaster Recovery Manager to perform the actual recovery of the DB2 system at the remote site.

#### System restore interface

DB2 Recovery Expert provides an ISPF interface to display all the system backups that have been performed. DB2 systems can be restored by selecting a system backup and specifying restore and recovery options. DB2 Recovery Expert will then build JCL that can be executed to restore and recover the entire DB2 system from the system backup and other recovery resources created since the system backup.

#### Copy blades

DB2 Recovery Expert copy blades provide storage processor integration and extensibility to support heterogeneous storage platforms and fast-replication features. DB2 Recovery Expert supports IBM, EMC and HDS storage systems and fast-replication facilities using integrated copy blades. DB2 Recovery Expert copy blades include:

• IBM FlashCopy<sup>®</sup> copy blade which provides support for IBM native FlashCopy.

- EMC TimeFinder copy blade which provides support for TimeFinder/Mirror, TimeFinder/Clone, TimeFinder/Snap Virtual Device.
- HDS ShadowImage copy blade which provides HDS ShadowImage support.
- DFSMSdss copy blade which allows backups to be performed using DFSMSdss. DFSMSdss can optionally be used to invoke FlashCopy or SnapShot fast-replication methods.

#### Metadata repository

DB2 Recovery Expert provides a comprehensive metadata repository to record backup information such as backup time, backup type, log byte addresses, and volumes used for the backup. Reports can be generated to monitor information such as backup methods and operations, storage volume usage, system backup volume usage, and archived backups.

#### Multi-purpose system level backup

DB2 Recovery Expert generated system level backups can be used for multiple purposes saving storage and processing resources. A system level backup can be used for DB2 system recovery, application recovery, object recovery, and for disaster restart or recovery. With this ability, significant CPU, I/O, and storage resources that would otherwise be required to make multiple backups for different purposes are saved.

#### DB2 recovery performed efficiently

DB2 Recovery Expert reduces recovery time by running restore and recovery operations in parallel. Storage-based fast-replication facilities are used to restore backups quickly while invoking DB2 recovery processes in parallel to reduce overall recovery time and minimize DB2 and application down time. DB2 systems are restored using volume-based fast-replication, and DB2 applications and objects are restored using data set-based fast-replication facilities.

#### **DB2 Version Support**

DB2 Recovery Expert supports DB2 versions 8, 9, 10 and 11 in either data-sharing or non data-sharing modes of operation.

# **DB2 Recovery Expert components**

DB2 Recovery Expert consists of several components that include a server, an agent, repositories, an ISPF interface, and a web interface.

The main components of DB2 Recovery Expert are:

#### Web interface

This is a browser based interface.

- Server The DB2 Recovery Expert server centrally manages and controls all DB2 Recovery Expert functions that are performed on behalf of user requests. You must run at least one instance of the server to manage all of your DB2 subsystems and data sharing groups and to support all of your DB2 Recovery Expert user clients. Using TCP/IP connections, the server, clients, and agents communicate with each other to perform the recovery functions. The server supports dropped objects.
- **Agent** The agent provides access to database and system services, in support of the server and remote clients. You must run one instance of the agent on every system or logical partition (LPAR) that hosts DB2 subsystems or data sharing groups that you want to access with DB2 Recovery Expert. Each agent communicates with the DB2 for z/OS server to provide services.

#### Schema level repository

DB2 Recovery Expert offers the option of capturing DB2 system catalog information and storing it in a set of DB2 tables referred to as the schema level repository (SLR). The SLR is an archive to hold object definitions and alterations to object definitions. The SLR can be created using the Tools Customizer.

The initial population of the SLR may take several hours to copy the contents of the DB2 system catalog. Run times vary depending on the DB2 system catalog size. You must run the schema level repository update job at least daily. If important application object definition updates are performed, then run the schema level repository update after the object definition updates.

This image depicts the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment and the way in which the server, agents, and clients interact.



Figure 1. The main components of DB2 Recovery Expert

The DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface includes:

#### DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface VSAM repository

The DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF uses a set of VSAM files to store information related to system-level backups and DB2 subsystem definitions. This repository can optionally be automatically backed up any time that a system-level backup is created by DB2 Recovery Expert.

**Note:** This repository is used for the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface only.

# **DB2 Recovery Expert product definitions**

To help you navigate through the DB2 Recovery Expert interfaces, this section provides definitions of the main features. DB2 Recovery Expert includes a web and an ISPF interface. Depending on your installation, you may use one or both of these interfaces.

#### Web interface definitions

The following features are accessible through the web interface:

#### **Recovery Advisor**

Use the Recovery Advisor to recover data or dropped objects in your operational database system. This feature allows you to select objects or groups of objects to recover and review and edit recovery plans before running the JCL. After running the recovery, you can review the results and restart any failed jobs.

#### Log Based Recovery Advisor

Use the Log Based Recovery Advisor to recover dropped objects without an up-to-date schema-level repository (SLR). The Log Based Recovery Advisor uses the DB2 log files.

#### **Transaction Recovery Advisor**

Use the Transaction Recovery Advisor to undo a specific transaction or set of transactions in a transactionally consistent manner and recover any objects that may have been impacted.

#### Log Analysis Advisor

Use the Log Analysis Advisor to help you analyze database log files to determine points of consistency (quiet times or periods of inactivity) for objects or sets of objects.

#### System Restore Advisor

Use the System Restore Advisor to restore a subsystem that has been backed up by DB2 Recovery Expert. With this feature, you can restore an entire DB2 system to a prior point in time. If both data and logs were backed up, you have the option to restore data and logs or only data. In addition, if the backup was configured for data only, you can only restore the data.

**Note:** The System Restore Advisor can only be used to restore a DB2 system from a system-level backup taken from within the product.

#### **Specifications Advisor**

Use the Specifications Advisor to work with previously saved recovery, log analysis, and system restore specifications. You can save your work while in another advisor and return to that configuration using the Specifications Advisor. This feature improves your efficiency and reduces the amount of rework that you must do.

#### **DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF definitions**

From the main panel of the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface you can access the following features.

#### System Backup Profiles

From this panel, you can define backup profiles to specify the type of backup (DB2, BCV, FlashCopy, Snap, or DFSMSdss), the source volumes to be backed up for a subsystem, and their associated target units. Backup profiles contain information that is used to backup a DB2 subsystem. In addition, backup profiles set other options such as the backup type (full or data only), the number of backup generations to keep, options for offloading backups, and enabling object restore. Backup profiles are reusable and editable.

| | | |

#### System Restore and Offload

From this panel, you can perform system restores and backup offloads. A system can be restored to a particular recovery point from a backup made by DB2 Recovery Expert. You can run a health check report to determine if objects may be unrecoverable after a system restore is performed, before you actually run the system restore. If object restore was enabled for a backup, you can make image copies of selected objects from a system backup. You can also offload selected backups to tape or disk.

#### **Application Profiles**

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From this panel, you can build jobs to backup and recover a DB2 system's objects to a desired point in time. You can create application profiles that will recover objects using the schema level repository (SLR) or DB2 logs. You can also create a transaction application profile that can be used to recover objects that were changed by a transaction. You can include in an application profile individual objects or groups of objects that can be backed up or recovered singularly or collectively. From an application profile you can build jobs to backup a DB2 system's objects using a fast replication. You can build a recovery job from an application profile, and have DB2 Recovery Expert take into consideration all the recovery resources (each backup that you have created) and choose the best object recovery resource available, based on the desired point in time to which you want to restore the objects, and the options that you have specified.

#### **Disaster Recovery Profiles**

In case of a disaster that renders a DB2 subsystem unusable, you can restore the subsystem at a remote site if you have implemented the disaster recovery feature of DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### DB2 Subsystem Analysis and Configuration

From this panel, you can analyze DB2 subsystems to ensure proper configuration for backups. It provides information about the z/OS user catalogs, aliases, boot strap data sets, and active logs data sets. It also provides detailed information about the volumes and the data sets in use by a subsystem. If your subsystem is not correctly configured, you can use the **DB2 Subsystem Analysis and Configuration** panel to create z/OS user catalogs and aliases, rename or move boot strap data sets, log data sets, and/or DB2 object data sets to the proper locations.

#### **Coordinated Application Profiles**

From this panel you can build jobs that can be used to recover the DB2 objects and IMS databases that are used in an application to the same consistent point in time.

# Determining which interface to use

DB2 Recovery Expert provides a browser-based web interface and an ISPF interface. You can perform all DB2 Recovery Expert functions using the ISPF interface. You can perform many of the recovery functions using the web interface.

The following comparison table lists the functions that can be performed using the web interface and the functions that can be performed using the ISPF interface.

Table 1. Comparison of functions by interface

Function	Option	WEB	ISPF
Object recovery	To current	Y	Y

Function	Option	WEB	ISPF
	To LRSN/RBA or Quiesce point To Copy (last full, last incremental, specific copy)	Y Y	Y Y
	To prior version with DDL	Y	Y
Database/table space object	To current	Y	Y
	To LRSN/RBA or Quiesce point	Y	Y
	To Copy (last full, last incremental, specific copy)	Y	Y
	To prior version with DDL	Y	Y
	From DB2 Recovery Expert created system-level backup	Yª	Yª
Dropped object recovery	To current	Y	Y
	To LRSN/RBA or Quiesce point	Y	Y
	To Copy (last full, last incremental, specific copy)	Y	Y
	To prior version with DDL	Y	Y
	From DB2 Recovery Expert created system-level backup	Yª	Yª
Recover groups of objects	Based on referential integrity groups	Y	Y
	Based on DB2 Automation Tool profiles	Y	Y
	Based on DB2 Recovery Expert application recovery profiles	N	Y
Transaction Recovery	Undo a transaction and the operations that were performed on the object.	Y	Y
Redirected Recovery	Recover an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is different from the object's original source DB2 subsystem.	Y	Y
Mass Application Recovery	Prioritize the recovery of objects that are included in application profiles.	N	Y
Recover entire DB2 subsystem	From DB2 Recovery Expert created	Y <sup>b</sup>	Y <sup>b</sup>
	- From DB2 created system-level backup	Y <sup>c</sup>	N
	- Automatically recover/rebuild objects in RECP/RBDP after restore	N	Y
Combined System Level Backup	Create, with a single process, a backup that includes one or more DB2 and IMS subsystems.	N	Y
DB2 Log Analysis	Identify quiet points in the DB2 log which can be used as recovery points	Y	Y
		1	1

Table 1. Comparison of functions by interface (continued)

Function	Option	WEB	ISPF
Subsystem Setup Utility	Assist with preparing a DB2 subsystem for using the DB2 BACKUP SYSTEM utility	N	Y
Manage DB2 disaster recovery	Create JCL for jobs necessary to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote location.	N	Y
Create system-level backups	Generate JCL needed to createDB2 Recovery Expert managed system-level backups	N	Y
Fast replication image copies	Create object level image copies using fast replication.	N	Y
System Backup Health Check	Assess the relative health of a system backup based on not logged events occurring after the system backup	N	Y
Create Image Copies from a system-level backup	Create JCL to create image copies for an object or a set of objects and register them in SYSCOPY	N	Y

Table 1. Comparison of functions by interface (continued)

#### Note:

- a Object recovery must be enabled in the system backup profile. Set **Enable Obj Restore** to **Y** in the **Update Backup Profile** ISPF panel.
- **b** DB2 Recovery Expert parameter IPC IPC\_RBR must be set to Y.
- **c** Must be DB2 9 for z/OS and DB2 Recovery Expert parameter IPC IPC\_RBR must be set to N.

## **DB2 Recovery Expert scenarios**

The DB2 for z/OS environment can experience different kinds of failures such as application errors, DB2 subsystem failures, Internal Resource Lock Manager (IRLM) failures, disk failures, z/OS failures, power failures, site failures, and so on. When these failures occur, appropriate recovery procedures must be executed. This is where DB2 Recovery Expert can help address your day-to-day data management problems.

When your DB2 system or application experiences failures, appropriate recovery procedures must be executed swiftly and precisely to ensure minimal loss of data and minimal loss of system availability. The following scenarios illustrate how you can use DB2 Recovery Expert to quickly recover from unforeseen failures:

#### Recovering data to a specific point in time (PIT)

DB2 Recovery Expert makes recovery to a specific point in time (PIT) easy to implement. Recovery options can include rolling changes forward or backward, whichever is the most efficient in a given situation. Not only does the tool provide options for recovery scenarios, it also makes recommendations as to which option is relatively the least expensive in any given situation. This functionality saves you time and money by helping you make better decisions.

#### **Recovery Scope**

DB2 Recovery Expert supplies options to recover a complete DB2 subsystem to some point in time as well as a selected set of objects to a point in time. A DBA can create in advance the jobs that will be used at recover time. This decreases analysis time, application unavailability time, and time spent fixing errors.

When generating recovery plans, DB2 Recovery Expert will automatically include all DB2 enforced Referential Integrity (RI) objects. Application RI can be supplied to DB2 Recovery Expert via application profiles when creating recovery plans.

#### SQL based recovery

DB2 Recovery Expert will incorporate UNDO/REDO SQL into recovery plans. In some recovery scenarios, such as backing out a single bad transaction that has incorrectly updated an application, a DBA can quickly identify and surgically extract the UNDO/REDO SQL that can be used as a recovery option leaving the tables available for others to access during the SQL based recovery.

#### Schema versioning feature

A DBA performs schema/table changes to support application development in both development and production environments. On occasion these schema/table changes are incorrect or need to be altered or changed. Backing out the schema changes to the pre-change schema version is time consuming, a manual process and prone to error. Each time a change is backed out the DBA needs to develop a strategy, create all the JCL to support the change and execute a manual job flow to back out the schema changes in each of the multiple non-production environments.

DB2 Recovery Expert has a versioning feature that allows a DBA to maintain multiple versions of their DB2 objects. With this feature a DBA can go back to a prior version of the object should the need arise. DB2 Recovery Expert will generate plans and automatically create all steps needed to back out these type of changes. The DB2 Recovery Expert versioning feature drastically reduces the time a DBA spends performing this recovery by decreasing analysis time and by creating accurate and efficient JCL to be used to back out the changes.

#### Recovering accidentally dropped objects

DB2 Recovery Expert also supports the recovery of accidentally dropped objects in the DB2 for z/OS environment. The DB2 Recovery Expert tool provides an easy-to-use, automated recovery solution that enables database recovery operations with minimal disruption and enables you to maintain high availability for database users.

#### Performing recoveries at a remote location

DB2 Recovery Expert includes support for recovering objects or entire subsystems at a remote location. You can perform recoveries at a remote site using either traditional DB2 image copies or the equivalent of a system-level backup created by DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### Using IBM DB2 Automation Tool profiles

DB2 Recovery Expert takes advantage of profiles that are developed with the IBM DB2 Automation Tool to recover a set of objects. You can use DB2 Recovery Expert to generate the Job Control Language (JCL) to execute each backup of the objects in the profile and you can perform the backup on a predetermined schedule without having to re-generate the JCL. Extensive validity checking makes the backup and restore more thorough and less error-prone and is performed before each backup to ensure a complete and accurate backup.

# **DB2 Recovery Expert validation**

DB2 Recovery Expert has the ability to perform several validation and configuration checks to help ensure a successful recovery before the recovery process is needed.

#### Subsystem analysis & configuration

In order for DB2 Recovery Expert to provide the fastest and most effective backups that can be used to recover a DB2 subsystem, the DB2 subsystem must be configured according to specific guidelines. DB2 Recovery Expert includes a feature that enables a DBA to verify the proper configuration of a DB2 subsystem. This feature will flag non-optimal configurations and supply warning messages, providing a DBA the ability to correct any non-optimal configurations prior to recovery.

#### System level backup validation

DB2 Recovery Expert enables a DBA to correct any errors that might occur during recovery at the time a backup is taken. A new or recently modified system level backup (SLB) can be run using the SETUP option. When run in setup mode, DB2 Recovery Expert will not perform the backup but will validate DB2 source and target volumes to be sure the proper mapping has been completed. Any error can be corrected so that when the system level backup is taken and the same validation occurs there will be no problems. In addition, when the system level backup is taken, DB2 Recovery Expert will report any objects that are in a restricted state and might negatively impact the success of the restore. By discovering these errors at backup time, a DBA can make corrections prior to a recovery scenario.

#### Health check report

The DB2 Recovery Expert health check feature supplies a DBA with the ability to check the recovery health of a DB2 system using a system level backup as a starting point. After a system level backup is taken, various activities can take place that would cause an object to be in a non-recoverable state. By running a health check report, DB2 Recovery Expert will flag non recoverable objects. If a log no event occurred on an object and an image copy was performed after the log no event, DB2 Recovery Expert will flag the log no event object and show the supporting image copy.

#### **Recovery plan validation**

After a recovery plan(s) is generated by DB2 Recovery Expert a validate function can take place prior to executing the recovery plan. The validation function will check to see if all recovery assets are available for the recovery to be successful.

# User ID authorities required for installation

This information describes the DB2 Recovery Expert user ID authority required for installation.

DB2 Recovery Expert can only be installed using a TSO user ID that has SYSADM authority. If your site does not have a TSO user ID with that authority and does not allow one to be created, there are other ways for you to install DB2 Recovery Expert:

- If the DB2 installation zparm DBACRVW (DBADM CREATE VIEW) setting is set to YES then DB2 Recovery Expert can be installed with a user ID that has SYSCTRL authority.
- If the DBACRVW (DBADM CREATE VIEW) setting is set to NO, then the installation user ID must have SYSADM authority to install DB2 Recovery Expert.
  - A user ID has SYSADM authority if they are running as the SYSADM user ID.
  - A user ID can use DB2 secondary authorization IDs. For more information about DB2 secondary authorization IDs, see the *DB2 Administration Guide*.

Additional user ID authorities required for installation are:

- Server user ID Requires SYSCTRL as the primary auth ID.
- Agent user ID Requires SYSCTRL as the primary auth ID.

# Hardware and software requirements

These are the hardware and software requirements for the various components of DB2 Recovery Expert.

# DB2 Recovery Expert server and agent component requirements

These are the requirements for the DB2 Recovery Expert server and agent components.

#### Hardware requirements

• Any hardware environment that supports the required software.

#### Software requirements

- z/OS Version 1 Release 11 or higher
- DB2 (one of the following versions)
  - DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 10 (CM8, CM9, ENFM, and NFM)
  - DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 11 (CM and NFM)
- The DB2 Recovery Expert z/OS executables must be executed on an operating system version that is equal to the operating system version the product SMP/E install was performed on.
- The DB2 utilities that are used by DB2 Recovery Expert require execution under TSO/E. Refer to the DB2 V10, or DB2 V11 product support information for information regarding TSO/E support levels.
- The DB2 Recovery Expert client/server component supports profiles created with any version of DB2 Automation Tool.
- DB2 Recovery Expert has no dependencies on Rocket Software, Inc. Common Code groups (FEC, DLC).

# Web interface requirements

These are the requirements for the browser client interface of DB2 Recovery Expert.

## Hardware requirements

There are no specific hardware requirements required to run the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface application. The web interface application runs in a browser and communicates directly with the DB2 Recovery Expert server.

No local disk storage is required for product intermediate or result data since all processing occurs remotely on the DB2 Recovery Expert server or on the DB2 database server systems. A reasonable amount of local disk space should be available if the user wants to export JCL, job results or other information.

#### Software requirements

Requires a Web browser running Adobe Flash Player 10.0 or higher.

# DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface software and hardware requirements

These are the software and hardware requirements for DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface. DB2 Recovery Expert operates under a traditional mainframe environment running DB2 for z/OS.

#### Software requirements

DB2 Recovery Expert runs under ISPF and invokes ISPF services. DB2 Recovery Expert requires the following software:

- z/OS V1R11 or higher.
- DB2 UDB for z/OS V10 or higher

#### FlashCopy requirements

For FlashCopy backups, DB2 Recovery Expert requires the following:

- To use FlashCopy for a full system backup and restore, the storage subsystem must be FlashCopy V1 capable.
- To perform the object-level restore function, the storage subsystem must be FlashCopy V2 capable.

DB2 Recovery Expert uses IBM's FlashCopy interface to make a backup of a DB2 subsystem. This interface is designed for replicating data sets or volumes.

The invocation of the FlashCopy interface takes a point-in-time copy of data at the volume level. To use this feature, you must define source and target volumes to emulate identical device and model types. In addition, the source and target volumes must both be located in the same logical storage subsystem, and the storage subsystem must be able to execute the FlashCopy interface.

#### EMC BCV and SNAP requirements

For BCV and SNAP backups, DB2 Recovery Expert requires the following:

- EMC Symmetrix 6 and higher running with Microcode 5x67 or higher
- To use Enginuity Consistency Assist (ECA), Microcode 5x67 with patch 14882 or Microcode 5x68 with patch 18954 or Microcode 5x69 or higher is required. To use ECA with SNAP VOLUME technology, the EMC SNAP library must be level 5.5 or higher.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert performs a "Protected BCV restore" in order to preserve the BCV backup point. This type of restore is not supported prior to Microcode 5x70. If any Symmetrix array is at a microcode level lower than 5x70, then a SNAP type restore will be performed instead.

## **Requirements for BCV backups**

DB2 Recovery Expert uses EMC's TimeFinder/Mirror for z/OS to make a BCV backup of a DB2 subsystem. A BCV device can be established as a mirror of a standard device; whatever data is sent to the standard device is also sent to the BCV device when it is established. The two devices together are called a BCV pair. When the pair is synchronized and DB2 Recovery Expert is called to make a BCV backup, the BCV device currently mirroring the standard device is split from the standard device.

This BCV device is then available as a point-in-time volume backup. If you configured DB2 Recovery Expert to keep more than one generation of BCV backups, then another BCV is immediately established to the standard device. This next generation continues the standard device mirroring.

Standard devices and BCVs must be the same model type (for example, 3380 or 3390) and have the same number of cylinders (for example, 3390-3 or 3390-9). In addition, the source and target volumes must both be located in the same physical Symmetrix storage subsystem. If you have questions about your Symmetrix configuration, contact your EMC customer service representative.

## **Requirements for SNAP backups**

DB2 Recovery Expert uses EMC's TimeFinder/Clone Mainframe SNAP Facility (hereafter referred to as the SNAP utility) to make a SNAP backup of a DB2 subsystem. This utility is designed for replicating data sets or volumes. The invocation of the SNAP utility takes a point-in-time copy of data at the volume level.

To use this feature, you must define source and target volumes to emulate identical device and model types. In addition, the source and target volumes must both be located in the same Symmetrix storage subsystem. The target volumes can be either standard volumes or BCV devices. If users have questions about their Symmetrix configuration, they can contact their EMC customer service representative.

## DB2 backup method requirements

For DB2 system-level backups, the BACKUP SYSTEM utility uses copy pools, which are new constructs in z/OS DFSMShsm V1R5. A copy pool is a defined set of storage groups that contain data that DFSMShsm can backup and recover collectively. These copy pools must be defined before attempting to back up or restore a subsystem. For more information about copy pools, refer to the *z*/OS *DFSMSdfp Storage Administration Reference*. In addition, refer to the DB2 utilities guides for other requirements for the BACKUP SYSTEM and RESTORE SYSTEM utilities.

## **DFSMSdss requirements**

DFSMSdss must be version 1.8 or higher to use DFSMSdss backups and to create a DB2 image copy from a system level backup.

To perform encryption during offloads, DFSMSdss requires the following software:

- Encryption Facility DFSMSdss Encryption Feature (FMID HCF773D).
- IBM Cryptographic Services Facility (ICSF) (HCR770B or higher)

#### DB2 subsystem architecture requirements

DB2 Recovery Expert helps make DB2 subsystem backup and restoration uncomplicated if your subsystem architecture follows best DB2 design practices. To ensure the most complete and accurate subsystem restoration, the DB2 subsystem should follow these recommendations:

- The user catalog(s) for the DB2 log and boot strap data sets should be separate from the user catalog(s) for DB2 object data (table spaces and indexes) and not reside on the same volume(s) as any other DB2 object data or DB2 object data catalog(s).
- The DB2 boot strap, active log, and archive log data sets should reside on separate volumes from the DB2 object data.

These requirements ensure that your DB2 object and log data are contained on separate sets of volumes. When you restore the volumes, the user catalogs will be restored and will reflect the data and log locations as they were at the time of the backup. DB2 Recovery Expert performs extensive validity checking for these requirements. If it detects any condition where log data and object data are not separated, a message is issued containing the volume name(s) that hold both types of data. The backup will still be allowed, but only full system restores will be allowed from the backup (called a "mixed data" backup). You must recover both object and log data from a mixed data backup.

You can use the DB2 Recovery Expert Subsystem Setup facility to get your DB2 subsystem(s) in optimal condition. The DB2 Recovery Expert Subsystem Setup facility analyzes your subsystem and provides information about the volume location and aliases of user catalogs, boot strap data sets, and active logs. It also provides detailed information about the volumes and the data sets in use by a subsystem. If your subsystem is not correctly configured, you can create MVS catalogs and aliases, rename or move boot strap data sets, log data sets, and/or DB2 object data sets to the proper location using the ISPF interface.

#### DB2 32 KB table space requirements

Beginning with DB2 V8, DB2 data sets can be defined with variable control interval sizes. However, if you are planning to suspend the logs during backups, DB2 Recovery Expert requires that DB2 data sets defined with a page size of 32KB must have their control interval size defined as 32 KB. This ensures that when I/O to a device is stopped for backup, the control intervals of a data set are not spread across more than one track, possibly resulting in a broken page.

If DB2 Recovery Expert is going to suspend the logs, 32 KB data sets with 32 KB page sizes are checked during the backup. If the CI size is not 32 KB, the space is flagged, and it is skipped. If you want to use DB2 Recovery Expert on this space, you must alter the CI size and run an IBM REORG utility on the table space.

# **Product constraints**

This information describes the constraints that must be taken into consideration when using DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### Simple table space limitation

A simple table space created in a version of DB2 prior to version 9 cannot be dropped and recreated because of a DB2 limitation. Dropped simple table spaces will be restored as segmented table spaces.

#### **ROLES and Trusted contexts**

DB2 Recovery Expert does not support recovery of dropped roles or dropped trusted contexts.

#### Tables with IDENTITY columns

You must be cautious when attempting to use DB2 Recovery Expert to recover a table that contains IDENTITY columns.

- If the data recovery does not require generated SQL then the IDENTITY column attributes require no alteration and the recovery will be generated without any IDENTITY column adjustments.
- If the data recovery does require generated SQL then the IDENTITY column attributes will be checked to determine if a table drop and create recovery is required. The IDENTITY column attributes will be assigned values based on the current SYSIBM.SYSSEQUENCES setting for that column. If a column is a user-defined sequence DB2 Recovery Expert reads the recovered column data and does not reset the starting IDENTITY column value. A recovery of this type can result in data corruption because of a different table definition and sequences.

#### **Tables with EDITPROCs**

DB2 Recovery Expert does not recover the executable module, or program, for module-based functions or procedures. This includes EDITPROCs. DB2 Recovery Expert cannot determine what library holds the program because that information is not stored in the DB2 system catalog. You must add the names of the user program load libraries that are required by the functions and procedures used by a table to the redo or undo SQL execution JCL STEPLIBs.

#### Tables without unique keys

When you are selecting objects for recovery, remember that any recovery plan might include undo or redo SQL. You must ensure that there is a primary, or unique, key on the tables for which you are generating SQL. Without a primary key, you might not get the desired results because of the inability to uniquely identify rows that were changed by the original SQL.

#### Table containing a GENERATED ALWAYS column

DB2 Recovery Expert cannot recover a table containing a GENERATED ALWAYS column when an update has been made that only changed the GENERATED ALWAYS column. The error message ARYA618W is issued and the recovery step STEPM issues a return code 4.

# Service updates and support information

Service updates and support information for this product, including software fix packs, PTFs, frequently asked questions (FAQs), technical notes, troubleshooting information, and downloads, are available from the web.

To find service updates and support information, see the following website:

http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/Overview/Software/ Information\_Management/DB2\_Tools\_for\_z~OS

# Product documentation and updates

DB2 Tools information is available at multiple places on the web. You can receive updates to DB2 Tools information automatically by registering with the IBM My Notifications service.

#### Information on the web

The DB2 Tools Product Documentation web page provides current product documentation that you can view, print, and download. To locate publications with the most up-to-date information, refer to the following web page:

http://www.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/db2tools-library.html

You can also access documentation for many DB2 Tools from IBM Knowledge Center:

http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter

Search for a specific DB2 Tool product or browse the **Information Management** > **DB2 for z/OS family**.

IBM Redbooks<sup>®</sup> publications that cover DB2 Tools are available from the following web page:

http://www.redbooks.ibm.com

The Data Management Tools Solutions website shows how IBM solutions can help IT organizations maximize their investment in DB2 databases while staying ahead of today's top data management challenges:

http://www.ibm.com/software/data/db2imstools/solutions/index.html

#### Receiving documentation updates automatically

To automatically receive emails that notify you when new technote documents are released, when existing product documentation is updated, and when new product documentation is available, you can register with the IBM My Notifications service. You can customize the service so that you receive information about only those IBM products that you specify.

To register with the My Notifications service:

- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/mysupport
- 2. Enter your IBM ID and password, or create one by clicking register now.
- **3**. When the My Notifications page is displayed, click **Subscribe** to select those products that you want to receive information updates about. The DB2 Tools option is located under **Software** > **Information Management**.
- 4. Click **Continue** to specify the types of updates that you want to receive.
- 5. Click Submit to save your profile.

#### How to send your comments

Your feedback is important in helping to provide the most accurate and high-quality information. If you have any comments about this book or any other IBM product documentation, use one of the following options:

- Use the online reader comment form, which is located at http://www.ibm.com/ software/data/rcf/.
- Send your comments by email to comments@us.ibm.com. Include the name of the book, the part number of the book, the version of the product that you are using, and, if applicable, the specific location of the text you are commenting on, for example, a page number or table number.

# Accessibility features

Accessibility features help a user who has a physical disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use a software product successfully.

The major accessibility features in this product enable users to perform the following activities:

- Use assistive technologies such as screen readers and screen magnifier software. Consult the assistive technology documentation for specific information when using it to access z/OS interfaces.
- Customize display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size.
- Operate specific or equivalent features by using only the keyboard. Refer to the following publications for information about accessing ISPF interfaces:
  - z/OS ISPF User's Guide, Volume 1
  - z/OS TSO/E Primer
  - z/OS TSO/E User's Guide

These guides describe how to use the ISPF interface, including the use of keyboard shortcuts or function keys (PF keys), include the default settings for the PF keys, and explain how to modify their functions.

# Chapter 2. Planning for system backup and recovery

Before configuring DB2 Recovery Expert, it is important to consider and understand how the system backups (SLB) will be used in your environment's recovery situations. This section describes the types of recoveries that can be performed from a system backup and the considerations that should be made when selecting a specific type of backup and recovery methodology.

# System backup usage considerations

Before configuring DB2 Recovery Expert, it is important to consider and understand how the system backups (SLB) will be used in recovery situations.

Your first consideration when planning for system backup and recovery is to decide what you want to recover. For example, you can recover an entire DB2 subsystem, you can recover just an application or database objects, or you can recover at a remote site. You may decide you need to do only a partial backup of a DB2 subsystem, or a data only backup. Once you determine what you want to recover, you will create a backup profile that will be tailored to your specific recovery needs.

## System backup (SLB) used for local system recovery

Local system recovery is the process of restoring an entire DB2 subsystem (Full), including database data, logs, BSDSs, and DB2 system data sets, to the point in time of a system backup. Local system recovery may also include running forward recovery processes to apply any changes that occurred after the system backup was created. It is also possible to restore just the volumes that contain database data from a system backup and then run forward recovery processes to bring the databases to a more current state.

When DB2 Recovery Expert restores an entire DB2 subsystem, it is important to understand that it does the restore at a volume level. When a volume is restored, it will restore all data sets that were on the volume at the time of the system backup and it will overlay changes or new data sets that may have been created on the volumes since the system backup. Because of this, if local system level recovery is a viable recovery scenario, it is important to analyze data set isolation (see "Analyzing data set isolation" on page 26) prior to creating any backups to ensure that a volume level restore will yield the desired results.

Things to check for are:

- Are there non-DB2 data sets on the volumes being backed up and restored? If so, is it desired that they are restored to the same point in time as the system backup?
- If forward recovery is desired after restoring the database data only, then the volumes where any archive logs, BSDSs, or DB2 system data sets reside will need to be segregated from the volumes that contain database data.
- If forward recovery is desired after restoring an entire DB2 environment to the time of a system backup, then the BSDSs and archive logs should not be on volumes contained in the system backup.
- The z/OS user catalogs where the data sets being backed up are cataloged must reside on the volumes being backed up. If database data and log segregation is

required for the desired recovery option, then the segregation also applies to the z/OS user catalogs where the database data and log data sets are cataloged.

# System backup (SLB) used for application or database level recovery

Once a system backup is created and the option to **Enable OBJ Restore** is enabled in the backup profile, then DB2 Recovery Expert can be used to restore an entire application (group of table spaces and indexes) or individual table spaces or indexes from the system backup. When DB2 Recovery Expert restores at the application or object level, it does so at a data set level. After restoring the database data sets from a system backup, DB2 Recovery Expert can then run any forward recovery processes using the existing BSDSs and archive logs

If application or database level recovery is the only level of recovery that will be needed, then data segregation is not important and DB2 System Analysis and Configuration is not needed.

It is important to make sure **Enable OBJ Restore** is set to **Y** prior to creating the system backup.

# System backup (SLB) used for remote disaster restart or disaster recovery

A system backup can be created and shipped to a remote site for use in a disaster restart operation or disaster recovery operation.

Disaster restart is the process of restoring a system backup at the remote site and then doing an emergency restart of the DB2 subsystem. The DB2 subsystem will be restored to the point in time when the system backup was created. DB2 will backout any uncommitted changes. In essence, this is the same as recovering from a power outage.

Disaster recovery operations start with the process of restoring a system backup at the remote site, but then forward recovery processes may also be run to apply changes that occurred after the system backup was created.

In either scenario, it is not important that DB2 recovery structures (BSDSs and logs) be segregated from the database data sets. However, it is important to verify the following by doing the DB2 System Analysis and Configuration:

- Non-DB2 data sets may reside on the volumes included in the system backup. Since the processes at the remote site will restore these volumes, it is desired that these data sets are also restored to the point in time the system backup was created.
- The z/OS user catalogs where the data sets for the DB2 environment are cataloged must be on the volumes that are included in the system backup.

See "Analyzing data set isolation" on page 26 for more information.

# Partial system backup (PSLB) for database or application recovery

DB2 Recovery Expert provides the capability to create a partial system backup, or PSLB. A PSLB is a backup that does not include all of the volumes where a DB2 subsystem resides. A PSLB can be used for large databases or applications having
unique backup requirements. Using a partial system backup versus a full system backup will also reduce disk utilization and allow for additional backup generations.

A PSLB can be used for application or object recovery only. A PSLB cannot be used for system recovery. Using a PSLB for application or object recovery, the data is restored at the data set level so log and database data isolation is not required. The desired application database data should be grouped on volumes as a best practice.

## Backup frequency and space utilization

Once it is determined what the system backup will be used for, there are several other things to consider when configuring DB2 Recovery Expert to create the system backups.

#### System backup type

DB2 Recovery Expert allows for the following types of backups:

**Full** The system backup will contain the database data, the archive logs, and the DB2 system data sets. A **Full** backup can be used for system restore; application or object recovery; and disaster restart or recovery.

#### Data only

The system backup will contain only the database data for the DB2 environment. A **Data only** backup can be used to restore all of the database data and then run forward recovery processes. This is done at the volume level. Or a **Data only** backup can be used for application or object recovery and this is performed at the data set level.

**Partial** The system backup will contain only data for an application or group of objects. A partial backup can only be used for application or object recovery. Restoring the data sets is done at the data set level.

#### Determine optimal backup frequency and retention

With the recovery objectives in mind, you will need to consider how frequently the system backups will need to be created. Using fast-replication, the CPU and I/O costs to create a backup are minimal. The impact to online DB2 availability is also insignificant so the traditional approach of first determining when a backup could be created may not necessarily hold true. Using DB2 Recovery Expert, the best approach may be to consider how long of a recovery time is most ideal for the business and then to set the backup frequency (hourly, daily, weekly, etc.) based on this.

Using fast-replication, DB2 Recovery Expert creates a system backup on disk. Having a system backup on disk can greatly reduce recovery time. DB2 Recovery Expert can maintain up to 8 generations of a system backup on disk. DB2 Recovery Expert can also automate the offloading of a system backup to tape and use a tape based system backup for recovery if needed. Again, the most ideal recovery time for the business should be considered when determining the number of generations to maintain on disk and/or tape.

If disk space is a premium for creating and maintaining system backups, then possibly the system backups could be configured to immediately offload them to tape so that the disk volumes can be used to create system backups for other DB2 subsystems. The following scenarios show possible implementations of DB2 Recovery Expert:

- To maintain a set of SNAP or FlashCopy backups for the previous week, you could configure a profile with a SNAP or FlashCopy backup type and seven generations of full backups. This job is scheduled to run daily.
- To maintain a set of BCV backups for the previous week, you could configure a profile with a BCV backup type and eight generations of full backups. Eight generations are required to maintain one week of backups, since one target volume is always mirroring the current set of volumes. This leaves seven backups available for system restoration. This job is scheduled to run daily.
- A separate profile can be created to run once a week. This profile would create backups that can be used to restore the system to a point farther back than one week ago. Depending on space considerations, you could set the number of generations as low or high as desired.

#### Fast-replication considerations

- Consider incremental fast-replication options to reduce background copy time and resources
- Consider using space efficient fast-replication methods like EMC VDEVs to save space

## Analyzing data set isolation

If the desired usage of a system backup requires any type of data set isolation, then the physical location of the data sets and the user catalogs for these data sets will need to be examined. If the use for the system backup does not require any type of data set isolation, such as application or object recovery only, then this section can be skipped.

The requirement to have data isolated for some restore operations is because DB2 Recovery Expert invokes a volume level restore for certain operations. When a volume is restored, all of the data sets will be restored as they existed at the time the SLB was created. Consideration needs to be done for non-DB2 data sets that may reside on the volumes being restored and also the user catalogs must reflect the data sets on the volumes being restored

DB2 Recovery Expert provides a DB2 System Analysis and Configuration function that will help you in analyzing the data set placement for all of the data sets in a DB2 subsystem (see Chapter 6, "The Subsystem Setup facility," on page 147). The DB2 System Analysis and Configuration function will also report on what type of restores and recoveries are allowed with the current configuration.

The following table summarizes data set isolation requirements based on a system backup's usage:

System backup usage	Data set isolation requirements	Considerations
Local site full system restore with forward recovery	<ol> <li>User catalogs for all DB2 data sets need to be included in the system level backup.</li> <li>Log and BSDS data sets and their associated user catalogs need to be isolated from database data sets and their associated user catalogs.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Non-DB2 data sets may be restored</li> <li>User catalogs should not contain non-DB2 data sets if the data sets are not on volumes being backed up.</li> </ol>
Local site full system restore with no forward recovery	User catalogs for all DB2 data sets need to be included in the system level backup.	<ol> <li>Non-DB2 data sets may be restored</li> <li>User catalogs should not contain non-DB2 data sets.</li> </ol>
Application or object recovery	User catalogs for the application or database data sets need to be included in the system level backup.	Only SCOPE=Data is needed.
Disaster, or remote site recovery	User catalogs for all DB2 data sets need to be included in the system level backup.	<ol> <li>Non-DB2 data sets may be restored.</li> <li>Partial system level backup cannot be used.</li> </ol>

Table 2. Data set isolation requirements

The most stringent data set isolation requirements are required when you are using a system backup to do a local site full system restore with forward recovery. To ensure the most complete and accurate system restoration, the DB2 subsystem setup should follow these recommendations:

- The user catalog(s) for the DB2 log and BSDS data sets should be separate from the user catalog(s) for DB2 objects and indexes and not reside on the same volume(s) as any other DB2 databases or DB2 database catalog(s).
- The DB2 BSDS, active log, and archive log data sets should reside on separate volumes from the DB2 database data.

These requirements ensure that your DB2 database and log data are contained on separate sets of volumes. When you restore the volumes, the user catalogs will be restored and will reflect the data and log locations as they were at the time of the backup as shown in the following figure.



# **DB2 Application Environment**

Figure 2. DB2 system configuration for a local site full system backup with forward recovery

The following steps describe implementing a local site full system backup with forward recovery:

- 1. The DB2 subsystem is discovered and analyzed so that the correct system backup methodology can be chosen for the intended recovery needs.
- **2.** A system backup profile is created. During the profile creation process, DASD volumes used for the system backup are selected. The target backup volumes can be selected from a range of target units or an SMS storage group.
- **3**. A system backup is created using the information provided in the backup profile to drive a storage-based fast replication process. Backups performed using the "full" option backup all volumes of the DB2 system (3a, 3b) while backups performed using the "data only" option backup only the data volumes (3b).
- 4. The backup is recorded in the DB2 Recovery Expert metadata repository. Recorded information includes: backup type, time, target volumes used, and data set name mappings for use in application-level recoveries.
- **5**. Online disk volumes can be archived to tape automatically after each system backup or on demand using the System Restore and Offload ISPF menus.

# Planning for the creation of a DB2 subsystem backup

This task describes how to create a DB2 subsystem backup.

## About this task

DB2 Recovery Expert performs the process of creating a system backup using information specified in system backup profiles and using DASD volume relationships specified in the volume mapping section of the system backup



Figure 3. Creating a DB2 full system backup

The following steps describe how to perform a system backup:

- 1. The DB2 system is discovered and analyzed. Source volumes are identified and data set and catalog placement is analyzed to determine if the DB2 subsystem layout can accommodate the system backup methodology for the intended recovery needs.
- 2. All source DB2 volumes are identified and analyzed to determine if non-DB2 data resides on the volumes. Warning messages are issued when non-DB2 data is included in a DB2 system backup.
- **3**. Source DB2 volumes are mapped to target volumes that will contain the system backup. The source to target volume mapping is done during the backup profile creation process.
- 4. DB2 Recovery Expert performs system backup validation checks before each backup to ensure that the backup is complete and can be used for a successful restore operation.
- 5. DB2 Recovery Expert invokes an appropriate storage-based fast-replication process. The backup is performed in the storage processor without using host CPU and I/O resources. The system backup is completed from a DB2 system and application perspective when the storage-based fast-replication command is issued. Typically, full DB2 system backups complete in seconds or less. Data consistency functions are employed to ensure that the backup data state can be used for recovery purposes. Data consistency is ensured by suspending DB2 logging activity or using the appropriate storage processor consistency functions.
- 6. When the backup is complete, information about the backup is recorded in the DB2 Recovery Expert metadata repository. The metadata information includes an inventory of where each DB2 database data set resides on the backup

volumes. This information is used to restore individual data sets when performing a DB2 application or object recovery operation.

## Performing a DB2 system, application, or object recovery

DB2 Recovery Expert automates DB2 system, application, or object recovery from a system backup. System recovery is performed using the ISPF interface and application or object recovery is performed using either the ISPF or Web interface.

#### About this task

System recovery can be a full or data only recovery. When a full system recovery is performed, DB2 Recovery Expert will restore all data and log volumes and no DB2 log apply recovery is performed on the restored volumes. Performing a full system recovery is analogous to performing a "recover to copy" when using image copies for recovery.

Figure 4 depicts the use of a system backup for recovery of applications or objects for a DB2 environment.



Figure 4. Using DB2 Recovery Expert to recover an application environment

The following processing steps refer to Figure 4 and describe a DB2 system recovery process using a DB2 Recovery Expert-generated system backup:

- 1. The appropriate system backup metadata is selected from the metadata repository using the recovery criteria specified in the Restore System Display from the System Restore and Offload panels.
- 2. DB2 Recovery Expert invokes an appropriate, storage-based fast-replication process to perform the system restore process. The restore operation is performed in the storage processor without using host CPU and I/O resources.
- **3**. The DB2 recovery processes begin after the volume restore process has started. Thus, the DB2 recovery process is performed in parallel with the volume restore process to minimize overall DB2 recovery time.

Data-only recovery directs DB2 Recovery Expert to restore only the data volumes from the system backup. This leaves the DB2 log data sets unaffected and available

to use for DB2's recovery processes. The Intelligent Recovery Manager component of DB2 Recovery Expert then determines and executes the recovery utilities in order to bring the databases up to the point in time specified. The recovery processes include fast data set restores and running one or more of the following utilities:

- Recover Utility
- Rebuild Index Utility
- SQL Undo/Redo Utility
- DSN1COPY Utility
- Unload and Load Utility
- Check Data Utility
- Post Recovery Image Copy Utility

These processes can take place while the storage processor is restoring the data volumes in the background. The recovery process can use a point in time or recover to current to establish the end of the recovery process. Figure 5 depicts how the Intelligent Recovery Manager drives the various recovery processes in order to recover an application.



Figure 5. DB2 Recovery Expert controlled application recovery

DB2 application or object-level recovery is done by creating an application profile. You can create application profiles that will recover objects using the schema level repository (SLR) or DB2 logs. You can also create a transaction application profile that can be used to recover objects that were changed by a transaction. Application profiles are created and stored in the metadata repository and can be recalled for use when application recovery is required. The application profile specifies a recover to point as either current or a point in time. The application profile also describes which recovery resources to use by specifying whether to recover from disk, an offloaded tape, an image copy, or all available resources.

System and object recoveries can restore data and perform DB2 recovery operations in parallel when recovering from a system backup that resides on disk. DB2 Recovery Expert will invoke an appropriate data set fast-replication process in the storage processor. While the data is flowing from the backup volume to the source DB2 system to restore the data, DB2 recovery processes can run in parallel with the data restoration process. The DB2 Recovery Expert parallel restore and recovery process significantly reduces overall recovery time and increases application high availability.

## Planning a tape-based DB2 disaster restart methodology

A tape-based disaster restart methodology is one where a restartable DB2 system is captured on disk and transferred to a disaster recovery site using tape as a transport mechanism.

#### About this task

Traditional image copy based DB2 disaster recovery procedures are not used at the disaster recovery site. Instead, tapes containing a restartable DB2 system are loaded onto disk and DB2 is restarted at the disaster recovery site. The disaster recovery exercise is complete when the DB2 restart process completes.

DB2 Recovery Expert creates a restartable DB2 system while creating a system backup. DB2 Recovery Expert coordinates suspending DB2 logging activity or a storage-based consistency function with a storage-based fast-replication procedure to create a system backup that is dependent-write-consistent. A dependent-write-consistent data state is identical to a DB2 system that has been exposed to a power failure. When a DB2 system is restarted using a system backup, the dependent-write-consistent data state that is inherent in the system backup is transformed to a transactionally-consistent data state by the DB2 restart process. Once the restart process is complete, the DB2 recovery is done.

DB2 Recovery Expert has facilities to pre-process archive logs and image copies as they are copied to tape for disaster recovery purposes. The pre-process will also create a copy of the BSDS data sets conditioned with the information on what archive logs and image copies will be transported to the disaster recovery site. The pre-processing creates a partitioned data set with the information needed to restore the conditioned BSDSs and other files needed for recovery. The disaster recovery procedures exercised at the disaster site restore the DB2 system using the last offsite system backup, restore the conditioned BSDS data sets, restore archive logs and image copies, execute DB2 recovery processes, and start DB2. Figure 6 on page 33 shows the steps required to transform traditional DB2 disaster recovery procedures into a tape-based disaster restart solution.



Figure 6. Using DB2 Recovery Expert to implement a tape-based disaster restart methodology

The following processing steps refer to Figure 6 and are used to implement a DB2 tape-based disaster restart solution:

- 1. DB2 Recovery Expert creates a system backup that has a dependent-writeconsistent data state.
- 2. The system backup is archived to tape and one of the archive tape copies is targeted to be transported to the disaster recovery site. Tape archival options and offsite specification are provided in the System Restore and Offload panels available from the main ISPF panel.
- **3**. DB2 archive logs and Image Copies are identified; a copy of the BSDS data sets is created and conditioned with the files to be sent to the disaster recovery site; and information is gathered and sent to the disaster recovery site to restore these files at the disaster recovery site when they are needed.
- 4. A disaster restart process is exercised where the last offsite system backup is restored, databases are recovered, and DB2 is restarted. The DB2 restart process transforms the dependent-write-consistent data state created in step 1 into a transactionally-consistent data state. DB2 is ready to accept new work after the restart process is complete.

# DB2 Recovery Expert and storage system integration

DB2 Recovery Expert leverages storage system capabilities and fast-replication products to perform backup and restore operations on behalf of the DB2 system. Using storage-based fast-replication to copy data allows DB2 systems to be backed up instantaneously without using host CPU and I/O resources.

DB2 system and database recovery operations are expedited by allowing data to be restored using storage system services while DB2 recovery operations are performed in parallel. Some storage-based fast-replication products used to

support a DB2 Recovery Expert system backup approach include: IBM FlashCopy, EMC TimeFinder and Hitachi Data Systems (HDS) ShadowImage.

DB2 Recovery Expert integrates storage-based fast-replication facilities with DB2 backup and recovery processes through the use of a Data Copy Manager. The Data Copy Manager is a software component used to translate logical database backup and restore requests into physical storage system fast-replication facility requests. It uses the DB2 Log Suspend operation or storage-based consistency functions to create a dependent-write consistent copy of the DB2 data. The Data Copy Manager invokes appropriate volume and data set fast-replication facilities to leverage the underlying storage system capabilities. These requests copy the data on behalf of the DB2 systems using storage system facilities. The Data Copy Manager separates DB2 logical backup and restore operations from the physical backup processes. This allows new data copy methods and features to be integrated into the DB2 Recovery Expert infrastructure easily.

The DB2 Recovery Expert Data Copy Manager integrates with specific storage system services and fast-replication facilities through the use of copy blades. A copy blade is a logical grouping of data copy services that can be invoked to drive specific storage hardware and software facilities using appropriate application programming interfaces. Copy blades invoke specific storage system copy services like storage-based consistency functions and drive fast-replication methods to backup and restore DB2 data on behalf of the DB2 system. Copy blades are used to copy data at a storage volume level and at a data set level. DB2 Recovery Expert supports the following copy blades:

- IBM FlashCopy
- IBM DFSMSdss
- EMC TimeFinder
- HDS ShadowImage

The following figure depicts the DB2 Recovery Expert Data Copy Manager and its use of copy blades.



Figure 7. DB2 Recovery Expert Data Copy Manager interaction with copy blades

The copy blade and copy method used to perform DB2 backup and restore operations are specified when you create a system backup profile. System backup defaults should be set in consultation with your storage administrator. Copy blade usage specifications can be overridden to accommodate specific DB2 system backup requirements when creating or updating a system backup profile (see Chapter 9, "Creating system backup profiles," on page 197).

Once the copy blade, copy method, and data consistency control mechanisms are specified in the backup profile, then DB2 Recovery Expert will drive appropriate

data copy services and fast-replication facilities through its respective copy blade interfaces to perform DB2 backup or restore operations.

## Copy blade selection considerations

Before configuring DB2 Recovery Expert, it is important to consult with your storage administrator to determine the type of storage processors used in your DB2 environment and the preferred fast-replication facilities to use.

Knowing the type of storage processors and available fast-replication facilities will allow you to determine which copy blade, which fast-replication method, and which data consistency mechanism to use for creating a DB2 system level backup in your environment.

## IBM FlashCopy blade

The IBM FlashCopy blade provides DB2 Recovery Expert interface support for IBM FlashCopy. The FlashCopy blade uses the native IBM ANTRQST macro interface to invoke FlashCopy.

This method of invoking FlashCopy is very fast as it takes a very small amount of time to issue FlashCopy commands which create a point-in-time copy of a DB2 system at the volume level. All tracks are copied in the background for each system level backup. The DB2 Recovery Expert Log Suspend operation is used to ensure data consistency while FlashCopy commands are executed.

FlashCopy does not require the use of SMS or HSM. This reduces the complexity of the backup configuration.

FlashCopy V1 can be used to create full DB2 system level backup and restore operations. However, FlashCopy V2 is required to perform application or object-level restore functions. Application and object-level restore operations require data set FlashCopy support that is available in FlashCopy V2.

When using the FlashCopy blade, the DB2 data must reside on FlashCopy capable storage subsystems and the DB2 system backup profile must define identically sized source and target volumes. In addition, the source and target volumes must both be located in the same storage subsystem. Users can specify target volume ranges so there is no need to update a backup profile when the DB2 subsystem expands to new volumes.

FlashCopy commands issued through the FlashCopy blade interface make a backup of all the DB2 system volumes. The FlashCopy blade uses volume based copy services to create the DB2 system level backup and it uses volume or data set copy services to restore DB2 systems, application, or objects respectively. Application or object recovery will be performed through DFSMSdss. DFSMSdss will use fast-replication if possible and will use host based I/O (slow copy) if the FlashCopy background copy process is not complete.

When using the FlashCopy blade, the backup target volumes are kept offline. DB2 Recovery Expert will perform all the necessary commands to bring the volumes online when they are needed to copy the volumes to tape or to perform application recovery through DFSMSdss or FDR.

When DB2 Recovery Expert needs to bring a backup volume online temporarily, it will relabel the backup volume, vary it online, and then read the data from the

backup volume. Once the backup volume is no longer needed, DB2 Recovery Expert will vary the volume offline and then relabel it to the original volume serial.

The IBM FlashCopy blade can support IBM, EMC and HDS storage processors when FlashCopy or FlashCopy emulation products are available for use. The FlashCopy blade can create system level backups for DB2 systems that are spread across heterogeneous storage systems when all storage systems are using FlashCopy compatible fast-replication products.

# EMC TimeFinder copy blade

The EMC TimeFinder copy blade is used to invoke EMC TimeFinder copy services.

The EMC TimeFinder copy blade supports the following EMC copy methods:

- TimeFinder/Mirror
- TimeFinder/Clone Mainframe Volume Snap
- TimeFinder/Snap Mainframe Data Set Snap
- TimeFinder/Snap Virtual Devices
- EMC Enginuity Consistency Assist

DB2 Recovery Expert users should consult with their storage administrator to determine which EMC TimeFinder copy blade method is best for their environment. Storage administrators should be consulted on the use of EMC Consistency Assist technology in their environment.

#### EMC TimeFinder/Mirror copy method

DB2 Recovery Expert TimeFinder/Mirror copy method uses EMC TimeFinder/Mirror to make a Business Continuity Volume (BCV) backup of a DB2 subsystem. A BCV can be established as a mirror of a standard volume and synchronized with the standard volume. Once synchronization is established, then all data written to the standard volume is also written to the BCV. When the standard and BCV pairs representing the DB2 subsystems are synchronized and DB2 Recovery Expert requests a DB2 system level backup to be created, then the currently established BCV pairs are split from their standard volumes. The data on the BCVs becomes the DB2 point-in-time system level backup. The DB2 subsystem must be on EMC capable TimeFinder/Mirror storage processors.

TimeFinder/Mirror does not require SMS or HSM usage. This reduces the complexity of the backup configuration.

Standard volumes and BCVs must be the same model type (for example, 3380 or 3390) and have the same number of cylinders (for example, 3390-3 or 3390-9). In addition, the source and target volumes must be located in the same physical Symmetrix storage subsystem. When DB2 expands to new volumes, the backup profile must be updated to add new DB2 source and BCV target units. If you have questions about your Symmetrix configuration or TimeFinder/Mirror usage, contact your EMC customer service representative.

When a backup profile is created that keeps more than one generation of BCV backups, then DB2 Recovery Expert immediately establishes the next set of BCVs to the standard volumes representing the DB2 subsystem when each backup is taken. The second set of BCVs will become the next generation system level

backup. BCV copies are incremental, so only the changed tracks are copied since the last time the BCVs were used to create a backup.

TimeFinder/Mirror can use EMC Consistency Assist Technology so a DB2 log suspend operation is not required during the backup process. A DB2 system level backup is complete and usable at the time the BCVs are split. If the BCVs have not fully synchronized when the backup is requested, DB2 Recovery Expert can optionally wait for the copy process to complete before continuing.

DB2 system level restore operations can be performed immediately after the backup is made. The TimeFinder/Mirror copy blade invokes a TimeFinder BCV Restore operation to restore DB2 data. The restore operation copies only the changed tracks made to the source DB2 volumes since the backup was made.

DB2 application and object recovery use EMC Snap Dataset to restore DB2 data instantaneously. DB2 data can be restored using EMC Snap Dataset without clipping and bringing the volumes online.

BCV volumes containing a DB2 system level backup must be re-labeled and brought online before they can be offloaded to tape. DB2 Recovery Expert will perform this process automatically.

Usage Requirements:

- EMC Symmetrix 6 and higher running with Microcode 5x67 or higher
- To use Enginuity Consistency Assist (ECA), Microcode 5x67 with patch 14882 or Microcode 5x68 with patch 18954 or Microcode 5x69 or higher is required. To use ECA with SNAP VOLUME technology, the EMC SNAP library must be level 5.5 or higher.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert performs a "Protected BCV restore" in order to preserve the BCV backup point when a BCV Restore operation is performed. The Protected Restore operation is not supported prior to Microcode 5x70. If any Symmetrix array is at a microcode level lower than 5x70, then a SNAP type restore will be performed to restore DB2 data.

#### EMC TimeFinder/Clone copy method

DB2 Recovery Expert uses EMC's TimeFinder/Clone Mainframe Volume Snap Facility (hereafter referred to as the SNAP utility) to create a DB2 system level backup. The SNAP utility can be used to perform fast-replication for full volumes or for data sets. The DB2 subsystem must be on EMC capable TimeFinder/Clone storage processors.

TimeFinder/Clone does not require SMS or HSM usage. This reduces the complexity of the backup configuration.

To use DB2 Recovery Expert, you must define source and target volumes to have identical volume size and model types. In addition, the source and target volumes must both be located in the same Symmetrix storage subsystem. The target volumes can be either standard volumes or BCVs. Users can specify target ranges so there is no need to update a backup profile when DB2 expands to new volumes.

TimeFinder/Clone Mainframe Volume Snap Facility can use EMC Consistency Assist Technology so a DB2 log suspend operation is not required. EMC TimeFinder/Clone Mainframe Volume Snap can be performed in phases using a phased snap so performance implications to source volumes can be timed and mitigated. TimeFinder/Clone full volume snap operations are differential so only changed tracks are copied since the last backup was created.

DB2 system restore operations need to wait until background copy processing is complete. Application and object restore operations use TimeFinder/Clone Mainframe Data Set Snap for instantaneous restore of DB2 data sets. DB2 restore operations using Data Set Snap need to wait until the system level backup background copy process is complete. Fast data set restore operations can be performed through Data Set Snap without re-labeling and bringing the backup volumes online.

#### EMC TimeFinder/Snap virtual device usage

EMC virtual devices provide for space efficient snap operations. DB2 backup target volumes do not need a full backup volume for each source DB2 volume. EMC virtual devices use a "SAVE POOL" to store the original version of source data before it is changed and after the backup has been taken. This type of backup can significantly reduce the amount of backup space that is required.

Users can specify target ranges so there is no need to update a backup profile when DB2 expands to new volumes. EMC Consistency Technology can be used so a DB2 log suspend operation is not required. The DB2 system must be on EMC capable TimeFinder/Snap storage processors with virtual device support.

TimeFinder/Snap does not require SMS or HSM usage. This reduces the complexity of the backup configuration.

The use of EMC virtual devices allows many DB2 system backup points to be created and saved on fast replication disk. However, a true disk backup never exists; only the changed tracks since the last backup are stored in the save pool. Save pools must be monitored to ensure the save pool does not fill up. The virtual device backup can be copied to tape, at which time a full backup of the DB2 system is written to tape and can be used for any recovery purpose.

DB2 system level restore operations are performed by snapping the virtual volumes back to their source volumes. Only the changed tracks since the backup was created are copied to restore the DB2 data. Application and object restore operations copy data sets from the virtual device backup to their respective source volumes with DFSMSdss using host copy services.

## HDS ShadowImage copy blade

The HDS ShadowImage copy blade supports HDS native ShadowImage volume copy processes. The copy process is very fast so DB2 Log Suspend time is minimized.

ShadowImage fast-replication copies are incremental copies so only the changed tracks are copied since the last system level backup was created. The incremental process reduces the storage processor overhead associated with copying all the source tracks to the target device for each backup operation. The DB2 Recovery Expert Log Suspend operation is used to ensure data consistency while ShadowImage commands are executed.

The HDS ShadowImage copy blade does not require the use of SMS or HSM. This reduces the complexity of the backup configuration.

The ShadowImage copy process requires that the source and target volumes be on the same storage processor. The ShadowImage copy blade supports three backup generations. The ShadowImage copy blade allows coordinated FlashCopy and ShadowImage copy methods to be used. That is, source DB2 volumes located on HDS storage processors can use ShadowImage while other source volumes can use FlashCopy fast-replication facilities to perform a DB2 system level backup operation.

DB2 system recovery operations use ShadowImage to restore backup volumes. Application and object recovery operations are performed using DFSMSdss. DFSMSdss will use data set fast replication if it is available or it will use host based I/O (slow copy) if it is not available or if the backup background copy process is not complete.

When using the ShadowImage copy blade, the target volumes are kept offline. DB2 Recovery Expert will perform all the necessary commands to bring the volumes online when needed to copy the volumes to tape or to perform application recovery through DFSMSdss.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert does not support waiting on background copy to complete.

## IBM DFSMSdss copy blade

The DB2 Recovery Expert DFSMSdss copy blade can be used to create a DB2 system level backup.

The DFSMSdss copy blade uses the ADRDSSU interface specifying fast-replication (preferred). The copy blade will drive fast-replication services if they are available and will use host based I/O copy methods if it is not. This copy blade interface can be used to drive data sets or volume based fast-replication facilities.

The DB2 system backup profile must define identical source and target volumes and model types. The source and target volumes may or may not be FlashCopy capable. If the source and target volumes are all FlashCopy capable, then the DB2 Recovery Expert Log Suspend operation is used to ensure data consistency while DFSMSdss commands are executed. The use of DFSMSdss will require DB2 logs to be suspended for a longer period of time due to the overhead of executing the fast replication commands through the DFSMSdss interface. If any source or target volume is not FlashCopy capable, then DB2 Recovery Expert requires the DB2 system to be down to create the backup.

The DFSMSdss copy blade does not require SMS or HSM usage. This reduces the complexity of the backup configuration.

The DFSMSdss copy blade supports IBM FlashCopy on IBM storage processors and compatible FlashCopy products on EMC and HDS storage processors. It also supports SnapShot on STK or IBM Ramac storage processors. Invoking FlashCopy facilities using the ADRDSSU interface is slower than using the IBM FlashCopy blade which uses the ANTRQST interface.

When using the DFSMSdss blade, the target volumes are kept online and therefore must all have unique volume labels. The z/OS data set placement rules must be set up such that the target units will not be used for new data sets or altered by other processes since they are kept online at all times.

## DB2 32 KB table space requirements

Beginning with DB2 V8, DB2 data sets can be defined with variable control interval sizes.

If you plan on DB2 Recovery Expert using a storage hardware function to suspend DB2 logging, instead of DB2's log suspension, DB2 Recovery Expert requires that DB2 data sets defined with a page size of 32 KB must have their control interval size defined as 32 KB. This ensures that when I/O to a device is stopped for backup, the control intervals of a data set are not spread across more than one track, possibly resulting in a broken page.

If DB2 Recovery Expert is going to use a storage hardware function instead of suspending the logs, 32 KB data sets with 32 KB page sizes are checked during the backup. If the CI size is not 32 KB, DB2 Recovery Expert flags the space and it is skipped. If you want to use DB2 Recovery Expert on this space, you must alter the CI size and run an IBM REORG utility on the table space.

If DB2 Recovery Expert will use the DB2 log suspend function, rather than a hardware function, there are no specific 32 KB table space requirements.

# Chapter 3. Preparing to customize DB2 Recovery Expert

Before you start to customize DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time, determine all of the customization values that you need to specify during the customization process, and familiarize yourself with all of the customization tasks.

The following checklist describes each significant customization step. Use this checklist to guide you through the entire customization process.

**Tip:** Print the following checklist and the data set names and parameter values worksheets. Use the worksheets to record your values, and refer to them during the customization process.

Task	Link to detailed instructions	Status
Tools Customizer basics		
Prior to beginning the customization process, familiarize yourself with Tools Customizer terminology and data sets, and other basic information about Tools Customizer.	/com.ibm.db2tools.ccq.doc.ug/topics/ ccqcon_termdatasets.dita	
Software requirements		
Verify that your environment meets the minimum software requirements. To install and use DB2 Recovery Expert, your environment must be running a supported version of the z/OS operating system and of DB2 for z/OS. Additionally, certain levels of maintenance must be applied.	"Set up your environment prior to customization" on page 43	
SMP/E installation		
Verify that DB2 Recovery Expert has been installed correctly. DB2 Recovery Expert is installed by using standard SMP/E processing.	"Set up your environment prior to customization" on page 43	
Verify that Tools Customizer for z/OS has been installed correctly. Tools Customizer for z/OS is installed by using standard SMP/E processing.	"Set up your environment prior to customization" on page 43	
Security requirements		
Make sure that you have the required authorizations to use DB2 Recovery Expert.	"Set up your environment prior to customization" on page 43	
Adding ARY\$TSOC to SYS1.PARMLIB		
Add ARY\$TSOC to the IKJTSO00 member in SYS1.PARMLIB.	"Adding ARY\$TSOC to SYS1.PARMLIB" on page 44	
Create RBA Capture Utility PDS library		•
Perform several set up tasks if you want to use the RBAs and clock times that DB2 Recovery Expert RBA Capture utility records.	"Create RBA Capture utility PDS library" on page 44	
Undiscovered DB2 parameters		
Specify several DB2 parameters that are not discovered using the Discover Exec.	"Undiscovered DB2 parameters" on page 45	
Specifying DB2 load libraries in the correct order		

Task	Link to detailed instructions	Status	
Verify that the DB2 load libraries that DB2 Recovery Expert will use are specified in the correct order when they are defined in the Product Parameters panel.	"Specifying DB2 load libraries in the correct order" on page 45		
Installing the web interface			
Perform the set up tasks required to install the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface.	"Installing the web interface" on page 46		
Configuring the PARMLIB member			
The default settings in the ARY#PARM member are suitable for most installations. If you do require a parameter change, refer to the tables in this section for information on the parameters, their settings, and the potential ramifications of changing the defaults.	"Configuring the PARMLIB member" on page 46		
Configuring RACF <sup>®</sup> profiles for DB2 Recovery Ex	pert		
To regulate user access to DB2 Recovery Expert functions, you can create RACF or ACF2 security profiles.	"Configuring access profiles for DB2 Recovery Expert" on page 60		
Gather data set names			
<ul><li>During the customization process, you must specify data set names for the following:</li><li>Tools Customizer</li><li>DB2 Barrows Fraget</li></ul>	"Worksheets: Gathering required data set names" on page 67		
DB2 Recovery Expert			
APF authorization		1	
<ul><li>The following data sets must be APF authorized:</li><li>SALALOAD</li><li>SFECLOAD</li></ul>	"APF authorizing load libraries" on page 69		
Gather parameter values		1	
During the customization process, you must specify parameter values for DB2 Recovery Expert, for DB2, and for your LPAR.	"Worksheets: Gathering parameter values for DB2 Recovery Expert" on page 69		
Customize DB2 Recovery Expert			
Start Tools Customizer by running a REXX EXEC from the ISPF Command Shell panel.	/com.ibm.db2tools.ccq.doc.ug/topics/ ccqtsk_starttcz.dita		
Set up Tools Customizer user settings. If you are running Tools Customizer for the first time, you must modify several user settings to suit your environment. Otherwise, if the user settings that you have already established are still appropriate, skip this step.	/com.ibm.db2tools.ccq.doc.ug/topics/ ccqtsk_custtczsettings.dita		
Complete the steps in the appropriate customization performing.	Complete the steps in the appropriate customization roadmap based on the type of customization that you are performing.		
Customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time	/com.ibm.db2tools.ccq.doc.ug/topics/ ccqcon_roadmap1.dita		
Follow this roadmap if you do not have a customized version of DB2 Recovery Expert, and you need to customize it for the first time.			

Task	Link to detailed instructions	Status
Customizing a different version of DB2 Recovery Expert	/com.ibm.db2tools.ccq.doc.ug/topics/ ccqcon_roadmap2.dita	
Follow this roadmap if you have already customized a version of DB2 Recovery Expert and you want to use the same parameter values to customize a different version.		
<b>Recustomizing DB2 Recovery Expert</b> Follow this roadmap if you have a customized version of DB2 Recovery Expert but you want to change one or more parameter values.	/com.ibm.db2tools.ccq.doc.ug/topics/ ccqcon_roadmap3.dita	

# Set up your environment prior to customization

Prior to beginning the customization process, ensure that your environment meets all requirements, that you have installed all prerequisite software, and that you have considered how you want to customize optional features.

## Verify that your environment meets software requirements

Ensure that you are using z/OS V1.12 (5694-A01) or later.

Ensure that you are using one of the following supported versions of DB2 for z/OS:

- DB2 V10 (5605-DB2)
- DB2 Value Unit Edition V10.1 (5697-P31)
- DB2 V11 (5615-DB2)
- DB2 Value Unit Edition V11.1 (*PID-TBD*)

## Verify that DB2 Recovery Expert has been installed successfully

See the Program Directory for IBM DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS, GI10-8927 for installation instructions.

## Verify that Tools Customizer has been installed successfully

Tools Customizer is a component of IBM Tools Base for z/OS (5655-V93), which is available free of charge. Tools Customizer provides a standard approach to customizing IBM DB2 for z/OS Tools.

See the Program Directory for IBM Tools Base for z/OS, GI10-8819 for installation instructions.

#### Verify that your environment meets security requirements

DB2 Recovery Expert requires no extra security measures outside of standard DB2 security. If a user does not have authority to view a table within a DB2 subsystem, DB2 Recovery Expert will not allow the user to see data changes made to that table. Similarly, undo and redo SQL that is generated from the product can be run through products such as SPUFI or QMF, and therefore also adheres to normal DB2 security for the user who runs this SQL.

You must have authorization to run the SELECT statement on the following tables:

- SYSIBM.SYSAUXRELS
- SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS
- SYSIBM.SYSCOPY
- SYSIBM.SYSFIELDS
- SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES
- SYSIBM.SYSKEYS
- SYSIBM.SYSKEYTARGETS
- SYSIBM.SYSTABLEPART
- SYSIBM.SYSTABLES
- SYSIBM.SYSTABLESPACE
- SYSIBM.SYSXMLRELS
- SYSIBM.SYSXMLSTRINGS

By default, DB2 Recovery Expert can run the REPORT utility against filtered objects. This activity is transparent to the user and can be disabled by setting the Misc Flags value on the general report panel to a value of X. If you do not disable this feature for any given run, you must have one of the following authorizations to access the REPORT utility through DB2 Recovery Expert:

- RECOVERDB privilege for the database
- DBADM or DBCTRL authority for the database
- SYSCTRL or SYSADM authority

## Adding ARY\$TSOC to SYS1.PARMLIB

Before starting the customization process you must add ARY\$TSOC to the IKJTSO00 member in SYS1.PARMLIB.

You will add the program ARY\$TSOC to the AUTHPGM and AUTHTSF sections of member IKJTSO00 in SYS1.PARMLIB. You can see how this member is setup by issuing the TSO PARMLIB command. This command shows the contents of the IJKTSOxx member that is active. For more information on IKJTSO00, refer to *IBM DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS: Initialization and Tuning Guide. Chapter 5. Configuring DB2 Recovery Expert.* 

## Create RBA Capture utility PDS library

The DB2 Recovery Expert RBA Capture utility records the current RBA of a DB2 subsystem at regular intervals based on the store clock time. This utility is optional. It uses a started task to capture the RBAs and clock times, and stores the data in its own repository that is separate from the backup and restore system repository.

In order to use this feature you must perform the following tasks before customization:

- You must create a product parmlib data set PDS if one does not exist.
- You must create the member ARYSSID in the parmlib data set.
- You must create the contents of ARYSSID.

The member ARYSSID will contain all the SSID's of the DB2 subsystems that will be monitored by the RBA Capture utility. Each new SSID should start as a new

row in the first column. ARYSSID must only contain the list of SSID's to be monitored, no other lines such as comments can be entered.

In order to support multiple LPARs, a different data set with member ARYSSID will have to be created for each LPAR.

Table 3. Example of multiple LPAR support

LPAR	PDS	Member
RS22	anydatasetname	ARYSSID (includes SSID"s for this LPAR)
RS23	anydatasetname	ARYSSID (includes SSIDs for this LPAR)

You will specify the name of the PDS that contains the ARYSSID member using the Tools Customizer in the **Required Parameters** input field **Product parmlib dataset**.

#### Undiscovered DB2 parameters

Many of the parameters that you will specify on the Tools Customizer DB2 Parameters panel may be discovered automatically when you use DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC.

There are three DB2 parameters that are not discovered using the Discover EXEC. The three parameters are the DB2 version level number, the run library, and the database name where the DB2 Recovery Expert objects will be stored.

You must manually specify these parameters from the Tools Customizer DB2 Parameters panel as follows:

- Specify your version of DB2 in the Level Number field that is found under the General DB2 Information heading. You may specify 810, 910, 101, or 111 depending on the version of DB2 that you are using.
- Specify the name of the run library for DB2 Recovery Expert in the Load Library field that is found under the DB2 Libraries heading.
- Specify the name of the database that will hold the DB2 Recovery Expert objects in the **Database for Recovery Expert objects** field that is found under the **Recovery Expert DB2 vars** heading.

## Specifying DB2 load libraries in the correct order

DB2 Recovery Expert requires its DB2 load libraries to be in a specific order when they are defined in the Product Parameters panel.

There are two possible situations where the DB2 load libraries for DB2 Recovery Expert may be specified in the wrong order. The first situation is when you do not use the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC to discover product information and the second situation is when you are upgrading from DB2 Recovery Expert V2.2.

DB2 Recovery Expert requires both the DB2 SDSNLOAD library and the DB2 SDSNEXIT library to be defined. The SDSNEXIT must be the first library that is defined. The SDSNLOAD library must be the second library defined. You define these libraries using the **DB2 Libraries Load Library** field from the **DB2 Parameters** panel. You define the first library. Then you must click **Add** to define the second library from the **Multiple Value Parameter** panel.

# Installing the web interface

The DB2 Recovery Expert web interface is installed using the Tools Customizer. The web interface files are unpacked using the UNPAXSH JCL job. Tools Customizer will edit and run this job.

Before starting the customization process:

- Obtain write access to the UNPAXSH path. If necessary you can update the UNPAXSH file path to use your own specific file path.
- Identify the HFS directory where the web interface files will be installed. The directory must not already exist and will be created by the UNPAXSH job. The HFS directory will need 2 MB of memory.

During the customization process you will be asked to enter the following information:

- In the HFSHTDOC variable you will specify the name that will be used for the HFS directory.
- In the MVSHTDOCs variable you will specify the name of the paxed data set.

# Configuring the PARMLIB member

DB2 Recovery Expert uses a parameter library (PARMLIB) that provides settings to control various aspects of the backup and restore utilities. The name of the PARMLIB is ARY#PARM and it is a member of the SAMPLIB data set.

The default settings in the ARY#PARM member are suitable for most installations. If you do require a parameter change, refer to the tables in this section for information on the parameters, their settings, and the potential ramifications of changing the defaults.

To change a parameter value you must edit the ARY#PARM member.

Parameter	Description	Notes <sup>®</sup>
PARMLIB_VERSION	This value identifies the PARMLIB member version to DB2 Recovery Expert. This value defaults to the current version and should not be changed.	Do not change this parameter.
GENERATED_JOB_ REGION	The job card REGION, in megabytes. Default: 6	
ROUTE_ALL_ON_ CONSOLE_ CMDS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y prefixes all console commands with RO *ALL. If set to N, the prefix is not added. Default: Y	Only change this to N if your z/OS system is not part of a sysplex.
DASD_ALLOCATION_ UNIT	The allocation unit to be used for dynamic allocations. Default: SYSALLDA	

Table 4. General parameters

Description	Notes®
The data set high level alias to be used for creating temporary data sets. The default is the TSO user ID of the job submitter. You can also enter a literal for this parameter.	
Default: JOBUSER	
<ul><li>If the target specified is a primary device in a PPRC relationship the following options are:</li><li>N - Do not allow the PPRC primary to become a FlashCopy target.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Y - The pair can go into a duplex pending state.</li> <li>P - It would be preferable that the pair did not go into a duplex pending state.</li> </ul>	
• R - It is required that the pair not go into a duplex pending state.	
This parameter specifies whether work data sets are considered critical. If the setting is Y, the data sets for the DB2 work database(s) are considered to be critical and an error message will be issued if they are not included in the system backup. If the setting is N, an error message is not issued if the volumes containing the data sets for the work database(s) are not included in the system backup.	
Default value is Y.	
Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Specify Y to bypass the vary processing when performing a system backup or restore using Flash Copy or EMC Snap and the target volumes are in SMS storage groups. Specify N to allow the vary processing.	
	<ul> <li>Description</li> <li>The data set high level alias to be used for creating temporary data sets. The default is the TSO user ID of the job submitter. You can also enter a literal for this parameter.</li> <li>Default: JOBUSER</li> <li>If the target specified is a primary device in a PPRC relationship the following options are: <ul> <li>N - Do not allow the PPRC primary to become a FlashCopy target.</li> <li>Y - The pair can go into a duplex pending state.</li> <li>P - It would be preferable that the pair did not go into a duplex pending state.</li> <li>R - It is required that the pair not go into a duplex pending state.</li> </ul> </li> <li>This parameter specifies whether work data sets are considered critical. If the setting is Y, the data sets for the DB2 work database(s) are considered to be critical and an error message will be issued if they are not included in the system backup. If the setting is N, an error message is not issued if the volumes containing the data sets for the work database(s) are not included in the system backup.</li> <li>Default value is Y.</li> <li>Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Specify Y to bypass the vary processing when performing a system backup or restore using Flash Copy or EMC Snap and the target volumes are in SMS storage groups. Specify N to allow the vary processing.</li> </ul>

Table 4. General parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes®
UPDATE_RTS_IC	This parameter specifies whether real time statistics are updated when creating VSAM image copies. Specify Y to update the real time statistics. Specify N to skip updating the real time statistics.	
ARCHIVE_WARNINGS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o).	
	If set to Y, a warning message is issued if archive log data sets are not on the volumes included in the backup. Archive volumes are listed in subsystem setup and analysis.	
	If set to N, the warning message is not issued if archive log data sets are not on the volumes included in the backup. Archive volumes are listed in subsystem setup and analysis.	
	Default: Y	
ADMIN_USERID	The user ID specified in this parameter has permission to change the creator of a system backup, object, coordinated, or disaster recovery profile. The user with this ID can change the creator during a rename of the profile. The profile must be updatable.	
	Default: blank	

Table 4. General parameters (continued)

Table 4. Genera	l parameters	(continued)
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Parameter	Description Notes <sup>®</sup>	
USE_DFDSS	Specifies whether the DASD	
	Fast Replication feature	
	(when installed and enabled	
	on the storage device) will be	
	used during object restore	
	operations. Specify Y if you	
	do not want to use DASD	
	Fast Replication during object	
	restore operations. The	
	DFDSS utility	
	(PGM=ADRDSSU) is invoked	
	with a parameter of	
	FASTREPLICATION(NONE)	
	inserted into the object	
	recovery JCL SYSIN	
	data-stream. Specify N to use	
	DASD Fast Replication	
	during object restore	
	operations. The DFDSS utility	
	(PGM=ADRDSSU) is invoked	
	with a parameter of	
	FASTREPLICATION(PREFERRED)	
	inserted into the object	
	recovery JCL SYSIN	
	data-stream.	
	Default: N	

Table 5. Parameters that affect the setup utility

Parameter	Description	Notes
ABEND_ON_ERRORS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y indicates the utility will issue a z/OS abend code if errors are encountered. The abend code issued will be the value specified for USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE.	
	Default: N	
USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE	Valid values are 01-99. This parameter allows you to provide a user abend code if the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to Y. If the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to N, the program error return code is provided.	
	Default: 08	

RELEASE_HELD_VOLUMES N N g v h h u	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, the next generation of target volumes will be released if they are held. If set to N, the backup utility will end with an error if the next generation of	
i: t	target volumes is held.	
Ι	Default: Y	
PLACE_BKUP_VOLS_ V ON_HOLD N V	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, the backup utility places the backup volumes on hold.	
I	Default: Y	
CLEAN_OLD_CONSIST_ WINDOWS N windows c	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y will clear any non-active ECA consistency windows. N will produce an error and end the backup.	
I	Default: N	
CLEAN_OLD_SNAP_ V SESSIONS N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, inactive SNAP sessions that reside on this volume that are from other source volumes are cleaned (removed) before the backup. If set to N, inactive SNAP sessions are not removed and the backup will end with an error.	
Ι	Default: N	
SYNC_ALL_BCV_ V GENERATIONS N a t t t	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, DB2 Recovery Expert establishes all generations of target BCVs to their source volumes on the very first setup run of a profile.	This only affects the first time the profile setup process is run on the profile.
I	Default: N	
VALIDATE_DB2_VOLUME_ V SUBTASKS n s	Valid values are 01-99. The maximum number of subtasks used by the product.	
I	Default: 8	

Table 5. Parameters that affect the setup utility (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
VALIDATE_DB2_ VOLUMES	Valid values are A(lways) or F(irst). If set to A, validates DB2 source volumes on every profile setup run. If set to N, only validates DB2 source volumes on first profile setup run.	
	Default: A	
MAKE_READY_ NOTREADY_DEVICES	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, profile setup makes notready devices ready. N causes the utility to produce an error if notready devices are found. Default: Y	Do not set MAKE_READY_ NOTREADY_DEVICES to N and MAKE_BKUP_VOLS_ NOTREADY to Y. This will cause DB2 Recovery Expert to produce an error when it encounters volumes made not ready by the profile setup process.
MAKE_BKUP_VOLS_ NOTREADY	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, backup volumes are made not ready during profile setup. Default: Y	Do not set MAKE_READY_ NOTREADY_DEVICES to N and MAKE_BKUP_VOLS_ NOTREADY to Y. This will cause DB2 Recovery Expert to produce an error when it encounters volumes made not ready by the profile setup process.

Table 5. Parameters that affect the setup utility (continued)

Table 6. Parameters that affect the backup utility

Parameter	Description	Notes
ABEND_ON_ERRORS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y indicates the utility will issue a z/OS abend code if errors are encountered. The abend code issued will be the value specified for USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE.	
	Default: N	
USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE	Valid values are 01-99. This parameter allows you to provide a user abend code if the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to Y. If the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to N, the program error return code is provided.	
	Default: 08	

Parameter	Description	Notes
WAIT_FOR_VOLUME_SYNC	Valid values are P(rompt), Y(es) or N(o). This parameter controls what the utility will do if any target BCVs have not synchronized to their source volumes at the time of backup. When set to P, the utility issues a WTOR. When set to Y, the utility automatically waits for the BCVs to synchronize. When set to N, the utility issues an error return code if the previous generation of BCVs has not yet fully synchronized.	
	Default: Y	
PLACE_BKUP_VOLS_ ON_HOLD	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, the backup utility places the backup volumes on hold.	
	Default: Y	
RELEASE_HELD_VOLUMES	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, the next generation of target volumes will be released if they are held. If set to N, the backup utility will end with an error if the next generation of target volumes is held.	
	Default: Y	
CLEAN_OLD_CONSIST_ WINDOWS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y will clear any non-active ECA consistency windows. N will produce an error and end the backup.	
	Default: N	
CLEAN_OLD_SNAP_ SESSIONS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, inactive SNAP sessions that reside on this volume that are from other source volumes are cleaned (removed) before the backup. If set to N, inactive SNAP sessions are not removed and the backup will end with an error. Default: N	

Table 6. Parameters that affect the backup utility (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
CONSIST_TIME_OUT_ SECONDS	Valid values are 01-256. This parameter sets the maximum number of seconds to suspend I/O on standard volumes during backup.	
	Default: 256	
BKUP_VALID_ON_ CONSIST_ FAIL	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, the backup will still be registered if a consistency window cannot be obtained, or the window is closed before the split or SNAP completes.	
	Default: N	
VALIDATE_DB2_VOLUMES	Valid values are P(rofile). This parameter controls when the utility determines the list of volumes in use by DB2. When set to P, the utility uses the profile setting, this is currently the only supported value.	
	Default: P	
VALIDATE_DB2_ VOLUMES_TIME	Valid values are B(efore). This setting determines when DB2 volume validation is performed. Only B is currently supported.	
	Default: B	
VALIDATE_DB2_ VOLUME_SUBTASKS	Valid values are 1-99. The number of subtasks used to get the volumes in use by DB2.	
	Default: 8	
WAIT_FOR_VOL_ OFFLINE_SECONDS	Valid values are 01-99. The number of seconds to wait for a volume to go offline.	
	Default: 05	
WAIT_FOR_VOL_ OFFLINE_RETRIES	Valid values are 01-99. The number of retries while waiting for a volume to go offline.	
	Default: 99	

Table 6. Parameters that affect the backup utility (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
MAKE_READY_ NOTREADY_DEVICES	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, not-ready devices are made ready. If set to N, the utility produces an error if not-ready devices are found.	
	Default: Y	
MAKE_BKUP_VOLS_ NOTREADY	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, backup volumes are made not-ready.	
	Default: Y	
RESET_COPY_PENDING_TS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, all table spaces are reset so they are no longer in copy pending status after a system backup.	
	Default: N	
RESET_COPY_PENDING_IX	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, all index spaces are reset so they are no longer in copy pending status after a system backup.	
	Default: N	
ALLOW_SHARED_TARGET_ VOLUMES	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, Snap or Flash target volumes can be shared among different backup profiles. Default: N	If this parameter is set to Y and the shared targets are space efficient volumes, the relationship between the source and target volumes is broken after the system backup is offloaded to tape. The status of the backup will be shown as ON Dicke No. or
		ON OFFLOAD=Yes on the Restore System panel.
RECALL_MIGRATED_WAIT	The maximum number of minutes DB2 Recovery Expert will wait for recall of migrated data sets.	
	Default: 10	

Table 6. Parameters that affect the backup utility (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
RECALL_MIGRATED_DATA	Valid values are E(rror), I(gnore) or R(ecall). This parameter controls how migrated data sets are handled. When set to E, DB2 Recovery Expert issues an error message and stops the backup. When set to I, DB2 Recovery Expert ignores migrated data sets and continues with a partial backup. When set to R, DB2 Recovery Expert waits until all migrated data sets have been recalled, then continues with the backup.	
	Default: E	
SHADOW_IMAGE	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, a FlashCopy-type backup use ShadowImage commands on Hitachi Data Systems hardware. Only specify Y if your site does not have a FlashCopy emulation license for HDS.	
	Default: N	
BYPASS RESTRICTED	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If set to Y, a backup will not end with a return code of 8 if restricted objects are found during deferred object collection.	
	Default: N	

Table 6. Parameters that affect the backup utility (continued)

#### Table 7. Global Snap Parameters

Parameter	Description	Notes
MAX_RETURN_CODE	Valid values are 4/8/12/integer Specifies the maximum return code of all EMC SNAP commands before processing stops	
	Default: / (EMC default	

Parameter	Description	Notes
SNAP_WAIT	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o) If Y, the backup utility waits for the SNAP operation to complete before ending the job. If N, the backup utility can end while the SNAP operation completes the Symmetrix caches updates to the source volume until the SNAP operation is complete.	
	Default: N	
SNAP_WAIT_HOURS	It SNAP_WAIT is Y, the number of hours to wait for the SNAP operation to complete before continuing.	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
SNAP_WAIT_MINUTES	If SNAP_WAIT is Y, the number of minutes to wait for the SNAP operation to complete before continuing.	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
SNAP_WAIT_SECONDS	If SNAP_WAIT is Y, the number of seconds to wait for the SNAP operation to complete before continuing.	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
MAX_ADRDSSU	This is the maximum number of address spaces that can be spawned.	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
MAX_TASKS1	The maximum number of individual requests that can be attached and used.	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
MAX_TASKS2	The maximum number of individual activities that can be performed within a single request.	
	Detault: / (EMC default)	
DEBUG_MODE	Valid values are A(ll), T(race), D(ump), E(rror) or X(tra). Sets the amount of information written for debugging to the ARYSNAPO DD. Default: E	

Table 7. Global Snap Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
DEBUG_EXTENTS	Value values are Y(es) or N(o). Specifies whether DEBUG information about extents is to be included.	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
TOLERATE_ENQ_ FAILURES	This parameter allows a volume to be SNAPPED when exclusive serialization cannot be obtained. This parameter should be set to Y(es).	
	Default: / (EMC default)	
COPY_VOLUME_ID	This parameter controls whether the volume serial number of the source volume gets copied to the target volume.	
	Default: Y	
PHASED_SNAP	If set to Y, this parameter enables phased SNAP or SNAP group processing. This will break the actual EMC SNAP VOLUME command into separate phases. The purpose of this parameter is to improve performance and lessen the impact of the SNAP VOLUME commands on the storage array.	
	Default: N	
SNAP_GROUP_PDS	If PHASED_SNAP is Y, this parameter must contain the name of a partitioned data set. It is recommended to use an extended PDS (a PDSE). This data set will be used internally to store the phased SNAP commands it needs to execute.	
WAIT_FOR_ BACKGROUND_COPY	If set to Y, DB2 Recovery Expert will wait for background SNAPs to complete before letting the job complete.	
	Default: N	

Table 7. Global Snap Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
BCV_WAIT_SECONDS	Valid values are 01-99. The number of seconds to wait between each check for BCV split completion.	
	Default: 06	
WAIT_RETRIES	Valid values are 01-99. The number of times to check for BCV split completion.	
	Default: 99	

Table 8. Parameters that affect the BCV split utility

Parameter	Description	Notes
ABEND_ON_ERRORS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y indicates the utility will issue a z/OS abend code if errors are encountered. The abend code issued will be the value specified for USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE.	
	Default: N	
USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE	Valid values are 01-99. This parameter allows you to provide a user abend code if the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to Y. If the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to N, the program error return code is provided.	
	Default: 08	
WAIT_FOR_VOL_ OFFLINE_SECONDS	Valid values are 01-99. The number of seconds to wait for a volume to go offline. Default: 06	
WAIT_FOR_VOL_ OFFLINE_RETRIES	Valid values are 01-99. The number of retries while waiting for a volume to go offline.	
	Default: 99	
WAIT_FOR_VOL_ ONLINE_SECONDS	Valid values are 01-99. The number of seconds to wait for a volume to come online.	
	Default: 06	

Parameter	Description	Notes
WAIT_FOR_VOL_ ONLINE_RETRIES	Valid values are 01-99. The number of retries while waiting for a volume to come online.	
	Default: 99	
CLEAN_OLD_SNAP_ SESSIONS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o).If set to Y, inactive SNAP sessions that reside on this volume that are from other source volumes are cleaned (removed) before the restore. If set to N, inactive SNAP sessions are not removed and the restore will end with an error.	
	Default: N	
FORCE_SPLIT	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). For BCV profiles, the current BCV generation will be split before the restore. If this parameter is set to Y, the FORCE parameter will be added to the split call.	
	Default: Y	
PERFORM_CHECKSUM	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If Y, a checksum operation will be performed on a restored volume to ensure it has not been altered since backup.	
	Default: N	
CLEAR_CF_STRUCTURES	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). If Y, a command is issued to clear the coupling facility structure for data sharing systems.	
	Default: Y	
DB2_UTILITY_ SUITE_ INSTALLED	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y means that the DB2 RESTORE SYSTEM utility is available for system restore. N means the RESTORE SYSTEM utility is not available therefore the RECOVER utility will be invoked. Default: Y	
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Table 9. Parameters that affect the restore utility (continued)

Parameter	Description	Notes
ABEND_ON_ERRORS	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Y indicates the utility will issue a z/OS abend code if errors are issued will be the value specified for USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE.	
	Default: N	
USER_ABEND_RETURN_ CODE	Valid values are 01-99. This parameter allows you to provide a user abend code if the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to Y. If the ABEND_ON_ERRORS parameter is set to N, the program error return code is provided.	
	Default: 08	
LOAD_ICKDSF	Valid values are Y(es) or N(o). Specify Y to indicate that the utility program ICKDSF is available in the LPA and can be loaded by DB2 Recovery Expert. Specify N to indicate that the utility program ICKDSF is not available and DB2 Recovery Expert will not try to load the program on startup.	If the utility program ICKDSF is not loaded and is needed to re-label an offline volume to bring the volume online, then an error message will be generated instructing the user to change the value of this ARY#PARM member.
	Default: Y	
CLIP_PREFIX	The prefix to use when clipping volume serials during offload processing. Default: ZZ	DB2 Recovery Expert may need to temporarily clip (or change the volser of) the target volume in order to bring the target online.

Table 10. Parameters that affect the offload utility

# Configuring access profiles for DB2 Recovery Expert

You can restrict the use of certain DB2 Recovery Expert functions by using access profiles.

#### About this task

**Note:** If you are migrating from an earlier version of DB2 Recovery Expert to version 3.1 and previously configured the access profiles for RACF or ACF2, it is not necessary to complete this task again.

#### Procedure

To regulate user access to DB2 Recovery Expert functions, create RACF or ACF2 access profiles. This is an option for RACF users. It is required for ACF2 users. Use the information in the following table to create the profiles:
Table 11. Access profiles for DB2 Recovery Expert

Function	Description of Authority	Profile	Access
Access	Grants a user the authority to use DB2 Recovery Expert	ARY.ACCESS.ssid where <i>ssid</i> is a four-character DB2	READ
		subsystem name or '*'	

A user is not allowed to execute a DB2 Recovery Expert backup or restore utility if they are not granted READ access to the corresponding profile or if the profile does not exist. If the specific RACF Facility Class Profile or ACF2 profile does not exist, then the most granular generic profile will be applied in its place. For example, if ARY.ACCESS.ssid does not exist for a given DB2 Recovery Expert subsystem, but a generic profile name ARY.ACCESS.\* exists, then the generic profile is used. Only authorization IDs with READ access to the profile are cleared by RACF or ACF2.

# Migrating schema level repository from DB2 V9 to DB2 V10 CM/XC

If you are migrating your DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository (SLR) from DB2 V9 to DB2 V10 CM/XC you must rebuild the LBDR objects for DB2 V10/ENFM.

### About this task

A sample job is included in SARYSAMP. You must run this job if your schema level repository was created prior to V10. You will only run this job on DB2 version 10 CM/ENFM systems.

#### Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the SARYSAMP member ARYMIGXC.
- 2. Open the member in a text editor.
- **3**. Modify the JCL using the instructions that are supplied in the comments section of the job.
- 4. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.

# Migrating schema level repository from DB2 V10 to V11 CM/BC

If you are migrating your DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository (SLR) from DB2 V10 to DB2 V11 CM/BC you must rebuild the LBDR objects for DB2 V11/ENFM.

## About this task

A sample job is included in SARYSAMP. You must run this job if your schema level repository was created prior to DB2 V11. You will only run this job on DB2 version 11 CM/ENFM systems.

#### Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the SARYSAMP member ARYMIGBC.
- 2. Open the member in a text editor.

- **3**. Modify the JCL using the instructions that are supplied in the comments section of the job.
- 4. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.

# Migrating the schema level repository from DB2 10 CM/ENFM to DB2 10 NFM

This section details each of the tasks that are necessary to migrate the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository from DB2 10 CM/ENFM to a DB2 10 NFM schema level repository.

### About this task

To migrate the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository:

#### Procedure

- 1. Create backup table space image copies in the schema level repository. Sample JCL to create the image copies is provided in sample library member ARYCPY1. The following steps list the tasks that are required to create the image copies:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYCPY1. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 2. Lock the schema level repository and prevent the use of DB2 Recovery Expert. Sample JCL to lock the schema level repository and prevent the use of DB2 Recovery Expert is provided in sample library member ARYMIGX1. The following steps list the tasks that are required to lock the schema level repository:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGX1. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- **3**. Modify the schema level repository tables for migration. Sample JCL to add new columns and alter existing columns in existing schema level repository tables is provided in sample library member ARYMIGX2. The following steps list the tasks that are required to modify the schema level repository tables:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGX2. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 4. Add new objects to the schema level repository. Sample JCL to create views on the new DB2 10 NFM or DB2 10 CM8/ENFM8 tables in the DB2 system catalog is provided in sample library member ARYMIGX3. The following steps list the tasks that are required to add new objects to the schema level repository:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGX3. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 5. Unlock access to the schema level repository and DB2 Recovery Expert. Sample JCL to unlock access to the schema level repository and DB2 Recovery

Expert is provided in same library member ARYMIGX4. The following steps list the tasks that are required to load the table data:

- a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGX4. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
- b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 6. *Optional:* Run the REORG utility on schema level repository table spaces. After the migration process is complete, you have the option of running the REORG utility on schema level repository table spaces. This step is not required but it does reformat table rows of updated tables and improves space management. Sample REORG JCL is not shipped with DB2 Recovery Expert.
- 7. *Optional:* Run a RUNSTATS on the schema level repository tables. After the migration process is completed you have the option of running a RUNSTATS on schema level repository tables. Sample RUNSTATS JCL is not shipped with DB2 Recovery Expert.
- **8.** If it is required, you should update the authorizations for new objects added to the schema level repository. You should update the authorizations to access the new DB2 10 system catalog objects.
- 9. Bind the DB2 Recovery Expert packages and plans.
  - a. Using Tools Customizer, update the DB2 Mode information in the Associated DB2 Entries and Parameter Status section.
  - b. Generate new binds jobs for the upgraded DB2 subsystem.
  - c. Submit the jobs. Each bind step must end with a return code of 4 or less. All warnings and errors must be reviewed/corrected before continuing with the product install.
- 10. Update the DB2 Recovery Expert product control file.
  - a. Using Tools Customizer, select and submit the Load the SLR job. The update step must end with a return code of zero. All warnings and errors must be corrected before continuing with the product install.

# Migrating the schema level repository from DB2 10 NFM or DB2 11 CM to DB2 11 NFM

This section details each of the tasks that are necessary to migrate the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository from DB2 10 NFM or DB2 11 CM/ENFM to a DB2 11 NFM schema level repository.

## About this task

To migrate the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository:

## Procedure

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- 1. Create backup table space image copies in the schema level repository. Sample JCL to create the image copies is provided in sample library member ARYCPY1. The following steps list the tasks that are required to create the image copies:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYCPY1. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 2. Lock the schema level repository and prevent the use of DB2 Recovery Expert. Sample JCL to lock the schema level repository and prevent the use of DB2

Recovery Expert is provided in sample library member ARYMIGB1. The following steps list the tasks that are required to lock the schema level repository:

- a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGB1. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
- b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- **3**. Modify the schema level repository tables for migration. Sample JCL to add new columns and alter existing columns in existing schema level repository tables is provided in sample library member ARYMIGB2. The following steps list the tasks that are required to modify the schema level repository tables:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGB2. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 4. Add new objects to the schema level repository. Sample JCL to create views on the new DB2 11 NFM or DB2 11 CM/ENFM tables in the DB2 system catalog is provided in sample library member ARYMIGB3. The following steps list the tasks that are required to add new objects to the schema level repository:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGB3. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 5. Unlock access to the schema level repository and DB2 Recovery Expert. Sample JCL to unlock access to the schema level repository and DB2 Recovery Expert is provided in same library member ARYMIGB4. The following steps list the tasks that are required to load the table data:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGB4. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 6. *Optional:* Run the REORG utility on schema level repository table spaces. After the migration process is complete, you have the option of running the REORG utility on schema level repository table spaces. This step is not required but it does reformat table rows of updated tables and improves space management. Sample REORG JCL is not shipped with DB2 Recovery Expert.
- 7. *Optional:* Run a RUNSTATS on the schema level repository tables. After the migration process is completed you have the option of running a RUNSTATS on schema level repository tables. Sample RUNSTATS JCL is not shipped with DB2 Recovery Expert.
- 8. If it is required, you should update the authorizations for new objects added to the schema level repository. You should update the authorizations to access the new DB2 11 system catalog objects.
- 9. Bind the DB2 Recovery Expert packages and plans.
  - a. Using Tools Customizer, update the DB2 Mode information in the Associated DB2 Entries and Parameter Status section.
  - b. Generate new binds jobs for the upgraded DB2 subsystem.
  - c. Submit the jobs. The bind step must end with a return code of 4 or less. All warnings and errors must be reviewed/corrected before continuing with the product install.

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- 10. Update the DB2 Recovery Expert product control file.
  - a. Submit the Load the SLR job generated by Tools Customizer. The update step must end with a return code of zero. All warnings and errors must be corrected before continuing with the product install.

# Migrating the schema level repository from DB2 11 NFM to DB2 12 NFM

This section details each of the tasks that are necessary to migrate the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository from DB2 11 NFM to a DB2 12 NFM schema level repository.

#### Procedure

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- 1. Create backup table space image copies in the schema level repository. Sample JCL to create the image copies is provided in sample library member ARYCPY1. The following steps list the tasks that are required to create the image copies:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYCPY1. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 2. Lock the schema level repository and prevent the use of DB2 Recovery Expert. Sample JCL to lock the schema level repository and prevent the use of DB2 Recovery Expert is provided in sample library member ARYMIGC1. The following steps list the tasks that are required to lock the schema level repository:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGC1. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- **3**. Modify the schema level repository tables for migration. Sample JCL to add new columns and alter existing columns in existing schema level repository tables is provided in sample library member ARYMIGC2. The following steps list the tasks that are required to modify the schema level repository tables:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGC2. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 4. Add new objects to the schema level repository. Sample JCL to create views on the new DB2 11 NFM or DB2 11 CM/ENFM tables in the DB2 system catalog is provided in sample library member ARYMIGC3. The following steps list the tasks that are required to add new objects to the schema level repository:
  - a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGC3. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
  - b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 5. Unlock access to the schema level repository and DB2 Recovery Expert. Sample JCL to unlock access to the schema level repository and DB2 Recovery Expert is provided in same library member ARYMIGC4. The following steps list the tasks that are required to load the table data:

- a. Modify the JCL using the text instructions that are supplied in member ARYMIGC4. You can use the ARYEMAC1 edit macro to edit the JCL.
- b. Submit the tailored JCL. The job steps must end with a return code of zero.
- 6. Optional: Run the REORG utility on schema level repository table spaces. After the migration process is complete, you have the option of running the REORG utility on schema level repository table spaces. This step is not required but it does reformat table rows of updated tables and improves space management. Sample REORG JCL is not shipped with DB2 Recovery Expert.
- 7. Optional: Run a RUNSTATS on the schema level repository tables. After the migration process is completed you have the option of running a RUNSTATS on schema level repository tables. Sample RUNSTATS JCL is not shipped with DB2 Recovery Expert.
- 8. If it is required, you should update the authorizations for new objects added to the schema level repository. You should update the authorizations to access the new DB2 12 system catalog objects.
- **9**. Bind the DB2 Recovery Expert packages and plans. The following steps list the tasks that are required to load the table databind the packages and plans:
  - a. Using Tools Customizer, update the DB2 Mode information in the Associated DB2 Entries and Parameter Status section.
  - b. Generate new binds jobs for the upgraded DB2 subsystem.
  - **c.** Submit the jobs. The bind step must end with a return code of 4 or less. All warnings and errors must be reviewed/corrected before continuing with the product install.
- **10.** Update the DB2 Recovery Expert control file if necessary and recycle agent started tasks/jobs to pick up any control file changes.
- **11**. Submit the Load the SLR job generated by Tools Customizer. The update step must end with a return code of zero. All warnings and errors must be corrected before continuing with the product install.

## Setting up the DB2 Recovery Expert server to use VIPA

You can set up the DB2 Recovery Expert server to use VIPA (Virtual IP Address).

If you use VIPA, and the DB2 Recovery Expert server is moved from one LPAR to another, the server address does not need to be re-configured. It is recommended that the DB2 Recovery Expert server IP address is set up as a Distributed Dynamic VIPA rather than just a Dynamic VIPA.

# Setting up a DB2 subsystem with multiple data sharing members

When adding a DB2 subsystem with multiple data sharing members, you must add each individual data sharing member and then add the group as a member. For example, if you had a DB2 data sharing subsystem EDSA that has two members EDS1 and EDS2 you would perform the following procedure when you are creating and associating DB2 entries using Tools Customizer.

#### About this task

#### Procedure

- 1. From the Customizer Workplace panel, issue the ASSOCIATE command. The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel opens.
- 2. From the DB2 Entry for Product panel:

- a. Issue the Create command. The Create a DB2 Entry panel opens. In the DB2 subsystem ID name field specify the SSID for the first DB2 member (EDS1). In the DB2 group attach name field specify the group attach name (EDSA). PF3 back to the Create a DB2 Entry panel.
- b. Issue another Create command. The Create a DB2 Entry panel opens. In the DB2 subsystem ID name specify the SSID for the second DB2 member (EDS2). In the DB2 group attach name field specify the group attach name (EDSA). PF3 back to the Create a DB2 Entry panel.
- c. After you have performed the previous step for all members of the data sharing group, issue a final Create command. The Create a DB2 Entry panel opens. In the **DB2 subsystem ID name** field specify the group attach for the DB2 subsystem (EDSA). In the **DB2 group attach name** specify the group name (EDSA). PF3 back to the Create a DB2 Entry panel.
- **3.** When specifying the BSDS and LOADLIBS for the DB2 subsystem at the group name level (ESDA ESDA), you can use the BSDS and LOADLIBS defined for any member of the group.

## Worksheets: Gathering required data set names

Identify and record the data set names that will be used during the customization process and make sure that requirements for certain data sets are met.

## Data set names for DB2 Recovery Expert

Data set name	Description	Special requirements	Your data set name
SCCQDENU	Metadata library for DB2 Recovery Expert		
SCCQLOAD	Executable load module library for DB2 Recovery Expert		
SCCQMENU	ISPF messages for DB2 Recovery Expert		
SCCQPENU	ISPF panels for DB2 Recovery Expert		
SCCQSAMP	Sample members for DB2 Recovery Expert		
SCCQTENU	Table library for DB2 Recovery Expert	You must have write access to this data set.	

Identify and record the following DB2 Recovery Expert data set names:

## Data set names of DB2 Recovery Expert

Identify and record the following DB2 Recovery Expert data set names. During the customization process, you will enter the following values on panel CCQPPRD.

Data set name	Description	Special requirements	Your data set name
ARYADBRM	DBRM library for DB2 Recovery Expert		
ARYALOAD	Executable load module library for DB2 Recovery Expert	You must APF authorize this data set.	

Data set name	Description	Special requirements	Your data set name
ARYAMENU	ISPF messages for DB2 Recovery Expert		
ARYAPENU	ISPF panels for DB2 Recovery Expert		
ARYASAMP	Sample members for DB2 Recovery Expert		
ARYACLST	Table library for Tools Customizer	You must have write access to this data set.	
ARYADENU	Metadata library		
ARYASLIB			

## Data set names of other libraries

Identify and record the following data set names. During the customization process, you will enter the following values on the Setup panel.

Data set name	Description	Special requirements	Your data set name
Discover output data set	Contains the output that is generated when you run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC.	You must have write access to this data set.	
	The DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC retrieves the metadata and values for the parameters from a previous customization of DB2 Recovery Expert.		
	The default name of the data set is DB2TOOL.CCQ110. DISCOVER. You can change the default value on the DB2 Recovery Expert Settings panel or the Discover Customized Product Information panel.		
Data store data set	Contains product, LPAR, and DB2 parameter values, and DB2 entry associations. DB2 Recovery Expert uses this data set to permanently store all information that is acquired about the product, DB2 subsystems, and LPAR when you customize products on the local LPAR. The default name of the data set is DB2TOOL.CCQ110. DATASTOR. You can change the default value on the Tools Customizer Settings panel.	You must have write access to this data set.	

Data set name	Description	Special requirements	Your data set name
Product customization Library	Contains the customization jobs that DB2 Recovery Expert generates for DB2 Recovery Expert. To customize DB2 Recovery Expert, submit the members of the data set in the order in which they are displayed on the Finish Product Customization panel. The data set naming convention is: <i>hlq.\$LPAR-name\$.xyzvrm</i>	You must have write access to this data set.	
	<ul> <li>where:</li> <li><i>hlq</i> is the value of the Customization library qualifier field on the Tools Customizer Settings panel (CCQPSET)</li> <li><i>LPAR-name</i> is the four-character LPAR name</li> <li><i>xyzvrm</i> is the three-letter product identifier with the version, release, and modification level</li> <li>For example, the data set name might be DB2TOOL.PRODUCT.CUST.</li> <li>\$MVS1\$.XYZ410.</li> </ul>		

## **APF** authorizing load libraries

DB2 Recovery Expert requires that the product LOAD library is APF authorized. Refer to z/OS V1R8.0 MVS System Commands for more information on how to use SETPROG to APF authorize libraries.

## Procedure

Include the following load libraries as part of your authorized list:

- SALALOAD
- SFECLOAD

## Worksheets: Gathering parameter values for DB2 Recovery Expert

During the customization process, you will need to provide parameter values that are specific to DB2 Recovery Expert, your versions of DB2, and for your LPARs.

Use the worksheets in this topic to record the appropriate parameter settings for your purposes, and then use these worksheets during the customization process. The worksheets are organized based on the order of the customization panels in the DB2 Recovery Expert.

## Product to customize section

The parameters listed in the Product to Customize section are read-only; they contain information that was provided on other panels, by Tools Customizer, or by the DB2 Recovery Expert metadata data set.

Paramet	er	Discovered	Source of this value
Product	metadata library This value is the library you specified on the Specify the Product to Customize panel. This field is scrollable. Place your cursor anywhere on the field and press PF11 to view its full contents.	No	This value is specified on the Specify the Product to Customize panel (CCQPHLQ).
LPAR	The LPAR field displays the LPAR on which you are customizing DB2 Recovery Expert.	No	This value is supplied by Tools Customizer.
Product	name This value displays the current product being customized. For example, DB2 Recovery Expert should be displayed in this field. This field is scrollable. Place your cursor anywhere on the field and press PF11 to view its full contents.	No	This value is supplied by the product metadata file.
Version	The Version field displays the version, release and maintenance of the product you are customizing in the format Vn.Rn.nn.	No	This value is supplied by the product metadata file.
Product	customization library This value displays the name of the data set in which the generated library of customization jobs will be stored.	No	This value is derived from the user-specified customization library qualifier on the Tools Customizer Settings panel (CCQPSET).

# Customization values for the Discover EXEC when recustomizing a product

#### Description

Use the following worksheet to identify and record the customization values for the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. The values in this worksheet are for extracting information from a product that has already been customized. During the customization process, you will enter these values on panel CCQPDSC.

**Note:** Complete this worksheet only if you are recustomizing a product that has previously been customized by using Tools Customizer.

Parameter	Sample or default value	Your value
<b>Discover EXEC library</b> The fully qualified data set name that contains the product Discover EXEC.	The name of the Discover EXEC Library that you entered on the settings panel.	
<b>Discover EXEC name</b> The name of the Discover EXEC.	ARYDISC	
<b>Discover output data set</b> The name of the data set for the output from the product Discover EXEC.	The name of the discover output library that you entered on the settings panel.	

## Customization values for the Discover EXEC product

### Description

Use the following worksheet to identify and record the customization values for the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. The values in this worksheet are for extracting information from a product that has not ever been customized. During the customization process, you will enter these values on panel CCQPDSC.

Parameter	Sample or default value	Your value
Discover EXEC library The fully qualified data set name that contains the product Discover EXEC.	The name of the Discover EXEC Library that you entered on the settings panel.	
<b>Discover EXEC name</b> The name of the Discover EXEC.	ARYDISC	
<b>Discover output data set</b> The name of the data set for the output from the product Discover EXEC.	The name of the discover output library that you entered on the settings panel.	
ARY V3.2 LOAD library The load library name for the new release of DB2 Recovery Expert.	DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYLOAD	
V3.1 control file The name of the VSAM data set that contains the control information for DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1. This KSDS VSAM file contains product customization information for the previous version of the product.	DB2TOOL.ARY310.DB2.CONTROL	

Parameter	Sample or default value	Your value
V3.1 CLIST library The name of the PDS library that contains the DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 product CLISTs which are used to invoke DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 online under ISPF.	DB2TOOL.ARY310.CLIST	
V3.1 CLIST member The name of the PDS library member that contains the DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 product CLISTs.	ARYV310	

## DB2 Recovery Expert specific product parameters section

#### Description

In order to complete the customization process you must discover or define parameter information that is specific to DB2 Recovery Expert. You will enter these values on panel CCQPPRD.

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Startup CLIST library Specifies the library for the ARYV32 and ARYV320 CLISTs. These CLISTs are used to invoke DB2 Recovery Expert online under ISPF.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.CLIST Your value:
Work file device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used in generated jobs. Example values are SYSDA and DISK.	No	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
ARY JCL Library Specifies the name of the library that contains the jobs created for the product.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB Your value:
ARY Proc Library Specifies the name of the library for the server and agent started task procedures.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.PROCLIB Your value:
Startup CLIST 2 Specifies the name of the second startup CLIST.	No	Default value: ARYV320 Your value:
Recovery Expert production load library Specifies the DB2 Recovery Expert load library for production. Specify the fully qualified data set name without quotation marks.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYLOAD Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
<ul> <li>Control file</li> <li>Specifies the name of the Product Control File (PCF). The PCF is a KSDS VSAM data set that contains the control information for DB2 Recovery Expert. The information that is contained in the PCF is entered via the Tools Customizer DB2 Product and DB2 Recovery Expert Product Parameters panel fields.</li> <li>DB2 Recovery Expert can share the same PCF with other DB2 Tools products that use the same type of PCF. If you plan on sharing a PCF, specify the name of that file in this field if it is different from the default value.</li> <li>After installation, some of the fields in the PCF can be modified using the ISPF interface by selecting Administration (0) &gt; Register DB2 subsystems (2). The fields that can be modified from the ISPF interface include:</li> <li>ZPARMS member name</li> <li>Bootstrap data set names</li> <li>DB2 LOAD libraries</li> <li>DB2 plan names</li> <li>Redirected Recovery defaults</li> </ul>	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.DB2.CONTROL Your value:
<b>Profile VSAM repository file</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about profiles.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.PROFILES Your value:
Coordinated Profile VSAM repository file Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about coordinated recovery profiles.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
IMS/DB2 Combined SLB VSAM repository file Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about combined system level backup (CSLB) profiles. CLSB profiles can be used for the recovery of multiple IMS and DB2 subsystems.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
<b>Profile mappings VSAM repository file</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about profile mappings.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.PROFILE.MAPS Your value:

Parameter		Discovered	Values
Profile	catalogs VSAM repository file Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about a DB2 system's user catalogs.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.PROFILE.CATS Your value:
System	<b>backups VSAM repository file</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about system backups.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SYSBACK Your value:
System file	<b>backups volumes VSAM repository</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about system backup volumes.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SYSBACK.VOLS Your value:
System file	<b>backups SSIDS VSAM repository</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about system backup subsystem IDs.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SYSBACK.SSIDS Your value:
System file	<b>backups objects VSAM repository</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about objects that were backed up.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SYSBACK.OBJS Your value:
Objects	<b>VSAM repository file</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains the objects in an application profile.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.OBJECTS Your value:
System file	<b>backup reports VSAM repository</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about system backup reports.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.BREPORT Your value:
Offload	<b>options VSAM repository file</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about system backup offload options.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.OFFOPTS Your value:
System	configuration VSAM repository file Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about subsystem configuration.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.MOVDATA Your value:
System	<b>RBA capture VSAM repository file</b> Specifies the name of the VSAM repository data set that contains information about each DB2 subsystem's captured RBAs.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values		
The prefix for the repository backups Specifies the prefix that is used for the repository backups.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320 Your value:		
The suffix for the repository backups Specifies the suffix that is used for the repository backups.	Yes	Default value: ARYBUSUF Your value:		
<b>EMC load library</b> Specifies the EMC load library. This library is optional.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:		
<b>Innovation FDR load library</b> Specifies the Innovation FDR load library. This library is optional.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:		
<b>Product PARMLIB data set</b> Specifies the data set that contains the Recovery Expert sample library.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYSAMP Your value:		
<b>Product PARMLIB member</b> Specifies the name of the member that contains product customizable variables.	Yes	Default value: ARY#PARM Your value:		
Server address Specifies the name of the server address that is used for agent-server communications.	No	Default value: machine.company.com Your value:		
<b>ISPF client listener port number</b> Specifies the client port number that is used for agent-server communications.	No	Default value: 9875 Your value:		
<b>Passticket Application ID</b> Specifies the Passticket Application ID.	No	Default value: ARYZOS31 Your value:		
<b>Recovery Expert ISPF message library</b> Specifies the data set that contains the ISPF messages that are defined and used by Recovery Expert.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYMENU Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the Conf	The following parameters are used in the <b>Configure Required Execs</b> job:			

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Create CLIST library Specifies whether the PDS library that will contain the product CLIST will be created.	No	Default value: Y Your value:
Create JCL library Specifies whether the PDS library that will contain the product's started task procedures will be created.	No	Default value: Y Your value:
Create PROC library Specifies whether the PDS library that will contain the product's stored procedures will be created.	No	Default value: Y Your value:
<b>Recovery Expert sample library</b> Specifies the data set that contains the Recovery Expert sample jobs.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYSAMP Your value:
The following parameters are used in the Upda	te startup CLI	STs parameters job:
Startup CLIST1 Specifies the name of the first startup CLIST.	No	Default value: ARYV32 Your value:
High-level qualifier for load library Specifies the high-level qualifier that is used for the load library.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320 Your value:
Suffix for the message library Specifies the suffix that is used for the message library.	Yes	Default value: SARYMENU Your value:
Suffix for the panel library Specifies the suffix that is used for the panel library.	Yes	Default value: SARYPENU Your value:
Suffix for the skeleton library Specifies the suffix that is used for the skeleton library.	Yes	Default value: SARYSLIB Your value:
Suffix for the load library Specifies the suffix that is used for the load library.	Yes	Default value: SARYLOAD Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Suffix of the table library Specifies the suffix used for the table library.	Yes	Default value: SARYTENU Your value:
Authentication Mode Specifies how the ISPF client authenticates users. Valid values are PASSTICKET to indicate that users are authenticated using RACF passtickets or PASSWORD to indicate that users are authenticated using passwords. The default value is PASSTICKET.	No	Default value: PASSTICKET Your value:
<b>TCP/IP Stack Name</b> Specifies the name of the TCP/IP stack. The default value is TCPIPSTK.	No	Default value: TCPIPSTK Your value:
IMS CLIST library name Specifies where the version of IMS Recovery Expert that will be used in coordinated recovery is located.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
IMS CLIST member name Specifies the member name in the IMS CLIST library for the version of IMS Recovery Expert that will be used in coordinated recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values	
<ul> <li>_Create Recovery Expert objects for DB2 Specify a / on the line command next to this field to make the following lower level jobs available for selection:</li> <li>Drop the Recovery Expert database</li> <li>Create IBM Recovery Expert database</li> <li>Create Recovery Expert database</li> <li>Migrate Recovery Expert objects from v3.1</li> <li>Create schema level repository</li> <li>Create views on schema level repository</li> <li>Create views on system catalog</li> <li>Create indexes on DB2 catalog</li> <li>Alter existing Recovery Expert objects for APAR35099</li> <li>Alter existing Recovery Expert Auto Tool objects for APAR</li> </ul>	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:	
The following parameters are used in the <b>Bind</b>	plans and pacl	kages plans jobs:	
Recovery Expert DBRM library Specifies the Recovery Expert library that contains the product-supplied DBRMs. These DBRMs are inputs to the bind process.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYDBRM Your value:	
*Bind product packages The asterisk before this field indicates that the Bind product packages job is always generated.	No	Default value: (always selected) Your value:	
*Bind product plans The asterisk before this field indicates that the Bind product plans job is always generated.	No	Default value: (always selected) Your value:	
_Bind product plans to support DB2 Auto Tool Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate a job that will bind the product plans to support DB2 Automation Tool.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:	
The following parameters are used in the Grant Recovery Expert Privileges jobs:			

Parameter	Discovered	Values
<ul> <li>_Grant Recovery Expert privileges Specify a / on the line command next to this field to: <ul> <li>Generate a job that will grant privileges to support Recovery Expert.</li> <li>Make the job that will grant privileges to support the DB2 Auto Tool available for selection.</li> </ul></li></ul>	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
*Grant privileges to support Recovery Expert The asterisk before this field indicates that the Grant privileges to support Recovery Expert job is always generated.	No	Default value: (always selected) Your value:
_Grant privileges to support DB2 Auto Tool Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate a job that will grant privileges to support DB2 Automation Tool.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
The following parameters are used in the Creat	e control file jo	bb.
_Create control file Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Create required VSAM product control file job and specify a volume for the file. This job creates the Product Control File (PCF) which is a required VSAM KSDS file that is used by Recovery Expert to store product control information. If a control file exists, you do not need to run this job to create a new file. If you are creating a new PCF than you must have specified a name for the file in the Tools Customizer Control file field and if required a volume serial	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
number in the <b>Volser for control file</b> field.		
Volser for control filesSpecifies the volume serial number for the Product Control File (PCF). The PCF contains the control information for Recovery Expert. This field is only required if you are creating a new PCF and your environment requires a volume serial number.The following parameters are used in the Creat	No e VSAM repos	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values		
_Create VSAM repository files Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Create VSAM repository files to store metadata job and specify a volume for the file.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		
Volser for repository files Specifies the volume for the VSAM data set that contains the VSAM repository files for Recovery Expert. This field is only required if you are creating a new repository file. A new repository file is only required if a file does not exist.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the Creat	e optional CA	R VSAM repository file job.		
_Create optional CAR VSAM repository file Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Create optional CAR VSAM repository files job and specify a volume for the file.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		
Volser for repository files Specifies the volume of the VSAM data set that contains the CAR VSAM repository files for Recovery Expert. This field is only required if you are creating a new repository file. A new repository file is only required if a file does not exist.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the Creat	e optional CLS	BB VSAM repository file job.		
_Create optional CLSB VSAM repository file Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Create optional CLSB VSAM repository files job and specify a volume for the file.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		
Volser for repository files Specifies the volume of the VSAM data set that contains the CLSB VSAM repository file for Recovery Expert. This field is only required to create a new repository file. A new repository file is only required if a file does not exist.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the Create backup GDG files job				
_Create job to build backup GDG files Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Create backup GDG file job and specify the number of backup generations to keep on disk.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		

Parameter	Discovered	Values		
The number of backup generations Specifies the number of backup generations that will be kept on disk.	Yes	Default value: 00005 Your value:		
*Create job to update control file The asterisk before this field indicates that the Update Control File job is always generated. You should run this job if you change any of the fields in the Product Control File (PCF). You can update PCF fields using either the Tools Customizer or using the ISPF interface. See the PCF table in Appendix F for more information on the fields in the PCF file.	No	Default value: (automatically selected) Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the Load	the schema le	vel repository job		
_Create job to load the schema level repository Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Load schema level repository job.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the Insta	ll browser inte	rface job:		
_Create job to install browser interface Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Install browser interface job; and specify the Browser HFS file location, and Browser MVS doc file location fields.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		
Browser HFS file location Specifies the HFS directory where the GUI will be installed.	No	Default value: /u/db2tool/ary320/htdocs Your value:		
<b>Browser MVS doc file location</b> Specifies the data set that contains the directory archived using the PAX utility.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYGUIW (ARYGUIW) Your value:		
The following parameters are used in the <b>Customize server configuration</b> job:				
_Create job to customize server configuration Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize server configuration job and specify the parameters that are required for the job.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:		

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Server-agent listener port number Specifies the port number that is used for agent-server communications.	No	Default value: 9876 Your value:
Web client listener port number Specifies the port number on which the server will listen for incoming connection requests from instances of Web clients.	No	Default value: 9975 Your value:
<b>Key Database Dir Path</b> Specifies the directory path for the key database.	No	Default value: /u/db2tool/ary320/certs Your value:
<b>Key Database File Name</b> Specifies the file name for the key database.	No	Default value: arycert.db Your value:
<b>Key Database Stash File Name</b> Specifies the file name for the key database stash file.	No	Default value: arysert.sth Your value:
Enable FIPS 140-2 Specifies whether the product will run with a security configuration that meets the FIPS 140-2 standard. A setting of true in this field will only apply when <b>Use SSL</b> is set to true and it will only apply to the SSL-based communication layer.	No	Default value: false Your value:
Server Configuration file Specifies the DB2 Recovery Expert server configuration file. The file must be allocated to the ARYCFG DD. The file can be a sequential data set; a PDS or PDSE member; or an HFS file.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB (ARYCFGS) Your value:
Browser HFS file location Specifies the HFS directory where the GUI will be installed.	No	Default value: /u/db2tool/ary320/htdocs Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Socket policy port number Specifies a port number used by the server to relate to the clients where the socket policy resides. This allows clients to interrogate the socket policy before making a connection. The socket policy controls whether the browser will allow connections to other servers besides the one the UI was opened from.	No	Default value: 9999 Your value:
Use SSL Specifies whether SSL is used. Setting this to true enables SSL in the server. SSL allows HTTPS to be used in the URL instead of HTTP. When HTTPS is used all communication with the server is encrypted. To use HTTP, set this to false.	No	Default value: true Your value:
Key Database Password If you choose to enable SSL, then you will need a certificate. You can provide your own certificate or choose to use a self-signed generated certificate (this is usually very helpful in the testing phase). This field specifies the certificate.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
<b>Organization</b> Specifies a company name that is associated with the Key Database.	No	Default value: Company Name Your value:
<b>Country Code</b> Specifies a country code that is associated with the Key Database.	No	Default value: US Your value:
The following parameters are used in the Custo	omize server jo	b b
_Create job to customize server JCL Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize server job and specify the server configuration file.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
Server Configuration file Specifies the DB2 Recovery Expert server configuration file. The file must be allocated to the ARYCFG DD. The file can be a sequential data set; a PDS or PDSE member; or an HFS file. The following parameters are used in the <b>Custo</b>	No omize server s	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB (ARYCFGS) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
_Customize server started task proc Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize server started task job and specify the name of the server configuration file.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
Server Configuration file Specifies the DB2 Recovery Expert server configuration file. The file must be allocated to the ARYCFG DD. The file can be a sequential data set; a PDS or PDSE member; or an HFS file.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB (ARYCFGS) Your value:
The following parameters are used in the Custo	omize agent co	nfiguration job
_Create job to customize agent configuration Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize agent configuration job and specify the required parameters.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
Agent Configuration file Specifies the DB2 Recovery Expert agent configuration file. The file must be allocated to the ARYCFG DD. The file can be a sequential data set; a PDS or PDSE member; or an HFS file.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB (ARYCFGA) Your value:
Server-agent listener port number Specifies the port number that is used for server and agent communications.	No	Default value: 9876 Your value:
Use SSL Specifies whether SSL is used. Setting this to true enables SSL in the server. SSL allows HTTPS to be used in the URL instead of HTTP. When HTTPS is used all communication with the server is encrypted. To use HTTP, set this to false.	No	Default value: true Your value:
<b>Key Database Dir Path</b> Specifies the directory path for the key database.	No	Default value: /u/db2tool/ary320/certs Your value:
<b>Key Database File Name</b> Specifies the file name for the key database.	No	Default value: arycert.db Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
<b>Key Database Stash File Name</b> Specifies the file name for the key database stash file.	No	Default value: arysert.sth Your value:
Enable FIPS 140-2 Specifies whether the product will run with a security configuration that meets the FIPS 140-2 standard. A setting of true in this field will only apply when <b>Use SSL</b> is set to true and it will only apply to the SSL-based communication layer.	No	Default value: false Your value:
The following fields are used to generate the C	ustomize agen	t job JCL job:
_Create job to customize agent job JCL Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize agent job JCL job and specify the required parameters.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
<b>Recovery Expert ISPF skeleton library</b> Specifies the file name for the ISPF skeleton library.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYSLIB Your value:
Agent Configuration file Specifies the DB2 Recovery Expert agent configuration file. The file must be allocated to the ARYCFG DD. The file can be a sequential data set; a PDS or PDSE member; or an HFS file.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB (ARYCFGA) Your value:
The following fields are used to generate the C	ustomize agen	t started task proc job:
_Customize agent started task proc Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize Agent started task jobs and specify the required parameters.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
<b>Recovery Expert ISPF skeleton library</b> Specifies the file name for the ISPF skeleton library.	No	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.SARYSLIB Your value:
Agent Configuration fileSpecifies the DB2 Recovery Expertagent configuration file. The file mustbe allocated to the ARYCFG DD. Thefile can be a sequential data set; aPDS or PDSE member; or an HFSfile.The following fields are used to generate the C	No ustomize RBA	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB (ARYCFGA) Your value: Capture jobs:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
_Create the jobs for RBA Capture Specify a / on the line command next to this field to generate the Customize RBA Capture jobs and specify the required parameters.	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:
*Create RBA Capture VSAM repository data set This job creates the RBA Capture VSAM repository data set. This job is automatically generated when you select the field _Create the jobs for RBA Capture. If required, specify the volume in the Volser for repository files field.	No	Default value: (automatically selected) Your value:
Volser for repository files Specifies the volume for the RBA Capture VSAM repository data set. This field is only required if you are creating a new repository file. A new repository file is only required if a file does not exist.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
*Create RBA Capture GDG file used for cleanup This job creates a GDG file that is used when performing a cleanup of the RBA capture utility repository file. When a cleanup job is run, old entries will be written to this output GDG file. This job is automatically generated when you select the field _Create the jobs for RBA Capture. Specify the number of generation to use for the RBA Capture cleanup file in the RBA Capture Cleanup Generations field.	No	Default value: (automatically selected) Your value:
<b>RBA Capture Cleanup Generations</b> Specifies the number of generations to use for the RBA Capture cleanup file.	No	Default value: 010 Your value:
*Customize RBA Capture Cleanup job This job performs a cleanup on the RBA Capture Cleanup file. This job is automatically generated when you select the field _Create the jobs for RBA Capture. No parameters are required.	No	Default value: (automatically selected) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
*Customize RBR Capture started task procedure This job customizes the RBR Capture started task procedure. This job is automatically generated when you select the field _Create the jobs for RBA Capture. No parameters are required. The following field is used to generate the Inst	No all Verification	Default value: (automatically selected) Your value: job:
<ul> <li>_Create Install Verification job         Specify a / on the line command next         to this field to generate the Install         Verification job. The install         verification job (IVP) verifies that         DB2 Recovery Expert has been         installed correctly. The IVP job uses         the following ARYIN DD SYSIN         parameters to determine what is to         be verified:      </li> <li>ISPF to indicate that only the ISPF         interface is to be checked.</li> <li>GUI to indicate that only the web         browser interface is to be checked.</li> <li>Complete to indicate that the         complete product, both ISPF and         web browser interface is checked.</li> <li>SSID ssid to enter a single SSID         that is to be checked. If the SSIDs are on         different LPARS, then a separate         IVP job should be created and         executed on each LPAR for each         DB2.         The default value is Complete. You         can change the default value by         editing this job using the ISPF editor.         Select the job for editing from the     </li> </ul>	No	Default value: (not automatically selected) Your value:

## **DB2** parameters section

## Description

The following table provides information about the DB2 parameters that must be discovered or specified during the customization process.

Parameter	Discovered	Values
DB2 subsystem ID Specifies the ID of the DB2 subsystem.	Yes	Default value: IA1A Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
<b>Group attach name</b> Specifies the group attach name.	No	Default value: IA1A Your value:
Mode Specifies the mode for the DB2 subsystem. Values can be NFM, CM, CM8, CM9.	No	Default value: NFM Your value:
Level Number Load Specifies the version level for DB2. Values can be 810, 910, 101, or 111. Note: You must specify a level value before you can access the rest of the DB2 product parameters.	No	Default value: 101 Your value:
Load Library Specifies the DB2 Load library that contains all the DB2 runtime libraries. You can use the Add option to enter more than one LOAD library.	Yes	Default value: DSN.SDSNLOAD Your value:
Run Library Specifies the DB2 Run library. This library is required in order to run DDL/DML in batch. You can use the Add option to enter more than one Run library.	Yes	Default value: DSN.RUNLIB.LOAD Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Exit Library Specifies the DB2 Exit library that contains all the user's customized LOADLIB members. You can use the Add option to enter more than one Exit library.	No	Default value: DSN.SDSNEXIT Your value:
Bootstrap data set Specifies the Bootstrap data set name. You can use the Add option to enter more than one Bootstrap data set.	Yes	Default value: DSN.SDSNBSSDS Your value:
SYSAFF for DB2 Utilities Specifies the LPAR on which the DB2 utilities should be run.	No	Default value: Your value:
Plan name for the DSNTEP2 utility Specifies the name of the plan for the DSNTEP2 utility.	No	Default value: DSNTEP2 Your value:
Stogroup for Recovery Expert objects Specifies the stogroup name for the Recovery Expert repository objects.	No	SYSDEFLT
Database for Recovery Expert objects Specifies the database name for the Recovery Expert repository objects.	No	Default value: ARYDB Your value:
Qualifier for repository objects Specifies the three character qualifier that will be used for repository objects.	No	Default value: ARY Your value:

Parame	ter	Discovered	Values
Qualifi Automa	er for DB2 ation Tool objects Specifies the three character qualifier that will be used for DB2 Automation Tool objects.	No	Default value: HAA Your value:
SQLID Expert	to create Recovery objects Specifies the SQLID that is used when creating Recovery Expert objects.	No	Default value: ARY Your value:
VCAT index c	name for optional reation Specifies the high-level qualifier that is used to create an optional index on SYSIBM.SYSCOPY.	No	Default value: ARY Your value:
Owner packag	of Recovery Expert es Specifies the owner prefix that will be used with the Recovery Expert packages.	No	Default value: ARY Your value:
Owner plans	of Recovery Expert Specifies the owner prefix that will be used with the Recovery Expert plans.	No	Default value: ARY Your value:
Bind pa	ackages EBDIC Specifies whether packages will be bound as EBDIC.	No	Default value: Y Your value:
DB2 ZI	PARMS Specifies the ZPARM load module member name that is generated for the DB2 subsystem.	Yes	Default value: DSNZPARM Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Plan for display data extract Specifies the name of the plan that includes the modules that are used for extracting data. The displayed value might be the name of an existing plan if a version of Recovery Expert exists.	Yes	Default value: ARYP3201 Your value:
Plan for the SLR load Specifies the name of the plan that includes the modules that load the schema level repository. The displayed value might be the name of an existing plan if a version of Recovery Expert exists.	Yes	Default value: ARYP3202 Your value:
Plan for recovery plan generation Specifies the name of the plan that includes the modules that are used for generating recovery plans. The displayed value might be the name of an existing plan if a version of Recovery Expert exists.	Yes	Default value: ARYP3203 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Plan for JCL gen and SQL execution Specifies the name of the plan that includes the modules that are used to generate JCL and run SQL. The displayed value might be the name of an existing plan if a version of Recovery Expert exists.	Yes	Default value: ARYP3204 Your value:
Plan for log analysis services Specifies the name of the plan that includes the modules that are used for log analysis services. The displayed value might be the name of an existing plan if a version of Recovery Expert exists.	Yes	Default value: ARYP3205 Your value:
Plan for recover to different data set Specifies the name of the plan that includes the modules that are used for redirected recovery. The displayed value might be the name of an existing plan if a version of Recovery Expert exists.	No	Default value: ARYP3206 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Primary allocation for table spaces Specifies the primary space allocation for DB2 table space objects. The value -1 specifies that DB2 will decide allocation.	No	Default value: 1440 Your value:
Secondary allocation for table spaces Specifies the secondary space allocation for DB2 table space objects. The value -1 specifies that DB2 will decide allocation.	No	Default value: 3600 Your value:
BP to be used for 8K page table spaces Specifies the buffer pool to be used for 8K page table spaces.	No	Default value: BP8K0 Your value:
BP to be used for 16K page table spaces Specifies the buffer pool to be used for 16K page table spaces.	No	Default value: BP16K0 Your value:
BP to be used for all other table spaces Specifies the buffer pool to be used for all other page table spaces.	No	Default value: BP0 Your value:
Primary allocation for index spaces Specifies the primary space allocation for DB2 index space objects. The value -1 specifies that DB2 will decide allocation.	No	Default value: 720 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Secondary allocation for index spaces Specifies the secondary space allocation for DB2 index space objects. The value -1 specifies that DB2 will decide allocation.	No	Default value: 720 Your value:
<b>BP name for index spaces</b> Specifies the buffer pool to be used for all index spaces except for those that are 8K per page.	No	Default value: BP0 Your value:
BP name for 8K index spaces Specifies the buffer pool to be used for 8K page index spaces.	No	Default value: BP8K0 Your value:
Use Archive Log 1 Specify Y for log services to use archive log 1. Otherwise, specify N.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Use Archive Log 2 Specify Y for log services to use archive log 2. Otherwise, specify N.	Yes	Default value: N Your value:
Active log priority Specify Y to use the active log whenever an active log is available and contains data that also resides on an archive log, Specify N to indicate that archive logs have priority over active logs.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Data set name prefix Specifies the data set name prefix used when creating temporary work files. If this is left blank, the user's ID is used.	Yes	Default value: DB2TOOL.ARY.SSID Your value:
Capture Automation Tool profiles Specify whether to capture Automation Tool profiles. The following values are valid: Y to capture the profiles or N to not capture the profiles.	No	Default value: N Your value:
Load authorization information into SLR Specify Y to load authorization information into the SLR. Otherwise, specify N.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Load plan and package information into SLR Specify Y to load plan and package information into the SLR. Otherwise, specify N.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Elapsed time per CPU second Specifies the elapsed time per CPU second. The valid range is 1.00-999.00.	Yes	Default value: 010.00 Your value:
Elapsed time per tape mount Specifies the elapsed time per tape mount. The valid range is 1.00-999.00.	Yes	Default value: 120.00 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Log Analysis Tool data set prefix Specifies the Log Analysis Tool data set prefix.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Log Analysis Tool volsers Specifies the Log Analysis Tool volume serial numbers.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Log Analysis Tool data unit Specifies the Log Analysis Tool data unit.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Log Analysis Tool data pri quantity Specifies the Log Analysis Tool data primary quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00005 Your value:
Log Analysis Tool data sec quantity Specifies the Log Analysis Tool data secondary quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00005 Your value:
Log Analysis Tool index unit Specifies the Log Analysis Tool index unit. Value can be C or T.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Log Analysis Tool index primary quantity Specifies the Log Analysis Tool index primary quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00005 Your value:
Log Analysis Tool index secondary quantity Specifies the Log Analysis Tool index secondary quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00005 Your value:
Log Analysis Tool SMS data class Specifies the Log Analysis Tool SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Parameter	Discovered	Values
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Log Analysis Tool SMS storage class Specifies the Log Analysis Tool SMS storage class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Log Analysis Tool SMS management class Specifies the Log Analysis Tool SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Log Analysis Tool can use DB2 sort Specifies whether the Log Analysis Tool can use DB2 Sort.	Yes	Default value: N Your value:
File tailoring device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used for file tailoring.	Yes	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
File tailoring allocation unit Specifies the file tailoring allocation unit. Value can be C or T.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
File tailoring primary quantity Specifies the file tailoring primary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
File tailoring secondary quantity Specifies the file tailoring secondary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
File tailoring SMS data class Specifies the file tailoring SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
File tailoring SMS storage class Specifies the file tailoring SMS storage class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
File tailoring SMS management class Specifies the file tailoring SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Primary data set name mask Specifies the default data set name mask to be used for local primary copies.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Primary device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used for local primary copies. Sample values are SYSDA and DISK.	Yes	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
Local Primary catalog image copy Specifies the local primary catalog image copy.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Local Primary allocation unit Specifies the local primary allocation unit. Value can be C or T.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Local Primary primary quantity Specifies the local primary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Local Primary secondary quantity Specifies the local primary secondary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Local Primary SMS data class Specifies the local primary SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Primary SMS storage class Specifies the local primary SMS storage class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Local Primary SMS management class Specifies the local primary SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Primary volume count Specifies the local primary volume count.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Primary expiration date Specifies the local primary expiration date.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Primary retention period Specifies the local primary retention period.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup data set name mask Specifies the default data set name mask to be used for local backup copies.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used for local backup copies. Sample values are SYSDA and DISK.	Yes	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
Local Backup catalog image copy Specifies the local backup catalog image copy.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Local Backup allocation unit Specifies the local backup allocation unit.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Local Backup primary quantity Specifies the local backup primary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Local Backup secondary quantity Specifies the local backup secondary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Local Backup SMS data class Specifies the local backup SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup SMS storage class Specifies the local backup SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup SMS management class Specifies the local backup SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup volume count Specifies the local backup volume count.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup expiration date Specifies the local backup expiration date.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Local Backup retention period Specifies the local backup retention period.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Primary data set name mask Specifies the default data set name mask to be used for recovery site primary copies.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Primary device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used for recovery site primary copies. Sample values are SYSDA and DISK.	Yes	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Recovery Site Primary catalog image copy Specifies the recovery site primary catalog image copy.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Recovery Site Primary allocation unit Specifies the recovery site primary allocation unit.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Recovery Site Primary quantity Specifies the recovery site primary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Recovery Site Primary secondary quantity Specifies the recovery site primary secondary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Recovery Site Primary SMS data class Specifies the recovery site primary SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Primary SMS storage class Specifies the recovery site primary SMS storage class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Primary SMS management class Specifies the recovery site primary SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Primary volume count Specifies the recovery site primary volume count.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Recovery Site Primary expiration date Specifies the recovery site primary expiration date.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Primary retention period Specifies the recovery site primary retention period.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup data set name mask Specifies the default data set name mask to be used for recovery site backup copies.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used for recovery site backup copies. Sample values are SYSDA and DISK.	Yes	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
Recovery Site Backup catalog image copy Specifies the recovery site backup catalog image copy.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Recovery Site Backup allocation unit Specifies the recovery site backup allocation unit.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Recovery Site Backup primary quantity Specifies the recovery site backup primary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Recovery Site Backup secondary quantity Specifies the recovery site backup secondary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Recovery Site Backup SMS data class Specifies the recovery site backup SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup SMS storage class Specifies the recovery site backup SMS storage class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup SMS management class Specifies the recovery site backup SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup volume count Specifies the recovery site backup volume count.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup expiration date Specifies the recovery site backup expiration date.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery Site Backup retention period Specifies the recovery site backup retention period.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery output device type Specifies the default work file unit device to be used for recovery output.	Yes	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Recovery output allocation unit Specifies the recovery output allocation unit.	Yes	Default value: C Your value:
Recovery output primary quantity Specifies the recovery output primary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Recovery output secondary quantity Specifies the recovery output secondary space quantity.	Yes	Default value: 00001 Your value:
Recovery output SMS data class Specifies the recovery output SMS data class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery output SMS storage class Specifies the recovery output SMS storage class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery output SMS management class Specifies the recovery output SMS management class.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery output volume count Specifies the recovery output volume count.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery output expiration date Specifies the recovery output expiration date.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Recovery output retention period Specifies the recovery output retention period.	Yes	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Generate system-level backups Specify Y to generate system-level backups. Otherwise, specify N.	Yes	Default value: Y Your value:
Task list data set The DB2 task list data set is used by the DB2 Administrative Task Scheduler. It contains a copy of the task list. This parameter is optional.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Use DB2 Sort when possible? Specifies whether DB2 Sort will be used if it is possible when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: N Your value:
Sort program installed Specifies the sort program that is installed in your environment and may be used when performing redirected recovery. Specify D for DB2 sort and S for Syncsort.	No	Default value: D Your value:
Number of buffers Specifies the number of buffer pools that will be used when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 5 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Channel programs Specifies the number of channel programs that will be used when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 2 Your value:
Work file device type Specifies the device type that will be used for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
SYSPRINT device type Specifies the device type that will be used for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
Work file data set type Specifies the data set type that will be used for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: B Your value:
SYSPRINT data set type Specifies the data set type that will be used for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: B Your value:
Work file space unit Specifies the space unit type that will be used for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: T Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
SYSPRINT space units Specifies the space unit type that will be used for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: T Your value:
Work file primary quantity Specifies the primary space allocation that will be used for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 50 Your value:
SYSPRINT primary quantity Specifies the primary space allocation that will be used for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 50 Your value:
Work file secondary quantity Specifies the secondary space allocation that will be used for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 50 Your value:
SYSPRINT secondary quantity Specifies the secondary space allocation that will be used for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 50 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Work file maximum volumes Specifies the maximum volumes that will be used for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
SYSPRINT maximum volumes Specifies the maximum volumes that will be used for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Work file SMS data class Specifies the SMS data class for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
SYSPRINT SMS data class Specifies the SMS data class for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Work file SMS storage class Specifies the SMS storage class for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
SYSPRINT SMS storage class Specifies the SMS storage class for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Work file SMS management class Specifies the SMS management class for work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
SYSPRINT SMS management class Specifies the SMS management class for SYSPRINT when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: (no default) Your value:
Sort work unit device Specifies the unit device for the sort work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: SYSALLDA Your value:
Sort work number of DDs Specifies the number of DD statements included for sort work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 3 Your value:
Sort work primary space Specifies the amount of primary space allocated for sort work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 20 Your value:
Sort work secondary space Specifies the amount of secondary space allocated for sort work files when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 1 Your value:

Parameter	Discovered	Values
Utility REGION size Specifies a region size that is used when running utility recovery jobs when performing redirected recovery.	No	Default value: 0 Your value:

# LPAR parameters section

# Description

The following table provides additional information about the LPAR parameters that must be discovered or specified during the customization process.

Parameter	Required	Discovered	Values
JES version Specifies the Job Entry Subsystem (JES) version that will be used.	Yes	No	Default value: 2 Your value:
Message library Some parts of Recovery Expert run under batch TSO/ISPF. The ISPF message library is required in the JCL to start ISPF in batch. This library is optional. Specify the third library that was supplied by IBM for ISPF.	Yes	No	Default value: ISP.SISPMENU Your value:
ISPF table input library Some parts of Recovery Expert run under batch TSO/ISPF. The ISPF table library is required in the JCL to start ISPF in batch. This library is optional. Specify the library that was supplied by IBM for ISPF.	Yes	No	Default value: ISP.SISPTENU Your value:
Link list library Some parts of Recovery Expert run under batch TSO/ISPF. The ISPF link list library is required in the JCL to start ISPF in batch. This library is optional. Specify the library that was supplied by IBM for ISPF.	Yes	No	Default value: ISPF.ISPLINK Your value:

# Create customized DB2 Recovery Expert jobs

This section describes each of the DB2 Recovery Expert jobs that can be generated during customization. Depending on your selections in the Product Parameters

panels one or more of these jobs will be displayed in the Finish Product Customization panel. You can edit or browse the job JCL using the Edit line command in the panel.

Generated Jobs	Jobname	Template	Required
Configure Required Execs This job copies the required execs into the CLIST library. You must also specify the product parameters Create CLIST library, Create JCL library, Create PROC library, and Recovery Expert sample library.	ssEXECS	ARYEXECS	Yes
Update startup CLISTs parameters This job configures the startup CLIST. You must also specify the Startup CLIST1, High-level qualifier for load library, Suffix for the message library, Suffix for the panel library, Suffix for the skeleton library, Suffix for the load library, Suffix for the table library, Authentication Mode, IMS CLIST library name, and the IMS CLIST member name fields.	ss32	ARYV32	Yes
Drop the Recovery Expert database This job drops the DB2 Recovery Expert database.	ssDRPDdd	ARYDRODB	Optional
Create IBM Recovery Expert stogroup This job creates the Recovery Expert stogroup. Select and run this job only when you install DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time.	ssDDLSdd	ARYDDLSG	Optional
Create Recovery Expert database This job step creates the Recovery Expert database. Select and run this job only when you install DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time.	ssDDLDdd	ARYDDKDB	Optional
Migrate Recovery Expert objects from v3.1 This job migrates all SLR objects to v3.2 format. It is a required job if you are upgrading to v3.2.	ssDALT3	ARYDALT3	Required
Create schema-level repository This job creates the DB2 Recovery Expert schema-level repository. This job creates all of the DB2 objects that Recovery Expert uses. Select and run this job only when you install Recovery Expert for the first time.	ssDDL1dd	ARYDDL1	Optional
Create views on schema-level repository This job creates the views needed for the schema-level repository. Select and run this job only when you install DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time.	ssDDL2dd	ARYDDL2	Optional

Generated Jobs	Jobname	Template	Required
Create views on system catalog This job creates the views on the DB2 system catalog tables. Select and run this job only when you install DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time.	ssDDL3dd	ARYDDL3	Optional
Create objects for DB2 Automation Tool This job creates the objects that are necessary to interface with the DB2 Automation Tool profiles.	ssHAAAdd	ARYHAA	Optional
Create indexes on DB2 catalog This job creates optional indexes on the DB2 catalog tables to help improve the performance of the SLR update.	ssINDEdd	ARYINDEX	Optional
<b>Bind product packages</b> This job binds the product packages.	ssBINDdd	ARYBIND1	Yes
<b>Bind product plans</b> This job binds the product plans.	ssBINDdd	ARYBIND2	Yes
<b>Bind product plans to support DB2 Auto Tool</b> This job binds the product plans to support DB2 Automation Tool.	ssBINDdd	ARYBIND3	Optional
Grant Recovery Expert privileges This job grants the privileges that are required to run Recovery Expert.	ssGRANdd	ARYGRANT	Optional
Grant privileges to support DB2 Auto Tool This job grants the privileges that are required to run DB2 Recovery Expert.	ssHAAGdd	ARYHAAG	Optional
Create control file This job creates the Product Control File (PCF). The PCF is a required VSAM KSDS that is used by Recovery Expert to store product and DB2 related values. If a control file exists, you do not need to create a new file. You must also specify the volume serial number for the control file in the Volser for control file field.	ssCNTFL	ARYCNTFL	Optional
Create VSAM repository files This job creates the VSAM repository files that Recovery Expert uses to store metadata information. If these files exist, you do not need to create new files. You must also specify the volume serial number for the file in the Volser for repository file field.	ssREPO	ARYREPO	Optional

Generated Jobs	Jobname	Template	Required
Create optional CAR VSAM repository file This job generates the VSAM repository file that will be used for coordinated application recovery. You must also specify the volume serial number for the repository file in the Volser for repository file field.	ssCARUP	ARYCARUP	Optional
Create optional CSLB VSAM repository file This job creates the VSAM file that is used to support the combined system level backup for IMS and DB2 feature. You must also specify the volume serial number for the repository file in the Volser for repository file field.	ssCSLUP	ARYCSLUP	Optional
Create backup GDG files This job creates the GDG files that are used to back up the repository file. You must also specify the number of backup generations when selecting this job.	ssGDG	ARYGDG	Optional
Update control file This job updates the DB2 Recovery Expert Product Control File (PCF). You can change PCF fields using Tools Customizer. You can also update some fields using the ISPF interface. You should run this job if you have changed any PCF fields. See the PCF table in Appendix F for more information on the fields in the PCF file.	ssCF1Udd	ARYCF1UP	Yes
Load the schema-level repository This job loads the schema level repository.	ssSLRdd	ARYSLR	Yes
Install browser interface This job will install the web browser interface. If you select to run this you must specify the HFS file location and the Browser MVS doc file location fields.	SSUNPAX	ARYUNPAX	Yes

Generated Jobs	Jobname	Template	Required
Customize server configuration This job will customize the server configuration file. For this job to run successfully you must also have entered your specific environment information in the following Tools Customizer fields: • Server-agent listener port number • ISPF client listener port number • Web client listener port number • Key Database Dir Path • Key Database File Name • Key Database Stash File Name • Enable FIPS 142 • Server Configuration file • Browser HFS file location • Socket policy port number • Use SSL Note: The server configuration file includes many preset optional parameters in addition to these environment specific parameters. To modify any of the preset optional parameters you must edit the server configuration file. The member name of the server configuration file is ARYCFGS. By default, ARYCFGS is a member of DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB. (You can change the default data set name when you specify where to find the server configuration File using the DB2 Recovery Expert product parameter Server Configuration File on the Tools Customization panel CCQPPRD. If changed, you must specify the new name.)	ssSRVCF	ARYSRUCF	Yes
Generate new Key Database This job will provide certificate information for the Key Database. You will run this job if you are enabling SSL. You must also specify the Key Database Password, Organization and Country Code fields.	ssSSLCR	ARYSSLCR	Optional
Customize server job This job customizes the server. You must also specify the Server Configuration file field.	ssSRVJB	ARYSRVJB	Yes
Customize server started task This job customizes the server started task. You must also specify the Server Configuration file field.	ssSRVSP	ARYSRVSP	Yes

Generated Jobs	Jobname	Template	Required
Customize agent configuration This job customizes the agent configuration file. For this job to run successfully you must also have entered your specific environment information in the following Tools Customizer fields:	ssAGTCF	ARYAGTCF	Yes
Agent configuration file			
<ul> <li>Server-agent listener port number</li> </ul>			
• Use SSL			
Key Database Dir Path			
<ul> <li>Key Database File Name</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Key Database Stash File Name</li> </ul>			
• Enable FIPS 140-2			
Note: The agent configuration file includes many preset optional parameters in addition to these environment specific parameters. To modify any of the preset optional parameters you must edit the agent configuration file. The member name of the agent configuration file is ARYCFGA. ARYCFGA is a member of DB2TOOL.ARY320.JCLLIB. (You can change the default data set name when you specify where to find the agent configuration file using the DB2 Recovery Expert product parameter Agent Configuration File on the Tools Customization panel CCQPPRD. If changed, you must specify the new name.)			
Customize agent job This job customizes the agent specifications. You must also specify the <b>Recovery Expert ISPF skeleton library</b> and the <b>Agent configuration file</b> fields.	ssAGTJB	ARYAGTJB	Yes
Customize agent started task This job will customize the agent started task procedure. You must also specify the <b>Recovery Expert ISPF skeleton library</b> and the <b>Agent configuration file</b> fields.	ssAGTSP	ARYAGTSP	Yes
Create RBA Capture VSAM repository file This job will create the RBA Capture VSAM repository file. You must also specify the RBA Capture Cleanup data set and the Volser for repository files fields.	ssRBARP	ARYRBARP	Yes
Create RBA Capture GDG file used for cleanup This job will create the RBA Capture GDG file used for cleanup. You must also specify the RBA capture Cleanup Generations field.	ssRBAGD	ARYRBAGD	Yes

			1
Customize RBA Capture cleanup job This job will customize the RBA Capture cleanup job.	ssRBACL	ARYRBACL	Yes
Customize RBA started task procedure This job will customize the RBA capture started task procedure. Note: The RBA Capture started task procedure requires an input PDS member to be created for each LPAR that it will be run on. This member will be input into the SYSIN DD statement and will contain each SSID for that LPAR in which the RBAs should be collected.	ssRBASP	ARYRBASP	Yes
Install verification The install verification job (IVP) verifies that DB2 Recovery Expert has been installed correctly. The IVP job uses the following ARYIN DD SYSIN parameters to determine what is to be verified: <ul> <li>ISPF to indicate that only the ISPF interface is to be checked.</li> <li>GUI to indicate that only the web browser interface is to be checked.</li> <li>Complete to indicate that the complete product, both ISPF and web browser interface is checked.</li> <li>SSID ssid to enter a single SSID that is to be checked. By default all DB2 SSID's entered into the control file are checked. If the SSIDs are on different LPARS, then a separate IVP job should be created and executed on each LPAR for each DB2.</li> <li>The default value is Complete. You can change the default value by editing this job using the ISPF editor.</li> <li>Examples //ARYIN DD * ISPF</li> <li>//ARYIN DD * ISPF</li> <li>//ARYIN DD * GUI</li> <li>//ARYIN DD * SSID ssid</li> </ul>	ssIVP	ARYIVP	Optional

# **Chapter 4. Customizing DB2 Recovery Expert**

Using Tools Customizer to customize DB2 Recovery Expert consists of identifying the product to customize; defining any required DB2 Recovery Expert, LPAR, and DB2 parameters; generating the customization jobs; and submitting the jobs.

Customization roadmaps describe the steps that you must complete to customize DB2 Recovery Expert. Separate roadmaps are provided for the three most common types of customizations.

Use the following table to determine which roadmap corresponds to your environment.

Table 12. Customization roadmaps

Environment description	Roadmap
You do not have a customized version of DB2 Recovery Expert, and you need to customize it for the first time.	"Roadmap: Customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time"
You have already customized a version of DB2 Recovery Expert, and you want to use the same parameter values to customize a different version.	"Roadmap: Customizing a new version of DB2 Recovery Expert from a previous customization" on page 118
You have a customized version of of DB2 Recovery Expert, but you want to change one or more parameter values.	"Roadmap: Recustomizing DB2 Recovery Expert" on page 119

# Roadmap: Customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time

This roadmap lists and describes the steps that are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time.

Before you complete these steps, ensure that the following prerequisites have been met:

- All of the product customization steps that must be done before Tools Customizer is started are complete.
- The LPAR ISPF libraries that are required to submit the jobs are known.
- Tools Customizer is started.
- The Tools Customizer settings have been reviewed or modified, and saved.

Complete the steps in the following table to customize DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time.

Step	Description	Instructions
1	Specify the metadata library for the product that you want to customize.	"Specifying the metadata library for the product to customize" on page 120
2	Create new DB2 entries and associate them with DB2 Recovery Expert.	"Creating and associating DB2 entries" on page 123
3	Define the required parameters.	"Defining parameters" on page 125

Table 13. Steps for customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time

Step	Description	Instructions
4	Generate the customization jobs for the product or for the DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert is ready to be customized.	"Generating customization jobs" on page 130
5	Submit the generated customization jobs.	"Submitting customization jobs" on page 131

Table 13. Steps for customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time (continued)

The following table lists some of the common administrative tasks that you might need to do during the customization process.

Table 14. Administrative tasks

Description	Instructions
Browse the different types of parameters.	"Browsing parameters" on page 133
Copy an existing DB2 entry to the list of DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert can be customized.	"Copying DB2 entries" on page 133
Remove one or more DB2 entries from the associated list.	"Removing DB2 entries" on page 134
Delete one or more DB2 entries from the master list.	"Deleting DB2 entries" on page 135
Display a list of customization jobs that have been previously generated.	"Displaying customization jobs" on page 135
Maintain the customization jobs in the customization library.	"Maintaining customization jobs" on page 136

# Roadmap: Customizing a new version of DB2 Recovery Expert from a previous customization

This roadmap lists and describes the steps for customizing a new version of DB2 Recovery Expert based on the existing customization values of a previous version of the same product.

Before you complete these steps, ensure that the following prerequisites have been met:

- All of the product customization steps that must be done before Tools Customizer is started are complete.
- Tools Customizer is started.
- The Tools Customizer settings have been reviewed or modified, and saved.

Complete the steps in the following table to customize a new version of DB2 Recovery Expert from a previous customization.

Table 15. Steps for customizing a new version of DB2 Recovery Expert from a previous customization

Step	Description	Instructions
1	Specify the metadata library for the product that you want to customize.	"Specifying the metadata library for the product to customize" on page 120

Step	Description	Instructions
2	Use the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC to discover information about the version of DB2 Recovery Expert that you previously customized manually.	"Discovering DB2 Recovery Expert information automatically" on page 121
3	Define the required parameters.	"Defining parameters" on page 125
4	Generate the customization jobs for the product or for the DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert is ready to be customized.	"Generating customization jobs" on page 130
5	Submit the generated customization jobs.	"Submitting customization jobs" on page 131

Table 15. Steps for customizing a new version of DB2 Recovery Expert from a previous customization (continued)

The following table lists some of the common administrative tasks that you might need to do during the customization process.

Table 16. Administrative tasks

Description	Instructions	
Browse the different types of parameters.	"Browsing parameters" on page 133	
Copy an existing DB2 entry to the list of DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert can be customized.	"Copying DB2 entries" on page 133	
Remove one or more DB2 entries from the associated list.	"Removing DB2 entries" on page 134	
Delete one or more DB2 entries from the master list.	"Deleting DB2 entries" on page 135	
Display a list of customization jobs that have been previously generated.	"Displaying customization jobs" on page 135	
Maintain the customization jobs in the customization library.	"Maintaining customization jobs" on page 136	

# **Roadmap: Recustomizing DB2 Recovery Expert**

This roadmap lists and describes the steps to change parameter values and regenerate customization jobs for DB2 Recovery Expert after you have customized it for the first time.

The new customization jobs will replace the customization jobs that were previously generated and stored in the customization library. Part of the recustomization process includes selecting or deselecting optional tasks or steps, changing the definitions of parameters that have already been defined, or both. Use the method in this roadmap instead of deleting customization jobs from the customization library.

Before you complete these steps, ensure that the following prerequisites have been met:

- All of the product customization steps that must be done before Tools Customizer is started are complete.
- Tools Customizer is started.

Complete the steps in the following table to recustomize DB2 Recovery Expert.

Step	Description	Instructions
1	Specify the metadata library for the product that you want to recustomize.	"Specifying the metadata library for the product to customize"
2	Edit the specific tasks, steps, or parameters that need to be changed.	"Defining DB2 Recovery Expert parameters" on page 126
		"Defining LPAR parameters" on page 127
		• "Defining DB2 parameters" on page 128
3	Generate the customization jobs for the product or for the DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert is ready to be customized.	"Generating customization jobs" on page 130
4	Submit the new generated customization jobs.	"Submitting customization jobs" on page 131

Table 17. Required steps for recustomizing DB2 Recovery Expert

The following table lists some of the common administrative tasks that you might need to do during the customization process.

Table 18. Administrative tasks

Description	Instructions
Browse the different types of parameters.	"Browsing parameters" on page 133
Copy an existing DB2 entry to the list of DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert can be customized.	"Copying DB2 entries" on page 133
Remove one or more DB2 entries from the associated list.	"Removing DB2 entries" on page 134
Delete one or more DB2 entries from the master list.	"Deleting DB2 entries" on page 135
Display a list of customization jobs that have been previously generated.	"Displaying customization jobs" on page 135
Maintain the customization jobs in the customization library.	"Maintaining customization jobs" on page 136

# Specifying the metadata library for the product to customize

You must specify a metadata library for the product that you want to customize.

## About this task

The metadata library contains the information that determines which tasks, steps, and parameters are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert. This information controls what is displayed on the Product Parameters panel, the LPAR Parameters panel, and the DB2 Parameters panel.

After DB2 Recovery Expert has been SMP/E installed, the default name of the product metadata library is *high\_level\_qualifier*.SARYIMZDENU, where *high\_level\_qualifier* is all of the segments of the data set name except the lowest-level qualifier.

# Procedure

1. Specify option 1 on the Tools Customizer for z/OS panel. The Specify the Metadata Library panel is displayed. This panel contains a list of the metadata libraries that you specified most recently. If you are using Tools Customizer for the first time, this list is empty, as shown in the following figure:

```
      CCQPHLQ
      Specify the Product or Pack Metadata Library
      18:12:01

      Command ===>
      Scroll ===> PAGE

      Type the name of the metadata library for the pack or the product in the
      Metadata library field, or select the library in the list of previous

      libraries and press Enter to populate the field. Press Enter to continue.
      The default name of the metadata library after the pack or product has been

      SMP/E installed is <hlq>.SxxxDENU, where <hlq> is the high-level qualifier for

      the pack or the product, and xxx is the 3-character prefix for the pack or

      the product.

      Product or pack metadata library ARY.WRK032C.SARYDENU

      Name
      Version Metadata Library
```

Figure 8. The Specify the Metadata Library panel

- 2. Use one of the following methods to specify the product metadata library:
  - Type the name of a fully qualified partitioned data set (PDS) or an extended partitioned data set (PDSE) in the **Metadata library** field. Double quotation marks (") cannot be used around the name. Single quotation marks () can be used but are not required. If you are customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time, you must use this method.
  - Place the cursor on the library name in the Recent Metadata Libraries list, and press Enter.

## Results

If you are customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time, the Run Discover EXEC panel is displayed. Otherwise, the Customizer Workplace panel is displayed.

# What to do next

• Complete the steps that correspond to your environment:

#### Customizing DB2 Recovery Expert for the first time

Do not run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. Press End. The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed. If your environment requires associated DB2 entries, ensure that they are created and associated. If your environment does not require associated DB2 entries, skip this step, and edit DB2 Recovery Expert parameters.

#### **Customizing DB2 Recovery Expert from a previous or current customization** Press Enter to run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. The Discover Customized Product Information panel is displayed. Specify the required information for running the EXEC.

# **Discovering DB2 Recovery Expert information automatically**

You can use the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC to discover information from a previous or current customization of DB2 Recovery Expert.

# About this task

**Tip:** Using the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC to discover information from a previous or current customization saves time and reduces errors that can occur when parameters are specified manually.

DB2 Recovery Expert provides the Discover EXEC that you will run. Therefore, the information that can be discovered depends on DB2 Recovery Expert.

Parameter values that are discovered and parameter values that are specified manually are saved in the data store. If parameter values for the product that you want to customize exist in the data store, Tools Customizer issues a warning before existing values are replaced.

#### Procedure

1. On the Customizer Workplace panel, issue the DISCOVER command. If you chose to run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC on the pop-up panel after you specified the product to customize, skip this step.

**Tip:** You can run any Tools Customizer primary command by using either of the following methods:

- Place the cursor on the name of the primary command, and press Enter.
- Type the primary command name in the command line, and press Enter.

The Discover Customized Product Information panel is displayed, as shown in the following figure:

CCQPDSC Command ===>	Discover Customized Prod	uct Information	16:38:37 Scroll ===> PAGE
For the product you are customizing, the Discover EXEC retrieves product information from an already customized product. Specify the required information. To save your information and run the Discover EXEC, issue the RUN command. To save your information and stay on this panel, issue the SAVE command. To verify the syntax of your information without saving it, press Enter. To save and exit, press END.			
Commands: RUN SAVE			
More: + Discover EXEC for Extracting Information from an Already Customized Product Discover EXEC library ARY.WRK032C.SARYDENU Discover EXEC name ARYDISC Discover output data set ARY.ARY320.TCZ.DISCOVER			
Information for Dis ARY V3.2 Load Libr V3.1 Control file V3.1 Clist file . V3.1 Clist member	cover EXEC ary	ARY.SARYLOAD ARY.CONTROL ARY.SARYCLST ARYV31	> > >

Figure 9. The Discover Customized Product Information panel

2. Either accept the default values for the following input fields that Tools Customizer generates, or replace the default values with your own values:

#### **Discover EXEC library**

The fully qualified data set name that contains the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC.

#### **Discover EXEC name**

The name of the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC.

#### Discover output data set

The fully qualified data set where output from the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC is stored.

- **3.** Either accept or change the default values in the **Information for Discover EXEC** fields. These fields are generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. They show the information that is required to run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC.
- 4. Issue the RUN command to run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. Alternatively, save your information without running the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC by issuing the SAVE command. If you issue the RUN command to run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC, the parameter information is discovered for DB2 Recovery Expert, and the Customizer Workplace panel is displayed.

# Results

The discovered parameter values for DB2 Recovery Expert replace any existing values.

## What to do next

The next step depends on your environment:

- If DB2 entries were not discovered, or if you need to customize DB2 Recovery Expert on new DB2 entries, create and associate the entries.
- If DB2 entries were discovered and you want to customize DB2 Recovery Expert on only these entries, define the parameters.

#### **Related tasks**:

"Creating and associating DB2 entries"

DB2 entries are optional for DB2 Recovery Expert. You can create new DB2 entries and associate them with DB2 Recovery Expert.

"Defining parameters" on page 125

To customize DB2 Recovery Expert, you must define DB2 Recovery Expert parameters, LPAR parameters, and DB2 parameters, if your customization requires DB2 entries.

# Creating and associating DB2 entries

DB2 entries are optional for DB2 Recovery Expert. You can create new DB2 entries and associate them with DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### About this task

The list of associated DB2 entries is on the Customizer Workplace panel.

#### Procedure

1. Issue the ASSOCIATE command on the Customizer Workplace panel. The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel is displayed, as shown in the following figure:

```
CCQPDAD
                      Associate DB2 Entry for Product
                                                                  10:07:28
Command ===>
                                                            Scroll ===> CSR
Select any of the following DB2 entries to add them to the Customizer
Workplace panel. You use the Customizer Workplace panel to choose the DB2
subsystems, data sharing members, and group attach names on which to
customize the product.
Commands: CREATE - Create new DB2 entries
Product to Customize
 Product metadata library : ARY.WRK032C.SARYDENU > LPAR . . : RS22
 Product name . . . . . : DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS
  Product version . . . : 3.20
Line commands: A - Associate C - Copy D-Delete
Cmd SSID GrpAttch
----- End of DB2 entries ------
```

Figure 10. The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel

- 2. Create DB2 entries. If you need to associate DB2 entries that are already in the master list, skip this step and go to step 3.
  - a. Issue the CREATE command. The Create DB2 Entries panel is displayed, as shown in the following figure:

```
CCQPDCR Create a DB2 Entry
Command ===>
Specify a DB2 subystem ID, a DB2 group attach name, or both for the
new DB2 entry. Press Enter to continue or End to cancel.
New DB2 Entry Information
DB2 subsystem ID . . . .
DB2 group attach name . .
```

Figure 11. The Create a DB2 Entry panel

b. In the appropriate columns, specify a DB2 subsystem ID or DB2 data sharing member name for the DB2 entry that you want to create, and press Enter. Valid values are 1 - 4 characters. You can use symbolic characters. You cannot use blanks.

Tips:

- To insert multiple DB2 entries, specify the Inn line command, where nn is the number of DB2 entries to be inserted.
- You will define specific parameters for these new DB2 entries, such as parameters that define a subsystem as primary, on the DB2 Parameters panel. This panel is displayed after you select these new DB2 entries and issue the line command to generate the jobs, after you issue the primary command to generate the jobs for all associated DB2 entries, or when you manually edit the DB2 parameters.

The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel is displayed, and the new DB2 entry is displayed in the master list, as shown in the following figure:

```
CCQPDAD
                      Associate DB2 Entry for Product
                                                           Row 1 to 1 of 1
Command ===>
                                                           Scroll ===> CSR
Select any of the following DB2 entries to add them to the Customizer
Workplace panel. You use the Customizer Workplace panel to choose the DB2
subsystems, data sharing members, and group attach names on which to
customize the product.
Commands: CREATE - Create a new DB2 entry
Product to Customize
Product metadata library : ARY.WRK032C.SARYDENU > LPAR . . : RS22
Product name . . . . . : DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS
Product version . . . : 3.2.0
Line commands: A - Associate C - Copy
Cmd SSID GrpAttch
  DB02 --
  ----- End of DB2 entries -----
```

Figure 12. The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel with a new DB2 entry in the master list

- c. Repeat steps b and c for each DB2 entry that you want to create.
- d. When you have created all the DB2 entries, associate them with DB2 Recovery Expert, or press End to display the Customizer Workplace panel.
- 3. Associate DB2 entries.
  - a. Specify A against one or more DB2 entries in the master list, and press Enter to associate them with DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### Results

The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed with the associated DB2 entries displayed in the associated list.

#### What to do next

Define the parameters.

#### Related concepts:

"Tools Customizer terminology" on page 603 Tools Customizer uses several unique terms that you should be familiar with before you begin to use Tools Customizer.

# **Defining parameters**

To customize DB2 Recovery Expert, you must define DB2 Recovery Expert parameters, LPAR parameters, and DB2 parameters, if your customization requires DB2 entries.

## About this task

You must define the DB2 Recovery Expert parameters first for the following reasons:

- If you ran the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC, you must review the values that were discovered.
- If you select optional tasks and steps on the Product Parameters panel that affect the DB2 entry on which you will customize DB2 Recovery Expert, additional parameters might be displayed on the DB2 Parameters panel.

• If other steps must be completed in a specific sequence, customization notes on the Product Parameters panel will display the correct sequence.

# **Defining DB2 Recovery Expert parameters**

DB2 Recovery Expert parameters are specific to DB2 Recovery Expert.

## About this task

If you ran the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC, you must review the parameters that were discovered.

#### Procedure

 Specify E next to the Product parameters field on the Customizer Workplace panel, and press Enter. The Product Parameters panel is displayed, as shown in the following figure. If other steps must be completed in a specific sequence before you define the DB2 Recovery Expert parameters, a note labeled Important will display the correct sequence on this panel.

```
CCQPPRD
                 Product Parameters: DB2 Recovery Expert
                                                             13:57:25
Command ===>
                                                      Scroll ===> PAGE
Complete the following tasks to customize the products. The required tasks,
required steps within a required or selected task, and required parameters
are preceded by an asterisk (*). Ensure that values are specified for the
required parameters. Press End to save and exit.
Commands: SAVE VERIFYOFF
Line Commands: / - Select
Product customization library : PDBOB.TCZ.$RS25$.ARY320
                                                            More:
                                                                    +
Required parameters
*Startup CLIST library . . . . . . . . . . . DB2TOOLS.ARY320.CLIST
*ARY Proc Library. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . DB2T00LS.ARY320.PROCLIB
*Control file . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . DB2TOOLS.ARY320.CONTROL
```

Figure 13. The Product Parameters panel

2. Select any required tasks and steps, and specify values for any parameters. After you select a task or step with a slash (/), put the cursor in the selected field and press Enter. If tasks, steps, and parameters are required, they are preselected with a slash (/). Otherwise, they are not preselected.

All of the required parameters have default values, which you can either accept or change.

Tips:

- In the command line, specify the KEYS command, and map EXPAND to one of the function keys.
- For a detailed description of all input fields, put the cursor in the field, and press F1 or the key that is mapped to Help.
- The following elements apply to specific fields:
  - Add... is displayed when parameters can have multiple values but currently have only one value. To specify multiple values in these fields, place the cursor on Add..., and press Enter. Use the displayed panel to add or delete additional values.

- List... is displayed when the complete list of valid values for the fields is too long to be displayed on the panel. To see the complete list of values, place the cursor on List..., and press F1 or the key that is mapped to Help.
- **More...** is displayed when input fields contains multiple values. To see all of the values in the field, place the cursor on **More...**, and press Enter.
- **3**. Optional: Select other tasks and steps with a slash (/) and press Enter to activate the input fields. Either accept or change the default values that are displayed.
- 4. Press End to save your changes and exit, or issue the SAVE command to save your changes and stay on the Product Parameters panel.

## Results

The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed, and the status of the product parameters is Ready to Customize.

# What to do next

If the status of other parameters on the Customizer Workplace panel is Incomplete or Discovered, edit these parameters.

#### Related tasks:

"Defining LPAR parameters" LPAR parameters are parameters on the local LPAR that are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert.

"Defining DB2 parameters" on page 128

DB2 parameters are parameters for a DB2 entry.

# **Defining LPAR parameters**

LPAR parameters are parameters on the local LPAR that are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### Procedure

1. Specify E next to the **LPAR parameters** field, and press Enter. The LPAR Parameters panel is displayed, as shown in the following figure:

CCQPLPR Command ===>	LPAR Parameters: D	)B2 Recovery Expert	Scroll	13:28:55 ===> PAGE
Ensure that values are to save and exit.	specified for the r	required LPAR parameters.	Press End	
Commands: SAVE VERIFY	OFF			
Job Entry Subsystem ( *JES version	JES) - common	2		
ISPF Libraries - comm *Message library . *ISPF table input li *Link list library .	on brary	. ISP.SISPMENU > . ISP.SISPTENU > . ISPF.ISPLINK >	Add Add Add	

Figure 14. The LPAR Parameters panel

2. Specify values for all required parameters that are displayed. Many parameters have default values, which you can either accept or change.

## Tips:

- In the command line, specify the KEYS command, and map EXPAND to one of the function keys.
- For a detailed description of all input fields, put the cursor in the field, and press F1 or the key that is mapped to Help.
- The following elements apply to specific fields:
  - Add... is displayed when parameters can have multiple values but currently have only one value. To specify multiple values in these fields, place the cursor on Add..., and press Enter. Use the displayed panel to add or delete additional values.
  - List... is displayed when the complete list of valid values for the fields is too long to be displayed on the panel. To see the complete list of values, place the cursor on List..., and press F1 or the key that is mapped to Help.
  - **More...** is displayed when input fields contains multiple values. To see all of the values in the field, place the cursor on **More...**, and press Enter.

The following LPAR parameters can contain 1 - 64 values:

- LPAR macro library
- Message library
- Panel library
- Skeleton library
- ISPF table input library
- ISPF user profile library
- File tailoring output library
- Link list library
- Command procedures library
- Macro library
- · Link-edit library
- Load library
- Started task library name
- **3.** Press End to save your changes and exit, or issue the SAVE command to save your changes and stay on the same panel.

## Results

The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed, and the status of the LPAR parameters is Ready to Customize.

## What to do next

If the status of other parameters on the Customizer Workplace panel is Incomplete or Discovered, edit these parameters.

#### Related tasks:

"Defining DB2 Recovery Expert parameters" on page 126 DB2 Recovery Expert parameters are specific to DB2 Recovery Expert. "Defining DB2 parameters" DB2 parameters are parameters for a DB2 entry.

# **Defining DB2 parameters**

DB2 parameters are parameters for a DB2 entry.

# About this task

If you did not run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC, you must create and associate one or more DB2 entries before you can define the DB2 parameters. For more information, see "Creating and associating DB2 entries" on page 123.

## Procedure

 Specify E next to one or more DB2 entries in the associated list, which is in the Associated DB2 Entries and Parameter Status section on the Customizer Workplace panel, and press Enter. The DB2 Parameters panel is displayed, as shown in the following figure:

```
CCOPDB2
                      DB2 Parameters: DB2 Recovery Expert
                                                             13:36:01
Command ===>
                                                       Scroll ===> PAGE
Ensure that values are specified for the required DB2 parameters. Press End
to save and exit.
Commands: SAVE VERIFYOFF
                                                             More: +
DB2 subsystem ID . . . . . . . . . . . . EA1A
Group attach name . . . . . . . . . . . . .
General DB2 Information - common
                                       (CM,CM8,CM9,NFM)
 *Level Number . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                        (810,910,101,111,121)
DB2 Libraries - common
 *Load Library . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . DSN.SDSNLOAD
                                                       Add...
 >
                                                       Add...
                                                  >
                                                     Add...
                                                 >
 *Bootstrap data set . . . . . . . . . . . . DSN.BSDS01
                                                       Add...
DB2 Utilities - common
```

Figure 15. The DB2 Parameters panel

2. Specify values for all parameters that are displayed.

Tips:

- In the command line, specify the KEYS command, and map EXPAND to one of the function keys.
- For a detailed description of all input fields, put the cursor in the field, and press F1 or the key that is mapped to Help.
- The following elements apply to specific fields:
  - Add... is displayed when parameters can have multiple values but currently have only one value. To specify multiple values in these fields, place the cursor on Add..., and press Enter. Use the displayed panel to add or delete additional values.
  - List... is displayed when the complete list of values for the fields is too long to be displayed on the panel. To see the complete list of values, place the cursor on List..., and press F1 or the key that is mapped to Help.
  - More... is displayed when input fields contains multiple values. To see all
    of the values in the field, place the cursor on More..., and press Enter.

Many parameters have default values, which you can either accept or change.

**3**. Press End to save your changes and exit, or issue the SAVE command to save your changes and stay on the same panel.

# Results

The status of the DB2 entries that you selected on the Customizer Workplace panel is Ready to Customize.

# What to do next

If the status of other parameters on the Customizer Workplace panel is Incomplete or Discovered, edit these parameters.

#### Related tasks:

"Defining DB2 Recovery Expert parameters" on page 126 DB2 Recovery Expert parameters are specific to DB2 Recovery Expert.

"Defining LPAR parameters" on page 127 LPAR parameters are parameters on the local LPAR that are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert.

# Generating customization jobs

To generate customization jobs for DB2 Recovery Expert and any associated DB2 entries, issue the GENERATEALL command, or select one or more DB2 entries on which to customize DB2 Recovery Expert.

# Procedure

Generate the customization jobs by using one of the following methods.

- If you want to generate customization jobs at the product level and for any associated DB2 entries, issue the GENERATEALL command, and press Enter.
- If you want to generate customization jobs for specific DB2 entries, select the DB2 entries by specifying the G line command against them, and press Enter. The available DB2 entries are in the associated list in the Associated DB2 Entries and Parameter Status section.

**Important:** Regenerating customization jobs will replace any existing jobs, including jobs that you might have manually modified after they were generated.

# Results

If the status is Incomplete or Discovered for DB2 Recovery Expert parameters, LPAR parameters, or DB2 parameters, Tools Customizer automatically starts an editing session for the types of parameters that are required. The session continues until the panel for each type of required parameter has been displayed.

# What to do next

If an automatic editing session is started, accept the displayed parameter values or define values for the required types of parameters, select optional parameters, tasks, or steps for your environment, and save the parameter values. Otherwise, the customization jobs are generated, and you can submit them.

**Tip:** If the customization jobs are generated, but you are not ready to submit them, you can see them later by issuing the JOBLIST command on the Customizer Workplace panel. The JOBLIST command displays the Finish Product Customization panel, which you can use to submit the jobs.

# Submitting customization jobs

Submit the customization jobs to customize DB2 Recovery Expert.

# Before you begin

Ensure that the correct jobs are generated.

# About this task

The following figure shows part of the Finish Product Customization panel. The table on this panel shows the customization jobs that are generated by Tools Customizer. They are grouped by job sequence number.

CCQPCST Command ===>		Finish Product Customiza	tion Row 1 to 8 of 41 Scroll ===> PAGE	
For a first-time customization, submit the jobs in the members in the order in which they apply to the DB2 entries. Otherwise, submit only the necessary jobs that were generated after changes were made. To submit jobs, browse the members and issue the TSO SUBMIT command.				
Line Commands	: E - Edit B -	Browse		
_ Product c	_ Product customization library : PDB0B.TCZ.\$RS22\$.ARY320 >			
Cmd Member	New SSID GrpAt	tch Template Date De	scription	
- A0EXECS	NO	ARYEXECS 20xx/11/14 AR	Y Required Execs	
- A1V32	NO	ARYV31 20xx/11/14 Co	nfigure Startup Clist 1	
- A2V320	YES	ARYV310 20xx/11/14 Co	nfigure Startup Clist 2	
<ul> <li>A3DRPDAA</li> </ul>	YES EA1A	ARYDRPDB 20xx/11/14 Dr	op the IBM Recovery Expert DB	
<ul> <li>A3DRPDAB</li> </ul>	YES EB1B	ARYDRPDB 20xx/11/14 Dr	op the IBM Recovery Expert DB	
<ul> <li>A3DRPDAC</li> </ul>	YES DA1A	ARYDRPDB 20xx/11/14 Dr	op the IBM Recovery Expert DB	
<ul> <li>A3DRPDAD</li> </ul>	YES EB1A	ARYDRPDB 20xx/11/14 Dr	op the IBM Recovery Expert DB	
<ul> <li>A3DRPDAE</li> </ul>	YES EDS3	ARYDRPDB 20xx/11/14 Dr	op the IBM Recovery Expert DB	

Figure 16. The Finish Product Customization panel

The member-naming conventions depend on whether the customization jobs are for DB2 entries, and LPAR, or the product.

#### Customization jobs for DB2 entries

The members use the following naming convention:
<job\_sequence\_number><job\_ID><DB2\_entry\_ID>

where

#### job\_sequence\_number

Two alphanumeric characters, A0 - Z9, that Tools Customizer assigns to a customization job. The number for the first template in the sequence is A0, the number for the second template is A1, and so on.

#### job\_ID

Characters 4 - 7 of the template name, if the template name contains five or more characters. Otherwise, only character 4 is used. DB2 Recovery Expert assigns the template name.

#### DB2\_entry\_ID

Two alphanumeric characters, AA - 99, that Tools Customizer assigns to a DB2 entry.

For example, the XYZBNDDB2\_entry\_ID\_1 and XYZBNDDB2\_entry\_ID\_2 jobs are generated from the XYZBNDGR template, and the XYZ4DB2\_entry\_ID\_1 and XYZ4DB2\_entry\_ID\_2 jobs are generated from the XYZ4 template. If the jobs are generated on two DB2 entries, the following member names are listed sequentially: A0BNDGAA, A0BNDGAB, A14AA, A14AB.

#### Customization jobs for an LPAR or the product

The members use the following naming convention:

<job\_sequence\_number><job\_ID>

where

#### job\_sequence\_number

Two alphanumeric characters, A0 - Z9, that Tools Customizer assigns to a customization job. The number for the first template in the sequence is A0, the number for the second template is A1, and so on.

#### job\_ID

Characters 4 - 8 of the template name, if the template name contains five or more characters. Otherwise, only character 4 is used. For example, for the XYZMAKE template, the job ID is MAKE. For the XYZM template, the job ID is M. DB2 Recovery Expert assigns the template name, and it is displayed in the Template column.

For example, the XYZBNDGR job is generated from the XYZBNDGR template, and the XYZ4 job is generated from the XYZ4 template. The following member names are listed sequentially: A0BNDGR, A14.

#### Procedure

- 1. Submit the generated customization jobs by following the process that you use in your environment or by using the following method:
  - **a**. Specify B against a customization job or the product customization library, and press Enter. An ISPF browsing session is started.
  - **b**. Browse the customization job or each member in the library to ensure that the information is correct.
  - c. Run the TSO SUBMIT command.
- 2. Press End.

## Results

DB2 Recovery Expert is customized, and the Customizer Workplace panel is displayed. The status is Customized for the DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert was customized.

#### What to do next

You can generate more customization jobs for other DB2 entries, view a list of customization jobs that you previously generated, or recustomize DB2 Recovery Expert.
## **Browsing parameters**

You can browse the product parameters, the LPAR parameters, and the DB2 parameters in read-only mode.

#### Procedure

- 1. On the Customizer Workplace panel, specify B next to the **Product parameters** field, the **LPAR parameters** field, or the DB2 entry that you want to browse, and press Enter. The panel that corresponds to your specification is displayed.
- 2. Press End to exit.

# **Copying DB2 entries**

You can copy associated and not associated DB2 entries to other DB2 entries or to new DB2 entries.

## About this task

Go to the step that applies to your environment:

- To copy an associated DB2 entry to another associated DB2 entry or to an entry that is not associated, go to step 1.
- To copy an associated DB2 entry to a new entry, go to step 2.
- To copy a DB2 entry that is not associated to a new entry, go to step 3.

## Procedure

- 1. To copy an associated DB2 entry to another associated DB2 entry or to an entry that is not associated, complete the following steps:
  - a. Specify C against a DB2 entry in the associated list of DB2 entries on the Customizer Workplace panel, and press Enter. The Copy Associated DB2 Entry panel is displayed.
  - b. Select one or more DB2 entries to which information will be copied by specifying the / line command, and press Enter. The Associated column indicates whether the DB2 entry is associated.

**Tip:** To copy information into all of the DB2 Entries in the list, issue the SELECTALL primary command, and press Enter. The Copy DB2 Parameter Values panel is displayed.

- c. Specify an option for copying common and product-specific DB2 parameter values. Common DB2 parameter values apply to all DB2 entries for all products that you have customized by using Tools Customizer. Product-specific DB2 parameter values apply only to the product that you are currently customizing.
  - To copy the common DB2 parameter values and the product-specific DB2 parameter values, specify option 1, and press Enter.
  - To copy only the product-specified DB2 parameter values, specify option 2, and press Enter.

In some cases, the DB2 parameter values might contain the DB2 subsystem ID as an isolated qualifier in data set names. For example, in the DB01.DB01TEST.DB01.SANLLOAD, data set name, the DB01 subsystem ID is isolated in the first and third qualifiers but is not isolated in the second qualifier. When the DB2 subsystem ID is an isolated qualifier in data set names, the Change DB2 Subsystem ID in DB2 Parameter Values panel is displayed. Otherwise, the Customizer Workplace panel is displayed.

- d. If the Change DB2 Subsystem ID in DB2 Parameter Values panel is displayed, specify an option for changing the subsystem IDs. Otherwise, skip this step.
  - To change the subsystem ID in isolated qualifiers in data set names, specify option 1, and press Enter.
  - To use the same subsystem ID in all values, specify option 2, and press Enter.

The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed with the copied associated entry in the list.

- 2. To copy an associated DB2 entry to a new entry, complete the following steps:
  - a. Specify C against a DB2 entry in the associated list of DB2 entries on the Customizer Workplace panel, and press Enter. The Copy Associated DB2 Entry panel is displayed.
  - b. Issue the CREATE command. The Create DB2 Entries panel is displayed.
  - **c.** Specify the SSID, the group attach name, or both in the appropriate columns for each new DB2 entry, and press Enter.

**Tip:** To add rows for additional entries, specify the *Inn* line command, where *nn* is the number of entries to be created, and press Enter. The Copy Associated DB2 Entry panel is displayed with the new entries in the list. The new entries are preselected.

- d. Press Enter to complete the copy process. The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed with the copied entries in the list.
- **3**. To copy a DB2 entry that is not associated to a new entry, complete the following steps:
  - a. Issue the ASSOCIATE command on the Customizer Workplace panel. The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel is displayed.
  - b. Select one or more DB2 entries by specifying the / line command, and press Enter. The Copy a DB2 Entry panel is displayed.
  - c. Specify the SSID, the group attach name, or both in the appropriate columns for the new DB2 entry, and press Enter. The Associate DB2 Entry for product panel is displayed with the copied entry in the list.
  - d. If you want to associate the copied entry, specify A against it, and press Enter. The Customizer Workplace panel is displayed with the copied entries in the list.

## What to do next

Edit any of the parameters or generate the jobs.

#### Related concepts:

"Tools Customizer terminology" on page 603 Tools Customizer uses several unique terms that you should be familiar with before you begin to use Tools Customizer.

## Removing DB2 entries

You can remove DB2 entries from the associated list.

## About this task

When you remove DB2 entries from the associated list, any customization jobs for the entries are removed from the list of jobs on the Finish Product Customization panel, and they are deleted.

## Procedure

On the Customizer Workplace panel, specify R next to one or more DB2 entries that you want to remove, and press Enter. The selected DB2 entries are removed from the associated list and added to the master list on the Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel, and the customization jobs are deleted.

#### Related concepts:

"Tools Customizer terminology" on page 603 Tools Customizer uses several unique terms that you should be familiar with before you begin to use Tools Customizer.

## **Deleting DB2 entries**

You can delete DB2 entries from the master list.

## About this task

When you delete DB2 entries from the master list, any associations and all customization jobs for products that are customized on the entries will be deleted.

## Procedure

- 1. On the Customizer Workplace panel, issue the ASSOCIATE command. The Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel is displayed.
- 2. Specify D next to one or more DB2 entries that you want to delete, and press Enter. If the entry is associated with any products, the Delete Associated DB2 Entry panel for the first DB2 entry that you selected is displayed. Otherwise, the Delete DB2 Entry panel is displayed.
- **3**. To delete the DB2 entries, press Enter. If the DB2 entries are associated with any products in the table on the Delete Associated DB2 Entry panel, any associations and all customization jobs for the products that are customized on it are deleted. Otherwise, only the DB2 entries are deleted. If you selected multiple DB2 entries to delete, the next DB2 entry that you selected is displayed on either the Delete Associated DB2 Entry panel or the Delete DB2 Entry panel. Otherwise, the Associate DB2 Entry for Product panel is displayed.

## What to do next

If you selected multiple DB2 entries to delete, repeat step 3 until all selected entries are deleted. Then, continue the customization process.

# **Displaying customization jobs**

You can view a list of the members that contain the customization jobs before or after you submit the jobs.

## About this task

The customization jobs that you generate for one DB2 entry are also displayed when you customize DB2 Recovery Expert for another DB2 entry later.

## Procedure

On the Customizer Workplace panel, issue the JOBLIST command. The Finish Product Customization panel is displayed. This panel shows the list of jobs that you have previously generated. They are grouped by job sequence number. Use this panel to browse or edit the generated jobs before you submit them.

## Maintaining customization jobs

Instead of deleting customization jobs outside of Tools Customizer, you can maintain the correct jobs for DB2 Recovery Expert by completing the steps for recustomization.

## About this task

You cannot delete or rename customization jobs from the customization library by starting an ISPF browse or edit session from the Finish Product Customization panel. If you try to delete customization jobs by using this method, the CCQC034S message is issued. If you try to rename customization jobs, the CCQC035S message is issued.

If you delete or rename customization jobs from the customization library by using ISPF outside of Tools Customizer, Tools Customizer will not recognize that the jobs were deleted, and the Finish Product Customization panel will still display them. If you browse or edit jobs that were deleted from the library outside of Tools Customizer, the CCQC027S message is issued.

#### Procedure

To maintain the correct customization jobs in the customization library, complete the steps for recustomization.

## Using Tools Customizer in a multiple-LPAR environment

Currently, Tools Customizer supports only the local LPAR; however, you can propagate customizations to additional LPARs by using either of two different methods.

## About this task

In a multiple-LPAR environment, Tools Customizer identifies the LPAR to which you are logged on. Tools Customizer uses this LPAR name for several different parameter settings, one of which is the data store. When you use the data store during the customization of DB2 Recovery Expert that is on a different LPAR, Tools Customizer issues message CCQD586S, which indicates that the product has already been customized based on values from the data store on the first LPAR. This message is issued to prevent the data store from becoming corrupted.

This behavior occurs in the following conditions:

- Tools Customizer is installed on a DASD device that is shared by multiple LPARs.
- After a product is customized by using Tools Customizer, the data store is copied to another LPAR.

# Procedure

To customize products running against a DB2 subsystem on an LPAR where Tools Customizer is not installed, consider using one of the following methods:

#### Install one instance of Tools Customizer on one LPAR

If you intend to reuse the customization values for all the instances of your products on all LPARs, use this method.

- 1. Associate all the DB2 entries in this one instance of Tools Customizer. The LPARs on which the DB2 subsystems reside do not matter.
- 2. Generate the customization jobs for each DB2 entry.
- **3.** Copy the generated customization jobs to the LPAR to run against the specific DB2 entries. Some LPAR-specific edits might be required. You can make these edits in the customized jobs that you copied. Note that this situation is one of the few situations where you might need to make manual changes to the jobs that are customized by Tools Customizer.

#### Install one instance of Tools Customizer on each LPAR

If you do not want to reuse previous customization values and you want to start new customizations, use this method.

**Important:** This method will likely not be the preferred approach for most organizations because most organizations tend to use similar or identical customization values for each product instance on all LPARs.

# Chapter 5. Administering client, server, and agent communications

This section describes several tasks that you might need to perform to setup and maintain DB2 Recovery Expert client, server, and agent communications.

## Establishing server, client, and agent communications

The DB2 Recovery Expert server, agents, web interface client, and ISPF interface client communicate with each other using TCP/IP connections.

#### **Client-server communication**

Using Tools Customizer, you as the administrator will configure the DB2 Recovery Expert server to run on a particular host machine. In addition, you will configure the server with two TCP/IP port numbers on which to listen for incoming connection requests from instances of ISPF and Web clients. The port number for ISPF clients is specified in the **ISPF client listener port number** field of the Tools Customizer Product Parameters panel. The port number for Web clients is specified in the **Web client listener port number** field of the Tools Customizer Product Parameters panel.

To start the web interface client, each user will open a browser and enter the IP address on which the server is running, as well as the port number on which that server is configured to listen for client connections.

For the ISPF interface, each user will open the ISPF interface and then select **Administration** from the main menu. From the **Administration** menu the user will select **Specify Server Information** where they will enter the host server name and the port number on which that server is configured to listen for ISPF client connections.

#### Agent-server communication

In addition to configuring the server for incoming client requests, using Tools Customizer you specify a different port on which to listen for incoming connection requests from instances of the agent. This value is specified in the **Server agent-listener-port** field of the Tools Customizer Product Parameters panels.

You must configure an instance of the agent to run on every machine hosting a DB2 subsystem that is accessed by end users. When configuring each agent instance, specify the host name or IP address, and the port number on which the server is running. These are the same values that were specified in the **Server address** and **Server-agent-listener-port** of the Tools Customizer Product Parameters panel. When the agent is started, it uses this configuration information to connect to the server.

**Note:** Server and agents can be configured to connect to each other automatically. See the appendix which describes this setup process.

# Maintaining the DB2 Recovery Expert server

The DB2 Recovery Expert server centrally manages and controls all DB2 Recovery Expert functions that are performed on behalf of user requests.

You must run one instance of the server to manage all of your DB2 subsystems and data sharing groups, and to support all of your DB2 Recovery Expert user clients. The server communicates with these clients and agents in order to perform recovery functions.

## Server environment

The server must be running in order for DB2 Recovery Expert users to perform any functions against DB2 subsystems in your enterprise.

The DB2 Recovery Expert server runs as a batch job under  $MVS^{\mathbb{M}}$ . You can manually submit this job, schedule it to be run automatically, or run it as an MVS started task. If the server job terminates for any reason, you must restart it, or take steps to have it automatically restarted.

## Server security

The DB2 Recovery Expert server uses RACF security.

The server requires UNIX System Services access. The user ID under which the server job runs must have an OMVS segment in its RACF profile. To check whether the ID has an OMVS segment in its profile, use the following command: LU userid OMVS

To add an OMVS segment to an ID's RACF profile, use the following command: ADDUSER ddfuid OMVS(UID(nnn))

## Server output

The primary output of the server job is log messages that provide status information about the ongoing operation of the server.

The log messages are written to the SYSPRINT DD. In addition to providing status information about the operation of the server, these messages record if and when errors occur.

In the event of exceptional conditions, additional messages might be written to the SYSOUT DD. If an abend occurs, dump information might be written to the CEEDUMP and/or SYSUDUMP DDs. This information can be used in diagnosis by product support.

## Stopping the server

You use the following commands to stop and resume the DB2 Recovery Expert server.

## About this task

The server accepts standard MVS /MODIFY and /STOP commands. From SDSF, or anywhere else that you can issue commands, you can issue these commands:

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,STOP SERVER /MODIFY server-job-name,STOP

#### /STOP server-job-name

Initiates a graceful server shutdown. This causes the following sequence to occur:

1. The server stops accepting new client connections.

- **2**. The server sends a message to all existing client connections that the server is trying to stop.
- 3. The server waits for all existing client sessions to end.
- 4. The server ends its own processing.

Any agents currently connected to the server continue running, attempting to reconnect to the server if or when it is restarted.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,STOP AGENTS id

Stops a particular agent. If no *id* is given, then all agents are stopped. You can determine the ID value by issuing /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST SESSIONS.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,STOP ALL

Stops the DB2 Recovery Expert server and any agents that are currently connected to it.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,FORCE

Initiates a server hard stop. This causes the following sequence to occur:

- 1. The server immediately drops all client connections.
- 2. The server initiates a cancel on all running threads.
- 3. The server exits after the threads exit.

This is not recommended under typical circumstances.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,QUIESCE

Quiesces the server. The server will continue to service existing client connections, but will not accept any new connections.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name, RESUME

Resumes a quiesced server. The server again starts to accept new client connections.

## Administrative commands

You can use these commands to perform administrative tasks related to the client/server environment for DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST SESSIONS

Produces a list of active client and agent sessions in the log, including the information for these fields:

• ID

- Type (client or agent)
- Start timestamp
- Local port
- Remote IP address
- Remote port
- Sysplex name (for agent sessions, as reported in agent topology)
- Machine name (for agent sessions, as reported in agent topology)
- Locked specification count (for client sessions)
- Active request count
- State (active or stopping)

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,STOP SESSION session-id

/MODIFY server-job-name,FORCE SESSION session-id

Stops or forces the specified session.

## /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST REQUESTS

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST REQUESTS session-id

Produces a list of all active requests in the system or all active requests for the specified session ID, including the information for these fields:

- ID
- Type (request type ID)
- Target location (if any)
- Auth ID (if any)
- Specification ID (if any)
- Session ID
- Session type (client or agent)

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,CANCEL REQUEST request-id

Cancels the specified request, where *request-id* is reported by LIST REQUESTS.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST SPECIFICATIONs

## /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST SPECIFICATIONS <session-id>

Produces a list of all locked specifications in the system or locked specifications for the specified session ID, including the information for these fields:

- ID (some unique ID for reference by UNLOCK command)
- Specification ID
- Locked timestamp

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,UNLOCK SPEC id

Forcibly unlocks the specified specification, where the specified ID is one reported by LIST SPECS.

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST LOCATIONS

#### /MODIFY server-job-name,LIST LOCATIONS agent-session-id

Produces a list of all known locations or all locations at a particular agent in the log, including the information for these fields:

- Agent session ID
- Location type
- Location name

## Maintaining the DB2 Recovery Expert agent

The DB2 Recovery Expert agent provides access to database and system services, in support of the DB2 Recovery Expert server and interface clients.

You must run one instance of the agent on every system or LPAR that hosts DB2 subsystems or data sharing groups that you want to access with DB2 Recovery Expert. Each agent communicates with the DB2 Recovery Expert server to provide services.

## Agent environment

The agent must be running in order for DB2 Recovery Expert users to perform any functions against DB2 subsystems on that LPAR.

The DB2 Recovery Expert agent runs as a batch job under MVS. You can manually submit this job, schedule it to be run automatically, or run it as an MVS started task. If the agent job terminates for any reason, you must restart it, or take steps to have it automatically restarted.

Resource Recovery Services (RRS) must be enabled in order for the agent to communicate with any given DB2 subsystem.

The agent also requires UNIX System Services access. The user ID under which the agent job runs must have an OMVS segment in its RACF profile. To check whether the ID has an OMVS segment in its profile, use the following command: LU userid OMVS

To add an OMVS segment to an ID's RACF profile, use the following command: ADDUSER ddfuid OMVS(UID(nnn))

## Agent security

The DB2 Recovery Expert agent has several levels of security considerations: APF-authorization, BPX.SERVER access, and package and plan access.

## APF authorization

The DB2 Recovery Expert agent must run APF-authorized. Modify the IEAAPFxx or PROGxx PARMLIB members to define the DB2 Recovery Expert load library ('ARY.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD') as an APF-authorized library.

## **BPX.SERVER** access

If the BPX.SERVER FACILITY class profile is not defined within RACF, the user ID under which the agent job runs must be assigned a UID=0. If BPX.SERVER is defined, the user ID must be permitted to it: PERMIT BPX.SERVER CLASS(FACILITY) ID(*userID*) ACCESS(READ)

where *userID* is the user ID under which the agent job runs.

If BPX.SERVER is defined, the agent must also run RACF program controlled. The following RACF commands establish the required definitions for the DB2 Recovery Expert load library and other required load libraries.

For the DB2 Recovery Expert load library: RALTER PROGRAM \* ADDMEM('ARY.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD'//NOPADCHK)

For the Language Environment<sup>®</sup> runtime libraries: RALTER PROGRAM \* ADDMEM('*xxx*.SCEERUN'//NOPADCHK) RALTER PROGRAM \* ADDMEM('*xxx*.SCEERUN2'//NOPADCHK)

where *xxx* is the high-level qualifier of the Language Environment data sets, typically CEE.

For each DB2 subsystem that is accessed by DB2 Recovery Expert: RALTER PROGRAM \* ADDMEM('DSN.Vxxx.SDSNEXIT'//NOPADCHK) RALTER PROGRAM \* ADDMEM('DSN.Vxxx.SDSNLOAD'//NOPADCHK) where DSN.V*xxx*.SDSNEXIT and DSN.V*xxx*.SDSNLOAD name the DB2 load libraries required for accessing that subsystem.

After issuing any of the previous commands, the storage program control tables must be refreshed by issuing the following command: SETROPTS REFRESH WHEN(PROGRAM)

**Important:** Some of these definitions might already be in place at your site. All of them are required.

## Package and plan access

Each DB2 Recovery Expert end user must be granted EXECUTE privileges on the DB2 Recovery Expert packages and plans. DB2 Recovery Expert privileges are granted when you run SARYSAMP member ARYGRT1. See "Granting DB2 Recovery Expert privileges".

## Agent output

The primary output of the agent job is log messages that provide status information about the ongoing operation of the agent.

The log messages are written to the SYSPRINT DD. In addition to providing status information about the operation of the agent, these messages record if and when errors occur.

In the event of exceptional conditions, additional messages can be written to the SYSOUT DD. If an abend occurs, dump information might be written to the CEEDUMP and SYSUDUMP DDs. This information can be used in diagnosis by product support.

## Stopping the agent

You use the commands in this section to stop the DB2 Recovery Expert agent.

#### About this task

The agent accepts standard MVS /MODIFY and /STOP commands. From SDSF (or anywhere else that you can issue commands), you can issue one of these commands:

#### /MODIFY agent-job-name,STOP

#### **/STOP** agent-job-name

This initiates a graceful agent shutdown. This causes the following sequence to occur:

- 1. The agent stops accepting new server requests.
- 2. The agent waits for all existing requests to finish.
- **3**. The agent exits.

#### /MODIFY agent-job-name,FORCE

This initiates an agent hard stop. This causes the following sequence to occur:

- 1. The agent immediately stops accepting new server requests.
- 2. The agent initiates hard cancels on all running threads.
- **3**. The agent exits as soon as the threads exit.

This is not recommended under normal circumstances.

## Authenticating the current ISPF user

DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF client can authenticate the current user by using either RACF passtickets or passwords.

# Using RACF passtickets to authenticate ISPF users

The DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF client can be set up to use RACF passtickets to authenticate the current user of the ISPF client when a request is issued from the ISPF client to the server/agent.

## About this task

Authentication will occur for every request issued to the server/agent. For full documentation on RACF passtickets, see *Security Server RACF Security Administrator's Guide and Security Server RACF Command Language Reference*.

To set up DB2 Recovery Expert to use RACF passtickets to authenticate ISPF users:

## Procedure

- 1. From the TCz Customization Product Parameters panel accept the default value of the **Authentication mode** parameter in the ISPF CLIST. The default value is PASSTICKET.
- **2.** RACF passtickets are stored in the RACF PTKTDATA class. If the RACF PTKTDATA class is not active, you can activate by issuing a command similar to the following:

SETROPTS CLASSACT(PTKTDATA) RACLIST(PTKTDATA)

**3**. For this type of authentication you need to define a RACF profile by issuing a command similar to the following where *securedsignonapplicationkey* is the Secured Signon Application Key applicable to your environment and *ownerid* is the user ID of the owner of the profile:

RDEFINE PTKTDATA ARYZOS31 SSIGNON(KEYMASKED(securedsignonapplicationkey)) - APPLDATA('NO REPLAY PROTECTION') OWNER(ownerid) - DATA('ARY for ')

4. Give the server access to the RACF profile by issuing a command similar to the following where *userid* is the user ID that needs access to the profile (to generate passtickets and to authenticate against them). This can also be a group as described in the RACF documentation:

PE ARYZOS31 CLASS(PTKTDATA) ID(userid) AC(UPDATE)

- Define a RACF profile by issuing a command similar to the following where ownerid is the user ID of the owner of the profile: RDEFINE PTKTDATA IRRPTAUTH.ARYZOS31 OWNER(ownerid)
- 6. Give the server access to the RACF profile by issuing a command similar to the following where *userid* is the user ID that needs access to the profile (to generate passtickets and to authenticate against them). This can also be a group as described in the RACF documentation:

PE IRRPTAUTH.ARYZOS31 CLASS(PTKTDATA) ID(userid) AC(UPDATE)

7. Refresh the PTKTDATA profiles by issuing a command similar to the following: SETROPTS RACLIST (PTKTDATA) REFRESH

# Using passwords to authenticate ISPF users

During customization you can set up the DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 ISPF client to prompt users for their passwords when authenticating the current user of the ISPF client.

## About this task

The password entered is used by the ISPF client directly when authenticating the current user against the server. It may also be saved in the user profile to avoid a prompt each time the user starts up the ISPF client.

To set up DB2 Recovery Expert to use passwords when authenticating ISPF users:

## Procedure

- 1. From the TCz Customization Product Parameters panel, set the value of the **Authentication mode** parameter in the ISPF CLIST to PASSWORD. You can set the parameter when you initially customize DB2 Recovery Expert or later, by rerunning the Configure Startup CLIST 2 customization job.
- 2. When **Authentication mode** is set to PASSWORD, the ISPF interface prompts each user for their credentials the first time they launch the ISPF interface and attempt to retrieve any profiles for a given SSID. The following Enter Password panel opens when the ISPF interface is started.

	5444 00 2007
Location	EAIA UN RSZ/
User ID USER	99
Password	XXXXXXXX
Current SQLID	
Remember Password (encrypted)	Ν
Use for all locations	N

- **3**. Each user can save their password for future use by DB2 Recovery Expert when connecting to the specified location by specifying Y in the **Remember Password** field. An encrypted copy of the password is saved. In future sessions, the display of the Login panel for a location is suppressed if the password for that location is stored.
- 4. Each user can specify that the same password is used for any SSID to which they want to connect by specifying Y in the **Use for all locations** field. If this option is not selected, the ISPF user interface prompts the user for credentials if an attempt is made to use a different SSID.
- **5**. Each user can use the **Reset ISPF client passwords** option to reset their password information so that it is not saved. To reset an ISPF client password:
  - a. From the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface main menu specify 0 (Administration) in the command line. The Administration Menu panel opens.
  - b. Specify 5 (Reset ISPF client password) in the **Option** line. Press Enter. Your password is reset and no longer saved. If reset, you have to enter your password the next time that you access the ISPF client. A message is issued confirming that the ISPF client password is reset.

# Chapter 6. The Subsystem Setup facility

In some environments in order for DB2 Recovery Expert to provide the fastest and most effective backups for DB2 subsystems, the DB2 subsystem must be configured on your local DASD according to specific guidelines. These guidelines require the segregation of the active logs and boot strap data sets from the rest of the DB2 subsystem. They also require additional MVS user catalogs that are backed up and restored with the DB2 subsystem. DB2 Recovery Expert's Subsystem Setup facility will help you in getting your DB2 subsystem available for the most efficient and effective backup.

# About configuring a subsystem for the system backup and restore utilities

When planning to restore an entire DB2 subsystem, you should ensure that the DB2 subsystem is properly configured before you begin creating backup profiles.

These requirements ensure that your DB2 object and log data are contained on separate sets of volumes. When you restore the volumes, the user catalogs will be restored and will reflect the data and log locations as they were at the time of the backup.

DB2 Recovery Expert performs extensive validity checking for these requirements. If it detects any condition where log data and object data are not separated, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message containing the volume name(s) that hold both types of data. The backup will still be allowed, but only full system restores will be allowed from the backup (called a "mixed data" backup). You must recover both object and log data from a mixed data backup.

You can use DB2 Recovery Expert's Subsystem Setup facility to get your DB2 subsystem(s) in optimal condition. DB2 Recovery Expert analyzes your subsystem and provides information about the volume location and aliases of user catalogs, boot strap data sets, and active logs. It also provides detailed information about the volumes and the data sets in use by a subsystem. If your subsystem is not correctly configured, you can use DB2 Recovery Expert to create MVS catalogs and aliases, rename or move boot strap data sets, log data sets, and/or DB2 object data sets to the proper location.

Configuring the DB2 subsystem involves ensuring the following:

- The DB2 subsystem has two separate MVS user catalogs: one for the DB2 data and one for the DB2 log and boot strap data sets.
- Those two MVS user catalogs are on separate volumes.
- There are separate aliases for the DB2 subsystem's object data sets and log/boot strap data sets.
- The MVS user catalogs for the DB2 data and for the log/BSDS each contain the appropriate aliases.
- The DB2 data and log/bootstrap data sets on the volumes associated with the DB2 subsystem are properly separated and do not contain data or catalogs that may be inappropriately back-leveled upon restoration.
- The volumes containing DB2 data do not contain other MVS data that may be inappropriately back-leveled upon restore.

DB2 Recovery Expert's Subsystem Setup facility collects and displays information about the DB2 subsystem's user catalogs, boot strap data sets, active logs, and related DB2 object data sets. It allows you to create new catalogs and aliases, move and rename log and BSDS data sets, and move and rename DB2 object data sets.

# Configuration summary for the Subsystem Setup facility

This is the general procedure to configure a DB2 subsystem using DB2 Recovery Expert's Subsystem Setup facility.

For further information Step Action 1 Select the DB2 Subsystem Analysis and Configuration option on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS System Operations Menu. 2 Analyze the SSID (requires the DB2 subsystem to be up). "Subsystem analysis and the Subsystem Setup Information screen' 3 On the Subsystem Setup Information screen, check the "Reviewing subsystem setup information" on page 149 message area for the results of the analysis. Separate the MVS user catalogs into two catalogs: one for "Separating the MVS user catalogs" on page 151 logs/BSDS data sets and one for DB2 object data sets You can define new catalogs or modify existing catalogs 5 Add or move the aliases for the log and BSDS data sets "Separating the MVS user catalogs" on page 151 and to the appropriate log/BSDS catalog. "Managing aliases in the MVS user catalogs" on page 167 Add or move the aliases for DB2 object data sets to the "Separating the MVS user catalogs" on page 151 and appropriate DB2 object data catalog. "Managing aliases in the MVS user catalogs" on page 167 7 Rename/move the BSDS if needed (requires the DB2 "Renaming boot strap data sets" on page 164 subsystem to be down) Note: If you rename the BSDS, you must change the DB2 master address space procedure to reflect the new boot strap names before restarting the subsystem. Rename/move the active logs if necessary (requires the "Renaming active log data sets" on page 166 DB2 subsystem to be down) 9 Reanalyze the subsystem (restart the DB2 subsystem if "Subsystem analysis and the Subsystem Setup Information screen' necessary) 10 View the volumes in use by the subsystem (requires DB2 "Optimizing volumes used by the DB2 subsystem" on to be up for a new analysis). Resolve any major issues page 171 for example: Make sure log and object data sets do not reside the same volume. · Move other MVS user catalogs unrelated to the DB2 subsystem to another location. · Ensure the volumes to be backed up are on Symmetrix devices

Table 19. Subsystem Setup facility configuration summary

# Subsystem analysis and the Subsystem Setup Information screen

The following section describes the initial analysis of the DB2 subsystem and the Subsystem Setup Information panel.

## Selecting the subsystem

- From the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Main Menu, specify 0 (Administration) and press Enter. From the System Operations Menu, specify 1 (DB2 Subsystem Analysis and Configuration) in the Option line and press Enter.
- 2. A panel is displayed that allows you to enter the desired DB2 subsystem ID and the backup type that will be performed on the SSID. The SSID must have been defined in the DB2 Recovery Expert Setup screens before you can proceed.
- **3.** When you press Enter, the analysis of the subsystem begins. If the subsystem has previously been analyzed, the following window appears:

```
Data Found in Repository
This subsystem has been previously analyzed.
You may display the stored data from the
repository or have this subsystem re-analyzed.
Re-analyze DB2 Subsystem Info N (Yes/No)
```

This window offers you the option to view the last previous analysis or to re-analyze the subsystem. The previous analysis is saved in the DB2 Recovery Expert repository and can be retrieved for viewing by entering N in the Reanalyze DB2 Subsystem Info field and pressing Enter. If you want to re-analyze the subsystem, enter Y in the Re-analyze DB2 Subsystem Info field and press Enter.

## **Reviewing subsystem setup information**

This sections explains the Subsystem Setup Information screen.

When the analysis is complete, the Subsystem Setup Information screen is displayed.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Subsystem Setup Information ---- 2016/02/14 16:36:09
Option ===>
                                                                      Scroll ===> CSR
Commands: ANALYZE REANALYZE
 _____
 Subsystem: K72A Active: Yes Datasharing: No
 Date of Last Analysis: 01/14/2016 Analysis Recommended: N
Message: Other non-DB2 data will be backed up and restored.
        Row 1 of 36 +
  New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this subsystem

        Log/BSDS Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1
        Volume
        RAD092

        DB2 Data Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2
        Volume
        PAD000

    Line Cmds: (C-Create, A-Add Alias, D-Dataset Disp, U-Update, V-View Alias)
  Existing MVS User Catalogs used by this subsystem
                                                         Volume RAD092
Volume RAD090
    Log Other CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1
Data Other CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2
    Line Cmds: (D-Dataset Display, V-View Aliases)
  Boot Strap Datasets
    K72A - BSDS 1 K72ALOG.BSDS01
                                                                        Volume RAD092
    K72A - BSDS 2 K72ALOG.BSDS02
                                                                         Volume RAD092
    Line Cmds: (R-Rename BSDS, M-Move BSDS)
  Active Log Datasets
    K72A - Log 1 K72ALOG.LOGCOPY1.DS01
K72A - Log 1 K72ALOG.LOGCOPY1.DS02
                                                                        Volume RAD092
                                                                        Volume RAD092

        K72A
        Log
        I
        K72ALOG.LOGCOPYI.DS03

        K72A
        Log
        2
        K72ALOG.LOGCOPY2.DS01

        K72A
        Log
        2
        K72ALOG.LOGCOPY2.DS02

                                                                        Volume RAD092
                                                                         Volume RAD092
                                                                         Volume RAD092
```

The fields at the top of the screen describe the status of the subsystem and the analysis data.

#### Subsystem

The DB2 subsystem analyzed.

Active Whether the DB2 subsystem is currently active.

#### Datasharing

Yes in this field indicates the subsystem is a member of a data sharing group.

#### Date of Last Analysis

The date that the last analysis was run.

#### Analysis Recommended

If Y, DB2 Recovery Expert recommends that you analyze the subsystem to update the information.

#### Message

This message is related to the last analysis of the subsystem. The message may be one of the following:

- Subsystem configuration is optimal.
- *Subsystem configuration prevents system level backup.* At least some of the DB2 subsystem data sets are not on a supported EMC Symmetrix device.
- Subsystem configuration allows only full restore (data and logs). DB2 Recovery Expert can back up and restore the subsystem, but log/BSDS and object data sets are mixed on the same devices. Only a full restore (both log and data volumes) will be available.
- Other non-DB2 data will be backed up and restored. The DB2 log and object data is properly segregated, but DB2 Recovery Expert has detected other non-DB2 data sets on one or more subsystem volumes. You can view the other data sets by using the D line command on the affected volumes.

**Note:** If any non-DB2 data sets detected are empty user catalogs, you should move the catalogs to a volume not being used by the subsystem. If you choose not to move the catalogs, you will have to manually unallocate them before performing a system restore.

#### Valid primary commands

You can use the following primary commands on this screen:

#### ANALYZE

This command gathers information about the subsystem as in the original analysis, and also removes any catalog names that were entered in the New MVS User catalog fields.

#### REANALYZE

This command gathers information about the subsystem as in the original analysis, but does not remove catalog names entered in the New MVS User catalog fields. Use this command when you wish to re-analyze the subsystem without losing your entries in the New MVS User catalog fields.

#### Note:

- The DB2 subsystem must be active to perform a subsystem analysis or reanalysis.
- DB2 Recovery Expert does not support alias levels greater than two. If alias levels greater than two are encountered, DB2 Recovery Expert may properly identify ICF catalogs for the alias but it will not be able to properly assess if all files of a system get backed up.
- Only the first 14 characters of a 2-level alias name will display on the Subsystem Setup Information panel under the list of aliases.

## Separating the MVS user catalogs

The New MVS User Catalogs and Existing MVS User Catalogs sections of the Subsystem Setup Information screen allow you to review the status of your MVS user catalog. You must ensure that the MVS user catalogs are separated into two catalogs: one for logs/BSDS data sets and one for DB2 object data sets. You can define new catalogs or modify existing catalogs to accomplish this.

You can also use this section to view aliases and add new aliases to the user catalogs. You need to ensure that there are separate aliases for the DB2 subsystem's object data sets and log/boot strap data sets, and that each MVS user catalog for the DB2 data and for the log/BSDS contains the appropriate aliases.

## Existing MVS user catalogs

All current MVS catalogs in use by this DB2 subsystem are listed under the **Existing MVS User Catalogs used by this DB2 Subsystem** heading.

Existing MVS	User Catalogs used by this DB2 Subsystem		
Data	CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1	Volume	RAD020
Log	CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2	Volume	RAD021
Line Cmds:	(V-Volume List)		

The types of data sets (Data/Log/Other) aliased in the catalogs are shown at left. The location of the user catalog is shown in the Volume field on the far right. If the existing MVS catalogs show that DB2 object data sets (Data on the left) and DB2 log/BSDS data sets (Data or Log on the left) are cataloged in the same catalog, you will need to separate them by creating new catalogs or changing the existing catalogs. You also need to ensure that the two catalogs are located on different volumes.

## New MVS user catalogs

If necessary, you can create new MVS user catalogs on this screen using line commands or change the existing catalogs.

**Note:** You must have proper authorizations to create or update MVS user catalogs. Refer to the DFSMS: Managing Catalogs guide for your version of z/OS for information about authorizations.

Initially when you analyze a subsystem, spaces are provided next to each catalog type under the New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this DB2 Subsystem heading. You can type in the name of a new MVS user catalog for each or create them by entering the C line command.

Once the catalogs have been defined and located, the catalog names and their locations are made read-only on this screen. You can only remove them by using the ANALYZE command.

## Creating a new user catalog

Use these steps to create a new user catalog.

## About this task

You must create two types of user catalogs for the DB2 subsystem:

- The log/BSDS catalog catalogs the DB2 log and boot strap data sets for the DB2 subsystem.
- The DB2 data catalog catalogs the DB2 object data sets for the DB2 subsystem.

#### Procedure

1. Enter the catalog name in the appropriate field, as shown:

Log/BSDS Catl	CATALOG.RSPLEX01.T9A1.CAT9	Volume
DB2 Data Catl	CATALOG.RSPLEX01.T9A1.CAT10	Volume

- 2. Press Enter. If the catalog does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will display a message stating it is not found. If it exists, the New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this DB2 Subsystem screen opens.
- **3**. Specify a C next to the catalog type, as shown in the following screen:

4. Press Enter. The Update User Catalog Information screen opens.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 --- Update User Catalog Information -- 2016/01/14 17:58:13
Option ===>
 Subsystem: T9A1
 User Catalog Name ==> CATALOG.RSPLEX01.T9A1.CAT9
 User Catalog Volume ==>
 Data Parameters
   Tracks or Cylinders ==> C
                                (Tracks/Cylinders)
   Primary Quantity ==> 10
   Secondary Quantity ==> 5
   Data Buffers
                      ==> 4
 Index Parameters
   Tracks or Cylinders ==> C
                                (Tracks/Cylinders)
   Primary Quantity ==> 1
   Secondary Quantity ==> 1
   Index Buffers
                      ==> 4
 User Catalog Aliases ==>
```

5. Specify the new catalog information in the following fields:

#### User Catalog Name

Specify the name of the user catalog you want to create.

#### **User Catalog Volume**

Specify the volume location for the user catalog.

#### SMS Storage Class

Specify whether you want the catalog to be managed by SMS, enter the name of the SMS storage class to use for the catalog creation. 6. Specify the data and index information for the catalog data set that will be created in the following fields:

Tracks or Cylinders

Specify the allocation unit in T(racks) or C(ylinders).

#### **Primary Quantity**

Specify the primary allocation quantity.

#### Secondary Quantity

Specify the secondary allocation quantity.

#### Data Buffers OR Index Buffers

Specify the number of MVS buffers to be allocated to the user catalog when it is opened.

#### **User Catalog Aliases**

Optionally, you can specify up to six aliases to be managed by this catalog. You can add additional aliases later using the A line command on the Subsystem Setup Information screen.

7. Press PF3 to continue. The IDCAMS Interface Module screen opens:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ IDCAMS Interface Module ----- 2016/01/14 18:00:52
Option ===>
                                               Scroll ===> PAGE
Action ==>
             (E - EDIT, O - ONLINE SUBMISSION, B - BATCH SUBMISSION)
----- IDCAMS Input Cards -----
                                               Row 1 of 14 >
   SET MAXCC = 0
   DEFINE USERCATALOG(NAME('CATALOG.RSPLEX01.T9A1.CAT9') -
      VOLUMES(DEV) -
      CYLINDERS(10 5) -
      ICFCATALOG) -
    DATA -
      (BUFND(4) -
      CYLINDERS(10 5) -
      CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(4096)) -
     INDEX -
      (BUFNI(4) -
      CYLINDERS(1 1) -
      CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(2048)) -
      CAT(CATALOG.RSPLEX01.MASTER)
```

- **8**. Specify an **E** in the **Action** field to enter an ISPF edit session and change one or more of the control cards.
- **9**. Specify an **O** in the **Action** field to submit the job to create the catalog online. When you press Enter, the job is submitted and the results of the creation will be displayed.
- **10**. Specify a **B** in the **Action** field to build a batch job that will create the catalog. The Build Batch Job window is displayed.

```
Build Batch Job

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TWDEB.RBR.TEST

Member

Job Cards:

==> //JOBCARD JOB TWDEB,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

- 11. From the Build Batch Job window:
  - a. Specify a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field to view the job in an ISPF edit session after the job is generated. If you specify N, after the job is generated you will return to the Subsystem Setup Information window.
  - b. Specify the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job in the **Build job in Dataset/Member** field. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.
  - c. Specify a valid job card for your site in the Job Cards field.
  - d. Press Enter to generate the job. If you specified a Y in the Edit Generated Job field, an ISPF edit session opens where you can view and edit the job JCL. If you specified an N in the Edit Generated Job field, control returns to the Subsystem Setup Information window and the New MVS User Catalogs field is populated with the new catalog name.

## Viewing the aliases for a user catalog

You can see the aliases in a specific user catalog by entering V next to the catalog. This can be accomplished on both existing and new MVS user catalogs.

#### Procedure

1. To see a list of aliases for the catalog type V next to an existing or new MVS catalog as shown in the following screens:

\_New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this subsystem \_Log/BSDS Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CATl Volume RAD092 \_DB2 Data Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 Volume RAD090 Line Cmds:(C-Create, A-Add Alias, D-Dataset Disp, U-Update, V-View Alias)

```
Existing MVS User Catalogs used by this subsystem
Log Other CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1 Volume RAD092
Data Other CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 Volume RAD090
Line Cmds: (D-Dataset Display, V-View Aliases)
```

2. Press Enter. The Usercat Alias List Display screen opens. Each of the aliases are listed.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Usercat Option ===>	Alias List Display 2016/01/14 18:11:14 Scroll ===> PAG						
Subsystem: E9A1 Usercat: I	ICF.RSPLEX01.EDS1.CAT1						
The following aliases are in this usercat. If the "DB2" column is Yes, the alias is being used by this DB2 for either Logs or Data. The count is the							
number of DB2 datasets using	g the allas name. Row 1 of 2						
Cmd Alias E9A1LOG	DB2 Logs Data Count Yes Yes No 00000056 Yos Yes No 0000018						
L9D1L00 ***********************************	Bottom of Data **********************************						

# Adding a new catalog alias

You can add a new catalog alias using the A command..

## Procedure

1. Specify an A next to the catalog for which you want to add a new alias.

```
_New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this subsystem
_Log/BSDS Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CATl Volume RAD092
_DB2 Data Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 Volume RAD090
Line Cmds:(C-Create, A-Add Alias, D-Dataset Disp, U-Update, V-View Alias)
```

2. Press Enter. The Add User Catalog Aliases screen is opens.

3. Specify up to 6 new aliases in the User Catalog Aliases fields.

4. Press PF3. The IDCAMs Interface Module screen opens.

- 5. Specify an **E** in the **Action** field to enter an ISPF edit session and change one or more of the control cards.
- 6. Specify an **O** in the **Action** field to submit the job to create the aliases online. When you press Enter, the job is submitted and the results of the creation will be displayed.
- 7. Specify a **B** in the **Action** field to build a batch job that will create the aliases. The Build Batch Job window is displayed.

```
Build Batch Job

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TWDEB.RBR.TEST

Member

Job Cards:

==> //JOBCARD JOB TWDEB,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

- 8. From the Build Batch Job window:
  - a. Specify a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field to view the job in an ISPF edit session after the job is generated. If you specify N, after the job is generated you will return to the Subsystem Setup Information window.
  - b. Specify the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job in the **Build job in Dataset/Member** field. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.
  - c. Specify a valid job card for your site in the Job Cards field.
  - d. Press Enter to generate the job. If you specified a Y in the Edit Generated Job field, an ISPF edit session opens where you can view and edit the job JCL. If you specified an N in the Edit Generated Job field, control returns to the Subsystem Setup Information window and the New MVS User Catalogs field is populated with the new catalog name.

# Displaying the data sets currently cataloged by the MVS catalog

You can see a list of data sets that are cataloged in the user catalog.

## About this task

## Procedure

1. To see a list of data sets type D next to an existing or new MVS catalog to see a list of data sets that are cataloged in the user catalog.

```
_New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this subsystem
_Log/BSDS Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CATl Volume RAD092
_DB2 Data Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 Volume RAD090
_Line Cmds:(C-Create, A-Add Alias, D-Dataset Disp, U-Update, V-View Alias)
```

```
Existing MVS User Catalogs used by this subsystem
Log Other CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1 Volume RAD092
Data Other CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 Volume RAD090
Line Cmds: (D-Dataset Display, V-View Aliases)
```

2. Because DB2 Recovery Expert does not save individual data set information in its repository, this command may require you to reanalyze the subsystem if you have not performed a recent analysis. You are not required to perform the analysis, however, DB2 Recovery Expert will not be able to display information about the data sets' tracks, volume, or data type. If analysis is needed, the following window is displayed after you enter D next to the catalog:

```
Re-Analyze Subsystem?
```

This command requires a current analysis to show which data sets are in use by this DB2. If you do not perform the analysis, all data sets will still be shown but will have a status of "N/A". Do you wish to perform the analysis now? N

**3.** After analysis (or if you are viewing a previously saved analysis), the Usercat Dataset Display screen is displayed. DB2 data sets related to the selected subsystem are shown in ISPF default color blue. Non-DB2 data sets are highlighted in the ISPF default color turquoise. Your colors may appear different if you have changed your ISPF default colors.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Usercat Dataset Display Option ===>		2016/03 Sci	1/14 roll :	18:1 ===>	6:10 CSR
Subsystem: K72A Usercat: CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K	72A.CAT2	2			
The following datasets are cataloged in the a	bove use	ercat. Row	1 of	30	+
Cmd Dataset Name	Tracks	Volume	DB2	Loas	Data
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07158.T1506493.A0000112	720	DIP102	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07158.T1506493.B0000112	8	DIP10B	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07158.T1513235.A0000113	720	DIP10A	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07158.T1513235.B0000113	8	DIP10D	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07158.T1638047.A0000114	720	DIP109	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07158.T1638047.B0000114	8	DIP10B	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07159.T1714416.A0000115	720	DIP109	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07159.T1714416.B0000115	8	DIP10B	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07162.T1546446.A0000116	560	DIP10C	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07162.T1546446.B0000116	8	DIP102	Yes	Yes	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D07162.T1654034.A0000117	67	DIP116	Yes	Yes	No
K/2ALUG.ARCHLOG1.D07162.T1654034.B0000117	8	DIP118	Yes	Yes	No
K/ZALUG.BSDS01		*VSAM*	Yes	Yes	No
K/ZALUG.BSDS01.DATA	16	RAD021	Yes	Yes	No

4. The user catalog which you are viewing data sets for is listed at the top of the screen. The following information is provided:

#### **Dataset Name**

The fully qualified name of the data set.

Tracks The number of tracks allocated for the data set.

#### Volume

The volume on which the data set is located, or the data set type if the data set is not physically allocated on the volume.

- **DB2** Yes in this column means that the data set is a DB2 data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Logs** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 active or archive log data set or a boot strap data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Data** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 object data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.

## Updating the new MVS user catalog

You can change the name of the catalog and also create the catalog if it does not exist.

#### Procedure

1. Type U next to a new master catalog to change the name of the catalog and also create the catalog if it does not exist.

```
_New MVS User Catalogs to be used by this subsystem
_Log/BSDS Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CATl Volume RAD092
_DB2 Data Catl CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 Volume RAD090
Line Cmds:(C-Create, A-Add Alias, D-Dataset Disp, U-Update, V-View Alias)
```

2. Press Enter. The Change Name of MVS User Catalog window opens.

```
Change name of MVS User Catalog
Enter an MVS User Catalog to be used for
cataloging DB2 log/bsds datasets.
CATALOG.RSPLEX01.B71D.CAT2
```

3. Press Enter. If the catalog does not exist, the following window appears:

```
Confirm Create of MVS User Catalog
The dataset entered for an MVS catalog does
not exists. Press enter to Create this catalog.
CATALOG.RSPLEX01.B71D.CAT3
```

**4**. To confirm creating the new catalog, press Enter. The Update User Catalog Information screen appears. This process is the same as creating a new master catalog.

## Reviewing the storage copy pools for DB2 system backups

The Storage Copy Pools section is displayed if the analysis was done for a DB2 type backup. The DB2 BACKUP SYSTEM utility requires that you have defined copy pools for your data using DB2 naming conventions. Refer to the IBM DB2 Utility Guide and Reference for your version of DB2 for information about system requirements for the BACKUP SYSTEM utility.

Copy pools are listed under the Storage Copy Pools heading.

```
Storage Copy Pools
Data Copy Pool DSN$RS47BDS2$DB
Log Copy Pool DSN$RS47BDS2$LG
Backup Pool SGBDS2D2
Backup Pool SGBDS2L2
Line Cmds: (V-Volume List)
```

Note: Your colors may be different if you have changed your ISPF default colors.

#### Data Copy Pool

The name of the copy pool that contains the DB2 data.

#### Log Copy Pool

The name of the copy pool that contains the DB2 logs.

#### **Backup** Pool

The names of the backup pools that are used by the DB2 subsystem as backup targets.

If any of the listed entries are shown in red, DB2 Recovery Expert could not find the associated pool. This error must be corrected before a backup job can be successfully run.

# Viewing a volume list for a copy pool

You can view a list of volumes in use by a copy pool.

## Procedure

1. To view the list of volumes type a V next to the copy pool on the Subsystem Setup Information display panel. Because DB2 Recovery Expert does not save individual data set information in its repository, this command may require you to reanalyze the subsystem if you have not performed a recent analysis. You are not required to perform the analysis, however, DB2 Recovery Expert will not be able to display information about the data sets' tracks, volume, or data type. If analysis is needed, the following window appears after you enter V next to the alias:

```
Re-Analyze Subsystem?
This command requires a current analysis to show
which datasets are in use by this DB2. If you do
not perform the analysis, all datasets will still
be shown but will have a status of "N/A". Do you
wish to perform the analysis now? N
```

2. After analysis (or if you are not viewing a previously saved analysis), the Volume Display screen opens. The subsystem that you are viewing volumes for is listed at the top of the screen.

RCVYXPRTV3R2Volume Display2016/01/1418:21:19Option===>Scroll===>CSRLine Commands:D - View data sets on the volume								
Subsystem: B8E1								
							Devi	1 of 221
Cmd V		 Data	 DataCat		ActCat	Arclog	KOW ArcCat	I OT 33+ Other
Ciliu	RUZUNA	ν <sub>ος</sub>	No	No	No	No	No	No
	RDSDOR	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
	BDSDOC	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
-	BDSD0D	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
-	BDSD0E	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD0F	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
E	BDSD00	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD01	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD02	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD03	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD04	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
I	BDSD05	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
I	BDSD06	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD07	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD08	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
E	BDSD09	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
E	BDSD1A	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes

3. From this screen you can view the following information:

#### Volume

Specifies the volume name.

**Data** A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains object data.

#### DataCat

A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.

#### ActLog

A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).

#### ActCat

A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.

#### ArcLog

A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).

#### ArcCat

A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

**Other** A value of **Yes** in this field indicates that the volume contains other non-DB2 data.

## Viewing the data sets allocated on a volume

You can view the data sets allocated on the volume.

## Procedure

1. Type a D next to a volume.

Because DB2 Recovery Expert does not save individual data set information in its repository, this command may require you to reanalyze the subsystem if you have not performed a recent analysis. You are not required to perform the analysis, however, DB2 Recovery Expert will not be able to display information about the data sets' tracks, volume, or data type. If analysis is needed, the following window appears after you enter D next to the volume:

```
Re-Analyze Subsystem?
```

```
This command requires a current analysis to show which datasets are in use by this DB2. If you do not perform the analysis, all datasets will still be shown but will have a status of "N/A". Do you wish to perform the analysis now? N
```

2. After analysis (or if the data was sufficiently up to date), the following screen appears:

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Volume Dataset List Di Option ===>	splay	2016/01 Sc	/14 18: roll ===	25:27 > CSR
Command: Newvol				
Subsystem: K82CVolume Serial: NSP16Free Trks: 5,921DB2 Data Trks: 0	)5 DB2 Log T	rks: 8		00
Cmd Dataset Name	Tracks Vo	lume DB	2 Logs	Data
K82CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06144.T1029507.B0000204	8	Ye	s Yes	No
ARY32.D040606.SARYSAMP.XMIT	55	No No	No	
ASPP.ICECOM.DHHAP211	14	No	No	No
AWBSERV.VCACHE.MASTER	1	No	No	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05313.T1200395.B0000004	8	No	No	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05355.T1449457.A0000006	141	No	No	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05356.T1159492.A0000006	700	No	No	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05357.T1234375.A0000006	141	No	No	No
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05357.T1556360.A0000008	1	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D05322.T1206550.A0000022	379	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D05347.T1215480.A0000023	720	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06033.T0527241.B0000025	64	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1438231.B0000515	64	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1447331.B0000565	64	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1448215.A0000567	720	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1449435.A0000569	720	No	No	No
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1451495.A0000572	720	No	No	No

**3**. The information at the top of the Volume Dataset List Display lists the DB2 subsystem ID and volume serial that you are viewing. In addition, the following fields are shown:

#### Free Trks

Specifies the number of free tracks on the volume.

#### DB2 Data Trks

Specifies the number of tracks being used by DB2 object data sets for the specified subsystem.

#### **DB2 Log Trks**

Specifies the number of tracks being used by DB2 log and BSDS data sets for the specified subsystem.

4. The remainder of the screen lists the data sets on the volume. DB2 data sets related to the selected subsystem are shown in ISPF default color blue. Non-DB2 data sets are highlighted in the ISPF default color turquoise. Your colors may appear different if you have changed your ISPF default colors.

#### **Dataset Name**

Specifies the data set name.

**Tracks** Specifies the number of tracks allocated by the data set on the displayed volume.

#### Volume

If a data set can be moved to another volume, the **Volume** field contains an input line where you can enter another volume. You can move DB2 object data sets to another volume. You cannot move DB2 log or boot strap data sets or MVS user catalogs.

- **DB2** Yes in this column means that the data set is a DB2 data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Logs** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 active or archive log data set or a boot strap data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.

**Data** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 object data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.

## Renaming and moving the boot strap data sets

The Boot Strap Data Sets (BSDS) section allows you to rename and/or move the DB2 subsystem's boot strap data sets, if needed. You can rename and/or move the boot strap data sets using line commands. The location of the BSDS is shown in the **Volume** field on the far right.

## Moving boot strap data sets

When separating your DB2 object and log/BSDS data, you can move the boot strap data sets (BSDS) to a new volume or a new SMS storage class by using the M line command.

## Before you begin

The DB2 subsystem must be down to rename or move active log data sets.

## Procedure

1. The M line command can be entered in one of two places:

• To move all the BSDS that are listed, specify M on the **Boot Strap Datasets** heading area line command as shown in the following example:

```
m Boot Strap Datasets
```

```
_ K82C - BSDS 1 K82CLOG.BSDS01 Volume EBR900
```

K82C - BSDS 2 K82CLOG.BSDS02 Volume EBR900

```
Line Cmds: (R-Rename BSDS, M-Move BSDS)
```

• To move a specific BSDS, specify M in the line command next to the BSDS that you want to move as shown in the following example:

```
__Boot Strap Datasets
___K82C - BSDS 1 K82CLOG.BSDS01 Volume EBR900
__K82C - BSDS 2 K82CLOG.BSDS02 Volume EBR900
Line Cmds: (R-Rename BSDS, M-Move BSDS)
```

2. Press Enter. The Boot Strap Dataset Move screen opens. The DB2 subsystem for which you are moving the BSDS is listed at the top of the screen.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Boot Strap Dataset Move ----- 2016/01/14 18:32:35
Option ===>
Subsystem: K82C
You have selected the Move Boot Strap Dataset Function. You have
entered this command on a header line which will move all listed
BSDS datasets to the specified volume. If the datasets are SMS managed,
you will need make sure your ACS rules allow the dataset to be placed
on the correct volume.
New Volume: ______
New SMS Storage Class: ______
Press Enter to process move. Press Cancel to cancel request.
```

- **3**. To move the BSDS, provide a new location in the **New Volume** or **New SMS Storage class** field. DB2 Recovery Expert validates volumes to ensure that they are valid volumes for your site, however, SMS storage classes are not validated. If your boot strap data sets are SMS managed, you must ensure that your automatic class selection (ACS) rules allow BSDS placement on the volumes to which you want to move the data sets.
- 4. Press Enter to complete the move process.

# Renaming boot strap data sets

When separating your DB2 object and log/BSDS data, you can rename the BSDS by using the R line command.

## Before you begin

The DB2 subsystem must be down to rename or move active log data sets.

#### Procedure

- 1. The R line command can be entered in one of two places:
  - To rename all the boot strap data sets that are listed, specify R in the **Boot Strap Datasets** heading area line command as shown in the following example:

```
r Boot Strap Datasets
_ B81D - BSDS 1 B81DL0G.BSDS01 Volume EBR900
_ B81D - BSDS 2 B81DL0G.BSDS02 Volume EBR900
Line Cmds: (R-Rename BSDS, M-Move BSDS)
```

• To rename a specific boot strap data set, specify R in the line command next to an individual BSDS as shown in the following example:

```
_ Boot Strap Datasets
r B81D - BSDS 1 B81DLOG.BSDS01 Volume EBR900
_ B81D - BSDS 2 B81DLOG.BSDS02 Volume EBR900
Line Cmds: (R-Rename BSDS, M-Move BSDS)
```

2. Press Enter. The Boot Strap Dataset Rename screen opens. The DB2 subsystem for which you are renaming the BSDS is listed at the top of the screen.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Boot Strap Dataset Rename ----- 2016/01/14 18:32:35
Option ===>
  _____
                _____
Subsystem: B81D
You have selected the Rename Boot Strap Dataset Function. You have
entered this command on a detail line which update the alias for
B81DLOG.BSDS01.
The New Boot Strap Alias will be substituted for the first node of
the existing dataset name. You may use a symbolic of &SSID for
substituting the DB2 subsystem name.
New Boot Strap Alias:
                                Ex: DB2&SSID or &SSID.DB2
You may optionally specify the following:
New Volume:
New SMS Storage Class:
Press Enter to process rename. Press Cancel to cancel request.
```

- **3**. To rename the BSDS, enter an alias in the **New Boot Strap Alias** field. The new alias must exist in the new user catalog to be used for the log/BSDS data sets. For data sharing subsystems, you may want to use the symbolic &SSID in the new alias name. This variable will resolve to the data sharing group member SSID.
- 4. You can optionally move the BSDS during the rename by providing a new location in the **New Volume** or **New SMS Storage** class field. DB2 Recovery Expert validates volumes to ensure that they are valid volumes for your site; however, SMS storage classes are not validated. If your boot strap data sets are SMS managed, you must ensure that your automatic class selection (ACS) rules allow BSDS placement on the volumes to which you want to move the data sets.
- 5. Press Enter to complete the rename process.

# Renaming or moving active log data sets

The Active Log Datasets section allows you to rename and/or move the subsystem's active log data sets. The location of the active logs is shown in the **Volume** field on the far right. You can rename and/or move the active logs using line commands.

## Moving active logs

When separating your DB2 object and log/BSDS data, you can move the active logs to a new volume or new storage class by using the M line command.

## Before you begin

The DB2 subsystem must be down to rename or move active log data sets.

## Procedure

- 1. The M line command can be entered in one of two places.
  - To move all the active logs that are listed enter M on the **Active Logs Datasets** heading area as shown in the following example:

m Active Log Datasets		
_ K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS01 V	/olume	EBR900
K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS02 V	/olume	EBR900
K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS03 V	/olume	EBR900
_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS01 V	/olume	EBR900
_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS02 V	/olume	EBR900
_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS03 V	/olume	EBR900
Line Cmds: (R-Rename Log, M-Move Log)		

• To move a specific active log specify M next to the active log in the line command as shown in the following example:

/		
	Active Log Datasets	
1	1 K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS01 Volume EBR900	
	K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS02 Volume EBR900	
	K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS03 Volume EBR900	
	K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS01 Volume EBR900	
	K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS02 Volume EBR900	
	K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS03 Volume EBR900	
	ine Cmds: (R-Rename Log, M-Move Log)	
<li></li>		

2. Press Enter. The Active Log Dataset Move screen opens. The DB2 subsystem for which you are moving the active logs is listed at the top of the screen.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Active Log Dataset Move ------ 2016/01/14 18:37:11
Option ===>
Subsystem: K82C
You have selected the Move Active Log Dataset Function. You have
entered this command on a header line which will move all listed active
log data sets to the specified volume. If the data sets are SMS managed,
you will need make sure your ACS rules allow the dataset to be placed
on the correct volume.
New Volume:
New SMS Storage Class:
Press Enter to process move. Press Cancel to cancel request.
```

- 3. To move the active logs, provide a new location in the **New Volume** or **New SMS Storage class** field. DB2 Recovery Expert validates volumes to ensure that they are valid volumes for your site, however, SMS storage classes are not validated. If your active logs are SMS managed, you must ensure that your automatic class selection (ACS) rules allow active log data set placement on the volumes to which you want to move the active logs.
- 4. Press Enter to complete the move process.

## Renaming active log data sets

When separating your DB2 object and log/BSDS data, you can rename all the active logs or a single active log by using the R line command.

## Before you begin

The DB2 subsystem must be down to rename or move active log data sets.

## Procedure

- 1. The R line command can be entered in one of two places:
  - To rename all the active logs that are listed, specify an R in the Active Log Datasets heading area as shown in the following example:

r Active Log Datasets \_ K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS01 Volume EBR900 \_ K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS02 Volume EBR900 \_ K82C - Log 1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS03 Volume EBR900 \_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS01 Volume EBR900 \_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS02 Volume EBR900 \_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS03 Volume EBR900 \_ K82C - Log 2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS03 Volume EBR900 \_ Line Cmds: (R-Rename Log, M-Move Log)

• To rename a specific active log, specify an R in the line command next to an individual active log as shown in the following example:

(				
_	Active	Log	Datasets	
r	K82C -	Log	1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS01 Volume	EBR900
_	K82C -	Log	1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS02 Volume	EBR900
_	K82C -	Log	1 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY1.DS03 Volume	EBR900
_	K82C -	Log	2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS01 Volume	EBR900
_	K82C -	Log	2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS02 Volume	EBR900
-	K82C -	Log	2 K82CLOG.LOGCOPY2.DS03 Volume	EBR900
Ē	ine Cmds	s: (F	-Rename Log, M-Move Log)	

2. Press Enter. The Active Log Dataset Rename screen opens. The DB2 subsystem for which you are renaming the active logs is listed at the top of the screen.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Active Log Dataset Rename ------ 2016/01/14 18:37:11
Option ===>
 _____
Subsystem: K82C
You have selected the Rename Active Log Dataset Function. You have
entered this command on a header line which update the alias for
all Active Log datasets in the list.
The New Active Log Alias will be substituted for the first node of the
the existing dataset names. You may use a symbolic of &SSID for
substituting the DB2 subsystem name.
                                    Ex: DB2&SSID or &SSID.DB2
New Active Log Alias: ____
You may optionally specify the following:
New Volume:
New SMS Storage Class:
Press Enter to process rename. Press Cancel to cancel request.
```

- **3**. To rename the active logs, enter an alias in the **New Active Log Alias** field. The new alias must exist in the new user catalog to be used for the log/BSDS data sets. For data sharing subsystems, you may want to use the symbolic &SSID in the new alias name. This variable will resolve to the data sharing group member SSID.
- 4. You can optionally move the active logs during the rename by providing a new location in the New Volume or New SMS Storage class field. DB2 Recovery Expert validates volumes to ensure that they are valid volumes for your site; however, SMS storage classes are not validated. If your active log data sets are SMS managed, you must ensure that your automatic class selection (ACS) rules allow active log data set placement on the volumes to which you want to move the active logs.
- 5. Press Enter to complete the rename process.

## Managing aliases in the MVS user catalogs

The Alias used with associated MVS User Catalogs section shows the aliases currently defined in the existing MVS catalogs. You can view the data sets currently defined to an alias, merge aliases from two catalogs, or rename aliases using this section.

## Viewing the data sets for an alias

You can view the data sets that are using a particular alias.

## About this task

#### Procedure

1. To view the data sets specify a D next to the alias.

2. Because DB2 Recovery Expert does not save individual data set information in its repository, this command may require you to reanalyze the subsystem if you have not performed a recent analysis. You are not required to perform the analysis, however, DB2 Recovery Expert will not be able to display information about the data sets' tracks, volume, or data type. If analysis is needed, the following window appears after you enter D next to the alias:

Re-Analyze Subsystem?
This command requires a current analysis to show which data sets are in use by this DB2. If you do not perform the analysis, all data sets will still be shown but will have a status of "N/A". Do you wish to perform the analysis now? N

**3**. After analysis (or if you are not viewing a previously saved analysis), the following screen appears:

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Alias Dataset Display Option ===>	2	2016/01/ Scro	14 11 =	19:22 ===> (	2:35 CSR
Subsystem: K72A Alias: K72A					
The following datasets are using the above al	ias.	Row 1	of (	524	+
Cmd Dataset Name	Tracks V	/olume	DB2	Logs	Data
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYBKIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYBPIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYCAIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYDAIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYDBIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYDRCPY.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYDTIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYFKIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYIPIX0.I0001.A001	*	∗VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYYIXIX0.I0001.A001		*VSAM*	Yes	s No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYIXIX1.I0001.A001	*	*VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYKAIX0.I0001.A001	*	*VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes
K72A.DSNDBC.ARYRTOOL.ARYKLIX0.I0001.A001	*	*VSAM*	Yes	No	Yes

- 4. DB2 data sets related to the selected subsystem are shown in ISPF default color blue. Non-DB2 data sets are highlighted in the ISPF default color turquoise. Your colors may appear different if you have changed your ISPF default colors.
- 5. The subsystem and alias that you are viewing data sets for are listed at the top of the screen. Only the first 14 characters of an alias name are displayed. The following information is provided:

#### **Dataset Name**

The fully qualified name of the data set.

Tracks The number of tracks allocated for the data set.

#### Volume

The volume on which the data set is located, or the data set type if the data set is not physically allocated on the volume.

**DB2** Yes in this column means that the data set is a DB2 data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Logs** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 active or archive log data set or a boot strap data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Data** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 object data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.

# **Renaming aliases**

You can rename aliases in the existing master catalog for DB2 object data using the R line command.

## About this task

Aliases for log and boot strap data sets cannot be renamed. You can rename the boot strap and log data sets themselves using the Bootstrap Datasets and Active Log Datasets sections of the Subsystem Setup Information screen.

Note: The DB2 subsystem must be down to rename catalog data sets.

## Procedure

1. To rename an alias for a DB2 object data set, specify R next to the alias, as shown in the following example:

/				
	Alias used w	vith associated MVS User Catalogs		
R	K72A	CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1	Data	
	K72ALOG	CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2	Log	
$\langle \rangle$				

2. Press Enter. The DB2 Alias (Dataset) Rename screen opens. The DB2 subsystem for which you are renaming aliases is identified in the **Subsystem** field.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 DB2 Alias (Dataset) Rename 2016/01/14 19:24:50 Option ===> Scroll ===> CSR					
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete					
Subsystem: K72A					
You have selected to Rename all DB2 object datasets that start with alias K72A. The new alias will be substituted for the first node of the existing dataset names. You can optionally move data to new volumes using the list below. To rename DB2 catalog datasets, DB2 must be down.					
New Data Alias : (Required) New SMS Storclas: (Optional) Rename Catalog : N (Optional - Renames DB2 catalog datasets only)					
Cmd Old Volser New Volser Free Space RBR020 RBR022 RBR023					

**3**. To rename the alias, provide a new alias in the **New Data Alias** field. The alias must exist in the new user catalog before you can rename it.

- 4. Optionally, you can move data to new volumes or a new SMS storage class. Enter the new storage class in the **New SMS Storclas** field, or new volumes in the area at the bottom of the screen. You can add or delete volumes by entering the I or D line commands.
- 5. To rename the DB2 catalog data sets only, specify Y in the **Rename Catalog** field.

# Merging catalog entries

After creating the new user catalogs, you can move an alias from one catalog to another by following these steps.

## About this task

In the following example, the alias K82C will be moved from the existing MVS user catalog to the new catalog defined for DB2 data. DB2 Recovery Expert moves the entries related to that alias, defines the alias in the new catalog and deletes the alias from the old catalog. The mergecat stops the DB2 subsystem, performs the mergecat, and then restarts the subsystem.

## Procedure

1. Type the M(ergecat) command next to the alias, as shown:

```
Alias used with associated MVS User Catalogs
```

```
m K82C CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K82C.CAT2 Data
```

```
K82CLOG CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K82C.CAT1 Log
K82CT CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K82C.CAT1 Data
```

2. Press Enter. The Build Batch Job window appears. (This job cannot be submitted online).

	Build Batch Job
Edit Generated Job	Y (Yes/No)
Build job in Dataset Member	TWUSR.DAH.TEST MERGE
Job Cards: ==> //JOBCARD JOB TWUSR,C ==> //* ==> //* ==> //*	LASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

## Edit Generated Job

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Subsystem Setup Information screen.

## Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

## Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site. If you submit the job from the edit session, when the job completes the Subsystem Setup Information screen reappears.

- **3**. From the Build Batch Job window:
  - a. Specify a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field to view the job in an ISPF edit session after the job is generated. If you specify N, after the job is generated you will return to the Subsystem Setup Information window.
  - b. Specify the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job in the **Build job in Dataset/Member** field. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.
  - c. Specify a valid job card for your site in the Job Cards field.
  - d. Press Enter to generate the job. If you specified a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field, an ISPF edit session opens where you can view and edit the job JCL. If you specified an **N** in the **Edit Generated Job** field, control returns to the Subsystem Setup Information window.

# Optimizing volumes used by the DB2 subsystem

The Volumes used by this DB2 Subsystem section lists all the volumes used by the specified subsystem. You can use this section to address issues such as data sets other than DB2 data sets residing on a volume.

The volumes appear in various ISPF default colors, depending on the status of the volume:

Note: Your colors may be different if you have changed your ISPF default colors.

#### Dark blue

Volume is optimal.

### Light blue

The volume contains data other than DB2 data.

**Pink** Both log and object data reside on the volume.

**Red** The volume cannot be backed up by DB2 Recovery Expert.

## Viewing the data sets allocated on a volume

You can view the data sets allocated on the volume.

## Procedure

1. Type a D next to a volume.

Because DB2 Recovery Expert does not save individual data set information in its repository, this command may require you to reanalyze the subsystem if you have not performed a recent analysis. You are not required to perform the analysis, however, DB2 Recovery Expert will not be able to display information about the data sets' tracks, volume, or data type. If analysis is needed, the following window appears after you enter D next to the volume:

```
Re-Analyze Subsystem?
```

This command requires a current analysis to show which datasets are in use by this DB2. If you do not perform the analysis, all datasets will still be shown but will have a status of "N/A". Do you wish to perform the analysis now? N

**2**. After analysis (or if the data was sufficiently up to date), the following screen appears:

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Volume Dataset List Display 2016/01/14 18:25:27 Option ===> Scroll ===> CSR						
Command: Newvol						
Subsustem, KO2C Volume Semial, NSDI						
Free Trks: 5,921 DB2 Data Trks: 0	DB2 Lo	g Trks:	8			
			Row	1 of 1	.88	
Cmd Dataset Name	Tracks	Volume	DB2	Logs	Data	
K82CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06144.T1029507.B0000204	8		Yes	Yes	No	
ARY32.D040606.SARYSAMP.XMIT	55	No	No	No		
ASPP.ICECOM.DHHAP211	14		NO	NO	NO	
AWBSERV.VLAUHE.MASTER	1		NO	NO	NO	
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05355.T1200395.B0000004	141		No	No	No	
K72ALOG ARCHLOG1 D05356 T1159492 A0000006	700		No	No	No	
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05357.T1234375.A0000006	141		No	No	No	
K72ALOG.ARCHLOG1.D05357.T1556360.A0000008	1		No	No	No	
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D05322.T1206550.A0000022	379		No	No	No	
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D05347.T1215480.A0000023	720		No	No	No	
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06033.T0527241.B0000025	64		No	No	No	
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1438231.B0000515	64		No	No	No	
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1447331.B0000565	64		No	No	No	
K85CLOG.ARCHLOG1.D06123.T1448215.A0000567	720		No	No	No	
K85CLUG.ARCHLUG1.D06123.11449435.A0000569	/20		No	No	NO	
Kösilug.Akihlug1.Dug123.11451495.A00005/2	/20		INO	NO	NO	

**3**. The information at the top of the Volume Dataset List Display lists the DB2 subsystem ID and volume serial that you are viewing. In addition, the following fields are shown:

## Free Trks

Specifies the number of free tracks on the volume.

## DB2 Data Trks

Specifies the number of tracks being used by DB2 object data sets for the specified subsystem.

## **DB2 Log Trks**

Specifies the number of tracks being used by DB2 log and BSDS data sets for the specified subsystem.

4. The remainder of the screen lists the data sets on the volume. DB2 data sets related to the selected subsystem are shown in ISPF default color blue. Non-DB2 data sets are highlighted in the ISPF default color turquoise. Your colors may appear different if you have changed your ISPF default colors.

## **Dataset Name**

Specifies the data set name.

**Tracks** Specifies the number of tracks allocated by the data set on the displayed volume.

### Volume

If a data set can be moved to another volume, the **Volume** field contains an input line where you can enter another volume. You can move DB2 object data sets to another volume. You cannot move DB2 log or boot strap data sets or MVS user catalogs.

- **DB2** Yes in this column means that the data set is a DB2 data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Logs** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 active or archive log data set or a boot strap data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.
- **Data** Yes in this column means the data set is a DB2 object data set for the selected DB2 subsystem.

## Moving data sets on a volume

You can move all data sets to different volumes by using the M line command. After you identify which data sets you wish to move and the new location, DB2 Recovery Expert builds a batch job to move the data sets.

## Procedure

1. Type M in the line command area next to the volume, as shown:

·									
V	olumes u	used b	by this s	subsyste	em				
	Volume	Data	DataCat	ActLog	ActCat	ArcLog	ArcCat	<b>Other</b>	Sym
m	EBR700	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
	EBR701	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
-	EBR900	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
-	NSP105	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
-	NSP106	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
-	NSP107	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
-									
L	ine Cmds	s: (D-	-Dataset	Display	y, M-Mov	ve all I	Dataset	s on Vo	olume)

2. Press Enter. The DB2 Dataset Move panel opens. The DB2 subsystem for which you are moving data sets is listed at the top of the screen.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ DB2 Dataset Move ----- 2016/01/14 19:42:02
Option ===>
Subsystem: S89X
You have selected to move all DB2 object datasets and/or other datasets
that reside on volume EBR700 to a new set of volumes. DB2 Log data cannot
be moved through this interface. Specifying "Other Data" will generate
moves for all datasets not associated with this DB2 (will not move other
DB2 vsam or MVS usercat datasets).
New Volumes :
SMS Storage Class :
DB2 Object Data : Y
Other Data : N
```

**3**. To move the data sets, provide a new location in the **New Volumes** or **SMS Storage class** field. DB2 Recovery Expert validates volumes to ensure that they are valid volumes for your site, however, SMS storage classes are not validated. If your data sets are SMS managed, you must ensure that your automatic class selection (ACS) rules allow placement on the volumes to which you want to move the data sets.

- To move DB2 object data sets for the selected subsystem, enter Y in the DB2 Object Data field.
- 5. To move other data sets not associated with the selected DB2 subsystem, enter Y in the **Other Data** field.
- 6. To build the batch job, press PF3. The Build Batch Job window opens:

	Build Batch Job
Edit Generated Job	Y (Yes/No)
Build job in Dataset Member	TUSER.DAH.TEST
Job Cards: ==> //JOBCARD JOB TUSER,C ==> //* ==> //* ==> //*	LASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

- 7. From the Build Batch Job window:
  - **a.** Specify a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field to view the job in an ISPF edit session after the job is generated. If you specify N, after the job is generated you will return to the Subsystem Setup Information window.
  - b. Specify the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job in the **Build job in Dataset/Member** field. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.
  - c. Specify a valid job card for your site in the Job Cards field.
  - d. Press Enter to generate the job. If you specified a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field, an ISPF edit session opens where you can view and edit the job JCL. If you specified an **N** in the **Edit Generated Job** field, control returns to the Subsystem Setup Information window.

# Chapter 7. Using the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS ISPF interface

This section provides an overview of the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS ISPF functionality, including general information on how to use the panels.

# **ISPF** interface overview

You can use the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface to perform many of the backup and restore functions that are offered by DB2 Recovery Expert.

The backup and restore functions include:

- Creating backup profiles
- Building and submitting backup jobs
- Creating application profiles
- · Building and submitting object recovery jobs
- Restoring subsystems
- · Creating image copies from system level backups
- · Setting up disaster recovery jobs
- Setting up subsystems to work with backup and restore utilities
- Setting up the RBA Capture Utility

# Restriction for products running POSIX clients with TCP/IP connections

DB2 Recovery Expert uses a Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) client with TCP/IP connections. Users should be aware that there is an IBM restriction when running POSIX clients with TCP/IP connections. For more information about this restriction, refer to:

http://www-01.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSLTBW\_2.1.0/ com.ibm.zos.v2r1.halu001/tso.htm

One symptom of this restriction is that if you are using DB2 Recovery Expert and IBM DB2 Query Monitor for z/OS simultaneously and you are connected to the DB2 Recovery Expert server, attempting to split the screen and go into DB2 Query Monitor to connect to a data sharing group produces an EDC8123I error.

# **Header fields**

Every DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF panel has a set of header fields at the top of the panel.

These fields are highlighted in this panel:

The fields are:

## RCVYXPRT

This area of the panel displays a shortened product name.

**VnRn** The product version and release.

## Panel title

The title of the panel. In this figure, the panel title is "Backup Profile Display".

## Date and time

Displays the current date and time.

#### Option

This line is used to enter an option or a command. The **Option** line may appear at the bottom if your ISPF session is configured for "Command line at the bottom".

**Scroll** The **Scroll** field contains the current scroll amount; you can change it by typing over the scroll amount.

# Getting help

On any DB2 Recovery Expert product panel or window, you can press PF1 to access help for the function you are using. Also, when a message appears at the bottom of a panel, you can press PF1 to access additional information about the message.

## Primary command help

Some DB2 Recovery Expert panels allow you to access a list of valid primary commands by entering a "?" in the **Option** line. For example, if you enter a ? in the **Option** line on the Update Backup Profile panel, the following window appears:

CLEAR – Deletes all volume mappings.
VOLUME - Retrieve list of source volumes used by
the specified DB2 subsystem.
AUTOTGT - Automatically fills in target BCVs that have
a relationship with the source volume.
SOURCE - Enter a range of source units to add.
TARGET - Enter a range of target units to use.
TGTCLR - Clears out all the target units.
TGTSEL - Select target units from a list.
SRTUNIT - Sort the Source volumes by MVS unit.
SRTVOL - Sort the Source volumes by volume name.
HEADER - Toggle the Header Information on/off.
SAVE - Save the current profile.

# **Column display functionality**

DB2 Recovery Expert's CSETUP functionality enables you to manipulate the column display.

## You can:

- Rearrange report columns horizontally using the CFIX and CORDER options.
- Change the width of individual columns using the CSIZE option.
- Control the vertical ordering of columns using the CSORT option.
- Scroll horizontally between columns, in both left and right directions.
- Scroll horizontally within a single report column while other report columns remain stationary on the screen.
- · Order the columns
- Generate a ruler at the top of the report columns beneath the headings.
- Display an entire row-column data element.
- The customizations, or "views", you configure using CFIX, CORDER, CSIZE, and CSORT can be saved across sessions.

Please note the following regarding syntax presented in this section:

- Underlines indicate the minimum acceptable abbreviation for each keyword.
- Variables are shown in italicized lowercase type.
- Keyword options are separated by vertical lines ( | ).

# Accessing the CSETUP primary option menu

The CSETUP primary option menu enables you to access the various CSETUP options and configure column display functions according to your display needs.

## Procedure

1. On any dynamic display, type CSETUP (or CSET) in the option line and press Enter. The Setup Primary Option Menu displays:

	SETUP Setup Primary Option Menu 2016/01/05 11:39:06							
command ==> Permanent View								
	1	CFIX	Select columns to be fixed on the left side of the report					
	2	CORDER	Modify the horizontal placement of columns					
	3	CSIZE	Customize the size of columns					
	4	CSORT	Select columns to sort					
	5	CRESET	Reset column values					
	6	CREMOVE	Remove all customization, including original defaults					
	7	PVIEW	Permanent View (toggle between temporary and permanent)					
	HE	LP	Setup Tutorial					

- 2. Type the number corresponding to the option you want to access in the Command line and press Enter. The following options are available on the Setup Primary Option Menu:
  - **CFIX** Option 1, CFIX, enables you to fix and unfix columns. For more information, see "Fixing a column".

#### CORDER

Option 2, CORDER, enables you to reposition columns. For more information, see "Repositioning columns".

**CSIZE** Option 3, CSIZE, enables you to change the displayed width of columns. For more information, see "Resizing columns".

#### CSORT

Option 4, CSORT, enables you to select one or more columns for sorting and thus modify the order of the rows displayed. For more information, see "Sorting".

## CRESET

Option 5, CRESET, enables you to reset all customization. For more information, see "Resetting CSET customization".

## CREMOVE

Option 6, CREMOVE, enables you to remove all customization. For more information, see "Removing CSET customization".

## **PVIEW**

Option 7, PVIEW, enables you to toggle between permanent view and temporary view.

**Note:** You can also directly invoke each CSETUP option by typing the corresponding command (for example, CFIX, CORDER, CSIZE, CSORT, CRESET, CREMOVE, or PVIEW) in the option line on any dynamic display and pressing Enter.

# Fixing a column

The CFIX option enables you to fix and unfix columns.

## About this task

A fixed column is always located at the far left side of the display. It does not shift horizontally (as unfixed columns do) when scrolling to the left or right. INNER COLUMN SCROLLING and CEXPAND may be used on a fixed column if the column is narrower than its maximum width. Certain columns may be permanently fixed in the report and cannot be unfixed. Such a column has a fix status of P (permanently fixed). A column cannot be fixed if it is larger than the available display area. There are also restrictions for fixing columns related to the size requirements of other columns. For more information, see "Restrictions".

## Procedure

1. Type CFIX in the option line on any display panel and press Enter. The Define Fixed Columns panel displays.

```
CFIX ----- Define Fixed Columns ----- 2016/07/05 11:40:38
Option ===>
                                                Scroll ===> CSR
  _____
                                                      ROW 1 OF 6
Column Function ===> 1 (1-Fix/Unfix, 2-Order, 3-Size, 4-Sort)
Permanent View ===> Y (Y-Perm, N-Temp) Reset View ===> N (Y,N)
Device Width : 80
Old_Fixed_Width: 5 Old_Unfixed_Width: 75
New_Fixed_Width: New_Unfixed_Width:
Cmd New Old Len Column Name
P P P 5 CMD
9 SOURCE_VOLUMES
          8 SOURCE_DEVTYPE
6 SOURCE_UNIT
8 TARGET_VOLUMES
_
_
_
           44 MESSAGE AREA
Enter: Process selections; PF3: Exit and save; CAN: Exit without save
Line Cmds: F Fix U Unfix
```

The following fields appear on the Define Fixed Columns panel:

## **Column Function**

Enables you to jump to any of the CSET functions by typing in the appropriate number. The number corresponding to the current option displays in this field.

#### **Permanent View**

Indicates whether or not the view you define is permanent or temporary. Valid values are:

- **Y** View customizations are permanent.
- **N** View customizations are temporary.

## **Reset View**

Resets all customizations.

## Device\_Width

Shows the current display device size (screen width).

#### Old\_Fixed\_Width

Shows the sum of the FIXED column widths prior to any changes in the current CFIX panel.

#### Old\_Unfixed\_Width

Shows the UNFIXED area prior to any changes in the current CFIX panel. Old\_Unfixed\_Width = Device\_Width - Old\_Fixed\_Width.

## New\_Fixed\_Width

Shows the sum of the FIXED column widths that will result if the FIX/UNIFIX changes are saved.

## New\_Unfixed\_Width

Shows the UNFIXED area that will result if the FIX/UNFIX changes are saved. New\_Unfixed\_Width = Device\_Width - New\_Fixed\_Width.

- **Cmd** Field where you specify line commands. Valid line commands are F (fix) and U (unfix).
- **New** Displays the new CFIX view settings.
- **Old** Displays the previous CFIX view settings.
- Len Shows the length of the column.

## Column\_Name

Shows the name of the column.

- 2. Type F in the Cmd field next to column(s) you want to fix.
- 3. Type U in the Cmd field next to column(s) you want to unfix.
- 4. Press Enter. The changed values display in the New column next to the corresponding column(s).
- 5. Press PF3 to save changes and return to the display panel.

# **Repositioning columns**

The CORDER option enables you to reposition report columns.

## About this task

If any columns are fixed, they are grouped together as the leftmost report columns. The unfixed columns are grouped together to the right of any fixed columns. CORDER does not move a column out of its group. A fixed column cannot be relocated to the right of an unfixed column. Likewise, an unfixed column cannot be relocated to the left of a fixed column.

## Procedure

1. Type CORDER in the option line on any display panel and press Enter. The Define Column Display Order panel displays.

```
CORDER ----- Define Column Display Order ---- 2016/07/05 11:41:31
Option ===>
                                              Scroll ===> CSR
                                                    ROW 1 OF 6
Column Function ===> 2 (1-Fix/Unfix, 2-Order, 3-Size, 4-Sort)
Permanent View ===> Y (Y-Perm, N-Temp) Reset View ===> N (Y,N)
Cmd Fix New Old Column Name
     1 CMD
____ P
          2 SOURCE_VOLUMES
        3 SOURCE_DEVTYPE
4 SOURCE_UNIT
         5 TARGET_VOLUMES
           6 MESSAGE_AREA
Enter: Process selections; PF3: Exit and save; CAN: Exit without save
Line Cmds: Specify number for column position
```

The following fields appear on the Define Column Display Order panel:

## **Column Function**

Enables you to jump to any of the CSET functions by typing in the appropriate number. The number corresponding to the current option displays in this field.

## **Permanent View**

Indicates whether or not the CSETUP customization you define is permanent or temporary. CSETUP customization refers to the change made in the CSETUP functions CFIX, CORDER, CSIZE, and CSORT. These customizations are called views. Valid values are: Y - CSETUP customization is permanent or N - CSETUP customization is temporary.

## **Reset View**

Resets all customizations.

- Cmd Field where you specify the number for column position.
- **Fix** Displays fixed columns. Valid values are: F Indicates the column is fixed or P- Indicates the column is permanently fixed.
- **New** Displays the new CORDER view settings.
- **Old** Displays the previous CORDER view settings.

## Column\_Name

- Shows the name of the column.
- 2. Type a number next to a column to specify its order.
- **3**. Press Enter. The new column order numbers display in the New column next to each column.
- 4. Press PF3 to return to the display panel.

# Resizing columns

The CSIZE option enables you to change the displayed width of columns. This function is primarily intended for non-numeric data where there are large blank areas in all (or most) rows in a given column. Although the displayed width may change, the underlying data does not change.

## About this task

If a column's size is less than the column maximum, it is possible that some date is not displayed. INNER COLUMN SCROLLING and CEXPAND can be used to see data outside the display range of the resized column.

**Note:** If the minimum and maximum column widths are equal, the column cannot be resized.

## Procedure

1. Type CSIZE in the option line on any display panel and press Enter. The Define Column Size panel displays:

The following fields appear on the Define Column Size panel:

#### **Column Function**

Enables you to jump to any of the CSET functions by typing in the appropriate number. The number corresponding to the current option displays in this field.

### Permanent View

Indicate whether or not the view you define is permanent or temporary. Valid values are: Y - View customizations are permanent or N - View customizations are temporary.

## **Reset View**

Resets all customizations.

#### Device\_Width

Shows the current display device size (screen width).

## Old\_Fixed\_Width

Shows the sum of the FIXED column widths.

#### Old\_Unfixed\_Width

Shows the UNFIXED area.

## New\_Fixed\_Width

Shows the sum of the FIXED column widths.

## New\_Unfixed\_Width

Shows the UNFIXED area.

- Cmd Field where you specify the number for column position.
- **New** Displays the new CSIZE view settings.
- **Old** Displays the previous CSIZE view settings.
- **Min** Displays the minimum column length.

**Note:** If the minimum and maximum column widths are equal, the column cannot be resized.

Max Displays the maximum column length.

**Note:** If the minimum and maximum column widths are equal, the column cannot be resized.

**Fix** Displays fixed columns. Valid values are: F - Indicates the column is fixed or P- Indicates the column is permanently fixed.

## Column\_Name

Shows the name of the column.

**2.** Type the desired column size in the Cmd field next to the column you want to resize.

**Note:** The column size you specify must be between the Min and Max values shown for that column.

- 3. Press Enter. The new view criteria display in the New column.
- 4. Press PF3 to return to the display panel.

# Sorting

CSORT functionality enables you to select one or more columns for sorting and thus modify the order of the rows displayed on many of DB2 Recovery Expert's product panels.

## Before you begin

## About this task

Columns are selected by sort priority and direction. Direction is either ascending (default) or descending. When more than one column is selected for sorting, the second column only differentiates when rows have matching data in the first column. Similarly, a third column only impacts the sort when data in both the first two columns are identical.

A maximum of nine columns can be selected for sorting at one time. Internal requirements may create a smaller maximum. A message is issued if the maximum number of columns selected for sorting is exceeded.

Note: CSORT and SORT are synonymous.

## Procedure

1. Type CSORT (or SORT) in the option line on any display panel and press Enter. The Define Sort Columns panel displays:

```
SORT ----- Define Sort Columns ----- 2016/07/05 11:44:07
Option ===>
                                                  Scroll ===> CSR
-----
                                                 -----+
                                                      ROW 1 OF 10
Column Function ===> 4 (1-Fix/Unfix, 2-Order, 3-Size, 4-Sort)
Permanent View ===> Y (Y-Perm, N-Temp) Reset View ===> N (Y,N)
Stop Sorting ===> N (Y,N)
Cmd Dir New Old Column_Name
              CMD
              NAME
             CREATOR
_
  _
             SSID
_
   _
             UPDT
          DESCRIPTION
LAST_UPDATED_USERID
_
  _
_
   _
             LAST UPDATED TIMESTAMP
_
             CREATED_USERID
Enter: Process selections; PF3: Exit and save; CAN: Exit without save
Cmd: 1-9 Dir: A Asc D Desc
```

The following fields appear on the Define Sort Columns panel:

## **Column Function**

Enables you to jump to any of the CSET functions by typing in the appropriate number. The number corresponding to the current option displays in this field.

## **Permanent View**

Indicate whether or not the view you define is permanent or temporary. Valid values are: Y- View customizations are permanent or N - View customizations are temporary.

## **Stop Sorting**

Indicates whether or not to stop sorting as specified. Valid values are: Y - Stop sorting or N - Continue sorting.

- **Cmd** Field where you specify the sort order.
- **Dir** Specifies the lexicographic order for the column. Valid values are: A (Default) Values are listed in ascending order, smallest to largest or D Values are listed in descending order, largest to smallest.
- New Displays the new CSORT view settings.
- **Old** Displays the previous CSORT view settings.

## Column\_Name

Shows the name of the column.

- 2. Type A or D in the Cmd field next to the columns on which you want to base your sort.
- 3. Press Enter. The new sort preferences are displayed in the New column.
- 4. Press PF3 to return to the display panel.

# Fastpath SORT command

The SORT command can be used as a primary (fastpath) command by typing the appropriate SORT syntax in the Option line of any report panel and pressing Enter. The functionality supports both single and multi-column sorting and enables users to specify sort order (ascending or descending) for each column in the sort.

# Syntax for single-column sorting

The syntax for single-column sorting is as follows: SORT column identifier dir

Where column\_identifier is either the column name or the relative column number and dir is the direction in which to sort the column data. Valid values for dir are:

Asc (Default) Sorts data in ascending order.

Desc Sorts data in descending order.

## Important:

- There must be a space between the column\_identifier and its dir (if used).
- The relative column number for a column is determined based on the column's placement when visible on the screen. Thus, relative column numbers are only available for columns currently visible on the screen. Relative column numbers are determined by counting the displayed columns from left to right, with the leftmost visible column being assigned the number '1' and each successive column (reading left to right) being assigned a relative column number that is increased by 1. Hint: To quickly determine the column number, use the CNUM command to toggle on the column numbers that are assigned to each display column.
- You can sort on a column that is not displayed if you use the column name (instead of the relative column number) as the column\_identifier in the SORT syntax.

## Multi-column sorting

The syntax for multi-column sorting is as follows: SORT column\_identifier dir column\_identifier dir

Where column\_identifier is either the column name or the relative column number and dir is an optional indication of the direction in which to sort the column data. Valid values for dir are:

- **asc** (Default) Sorts data in ascending order.
- **desc** Sorts data in descending order. Please note that column\_identifier and dir values must all be separated by spaces. The maximum number of columns that can be sorted at once is 9.

## **Usage examples**

For a report display that has three columns, all of which display on the screen:

- Column 1: Name
- Column 2: Creator
- Column 3: Status

The following examples show how you can sort these columns:

## SORT NAME

Sorts display data in ascending order based on the value in the Name column (when no dir value is specified, the default sort order is ascending, thus SORT NAME and SORT NAME A are synonymous).

## SORT NAME D

Sorts display data in descending order based on the value in the Name column.

## SORT NAME DESC

Sorts display data in descending order based on the value in the Name column.

## SORT NAME A CREATOR D

Sorts display data first in ascending order based on the value in the Name column and then sorts data in descending order based on the value in the Creator column.

## SORT NAME ASC CREATOR DESC

Sorts display data first in ascending order based on the value in the Name column and then sorts data in descending order based on the value in the Creator column.

#### SORT 1 A

Sorts display data in ascending order based on the value in the Name column.

## SORT 1 A CREATOR D

Sorts display data first in ascending order based on the value in the Name column and then sorts data in descending order based on the value in the Creator column.

## SORT 3 2 1

Sorts the display data first in ascending order based on the value in the Status column, then in ascending order based on the value in the Creator column, and finally in ascending order based on the value in the Name column.

# **Resetting CSET customizations**

The CRESET option enables you to reset all customizations.

After CRESET is issued, all fixed columns are unfixed (except for any permanently fixed columns), all selected sort columns are deselected and sorting is disabled, all column sizes are set to the initial values or maximum values if no suggested value previously existed, and original column locations are restored.

The CRESET option can be issued as a primary command:

#### CRESET

Resets all customizations (unfixes fixed columns, deselects selected sort columns, sorting disabled, column sizes set to initial values, original column locations restored).

**Note:** CRESET differs from CREMOVE in that CREMOVE sets all column sizes to their maximum values ignoring any initial, suggested sizes.

# **Removing CSET customizations**

The CREMOVE option enables you to remove all customizations.

After you issue the CREMOVE command, all fixed columns are unfixed (except for those that are permanently fixed), all selected sort columns are deselected and sorting is disabled, all column sizes are set to their maximum values, and original column locations are restored.

The CREMOVE option can be issued as a primary command:

### CREMOVE

Removes all customizations (unfixes fixed columns, deselects selected sort columns, sorting disabled, column sizes set to maximum values, original column locations restored).

**Note:** CREMOVE differs from CRESET in that CREMOVE sets all column sizes to their maximum values and ignoring any initial, suggested sizes.

## Column scrolling

Column scrolling enables you to scroll horizontally between columns, in both left and right directions.

Use the following commands when viewing any dynamic display panel to scroll horizontally between columns:

#### CRIGHT n

Enables you to scroll the left side of the display window n report columns to the right.

## CLEFT n

Enables you to scroll the left side of the display window n report columns to the left.

## Inner column scrolling

Inner column scrolling enables you to scroll horizontally within a single report column while other report columns remain stationary on the screen. Inner column scrolling may be useful for columns that have been shortened using the CSIZE functionality. Use the following commands when viewing any dynamic display panel to scroll horizontally within a single report column:

## ICRIGHT

Enables you to scroll to the right within one report column while the other report columns remain stationary.

#### ICLEFT

Enables you to scroll to the left within one report column while the other report columns remain stationary.

# **Column numbering**

Column numbering assign a column number to each display column. The inserted column numbers are relative to the leftmost display column.

Use the following command to invoke column numbering:

#### CNUM

Enables you to toggle on/off the column numbers assigned to each display column.

## Note:

- The leftmost displayed column is always numbered one (1) regardless of how far to the right you scroll.
- You can use column numbers when issuing the SORT fastpath command. For more information, see "Fastpath SORT command".

• Column numbers are not removed by CRESET nor CREMOVE. To remove column numbers, reissue the CNUM command.

# **Ruler display**

The COLS command enables you to generate a ruler at the top of the report columns beneath the headings. This ruler tracks the current position within the column.

The < > symbols indicate whether there is additional column data to the left or right of the displayed data. For example:

<-5----2----5->

In this example, positions 13 through 28 are displayed. There is data both to the left and right of the currently displayed area. The COLS command can be issued by itself, as a toggle switch, or with one parameter (ON | OFF). The syntax is as follows:

## COLS (ON | OFF)

Enables you to generate a ruler at the top of the report columns to track the current position within the column.

# **Expanding columns**

The CEXPAND command enables you to display an entire row-column data element. This command can be useful in instances when the CSIZE command has reduced a column to a width that is too narrow to display all data. Expanding columns using the CEXPAND command provides you with an alternative to inner column scrolling.

To invoke CEXPAND, place the cursor on a row-column element and issue the CEXPAND command. The cursor position determines the row-column that expands. The CEXPAND command can be issued by itself or with two parameters (row and column). The syntax is as follows:

## CEXPAND (row column)

Enables you to display an entire row-column data element where row is the number of the row and column is the number of the column (non-heading lines only) that you want to expand.

# **CSET** restrictions

These are the restrictions that apply to CSET options.

- Total fixed column sizes cannot exceed screen width.
- Total fixed column sizes must leave enough unfixed space for the minimum allowed size for all unfixed columns. If a column is not eligible for resizing, the column's minimum size requirement is the same as its maximum size. Minimum and maximum sizes for all columns are shown in the CSIZE display.
- If a column has been resized, then its current width is treated as its smallest allowable size. When a column is resized its current size must fit on the screen completely. For example, on an 80-byte screen with no fixed columns, a 128-byte column can only be resized to 80 bytes or less (assuming no conflicting minimum size associated with the column). If there were two 10-byte fixed columns, for a total fixed area size of 20 bytes, the 128-byte column would be limited to 60 bytes or its minimum allowed size, whichever was smaller.

# Chapter 8. Configuring DB2 Recovery Expert session settings and defaults

This section describes the tasks that can be performed from the ISPF **Administration** menu.

The tasks that can be performed include the following;

- · Specifying System Backup Profile defaults
- Registering DB2 subsystems
- Specifying Server information
- Specifying IMS CLIST Information
- · Resetting ISPF client passwords
- Defining Combined system level backup groups
- Removing Records from the DB2 Recovery Expert Schema Level Repository (SLR)

**Note:** The option to define **Combined system level backup groups** is not included in the **Administration** menu if the combined system level backup feature is not installed. This feature is installed by specifying a data set for the Tools Customizer IMS/DB2 Combined SLB VSAM repository file field.

# Specifying System Backup Profile defaults

From the Backup Profile Defaults panel you can edit the default values that are used when creating system backup profiles and performing system level backup operations. Any changes that you make to these default values apply only for your user ID.

## Procedure

- From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select Administration by entering a 0 in the command line. The Administration menu opens. Select Backup Profile Defaults by entering a 1 in the command line.
- In the Backup Scope field specify whether the backup type defaults to full (backup both data and logs) or data only (no logs). Specify F for Full or D for Data
- **3**. In the **Backup Generations** field specify the default number of backup generations to be kept on disk. Valid values are from 1 99 for SNAP, FlashCopy, and DFSMSdss backups. Valid values are from 1 8 for BCV backups.
- 4. In the **Offline Generations** field enter the default number of offline generations you want to keep in addition to backup generations. Valid values are from 0 99.
- 5. In the **Backup Method** field specify the default method that will be used for all backups. You can specify one of the following methods:
  - Specify B to perform a backup to a BCV device using EMC TimeFinder/Mirror copy processing.
  - Specify **S** to perform a backup to any device using EMC TimeFinder Clone copy processing.
  - Specify **F** to perform a backup to any device using FlashCopy processing.

- Specify **D** to perform a backup to any device using DB2 Backup System Utilities.
- Specify L to perform a backup to any device using DFSMSdss copy processing.
- 6. In the **Issue Log Suspend** field specify the default value for suspending the log while performing a system backup. Specify Y to suspend the log. Specify an N to keep the log active.
- 7. In the **Validate Volumes** field specify whether the volumes in the backup profiles are validated against current DB2 volumes. Specify Y to indicate that all volumes will be validated. Specify N to indicate that the volumes will not be validated.
- 8. In the **Backup Repository** field indicate whether the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository (SLR) will be backed up when a job to create a system backup is built. Specify Y to indicate that the SLR will be backed up or N to indicate that the SLR is not backed up as part of the job.
- **9**. In the **Work File Unit Device** field specify the default work file unit device that will be used when generating utility JCL. Valid values are any tape or esoteric unit.
- 10. Press the PF3 key to return to the Administration menu.

# **Registering DB2 subsystems**

From the Register DB2 Subsystems panel you can edit the DB2 subsystem information that is configured for each DB2 subsystem ID on which you plan to use DB2 Recovery Expert. The DB2 subsystem information that you can edit includes the ZPARM member name, the names of the bootstrap data sets, the data sets that comprise the current load library concatenation for DB2, the DB2 Recovery Expert plan names, and the Redirected Recovery Defaults.

## About this task

The DB2 subsystem information that you can edit from this panel is contained in the DB2 Recovery Expert Product Control File (PCF). The PCF is populated during Tools Customization. Changing the defaults in the PCF applies to all users of the specific DB2 subsystem for which you are changing the defaults.

## Procedure

- From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select Administration by entering a 0 in the command line. The Administration menu opens. Select Register DB2 Subsystems by entering a 2 in the command line.
- 2. The **Control File Information** fields are read only. The **Current User Ind** field displays a user indicator that is specified in the CLIST used to start up the product. The **DB2 Control Dataset** field displays the name of the control data set that holds setup information.
- 3. Enter the subsystem ID in the DB2 Subsystem ID field.
- 4. To edit the ZPARM, BSDS, or Load Library information, specify a 1 in the command line. The Parameters for DB2 Subsystem panel opens. From this panel you can edit one or more of the following parameters that are specific to the DB2 subsystem you are configuring:
  - In the DB2 ZPARMs Member field specify the eight-character parameter module member name generated for this DB2 subsystem.
  - In the field **DB2 Bootstrap DSN #01 and #02** specify the fully qualified names of the bootstrap data sets for this DB2 subsystem.

- In the **DB2 Loadlib1 to Loadlib5 fields** specify the names of the data sets that comprise the current load library concatenation for DB2. This concatenation is usually a subsystem-specific DSNEXIT library, the base DSNEXIT library for the current DB2 version, and the base DSNLOAD library.
- 5. To edit the DB2 Plans information, specify a 2 in the command line. The DB2 Plans for DB2 Subsystem panel opens. From this panel you can edit the plan names that were specified for each of the specific functions:
  - In the **Plan #1 Name** field specify the name of the plan that allows users to view and create backup profiles.
  - In the **Plan #2 Name** field enter the name of the plan that allows users to execute backup jobs.
  - In the **Plan #3 Name** field enter the name of the plan that allows users to run jobs that will generate recovery plans.
  - In the **Plan #4 Name** field enter the name of the plan that allows users to run jobs that will execute the selected recovery plan.
  - In the **Plan #5 Name** field enter the name of the plan that allows users to execute Log Analysis jobs.
  - In the **Plan #6 Name** field enter the name of the plan that allows users to execute Redirected Recovery jobs.
- 6. To edit the default values that are used when performing Redirected Recovery, specify a 3 in the command line. The Redirected Recovery Defaults panel opens. From this panel you can edit one or more of the following parameters that are used when performing Redirected Recovery:
  - In the **Use DB2 Sort when possible** field specify Y to use the DB2 Sort or N to use another sort program.
  - In the **Sort program installed** field specify D if DFsort is installed or S if Syncsort is installed.
  - In the **Number of buffers** field specify the number of buffers from 1 99 that can be used for the Redirected Recovery jobs.
  - In the **Channel programs** field specify the number of channel programs from 0 99 that can be used for the Redirected Recovery jobs.
  - In the **Device type** field specify the device type that is used for work and SYSPRINT files.
  - In the **Data set type** field specify the type of data set files that are included in the work and SYSPRINT files. Specify B for Basic or L for Large.
  - In the **Track or cylinder** field specify whether the work and SYSPRINT files are on tracks or cylinders. Specify T for tracks or C for cylinders.
  - In the **Primary quantity** field specify the number of primary cylinders that are used for the work and SYSPRINT files. This parameter only applies if the work and SYSPRINT files will be on disk.
  - In the **Secondary quantity** field specify the number of secondary cylinders that are used for the work and SYSPRINT files. This parameter only applies if the work and SYSPRINT files will be on disk.
  - In the **Maximum volumes** field specify the number of volumes that are used for the work and SYSPRINT files. You may specify from 1 to 255 volumes.
  - In the **SMS data class** field specify the SMS data class for the work and SYSPRINT files.
  - In the **SMS storage class** field specify the SMS storage class for the work and SYSPRINT files.

- In the **SMS management class** field specify the SMS management class for the work and SYSPRINT files.
- In the Unit device field specify the device type for the sort work files.
- In the **Numbers of DDs** field specify the DD statements that are available for the sort work files.
- In the **Primary space** field specify the number of primary cylinders that are used for the sort work files. This parameter only applies if the files will be on disk. You can specify from 1 to 99999 cylinders.
- In the **Secondary space** field specify the number of secondary cylinders that are used for the sort work files. This parameter only applies if the files will be on disk. You can specify from 1 to 99999 cylinders.
- In the **Utility REGION size** field specify the region size that is used when running the Redirected Recovery jobs.
- 7. Repeat steps 3 through 6 for each DB2 subsystem that you want to change parameter information. If your DB2 subsystems are members of a data sharing group, you must enter information for each individual member of the data sharing group.
- **8**. When you have finished editing the parameter information for each DB2 subsystem, press the PF3 key to return to the Administration menu.

# **Specifying Server information**

From the Server Information panel you can edit the name and port number of the DB2 Recovery Expert server to which you want to connect. Changing this value applies only to the current ISPF session (and will be returned to the default value when you log off).

## Procedure

- From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select Administration by entering a 0 in the command line. The Administration menu opens. Select Server Information by entering a 3 in the command line.
- 2. In the **Server** field specify the host name or IP address (in dotted-decimal notation, e.g., 1.2.3.4) of the DB2 Recovery Expert server to which you want to connect.
- **3**. In the **Port Number** field specify the IP port number of the DB2 Recovery Expert server to which you want to connect. Valid values are integers between 1 and 65535.
- 4. Press the PF3 key to return to the Administration menu.

# **Specifying IMS CLIST Information**

Using the IMS CLIST Information panel you can change the IMS CLIST connection information that was setup during customization and access a different version of IMS Recovery Expert during the current session.

## About this task

The default CLIST information that DB2 Recovery Expert uses to connect to IMS Recovery Expert is specified during customization. Changing this value applies only to the current ISPF session (and will be returned to the default value when you log off).

# Procedure

- 1. From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select **Administration** by entering a 0 in the command line. The **Administration** menu opens. Select **IMS Recovery Expert for z/OS connection** by entering a 4 in the command line.
- 2. In the **CLIST library name** field specify the library name where the CLIST member for the version of IMS Recovery Expert to which you want to connect resides.
- **3**. In the **CLIST member name** field specify the member name of the IMS Recovery Expert CLIST.
- 4. Press the PF3 key to return to the Administration menu.

# **Resetting ISPF client password**

You can reset the ISPF client passwords using Option 5 from the **Administration** menu.

## Procedure

- 1. From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select **Administration** by entering a 0 in the command line. The **Administration** menu opens.
- 2. Select **Reset ISPF client passwords** by entering a 5 in the command line.
- 3. A message displays informing you that the ISPF client passwords were reset.
- 4. Press the PF3 key to return to the **Administration** menu.

# Defining Combined system level backup groups

The **Combined SLB Group Display** panel lists the Combined System Level Backup (SLB) Groups that have been created. You use a Combined SLB Group to specify one or more DB2 and IMS subsystems that will be processed as a single unit for backup and recovery.

## About this task

From **Combined SLB Group Display** you can create, delete, update, and view the Combined SLB Groups.

## Note:

- The option to define system level backup groups is not included in the Administration menu if the system level backup feature is not installed. This feature is installed by specifying a data set for the Tools Customizer IMS/DB2 Combined SLB VSAM repository file field
- For more information on working with combined SLB groups see the section *Creating Combined SLB Groups* in *Chapter 13. Performing a combined system level backup.*

## Procedure

- From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select Administration by entering a 0 in the command line. The Administration menu opens. Select Define Combined SLB Groups by entering a 6 in the command line.
- Specify C on any Cmd line to create a new Combined SLB Group. The Add Combined SLB Group panel opens. Enter the Combined SLB group information. Press Enter to return to the Combined SLB Group Display panel. For more information on creating Combined SLB Groups *Creating Combined SLB Groups*.

- **3**. Specify **D** on the **Cmd** line next to the Combined SLB Group that you want to delete. A confirmation panel displays. Confirm that you want to delete the group. Press Enter to return to the Combined SLB Group Display panel.
- 4. Specify **U** on any **Cmd** line next to the Combined SLB Group that you want to update. The Update Combined SLB Group panel opens. Enter the changes that you want to make to the group. Press Enter to return to the Combined SLB Group Display panel.
- 5. Specify **V** on any **Cmd** line next to the Combined SLB Group that you want to view. The View Combined SLB Group panel opens. All fields displayed on this panel are read only. Press Enter to return to the Combined SLB Group Display panel.
- 6. Press the PF3 key to return to the Administration menu.

# Removing Records from the DB2 Recovery Expert Schema Level Repository (SLR)

From the Build SLR Cleanup Job panel you can build a job that will remove records from the DB2 Recovery Expert Schema Level Repository(SLR) based on a specific time or a time range.

# About this task

SLR records contain the information that is necessary to recover objects to a specific point in time. Once these records are removed from the SLR, they are no longer available for use in the recovery process.

## Procedure

From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu select Administration by entering a 0 in the command line. The Administration menu opens. Select SLR Cleanup by entering a 7 in the command line.

**Note:** If the combined system level backup feature is not installed, you select the **SLR Cleanup** option by entering a **6** in the command line.

- 2. In the **DB2 Subsystem ID** field specify the DB2 subsystem where the SLR that you want to clean resides. You can enter a question mark to see a list of all the active DB2 subsystems.
- **3**. In the **GMT or Local time** field indicate whether time in the SLR records is specified using GMT or as the local time based on the DB2 database location. Specify **G** for GMT time or **L** for Local time.
- 4. Specify one of the following types in the Time Range Type field:
  - Specify a **P** for **Period** to delete records from the SLR using a time range that precedes the current time. If you select this option, you must specify the time span details in the **Period Options** fields. By default the time range is set to 60 days preceding the current date using the local database time.
  - Specify a **T** for **Timestamp** to delete records from the SLR using a specific time value. All records older than the specified time value will be deleted from the SLR. If you select this option, you specify the time in the **Timestamp Options** field.
- 5. If you specified a **P** in the **Time Range Type** field then you must specify the following **Period Options** parameters to set the range:
  - In the **Period Type** field, specify whether the preceding time span will be in years, months, weeks, days or hours. Specify Y for years, M for months, W for weeks, D for Days, or H for hours.

- In the **Period Value** field, specify the number of years, months, weeks, days, or hours. You can specify a value from 1 to 999
- 6. If you specified a **T** in the **Time Range Type** field then you must specify the following timestamp parameter:
  - In the **Timestamp** field specify a time in the format YYYY MM DD HH MM SS. All records that occur prior to this time will be deleted from the SLR.
- 7. In the **Build job in Data Set Member** field specify the data set name and the member name where the generated build job will be stored.
- 8. In the **Job Cards** field enter a valid job card for your site.
- 9. Press Enter to generate the JCL for cleanup job.

# Chapter 9. Creating system backup profiles

This section explains how to create and maintain system backup profiles using the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface.

System backup profiles contain information that is passed to DB2 Recovery Expert and incorporated into the backup job when it is built. Using DB2 Recovery Expert's ISPF interface, you can create a system backup profile to specify the source volumes to be backed up for a subsystem and their associated target units. In addition, you set other backup options such as the backup type and the number of generations to keep in the profile. Backup profiles are reusable and editable, and are created on a per subsystem basis. You can easily rename and delete backup profiles using line commands.

If you are planning to use DB2 Recovery Expert to restore your entire system via system restore and log apply, before you create backup profiles you should ensure the subsystem is configured for the most complete and accurate restoration. Refer to the topic "About configuring a subsystem for the system backup and restore utilities" on page 147 for more information.

# Profile setup

Profile setup is a validation process performed by DB2 Recovery Expert before a backup of a subsystem can be taken. This process authenticates the volumes for the subsystem, checks the locations of the user data, logs, and user catalogs, and performs other validations to ensure the backup can proceed and that the resulting backup will be usable.

A backup profile must successfully complete profile setup before a system level backup can be generated. Once a backup profile has been set up, it does not need to be set up again unless changes are made to the source or target volume configuration or unless DB2 Recovery Expert detects certain errors while building a backup job. In this case, the profile is flagged as "Setup Needed" on the Update Backup Profile panel. When building a backup job, if profile setup is needed, it is included as the first job step in the JCL.

Profile setup includes the following validations:

- Ensures all volumes in use by the DB2 subsystem are included in the backup.
- If the backup is a full backup, ensures all DB2 log volumes are also included in the backup.
- Ensures that the user catalogs in use by the DB2 subsystem are included in the backup.
- Ensures the log data sets and user data sets are on separate volumes. This includes the user catalogs for log data sets and for object data sets. If log and object data are not separated, the backup can continue, but only a full restore will be allowed.
- Ensures that all source volumes are valid, online, and available for backup.
- Ensures all target volumes are valid and available for backup.
- For IBM FlashCopy backup profiles, verifies that the source and target volume are both FlashCopy capable, and reside within the same logical subsystem.
- Ensures that all source and target volumes are of the correct device type.

- Verifies that target units of a backup are not in use by any other backup profile; if so, a warning message is issued. Otherwise, the backup may destroy the data sets for another subsystem.
- Ensures that DB2 Recovery Expert control information does not reside on any volume being backed up.
- Checks that all source and target volumes are at a minimum microcode and patch level for backup.
- For EMC TimeFinder/Clone BCV backup profiles:
  - Verifies that the source volumes do not have established BCVs that are not part of the backup profile.
  - Verifies the target BCVs are not established to any volumes that are not listed as source volumes in the profile.
  - Establishes the first generation of BCVs to the source volumes and puts all other generations on hold. When those BCVs are synchronized with the source volumes, the profile is ready to be built.
- For EMC Snap and BCV backups, DB2 Recovery Expert can detect if the volumes are online to either the local or a remote system and will wait until they go offline before completing the backup. If you wish to bypass this check, add the NO-OFFLINE-CHECK control card to the job. For other backup types, DB2 Recovery Expert cannot detect if the volumes are online to other z/OS systems.

After profile setup has been successfully completed, the SSID and backup type are made read-only in the profile and cannot be changed.

Profile setup must be re-run under the following circumstances:

- The number of backup generations changes
- If you add, change, or delete the source or target units
- If the backup type is changed from full to data or from data to full
- If you specify a one-generation BCV backup, when the backup job is executed the BCVs are split, but DB2 Recovery Expert does not establish another generation because only one generation can exist. In order to use this profile to create another backup, you must re-run profile setup. This will re-establish the one and only generation and start the mirroring process so the BCVs can be split to create the next backup.
- If DB2 Recovery Expert detects certain errors while executing a backup, the profile will be flagged as "Setup Needed". These include but are not limited to:
  - If any errors occur during the split phase of a BCV backup, the backup process will end and the profile will be flagged "Setup Needed".
  - If any errors occur while establishing the next generation of BCVs, the profile will be marked "Setup Needed." In this case, the backup is still valid because the split processing completed successfully. However, profile setup is needed because the next generation has not been established and therefore is not mirroring the volumes.

## Accessing the backup profile list

Use these steps to access the list of backup profiles.

## Procedure

1. Specify 1 (System Operations) on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS main menu and press Enter. From the System Operations Menu panel specify 2

(System Backup Profiles) to display the Enter Backup Profile Selection Criteria window, shown in the following example:

```
Enter Backup Profile Selection Criteria
Profile Like *
Creator Like *
SSID Like *
```

You can limit the profiles that are listed on the next panel by entering a profile name, profile creator name, or SSID in this window. You can use the asterisk (\*) wildcard character in one or all fields to view all the profiles, all the profiles for a creator, or all the profiles for a SSID.

**2.** Press Enter to continue. The Backup Profile Display opens. The first time you access this panel, it will display as follows:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Backup Profile Display ----- 2016/01/07 18:18:00
Option ===>
                                   Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: B - Build U - Update C - Create V - View D - Delete
         R - Rename G - Group
_____
Profile Like *
                               SSID Like *
Creator Like *
                                 Row 1 of 1
                                          >
_____
Cmd Name
                       Creator SSID Updt
C Press Enter to Create Profile
ARYR031I - No Profiles were found that match your selection criteria.
Press enter to create a new profile or change the selection criteria.
    _____
```

You can use the RIGHT and LEFT scroll commands (PF10 and PF11) to see all the available columns. You can use the UP and DOWN commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more profiles than can be displayed on one panel. The following fields are displayed on the panel:

**Cmd** You use the **Cmd** field next to each profile enter line commands that can be used to build, update, create, view, delete and rename system backup profiles.

#### **Profile Like**

The profile name or mask you entered on the Enter Backup Profile Selection Criteria window appears here. You can change the name or mask to see different profiles on this panel.

## **Creator Like**

The profile creator name or mask you entered on the Enter Backup Profile Selection Criteria window appears here. You can change the name or mask to see different profiles on this panel.

#### SSID Like

The DB2 subsystem ID or mask you entered on the Enter Backup

Profile Selection Criteria window appears here. You can change the name or mask to see different profiles on this panel.

#### Row x of y

Displays the current row and the total number of rows in the profile list. Adjacent to this field is a scroll indicator: > indicates scroll right for more data; < > indicates scroll left or right for data; < indicates scroll left for more data. A plus sign (+) indicates scroll down for more data; a minus sign (-) indicates scroll up for more data.

**Name** The name of the profile.

### Creator

The profile creator.

- **SSID** The DB2 subsystem ID for which the profile was created.
- **Updt** This column indicates how users other than the profile creator may use the profile.

#### U(pdate)

Allows other users to update the profile.

#### V(iew)

Allows other users to view but not update the profile.

#### N(o access)

Prevents other users from viewing or updating the profile.

## Description

The profile description, if included.

#### Last Updated: Userid

The user ID of the last user to update the profile.

#### Last Updated: Timestamp

The date and time that the profile was last updated.

#### **Created: Userid**

The user ID of the creator of the profile.

#### **Created: Timestamp**

The date and time that the profile was created.

**3.** The **Cmd** line next to each profile allows you to use line commands to perform updates, build jobs, and other profile management tasks.

# Creating IBM FlashCopy and EMC TimeFinder/Clone backup profiles

DB2 Recovery Expert makes IBM FlashCopy backups using the FlashCopy function, a copy service available for IBM Enterprise Storage Systems (ESS) devices. DB2 Recovery Expert makes EMC TimeFinder/Clone Volume Snap (SNAP) backups using the EMC SNAP VOLUME utility. DB2 Recovery Expert can maintain up to 99 generations of SNAP or FlashCopy backups.

## About this task

When using the FlashCopy and SNAP backup methods, DB2 Recovery Expert automatically varies all target units offline when the backup is taken. These target units are exact copies of the source units they are paired with. It is not necessary or recommended to vary the target volumes back online in preparation for the next backup. **Note:** When performing a system backup using IBM FlashCopy or EMC TimeFinder/Clone backup profiles that use UCB numbers as targets, DB2 Recovery Expert issues an error message (ARYS118E) if the UCB volumes are online during the backup. This is done to prevent you from accidently overwriting target volumes. If you want DB2 Recovery Expert to overwrite the target volumes you need to vary the volumes offline and then run the backup.

## Procedure

1. From the Backup Profile Display panel, specify C in the **Cmd** line and press Enter. The Enter Backup Profile Type panel opens.

Enter Backup Profile Type ARY\$BPTP Backup Profile Type C (S=System, C=Combined SLB)

**2**. Specify **S** in the **Backup Profile Type** field. Press Enter. The Enter New Backup Profile Options panel opens.

Enter	New Backup Profile Options
Creator	TUSERDH
Profile Name	
Description	
DB2 SSID	E9A1 (? for system list)
Backup Method	<pre>S (Bcv/Snap/Flash/Db2/dfsmsdss(L))</pre>
Source/ Target Mapping	A (Auto discover/pool mapping, Stogroup discover/pool mapping, Manual)
Update Option	U (Update, View only, No access)
Press ENTER to p	process or PF3 to Cancel

3. Specify the fields on this panel as follows:

## Creator

This field is automatically filled with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.

## Profile name

Specify a name for the profile, up to 30 characters.

## Description

(Optional) Specify a description of the profile.

## DB2 SSID

Specify the DB2 subsystem for the profile. To view and select from a list of subsystems, specify a question mark (?) in the field and press Enter. The SSID Selection panel is displayed. This panel lists the available subsystems and indicates whether they are active or inactive. Select a subsystem by specifying S next to the subsystem and pressing Enter.

## **Backup Method**

Specify F for FlashCopy or S for SNAP backup.

## Source/Target Mapping

This field specifies how the source volumes are determined and how they are mapped to the target volumes. Users can specify one of the following:

- Specify A to select **Auto discover/pool mapping**. If you select this option, the source volumes are automatically discovered at run time and mapped to target volumes using a pool of target volumes (either units or SMS storage groups).
- Specify S to select **Stogroup discover/pool mapping**. If you select this option, the source volumes are discovered using SMS storage groups that are specifically entered for a DB2 system and these source volumes are mapped to target volumes using a pool of target volumes (either units or SMS storage groups).
- Specify M to select **Manual** mapping. If you select this option you manually enter the source volumes and map them to target volumes.

#### Update Option

This option controls how other users can use your profile.

- U allows others to update the profile.
- V allows others to view but not update the profile.
- N prevents others from viewing or updating the profile.
- 4. Press Enter. The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed.

The following fields will be read-only upon profile creation:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/08 11:58:16
Option ===>
                                                Scroll ===> PAGE
    Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
    _____
Creator: TUSERDH Name: SS9Z SNAP BACKUP
                                                   SSID: E9A1
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
 ----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method ==> S (B/S/F/D/L) Current Generation==> 00
Backup Scope ==> F (Full/Data) Setup Needed ==> Y
Packup Conceptions==> 01(01 = 00) Issue log Suspend ==> N (
Backup Generations==> 01(01 - 99)
                                   Issue Log Suspend ==> N (Yes/No)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y (Yes/No)
Source Stogroups ==> Y (Yes/No/Update) Enable Obj Restore==> N (Yes/No)
Target Pool ==> Y (Yes/No/Update) Incremental Generation ==> N
----- Volume Mappings -----
                                                      Row 1 of 1
Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                               Message Area
I PRESS ENTER FOR NEW LINE
```

#### **Backup Method**

The **Backup Method** used for this profile. This field contains **S** for SNAP backup or **F** for FlashCopy backup.

#### Current generation

When you first create a profile, this field is set to zero (0). After the profile has been built and submitted, this field contains the generation that is currently mirroring DB2.

## Setup Needed

When you create a profile, this field is set to Y. The profile setup process must be run the first time a profile is built and the resulting job submitted. Once profile setup is performed, this field will contain N when you update the profile. If you update a profile and change the volume configuration, number of generations, or backup scope, you must run the profile setup again and this field is reset to Y.

## **Incremental Generation**

This field contains the generation status of the backup that will be produced on the next execution of the profile. The value Y indicates that the backup is incremental. A value of N indicates that the backup is not incremental. When you first create a profile, this field is set to N. You can set this value to Y using the START-INCREMENTAL keyword in the system backup job. The START-INCREMENTAL keyword can only be used for FlashCopy, DFSMSdss, and DB2 type backups. This value is always set to N for SNAP backups.

5. You will specify one or more of the following fields:

## **Backup Scope**

Indicate if you want a full backup taken (both data and logs) or to back up data only. Note that if you specify data only and DB2 Recovery Expert detects log data on the volumes during the backup, the backup will proceed without error only if all DB2 log and data volumes have been included in the profile. In this case, the backup will be flagged as a "mixed data" backup and you will only be able to restore both the data and the logs.

## **Backup Generations**

Enter the number of generations of backups you want to keep. Valid values are 1 to 99.

## **Offload Options**

Enter Y in this field if you want to retain more backups than the number specified in the **Backup Generations** field. If you specify this option, DB2 Recovery Expert will offload older backups to another device (such as tape or other volumes). When you initially select this option, the Offload Options panel will be displayed. If you edit the profile at a later time and wish to update the offload options, type U in this field.

**Note:** If you are planning on using a system level backup to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote site using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature, you must set the **Offload Options** field for the system level backup to Y. This will offload the system level backup to tape so that it can be transported to the remote disaster recovery site.

## Source Stogroups

This field only appears on this panel if the **Stogroup discover/pool mapping** option was selected when the profile was created (specify **S** in the **Source/Target Mapping** field from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel.) Enter **Y** in this field to open the Source Stogroup Selection panel where you will enter each source SMS storage group associated with the DB2 subsystem. Enter **U** in this field to open the Source Stogroup Selection panel where you can edit the source SMS storage groups that have been associated with the DB2 subsystem.

## **Target Pool**

This field only appears on this panel if one of the auto mapping

options was selected when the profile was created (specify **S** for **Stogroup discover/pool mapping** or **A** for **Auto discover/pool mapping** in the **Target Mapping** field from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel.) Enter Y in this field to open the Target Pool Selection panel where you will enter a range of target volumes or a list of storage groups to use for backup volumes. The target volumes that you enter will be selected from at the time of the backup. You can enter a **U** to open the Target Pool Selection window and edit the target volumes or storage groups that have been specified.

## **Issue Log Suspend**

Specify whether you want DB2 Recovery Expert to stop all logging activity on the subsystem while the backup is made. For Flash backups, log suspension is required; DB2 Recovery Expert automatically sets this field to Y. For SNAP backups, enter Y to suspend logging activity; logging will resume after the backup has completed. If the Symmetrix arrays are equipped with ECA (Enginuity Consistency Assist), you can enter N in this field to allow ECA to manage the log suspension. Note that if any of the Symmetrix devices do not support ECA, DB2 Recovery Expert will automatically suspend the log.

## Validate DB2 volumes

If you enter Y in this field, every time the backup job is run DB2 Recovery Expert will determine what volumes the subsystem is using and ensure the volumes are included in the backup. The profile setup process will always validate volumes, among other profile setup procedures.

## **Enable Obj Restore**

If you want to enable DB2 Recovery Expert's object level recovery from backups created by this profile, type Y in this field. During backup, DB2 Recovery Expert saves information about object data sets that allows objects to be individually restored later. Refer to Chapter 11, "Recovering database objects," on page 289" for more information about object level recovery.

6. Create the source and target volume mappings. The procedure depends on whether you selected the auto mapping or manual mapping method.

# Discovering source volumes using SMS storage groups

When creating an IBM FlashCopy, EMC SNAP, or DFSMSdss backup profile, you can specify that the source volumes will be discovered automatically using SMS storage groups that are specifically entered for the DB2 system.

## About this task

You will use the Source Stogroup Selection panel to enter each SMS storage group associated with the DB2 system for which you are creating a system backup.

## Procedure

- Specify S to select the auto mapping option Stogroup discover/pool mapping from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel. Press Enter. The Source Stogroups field is displayed on the Update Backup Profile panel.
- 2. Enter **Y** or **U** in the **Source Stogroups** field. The Update Backup Profile panel opens. The Target Pool Selection panel is displayed.
- 3. To specify a new storage group type the I line command in the blank Cmd line.
- 4. Specify the name of the SMS storage group in the Stogroup field.
- 5. When you have entered all SMS storage groups for the DB2 system, press PF3 (End). The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed. The **Source Stogroups** field contains a Y.
- 6. You can update the SMS source storage groups at any time by entering U in the **Source Stogroups** field of the Update Backup Profile panel and pressing Enter. The Source Stogroup Selection panel opens. In the **Cmd** field you can type the I line command to add a new storage group or the D line command to delete a storage group.
- You can delete SMS storage groups that you have specified using the D line command in the Source Stogroup Selection panel. Type the D line command in the Cmd field next to the storage group that you want to delete.

# Bypassing vary processing during system backup and restore

You can bypass the VARY command processing that occurs when performing a system backup using FlashCopy or EMC Snap where the target volumes are in SMS storage groups.

When performing a system backup using FlashCopy or EMC Snap where the target volumes are in SMS storage groups, DB2 Recovery Expert varies the volumes offline, performs the fast replication, re-labels the volumes, then varies the volumes back online. At system restore time, DB2 Recovery Expert varies the DB2 source volumes offline then back online before performing the volume restores.

You can bypass the VARY command processing by setting the ARY#PARM option BYPASS\_VARY to Y during customization.

During a system backup, when BYPASS\_VARY is set to Y, you will not see VARY commands being issued when the target volumes are in an SMS storage group. If the target volumes are in an SMS storage group then they are online to z/OS with a unique volume serial number. When performing a system restore, you will not see the VARY commands that are issued to vary the volumes offline and back online before performing the system restore.

In addition, during a system backup, DB2 Recovery Expert will make sure no z/OS processes have any allocations on the target volumes. During a system

restore, DB2 Recovery Expert will make sure no z/OS processes are accessing any of the DB2 source volumes that are being restored.

**Note:** In some cases when a SLB is created using Flashcopy and offload processing is requested, the offload job will fail because the job cannot find the volume(s). This is because zOS is not aware that the VTOC has moved as result of the Flashcopy. Either of the following scenarios can be used to correct this situation:

- If BYPASS\_VARY is set to Y, after the backup and before the offloads either manually vary the target volumes offline and then online; or vary them online again while they are already online. By doing this, zOS will detect the new location of the VTOC.
- Change BYPASS\_VARY to N and DB2 Recovery Expert will manually vary the volumes offline and then online after a backup to detect the new location of the VTOC.

## Using auto mapping for target volumes

When creating an IBM FlashCopy, EMC SNAP, or DFSMSdss backup profile, you can provide a target range of volumes and then allow DB2 Recovery Expert to automatically map the target volumes to source volumes during profile setup.

## About this task

Once a profile is created using one of the auto mapping options, you cannot change the profile to manual mapping; you must recreate the profile and specify manual mapping.

## Procedure

- Select one of the auto mapping options (specify A for Auto discover/pool mapping or S for Stogroup discover/pool mapping) from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel. Press Enter. The Target Pool field is displayed on the Update Backup Profile panel.
- 2. Enter **Y** or **U** in the **Target Pool** field and press Enter. The Target Pool Selection panel is displayed.

```
      RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Target Pool Selection ----- 2016/01/08 12:38:31

      Option ===>

      Scroll ===> PAGE

      Line Commands: I - Enter D - Delete

      Creator: TUSER Name: S99Z SNAP BACKUP SSID: S99Z

      Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:

      ------ Target Range Options ------

      Enter by Unit or Stogroup ==> U (Unit/Stogroup)

      ------ Enter Target Ranges ------ Row 1 of 1

      Start End

      Cmd Unit Unit
```

**3**. Specify how you will enter the target ranges. Enter **S** to enter by SMS storage group. Note that if you specify storage groups, all volumes that are in the storage group must be online, both during profile setup and when the backup

is run. Enter **U** to enter the ranges by unit (unit control block). Either **U** or **S** must be selected; a combination is not allowed. If you change this field, target information entered previously will be deleted.

## Note:

- For SNAP and FlashCopy profiles, if you enter target ranges by unit, the target units are required to be offline during profile setup and execution. For DFSMSdss profiles, target units must be online during profile setup and backup execution.
- Once profile setup has been successfully run on the profile, the Enter by Unit or Stogroup field in the profile will become read-only and cannot be changed.
- 4. Enter the target units or storage groups in the **Enter Target Ranges** area. You can delete and insert target ranges by using the D and I line commands.
  - If entering by units, the **Start Unit** is the starting UCB address that will be used as a target and the **End Unit** is the ending UCB address that will be used as a target. These fields can only contain valid hexadecimal characters.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert will attempt to make use of all devices in the specified range. If there are specific devices that you do not want included in the target pool, you must enter multiple ranges that omit the volumes you want to exclude.

- If entering by SMS storage groups, enter the SMS storage groups. Each SMS storage group will be checked to see if it exists. If it does not exist, a message will be displayed. If after the message is displayed you press Enter again, the SMS storage group will be accepted, but you must make sure that the SMS storage group is created before the backup is executed.
- 5. When you have entered all target ranges, press PF3 (End). The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed. The **Target Pool** field now contains Y. To update target ranges, enter U in the **Target Pool** field and press Enter. You can also include or exclude source volumes using the line commands on the Update Backup Profile panel.
- 6. When you have completed volume mapping, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

# Using manual mapping for target volumes

If you specify manual mapping, you match each source volume with a specific target volume in the profile.

## About this task

When manual mapping has been specified, you must enter each source and target volume on the Update Backup Profile panel. Once a profile is created using manual mapping, you cannot change the profile to auto mapping; you must recreate the profile and specify auto mapping.

**Note:** For SNAP and FlashCopy profiles, if you enter target ranges by unit, the target units are required to be offline during profile setup and execution. For DFSMSdss profiles, target units must be online during profile setup and backup execution.

## Procedure

- 1. Determine the source volumes for the specified subsystem. You can do this in several ways:
  - To build a list of all DB2 source volumes for the SSID, enter **VOLUME** in the **Option** line on the Update Backup Profile panel. When you press Enter, DB2 Recovery Expert determines the volumes that are being used by the specified DB2 subsystem. When the scan is complete, the comprehensive list of volumes is displayed in the scrollable **Volume Mappings** area.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/08 12:01:18
                                                  Scroll ===> PAGF
Option ===>
    Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
_____
 Creator: TUSER Name: SS9Z SNAP BACKUP
                                                      SSID: SS9Z
 Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method==> S(B/S/F/D/L)Current Generation==> 00Backup Scope==> F(Full/Data)Setup Needed==> YBackup Generations==> 01(01 - 99)Issue Log Suspend ==> N(Yes/No)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y (Yes/No)
                                Enable Obj Restore==> N (Yes/No)
 ----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 16
     Source Dev Src Target
 Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                   Message Area
     ARQ160 3390-1 7760
ARQ161 3390-1 7761
ARQ162 3390-1 7762
     ARQ163
             3390-1 7763
             3390-1 7764
     AR0164
```

Each volume listed was detected by DB2 Recovery Expert to be in use by the specified DB2 subsystem. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel. You should review any messages that appear in the **Message Area**.

• To enter a range of DB2 source volumes, enter **SOURCE** in the **Option** line. When you press Enter, the Enter a Source Range window is displayed.

Enter a Source Range	
Beginning Source Range	7500
Ending Source Range	7800

Enter a beginning and ending range of source units. When you press Enter, DB2 Recovery Expert scans the source volumes in the supplied range and determines if the volumes can be used. A volume list appears on the Update Backup Profile panel if the source scan is successful. If an error occurs, review the error message. You should also review any informational messages that appear in the **Message Area**. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel.

• You can manually input source volumes using the **I** line command and entering the source volume in the **Source Volumes** column.

To clear all source (and target) mappings from the profile, enter the **CLEAR** command in the **Option** line.

- 2. Enter one or more target volume(s) for each source volume. You can enter target units for each source volume in several ways:
  - Next to each source volume, enter corresponding target unit(s) in the **Target Units** area. The target units must reside on the same array as the paired source volumes.
  - You can enter **TGTSEL** in the **Option** line. The Enter Target Selection Range window is displayed.

```
Enter Target Selection Range
```

Beginning Target Range 7700 Ending Target Range 7800

Enter a beginning and ending range of target units. When you press Enter, a list of target volumes in the specified range is displayed:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Target Selection ----- 2016/01/08 12:12:24
Option ===>
                                         Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: S - Select B - Block select
----- Selection Criteria -----
CUU: *
          SYM#: *
                       BCV Only: N Volser: *
Enter by Generation N
 ----- Row 1 of 257 +>
Cmd CUU SYM# BCV Volser DevType Status Paired Relationships
    7700 0962 No ARQ100 3390-1
    7701 0963 No ARQ101 3390-1
7702 0964 No ARQ102 3390-1
    7703 0965 No ARQ103 3390-1
    7704 0966 No ARQ104 3390-1
7705 0967 No ARQ105 3390-1
    7706 0968 No ARQ106 3390-1
    7707 0969 No
                  ARQ107 3390-1
    7708 096A No
                  ARQ108 3390-1
                  ARQ109 3390-1
    7709 096B No
    770A 096C No
                  ARQ10A 3390-1
```

The selection fields at the top of the panel allow you to limit the list of volumes displayed.

- **CUU** Enter a UCB name or mask to further limit the displayed list.
- **SYM#** If the volumes are on a Symmetrix array, you can enter a Symmetrix name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

#### BCV Only

- Enter Y in this field to limit the list to only BCVs.
- **Volser** Enter a volume serial name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

#### Enter by generation

The Enter by Generation field determines how the target unit fields

are populated once you have made your target selections. If you enter N in the **Enter by Generation** field, volumes are assigned sequentially as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
target unit 2
Volume 2 - target unit 3
target unit 4
```

If you enter Y in the **Enter by Generation** field, volumes are assigned as follows:

Volume 1 - target unit 1 target unit 3 Volume 2 - target unit 2 target unit 4

The following fields are on this panel:

- **CUU** The UCB of the target unit.
- **SYM#** The Symmetrix number of the target unit.
- **BCV** This column contains Y if the unit is a BCV, and N if the target unit is not a BCV.
- **Volser** The volume serial number associated with this target unit, if any.

#### DevType

The volume's device type.

**Status** If the unit is a BCV, this field may contain the status of the target unit. NEVER indicates the target unit has never been paired in a BCV relationship. ESTAB indicates the target unit is currently established to a source unit.

## **Paired Relationships**

This field contains information on any pairings that may be established for this target unit. If this target unit is paired with any source volume, the pairings are displayed in a comma separated list as AAAA-BBBB-CCCCCC, where AAAA is the CUU number, BBBB is the SYM number, and CCCCCC is the volume serial number, if one exists; if not \*\*\*\*\*\* is displayed.

To select a target unit, enter **S** in the line command area next to the target. To block select, place a **B** in the first target unit and the last target unit to be selected. When you have finished selecting target units, press PF3 (END).

You can enter **TARGET** in the **Option** line. The Enter a Target Range window is displayed.

```
Enter a Target Range
Beginning Target Range 7500
Ending Target Range 7600
Enter by Generation N
```

Enter a beginning and ending range of target units. The **Enter by Generation** field determines how the target unit fields are populated. If you enter **N** in the **Enter by Generation** field, DB2 Recovery Expert assigns volumes sequentially as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
target unit 2
Volume 2 - target unit 3
target unit 4
```

If you enter **Y** in the **Enter by Generation** field, DB2 Recovery Expert assigns volumes as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
target unit 3
Volume 2 - target unit 2
target unit 4
```

When you press Enter, the target units are mapped. If an error occurs, review the message in the **Message Area**. If no target appears in the **Target Units** field, no target unit in the specified range could be matched to a source volume. The target and source cannot be matched if the target and source are on different Symmetrix arrays.

Successful results of the **TARGET** command are shown in the following example:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Update Backup Profile ---- 2016/01/08 12:23:02
Option ===>
                                                                  Scroll ===> PAGE
      Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
     _____
Creator: TUSER Name: SS9Z SNAP BACKUP
                                                                       SSID: SS97
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options ------
Backup Method => S (B/S/F/D/L) Current Generation=> 00
Backup Scope => F (Full/Data) Setup Needed => Y
Backup Generations=> 01(01 - 99) Issue Log Suspend => N (Yes/No)
Offload Options => N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols => Y (Yes/No)
                                             Enable Obj Restore=> N (Yes/No)
----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 16 +
Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                               Message Area

        ARQ160
        3390-1
        7760
        7700

        ARQ161
        3390-1
        7761
        7701

        ARQ162
        3390-1
        7762
        7702

        ARQ163
        3390-1
        7763
        7703

      ARQ164 3390-1 7764 7704
```

- **3.** You can modify the source/target volume mappings by doing any of the following:
  - If you want to enter additional mappings (a source volume and its related target units), enter **I** in the line command area. To delete a mapping, enter **D** in the line command area.
  - To exclude a volume, enter X in the line command area next to a volume. If you exclude a volume, DB2 Recovery Expert will not include the volume in the backup. The resulting backup will be tagged as a partial backup, which cannot be used for a system restore. However, a partial backup may be used to restore individual objects if you have enabled the object restore function. To undo an excluded volume, enter U in the line command area.
  - To clear all target units from the mappings in the profile, enter the **TGTCLR** command in the **Option** line. To clear all source and target mappings from the profile, enter the **CLEAR** command in the **Option** line.
  - To display more volume mappings, you can toggle the header fields on and off by entering the **HEADER** command in the **Option** line.
  - To save the information you entered without ending your edit session, enter the **SAVE** command in the **Option** line.

4. When you have completed volume mapping, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

# Creating an EMC BCV backup profile

When using BCV devices for backups, DB2 Recovery Expert establishes a BCV device to each DB2 source volume during profile setup. When a backup is requested, the BCV mirror is split from the DB2 source volume. If multiple generations are being maintained, the next generation BCV mirror is then established. The split BCV device can be used as a point-in-time backup for restore operations. DB2 Recovery Expert can maintain up to seven generations of backups using the BCV methodology.

## About this task

When using the BCV backup methods, DB2 Recovery Expert will automatically vary all target units offline when the backup is taken. These target units will be exact copies of the source units they are paired with. It is not necessary or recommended to vary the target volumes back online in preparation for the next backup.

## Procedure

1. From the Backup Profile Display panel specify **C** in the **Cmd** line and press Enter. The Enter Backup Profile Type panel opens.

Enter Backup Profile Type ARY\$BPTP Backup Profile Type C (S=System, C=Combined SLB)

**2**. Specify **S** in the **Backup Profile Type** field. Press Enter. The Enter New Backup Profile Options window is displayed.

```
Enter New Backup Profile Options
Creator TUSERDH
Profile Name
Description
DB2 SSID S89Z (? for system list)
Backup Method B (Bcv/Snap/Flash/Db2/dfsmsdss(L))
Source/
Target Mapping M (Auto discover/pool mapping,
Stogroup discover/pool mapping,
Manual)
Update Option U (Update, View only, No access)
Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

3. Specify the fields on this window as follows:

#### Creator

This field is automatically filled in with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.

#### Profile name

Type a name for the profile, up to 30 characters.

#### Description

(Optional) Type in a profile description.

#### DB2 SSID

Specify the DB2 subsystem for the profile in this field. To view and select from a list of subsystems, enter a question mark (?) in the field and press Enter. The SSID Selection panel is displayed. This panel lists the available subsystems and indicates whether they are active or inactive. Select a subsystem by entering S next to the subsystem and pressing Enter.

#### **Backup Method**

Enter B for BCV backup.

#### Source/Target Mapping

Enter M to manually enter each source to target volume mapping. M is the only valid value for BCV profiles.

#### **Update Option**

This option controls how other users can use your profile. U allows others to update the profile. V allows others to view but not update the profile. N prevents others from viewing or updating the profile.

4. Press Enter. The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/07 18:24:43
                                                              Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
  _____
 Creator: TUSER Name: E81A BCV
                                                                  SSID: S897
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method==> B (B/S/F/D/L)Current Generation==> 00Backup Scope==> F (Full/Data)Setup Needed==> YBackup Generations==> 01(01 - 08)Issue Log Suspend ==> N (Yes/No)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y (Yes/No)
Source Stogroups ==> Y (Yes/No/Update) Enable Obj Restore==> N (Yes/No)

      Target Pool
      ==> Y (Yes/No/Update) Incremental Generation ==> N

      -------
      Volume Mappings -------

      Row 1 of

                                                                    Row 1 of 1
Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                           Message Area
 I PRESS ENTER FOR NEW LINE
```

The following fields will be read-only upon profile creation:

#### **Backup Method**

Specifies the backup method used for this profile. This field will contain B for BCV backup.

#### **Current generation**

When you first create a profile, this field will be set to 00 and will be read only. After the profile has been built and submitted, this field will contain the generation that is currently mirroring DB2.

## Setup Needed

When you create a profile, this field will be set to Y and will be read only. The profile setup process must be executed the first time a profile is built and the resulting job submitted. Once profile setup has been performed, this field will contain N when you update the profile. If you update a profile and change the volume configuration, number of generations, or backup type, re-running profile setup will be required and this field will be reset to Y.

#### **Incremental Generation**

This field contains the generation status of the backup that will be produced on the next execution of the profile. The value Y indicates that the backup is incremental. A value of N indicates that the backup is not incremental. This value is always set to N for BCV backups.

5. Specify the following fields:

#### **Backup Scope**

Indicate if you want a full backup taken (both data and logs) or to back up data only. Note that if you specify data only and DB2 Recovery Expert detects log data on the volumes during the backup, the backup will proceed without error only if all DB2 log and data volumes have been included in the profile. In this case, the backup will be flagged as a "mixed data" backup and you will only be able to restore both the data and the logs.

#### **Backup Generations**

Enter the number of generations of backups you want to keep. Valid values are 1 to 8. The number of backup generations that will be available for restoration will be one less than the value you enter here, because one generation is always established to mirror the DB2 source volumes.

**Note:** If you specify a single (1) generation, when the backup job is executed the BCVs are split, but DB2 Recovery Expert does not establish another generation because only one generation can exist. Instead, the backup profile is marked as "Setup Needed". In order to use this profile to create another backup, you must run profile setup. This will re-establish the one and only generation and start the mirroring process so the BCVs can be split to create the next backup.

Note that running profile setup again will destroy the backup represented by this one generation of BCVs, because the BCVs will begin mirroring the current set of DB2 source volumes once they are re-established.

#### **Offload Options**

Enter Y in this field if you want to retain more backups than the number specified in the **Backup Generations** field. If you specify this option, older backups will be offloaded to another device (such as tape or other volumes). When you initially select this option, the Offload Options window will be displayed. If you edit the profile at a later time and wish to update the offload options, type **U** in this field.

**Note:** If you are planning on using a system level backup to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote site using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature, you must set the **Offload Options** field for the system level backup to Y. This will offload the system level backup to tape so that it can be transported to the remote disaster recovery site.

## **Issue Log Suspend**

Specify whether you want DB2 Recovery Expert to stop all logging activity on the subsystem while the backup is made. Enter Y to suspend logging activity; logging will resume after the backup has completed. If the Symmetrix arrays are equipped with ECA (Enginuity Consistency Assist), you can enter N in this field to allow ECA to manage the log suspension. Note that if any of the Symmetrix devices do not support ECA, the log is automatically suspended.

#### Validate DB2 Vols

If you enter Y in this field, every time the backup job is run DB2 Recovery Expert will determine what volumes the subsystem is using and ensure the volumes are included in the backup. The profile setup process will always validate volumes, among other profile setup procedures.

#### **Enable Obj Restore**

If you want to enable DB2 Recovery Expert's object level recovery from backups created by this profile, type Y in this field. During backup, information is saved about object data sets that allows objects to be individually restored later. See Chapter 11, "Recovering database objects," on page 289 for more information on recovery objects.

#### Source Stogroups

This field only appears on this panel if the **Stogroup discover/pool mapping** option was selected when the profile was created (specify **S** in the **Source/Target Mapping** field from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel.) Enter **Y** in this field to open the Source Stogroup Selection panel where you will enter each source SMS storage group associated with the DB2 subsystem. Enter **U** in this field to open the Source Stogroup Selection panel where you can edit the source SMS storage groups that have been associated with the DB2 subsystem.

#### **Target Pool**

This field only appears on this panel if one of the auto mapping options was selected when the profile was created (specify **S** for **Stogroup discover/pool mapping** or **A** for **Auto discover/pool mapping** in the **Target Mapping** field from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel.) Enter Y in this field to open the Target Pool Selection panel where you will enter a range of target volumes or a list of storage groups to use for backup volumes. The target volumes that you enter will be selected from at the time of the backup. You can enter a **U** to open the Target Pool Selection window and edit the target volumes or storage groups that have been specified.

6. Specify source and target volumes.

# Specifying source volumes for an EMC BCV backup profile

You can select the source volumes to be included in the BCV backup profile in one of several ways. You can select from a list, specify a range, or enter each manually.

## Procedure

- 1. On the Update Backup Profile panel, you can specify source volumes in several ways:
  - To build a list of all DB2 source volumes for the SSID, enter **VOLUME** in the **Option** line. When you press Enter, DB2 Recovery Expert determines the

volumes that are being used by the specified DB2 subsystem. When the scan is complete, the comprehensive list of volumes appears in the scrollable display area.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/07 18:29:27
Option ===>
                                                  Scroll ===> PAGE
Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
     _____
Creator: TUSERDH Name: S89Z BCV
                                                       SSID: S89Z
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
 ----- Backup Options ------
Backup Method ==> B (B/S/F/D/L) Current Generation==> 00
Backup Scope ==> F (Full/Data) Setup Needed ==> Y
                                     Setup Needed ==> Y
                                     Issue Log Suspend ==> N(Yes/No)
Backup Generations==> 01(01 - 08)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y(Yes/No)
                                     Enable Obj Restore==> N(Yes/No)
   ----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 16
     Source Dev Src Target
Volumes Type Unit Units
 Cmd Volumes Type Unit
ARQ100 3390-1 7700
                                     Message Area
     ARQ101
              3390-1 7701
     ARQ102
ARQ103
              3390-1 7702
              3390-1 7703
     ARQ104
              3390-1 7704
```

Each volume listed was detected by DB2 Recovery Expert to be in use by the specified DB2 subsystem. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel. You should review any messages that appear in the **Message Area**.

• To specify a range of source volumes to back up, enter **SOURCE** in the **Option** line. When you press Enter, the Enter a Source Range window is displayed.

```
Enter a Source Range
Beginning Source Range AB4D
Ending Source Range 1BCF
```

Enter a beginning and ending range of source units. When you press Enter, DB2 Recovery Expert retrieves a list of source volumes in the supplied range that are online and that are capable of fast replication. This list may include volumes that do not contain data or logs for the specified SSID. If an error occurs, review the error message. Use the UP and DOWN commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel. You should also review any informational messages that appear in the **Message Area**.

- You can manually input source volumes using the **I** line command and entering the source volume in the **Source Volumes** column.
- 2. You can modify the source volume mappings by doing any of the following:
  - If you want to enter additional mappings (a source volume and its related target units), enter **I** in the line command area. To delete a mapping, enter **D** in the line command area.
  - To exclude a volume, enter **X** in the line command area next to a volume. If you exclude a volume, DB2 Recovery Expert will not include the volume in

the backup. The resulting backup will be tagged as a partial backup, which cannot be used for a system restore. However, a partial backup may be used to restore individual objects if you have enabled the object restore function. To undo an excluded volume, enter U in the line command area.

- To clear all source (and target) mappings from the profile, enter the **CLEAR** command in the **Option** line.
- To display more volume mappings, you can toggle the header fields on and off by entering the **HEADER** command in the **Option** line.
- To save the information you entered without ending your edit session, enter the **SAVE** command in the **Option** line.
- **3**. When you have completed volume mapping, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

# Specifying target volumes for an EMC BCV backup profile

You can select the target volumes to be included in the EMC BCV backup profile in one of several ways. You can select from a list, specify a range, or enter each manually.

## Before you begin

For BCV backup profiles, the target units to be selected must be offline.

## Procedure

- 1. On the Update Backup Profile panel, you can enter target units for each source volume in one of several ways:
  - Next to each source volume, enter corresponding target unit(s) in the Target Units area. The target units must be the same device type and reside on the same Symmetrix arrays as the paired source volumes.
  - You can enter **AUTOTGT** in the **Option** line. This command automatically fills in target BCVs that have a relationship with the source volume. If no relationship(s) exist, the **Target Units** field will remain blank.
  - You can enter **TGTSEL** in the **Option** line. The Enter Target Selection Range window is displayed.

Enter Target Selection Range Beginning Target Range 7800 Ending Target Range 7900

Enter a beginning and ending range of target units. When you press Enter, a list of target volumes in the specified range is displayed:

The selection fields at the top of the panel allow you to limit the list of volumes displayed.

CUU Enter a UCB name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

**SYM#** Enter a Symmetrix name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

#### **BCV Only**

Enter Y in this field to limit the list to only BCVs.

**Volser** Enter a volume serial name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

#### Enter by generation

The **Enter by Generation** field determines how the target unit fields are populated once you have made your target selections. If you enter N in the **Enter by Generation** field, volumes are assigned sequentially as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
target unit 2
Volume 2 - target unit 3
target unit 4
```

If you enter Y in the **Enter by Generation** field, volumes are assigned as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
target unit 3
Volume 2 - target unit 2
target unit 4
```

The following fields are on this panel:

- **CUU** The UCB of the target unit.
- **SYM#** The Symmetrix number of the target unit.
- **BCV** This column contains Y if the unit is a BCV, and N if the target unit is not a BCV.

**Volser** The volume serial number associated with this target unit, if any.

DevType

The volume's device type.

**Status** If the unit is a BCV, this field may contain the status of the target unit. NEVER indicates the target unit has never been paired in a BCV relationship. ESTAB indicates the target unit is currently established to a source unit.

#### **Paired Relationships**

This field contains information on any pairings that may be established for this target unit. If this target unit is paired with any source volume, the pairings are displayed in a comma separated list as AAAA-BBBB-CCCCCC, where AAAA is the CUU number, BBBB is the SYM number, and CCCCCC is the volume serial number, if one exists; if not \*\*\*\*\* is displayed.

To select a target unit, enter S in the line command area next to the target. To select several target units as a block, place a B in the first target unit and the last target unit to be selected. When you have finished selecting target units, press PF3 (END).

You can enter **TARGET** in the **Option** line. The Enter a Target Range window is displayed.

```
Enter a Target Range
```

Beginning Target Range 7800 Ending Target Range 7900 Enter by Generation Ν

> Enter a beginning and ending range of target units. The **Enter by Generation** field determines how the target unit fields are populated. If you enter N in the Enter by Generation field, DB2 Recovery Expert assigns volumes sequentially as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
            target unit 2
Volume 2 - target unit 3
           target unit 4
```

If you enter Y in the Enter by Generation field, DB2 Recovery Expert assigns volumes as follows:

```
Volume 1 - target unit 1
            target unit 3
Volume 2 - target unit 2
           target unit 4
```

When you press Enter, the target units are mapped to the source volumes. If an error occurs, review the message in the Message Area. If no target appears in the Target Units field, no target unit in the specified range could be matched to a source volume. The target and source cannot be matched if the device types do not match or the target and source are on different Symmetrix arrays.

Successful results of the TARGET command are shown in the following example. The **TARGET** command was entered with the range 7800 to 7900.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/07 18:41:04
                                                Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
    Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
 _____
Creator: TUSER Name: S89Z BCV
                                              SSID: S89Z
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method==> B (B/S/F/D/L)Current Generation=> 00Backup Scope==> F (Full/Data)Setup Needed=> Y
                                  Setup Needed => Y
Issue Log Suspend => N (Yes/No)
Backup Generations==> 01(01 - 08)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols => Y (Yes/No)
                                 Enable Obj Restore=> N (Yes/No)
      ----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 16
     Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                   Message Area
     ARQ100 3390-1 7700 7800
ARQ101 3390-1 7701 7801
     ARQ102 3390-1 7702 7802
     ARQ103 3390-1 7703 7803
ARQ104 3390-1 7704 7804
```

- 2. You can modify the target volume mappings by doing any of the following:
  - If you want to enter additional mappings (a source volume and its related target units), enter **I** in the line command area. To delete a mapping, enter **D** in the line command area.
  - To exclude a volume, enter X in the line command area next to a volume. If you exclude a volume, DB2 Recovery Expert will not include the volume in the backup. The resulting backup will be tagged as a partial backup, which cannot be used for a system restore. However, a partial backup may be used to restore individual objects if you have enabled the object restore function. To undo an excluded volume, enter U in the line command area.
  - To clear all target units from the mappings in the profile, enter the **TGTCLR** command in the **Option** line. To clear all source and target mappings from the profile, enter the **CLEAR** command in the **Option** line.
  - To display more volume mappings, you can toggle the header fields on and off by entering the **HEADER** command in the **Option** line.
  - To save the information you entered without ending your edit session, enter the SAVE command in the Option line.
- **3**. When you have completed volume mapping, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

# Creating a backup profile using the DB2 backup method

DB2 Recovery Expert's DB2 backup method uses the BACKUP SYSTEM utility to create the backup, but provides additional functionality over the standard utility. DB2 Recovery Expert validates the proper DASD configuration and can provide object recovery from the system backup, even if the underlying object data sets have moved or have been deleted. DB2 Recovery Expert also supports a full system restore from a backup (both data and logs).

## About this task

Only one DB2 backup profile can be created per subsystem.

## Procedure

1. From the Backup Profile Display panel, specify C in the **Cmd** line and press Enter. The Enter Backup Profile Type panel opens.

```
Enter Backup Profile Type
ARY$BPTP
Backup Profile Type C (S=System, C=Combined SLB)
```

**2**. Specify **S** in the **Backup Profile Type** field. Press Enter. The Enter New Backup Profile Options panel opens.

```
Enter New Backup Profile Options
Creator
                TUSER
Profile Name
               T9B1 - DB2
Description
DB2 SSID
               T9B1 (? for system list)
Backup Method
               D (Bcv/Snap/Flash/Db2/dfsmsdss(L))
Source/
               M (Auto discover/pool mapping,
Target Mapping
                   Stogroup discover/pool mapping,
                   Manual)
Update Option U (Update, View only, No access)
```

3. Specify the fields on this window as follows:

#### Creator

This field is automatically filled in with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.

#### Profile name

Type a name for the profile, up to 30 characters.

#### Description

(Optional) Type in a profile description.

#### DB2 SSID

Specify the DB2 subsystem for the profile in this field. To view and select from a list of subsystems, enter a question mark (?) in the field and press Enter. The SSID Selection panel is displayed. This panel lists the available subsystems and indicates whether they are active or inactive. Select a subsystem by entering S next to the subsystem and pressing Enter.

#### **Backup Method**

Enter D for DB2 backup.

#### **Target Mapping**

Specify M in this field. It is the only valid value for DB2 backup profiles. Volume mapping is handled by DFSMShsm.

## **Update Option**

This option controls how other users can use your profile. The value U

allows others to update the profile. The value V allows others to view but not update the profile. The value N prevents others from viewing or updating the profile.

4. Press Enter. The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed.

The following fields will be read-only upon profile creation:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/13 00:11:56
                                                        Scroll ===> CSR
Option ===>
     Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
 _____
Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DB2
                                                          SSID: T9B1
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method==> D(B/S/F/D/L)Current Generation==> 00Backup Scope==> F(Full/Data)Setup Needed==> YBackup Generations==> 03(01 - 99)Issue Log Suspend ==> N (Yes/No)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y (Yes/No)
Alt. Copy Pool ==> Y (Yes/No/Update) Enable Obj Restore==> N (Yes/No)
                                    Incremental Generation ==> Y
----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 48 +
    Source Dev Src Target
Volumes Type Unit Volumes Message Area
Cmd
    ARQ160 3390-1 7760 ARQ16A
                            ARQ17A
                           AR0172
     ARQ161 3390-1 7761 ARQ16B
                           ARQ17B
                            AR0173
     ARQ162 3390-1 7762 ARQ16C
                           ARQ17C
                           AR0174
     ARQ163 3390-1 7763 ARQ16D
                           ARQ17D
                            ARQ175
     AR0164 3390-1 7764 AR016E
```

#### **Backup Method**

The backup method used for this profile. This field will contain a D for DB2 backup.

#### **Current generation**

When you first create a profile, this field will be set to 00. After the profile has been built and submitted, this field will contain the generation that is currently mirroring DB2.

#### **Backup Generations**

This number is determined by the number of backup versions defined in the DFSMShsm backup storage group copy pool.

**Note:** If you have configured the SMS Copy Pool(s) for the DB2 data and logs to have a value of zero (0) in the **Replicate Backup Versions** option, DB2 Recovery Expert will also automatically set the **Backup Generations** field to zero (0). With this setting, a savable system backup copy is not created on disk. In order to have a copy of the system backup, you must offload the system backup copy to tape using the **Offload Options** field. The **Offload Options** field is described in the following step.

#### Setup Needed

When you create a profile, this field will be set to Y. The profile setup process must be executed the first time a profile is built and the

resulting job submitted. Once profile setup has been performed, this field will contain N when you update the profile. If you update a profile and change the volume configuration, number of generations, or backup scope, you must run the profile setup again and this field will be reset to Y.

## **Issue Log Suspend**

For DB2 backups, DB2 Recovery Expert automatically sets this field to N. The DB2 BACKUP SYSTEM utility ensures that the system backup is at a consistent recoverable point; log suspension is not needed.

## **Incremental Generation**

This field contains the generation status of the backup that will be produced on the next execution of the profile. The value Y indicates that the backup is incremental. A value of N indicates that the backup is not incremental. When you first create a profile, this field is set to N. You can set this value to Y using the START-INCREMENTAL keyword in the system backup job.

5. Specify the following fields:

## Backup Scope

Indicate if you want a full backup taken (both data and logs) or to back up data only. Note that if you specify data only and DB2 Recovery Expert detects log data on the volumes during the backup, the backup will proceed without error only if all DB2 log and data volumes have been included in the profile. In this case, the backup will be flagged as a "mixed data" backup and you will only be able to restore both the data and the logs.

## **Offload Options**

Enter Y in this field if you want to retain more backups than the number specified in the **Backup Generations** field. If you specify this option, DB2 Recovery Expert will offload older backups to another device (such as tape or other volumes). When you initially set this option to Y, the Offload Options screen will be displayed. You will use the Offload Options screen to set the options that will be used to offload the system backup. If you edit the profile at a later time and wish to update the offload options, type U in this field.

## Note:

- If DB2 Recovery Expert has set the **Backup Generations** field to zero (0) based on the value defined in the storage group copy pool, and you need to create a system backup on tape, you must set the **Offload Options** to Y.
- If you are planning on using a system level backup to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote site using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature, you must set the **Offload Options** field for the system level backup to Y. This will offload the system level backup to tape so that it can be transported to the remote disaster recovery site.

## Validate DB2 volumes

If you enter Y in this field, every time the backup job is run DB2 Recovery Expert will determine what volumes the subsystem is using and ensure the volumes are included in the backup. The profile setup process will always validate volumes, among other profile setup procedures.

## Alt. Copy Pool

Specifies whether alternate copy pool options have been specified for this profile. In DB2 V12 and above, an alternate copy pool allows you to create system-level backups on different target volumes. A value of **Y** in this field specifies that alternate copy pool options have been specified. A value of **N** specifies that alternate copy pool options have not been specified. Type a **Y** or a **U** and press Enter to specify or update the alternate copy pool options. The Specify Alternative Copy Pool Option panel opens.

## **Enable Obj Restore**

If you want to enable DB2 Recovery Expert object level recovery from backups created by this profile, type Y in this field. During backup, DB2 Recovery Expert saves information about object data sets that allows objects to be individually restored later. See Chapter 11, "Recovering database objects," on page 289 for more information of recovering objects.

- 6. Examine the source volume list that was created for the specified subsystem. Each source volume listed was detected by DB2 Recovery Expert to be in use by the specified DB2 subsystem. DB2 Recovery Expert obtains the volume mappings from your HSM configuration. All volumes associated with the SMS storage groups in use by DB2 will be listed. The target volumes from all the backup copy pool storage groups will also be listed and paired to source volumes. This panel shows what volumes will be backed up to which target volumes when the backup is executed. Volume mappings cannot be changed for this type of profile. Use the UP and DOWN commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel. You should review any messages that appear in the **Message Area**.
- 7. When you have completed editing the profile, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

# Specifying alternate copy pool options

You can specify alternate copy pool and backup storage groups to use when creating a system level backup.

## About this task

**Note:** Alternate copy pool options must be defined to DFSMS and can only be used for DB2 V12 and above.

If you choose to use alternate copy pool options, DB2 Recovery Expert system backup and restore using the DB2 backup method is impacted as follows:

- For a system backup job operation, the BACKUP SYSTEM command is generated with the keywords ALTERNATE\_CP, DBBSG, and LGBSG using the values specified in the Specify Alternative Copy Pool Option panel and included in the system backup profile.
- During a system restore job, DB2 Recovery Expert will validate that the backup exists in the primary copy pool. If the backup cannot be found in the primary copy pool and an alternate copy pool has been specified in the System Backup Profile, then DB2 Recovery Expert will validate that the backup exists in the alternate copy pool.
- For a HSM OFFLOAD job, DB2 Recovery Expert will validate that the backup exists in the primary copy pool. If the backup cannot be found in the primary copy pool and an alternate copy pool has been specified in the System Backup Profile, then DB2 Recovery Expert will validate that the backup exists in the

alternate copy pool. If the backup is found, then the FRBACKUP CP command is generated using the copy pool name where the backup was found.

## Procedure

- 1. Using SMS, create an alternate copy pool, a database copy pool backup, and the log copy pool backup.
- 2. From the Update Backup Profile, type a **Y** or a **U** in the **Alt. Copy Pool** field and press Enter. The Specify Alternative Copy Pool Option panel opens.

Specify Alternative Conv Pool Onti	ne
ARY\$BPAC	5115
Specify an alternate copy pool and backup	storage groups.
Note: These values will only be used for I	DB2 V12 and about.
Alternate Copy Pool Name ==>	(1-14 characters)
Database Copy Pool Backup ==>	(1-8 characters)
Log Copy Pool Backup ==>	(1-8 characters)

- **3**. Specify the name of the alternate copy pool that you created using SMS in the **Alternate Copy Pool Name** field.
- 4. Specify the database copy pool backup storage group that you created using SMS in the **Database Copy Pool Backup** field.
- 5. Specify the log copy pool backup storage group that you created using SMS in the Log Copy Pool Backup field.
- 6. Press PF3 to return to the Update Backup Profile panel.

# Creating a DFSMSdss backup profile

DB2 Recovery Expert can make backups using DFSMSdss. You might want to use DFSMSdss profiles if your site does not have fast replication hardware, or if your site's hardware does not support Snap or FlashCopy but supports other fast replication through DFSMSdss.

## Before you begin

For DFSMSdss backups, the target volumes must be online when profile setup is run and when the backup is taken. In addition, all target volumes must have their own unique volume serial.

## About this task

## Note:

- If fast replication is not used, the backup process may be lengthy depending on the number of volumes copied.
- If the storage array offers a fast replication utility, DB2 Recovery Expert can use the utility to create backups.

## Procedure

1. From the Backup Profile Display panel, specify C in the **Cmd** line and press Enter. The Enter Backup Profile Type panel opens.

```
Enter Backup Profile Type
ARY$BPTP
Backup Profile Type C (S=System, C=Combined SLB)
```

**2**. Specify **S** in the **Backup Profile Type** field. Press Enter. The Enter New Backup Profile Options window is displayed.

Enter	New Backup Profile Options
Creator	TUSER
Profile Name	T9B1 - DFSMSDSS
Description	
DB2 SSID	T9B1 (? for system list)
Backup Method	L (Bcv/Snap/Flash/Db2/dfsmsdss(L))
Source/ Target Mapping	A (Auto discover/pool mapping, Stogroup discover/pool mapping, Manual)
Update Option	U (Update, View only, No access)

**3**. Specify the fields on this window as follows:

#### Creator

This field is automatically filled with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.

## Profile name

Type a name for the profile, up to 30 characters.

#### Description

Optional: Type in a profile description.

#### DB2 SSID

Specify the DB2 subsystem for the profile in this field. To view and select from a list of subsystems, enter a question mark (?) in the field and press Enter. The SSID Selection panel is displayed. This panel lists the available subsystems and indicates whether they are active or inactive. Select a subsystem by entering S next to the subsystem and pressing Enter.

#### **Backup Method**

Enter L to specify DFSMSdss backup.

#### Source/Target Mapping

This field specifies how the source volumes will be determined and how they will be mapped to the target volumes. Users can specify one of the following:

• Type A to specify **Auto discover/pool mapping**. If you select this option, the source volumes will be automatically discovered at run time and mapped to target volumes using a pool of target volumes (either units or SMS storage groups).

- Type S to specify **Stogroup discover/pool mapping**. If you select this option, the source volumes will be discovered using SMS storage groups that you specifically enter for a DB2 system and these source volumes will be mapped to target volumes using a pool of target volumes (either units or SMS storage groups).
- Type M to specify **Manual** mapping. If you select this option you will manually enter the source volumes and map them to target volumes.

#### Update Option

This option controls how other users can use your profile. Specify the value U to allow others to update the profile. Specify the value V to allow others to view but not update the profile. Specify the value N to prevent others from viewing or updating the profile.

4. Press Enter. The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/13 00:21:31
                                                       Scroll ===> CSR
Option ===>
     Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
      _____
Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DFSMSDSS
                                               SSID: T9B1
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method ==> L (B/S/F/D/L) Current Generation==> 00
Backup Scope ==> F (Full/Data) Setup Needed ==> Y
Backup Generations==> 01 (01 - 99) Issue Log Suspend ==> Y (Yes/No)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y (Yes/No)
Source Stogroups ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Enable Obj Restore==> N (Yes/No)
Target Pool ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Incremental Generation ==> Y
----- Volume Inclusions/Exclusions ----- Row 1 of 1
Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Volumes Message Area
I PRESS ENTER FOR NEW LINE
```

The following fields will be read-only upon profile creation:

#### Backup Method

The backup method used for this profile. This field will contain L for DFSMSdss backup.

#### **Current generation**

When you first create a profile, this field will be set to 00. After the profile has been built and submitted, this field will contain the generation that is currently mirroring DB2.

#### Setup Needed

When you create a profile, this field will be set to Y. The profile setup process must be executed the first time a profile is built and the resulting job submitted. Once profile setup has been performed, this field will contain N when you update the profile. If you update a profile and change the volume configuration, number of generations, or backup scope, you must run the profile setup again and this field will be reset to Y.

## **Incremental Generation**

This field contains the generation status of the backup that will be produced on the next execution of the profile. The value Y indicates that the backup is incremental. A value of N indicates that the backup is not incremental. When you first create a profile, this field is set to N. You can set this value to Y using the START-INCREMENTAL keyword in the system backup job.

5. Specify the following fields:

## **Backup Scope**

Indicate if you want a full backup taken (both data and logs) or to back up data only. Note that if you specify data only and DB2 Recovery Expert detects log data on the volumes during the backup, the backup will proceed without error only if all DB2 log and data volumes have been included in the profile. In this case, the backup will be flagged as a "mixed data" backup and you will only be able to restore both the data and the logs.

## **Backup Generations**

Enter the number of generations of backups you want to keep. Valid values are 1 to 99.

## **Offload Options**

Enter Y in this field if you want to retain more backups than the number specified in the **Backup Generations** field. If you specify this option, DB2 Recovery Expert will offload older backups to another device (such as tape or other volumes). When you initially select this option, the Offload Options screen will be displayed. If you edit the profile at a later time and wish to update the offload options, type U in this field.

**Note:** If you are planning on using a system level backup to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote site using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature, you must set the **Offload Options** field for the system level backup to Y. This will offload the system level backup to tape so that it can be transported to the remote disaster recovery site.

## Source Stogroups

This field only appears on this panel if the **Stogroup discover/pool mapping** option was selected when the profile was created (specify **S** in the **Source/Target Mapping** field from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel.) Enter **Y** in this field to open the Source Stogroup Selection panel where you will enter all the source SMS storage groups associated with the DB2 subsystem. Enter **U** in this field to open the Source Stogroup Selection panel where you can edit the source SMS storage groups that have been associated with the DB2 subsystem.

## **Target Pool**

This field only appears on this panel if one of the auto mapping options was selected when the profile was created (specify **S** for **Stogroup discover/pool mapping** or **A** for **Auto discover/pool mapping** in the **Target Mapping** field from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel.) Enter Y in this field to open the Target Pool Selection panel where you will enter a range of target volumes or a list of storage groups to use for backup volumes. The target volumes that you enter will be selected from at the time of the backup. You can enter a **U** to open the Target Pool Selection window and edit the target volumes or storage groups that have been specified.

## **Issue Log Suspend**

Specify whether you want DB2 Recovery Expert to stop all logging activity on the subsystem while the backup is made. For DFSMSdss backups, log suspension is required; DB2 Recovery Expert automatically sets this field to Y.

#### Validate DB2 volumes

If you enter Y in this field, every time the backup job is run DB2 Recovery Expert will determine what volumes the subsystem is using and ensure the volumes are included in the backup. The profile setup process will always validate volumes, among other profile setup procedures.

#### **Enable Obj Restore**

If you want to enable DB2 Recovery Expert's object level recovery from backups created by this profile, type Y in this field. During backup, DB2 Recovery Expert saves information about object data sets that allows objects to be individually restored later. Refer to "Recovering objects using DB2 Recovery Expert" for more information about object level recovery.

6. Create the source and target volume mappings. The procedure depends on whether you selected the auto mapping or manual mapping method.

# Discovering source volumes using SMS storage groups

When creating an IBM FlashCopy, EMC SNAP, or DFSMSdss backup profile, you can specify that the source volumes will be discovered automatically using SMS storage groups that are specifically entered for the DB2 system.

## About this task

You will use the Source Stogroup Selection panel to enter each SMS storage group associated with the DB2 system for which you are creating a system backup.

## Procedure

- Specify S to select the auto mapping option Stogroup discover/pool mapping from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel. Press Enter. The Source Stogroups field is displayed on the Update Backup Profile panel.
- 2. Enter **Y** or **U** in the **Source Stogroups** field. The Update Backup Profile panel opens. The Target Pool Selection panel is displayed.

- 3. To specify a new storage group type the I line command in the blank Cmd line.
- 4. Specify the name of the SMS storage group in the Stogroup field.
- 5. When you have entered all SMS storage groups for the DB2 system, press PF3 (End). The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed. The **Source Stogroups** field contains a Y.
- 6. You can update the SMS source storage groups at any time by entering U in the **Source Stogroups** field of the Update Backup Profile panel and pressing Enter. The Source Stogroup Selection panel opens. In the **Cmd** field you can type the I line command to add a new storage group or the D line command to delete a storage group.
- 7. You can delete SMS storage groups that you have specified using the **D** line command in the **Source Stogroup Selection** panel. Type the **D** line command in the **Cmd** field next to the storage group that you want to delete.

# Using auto mapping for target volumes

When creating an IBM FlashCopy, EMC SNAP, or DFSMSdss backup profile, you can provide a target range of volumes and then allow DB2 Recovery Expert to automatically map the target volumes to source volumes during profile setup.

## About this task

Once a profile is created using one of the auto mapping options, you cannot change the profile to manual mapping; you must recreate the profile and specify manual mapping.

## Procedure

- Select one of the auto mapping options (specify A for Auto discover/pool mapping or S for Stogroup discover/pool mapping) from the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel. Press Enter. The Target Pool field is displayed on the Update Backup Profile panel.
- 2. Enter **Y** or **U** in the **Target Pool** field and press Enter. The Target Pool Selection panel is displayed.

**3**. Specify how you will enter the target ranges. Enter **S** to enter by SMS storage group. Note that if you specify storage groups, all volumes that are in the storage group must be online, both during profile setup and when the backup is run. Enter **U** to enter the ranges by unit (unit control block). Either **U** or **S** must be selected; a combination is not allowed. If you change this field, target information entered previously will be deleted.

#### Note:

- For SNAP and FlashCopy profiles, if you enter target ranges by unit, the target units are required to be offline during profile setup and execution. For DFSMSdss profiles, target units must be online during profile setup and backup execution.
- Once profile setup has been successfully run on the profile, the Enter by Unit or Stogroup field in the profile will become read-only and cannot be changed.
- 4. Enter the target units or storage groups in the **Enter Target Ranges** area. You can delete and insert target ranges by using the D and I line commands.
  - If entering by units, the **Start Unit** is the starting UCB address that will be used as a target and the **End Unit** is the ending UCB address that will be used as a target. These fields can only contain valid hexadecimal characters.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert will attempt to make use of all devices in the specified range. If there are specific devices that you do not want included in the target pool, you must enter multiple ranges that omit the volumes you want to exclude.

- If entering by SMS storage groups, enter the SMS storage groups. Each SMS storage group will be checked to see if it exists. If it does not exist, a message will be displayed. If after the message is displayed you press Enter again, the SMS storage group will be accepted, but you must make sure that the SMS storage group is created before the backup is executed.
- 5. When you have entered all target ranges, press PF3 (End). The Update Backup Profile panel is displayed. The **Target Pool** field now contains Y. To update target ranges, enter U in the **Target Pool** field and press Enter. You can also include or exclude source volumes using the line commands on the Update Backup Profile panel.
- 6. When you have completed volume mapping, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

# Using manual mapping for target volumes

If you specify manual mapping, you match each source volume with a specific target volume in the profile.

## About this task

When manual mapping has been specified, you must enter each source and target volume on the Update Backup Profile panel. Once a profile is created using manual mapping, you cannot change the profile to auto mapping; you must recreate the profile and specify auto mapping.

**Note:** For SNAP and FlashCopy profiles, if you enter target ranges by unit, the target units are required to be offline during profile setup and execution. For DFSMSdss profiles, target units must be online during profile setup and backup execution.

## Procedure

- 1. Determine the source volumes for the specified subsystem. You can do this in several ways:
  - To build a list of all DB2 source volumes for the SSID, enter **VOLUME** in the **Option** line on the Update Backup Profile panel. When you press Enter, DB2 Recovery Expert determines the volumes that are being used by the specified DB2 subsystem. When the scan is complete, the comprehensive list of volumes is displayed in the scrollable **Volume Mappings** area.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/08 12:01:18
                                                      Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
     Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
 _____
                                 _____
  Creator: TUSER Name: SS9Z SNAP BACKUP
                                                           SSID: SS9Z
 Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options ------
Backup Method ==> S (B/S/F/D/L) Current Generation==> 00
Backup Scope ==> F (Full/Data) Setup Needed ==> Y
Backup Generations==> 01 (01 - 99) Issue Log Suspend ==> N (Yes/No)
Offload Options ==> N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols ==> Y (Yes/No)
                                     Enable Obj Restore==> N (Yes/No)
     ----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 16
 Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                      Message Area
     AR0160 3390-1 7760
     ARQ161 3390-1 7761
ARQ162 3390-1 7762
ARQ163 3390-1 7763
      ARQ164 3390-1 7764
```

Each volume listed was detected by DB2 Recovery Expert to be in use by the specified DB2 subsystem. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel. You should review any messages that appear in the **Message Area**.

• To enter a range of DB2 source volumes, enter **SOURCE** in the **Option** line. When you press Enter, the Enter a Source Range window is displayed.

Beginning Source Range7500Ending Source Range7800

Enter a beginning and ending range of source units. When you press Enter, DB2 Recovery Expert scans the source volumes in the supplied range and determines if the volumes can be used. A volume list appears on the Update Backup Profile panel if the source scan is successful. If an error occurs, review the error message. You should also review any informational messages that appear in the **Message Area**. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more volumes than can be displayed on one panel.

• You can manually input source volumes using the **I** line command and entering the source volume in the **Source Volumes** column.

To clear all source (and target) mappings from the profile, enter the **CLEAR** command in the **Option** line.

- 2. Enter one or more target volume(s) for each source volume. You can enter target units for each source volume in several ways:
  - Next to each source volume, enter corresponding target unit(s) in the **Target Units** area. The target units must reside on the same array as the paired source volumes.
  - You can enter **TGTSEL** in the **Option** line. The Enter Target Selection Range window is displayed.

Enter Target Selection Range

Beginning Target Range 7700 Ending Target Range 7800

Enter a beginning and ending range of target units. When you press Enter, a list of target volumes in the specified range is displayed:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Target Selection ----- 2016/01/08 12:12:24
                                                        Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
Line Commands: S - Select B - Block select
----- Selection Criteria -----
                              BCV Only: N
CUU: *
               SYM#: *
                                               Volser: *
Enter by Generation N
----- Row 1 of 257
Cmd CUU SYM# BCV Volser DevType Status Paired Relationships
     7700 0962 No ARQ100 3390-1
7701 0963 No ARQ101 3390-1

        7702
        0964
        No
        ARQ102
        3390-1

        7703
        0965
        No
        ARQ103
        3390-1

        7704
        0966
        No
        ARQ104
        3390-1

     7705 0967 No ARQ105 3390-1
     7706 0968 No
                        ARQ106 3390-1
     7707 0969 No ARQ107 3390-1
     7708 096A No ARQ108 3390-1
     7709 096B No
                       ARQ109 3390-1
     770A 096C No
                        ARQ10A 3390-1
```

The selection fields at the top of the panel allow you to limit the list of volumes displayed.

- **CUU** Enter a UCB name or mask to further limit the displayed list.
- **SYM#** If the volumes are on a Symmetrix array, you can enter a Symmetrix name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

#### BCV Only

Enter Y in this field to limit the list to only BCVs.

**Volser** Enter a volume serial name or mask to further limit the displayed list.

#### Enter by generation

The **Enter by Generation** field determines how the target unit fields are populated once you have made your target selections. If you enter N in the **Enter by Generation** field, volumes are assigned sequentially as follows:

Volume 1 - target unit 1 target unit 2 Volume 2 - target unit 3 target unit 4

If you enter Y in the **Enter by Generation** field, volumes are assigned as follows:

Volume	1	-	target	unit	1
			target	unit	3
Volume	2	-	target	unit	2
			target	unit	4

The following fields are on this panel:

**CUU** The UCB of the target unit.

- **SYM#** The Symmetrix number of the target unit.
- **BCV** This column contains Y if the unit is a BCV, and N if the target unit is not a BCV.
- **Volser** The volume serial number associated with this target unit, if any.

DevType

The volume's device type.

**Status** If the unit is a BCV, this field may contain the status of the target unit. NEVER indicates the target unit has never been paired in a BCV relationship. ESTAB indicates the target unit is currently established to a source unit.

#### **Paired Relationships**

This field contains information on any pairings that may be established for this target unit. If this target unit is paired with any source volume, the pairings are displayed in a comma separated list as AAAA-BBBB-CCCCCC, where AAAA is the CUU number, BBBB is the SYM number, and CCCCCC is the volume serial number, if one exists; if not \*\*\*\*\*\* is displayed.

To select a target unit, enter **S** in the line command area next to the target. To block select, place a **B** in the first target unit and the last target unit to be selected. When you have finished selecting target units, press PF3 (END).

• You can enter **TARGET** in the **Option** line. The Enter a Target Range window is displayed.

```
Enter a Target Range
Beginning Target Range 7500
Ending Target Range 7600
Enter by Generation N
```

Enter a beginning and ending range of target units. The **Enter by Generation** field determines how the target unit fields are populated. If you enter **N** in the **Enter by Generation** field, DB2 Recovery Expert assigns volumes sequentially as follows:

Volume 1 -	target	unit	1
	target	unit	2
Volume 2 -	target	unit	3
	target	unit	4

If you enter **Y** in the **Enter by Generation** field, DB2 Recovery Expert assigns volumes as follows:

Volume	1	-	target	unit	1
			target	unit	3
Volume	2	-	target	unit	2
			target	unit	4

When you press Enter, the target units are mapped. If an error occurs, review the message in the **Message Area**. If no target appears in the **Target Units** field, no target unit in the specified range could be matched to a source volume. The target and source cannot be matched if the target and source are on different Symmetrix arrays.

Successful results of the **TARGET** command are shown in the following example:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/01/08 12:23:02
                                               Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
    Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
 _____
Creator: TUSER Name: SS9Z SNAP BACKUP
                                                   SSID: SS9Z
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
----- Backup Options -----
Backup Method => S (B/S/F/D/L) Current Generation=> 00
Backup Scope => F (Full/Data) Setup Needed => Y
                                 Setup Needed => Y
Issue Log Suspend => N (Yes/No)
Backup Generations=> 01(01 - 99)
Offload Options => N (Yes/No/Update) Validate DB2 Vols => Y (Yes/No)
                                 Enable Obj Restore=> N (Yes/No)
     ----- Volume Mappings ----- Row 1 of 16 +
    Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                  Message Area
    ARQ160 3390-1 7760 7700
ARQ161 3390-1 7761 7701
    ARQ162 3390-1 7762 7702
    ARQ163
ARQ164
            3390-1 7763 7703
            3390-1 7764 7704
```

- **3**. You can modify the source/target volume mappings by doing any of the following:
  - If you want to enter additional mappings (a source volume and its related target units), enter **I** in the line command area. To delete a mapping, enter **D** in the line command area.
  - To exclude a volume, enter X in the line command area next to a volume. If you exclude a volume, DB2 Recovery Expert will not include the volume in the backup. The resulting backup will be tagged as a partial backup, which cannot be used for a system restore. However, a partial backup may be used to restore individual objects if you have enabled the object restore function. To undo an excluded volume, enter U in the line command area.
  - To clear all target units from the mappings in the profile, enter the **TGTCLR** command in the **Option** line. To clear all source and target mappings from the profile, enter the **CLEAR** command in the **Option** line.
  - To display more volume mappings, you can toggle the header fields on and off by entering the **HEADER** command in the **Option** line.
  - To save the information you entered without ending your edit session, enter the **SAVE** command in the **Option** line.
- 4. When you have completed volume mapping, press PF3 to save your profile and exit.

## About offload options

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to offload backups to tape (or another disk location if you choose). You can define various options for offloads depending on the backup method selected. When you build a backup profile and set the **Perform Offload** field to Y, DB2 Recovery Expert offloads the backup per your specifications when the job is run. You specify how many generations of backups you want to keep. DB2 Recovery Expert "rolls off" the oldest copy if required.

# Setting offload options for IBM FlashCopy, EMC SNAP, EMC BCV, and DFSMSdss backups

When offloading backups to tape (or another disk location if you choose) for IBM FlashCopy, EMC BCV,, EMC SNAP, and DFSMSdss backups, you can specify the backup destination, data set naming conventions, and other options to meet your site's needs.

# About this task

Offload options are set in each backup profile.

**Note:** If you enter offload options and later change the **Offload Options** field to N, the offload options all will be reset to their defaults.

## Procedure

1. The first time you create a profile, specify Y in the Offload Options field in the Update Backup Profile panel and press Enter. When you later edit a profile, enter U in the Offload Options field and press Enter. In either case the Offload Options panel opens:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Offload Options ----- 2016/01/13 01:04:41
Option ===>
Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DFSMSDSS
                                                      SSID: T9B1
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
                       _____
Enter the Offload options to associate with this Backup profile:
Local Primary ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
Local Backup ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
Local Backup ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
Recovery Site Primary ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
Recovery Site Backup ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
Offload Generations ==> 01 (1 - 99)
Delete Aged Backup files ==> Y (Yes/No)
Compress Data==> N(Yes/No)Data Mover==> D(Dfsmsdss, Fdr,Encrypt Data==> N(Yes/No/Update)Number of Tasks==> 02(1 - 99)
                               (Dfsmsdss, Fdr, or fdrInstant)
Use Multiple Jobs
                     ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
```

The header fields **Creator**, **Name**, **SSID**, **Share Option**, and **Description** that identify the profile are read-only.

2. Specify the following fields:

## Local Primary/Local Backup/Recovery Site Primary/Recovery Site Backup To specify the backup type, enter Y in the appropriate field. At least one of the backup copy types is required. Initially, after you select the backup type and press Enter, the Offload Options screen appears for the selected backup type.

**Note:** You must specify a backup type of Y for **Remote Site Primary** and optionally for **Remote Site Backup** if you are planning on recovering a DB2 subsystem at a remote site using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature.

## **Offload Generations**

Specify how many offline backups will be kept. Note that the number of offline generations retained is not related to the number of backup generations specified on the Update Backup Profile panel.

## **Delete Aged Backup Files**

If you enter Y in this field, when the oldest generation of the backup is rolled off, DB2 Recovery Expert will physically delete the backup data sets for the rolled-off generation.

#### **Compress Data**

If you enter Y in this field, the data mover utility will compress the data when it is copied.

#### Data Mover

Specify which program DB2 Recovery Expert should use to move the offline backup:

- D for DFSMSdss
- F for FDR
- I for FDRINSTANT.

## **Encrypt Data**

Enter Y to have the data encrypted when it is offloaded. Refer to "About data encryption" on page 248 for information about using data encryption. After you have set encryption options the first time, to edit them enter U in this field, or enter N to not encrypt data during the offload.

#### Number of tasks

Specify the number of subtasks that DB2 Recovery Expert is to use when offloading the backups. All backup types (LP, LB, RP, RB) are done simultaneously, so if you specify four backups to offload and specify one task, four tape drives will be required.

**Note:** Set the number of tasks to 1 when using FDR-type offload and encryption.

## **Use Multiple Jobs**

Specify whether you want to use multiple jobs for the offload process. Using multiple jobs can reduce the time it takes to perform the offload. Specify Y if you want the to use multiple jobs. After pressing Enter, the Multijob Options panel opens. In the Multijob Options panel you specify the LPARS and job name prefix for the multiple jobs. Specify N to use a single job for the offload process. Specify U to update the multiple job options that are used to create the multiple offload jobs. For more information on specifying the multiple job options see "Specifying offload multijob options."

## Specifying offload multijob options

The offload multijob options are used to specify the LPARS where the multiple offload jobs are run and to specify a prefix that is used when generating the names for the multiple jobs.

## About this task

The following considerations apply when specifying the LPARS where the offload jobs are run:

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- To allow for workload balancing you can specify the same LPAR more than once in the LPAR list. For example, you might specify in the LPAR list:
  - LPAR1

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1

1

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L

- LPAR2
- LPAR3
- LPAR1
- When defining the LPAR list, you will need to consider the total number of tape drives that are available to each LPAR and the total number of tape drives that are required for processing if the maximum number of jobs are submitted to complete the offload. To calculate the maximum number of tape drives you multiple the maximum number of jobs by the maximum number of tasks for each LPAR, and then add all the values. In the Multijob Options panel example, the maximum number of jobs is 8 (2x2+2x2).
- The main job that controls the distribution of the multiple jobs to the specified LPARs will also control the distribution of the volumes required for the recovery.

## Procedure

1. From the Offload Options panel specify Y or U in the **Use Multiple Jobs** field. Press Enter. The Multijob Options panel opens. The following is an example of the Multijob Options panel:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Multijob Options ----- 2016/01/13 01:04:41
Option ===>
 _____
Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DFSMSDSS
                                        SSID: T9B1
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
_____
Enter the options for performing offload and restore processing:
Multijob Prefix ==> TSMXDX (1-6 character job prefix)
Multijob LPAR list:
              Max Jobs (1-99)
 LPAR Name
                              Max Tasks (1-99)
 RS22
              02
                               02
 RS23
              02
                               02
```

- 2. In the **Multijob Prefix** field specify a 1 to 6 character prefix to use when generating the job name for each of the multiple jobs. Each job name begins with this prefix and is followed by a number from 01-99. If this value is not specified, then the prefix is taken from the first 6 characters of the main job's name. The first character specified for the **Multijob Prefix** option must begin with either an alphabetic character or a national symbol (#, @, or \$) so that when the job name is generated it will be a valid z/OS job name.
- **3**. In the **Multijob LPAR list** field specify up to four LPARs where the multiple jobs can run. Specify the following for each LPAR:
  - a. Specify the LPAR name in the **LPAR Name** field. The LPAR name can be from 1 to 8 characters. You can specify a single asterisk (\*) to indicate that all the jobs are to be run on the same LPAR as the main job.
  - b. Specify a 2 digit number from 01-99 in the Max Jobs field. This number indicates the maximum number of jobs that can be submitted to run on the LPAR. The main job will submit jobs to the specified LPAR until this limit is reached. When this limit is reached, if more jobs are needed, the main job will move to the next LPAR list entry. The default value is 4.
  - c. Specify a 2 digit number from 01-99 in the **Max Tasks** field. This number specifies the maximum number of tasks that can be created in each multijob.

When the multijob is submitted, it will create as many tasks as are needed, up to this limit, to perform the offload processing. The default value is 4.

4. Press Enter. The Multijob options are saved. You will have another opportunity to modify these options when you build the offload job.

# Setting offload options for DB2 backups

For DB2 backups, you can specify that HSM is used to offload the backups, or allow DB2 Recovery Expert to perform the offload. You can define options for the offloads, such as the dump class, backup destination, data set naming conventions, and other options, to meet your site's needs.

## About this task

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Offload options are set in each backup profile.

**Note:** If you enter offload options and later change the **Offload Options** field to N, the offload options all will be reset to their defaults.

## Procedure

 The first time you create a profile, on the Update Backup Profile panel specify Y in the Offload Options field and press Enter. (When you later edit a profile, specify U in the Offload Options field and press Enter). The Choose Offload Method panel is displayed.

```
Choose Offload Method
Choose the method you wish to use to offload
your system backups. Note: HSM dump classes
must be properly configured outside of ARY
when choosing HSM.
Choose offload method ==> A (H)SM or (A)RY
Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

- 2. Select the method you want to use to offload the DB2 backups.
  - H Specify H to allow HSM to offload the backups. You will need to specify HSM dump classes. When you press Enter, the DB2 Offload Options panel is displayed where you can enter the dump classes.
| RCVYXPRT V3R2 DB2 Offload Options 2016/01/13 01:09:16<br>Option ===>   |                       |              |               |  |  |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|
| Creator: TUSER Name: T9B<br>Share Option: U (Upd,View,No   | 31 - DB2<br>o) Descri | ption:       | SSID: T9B1    |  |  |
| Enter the Offload options to   | associate w           | ith this Bac | ckup profile: |  |  |
| Offload Generations  | ==> 01                | (00 - 99)    | )             |  |  |
| Local Primary Dump Class<br>Local Backup Dump Class<br>Remote Primary Dump Class<br>Remote Backup Dump Class | ==><br>==><br>==>     |              |               |  |  |

Specify the following fields:

# **Offload Generations:**

Specify how many offline backups will be kept. Note that the number of offline generations retained is not related to the number of backup generations specified on the Update Backup Profile panel. Valid values are 1 to 99.

### Local Primary Dump Class Local Backup Dump Class Remote Primary Dump Class Remote Backup Dump Class

Specify the DFSMShsm dump class to use for dump processing. You must specify at least one of these fields.

**Note:** You can override the dump class using the DUMPC keywords in the offload step of the system backup job. See the section Adding keywords to the system backup offload job step for more information.

A

Enter A to allow ARY to offload the backups. When you press Enter, the Offload Options window is displayed.

```
      RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Offload Options ------ 2016/01/13 1:12:18

      Option
      ===>

      Creator: TUSER
      Name: T9B1 - DB2
      SSID: T9B1

      Share Option: U
      (Upd,View,No)
      Description:

      Enter the Offload options to associate with this Backup profile:

      Local Primary
      ==> N
      (Yes/No/Update)

      Local Backup
      ==> N
      (Yes/No/Update)

      Recovery Site Primary
      ==> N
      (Yes/No/Update)

      Recovery Site Backup
      ==> N
      (Yes/No/Update)

      Offload Generations
      ==> 01 (1 - 99)
      Delete Aged Backup files

      Delete Aged Backup files
      ==> N
      (Yes/No)

      Data Mover
      ==> N
      (Yes/No)

      Encrypt Data
      ==> 02 (1 - 99)

      Number of Tasks
      ==> 02 (1 - 99)
```

The header fields **Creator**, **Name**, **SSID**, **Share Option**, and **Description** that identify the profile are read-only. Specify the following fields:

# Local Primary Local Backup Recovery Site Primary Recovery Site Backup

To specify the backup type, enter Y in the appropriate field. At least one of the backup copy types is required. Initially, after you select the backup type and press Enter, the Offload Options screen appears for the selected backup type.

**Note:** You must specify a backup type of Y for **Remote Site Primary** and optionally for **Remote Site Backup** if you are planning on recovering a DB2 subsystem at a remote site using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature.

### **Offload Generations**

Specify how many offline backups will be kept. Note that the number of offline generations retained is not related to the number of backup generations specified on the Update Backup Profile panel.

# **Delete Aged Backup Files**

If you enter Y in this field, when the oldest generation of the backup is rolled off, DB2 Recovery Expert will physically delete the backup data sets for the rolled-off generation.

### Compress Data

If you enter Y in this field, DB2 Recovery Expert will instruct the data mover utility to compress the data when it is copied.

### Data Mover

Specify which program DB2 Recovery Expert should use to move the offline backup: D for DFSMSdss, F for FDR, or I for FDRINSTANT.

### **Encrypt Data**

Enter Y to have the data encrypted when it is offloaded. Refer

to "About data encryption" on page 248 for information about using data encryption. After you have set encryption options the first time, to edit them enter U in this field, or enter N to not encrypt data during the offload.

### Number of tasks

Specify the number of subtasks that DB2 Recovery Expert is to use when offloading the backups. All backup types (LP, LB, RP, RB) are done simultaneously, so if you specify four backups to offload and specify one task, four tape drives will be required.

**Note:** Set the number of tasks to 1 when using FDR-type offload and encryption.

# Setting data set options

If you plan to allow DB2 Recovery Expert to offload backups, you must set data set names and other specifications for the offloaded data sets.

### Procedure

 From the Offload Options panel, specify Y in the appropriate backup type field (Local Primary, Local Backup, Recovery Site Primary, or Recovery Site Backup). (When you later edit a profile, enter U in the backup type field). When you press Enter, the Offload Options panel for the backup type opens:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ LP Offload Options ----- 2016/01/13 01:14:20Option ===>Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DB2 SSID: T9B1Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:Update DSN Specification => Y (Yes/No)Unit Type => (CART/SYSALLDA/etc.)Catalog => Y (Yes/No)Data Class => (8 character class)Storage Class => (8 character class)Tape specific parameters (only needed if Unit Type is a Tape device):Stack Backups on Tape => Y (Yes/No)Tape Stack Limit => 005 (1 - 999)Expiration date *or* => 005 (1-256)
```

The header fields **Creator**, **Name**, **SSID**, **Share Option**, and **Description** that identify the profile are read-only. Specify the following fields:

- 2. The header fields **Creator**, **Name**, **SSID**, **Share Option**, and **Description** that identify the profile are read-only. Specify the following fields:
- 3. You can specify one or more of the following fields:

#### Update DSN specification

Type Y in this field to set or change the data set specifications.

#### Unit Type

Type in a valid UNIT where the data set(s) will be written.

#### Catalog

Type Y to catalog the data sets. Type N to not catalog the data sets.

### Data Class

If your site uses SMS to manage data sets, type in the SMS data class.

### Storage Class

If your site uses SMS to manage data sets, type in the SMS storage class.

#### Management Class

If your site uses SMS to manage data sets, type in the SMS management class.

### Stack Backups on Tape

Indicate whether you want to stack backups on a single tape when possible.

### **Tape Stack Limit**

If stacking backups, enter the number of volumes that you want DB2 Recovery Expert to stack on one tape before dismounting the tape.

### Expiration date \*or\* Retention period

If the unit type specified in the **Unit Type** field is a tape device, enter either the tape expiration date in YYYYDDD format, or the tape retention period in number of days.

# Specifying data set naming conventions

You can use DB2 Recovery Expert's Offload DSN Specification screens to construct data set names for the offloaded backups.

# About this task

The Offload DSN Specification screen allows you to build data set names using variables that are resolved at run time.

#### Procedure

 Specify Y in an Update DSN Specification field. The Offload DSN Specification window for the offload type opens.

2. In the following fields specify codes that will be used to create a data set name:

### Qualifier code

To include a qualifier, type its number in the **Qualifier code** field and press Enter. The qualifier string appears in the **Current dataset name generation qualifier string** field. You can also type the data set name or string directly in the string field.

### Free form literal

After selecting the **Use Freeform literal qualifier**, you can enter an eight-character literal in this field. If you want the literal to be in its own substring, make sure to begin the literal with a period.

### Show DSN

To view the string as it would be completed, enter Y in this field and press Enter.

### Current dataset name generation qualifier string

This field displays the qualifier string as it was input.

**3**. Valid qualifiers for the data set names that you can use on the Offload DSN Specification screen are listed on the bottom half of the screen. You can use one or more of the following fields:

**Volser** The volume serial of the data set.

### Vcatname

The volume catalog name.

### Subsystem ID

The DB2 subsystem ID.

### User ID

The TSO user ID of the job builder.

### Time (HHMMSS)

The current time in the format shown.

### Date (YYYYDDD)

The current date in the format shown.

### Year (YYYY)

The year in the format shown.

### Month (MM)

The month in the format shown.

# Day (DD)

The day of the month in the format shown.

#### Julian Day (DDD)

The Julian day.

### Hours (HH)

The current time in hours.

#### Minutes (MM)

The current time in minutes.

#### Seconds (SS)

The current time in seconds.

### Timestamp

The current timestamp, in format yymmdd.hhmmss.

#### Random Number

A random number in format Rnnnnn.

### GDG (+1)..(+n)

If you are using GDG data sets, this variable appends (+n) to the GDG base. This must be the last qualifier code you specify for the data set name.

#### Backup Type (#18.#19)

The backup type. The format is x.y, where x is L for local or R for recovery and y is P for primary or B for backup.

### Local/Recovery (L/R)

The backup type; L is used for local and R for recovery.

#### Primary/Backup (P/B)

The image copy backup type; P is used for primary and B for backup.

### Job Name

The job name.

### Step Name

The job step name.

#### **Profile Creator**

The profile creator ID.

### **Profile Name**

The profile name.

### **Substring Qualifier**

Select this option to specify one of the qualifiers and customize the substring. When you press Enter, the substring parameters window appears.

#### Use freeform literal

After selecting this qualifier, you can enter an eight-character literal in the Free Form literal field. If you want the literal to be in its own substring, make sure to begin the literal with a period. For example, if you enter 1 (Volser), 3 (Subsystem ID), then 14 (Timestamp), the data set name appears as:

volser.ssid.D070104.T151509

where *volser* and *ssid* resolve to values appropriate to your site.

# Using the substring function

Use the Substring Qualifier function to customize substring parameters.

When you choose the **Substring Qualifier** data set name specification code, the Substring Parameters window is displayed.

```
Substring Parameters
```

```
Enter the Qualifier Code ==>
Enter Starting Position ==>
Enter Substring Length ==>
Press ENTER or PF3 to continue
```

You can choose to enter almost any of the qualifier codes and specify the string's starting position and length. For example, qualifier code 3 generates a string of

"&SSID", a four-character subsystem name. However, if your site uses three-character SSIDs, option 24 can be used to specify the SSID and customize the string length, as follows:

```
Substring Parameters
Enter the Qualifier Code ==> 3
Enter Starting Position ==> 1
Enter Substring Length ==> 3
Press ENTER or PF3 to continue
```

An example of the results is shown in the following screen:

# **Resulting DSN using current symbolic string**

Some substrings (such as time and date) require the addition of an alphanumeric or symbol in the beginning of the string.

When you select these substrings, the following window is displayed.

Resulting DSN using current symbolic string
Enter a Literal or Symbolic to Prefix the Invalid Dataset Node
==>
Invalid Dataset Name:
* VOLSER.DATABASE.SPACENAM.2009014 *
ARYR284E - Invalid ending period detected.

This screen allows you to insert an alphanumeric or symbol to make the data set node name valid. When finished, press Enter. The Offload DSN Specification screen reappears with the corrected substring.

# Viewing a sample string

To view the string as it will be completed, type Y in the Show DSN field.

When you press Enter, the sample string appears, as shown in the following screen:

```
Resulting DSN using current symbolic string

Using the following sample data as input:

&JOBNAME = 'JOBNAME ' &STEPNAME = 'STEPNAME' &UID = 'TUSER'

&SSID = 'K82B' &VOLSER = 'VOLSER' &VCATNAME = 'VCATNAME'

&LOCREM = 'L' &PRIBAC = 'P'

&PROFCRTR = 'TUSER' &PROFNAME = 'FLASH BACKUP'

The date/time fields are set to the current time.

The generated dataset would be:

* TUSER.K82B.D070705.T160501 *

Press ENTER or PF3 to continue
```

# About data encryption

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to encrypt the data when the backup is offloaded to tape or disk. You can specify data encryption for both DFSMSdss and FDR offloads, and customize the encryption to meet your site's needs. Data encryption is not allowed for DB2 backups that use HSM to offload data.

# Setting data encryption options for DFSMSdss offloads

For DFSMSdss offloads, you can specify the type of encryption and set other options for the encryption.

# About this task

Data encryption options are set in each backup profile.

**Note:** If you enter encryption options and later change the **Offload Options** field to N, all the encryption options will be reset to their defaults.

### Procedure

 On the Offload Options panel, enter D in the Data Mover field and U in the Encrypt Data field, and press Enter. The following is an example of the DFSMSdss Encryption Options panel:

```
      RCVYXPRT V3R2 ---- DFSMSdss Encryption Options --- 2016/01/13 12:36:06

      Option ===>

      Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DB2 SSID: T9B1

      Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:

      Keypasswd => Y (Yes/No)

      ICount => 00016 (1-10000)

      Type => C (Clraes128/clrtDes)

      RSA => N (Yes/No)

      Type => C (Clraes128/clrtDes/Enctdes)

      Label =>
```

The header fields **Creator**, **Name**, **SSID**, **Share Option**, and **Description** that identify the profile are read-only.

2. Specify the following encryption options.

**Note:** Either **Keypasswd** or **RSA** encryption can be specified, but not both. Refer to the documentation for DFSMSdss for specific information about these encryption types and settings.

Keypasswd

Enter Y to specify the type of encryption that uses an 8 to 32 EBCDIC character key to perform encryption. The key password will be automatically generated.

#### ICount

If you specify a Y in the **Keypasswd** field, indicate how many times DFSMSdss should perform the hash algorithm in the generation of the data key.

- **Type** If you specify a Y in the **Keypasswd** field, indicate the type of encryption to perform. Enter C for CLRAES128 or D for CLRTDES.
- **RSA** Enter Y to specify the type of encryption that uses the label of an existing RSA public key to perform encryption.
- **Type** If you specify a Y in the **RSA** field, indicate the type of encryption to perform. Enter C for CLRAES128, D for CLRTDES, or E for ENCTDES.
- **Label** If you specify a Y in the **RSA** field, enter the label of an existing RSA public key. The label can be up to 64 characters. The first character must be alphabetic or a national character (#,\$,@). The remaining characters may be alphabetic, numeric, national or a period.

# Setting data encryption options for FDR offloads

For FDR offloads, you can select the type of encryption.

# About this task

Data encryption options are set in each backup profile.

**Note:** If you enter encryption options and later change the **Offload Options** field to N, all the encryption options will be reset to their defaults.

### Procedure

1. On the Offload Options panel, enter F or I in the **Data Mover** field and U in the **Encrypt Data** field, and press Enter. The FDR Encryption Options panel opens. The following is an example of the panel:

The header fields **Creator**, **Name**, **SSID**, **Share Option**, and **Description** that identify the profile are read-only.

2. Specify the following encryption options.

### **Encryption type**

Indicate the type of encryption to use. Refer to the documentation for your version of FDR for specific information about these encryption types. Valid options are:

- S: Substitute
- C: CIPHER
- A: AES
- 1: AES192
- 2: AES256
- F: AESFAST
- T: for TDES

# Message Area messages

The following messages may appear in the **Message Area** of the Update Backup Profile panel. This table explains the message and actions you may take to resolve the message. In some cases, no further action is required.

Table 20. Message Area messages and explanations

Message	Explanation	Action
Source Volume not online or not found	The listed source volume is either offline or not a valid volume.	Bring the volume online or check with your systems programmer to ensure the volume entered is a valid volume.

Message	Explanation	Action
Source Volume cannot be a BCV Device	For a BCV backup, the source volumes cannot be BCV devices.	If the volume entered was an incorrect volume, change it to the correct volume name. If the source volume is a BCV device, you will need to move the data from the BCV device to a non-BCV device.
Source Volume is not on a Symmetrix	The listed source volume is not on a Symmetrix array.	The source volume must be on a Symmetrix. Move the source volume to a Symmetrix array.
Target Unit not found	The target unit entered does not exist.	If the target unit was entered incorrectly, correct the unit. Otherwise, check with your systems programmer to ensure the target unit entered is a valid target unit. If you plan on adding the target units to the Symmetrix before running the backup, you can disregard this message.
Target Unit specified is not a BCV Device	The target unit entered is not a BCV device. For a BCV backup, all target units entered must be BCV devices.	Select a target unit that is a BCV device.
Target Unit is not on a Symmetrix	Each target unit must be on a Symmetrix.	Select a target unit that is located on a Symmetrix array.
Target BCV target_unit is established to source_volume	For BCV backups, this informational message lists the source volume to which the target unit is established.	None required.
Target Unit is paired to source_volume	For SNAP type backups, this message appears if the target happens to be a BCV unit and it is currently paired to a source volume.	None required.
Source volume has BCV unit_name established	For BCV backups, this informational message displays the target unit to which the source volume is established.	None required.
Source Volume is not Flash capable	The source volume does not reside in a storage subsystem that is FlashCopy capable.	If the source volume was entered incorrectly, correct the volume. Or, move the source volume to a FlashCopy capable storage system. Otherwise, check with your systems programmer to ensure the source volume entered is FlashCopy capable.

Table 20. Message Area messages and explanations (continued)

Table 20. Me	ssage Area	messages	and	explanations	(continued)
--------------	------------	----------	-----	--------------	-------------

Message	Explanation	Action
Target Unit is not flash capable	For FlashCopy backups, the target volume cannot use FlashCopy to copy the volume.	If the target unit was entered incorrectly, correct the unit. Otherwise, check with your systems programmer to ensure the target unit entered is FlashCopy capable.

# **Profile management**

This section describes the tasks that you can use to manage your system backup profiles.

# Updating a profile

You can update your own system backup profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with the **Update option** field set to Update (U).

# About this task

You can update a backup profile at any time to add or delete source or target volumes, change the number of generations, and change most other settings. However, once setup has been run successfully on a backup profile, you cannot change the DB2 subsystem or the backup method when you update the profile.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the Backup Profile Display panel.
- 2. Specify U in the **Cmd** line next to the profile you want to update and press Enter.
- **3**. The Update Backup Profile panel opens. You can then make changes to the profile.
- 4. Press PF3 when you have finished to save the changes. To cancel and exit without making changes, specify CAN in the **Option** line and press Enter.

# Viewing a profile

You can view your own backup profiles or one created by another user if the profile has the **Update option** field set to view or update.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the Backup Profile Display panel.
- Specify V in the Cmd line next to the profile you want to view and press Enter. The View Backup Profile panel opens. You can view profile details, but cannot make any changes.

# **Renaming a profile**

You can use the **Rename** line command to change the name, creator, or description of a backup profile. You can rename profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the value assigned to the **Update Option** field. You can also rename a profile created by another user if the profile has the value of the **Update Option** field set to **Update (U)**.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the Backup Profile Display panel.
- 2. Specify R in the Cmd line next to the profile that you want to rename.
- 3. Press Enter. The Rename Backup Profile panel opens.

```
      Rename Backup Profile

      Existing Profile:

      Creator
Profile Name
Description
      TUSER
BCV BACKUP

      New Profile:

      Creator
Profile Name
Description
      TUSER
BCV BACKUP

      Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

- 4. The Creator field is automatically filled with the user ID that created the profile. If you have been granted permission, you can change the user ID in the Creator field. Permission to change the creator user ID is granted using the ADMIN\_USERID parameter in the SYSPARM library.
- 5. To rename the profile, specify a new name in the Profile Name field.
- 6. To change the profile description, specify a new description in the **Description** field.
- 7. Press Enter. To cancel the rename, press PF3 on the Rename Backup Profile window.

# **Deleting a profile**

You can delete profiles created under your user ID. You can also delete a profile created by another user if the profile was created with the value of the **Update Option** field set to Update (U).

# Before you begin

If you delete a backup profile, you will also delete all backups associated with the profile.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the Backup Profile Display panel.
- **2**. Specify D in the **Cmd** line next to the profile you want to delete and press Enter. The Confirm Deletion of Profile panel opens.



**3**. To delete the profile, specify Y in the **Delete** field and press Enter. A message appears to confirm deletion. To cancel deletion, press PF3.

# Chapter 10. Creating a system backup

This section provides information about building a backup job from a backup profile and then submitting the backup job to create a system backup.

# Building and submitting backup jobs

After you create a DB2 Recovery Expert backup profile you will build a backup job. Based on the values that were specified in the backup profile, DB2 Recovery Expert will generate the JCL for the backup job.

# Before you begin

When you build the JCL for the backup job you can specify whether or not you will:

- edit the JCL that is created
- automatically run a system backup after the JCL is created
- offload the backup after it was taken
- backup the DB2 Recovery Expert repository

# Note:

- After you create the backup job, you should put the job into a scheduler to create regular backups of your DB2 subsystem.
- For EMC Snap and BCV backups, DB2 Recovery Expert can detect if the volumes are online to either the local or a remote system and will wait until they go offline before completing the backup. If you wish to bypass this check, add the NO-OFFLINE-CHECK control card to the job. DB2 Recovery Expert cannot detect if the volumes are online to other z/OS systems for other backup types.
- When performing a system backup using Flash or Snap profiles that use UCB numbers as targets, DB2 Recovery Expert will issue an error message if the UCB volumes are online during the backup. This is done to prevent you from accidentally overwriting target volumes. If you want DB2 Recovery Expert to overwrite the target volumes, you need to vary the volumes offline and then run the backup.

# Procedure

- 1. Type 1 (System Operations) on the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu and press Enter. From the Systems Operations Menu panel, specify 2 (System Backup Profiles) and press Enter. Specify selection criteria in the Enter Backup Profile selection criteria panel and press Enter. The Backup Profile Display panel opens.
- 2. From the Backup Profile Display panel, specify B in the **Cmd** line next to the profile for which you want to build the JCL and press Enter. The following panel opens:

```
Build Backup Job
   Edit Generated Job
                          Y
                               (Yes/No)
   Setup Job
                          Y
                               (Yes/No)
   Perform Offload
                              (Yes/No)
                          Ν
   Backup Repository
                          Ν
                              (Yes/No)
   Build job in Dataset
                          TUSER.BR.TEST
                Member
                          FLASH001
   Job Cards:
==> //TUSERAA JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
==> //*
==> //*
==> //*
   Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

**3**. Specify the following fields on this window:

# **Edit Generated Job**

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Backup Profile Display panel.

# Setup Job

Enter Y if you want DB2 Recovery Expert to build JCL only for profile setup; no backup will be taken. This option can be useful if you know that volume mapping or another aspect of the backup profile has changed. Enter N to build the JCL to perform the backup. If DB2 Recovery Expert detects that setup needs to be run on this profile, this field will be set to Y.

# Perform Offload

Enter Y to offload the backup after it has been taken. If you have not specified offload options for the backup, this field is read only and set to N.

# **Backup Repository**

Enter Y to back up the DB2 Recovery Expert repository as part of the backup job. This process uses IDCAMS to copy DB2 Recovery Expert's VSAM control files to the GDGs configured during installation. The backup files can be used to restore the DB2 Recovery Expert control information if it is lost or damaged.

# Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

# Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

- 4. When you have completed the fields, press Enter. If you specified to edit the job, an ISPF window containing the job appears. If you did not specify to edit the job, the Backup Profile Display panel reappears.
- 5. Submit the build job.

# Sample build JCL for the profile setup process

This sample job shows the JCL for the profile setup process and does not back up the DB2 Recovery Expert repository.

//TUSERAB JOB TUSERDH,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

//\* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Profile: PUSER2.TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS //\* Job: 01 of 01 //\* Desc: //\* User: TUSER //\* Date: Monday October 27, 2016 //\* Time: 11:37:47.95 //\* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Step: ARY BACK //\* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the System Backup job. //\* //\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //ARYBACK EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DEVRTE.EMC.SSCF580.LINKLIB 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.S89Z.SDSNEXIT 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. Vxxx.SDSNLOAD //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILES //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OFF0PTS //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.CATS //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.BREPORT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT //ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY#PARM DD DSN=RTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB(#PARM),DISP=SHR //ARYIN DD \* BACKUP "PUSER2". "TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS" SETUP /\* //\*

# Sample build JCL for a backup

This sample shows backup JCL and includes offloading a backup and also backing up the DB2 Recovery Expert repository.

//\* Profile: PUSER.TEST S89Z - SNAP //\* Job: 01 of 01 //\* Desc: //\* TUSER User: //\* Date: Thursday October 23, 2016 //\* Time: 11:09:53.06 //\* //\* //\* ARYBACK Step: //\* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the System Backup job. //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //ARYBACK EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DEVRTE.EMC.SSCF580.LINKLIB 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD // 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. Vxxx.SDSNEXIT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. Vxxx. SDSNLOAD 11 //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILES //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OFF0PTS //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.CATS //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.BREPORT //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR //ARYIN DD 🕯 BACKUP "PUSER"."TEST S89Z - SNAP" /\* //\* //\*\* \* //\* //\* Step: ARYJOFFL //\* //\* This step will invoke the Offload job. Desc: //\* //\*\* //\* //ARYJOFFL EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DEVRTE.EMC.SSCF580.LINKLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD // 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. Vxxx. SDSNEXIT 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. Vxxx. SDSNLOAD //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILES //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OFF0PTS //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR.DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.CATS //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.BREPORT //ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=\*

```
//SYSOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR
//ARYIN
          DD *
    OFFLOAD "PUSER". "TEST S89Z - SNAP"
           GENERATION LAST-BACKUP
/*
//*
//** * *
                                                            **
//*
//* Step:
              ARYREBU
                                                             *
//*
//*
    Desc:
              This step will back up the
//*
              repository files to GDG datasets.
//*
//*
//ARYREBU1 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. WRK0320. ARY. PROFILES
//FLAT
          DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
11
//
          UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
          DSN=ARY.WRK0320.PROFILE.BACKUP(+1)
//
//SYSIN
          DD
            REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU2 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
          DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
//KSDS
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS
//FLAT
          DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
11
          UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
11
          DSN=ARY.WRK0320.PROFMAP.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
          DD
              *
          REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU3 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.CATS
//KSDS
//FLAT
          DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
//
          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
//
          UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
          DSN=ARY.WRK0320.PROFCAT.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
          DD
          REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU4 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
          DD
              SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
          DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK
//FLAT
          DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
          DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
11
11
          UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
          DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBACK.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
          DD
          REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
//*
/*
//ARYREBU5 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
```

```
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
           DD
               SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS
//FLAT
           DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
11
           DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
11
           UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
           DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBVOL.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
           DD
           REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU6 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
           DD SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. WRK0320. ARY. SYSBACK. SSIDS
//FLAT
           DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
           DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
//
           UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(CYL,(3)),
11
           DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSSSID.BACKUP(+1)
11
//SYSIN
           DD
               *
           REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU7 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
           DD SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. WRK0320. ARY. BREPORT
//FLAT
           DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
           DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1028,BLKSIZE=10280),
11
//
           UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
           DSN=ARY.WRK0320.BREPORT.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
           DD
           REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU8 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
           DD SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. WRK0320. ARY. OFFOPTS
//FLAT
           DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
11
           DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1284,BLKSIZE=12840),
11
           UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
           DSN=ARY.WRK0320.OFFOPTS.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
           DD
           REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
//ARYREBU9 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
           DD SYSOUT=*
//KSDS
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OBJECTS
//FLAT
           DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
//
           DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1310,BLKSIZE=13100),
           UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
           DSN=ARY.WRK0320.OBJECTS.BACKUP(+1)
11
//SYSIN
           DD
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
           DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
//KSDS
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OFF0PTS
//FLAT
           DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
11
           DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1284,BLKSIZE=12840),
11
           UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)),
11
           DSN=ARY.WRK0320.OFFOPTS.BACKUP(+1)
//SYSIN
           DD
           REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT)
/*
//*
```

//ARYREBU9 EXEC PGM=IDCAMS //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OBJECTS //KSDS //FLAT DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE), 11 DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=1310,BLKSIZE=13100), 11 UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)), DSN=ARY.WRK0320.0BJECTS.BACKUP(+1) 11 //SYSIN DD REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT) /\* //\* //ARYREBUA EXEC PGM=IDCAMS //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //KSDS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. WRK0320. ARY. SYSBACK. OBJS //FLAT DD DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE), 11 DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=2630,BLKSIZE=26300), UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(CYL, (3)), 11 DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBOBJ.BACKUP(+1) 11 //SYSIN DD \* REPRO INFILE(KSDS) OUTFILE(FLAT) /\* //\*

# About incremental system backups

When building DB2 backup JCL, you can use DB2 Recovery Expert to generate incremental FlashCopy system backups. This feature is only available for DB2 V9 subsystems and later.

# System requirements

The following requirements must be in place to use incremental system backup:

- The subsystem must be DB2 V9 or later
- Must be z/OS version 1 release 9 or later
- All the DB2 data must reside on volumes that are managed by DFSMSdss.

# How incremental system backups work

An incremental system backup differs from an incremental DB2 image copy in that it still results in a complete system backup on each execution. An incremental system backup replaces the previous system backup, but only the changed pages are re-copied from the source to the target volumes of the previous system backup.

When an incremental system backup is first initiated, a full backup is taken and an internal relationship is tracked between the source and target volumes. On the next system backup that will use the same set of target volumes, the previous backup is replaced by the next one, and only the tracks that have changed since the last system backup are copied to the same set of target volumes as the last system backup. When an end incremental is specified on a system backup, one final incremental backup will be performed and from that point on all system backups will be full system backups.

Only one incremental FlashCopy relationship can be established to a source volume at a time. If you specify two generations of backups, every other generation is incremental; if you specify three generations, every third backup is incremental. DB2 Recovery Expert keeps track of which generation is incremental and creates the correct system backup type. Refer to the DB2 documentation for

detailed information about incremental FlashCopy backups.

# Starting and stopping incremental system backups

Use these steps to initiate an incremental system backup and to stop the incremental backups.

# About this task

You must generate the FlashCopy, DB2, or DFSMSdss backup profile first, and then edit the JCL.

# Procedure

1. In the ARYIN DD, add the START-INCREMENTAL keyword after the BACKUP command, as follows:

```
//ARYIN DD *
BACKUP "PDBOB"."B81A - DB2 SYSTEM BACKUP"
START-INCREMENTAL
/*
```

When this job is executed, an incremental relationship is established between the source and target volumes and a full backup. In addition, a log is established that will record which tracks have changed since this backup.

**Note:** In the Backup Summary Report, the **Backup Type** field will display (Incr) after the backup type if the backup is incremental.

- **2**. Before the next backup job is run, remove the START-INCREMENTAL keyword from the job, or rebuild the job profile without adding the keyword.
- **3**. When you want to end the incremental backups, add the END-INCREMENTAL keyword, as follows:

```
//ARYIN DD *
BACKUP "PDBOB"."B81A - DB2 SYSTEM BACKUP"
END-INCREMENTAL
/*
```

/\*

Upon execution of this job, the incremental relationship is terminated and a full system backup is taken.

# Adding keywords to a system backup job

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to edit the system backup job and add one or more keywords. Each keyword that you specify adds functionality that otherwise would not be present in the generated JCL.

### Procedure

- 1. Access the Build Backup Job panel as follows:
  - a. From the Backup Profile Display panel, specify Bin the **Cmd** line next to the backup profile for which you want to build a backup job. The Build Backup Job panel opens.
  - **b.** Specify Y in the **Edit Generated Job** field. Specify any other fields that are applicable.
  - c. Press Enter. The JCL for the system backup job displays in an ISPF edit session.

2. Add one or more keywords to the JCL. You add keywords to the ARYIN DD \* statement following the keywords that are generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. One or more of the following keywords can be added:

### DEBUG

This keyword produces extra debugging information. You should only add this keyword when directed to by technical support.

### SETUP

This keyword is automatically added by DB2 Recovery Expert when it is needed. This keyword is needed the first time a backup profile is run or after a backup profile is edited. The presence of this keyword triggers a "setup" check to ensure a backup profile is valid. A backup is not taken when the SETUP card is present. You can add the SETUP keyword if you want additional checking to be performed.

### PROMPT

This keyword is used for BCV type backups. Adding the keyword overrides the current setting in ARY#PARM. If the current generation of BCVs has not synchronized with the source volumes, a WTOR will prompt the operator and ask what to do.

# **SNAP-TARGET-ONLINE**

This keyword is used only for SNAP type backups. Adding the keyword allows the target UCBs to be online during the backup. They remain online with unique volume serial numbers after the backup as well.

### VALIDATE-DB2-VOLS

This keyword overrides the "Validate DB2 Volumes" setting in the backup profile. This causes DB2 Recovery Expert to always validate that the DB2 volumes are all backed up regardless of the setting in the profile.

### MAX-TASKS

This keyword controls how many tasks are started to complete the backup processing for operations that can be multi-tasked. You can specify a number from 1 to 8. The default is 4.

### **BYPASS-VOL-CHECK**

This keyword allows DB2 Recovery Expert to continue executing the system backup even after it has found that some DB2 data is not included in the backup (and no DB2 volumes were excluded). Use this keyword at your own risk.

# START-INCREMENTAL

For Flash, DFSMSdss, and DB2 type backups, this keyword starts an incremental copy process of the system backup. The next time a backup is taken and sent to this set of target volumes, only the changed tracks will be copied.

### END-INCREMENTAL

For Flash, DFSMSdss, and DB2 type backups, this keyword ends an incremental copy process of the system backup. The next time a backup is taken and sent to this set of target volumes, the complete source volume will be copied.

### **INCLUDE-ARCHIVE-VOLS**

This keyword can be added if you wish to make sure the volumes DB2 ARCHIVE LOG data sets (on disk) are copied in a system backup. For an AUTOMAP type profile, volumes containing only archive log data sets on disk are not normally included in the system backup. Adding this keyword ensures that they are included.

3. Either run the job or hit PF3 to return to the Backup Profile Display panel.

# Adding keywords to the system backup offload job step

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to edit the offload job step of the system backup job and add one or more keywords. Each keyword that you specify adds functionality that otherwise would not be present in the generated JCL.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the Build Backup Job panel as follows:
  - a. From the Backup Profile Display panel, specify B in the **Cmd** line next to the backup profile that for which you want to build a backup job. The Build Backup Job panel opens.
  - **b.** Specify Y in the **Edit Generated Job** field. Specify any other fields that are applicable.
  - **c.** Press Enter. The JCL for the system backup job displays in an ISPF edit session.
- 2. Search the JCL for the job step named ARYJOFFL. You add keywords for the offload step to the ARYIN DD \* statement. Additional keywords are placed at the end of the keywords generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. One or more of the following keywords can be added:

### **DUMPC-LP** dumpclassname

This keyword overrides the LP dump class that is specified in the system backup profile with the name specified in the *dumpclassname* variable.

### **DUMPC-LB** dumpclassname

This keyword overrides the LB dump class that is specified in the system backup profile with the name specified in the *dumpclassname* variable.

### **DUMPC-RP** dumpclassname

This keyword overrides the RP dump class that is specified in the system backup profile with the name specified in the *dumpclassname* variable.

### **DUMPC-RB** dumpclassname

This keyword overrides the RB dump class that is specified in the system backup profile with the name specified in the *dumpclassname* variable.

3. Either run the job or press PF3 to return to the Backup Profile Display panel.

# Reviewing output from an IBM FlashCopy backup

During an IBM FlashCopy backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to the job's DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

# Reviewing output from an IBM FlashCopy backup with auto mapping to target stogroups

This topic shows sample output from an IBM FlashCopy backup taken using a backup profile that specified auto mapping of target volumes within specified stogroups.

# ARYOUT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY0001I	-	DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. Version
ARY0003I	-	Control Cards:
ARY0004I	_	BACKUP "PUSER2"."TEST S99Z - FLASH TO STOGROUP"
ARY0004I	_	
ARY0013I	_	Backup profile PUSER2.TEST S99Z -
		FLASH TO STOGROUP was read from the repository.
ARY0075I	-	Performing subsystem source volume validation.
ARY0190W	-	Volume ARX125 is not included in this backup.
		It contains only ARCHIVE log data.
ARY0190W	-	Volume ARX126 is not included in this backup.
		It contains only ARCHIVE log data.
ARY0076I	-	Subsystem source volume validation complete.
		All source volumes are in this prof
ARY0370I	-	Performing target volume validation
ARY0275I	-	Fetching volumes in target storage group: ARZSG06
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX13A is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX13B is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX13C is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX13D is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX13E is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX13F is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX138 is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARX139 is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0275I	-	Fetching volumes in target storage group: ARZSG08
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ13A is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ13B is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ13C is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ13D is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ13E is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ13F is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ138 is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0334I	-	Volume ARZ139 is offline. It will not be included in target list
ARY0404I	-	Source Volser: ARX120 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX128
ARY0404I	-	Source Volser: ARX121 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX129
ARY0404I	-	Source Volser: ARX122 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX12A
ARY0404I	-	Source Volser: ARX123 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX12B
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARX124 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX12C
ARY0404I	-	Source Volser: ARX127 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX12D
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ120 has been mapped to larget Volser: ARZ128
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ121 has been mapped to larget Volser: ARZ129
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ122 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ12A
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ123 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ12B
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ124 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ12C
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ125 has been mapped to larget Volser: ARZ12D
ARY04041	-	Source Volser: ARZ126 has been mapped to larget Volser: ARZ12E
ARY0404I	-	Source voiser: ARZ12/ has been mapped to larget Voiser: ARZ12F
ARYU3/11	-	larget volume validation complete.
ARY00391	-	volume map validation complete.
ARYUZ/51	-	UBZ CHECKPOINT TAKEN AT KBA/LKSN UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU
AKIUUSII	-	Backup with timestamp 2010/10/23-19:32:02

Generation 01 was removed from the repository ARY0152I - Suspending log activity to subsystem S99Z. ARY0240I - Performing Flash Copy to create backup. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX127 to unit 772D has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX121 to unit 7729 has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ121 to unit 7529 has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ120 to unit 7528 has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX124 to unit 772C has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX123 to unit 772B has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX120 to unit 7728 has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX122 to unit 772A has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ127 to unit 752F has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ126 to unit 752E has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ123 to unit 752B has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ125 to unit 752D has completed. ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ124 to unit 752C has completed. ARY0241I -Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ122 to unit 752A has completed. ARY0152I - Resuming log activity to subsystem S99Z. ARY0084I - Backup of profile PUSER2.TEST S99Z - FLASH TO STOGROUP has been created. ARY0279I - Task 08 - Unit 7529 with old volser ARZ121 was clipped to volser ARZ129 ARY0279I - Task 02 - Unit 7729 with old volser ARX121 was clipped to volser ARX129 ARY0279I - Task 03 - Unit 772A with old volser ARX122 was clipped to volser ARX12A ARY0279I - Task 06 - Unit 772D with old volser ARX127 was clipped to volser ARX12D ARY0279I - Task 05 - Unit 772C with old volser ARX124 was clipped to volser ARX12C ARY0279I - Task 01 - Unit 7728 with old volser ARX120 was clipped to volser ARX128 ARY0279I - Task 07 - Unit 7528 with old volser ARZ120 was clipped to volser ARZ128 ARY0279I - Task 04 - Unit 772B with old volser ARX123 was clipped to volser ARX12B ARY0279I - Task 02 - Unit 752B with old volser ARZ123 was clipped to volser ARZ12B ARY0279I - Task 03 - Unit 752C with old volser ARZ124 was clipped to volser ARZ12C ARY0279I - Task 06 - Unit 752F with old volser ARZ127 was clipped to volser ARZ12F ARY0279I - Task 05 - Unit 752E with old volser ARZ126 was clipped to volser ARZ12E ARY0279I - Task 01 - Unit 752A with old volser ARZ122 was clipped to volser ARZ12A ARY0279I - Task 04 - Unit 752D with old volser ARZ125 was clipped to volser ARZ12D ARY0004I - Collecting dataset information for object level recovery. ARY0004I - Dataset information collection complete. ARY0080I - Backup with timestamp 2016/10/27-15:19:06 Generation 01 was saved in the repository ARY00021 - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=004.

# ARY#REPT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard and IBM FlashCopy volume information, and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from an IBM FlashCopy backup:

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Summary Report

Utility Executed:.... Backup

Profile Name:..... PUSER2.TEST S99Z - FLASH TO STOGROUP DB2 Subsystem:..... S99Z DB2 Version:..... Vvvv Backup Type:.... Flash Copy Backup Contains:.... Object Data and Log Data Partial Backup:.... No Nbr of Volumes:..... 0014 Backup RBA:..... 00000000000066E0C5A Last Checkpoint RBA:..... 00000000000066DE46A HPGRBLP RBA:..... 00000000000066D946E Backup Date:.... 10/27/2016 Backup Time:..... 15:19:06 Consistency Method:.... DB2 Log Suspend Supports Object Restore:.. Yes I/O Suspend Time:..... 2016-10-27-15.19.06.717854 I/O Resume Time:..... 2016-10-27-15.19.06.920242 Backup Elapsed:..... 00.20 Seconds

> DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<db2 th="" volume-<=""><th>&gt; &lt;-Targ</th><th>et&gt;</th><th>&lt;</th><th></th><th>Data</th><th>Types</th><th>;</th><th>&gt;</th></db2>	> <-Targ	et>	<		Data	Types	;	>
Volser Ucb# Dev	vtyp Volser	Ucb#	0bj	0Cat	ALog	ACat	RLog	RCat
ARX120 7720 339	90-1 ARX128	7728	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX121 7721 339	90-1 ARX129	7729	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
ARX122 7722 339	90-1 ARX12A	772A	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX123 7723 339	90-1 ARX12B	772B	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX124 7724 339	90-1 ARX12C	772C	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX127 7727 339	90-1 ARX12D	772D	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARZ120 7520 339	90-3 ARZ128	7528	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ121 7521 339	90-3 ARZ129	7529	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ122 7522 339	90-3 ARZ12A	752A	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ123 7523 339	90-3 ARZ12B	752B	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ124 7524 339	90-3 ARZ12C	752C	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
ARZ125 7525 339	90-3 ARZ12D	752D	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ126 7526 339	90-3 ARZ12E	752E	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ127 7527 339	90-3 ARZ12F	752F	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

The Source Volumes and Flash sections of this report list the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 standard volumes. The Data Types section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- **OCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- **ALog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).
- **RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

If a volume contains a mix of object data or catalogs and log data or catalogs, then DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message stating that the object and log data are not separated and a full system restore is required.

# Reviewing output from an IBM FlashCopy backup with auto mapping to target units

This topic shows sample output from an IBM FlashCopy backup taken using a backup profile that specified auto mapping of target volumes with unit ranges.

# ARYOUT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

```
ARY0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. Version 02.02.001
ARY0003I - Control Cards:
              BACKUP "PUSER2". "TEST S99Z - FLASH"
ARY0004I -
ARY0004I -
ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER2.TEST S99Z - FLASH was read from the repository.
ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation...
ARY0190W - Volume ARX125 is not included in this backup.
          It contains only ARCHIVE log data.
ARY0190W - Volume ARX126 is not included in this backup.
          It contains only ARCHIVE log data.
ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete.
          All source volumes are in this prof
ARY0370I - Performing target volume validation...
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX120 has been mapped to Target Unit: 7738
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX121 has been mapped to Target Unit: 7739
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX122 has been mapped to Target Unit: 773A
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX123 has been mapped to Target Unit: 773B
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX124 has been mapped to Target Unit: 773C
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX127 has been mapped to Target Unit: 773F
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ120 has been mapped to Target Unit: 7538
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ121 has been mapped to Target Unit: 7539
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ122 has been mapped to Target Unit: 753A
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ123 has been mapped to Target Unit: 753B
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ124 has been mapped to Target Unit: 753C
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ125 has been mapped to Target Unit: 753D
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ126 has been mapped to Target Unit: 753E
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ127 has been mapped to Target Unit: 753F
ARY0371I - Target volume validation complete.
ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete.
ARY0137I - Varying volumes offline.
ARY0275I - DB2 checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 0000066E36C4
ARY0081I - Backup with timestamp 2008/10/27-15:13:52
          Generation 01 was removed from the repository
ARY0152I - Suspending log activity to subsystem S99Z.
ARY0240I - Performing Flash Copy to create backup...
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX122
          to unit 773A has completed.
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX123
          to unit 773B has completed.
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX120
          to unit 7738 has completed.
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX121
          to unit 7739 has completed.
ARY0241I - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX124
          to unit 773C has completed.
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ120
          to unit 7538 has completed.
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ121
          to unit 7539 has completed.
ARY02411 - Backup via flash volume from source volser ARX127
```

	to unit 773F has completed.
ARY0241I	- Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ122
	to unit 753A has completed.
ARY0241I	- Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ125
	to unit 753D has completed.
ARY0241I	- Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ124
	to unit 753C has completed.
ARY0241I	- Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ127
	to unit 753F has completed.
ARY0241I	- Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ123
	to unit 753B has completed.
ARY0241I	- Backup via flash volume from source volser ARZ126
	to unit 753E has completed.
ARY0152I	- Resuming log activity to subsystem S99Z.
ARY0084I	- Backup of profile PUSER2.TEST S99Z - FLASH has been created.
ARY0004I	- Collecting dataset information for object level recovery.
ARY0004I	- Dataset information collection complete.
ARY0080I	- Backup with timestamp 2008/10/27-15:25:13
	Generation 01 was saved in the repository.
ARY0002I	- DB2 Recovery Expert

# ARY#REPT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard and IBM FlashCopy volume information and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from an IBM FlashCopy backup:

•			
	DB2	Recovery	Expert

Backup Summary Report Utility Executed:..... Backup

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<-Source Volumes->	<-Flash->	<	Data	Types	5	>
Volser Ucb# Devtyp	Ucb#	0bj 00	at ALog	ACat	RLog	RCat
ARX120 7720 3390-1	7738	No No	) Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX121 7721 3390-1	7739	No No	) No	Yes	Yes	Yes
ARX122 7722 3390-1	773A	No No	) Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX123 7723 3390-1	773B	No No	) Yes	No	No	No
ARX124 7724 3390-1	773C	No No	) Yes	No	No	No
ARX127 7727 3390-1	773F	No No	) Yes	No	Yes	No
ARZ120 7520 3390-3	7538	Yes No	) No	No	No	No

ARZ121	7521	3390-3	7539	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ122	7522	3390-3	753A	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ123	7523	3390-3	753B	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ124	7524	3390-3	753C	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
ARZ125	7525	3390-3	753D	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ126	7526	3390-3	753E	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ127	7527	3390-3	753F	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

The **Source Volumes** and **Flash** sections of this report list the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 standard volumes. The **Data Types** section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- **OCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- ALog Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).
- **RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

If a volume contains a mix of object data or catalogs and log data or catalogs, then DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message stating that the object and log data are not separated and a full system restore is required.

# Reviewing output from an EMC BCV backup

During an EMC BCV backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to several DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

# ARYOUT DD

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert. ARY0003I - Control Cards: BACKUP "PUSER". "TEST K72A - BCV" ARY0004I -ARY0004I -ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV was read from the repository. ARY0150I - EMC API version 05.08.00. API patch level 0001. SCF patch level 0001. ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation. ARY0196W - 32K Tablespace DLCDB.PAGELOG3 does not have a CISIZE of 32K. ARY0190W - Volume DIP106 is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0190W - Volume DIP109 is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0190W - Volume DIP10C is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0190W - Volume DIP11C is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete. All source volumes are in this prof

ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete. ARY0275I - DB2 checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 0000FE909B4E ARY0082I - Performing BCV splits to create backup. ARY0084I - Backup of profile PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV has been created. ARY0080I - Backup with timestamp 2008/10/30-17:44:32 Generation 01 was saved in the repository ARY0187W - Profile PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV has been marked "Setup Needed". ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert. RC=004.

# ARY#REPT DD

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard volume and split device volume information and mappings, and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD for an EMC BCV backup:

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Summary Report Utility Executed:.... Backup Profile Name:..... PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV DB2 Subsystem:..... K72A DB2 Version:..... 0710 Backup Type:.... BCV Backup Contains:..... Object Data and Log Data Partial Backup:..... No Nbr of Controllers:..... 01 Lowest Microcode Level:... 5x73 Nbr of Volumes:..... 0002 Backup RBA:..... 0000FE909C28 Last Checkpoint RBA:..... 0000FE909B4E Backup Date:.... 10/30/2016 Backup Time:.... 17:44:32 Consistency Method:..... EMC Consistency Assist Supports Object Restore:.. No I/O Suspend Time:..... 2016-10-30-17.44.32.451865 I/O Resume Time:..... 2016-10-30-17.44.33.172728 Backup Elapsed:..... 00.72 Seconds

> DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<--DB2 Source Volume--> <-Split-> <-Estab-> <-----Data Types----->
Volser Ucb# Sym# Devtyp Ucb# Sym# Ucb# Sym# Obj OCat ALog ACat RLog RCat
ARY090 9090 0190 3390-3 90B3 01B3 N/A N/A Yes Yes No No No
ARY092 9092 0192 3390-3 90B5 01B5 N/A N/A No No Yes Yes No No

The **Split** section of this report lists the BCV units that were mirroring the standard volumes; these volumes now contain this backup. The **Estab** (Establish) section of the report details the next generation BCV units that are now established to the DB2 standard volumes.

The Data Types section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes indicates that the volume contains object data.
- **OCat** Yes indicates that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- ALog Yes indicates that the volume contains one or more active log data sets.

- ACat Yes indicates that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes indicates that the volume contains one or more archive log data sets.
- **RCat** Yes indicates that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

If a volume contains a mix of object data or catalogs and log data or catalogs, then DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message stating that the object and log data are not separated and a full system restore is required.

# Reviewing output from an EMC SNAP backup

During an EMC SNAP backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to the job's SYSPRINT DD as well as other DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

# Reviewing output from an EMC SNAP backup with manual mapping

This topic shows sample output from an EMC SNAP backup taken using a profile that specified manual target volume mapping.

# ARYOUT DD

During an EMC SNAP backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to several DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample SYSPRINT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

```
Version 02.02.001 ARY0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting.
ARY0003I - Control Cards:
ARY0004I -
             BACKUP "PUSER". "TEST S89Z - SNAP"
ARY0004I -
ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER.TEST S89Z - SNAP was read from the repository.
ARY0150I - EMC API version 05.08.00. API patch level 0001. SCF patch level 0001.
ARY0179I - EMC Snap software version 05080001.
ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation.
ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete.
          All source volumes are in this profile
ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete.
ARY0137I - Varying volumes offline.
ARY0275I - DB2 checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 00000A698CE5
ARY00811 - Backup with timestamp 2008/10/23-11:04:51
          Generation 01 was removed from the repository
ARY0083I - Performing Snap Volume to create backup.
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX100 Dev 7700 to Dev 7718
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX101 Dev 7701 to Dev 7719
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX102 Dev 7702 to Dev 771A
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX103 Dev 7703 to Dev 771B
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX104 Dev 7704 to Dev 771C
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX105 Dev 7705 to Dev 771D
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX106 Dev 7706 to Dev 771E
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX107 Dev 7707 to Dev 771F
ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ100 Dev 7500 to Dev 7518
```

ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vo1	ARZ101	Dev	7501	to	Dev	7519
ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vo1	ARZ102	Dev	7502	to	Dev	751A
ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vo1	ARZ103	Dev	7503	to	Dev	751B
ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vol	ARZ104	Dev	7504	to	Dev	751C
ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vo1	ARZ105	Dev	7505	to	Dev	751D
ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vo1	ARZ106	Dev	7506	to	Dev	751E
ARY0198I	-	Backup	via	Snap	Volume	Std	Vo1	ARZ107	Dev	7507	to	Dev	751F
ARY0084I	-	Backup of profile PUSER.TEST S89Z - SNAP has been created.											
ARY0004I	-	Collecting dataset information for object level recovery.											
ARY0004I	-	Dataset information collection complete.											
ARY0080I	-	Backup with timestamp 2008/10/23-12:48:56											
		Generation 01 was saved in the repository											
ARY0002I	-	DB2 Red	covei	ny Exp	pert cor	nplet	te. I	RC=000.					

# ARY#REPT DD

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard and SNAP volume information, and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from a SNAP backup:

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Summary Report

Utility Executed:	Backup
Profile Name:	PUSER.TEST S89Z - SNAP
DB2 Subsystem:	S89Z
DB2 Version:	0810
Backup Type:	Snap
Backup Contains:	Object Data and Log Data
Partial Backup:	No
Nbr of Controllers:	01
Lowest Microcode Level:	5x73
Nbr of Volumes:	0016
Backup RBA:	00000A698D53
Last Checkpoint RBA:	00000A698CE5
HPGRBLP RBA:	00000A669A6B
Backup Date:	10/23/2016
Backup Time:	12:48:56
Consistency Method:	EMC Consistent Snap
Supports Object Restore:	Yes

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<db2< th=""><th colspan="3">DB2 Source Volume&gt;</th><th colspan="3">&lt;-Snap&gt; <dat< th=""><th>-Data</th><th colspan="4">a Types&gt;</th></dat<></th></db2<>	DB2 Source Volume>			<-Snap> <dat< th=""><th>-Data</th><th colspan="4">a Types&gt;</th></dat<>			-Data	a Types>			
Volser	Ucb#	Sym#	Devtyp	Ucb#	Sym#	0bj	OCat	ALog	ACat	RLog	RCat
ARX100	7700	0962	3390-1	7718	097A	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
ARX101	7701	0963	3390-1	7719	097B	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX102	7702	0964	3390-1	771A	097C	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ARX103	7703	0965	3390-1	771B	097D	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX104	7704	0966	3390-1	771C	097E	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
ARX105	7705	0967	3390-1	771D	097F	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX106	7706	0968	3390-1	771E	0980	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX107	7707	0969	3390-1	771F	0981	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARZ100	7500	0762	3390-3	7518	077A	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ101	7501	0763	3390-3	7519	077B	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ102	7502	0764	3390-3	751A	077C	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ103	7503	0765	3390-3	751B	077D	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ104	7504	0766	3390-3	751C	077E	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
ARZ105	7505	0767	3390-3	751D	077F	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ106	7506	0768	3390-3	751E	0780	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ107	7507	0769	3390-3	751F	0781	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

The **Snap** section of this report lists the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 standard volumes. The **Data Types** section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- **OCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- ALog Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).
- **RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

If a volume contains a mix of object data or catalogs and log data or catalogs, then DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message stating that the object and log data are not separated and a full system restore is required.

# ARYSNAPO DD

This DD contains messages generated by the EMC SNAP Volume and Timefinder utilities. For information on these messages, refer to the EMC documentation. The following shows a portion of a sample ARYSNAPO DD:

ARY@SNPV - EMC Snap Volume Messages:

```
*** TIMEFINDER MF SNAP V5.8.0 (001) ***
ESNP010I BEGINNING COMMAND PARSE
ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #1
ESNPD00I API GLOBAL REQUEST PROCESSED
ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #2
ESNPD40I API SNAP VOLUME REQUEST PROCESSED
ESNP500I UNIT 7700 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX100 MOUNTED
ESNP504I UNIT 7718 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE
ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #3
ESNPD40I API SNAP VOLUME REQUEST PROCESSED
ESNP500I UNIT 7701 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX101 MOUNTED
ESNP504I UNIT 7719 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE
ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #4
ESNPD40I API SNAP VOLUME REQUEST PROCESSED
ESNP500I UNIT 7702 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX102 MOUNTED
ESNP504I UNIT 771A WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE
ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #5
ESNPD40I API SNAP VOLUME REQUEST PROCESSED
ESNP500I UNIT 7703 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX103 MOUNTED
ESNP504I UNIT 771B WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE
ESNPK31I A MAXIMUM OF 86 SUBTASKS WILL BE SCHEDULED
ESNP040I PROCESSING REQUESTS
ESNP460I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 BEGINNING,
        COPY FROM VOLUME ARX100 TO VOLUME *7718*
ESNP466W VOLUME *7718* (S/N 0001903-01055/097A) IS ONLINE TO ANOTHER SYSTEM,
        IT SHOULD BE VARIED OFFLINE AND ONLINE BEFORE USING
ESNP465I ONLINE PATH GROUP(S) ARE: 8800047D2D2096C3222E7E
ESNPJ311 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 SUSPENDED FOR PENDING ACTIVATE
ESNP460I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 BEGINNING,
        COPY FROM VOLUME ARX101 TO VOLUME 7719
ESNP466W VOLUME *7719* (S/N 0001903-01055/097B) IS ONLINE TO ANOTHER SYSTEM,
        IT SHOULD BE VARIED OFFLINE AND ONLINE BEFORE USING
```

ESNPJ311 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 SUSPENDED FOR PENDING ACTIVATE ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ100 (S/N 0001903-01055/0762) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ101 (S/N 0001903-01055/0763) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ102 (S/N 0001903-01055/0764) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ103 (S/N 0001903-01055/0765) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ104 (S/N 0001903-01055/0766) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ105 (S/N 0001903-01055/0767) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ106 (S/N 0001903-01055/0768) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ107 (S/N 0001903-01055/0769) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 16695 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARX100 (S/N 0001903-01055/0962) TO VOLUME ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 16695 TRACK(S) ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #5 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP461I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #5 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #6 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #6 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #7 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP461I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #7 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN SNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #8 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP461I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #8 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #9 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #9 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #10 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #10 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #12 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #12 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #13 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP461I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #13 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #14 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME ESNP461I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #14 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE EN ROST RC SOURCE TARGET 2 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX100 \*7718\* 3 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX101 \*7719\* 4 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX102 \*771A\* 5 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX103 \*771B\* 6 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX104 \*771C\* 7 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX105 \*771D\* 8 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX106 \*771E\* 9 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX107 \*771F\* 10 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ100 \*7518\* 11 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ101 \*7519\* 12 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ102 \*751A\* 13 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ103 \*751B\* 14 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ104 \*751C\* 15 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ105 \*751D\*

16 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ106

17 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ107

ESNP465I ONLINE PATH GROUP(S) ARE: 8800047D2D2096C3222E7E

\*751E\*

\*751F\*

18 00 ACTIVATE - CONSISTENT(YES) ESNPL80I 16 INTRA-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED ESNPL81I 2 INTER-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED

# Reviewing output from an EMC SNAP backup with auto mapping

This topic shows sample output from an EMC SNAP backup taken using a profile that specified auto mapping of target volumes.

# ARYOUT DD

During a SNAP backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to several DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample SYSPRINT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

00011 - ARY00011 - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I -BACKUP "PUSER2". "TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS" ARY00041 -ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER2.TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS was read from the repository. ARY0150I - EMC API version 05.08.00. API patch level 0001. SCF patch level 0001. ARY0179I - EMC Snap software version 05080001. ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation. ARY0190W - Volume ARX100 is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0190W - Volume ARX104 is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete. All source volumes are in this profile. ARY0370I - Performing target volume validation. ARY0275I - Fetching volumes in target storage group: ARZSG02 ARY0334I - Volume ARX11A is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX11B is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX11C is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX11D is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX11E is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX11F is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX118 is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARX119 is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0275I - Fetching volumes in target storage group: ARZSG04 ARY0334I - Volume ARZ11A is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ11B is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ11C is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ11D is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ11E is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ11F is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ118 is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0334I - Volume ARZ119 is offline. It will not be included in target list. ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX101 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX10E ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX102 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX10F ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX103 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX110 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX105 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX111 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX106 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX112 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX107 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX113
ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ100 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ110 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ101 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ111 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ102 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ112 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ103 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ113 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ104 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ114 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ105 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ115 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ106 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ116 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ107 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ117 ARY03711 - Target volume validation complete. ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete. ARY0275I - DB2 checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 00000B2169DF ARY00811 - Backup with timestamp 2008/10/24-23:41:51 Generation 01 was removed from the repository ARY0083I - Performing Snap Volume to create backup... ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX101 Dev 7701 to Dev 770E ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX102 Dev 7702 to Dev 770F ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX103 Dev 7703 to Dev 7710 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX105 Dev 7705 to Dev 7711 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX106 Dev 7706 to Dev 7712 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARX107 Dev 7707 to Dev 7713 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ100 Dev 7500 to Dev 7510 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ101 Dev 7501 to Dev 7511 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ102 Dev 7502 to Dev 7512 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ103 Dev 7503 to Dev 7513 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ104 Dev 7504 to Dev 7514 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ105 Dev 7505 to Dev 7515 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ106 Dev 7506 to Dev 7516 ARY0198I - Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol ARZ107 Dev 7507 to Dev 7517 ARY0084I - Backup of profile PUSER2.TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS has been created. ARY0279I - Task 03 - Unit 7710 with old volser ARX103 was clipped to volser ARX110 ARY0279I - Task 07 - Unit 7510 with old volser ARZ100 was clipped to volser ARZ110 ARY0279I - Task 02 - Unit 770F with old volser ARX102 was clipped to volser ARX10F ARY0279I - Task 08 - Unit 7511 with old volser ARZ101 was clipped to volser ARZ111 ARY0279I - Task 04 - Unit 7711 with old volser ARX105 was clipped to volser ARX111 ARY0279I - Task 05 - Unit 7712 with old volser ARX106 was clipped to volser ARX112 ARY0279I - Task 06 - Unit 7713 with old volser ARX107 was clipped to volser ARX113 ARY0279I - Task 01 - Unit 770E with old volser ARX101 was clipped to volser ARX10E ARY0279I - Task 03 - Unit 7514 with old volser ARZ104 was clipped to volser ARZ114 ARY0279I - Task 02 - Unit 7513 with old volser ARZ103 was clipped to volser ARZ113 ARY0279I - Task 04 - Unit 7515 with old volser ARZ105 was clipped to volser ARZ115 ARY0279I - Task 05 - Unit 7516 with old volser ARZ106 was clipped to volser ARZ116 ARY0279I - Task 06 - Unit 7517 with old volser ARZ107 was clipped to volser ARZ117 ARY0279I - Task 01 - Unit 7512 with old volser ARZ102 was clipped to volser ARZ112 ARY0004I - Collecting dataset information for object level recovery. ARY0004I - Dataset information collection complete. ARY0080I - Backup with timestamp 2008/10/27-11:54:22 Generation 01 was saved in the repository ARY0002I - ARY complete. RC=004.

## ARY#REPT DD

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard and SNAP volume information and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from a SNAP backup:

DB2 Recovery Expert

Backup Summary Report Utility Executed:...... Backup Profile Name:...... PUSER2.TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS DB2 Subsystem:..... S89Z DB2 Version:..... 0810 Backup Type:..... Snap Backup Contains:..... Object Data and Log Data Partial Backup:..... No

Nbr of Controllers:	01
Lowest Microcode Level:	5x73
Nbr of Volumes:	0014
Backup RBA:	00000B2169DF
Last Checkpoint RBA:	00000B2169DF
HPGRBLP RBA:	00000A669A6B
Backup Date:	10/27/2016
Backup Time:	11:54:22
Consistency Method:	EMC Consistent Snap
Supports Object Restore:	Yes

#### DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<db2< th=""><th>2 Volu</th><th>ume&gt;</th><th>&lt;-Targe</th><th>et&gt;</th><th>&lt;</th><th></th><th>-Data</th><th>Types</th><th>5</th><th>&gt;</th></db2<>	2 Volu	ume>	<-Targe	et>	<		-Data	Types	5	>
Volser	Ucb#	Devtyp	Volser	Ucb#	0bj	OCat	ALog	ACat	RLog	RCat
ARX101	7701	3390-1	ARX10E	770E	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX102	7702	3390-1	ARX10F	770F	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ARX103	7703	3390-1	ARX110	7710	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX105	7705	3390-1	ARX111	7711	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX106	7706	3390-1	ARX112	7712	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX107	7707	3390-1	ARX113	7713	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARZ100	7500	3390-3	ARZ110	7510	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ101	7501	3390-3	ARZ111	7511	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ102	7502	3390-3	ARZ112	7512	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ103	7503	3390-3	ARZ113	7513	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ104	7504	3390-3	ARZ114	7514	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
ARZ105	7505	3390-3	ARZ115	7515	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ106	7506	3390-3	ARZ116	7516	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ARZ107	7507	3390-3	ARZ117	7517	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

The **Snap** section of this report lists the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 standard volumes. The **Data Types** section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- OCat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- **ALog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).
- **RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

If a volume contains a mix of object data or catalogs and log data or catalogs, then DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message stating that the object and log data are not separated and a full system restore is required.

## **ARYSNAPO DD**

This DD contains messages generated by the EMC SNAP Volume and Timefinder utilities. For information on these messages, refer to the EMC documentation. The following shows portions of a sample ARYSNAPO DD:

\*\*\* TIMEFINDER MF SNAP V5.8.0 (001) \*\*\* ESNP010I BEGINNING COMMAND PARSE ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #1 ESNP000I API GLOBAL REQUEST PROCESSED

ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #2 ESNPD40I API SNAP VOLUME REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP500I UNIT 7701 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX101 MOUNTED ESNP500I UNIT 770E WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX10E MOUNTED ESNP0111 PARSING STATEMENT #3 ESNPD40I API SNAP VOLUME REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP500I UNIT 7702 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX102 MOUNTED ESNP500I UNIT 770F WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARX10F MOUNTED ESNP0111 PARSING STATEMENT #17 ESNPK31I A MAXIMUM OF 86 SUBTASKS WILL BE SCHEDULED ESNP040I PROCESSING REQUESTS ESNP460I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 BEGINNING, COPY FROM VOLUME ARX101 TO VOLUME ARX10E ESNP466W VOLUME ARXI0E (S/N 0001903-01055/0970) IS ONLINE TO ANOTHER SYSTEM, IT SHOULD BE VARIED OFFLINE AND ONLINE BEFORE USING ESNP465I ONLINE PATH GROUP(S) ARE: 8800047D2D2096C333B989 ESNPJ311 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 SUSPENDED FOR PENDING ACTIVATE ESNP460I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 BEGINNING, COPY FROM VOLUME ARX102 TO VOLUME ARX10F ESNP466W VOLUME ARX10F (S/N 0001903-01055/0971) IS ONLINE TO ANOTHER SYSTEM, IT SHOULD BE VARIED OFFLINE AND ONLINE BEFORE USING ONLINE PATH GROUP(S) ARE: 8800047D2D2096C333B989 ESNP4651 ESNPJ311 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 SUSPENDED FOR PENDING ACTIVATE ESNPF50I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #16 BEGINNING, ACTIVATE SNAP ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ100 (S/N 0001903-01055/0762) TO VOLUME ARZ110 (S/N 0001903-01055/0772) ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) FROM VOLUME ARZ101 (S/N 0001903-01055/0763) TO VOLUME ARZ111 (S/N 0001903-01055/0773) ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ102 (S/N 0001903-01055/0764) TO VOLUME ARZ112 (S/N 0001903-01055/0774) ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 50085 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME ARZ103 (S/N 0001903-01055/0765) TO VOLUME ARZ113 (S/N 0001903-01055/0775) 11:54:22 ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 16695 TRACK(S) 11:54:22 - FROM VOLUME ARX106 (S/N 0001903-01055/0968) TO VOLUME ARX112 (S/N 0001903-01055/0974) 11:54:22 ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 16695 TRACK(S) 11:54:22 - FROM VOLUME ARX107 (5/N 0001903-01055/0905) TO VOLUME ARX113 (S/N 0001903-01055/0975) 11:54:22 ESNPF51I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #16 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 11:54:22 ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME 11:54:22 ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 4 11:54:22 ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME 11:54:22 ESNP461I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 4 11:54:22 ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #4 RESUMED. COPY FROM VOLUME 11:54:22 ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #4 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 4 11:54:22 ESNPJ30I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #15 RESUMED, COPY FROM VOLUME 11:54:22 ESNP4611 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #15 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 4 11:54:22 ESNP440I PROCESSING COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 4 11:54:22 RQST RC SOURCE TARGET DISP TRACKS EXTENTS 11:54:22 2 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX101 3 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX102 ARX10E 16695 1-1 11:54:22 ARX10F 1-16695 1 4 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX103 11:54:22 ARX110 16695 1-1 11:54:22 5 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX105 ARX111 16695 1-1 11:54:22 6 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX106 ARX112 16695 1-1 7 04 SNAP VOLUME ARX107 11:54:22 ARX113 16695 1-1 11:54:22 8 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ100 ARZ110 50085 1-1 9 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ101 11:54:22 ARZ111 50085 1-10 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ102 11 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ103 11:54:22 ARZ112 50085 1-1 11:54:22 ARZ113 50085 1-1 12 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ104 11:54:22 ARZ114 50085 1-1 13 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ105 11:54:22 ARZ115 50085 1-1 11:54:22 14 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ106 ARZ116 50085 1-1 11:54:22 15 04 SNAP VOLUME ARZ107 ARZ117 50085 1-1 16 00 ACTIVATE - CONSISTENT(YES) 11:54:22 11:54:22 ESNPL80I 14 INTRA-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED 11:54:22 ESNPL81I 2 INTER-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED

## Reviewing output from a DB2 backup

During a DB2 backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to the job's DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

## ARYOUT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I -BACKUP "PUSER". "TEST S89X - DB2 BACKUP" ARY0004I -ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER.TEST S89X -DB2 BACKUP was read from the repository. ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation. ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete. All source volumes are in this profile. ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete. ARY0275I - DB2 checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 000005B44000 ARY0004I - Invoking IBM System Level Backup utility. ARY0020I - IBM System Backup Utility Complete. Token = C5F8F1C2C3361B5632B641C6000005B41B0A ARY0004I - Collecting dataset information for object level recovery. ARY0004I - Dataset information collection complete. ARY0080I - Backup with timestamp 2008/10/28-10:54:38 Generation 01 was saved in the repository. ARY00021 - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=000.

## ARY#REPT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the source and target volume information and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from a DB2 backup:

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Summary Report

Utility Executed:	Backup
Profile Name:	PUSER.TEST S89X - DB2 BACKUP
DB2 Subsystem:	S89X
DB2 Version:	0810
Backup Type:	DB2 System Level Backup
Backup Contains:	Object Data and Log Data
Partial Backup:	No
Nbr of Volumes:	0016
HSM Backup Token:	C5F8F1C2C3361B5632B641C6000005B41B0A
Alternate Copy Pool:	ALT1EC1B
Database Copy Pool Backup:	SGEC1BDA
Log Copy Pool Backup:	.SGEC1BLA
Backup RBA:	000005B41B0A
Last Checkpoint RBA:	000005B44000
HPGRBLP RBA:	000005B41B0A
Backup Date:	10/28/2016
Backup Time:	10:54:38
Consistency Method:	DB2 System Level Backup
Supports Object Restore:	Yes
I/O Suspend Time:	2016-10-28-10.54.28.196549
I/O Resume Time:	2016-10-28-10.54.38.808076
Backup Elapsed:	10.61 Seconds

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<-Source Volumes->		<-Targets->		<data< th=""><th colspan="3">Types</th></data<>			Types				
	Volser	Ucb#	Devtyp	Volser	Ucb#	0bj	OCat	ALog	ACat	RLog	RCat
	ARX140	7740	3390-1	ARX152	7752	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
	ARX141	7741	3390-1	ARX153	7753	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
	ARX142	7742	3390-1	ARX154	7754	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
	ARX143	7743	3390-1	ARX155	7755	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
	ARX144	7744	3390-1	ARX156	7756	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	ARX145	7745	3390-1	ARX157	7757	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
	ARX146	7746	3390-1	ARX158	7758	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
	ARX147	7747	3390-1	ARX159	7759	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
	ARZ140	7540	3390-3	ARZ152	7552	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	ARZ141	7541	3390-3	ARZ153	7553	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	ARZ142	7542	3390-3	ARZ154	7554	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
	ARZ143	7543	3390-3	ARZ155	7555	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	ARZ144	7544	3390-3	ARZ156	7556	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	ARZ145	7545	3390-3	ARZ157	7557	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	ARZ146	7546	3390-3	ARZ158	7558	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	ARZ147	7547	3390-3	ARZ159	7559	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

The **Source Volumes** and **Target** sections of this report list the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 volumes. The **Data Types** section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- OCat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- ALog Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).
- **RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

If a volume contains a mix of object data or catalogs and log data or catalogs, then DB2 Recovery Expert issues a message stating that the object and log data are not separated and a full system restore is required.

# Reviewing output from a DFSMSdss backup

During a DFSMSdss backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to several of the job's DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the backup was successful.

# Reviewing output from a DFSMSdss backup with auto mapping

This topic shows sample output from a DFSMSdss backup taken using a backup profile that specified auto mapping of target volumes within specified stogroups.

## ARYOUT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I -BACKUP "PUSER2". "TEST SS9X - DFDSS AUTO MAP" ARY00041 -ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER2.TEST SS9X DFDSS AUTO MAP was read from the repository. ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation. ARY0190W - Volume ARX184 is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0190W - Volume ARX185 is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data. ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete. All source volumes are in this prof ARY0370I - Performing target volume validation. ARY0275I - Fetching volumes in target storage group: ARZSG20 ARY0275I - Fetching volumes in target storage group: ARZSG18 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX180 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX190 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX181 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX191 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX182 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX192 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX183 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX193 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX186 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX196 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARX187 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARX197 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ180 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ190 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ181 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ191 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ182 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ192 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ183 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ193 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ184 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ194 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ185 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ195 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ186 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ196 ARY0404I - Source Volser: ARZ187 has been mapped to Target Volser: ARZ197 ARY03711 - Target volume validation complete. ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete. ARY0275I - DB2 checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 00000746D761 ARY00811 - Backup with timestamp 2016/10/22-22:44:46 Generation 02 was removed from the repository. ARY0152I - Suspending log activity to subsystem SS9X. ARY0004I - Performing disk copy process. ARY0356I - Task 01 - Copying source volser ARX180 to target volser ARX190. ARY0356I - Task 02 - Copying source volser ARX181 to target volser ARX191. ARY0356I - Task 04 - Copying source volser ARX183 to target volser ARX193. ARY0356I - Task 03 - Copying source volser ARX182 to target volser ARX192. ARY0356I - Task 04 - Copying source volser ARZ181 to target volser ARZ191. ARY0356I - Task 02 - Copying source volser ARX187 to target volser ARX197. ARY0356I - Task 03 - Copying source volser ARZ180 to target volser ARZ190. ARY0356I - Task 01 - Copying source volser ARX186 to target volser ARX196. ARY0356I - Task 04 - Copying source volser ARZ185 to target volser ARZ195. ARY0356I - Task 02 - Copying source volser ARZ183 to target volser ARZ193. ARY0356I - Task 03 - Copying source volser ARZ184 to target volser ARZ194. ARY0356I - Task 01 - Copying source volser ARZ182 to target volser ARZ192. ARY0356I - Task 02 - Copying source volser ARZ187 to target volser ARZ197. ARY0356I - Task 01 - Copying source volser ARZ186 to target volser ARZ196. ARY0152I - Resuming log activity to subsystem SS9X. ARY0084I - Backup of profile PUSER2.TEST SS9X - DFDSS AUTO MAP has been created. ARY0004I - Collecting dataset information for object level recovery. ARY0004I - Dataset information collection complete. ARY0080I - Backup with timestamp 2016/10/28-11:47:08 Generation 02 was saved in the repository. ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=004.

# ARY#REPT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard and DFSMSdss volume information and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from a DFSMSdss backup:

Backup	Summary Report
Utility Executed: Profile Name: DB2 Subsystem: DB2 Version: Backup Type: Backup Contains: Partial Backup: Nbr of Volumes: Backup RBA: Last Checkpoint RBA: HPGRBLP RBA: Backup Date: Backup Time: Consistency Method: Supports Object Restore: I/O Suspend Time: I/O Resume Time:	Backup PUSER2.TEST SS9X - DFDSS AUTO MAF SS9X 0910 DFSMSdss Disk Copy Object Data and Log Data No 0014 00000746D761 000007465EFF 10/28/2016 11:47:08 DB2 Log Suspend Yes 2016-10-28-11.47.08.670802 2016-10-28-11.47.11.178833
Backup Elapsed:	02.50 Seconds

DB2 Recovery Expert

DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

<>DB2 Volume>	<-Target>	<	Data	Types	5	>
Volser Ucb# Devtyp	Volser Ucb#	Obj OCat	ALog	ACat	RLog	RCat
ARX180 7780 3390-1	ARX190 7790	No No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX181 7781 3390-1	ARX191 7791	No No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX182 7782 3390-1	ARX192 7792	No No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
ARX183 7783 3390-1	ARX193 7793	No No	Yes	No	No	No
ARX186 7786 3390-1	ARX196 7796	No No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARX187 7787 3390-1	ARX197 7797	No No	Yes	No	Yes	No
ARZ180 7580 3390-3	ARZ190 7590	Yes No	No	No	No	No
ARZ181 7581 3390-3	ARZ191 7591	Yes No	No	No	No	No
ARZ182 7582 3390-3	ARZ192 7592	Yes No	No	No	No	No
ARZ183 7583 3390-3	ARZ193 7593	Yes No	No	No	No	No
ARZ184 7584 3390-3	ARZ194 7594	Yes No	No	No	No	No
ARZ185 7585 3390-3	ARZ195 7595	Yes Yes	No	No	No	No
ARZ186 7586 3390-3	ARZ196 7596	Yes No	No	No	No	No
ARZ187 7587 3390-3	ARZ197 7597	Yes No	No	No	No	No

The **DB2 Volume** and **Target** sections of this report list the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 standard volumes. The **Data Types** section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- **OCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- **ALog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).

**RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

# Reviewing output from a DFSMSdss backup with manual mapping

This topic shows sample output from a DFSMSdss backup taken using a backup profile that used manual mapping of target volumes.

### ARYOUT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY00011 - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. ARY0003I - Control Cards: BACKUP "TUSERDH". "TEST S99X - DFSMSDSS MANUAL" ARY0004I -ARY0004I -ARY0013I - Backup profile TUSERDH.TEST S99X - DFSMSDSS MANUAL was read from the repository. ARY0075I - Performing subsystem source volume validation. ARY0076I - Subsystem source volume validation complete. All source volumes are in this profile. ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete. ARY0275I - Checkpoint taken at RBA/LRSN 00000747E737 ARY0152I - Suspending log activity to subsystem S99X. ARY0004I - Performing disk copy process. ARY0356I - Task 01 - Copying source volser ARZ180 to target volser ARZ190 ARY0356I - Task 02 - Copying source volser ARZ181 to target volser ARZ191 ARY0356I - Task 03 - Copying source volser ARZ182 to target volser ARZ192 ARY0356I - Task 04 - Copying source volser ARZ183 to target volser ARZ193 ARY0356I - Task 04 - Copying source volser ARZ187 to target volser ARZ197 ARY0356I - Task 02 - Copying source volser ARZ185 to target volser ARZ195 ARY0356I - Task 03 - Copying source volser ARZ186 to target volser ARZ196 ARY0356I - Task 01 - Copying source volser ARZ184 to target volser ARZ194 ARY0152I - Resuming log activity to subsystem S99X. ARY0084I - Backup of profile TUSERDH.TEST S99X - DFSMSDSS MANUAL has been created. ARY0004I - Collecting dataset information for object level recovery. ARY0004I - Dataset information collection complete. ARY0080I - Backup with timestamp 2016/10/28-19:41:00 Generation 01 was saved in the repository. ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=000.

## ARY#REPT DD (ARYBACK step)

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the backup, including the standard and DFSMS volume information and the data types found on the backup volumes. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from a DFDSSsms backup:

Backup Summary Report Utility Executed:...... Backup Profile Name:...... TUSERDH.TEST S99X - DFSMSDSS MANUAL DB2 Subsystem:...... S99X DB2 Version:...... 0910 Backup Type:..... DFSMSdss Disk Copy Backup Contains:..... Object Data Only

DB2 Recovery Expert

Partial Backup:	No
Nbr of Volumes:	0008
Backup RBA:	0000074814FD
Last Checkpoint RBA:	00000747E737
HPGRBLP RBA:	000007473B43
Backup Date:	10/28/2016
Backup Time:	19:41:00
Consistency Method:	DB2 Log Suspend
Supports Object Restore:	Yes
I/O Suspend Time:	2016-10-28-19.40.59.817572
I/O Resume Time:	2016-10-28-19.41.01.531081
Backup Elapsed:	01.71 Seconds

#### DB2 Recovery Expert Backup Volume Detail Report

The **DB2 Volumes** and **Target** sections of this report list the target units that now contain the backup of the associated DB2 standard volumes. The **Data Types** section of the report contains the following information:

- **Obj** Yes means that the volume contains object data.
- **OCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains the z/OS catalog information for object data sets.
- **ALog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more active log data set(s).
- ACat Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an active log data set.
- **RLog** Yes means that the volume contains one or more archive log data set(s).
- **RCat** Yes means that the volume contains a user catalog that in turn contains z/OS catalog information for an archive log data set.

# **Reviewing the Restricted Objects report**

The Restricted Objects report lists the objects that were in a restricted state when a system level backup was created.

As a system level backup is performed, DB2 Recovery Expert will check for any objects that are in a restricted state. The restricted statuses DB2 Recovery Expert checks for are CHKP, GRECP, LPL, RBDP, RECP, UTUT and WEPR. If an object is found that is in one of these restricted states, it will be included in the Restricted Objects report. In addition, DB2 Recovery Expert will flag the object in the data repository as restricted at the time of the system backup.

An object that has been flagged as having a restricted status cannot be image copied or restored from a system level backup. If a job tries to image copy or restore an object that has been flagged as being in a restricted state, an error message is issued alerting the user to the object's status. The Restricted Objects report displays after the System Backup report and shows all objects that were in a restricted state at the time of a system level backup. The following is a sample of a Restricted Objects report.

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Restricted Objects Report							
<-Database->	<-Space Name->	<-Type->	<-Partition->	<-Status->			
RIDB2 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 FLCPDB14 DSN00018 RIDB RIDB RIDB RIDB RIDB RIDB RIDB	RITS1 NPRTRCPY NPRT1CEP NPRT1B6P PARTRCPY PARTRCPY PARTRCPY PARTRCPY NPRT1ZIP ARYTESTR RITS1 RITS2 RIIX1A RIIX1B RIIX2A	TS IX IX IX IX IX IX IX TS TS IX IX IX IX	0001 0002 0003 0004 0001 0001	RW,CHKP UT,RBDP UT,RBDP UT,RBDP* UT,RBDP* UT,RBDP* UT,RBDP* UT,RBDP* UT,RBDP* UT,RECP RW,RECP,COPY RW,RECP,COPY RW,REDP RW,RBDP RW,RBDP RW,RBDP			

# Reviewing output from offloading a backup

When offloading a backup, DB2 Recovery Expert writes messages to several of the offload job's DD statements. You should access and review these DD statements to determine if the offload was successful.

**Note:** If you created the system level backup using the DB2 backup method and discover that the offload you requested failed on one of the copypools, you must wait to resubmit the failed offload job until the offload of the other copypool completes.

## ARYOUT DD (ARYOFFL step)

This DD contains the backup profile information, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following shows part of a sample ARYOUT DD:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY0001I	-	DB2 Recovery Expert Starting.
ARY0003I	-	Control Cards:
ARY0004I	-	OFFLOAD "PUSER"."TEST S89Z - SNAP"
ARY0004I	-	GENERATION LAST-BACKUP
ARY0004I	-	
ARY0123I	-	Backup PUSER.TEST S89Z
		SNAP generation 001 was read from the repository.
ARY0004I	-	Performing full volume offload.
ARY0249I	-	Task 01 - Offload process starting for unit 7718 (Source volser ARX100).
ARY0249I	-	Task 02 - Offload process starting for unit 7719 (Source volser ARX101).
ARY0279I	-	Task 01 - Unit 7718 with old volser ARX100 was clipped to volser ZZX100.
ARY0279I	-	Task 02 - Unit 7719 with old volser ARX101 was clipped to volser ZZX101.
ARY0263I	-	Task 01 - Unit 7718 offloaded to local primary dataset
		TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX100.D08102
ARY0254I	-	Task 01 - Offload process for unit 7718 (Source volser ARX100) complete.
ARY0263I	-	Task 02 - Unit 7719 offloaded to local primary dataset
		TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX101.D08102
ARY0254I	-	Task 02 - Offload process for unit 7719 (Source volser ARX101) complete.

ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert complete.

## ARY#REPT DD (ARYOFFL step)

This DD contains a summary report that describes the details of the offload, original and target volume information, and the offloaded file names. The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from an offload using the SNAP backup method. This report includes the same information for FlashCopy, BCV, and DFSMSdss backup methods.

DB2 Recovery Expert Volume Offload Summary Report

Utility Executed:OffloadProfile Name:PUSER.TEST S89Z - SNAPOffload Date:10/23/2016Offload Time:12:49:19Data Mover:DFSMSdssCompress:NoEncrypted.NoEncryption Method.RSA CLRAES128Generation:0001Nbr Of Volumes:0016

The following shows a sample ARY#REPT DD from an offload using the DB2 backup method.

DB2 Recovery Expert Volume Offload Summary Report

Utility Executed:	Offload
Profile Name:	PUSER.TEST S89Z - DB2
Offload Date:	10/23/2016
Offload Time:	12:49:19
Data Mover:	DFSMSdss
Compress:	No
Encrypted	No
Encryption Method	RSA CLRAES128
Generation:	0001
Nbr Of Volumes:	0016
Alternate Copy Pool:	ALT1EC1B
Database Copy Pool Backup:	SGEC1BDA
Log Copy Pool Backup:	.SGEC1BLA

DB2 Recovery Expert Volume Offload Detail Report

<----DB2---> <----Tape----> Volser Ucb# Type Offloaded to Filename FileSeq Volser

ARX100 7700 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX100.D081023.T124922	001	C10021
ARX101 7701 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX101.D081023.T124922	001	C10022
ARX102 7702 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX102.D081023.T124937	002	C10021
ARX103 7703 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX103.D081023.T124938	002	C10022
ARX104 7704 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX104.D081023.T124949	003	C10021
ARX105 7705 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX105.D081023.T124949	003	C10022
ARX106 7706 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX106.D081023.T125002	004	C10021
ARX107 7707 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARX107.D081023.T125016	004	C10022
ARZ100 7500 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ100.D081023.T125007	005	C10021
ARZ101 7501 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ101.D081023.T125022	005	C10022
ARZ102 7502 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ102.D081023.T125024	001	C10023
ARZ103 7503 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ103.D081023.T125030	001	C10026
ARZ104 7504 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ104.D081023.T125031	002	C10023
ARZ105 7505 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ105.D081023.T125040	002	C10026
ARZ106 7506 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ106.D081023.T125037	003	C10023
ARZ107 7507 LP	TUSERDH.S89Z.ARZ107.D081023.T125048	003	C10026

This report contains the following information:

#### DB2 Volser/Ucb#

The DB2 volume serial and UCB of the backup before offload.

**Type** The backup type: LP is local primary, LB is local backup, RP is remote primary, RB is remote backup.

#### Offloaded to Filename

The data set name of the offloaded backup.

#### FileSeq

The data set file sequence number.

Volser The data set volume serial number.

# Chapter 11. Recovering database objects

This section describes how to create and maintain the application profiles that are used to recover DB2 subsystem objects. In addition it describes how to build the recovery jobs using the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface.

# Using application profiles

Application profiles contain the information that is used by DB2 Recovery Expert to recover a DB2 subsystem's objects to a desired point in time. Using DB2 Recovery Expert's ISPF interface you create application profiles specifying the objects that are to be recovered based on a set of options. You can include in an application profile individual objects or groups of objects recovered singularly or collectively.

There are three types of application profiles:

- Standard
- Transaction
- Log based

# Standard application profiles

You use a standard application profile to recover objects using the recovery information that is contained in the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository (SLR).

The DB2 Recovery Expert SLR is a collection of DB2 tables that are used to archive DB2 object metadata and recovery information. Using the SLR you can recover dropped objects to a point in time or you can recover an object back to a specific version. The versioning information that DB2 Recovery Expert keeps in the SLR is updated by running the SLR update program. The SLR update program compares the objects in the DB2 catalog to the last known version of the objects in the SLR and if an object has changed, a new entry for that object is added. If kept current by frequently running the update program, the versioning information in the SLR can present a complete historical view of the object. The information tracks when every attribute of the object changes. With this information you can choose to recover an object to one of several versions.

# Log based application profiles

You use a log based application profile to recover objects using the recovery information that is contained in the DB2 log.

Running the SLR update program to maintain the DB2 Recovery Expert SLR can be resource intensive. If you are only interested in recovering an object to just before it was dropped and not interested in recovering an object to a specific version, you can specify that the DB2 log be used as the source for recovery information. This is referred to as log based recovery. Log based recovery simplifies the recovery process for dropped objects by reading DB2 log records when recreating the object's image, eliminating the need to update the schema level repository.

# Transaction application profiles

You use a transaction application profile to recover objects that were changed by a transaction.

# Backing up objects using multiple methods

DB2 Recovery Expert offers several ways to back up a DB2 subsystem's objects. Each method of backup offers different advantages when recovering the objects.

#### Using system level backups

If you have used DB2 Recovery Expert to create a system level backup and enabled the object restore option, DB2 Recovery Expert will backup the entire DB2 system (including objects) at the volume level. All the volumes of DB2 are backed up very quickly with little or no effect to users of the DB2 system. You can use the system level backup to recover the DB2 objects in place of an image copy for each table space and or index.

With a system level backup you can recover all of the DB2 objects that were included in the backup or only a subset of the objects. If you are choosing to recover only a subset of the DB2 objects that are included in the system level backup, you would create an application profile to specify the objects you wish to recover.

For example, suppose a single application on a DB2 system needed to be restored. You would probably not want to recover the whole DB2 system back to the point of failure, as all the other applications on the DB2 system are fine. In this case you would create a system level backup for the DB2 subsystem, and create an application profile that identifies the application that you will recover. In a case where an entire DB2 subsystem is one application, and that application failed, you would want to restore the entire DB2 subsystem from the system level backup.

#### Using fast replication methods to back up objects

You can create an application profile that can be used to drive EMC Snap dataset or IBM Dataset FlashCopy to create backups for individual or groups of table spaces and indexes using fast replication. There are two types of object level backups that can use fast replication:

- Traditional image copies that will be registered in SYSIBM.SYSCOPY and usable by any recovery tool or other process that uses image copies. These image copies can be placed on TAPE or DASD and will be the same physical file format as all traditional image copies (i.e. flat files). These image copies are created by DB2 Recovery Expert issuing fast replication to copy the DB2 table space or index data set, then reading the VSAM copy to create a traditional image copy.
- VSAM type copies that will be registered in the DB2 Recovery Expert internal repository. These backups will be usable for recovery purposes only when DB2 Recovery Expert is generating recovery JCL. These copies will be in VSAM format and can only reside on DASD. When DB2 Recovery Expert is directed to generate recovery JCL, it will use these VSAM type backups for recovery purposes to generate a fast replication restore of the data set followed by a log apply step to bring the object to the desired recovery point. This type of recovery will be faster than recovery from a traditional image copy because it will use fast replication to restore the data set. The log apply phase will take place in parallel with the data set restore, also reducing recovery time.

For both types of fast replication copies, users can specify either share level change or share level reference copies to be created. For share level reference copies, DB2 Recovery Expert will place the objects in read only mode, run a QUIESCE utility to flush all the changes for these objects to disk, perform the fast replication to copy the data sets of the selected objects, and then place the objects back in read write mode. If the user requested traditional copies be made, the VSAM fast replication copy of the data sets will be read and traditional format image copies will be written and logged in the SYSCOPY table. This will significantly reduce the amount of time the object is unavailable for updates for a share level reference copy because it's only unavailable for the amount of time it takes to copy the object data set(s) using fast replication. For share level change copies, the object data set(s) are just copied using fast replication, nothing is done to prevent DB2 from updating the object data sets during the copy. A recovery using this type of copy usually requires applying log records to bring the object(s) to a point of consistency.

# **Displaying application profiles**

From the Application Profile Display panel you are able to perform all the application profile functions.

# About this task

The first step in working with application profiles is to open the Application Profile Display panel for a particular DB2 subsystem. From the Application Profile Display panel you can perform the following functions:

- create new profiles
- update profiles
- delete profiles
- rename profiles
- copy profiles
- import profiles
- export profiles
- view profiles
- view quiet times
- generate recovery DDL
- select recovery plans
- create image copies

# Procedure

 Specify 2 (Application Operations) on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS main menu and press Enter. The Application Operations Menu panel opens. Specify 1 (Application Profiles) on the Application Operations Menu panel. The Enter Application Group Selection Criteria panel opens.

```
Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria
```

```
Stored on SSID * (?for subsystem list)
Name like *
Creator like *
```

2. You use the Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria panel to filter the applications profiles that are listed on the Application Profile Display panel. In the Stored on SSID field specify the DB2 subsystem where the application profiles reside. You can list all the application profiles for the DB2 system using wildcard characters in the Stored on SSID, Name like, and Creator like fields. The asterisk (\*) is a wildcard character that will return all the profiles for the field where it is specified. You can use an asterisk (\*) for one or all fields. To limit the profiles that are listed, enter a specific profile name, profile creator name, or SSID in one or more of the Stored on SSID, Name like, and Creator like fields. Press Enter. The Application Profile Display panel opens. The first time you access this panel, it appears as follows:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Application Profile Display ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Option ===>
                                       Scroll ===> CSR
Line Commands: C - Create U - Update Q - Quiet Time V - View
           D - Delete R - Rename G - DDL Generation X - Copy
      D - Delete K - Kename G - DDL Generation A - S-FS
M - Import E - Export P - Recovery Plans I - Image Copy
_____
 Creator Like * Name Like *
                                           SSID Like *
----- Row 1 of 1 >
                         Creator SSID Updt
Cmd Name
C Press Enter to Create Profile
ARYR0311 - No Profiles were found that match your selection criteria.
Press enter to create a new profile or change the selection criteria.
  _____
```

You can use the **RIGHT** and **LEFT** scroll commands (PF10 and PF11) to see all the available columns. You can use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more profiles than can be displayed on one panel. The following fields are displayed on the panel:

#### Name Like

Specifies the profile name or mask that you entered on the Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria panel. You can change the name or mask to modify the profiles that are listed on this panel.

#### **Creator Like**

Specifies the profile creator name or mask that you entered on the Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria panel. You can change the name or mask to modify the profiles that are listed on this panel.

#### SSID Like

Specifies the DB2 subsystem ID or mask that you entered on the Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria panel. You can change the name or mask to modify the profiles that are listed on this panel.

#### Row x of y

Displays the current row and the total number of rows in the profile list. Adjacent to this field is a scroll indicator: > indicates scroll right for more data; < > indicates scroll left or right for data; < indicates scroll left for more data. A plus sign (+) indicates scroll down for more data; a minus sign (-) indicates scroll up for more data. Name Specifies the name of the profile.

#### Creator

Specifies the profile creator.

- **SSID** Specifies the DB2 subsystem ID for which the profile was created.
- **Updt** Specifies how users other than the profile creator may use the profile.

#### U(pdate)

Allows other users to update the profile.

#### V(iew)

Allows other users to view but not update the profile.

#### N(o access)

Prevents other users from viewing or updating the profile.

#### Description

Displays the profile description, if included.

#### Last Updated: Userid

Specifies the ID of the last user to update the profile.

#### Last Updated: Timestamp

Specifies the date and time that the profile was last updated.

#### Created: Userid

Specifies the ID of the creator of the profile.

#### **Created: Timestamp**

Specifies the date and time that the profile was created.

- **Cmd** The **Cmd** line next to each profile allows you to use line commands to perform updates, build jobs, and other profile management tasks.
- **3**. Enter one of the following commands in the **Cmd** line next to an application profile:
  - To create a new a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, specify a **C** in any command line and press Enter. If no application profiles are listed then you can create a new profile by just pressing Enter. The Create Application Profile panel opens. See "Creating standard and log based application profiles" on page 303 for more information on creating profiles.
  - To update a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, specify a **U** in the command line next to the profile that you want to update and press Enter.
    - If you are updating a standard or log based application profile, the Update Application Profile panel opens. From this panel you can add objects to the profile; remove objects from the profile; specify and update the image copy options; specify and update recovery plan options; update the profile's share option; and view object properties, versions, and include/exclude status. See "Updating an application profile" on page 312 for more information on updating profiles.
    - If you are updating a transaction application profile, the Transaction Report Details panel opens. From this panel you can update the selection of transactions for recovery, and generate the JCL for the recovery job. You can also change the filtering options and rescan the DB2 log for additional transactions. See "Updating a transaction profile" on page 303 for more information on updating transaction profiles.

- To view the details of a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, enter a **V** in the command line next to the profile that you want to view and press Enter.
  - If you selected to view a standard or log based application profile, the View Application Profile panel opens. See "Viewing an application profile" on page 310 for more information on viewing profiles.
  - If you selected to view a transaction application profile, the View Transaction Report Details panel opens. See "Viewing a transaction profile" on page 302 for more information on viewing profiles.
- To delete a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, enter a **D** in the command line next to the application profile that you want to delete and press Enter. You can use this line command to delete one of your own application profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update. See "Deleting an application profile" on page 361 for more information on deleting profiles.
- To rename a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, enter an **R** in the command line next to the application profile that you want to rename and press Enter. The Rename Application Profile panel opens. You can use this line command to change the name or the description in one of your own application profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update. See "Renaming an application profile" on page 360 for more information on renaming profiles.
- To copy a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, enter an **X** in the command line next to the profile that you want to copy and press Enter. The Copy Application Profile panel opens. You can use this line command to copy one of your own application profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update. See "Copying an application profile" on page 362 for more information on copying profiles.
- To import a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, enter an **M** in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to import and press Enter. The Import Application Profile panel opens. You can use this line command to import one of your own application profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update. See "Importing an application profile" on page 361 for more information on importing profiles.
- To export a standard, log based, or transaction application profile, enter an E in the command line next to the profile that you want to export and press Enter. The Export Application Profile panel opens. You can use this line command to export one of your own application profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update. See "Exporting an application profile" on page 362 for more information on exporting profiles.
- To perform quiet time analysis for the objects in a standard or log based application profile, enter a **Q** in the **Cmd** line next to the profile and press Enter. The Log Analysis panel opens. See "Performing quiet time analysis for an object" on page 348 for more information on log analysis.
- To generate DDL that can be used to recover an object or objects in a standard or log based application profile, enter a **G** in the **Cmd** line next to the profile and press Enter. The Generate DDL panel opens. See "Generating recovery DDL for an object" on page 346 for more information on generating DDL to recover an object.

- To generate a recovery plan for a standard or log based application profile, enter a **P** in the command line next to the profile for which you want to generate a recovery plan and press Enter. The Generate Recovery Plan panel opens. See "Generating object recovery plans" on page 329 for more information on generating recovery plans.
- To build image copy JCL that can be used to backup database objects using fast replication methods, enter an I in the command line next to a standard or log based application profile that includes the objects that you want to backup and press Enter. The Build Image Copy Job panel opens. See "Building image copy JCL" on page 349 for more information on building image copy jobs.

# Creating transaction profiles and recovery jobs

# Creating a transaction profile

From the Create Application Profile panel you create a transaction profile which can be used to recover objects that have been changed by one or more transactions.

# Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify a **C** in any **Cmd** line and press Enter. The following panel is displayed:

```
Create Application ProfileCreatorUSERIDProfile NameK82C OBJECTSDescriptionDB2 SSIDDB2 SSIDK82C (? for system list)Recovery Type T(Standard, Transaction, Log based)Share OptionU
```

- **2**. The **Creator** field is automatically filled with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.
- **3**. Specify a name for the application profile in the **Profile Name** field. The name can consist of up to 30 characters.
- 4. Specify a description for the application profile in the Description field.
- 5. In the **DB2 SSID** field, specify the SSID of the DB2 subsystem where the objects to be recovered currently reside. The transaction application profile will also be stored at that SSID.
- 6. Specify **T** for Transaction in the **Recovery Type** field.
- 7. You control access to the profile using the **Share Option** field. Specify **U** to allow other users to update the profile. Specify **V** to allow other users to view but not update the profile. Specify **N** to deny other users access to the profile.
- **8**. Press Enter. The Create Transaction Scan Range panel opens. From this panel you select the time range within which the DB2 logs are searched for transactions.

# Specifying the transaction scan range

Using the Create Transaction Scan Range panel you specify the time range that is used to scan the DB2 logs for the transactions that you want to recover.

## Procedure

T

1. The Create Transaction Scan Range panel opens when you specify T (transaction recovery) in the **Recovery Type** field of the Create Application Profile panel.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Create Tr Command ===>	ansaction Scan Range 2016/01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> CSR	)
Enter a time range to scan th Press enter from this screen log and populate the reposito to recover the objects based	e DB2 log for transaction recovery. to generate JCL that will scan the ry with the information needed on transaction criteria.	
Log Range type	==> P (Preceding/Timestamp/RBA/LRSN)	
Preceding Options: Preceding Type Preceding Value Use database location time	==> H (Hours/Minutes) ==> 01 (00-99) ==> Y (Yes/No)	
Timestamp Options/RBA/LRSN Op Beginning Timestamp End Timestamp Start/End RBA (URID) Start/End LRSN	tions: ==> 2016 - 06 - 02 - 10 : 39 :48 ==> 2016 - 06 - 02 - 11 : 39 :48 ==>///	

- 2. In the **Log Range Type** field specify the type of time range within which the search for transactions will occur.
  - Specify a **P** for **Preceding** to indicate that a specific time span preceding the current time will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find transactions. If you select this option, you must specify the time span details in the **Preceding Options** fields. By default the time range is set to **Preceding** by 1 hour using the local client time.
  - Specify a **T** for **Timestamp** to indicate that specific time values will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find transactions. If you select this option, you must specify the start and end time in the **Timestamp/RBA/LRSN Options** fields.
  - Specify an **R** for **RBA** to indicate that specific RBA values will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find transactions. If you select this option, you must specify the RBA start and end values in the **Timestamp Options/RBA/LRSN** fields.
  - Specify an L for LRSN to indicate that specific LRSN values will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find transactions. If you select this option, you must specify the start and end LRSN values in the Timestamp Options/RBA/LRSN fields.
- 3. If you specified a **P** in the **Log Range Type** field you must specify additional information using the **Preceding Options**. Specify whether the preceding time span will be in hours or minutes. Specify **H** for hours or **M** for minutes. Specify the number of hours or minutes in the **Preceding Value** field. You can specify a value from 0 to 99. Specify a **Y** in the **Use database location** field to indicate

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that the local time for the database will be used as the base time. Specify an N to use the local client's time as the base time.

- 4. If you specified a T in the Log Range Type field you must specify the start and stop times for the range using the Timestamp Options/RBA/LRSN fields. Specify the beginning time for the range in the Beginning Timestamp field. Specify the end time for the range in the End Timestamp field. Timestamp values are entered as YYYY MM DD HH MM SS.
- 5. If you specified an **R** in the **Log Range Type** field you must specify the start and end RBA values for the range using the **Timestamp Options/RBA/LRSN** fields. Enter the start and end RBA values in the **Start/End RBA values (URID)** field. RBAs are relative byte addresses of log records. The RBA values can be specified in full hexadecimal display format with a length of 12, such as 0001ACCDEF02, or with a length of 20, such as 00000000001ACCDEF02.

You can also search for a specific Unit of Recovery Identifiers (URID). URIDs are commonly referred to as RBAs (which is the more generic term). If you wish to filter on a single URID, the start RBA can be set equal to the URID, and the end RBA left as spaces. Only that specific URID will be reported on. For example, assume you specify the first URID = 001E668838B4 on a subsystem named D91A. The JCL generated will have a section as such:

//DATAIN DD \* SSID =D91A START RBA =001E668838B4 END RBA =00000000000 /\*

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**Note:** You cannot use RBAs or URIDs to define a range if your DB2 subsystem is part of a data sharing group. RBAs have no uniqueness in a data sharing context, so if you wish to use them in such an environment, you can only do so going against a specific member of the group, not the group as a whole. The **Data Sharing Mode** field should be set to **Y** when using RBAs or a URID as input and the DB2 subsystem should reflect a specific member, otherwise results are unpredictable and unsupported.

- 6. If you specified an L in the Log Range Type field you must specify the start and end LRSN values for the range using the Timestamp Options/RBA/LRSN fields. Enter the start and end LRSN values in the Start/End LRSN field. The LRSN values can be specified in full hexadecimal display format with a length of 12, such as 0001ACCDEF02, or with a length of 20, such as 00000000001ACCDEF02.
- 7. Unless otherwise specified all the transactions that are found within the scan range are returned. To return a more specific set of transactions you can use the **MFILTER** command. Specify **MFILTER** to apply additional filtering criteria when searching for transactions within the specified time range. The Update Miscellaneous Filters panel opens. From this panel specify the additional search criteria and press PF3 to return to the Create Transaction Scan Range panel.
- 8. In the Use SYSLGRNX field specify whether SYSLGRNX will be used when determining the log files to read. In most cases the SYSLGRNX directory tables are used to optimize selecting which log files must be read. Using these tables can add overhead to the analysis job, which in some situations can outweigh the savings that is gained by using SYSLGRNX. Specify a Y to use SYSLGRNX directory tables. Specify an N to bypass using the SYSLGRNX directory tables.
- **9**. Press Enter. A job is run that scans the log and discovers the transactions that ran during the specified time range. When the scan job completes the Transaction Report Details panel opens listing the transactions that were discovered. You select the transactions that are to be recovered from the Transaction Report Details panel.

## Applying additional filter criteria when scanning for transactions

From the Update Miscellaneous Filters panel you can specify additional filtering criteria that will be applied when searching for transactions within the specified time range.

#### Procedure

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1. The Update Miscellaneous Filters panel opens when you specify the **MFILTER** command in the **Command** line of the Create Transaction Scan Range panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Create Transaction Scan Range ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Command ===>
                                                 Scroll ===> CSR
Commands: CLEAR - remove all lines
Line Commands: I - Insert R - Remove D - Duplicate
                SSID Like EB1A
 _____
Transaction Filter Options:
 Conditional for filters ==> 0 (A - And, 0 - Or)
        A - Authid P - Plan Name J - Corr ID (jobname) I - Conn ID Exclude?
        C - Commit T - Conn Type U - Uniqueness value XP - Xappl Name (Y,
       XU - Xuser L - LU Name XW - Xworkstation Name N - Network ID N,
  Type XI - XID XA - Xacctg String (all values case-sensitive)
           _____
                                  . . . . . . . . . . . . .
      TSIYSER
  Α
XU USER24
```

- 2. In the **Conditional for filters** field you specify the operator that is used to combine each line of filtering conditions.
- **3**. To add a line of filtering criteria specify **I** in the line command.
- 4. Specify the filter type in the **Type** field.
  - A Authorization ID
  - P Plan name
  - J Job name
  - I Connection ID
  - T- Connection Type
  - N Network ID (part of the LUWID)
  - LU LU Name (part of the LUWID)
  - U Uniqueness Value (part of the LUWID)
  - C Commit count (part of the LUWID)
  - XP Transaction application name
  - XU Transaction user name
  - XW Transaction workstation name
  - XID Transaction ID
  - XA Transaction accounting string
- 5. Next to the **Type** field specify the character value that identifies the transaction that you want to discover.
- 6. In the **Exclude**? field specify whether the transaction if discovered is included or excluded from the list of transactions.
- 7. Press Enter. The filter condition is added and a new line appears. You can repeat this process and add as many lines of filter criteria as you need.

- 8. To remove a line of filtering criteria specify  $\mathbf{R}$  in the line command next to the filtering criteria that you want to remove.
- **9**. To duplicate a line of filtering criteria specify **D** in the line command next to the filtering criteria that you want to duplicate.
- **10.** Press PF3 when are finished. Control returns to the Create Transaction Scan Range panel.

# Selecting the transactions for recovery

From the Transaction Report Details panel you select one or more transactions that you want to recover and generate the JCL for the recovery job. You can also change the filtering options and rescan the DB2 log for additional transactions.

## Before you begin

If the DB2 Recovery Expert Program Control File (PCF) has been updated, you must also update the current list of transactions in the Transaction Report Details panel before building a recovery job for the transactions. You can update the list by running the RESCAN command.

## Procedure

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 The Transaction Report Details panel opens automatically after you specify the transaction scan range when you create a transaction application profile. It lists the transactions that met the filter criteria that was specified. The Transaction Report Details panel also opens when you choose to Update a transaction application profile from the Application Profile Display panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Transaction Report Details ---- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Command ===>
                                                Scroll ===> CSR
Commands: ALL - select all visible items CLEAR O clear selections
        RESCAN - rescan transaction log
        PFILTER - apply post filters
        OFILTER - apply object filters
        GENERATE - display all selected items for transaction recovery job
 Line Commands: S - Select/Unselect 0 - Operations
 _____
 Creator: TWCONWA Name: TRANS2
                                                       SSID: EB1A
 Share option: N (Upd, View, No) Description_
 Group by 0 (Urid, Operation)
 Scanned Log Range Start: 2015-06-17-09.52.21 End: 2015-06-17-09.52.21
 _____
                TIMESTAMP
                                       DBNAME TSNAME TABLE OWNER
  URID.
  000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-16-13.33.02.930135 ARYADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYADB32
  0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-16-13.33.02.930135 ARYADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYADB32
  0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-16-13.33.02.930135 ARYADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYADB32
```

- 2. The transactions that met the original search criteria that was specified when the profile was created are listed in the Transaction Report Details panel. You can refresh the list of transactions by setting up new filter criteria and using the RESCAN command as follows:
  - You can use the **PFILTER** command to apply post filters. Specify **PFILTER** on the **Command** line. Press Enter. The **Transaction Post Filters panel** opens. Post filters allow you to change the beginning and end timestamp to a subset of the initial scan range. You can also add additional filters using the **MFILTER** command. When you finish specifying additional post filter criteria press Enter to return to the Transaction Report Details panel.

- You can use the **OFILTER** command to apply object filters. Specify **OFILTER** on the **Command** line. Press Enter. The **Transaction Object Filters panel** opens. Object filters allow you to add, remove, update, include and exclude objects that were acted upon by the transaction. When you have finished selecting the objects control returns to the Transaction Report Details panel.
- Specify RESCAN in the **Command** line. The DB2 log is re-scanned based on the new filter criteria. The list of qualifying transactions is refreshed.
- **3**. You can view each of the actions that were performed by the transaction by specifying an **0** next to the transaction. Press Enter. The View Transaction Operations panel opens.
- By default the transactions are listed in URID order. You can change how the transactions are listed using the Group by field. Specify 0 to group the transactions by the operation that is performed. Specify U to group the transactions by URID.
- 5. To include a transaction in the recovery specify an **S** next to the transaction. You can select more than one transaction. When you have finished selecting the transactions, press Enter. An asterisk appears in the command line for each transaction that you selected. To clear the selection, replace the asterisk with a blank. You can also use the **A11** command to select all the listed transactions for recovery and the **CLEAR** command to clear all the selected transactions.
- 6. After you have selected the transactions that are to be included in the recovery job, specify **GENERATE** in the **Command** line to view the selected transactions and build the final transaction recovery job. The Selected Transaction Operations panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Selected Command ===>	Transaction Operations	2016/01/13 12 Scroll ===> PA	2:56:12 GE
Commands: BUILD - build trans	action recovery job		
Creator: TWCONWA Name: TRA Share option: N (Upd, View, N	NNS2 NO) Description	SSID:	EB1A
Scanned Log Range Start: 201	.5-06-17-09.52.21 Er	nd: 2015-06-17-09.52	.21
URID: TIMESTAM 0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06- 0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06- 0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-	IP         DBNA           16-13.33.02.930135         ARYA           16-13.33.02.930135         ARYA           16-13.33.02.930135         ARYA           16-13.33.02.930135         ARYA	ME TSNAME TABLE ADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYAD ADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYAD ADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYAD	E OWNER 0B32 0B32 0B32

- 7. After reviewing the transactions specify **BUILD** on the **Command** line to build the JCL for the recovery job. Press Enter. The Build Transaction Recovery Job panel opens.
- 8. Specify whether you want to review the job JCL before running the job by entering a Y in the **Edit Generated Job** field.
- **9**. Specify the data set and member name for the job in the **Build job in data set** and **Member** fields.
- 10. Edit the job card information if necessary.
- 11. Press Enter. If you selected to review the JCL, the transaction recovery job JCL opens in an ISPF edit session. If you did not choose to edit the JCL, the job is run.

# Sample transaction recovery job JCL and results

The following is a sample of a transaction recovery job:

```
//* DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS
//*
//* Log Analysis Services - Execute Undo SQL Utility
//*
//* Generated by UserXX 2015-08-11 23.23.49
//*
//* SSID: EA1A
//*
//*
//* Execute DML Utility
//TXNR0001 EXEC PGM=ARY@FSP,
     PARM='EA1A -F RSTEST.ARY32.EA1A.ARYLAS.SQLOUT.T0000101'
11
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.EA1A.SDSNEXIT
//
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.VA10.SDSNLOAD
11
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.CONTROL
//SYSPRINT DD
           SYSOUT=*
//ARYPRINT DD
           SYSOUT=*
//CEEOPTS DD
            *
 STACK(1000K)
/*
//ARYCFG DD
            *
RESTART AUTO
ON SQLERROR STOP
ON SQLWARN WARN
/*
```

The following is an example of the contents of the file EA1A -F RSTEST.ARY32.EA1A.ARYLAS.SQLOUT.T0000101:

```
000001 -- UNDO SQL FOR SUBSYSTEM: EA1A
000002 --#00000001 *UNDO INSERT* URID:006BE3840E72 DATE/TIME:2015-08-11/23.22
000003
000004
         DELETE FROM
000005 "ARYTEST"."ARYTEST_TBL07"
000006
         WHERE
             "COL 1" = +4419
000007
000008;
000009
000010 --#00000002 *UNDO INSERT* URID:006BE3840E72 DATE/TIME:2015-08-11/23.22
000011
000012
         DELETE FROM
000013 "ARYTEST"."ARYTEST_TBL07"
000014
         WHERE
000015
             "COL 1" = +3319
000016;
000017
000018 --#00000003 *UNDO INSERT* URID:006BE3840E72 DATE/TIME:2015-08-11/23.22
000019
000020
         DELETE FROM
000021 "ARYTEST"."ARYTEST_TBL07"
         WHERE
000022
             "COL_1" = +2219
000023
000024;
000025
000026 --#00000004 *UND0 INSERT* URID:006BE3840E72 DATE/TIME:2015-08-11/23.22
000027
000028
         DELETE FROM
000029 "ARYTEST"."ARYTEST_TBL07"
000030
         WHERE
            "COL_1" = +1119
000031
000032;
000033
```

```
000034 --#00000005 *UND0 INSERT* URID:006BE3840E72 DATE/TIME:2015-08-11/23.22
000035 000036 DELETE FROM
000037 "ARYTEST"."ARYTEST TBL07"
000038 WHERE
           "COL_1" = +119
000039
000040;
000041
000042 --#00000006 *UNDO INSERT* URID:006BE3840E72 DATE/TIME:2015-08-11/23.22
000043
000044
       DELETE FROM
000045 "ARYTEST"."ARYTEST_TBL07"
000046 WHERE
           "COL 1" = +19
000047
000048 ;
```

# Viewing a transaction profile

From the View Transaction Report Details panel you can view the details of a transaction profile.

### Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel, specify a V in the command line next to the transaction profile. The View Transaction Report Details panel opens.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- View Transaction Report Details ---- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
                                                 Scroll ===> CSR
Command ===>
 Commands: PFILTER - apply post filters
OFILTER - apply object filters
 Line Commands: 0 - Operations
 _____
 Creator: TWCONWA Name: TRANS2
                                                      SSID: EB1A
 Share option: N (Upd, View, No) Description_
 Group by 0 (Urid, Operation)
 Scanned Log Range Start: 2015-06-17-09.52.21 End: 2015-06-17-09.52.21
_____
  URID:
               TIMESTAMP
                                      DBNAME TSNAME TABLE OWNER
  0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-16-13.33.02.930135 ARYADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYADB32
  0000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-16-13.33.02.930135 ARYADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYADB32
  000000016FAC043AC 2015-06-16-13.33.02.930135 ARYADB32 ARYSPTS1 ARYADB32
```

- 2. You can view the post filters that were used to scan for the transactions that are included in the profile. Post filters allow you to change the beginning and end timestamp to a subset of the initial scan range. Specify **PFILTER** on the **Command** line. Press Enter. The View Transaction Post Filters panel opens. You can also view any miscellaneous filters that were applied when searching for the transactions. Specify **MFILTER** in the command line of the View Transaction Post Filters panel to open the View Miscellaneous Filters panel. Press PF3 to return to the View Transaction Report Details panel.
- **3**. You can view the filters that were used to filter the objects acted upon by the transaction(s) in the profile. Specify **OFILTER** on the **Command** line. Press Enter. The View Transaction Object Filters panel opens. You use object filters to add, remove, update, include and exclude objects that were acted upon by the transaction. Press PF3 to return to the View Transaction Report Details panel.
- You can view each of the actions that were performed by the transaction by specifying an **0** next to the transaction. Press Enter. The View Transaction Operations panel opens.

5. Press PF3 to return to the Application Profile Display panel.

# Updating a transaction profile

You can update transaction profiles and change the transactions that you want to recover.

# About this task

From the Application Profile Display panel, specify a U next to the transaction that you want to update. The Transaction Report Details panel opens. For more information about updating the fields on the Transaction Report Details panel see "Selecting the transactions for recovery" on page 299.

# Creating standard and log based application profiles and recovery jobs

# Creating standard and log based application profiles

From the Create Application Profile panel you can create a standard or a log-based application profile. The process of creating a new application profile includes creating the profile; specifying a search range for log based profiles; and specifying the objects that will be recovered.

## Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify a **C** in any **Cmd** line and press Enter. The following panel is displayed:

```
Create Application Profile

Creator USERID

Profile Name K82C OBJECTS

Description

DB2 SSID K82C (? for system list)

Recovery Type S (Standard, Transaction, Log based)

Share Option U (Update, View only, No access)
```

- **2**. The **Creator** field is automatically filled with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.
- **3.** Specify a name for the application profile in the **Profile Name** field. The name can consist of up to 30 characters.
- 4. Specify a description for the application profile in the Description field.
- 5. Specify the SSID where the objects included in the application profile currently reside in the **DB2 SSID** field. The application profile will also be stored at that SSID.
- 6. Specify the type of application profile in the **Recovery Type** field.
  - Specify **S** to create a standard application profile. A standard application profile can be used to recover objects using the schema level repository.
  - Specify L to create a log-based application profile. A log-based application profile can be used to recover objects using DB2 log records.

- You control access to the application profile using the Share Option field. Specify U to allow other users to update the profile. Specify V to allow other users to view but not update the profile. Specify N to deny other users access to the profile.
- **8**. Press Enter. One of the following panels opens based on the type of application profile that you are creating:
  - If you are creating a standard application profile, the Object Types Selection panel opens. From this panel you select the objects that are added to the profile.
  - If you are creating a log-based application profile the Scanned Log Ranges panel opens. From this panel you select the time range within which the DB2 logs are searched for dropped objects.

## Selecting a LBDR time range

The LBDR Scanned Log Ranges opens when you are creating a log-based application profile. From the LBDR Scanned Log Ranges panel you select the time range in the DB2 log that is searched for dropped objects.

#### About this task

To select a LBDR time range:

#### Procedure

1. The LBDR Scanned Log Ranges opens when you specify L (log-based recovery) in the **Recovery Type** field of the Create Application Profile panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- LBDR Scanned Log Ranges ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Command ===>
                                                                         Scroll ===> CSR
Line Commands: C - Create D - Delete S - Select
 _____
                        Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF
                                                                                SSID EA1A
    ----- Row 1 of 1 +
Start Timestamp End Timestamp Creator LBDR ID
2016-03-08-21.10.48 2016-03-08-21.15.48 Userid1
                                                                      1
2016-03-09-15.03.322016-03-09-15.05.00Userid12016-03-20-16.06.042016-03-20-17.06.04Userid22016-03-22-14.34.402016-03-22-14.37.00Userid2
                                                                       5
                                                                        6
                                                                        7

        2016-03-22-14.34.40
        2016-03-22-14.37.00
        Userid2

        2016-03-26-18.17.00
        2016-03-26-18.17.55
        Userid2

        2016-05-09-00.27.30
        2016-05-09-01.27.30
        Userid1

        2016-05-09-16.25.34
        2016-05-09-17.25.34
        Userid1

                                                                        8
                                                                        9
                                                                       10
```

2. The following fields are displayed:

#### Creator

Specifies the creator of the application profile.

- Name Specifies the name of the application profile.
- **SSID** Specifies the DB2 subsystem where the objects in the profile and the DB2 log reside.

#### Start Timestamp

Specifies the start time for the LBDR range.

#### **End Timestamp**

Specifies the end time for the LBDR range.

#### LBDR ID

Specifies the ID that has been assigned to the time range during the data collection.

- **3**. To create a new time range, specify a **C** in the command line. The Create LBDR Scan Range opens. From this panel you specify a time range to scan the DB2 log for dropped objects. Press Enter. The new range is listed in LBDR Scanned Log Ranges panel.
- 4. To delete an existing LBDR scan range, specify a **D** next to the time range that you want to delete. Press Enter. A pop-up window requests confirmation of the deletion. Press **OK** and the time range is deleted.
- 5. To select the LBDR scan range for the profile, specify an **S** next to the time range that you want to use. Press Enter.
- **6**. The Object Types Selection panel opens where you select the objects that are included in the application profile.

### Creating a new LBDR time range

From the Create LBDR Scan Range panel you create a new time range that can be used to scan the DB2 logs for dropped objects.

#### Procedure

1. The Create LBDR Scan Range panel opens when you enter a **C** in the **cmd** line of the LBDR Scanned Log Ranges panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Create LBDR Scan Range ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
                                                       Scroll ===> CSR
Command ===>
Enter a time range to scan the DB2 log for dropped object events.
Press enter from this screen to generate JCL that will scan the
log and populate the LBDR repository with the information needed
to recover the objects from the log.
                             ==> P (Preceding/Timestamp)
Log Range type
 Preceding Options:
  Preceding Type
                             ==> H
                                     (Hours/Minutes)
  Preceding Value
                            ==> 01
                                     (00-99)
  Use database location time ==> Y
                                     (Yes/No)
Timestamp Options:
                           ==> 2016 - 06 - 02 - 10 : 39 :48
  Beginning Timestamp
  End Timestamp
                           ==> 2016 - 06 - 02 - 11 : 39 :48
```

- 2. In the **Log Range Type** field specify the type of time range within which the search for dropped objects will occur.
  - Specify a **P** for **Preceding** to indicate that a specific time span preceding the current time will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find dropped objects. If you select this option, you must specify the time span details in the **Preceding Options** fields. By default the time range is set to **Preceding** by 1 hour using the local client time.
  - Specify a **T** for **Timestamp** to indicate that specific time values will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find dropped

objects. If you select this option, you must specify the start and end time in the **Timestamp Options** fields. Timestamp values are entered as YYYY - MM - DD - HH - MM - SS.

- 3. If you specified a **P** in the **Log Range Type** field you must specify additional information using the **Preceding Options**. Specify whether the preceding time span will be in hours or minutes. Specify **H** for hours or **M** for minutes. Specify the number of hours or minutes in the **Preceding Value** field. You can specify a value from 0 to 99. Specify a **Y** in the **Use database location** field to indicate that the local time for the database will be used as the base time. Specify an **N** to use the local client's time as the base time.
- 4. If you specified a **T** in the **Log Range Type** field you must specify the start and stop times for the range using the **Timestamp Options** fields. Specify the beginning time for the range in the **Beginning Timestamp** field. Specify the end time for the range in the **End Timestamp** field. Timestamp values are entered as YYYY MM DD HH MM SS.
- 5. In the **Use SYSLGRNX** field specify whether SYSLGRNX will be used when determining the log files to read. In most cases the SYSLGRNX directory tables are used to optimize selecting which log files must be read. Using these tables can add overhead to the analysis job, which in some situations can outweigh the savings that is gained by using SYSLGRNX. Specify a Y to use SYSLGRNX directory tables. Specify an N to bypass using the SYSLGRNX directory tables.
- 6. Press Enter. A job is run that will scan the log and populate the LBDR repository with the information needed to recover the object from the log. Control returns to the LBDR Scanned Log Ranges panel where you can select the range.

# Selecting object types for standard and log based application profiles

From the Object Types Selection panel, you choose the types of objects that you want to recover and include in a standard or log based application profile. Selecting the types of objects that will be recovered is the first step to selecting specific objects.

## About this task

#### Note:

- When setting up the recovery of an index space, DB2 Recovery Expert can only recover indexes when the table space data is still valid.
- Several object types may not produce recovery JCL when doing a recover to Current because they are non-data types. Non-data object types are Alias, Function, Global Variable, Procedure, Role, Sequence, Sequence Alias, Synonym, Trigger, and View. You can generate View DDL for these objects by using the DDL Generation option.

## Procedure

 From the Application Profile Display panel enter a C in the Cmd line. The Create Application Profile panel opens. Specify the SSID, profile name, and a description. If you specify an S in the Recovery Type field to create a standard recovery (uses the SLR) application profile and press Enter, the Objects Types Selection panel opens. If you specify an L to create a log based (uses the DB2 log) application profile and press Enter, the Select a LBDR time range panel opens followed by the Objects Types Selection panel.

1

T

Т

T

T

CVYXPRT V3R2 Object Types Selection Command ===>	2016/01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> CSR
Line Commands: S - Select an object type	
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF	SSID EA1A
Dject Types	ROW 1 OT 1 +
Stogroups	
Databases	
Tablespaces	
Tables	
Indexes	
_views	
Data Types	
Triggers	
Functions	
Procedures	
Sequences	
Sequence Aliases	
Roles	
Plans	
Packages	
Auto Tool Profiles	

- Place an S next to each of the object types that you want to include in the profile. Pressing Enter starts the selection process for each type of object that you selected. If you entered an S for more than one type of object, the selection process is driven for each type of object in the order that they appear on the panel.
- **3**. The selection process consists of filtering and selection. A filter popup panel opens automatically for each type of object that you have selected for inclusion in the profile. Depending on the filtering that you specify, all or a portion of the objects for a specific type that reside on the DB2 subsystem are displayed in the selection panel. From the selection panel you select the specific objects for the profile. After selection, the filter and selection panels for the next set of object types opens. Filtering and selection continues for each object type that has been selected for the profile.

## Filtering the subsystem objects

You use the object type filter panel to limit the objects that are presented in the selection panels for each of the object types.

#### About this task

A database filter panel opens for each object type that is included in the standard or log based application profile. Without filtering all objects found on the DB2 subsystem of that specific type are included in the selection panel.

#### Procedure

1. The filter panel opens automatically for each type of object that is included in the application profile. The fields that are displayed on the filter panel for each object type varies slightly. An example of the filter panel for a Tablespace object is as follows:

Tablespace F	lter
Creator like	%
Name like	ARYDB010
Wildcard:	N (Yes/No) N
Include/Exclude	I (Include/Exclude)

- 2. Each object filter panel includes a filter field called **Creator like**. You specify the ID of the user who created the object that you would like to include in the application profile in the **Creator like** field. You can filter for a single user ID by specifying a specific ID in the field or for several users using wildcard characters. The wildcard character % indicates a global match. For example % will include all objects of this type and b% will include all objects that begin with a "b". The wildcard character \* indicates a single character match. For example abc\* will include all objects that start with abc.
- 3. Each object filter panel includes a name field that you can use to filter on the object name. Specify the name of the object that you would like to include in the application profile in the *object name* like field. You can filter for a single object by specifying a specific name in the field or for several objects using wildcard characters. The wildcard character % indicates a global match. For example % will include all objects of this type and b% will include all objects that begin with a "b". The wildcard character \* indicates a single character match. For example abc\* will include all objects that start with abc.
- 4. Most object filter panels include the Wildcard field. You specify whether a wildcard character is used in the Wildcard field to control the display of objects in the profile. Specify an N to indicate that the objects that meet the filter criteria that is specified in the Creator and *object name* Like fields are searched for immediately and listed in the Selection panel that opens automatically. Specify a Y to indicate that the filtering of the objects on the DB2 subsystem occurs at run time. In this case the selection panel is not displayed. The default value for this field is N.
- 5. Most object filter panels include the **Include / Exclude** field. You can further filter the objects that are displayed in the selection panel or included in the application profile using the **Include / Exclude** field. Specify **I** to include all the objects that meet the filter criteria. Specify an **E** to exclude all the objects that meet the criteria. The default is to include all the objects that fit the filtering criteria.
- 6. After specifying the filter criteria, press Enter. The filtering process selects the objects that meet the filtering criteria and displays them in the *Object* Selection panel. If you specified a **Y** in the **Wildcard** field, then the filtering occurs at run time and the Update Profile Display panel opens.

# Selecting the object

The *Object* Selection panel displays each of the objects for a particular object type that match the criteria specified in the *Object* Filter panel. From the *Object* Selection panel you will select the objects that are included in the application profile.

#### Procedure

1. The *Object* Selection panel opens automatically after pressing Enter in the *Object* Filter panel and the **Wildcard** field from the *Object* Filter panel is set to **N**. An example of the Selection panel for Tablespace objects follows:

RCVYXPRT V3 Command =	RCVYXPRT V3R2 Tablespace Selection 2016/01/13 12:56:12 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR				/01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> CSR
Line Comma	Line Commands: S - Select V - Versions P - Properties				
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF SSID EA1A Database name like ARYDB% Tablespace name like %					SSID EA1A
	DDnama		 C+ 2+ 140	Altened Timestamp	Row 1 of 1 +
ΛΡΥΓΟΝΤΥ		ALL	Scalus Roth	2016_08_10_1/ 26 53	$2016_08_10_1/1 26 53$
			Both	2010-00-19-14.20.00	2010-00-19-14.20.55
	ARYDR		Both	2010-00-19-14.20.37	2016-08-19-14 26 56
	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.58	2016-08-19-14-26-58
ARYPLUXB	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.46	2016-08-19-14.26.46
ARYPLUXC	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.50	2016-08-19-14.26.50
ARYROLES	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.54	2016-08-19-14.26.54
ARYVRTS1	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.56	2016-08-19-14.26.56
ARYVRTS1	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.38	2016-08-19-14.26.38
ARYVRTS2	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.40	2016-08-19-14.26.40
_ARYVRTS3	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.55	2016-08-19-14.26.55
ARYVRTS4	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.45	2016-08-19-14.26.45
_ARYVRTS5	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.41	2016-08-19-14.26.41
_ARYVRTS6	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.39	2016-08-19-14.26.39
_ARYVRTS7	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.42	2016-08-19-14.26.42
_ARYVRTS8	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.27	2016-08-19-14.26.27
_ARYVRTS9	ARYDB	ALL	Both	2016-08-19-14.26.16	2016-08-19-14.26.16

- 2. Each of the filter values that you specified are displayed on the panel. You can change one or more of the filter values. If you change any one of the filter values, then the list of objects that meet the filter criteria is refreshed. The filter parameters vary depending on the type of object.
- **3**. Each line in the display section of the panel shows the fields that are unique to the type of object. For all object types the **Status** field shows if the object is only in the SLR (dropped), is just in the DB2 catalog (CatOnly), or in both the SLR and the DB2 catalog (Both).
- 4. The overall structure of the display may vary depending on the object type. For example, for partitioned tablespaces and indexes, the display will show one line with the value **ALL** followed by a line for each partition. This allows you to select the **All** line or individual partitions.
- 5. To select an object for inclusion in the application profile, specify **S** in the command line to the left of the object. Press Enter. The object is selected and included in the profile. The Update Application Profile panel opens. You can select more than one object by specifying an **S** in multiple command lines.
- 6. To show all levels of the object that are in the repository, specify **V** in the command line to the left of the object. Press Enter. The *Object* Definition Levels panel opens. Each object level is displayed. Press the F3 function key to return to the *Object* Selection panel. An example of the Tablespace Definition levels panel is as follows:

7. To show the object and all its returned properties, specify **P** in the command line to the left of the object. Press Enter. The *Object* Properties panel opens where you can view the property information for the object. Press the F3 function key to return to the *Object* Selection panel. An example of the Tablespace Properties is as follows:

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Tablespace Properties 2016/01/13 12:56:12 Command ===> CSR					
Database name: AF	RYDB231 Tablespace name: ARYBXTN				
Creator: USERID	NAME: TESTPROF	SSID EA1A Row 1 of 1 +			
Altered timestamp Created timestamp DBIB: Implicit OBID Partition count	: 2016-12-09-12.24.55.498311 : 2016-12-09-12.24.55.498311 : USERID : 651 : N : 312 : 0				
PSID Repository status Status Table count Tablespace count	: 313 : Both repository and DB2 catalog : RW : 1 :				

# Viewing an application profile

You can view all the application profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also view an application profile created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update.

## Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify a **V** in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to view and press Enter. The View Application Profile panel opens.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- View Application Profile ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
                                                Scroll ===> CSR
Command ===>
Line Commands: V - Versions P - Properties
 _____
                     _____
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF
                                                      SSID EA1A
Share Option N (Upd, View, No) Description:
NameSchema/CreatorPart WildIncStatusDBNameCardExcARYTS024ARYDB024AllNoIncBothARYTS025ARYDB025AllNoIncBothARYTS026ARYDB026AllNoIncBoth
 0bj
 Туре
 TS
 TS
_TP
```

2. From the View Application Profile panel you can view a list of all the objects that are included in the profile for recovery. From the View Application Profile you cannot make any changes. One or more of the following fields are displayed depending on the type of profile (standard, log-based or transaction) and the type of object:

#### Obj Type

The type of object is displayed as an abbreviation.

**Name** The name of the object. Only the first 30 bytes of the object name will display. To see the full name enter a **P** next to the object and press Enter. The properties panel for the object opens where you can see all the property details for the object.

#### Schema/Creator/DBName

The name of the schema, creator, or database to which this object belongs. Only the first 20 bytes of the name will display. To see the full name enter a  $\mathbf{P}$  next to the object and press Enter. The properties panel for the object opens where you can see all the property details for the object.

**Part** The **Part** field is only present for table space or index objects. If the table space or index is partitioned, the partition number appears in this column. the value ALL in this column indicates that if you select that table space, all partitions will be included. A 0 in this column indicates that the table space or index is not partitioned.

#### Wild Card

The **Wild Card** field indicates whether the object was selected using wild cards. A Y indicates that the object was selected using a wildcard. An N indicates that a wild card was not used.

#### Inc/Exc

The **Inc/Exc** field indicates whether the selected object will be included in the profile or excluded from the profile.

**Status** The **Status** field shows if the object is only in the SLR (dropped), is just in the DB2 catalog (CatOnly), or in both the SLR and the DB2 catalog (Both).

#### Altered Timestamp

The **Altered Timestamp** field specifies the date and time that the object was altered.

### **Created Timestamp**

The **Created Timestamp** field specifies the date and time that the object was created.

#### TB/IX/DBName

This field displays the database name where the table or index object resides. This field only applies to table and index objects.

#### TSName

This field displays the table space name where the table object resides. This field only applies to table objects.

- **3**. You can view the **Share Option** for the application profile. The current value is displayed. The value of **U** specifies that all users can update the profile. A value of **V** specifies that all users can view but not update the profile. A value of **N** specifies that no user other than you as the creator can update or view the profile.
- 4. To view the recovery options, enter Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field and press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. You can view recovery options, but cannot make any changes. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Profile panel.
- 5. To view the image copy options, enter Y in the **Image Copy Options** field and press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel opens. You can view all the image copy options. In addition there are several options that you can update from the panel. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Profile panel.
- 6. To view the versions for each object in the display list, specify V in the line next to the object and press Enter. The Definition Levels panel opens. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Profile panel.
- 7. To view the properties for each object in the display list, specify **P** in the line next to the object and press Enter. The Properties panel opens. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Profile panel.

# Updating an application profile

From the Update Application Profile panel you can add objects to the standard or log based application profile; remove objects from the profile; specify and update the image copy options; specify and update recovery plan options; update the profile's share option; and view object properties, versions, and include/exclude status.

#### Procedure

1. The Update Application Profile panel opens automatically after all the objects for a profile have been selected using the Objects Types Selection panels. In addition, the Update Application Profile panel opens when **Update** is entered for a profile listed in the Application Profile Display panel.
2. The fields that are displayed for each object are:

# Obj Type

The object type is displayed as an abbreviation.

**Name** The name of the object. Only the first 30 bytes of the object name will display. To see the full name enter a **P** next to the object and press Enter. The properties panel for the object opens where you can see all the property details for the object.

## Schema/Creator/DBName

The name of the schema, creator, or database to which this object belongs. Only the first 20 bytes of the name will display. To see the full name enter a  $\mathbf{P}$  next to the object and press Enter. The properties panel for the object opens where you can see all the property details for the object.

Part The Part field is only present for Tablespace or Index objects. If the tablespace or index is partitioned, the partition number appears in this column. The value ALL in this column indicates that if you select that tablespace, all partitions will be included. A value of 0 in this column indicates that the tablespace or index is not partitioned.

### Wild Card

The **Wild Card** field indicates whether the object was selected with the wildcard filter function activated. A **Y** indicates that these objects were selected with the wildcard function active and they will be selected according to the specified filter criteria at run time. An **N** indicates that the objects were already selected using the Selection panel.

### Inc/Exc

The **Inc/Exc** field indicates whether the selected object will be included in the profile or excluded from the profile.

**Status** The **Status** field shows if the object is only in the SLR (dropped), is just in the DB2 catalog (CatOnly), or in both the SLR and the DB2 catalog (Both).

### **Altered Timestamp**

The **Altered Timestamp** field specifies the date and time that the object was altered.

# **Created Timestamp**

The **Created Timestamp** field specifies the date and time that the object was created.

# TB/IX DBName

This field displays the database name where the table or index object resides. This field only applies to table and index objects.

# Table TSName

This field displays the table space name where the table object resides. This field only applies to table objects.

- **3**. You can modify the Share option for the application profile. The current value is displayed. Changing the value to **Upd** will allow all users to update the profile. Changing the value to **View** will allow all users to view but not update the profile. Changing the value to **N** will not allow any users other than yourself to update or view the profile.
- 4. To specify or update the recovery options, specify a Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Update the options and press F3. Control is returned to the **Update Application Profile** panel.
- 5. To specify the image copy options, specify a **Y** in the **Update IC Options** field. Press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel opens. Update the options and press F3. Control is returned to the Update Application Profile panel.
- 6. Specify an **A** in the command line next to the profile to which you want to add an object. Press Enter. The Object Types Selection panel opens. Follow the process of adding objects. When all selections are made, control is returned to the Update Application Profile panel.
- 7. Specify an **R** in the command line next to the object that you want to remove from the profile. Press Enter. The object is removed from the profile.
- 8. Specify a **V** in the command line next to the object that you want to view version information. Press Enter. The Definition Level panel that is specific to the type of object opens.
- **9**. Type a **P** in the command line next to the object whose properties you want to view. Press Enter. The Properties panel that is specific to the type of object opens.
- **10.** Type a **U** in the command line next to the object whose wildcard status you want to update. Press Enter.
- 11. Specify an **I** in the command line next to the object whose status you want to change to include (**Inc**). When the object's status is specified as **Inc**, it and all its dependent objects are included in the recovery or image copy job.
- 12. Specify an **E** in the command line next to the object whose status you want to change to exclude (**Exc**). You use this command to exclude the object from a larger set of objects that are to be recovered or image copied. For example, if you choose to include all objects that are found in a database with the exception of one of the objects in the database, then you would select the database and specify its status as Inc, and then select one of the objects in the database and specify its status as Exc.
- 13. You can use the Explode command for a masked object to see the actual objects that will be included in the recovery job. A masked object is one that was added to the profile using a wild card, the include/exclude option, or other processing specification. A masked object is a placeholder in the profile and indicates that one or more actual objects will be included when the job is built. To see the actual objects for a single masked object, enter an X on the line next to the masked object. To see all the objects for each masked object in

the profile, enter **EXPLODE** in the Option command line. Press enter. The Explode Application Profile Display panel opens.

14. Press PF3 to return to the Application Profile Display panel.

# Specifying the recovery options

You use the Recovery Options panel to specify the options that control the creation of the recovery JCL or DDL for the objects in a standard or log based application profile.

# Before you begin

**Note:** In the latest release of DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 you no longer need to set recovery options that specify whether you want to use system level backups, image copies, or VSAM image copies for recovery. Starting with V3.1, DB2 Recovery Expert examines all recovery resources that are available when generating the recovery plans.

# Procedure

1. From the Update Application Profile panel specify Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. In this panel use PF8 to scroll down and see all the options. Use PF7 to return to the top of the panel.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Command ===>	Options 2016/01/13	12:56:12
Creator: USERID NAME: TEST	PROF	SSID EA1A
General Options: Stop if restricted objects Generate Check Utility Include RI related objects Allow LOAD from FIC recreat	==> Y (Yes/No) ==> Y (Yes/No) ==> Y (Yes/No) ed tables ==> N (Yes/No)	MORE: +
Recover Options: Recover Unchanged Objects Number of Tape Drives Site	==> Y (Yes/No) ==> 4 (1-99) ==> D (Default/Local site/H	Recovery site)
Copy Options: Image Copies after recover Local Site Primary Local Site Backup Remote Site Primary Remote Site Backup Number of Tape Drives Check Pages Use DFSMSdss Concurrent Copy Automatic Image Copies	==> N (No/Tablespaces/Inde ==> N (Yes/No) ==> N (Yes/No/Update)	exes and tablespaces
Parallel Job Options:		

2. Specify or edit one or more the following General Options:

### Stop if restricted objects

Specify  $\mathbf{Y}$  to stop the recovery if any restricted objects are encountered. Specify N to skip the restricted object if one is encountered and continue the recovery.

## **Generate Check Utility**

Specify an **N** to indicate that steps for the Check Data, Check Index and Check Lob Utilities for recovered objects should not be generated.

### Include RI related objects

Specify **Y** to automatically include objects that are related to the selected objects (due to referential integrity) in the recovery process. Specify **N** to exclude those objects. The default value is **Y**.

### Allow LOAD from FIC recreated tables

Specify **Y** to allow a **LOAD** from a full image copy recovery plan to be used for recreated tables. Specify **N** to prevent a **LOAD** from a full image copy recovery plan from being used for recreated tables. Using this recovery plan for recreated tables may fail in some cases.

3. Specify or edit one or more the following **Recover Options**:

# **Recover Unchanged Objects**

Specify whether all objects, both changed and unchanged, are included in the recovery. Specify **Yes** to include all objects. Specify **No** to exclude objects that have not changed. Excluding objects saves processing time during recovery.

## Number of Tape Drives

Specify the number of tape drives that are used in the recovery.

- **Site** Specify the recovery site that is used for recovery. Specify D to use the subsystem default; specify L to use the local site; or R to use the recovery site.
- 4. Specify or edit one or more the following Copy Options:

#### Image Copy after recovery

Specify the image copy options that will occur after recovery. Specify N to not perform image copies after recovery; specify T to image copy only the table spaces after recovery; or specify I to image copy both table spaces and indexes after the recovery.

### Local Site Primary

Specify Y to perform a local site primary image copy.

# Local Site Backup

Specify Y to perform a local site backup image copy.

# **Remote Site Primary**

Specify Y to perform a remote site primary image copy.

#### **Remote Site Backup**

Specify Y to perform a remote site backup image copy.

#### Number of Tape Drives

Specify the number of tape drives that will be used for image copies.

#### **Check Pages**

Specify Y to run the check utility on each page.

### Use DFSMSdss concurrent copy

Specify whether concurrent copies will be performed. Specify Y to use concurrent copy to perform the image copies. Specify N to perform the image copies without using concurrent copy.

# **Automatic Image Copies**

Specifies whether image copies for the dropped objects will be created automatically from a system level backup (SLB) during the recovery plan generation.

If this option is set to Y, and image copies for dropped objects do not exist and a system level backup does exist, then image copies for these objects will be created automatically from the SLB during the recovery plan generation. The default value is Y.

Specify U to open the Automatic Image Copy Options panel where you specify or update the options that are used to create the automatic image copies.

5. Specify or edit one or more the following Parallel Job Options:

# Number of parallel jobs

Specifies the maximum number of jobs in a parallel job group. You can specify a value from 0 to 99.

# Number of concurrent jobs

Specify the maximum number of jobs that the agent processes in parallel. This represents the maximum number of jobs that can run at any given point. You can specify a value from 1 to 99.

6. Specify or edit one or more the following Authorization Options:

# **Generate Grants**

Specify Y to generate authorization statements when recovering objects. Specify an N to bypass generating authorization statements when recovering objects. The value Y is the default.

7. Specify or edit one or more the following Bind Options:

# **Generate Binds**

Use this option to generate package or plan bind statements. Specify N to indicate that no bind statements are to be generated. This is the default value. Specify P to indicate that bind statements are to be generated only for packages. Specify B to indicate that bind statements are to be generated for both packages and plans.

# **Bind Action**

Specify Add to indicate that the named package does not exist, and a new package is to be created. If the package already exists, the job stops, and a diagnostic error message is returned. Specify Replace to indicate that the existing package is to be replaced by a new one with the same package name and creator. Replace is the default value for the **Bind Action** option.

# Add DBRMLIB1 – 4

Specify the DBRM libraries to be used for the bind jobs. You can specify up to 4 DBRM libraries.

8. When generating recovery DDL for an object, DB2 Recovery Expert generates recovery DDL for the selected object and all its lower level dependent objects. You can use the **DDL generation Options** to control the generation of DDL for any object type. By specifying an N for an object type, you inhibit the generation of DDL for that type of object and all its dependent objects. You can edit the following **DDL Generation Options**:

# Storage Group

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Storage Group** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Database

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Database** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Tablespace

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Tablespace** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

- **Table** Specify Y to generate DDL for **Table** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.
- **Index** Specify Y to generate DDL for **Index** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.
- **View** Specify Y to generate DDL for **View** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Synonym

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Synonym** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

**Alias** Specify Y to generate DDL for **Alias** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

#### Data Type

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Data Type** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Trigger

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Trigger** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

#### Function

Specify Y to generate DDL to generate DDL for **Function** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

#### Procedure

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Procedure** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

#### Sequence

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Sequence** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

**Role** Specify Y to generate DDL for **Role** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### **Sequence** Alias

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Sequence Alias** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### **Global Variable**

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Global Variable** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

# Use SQLID for DDL

By default, the generated DDL for a recreated object uses the SQLID that was specified when the object was originally created. To override the default you can specify a different SQLID in the **SQLID for DDL** field and it will be used when generating the DDL for the recreated objects.

9. Press PF3 to return to the Update Application Profile panel.

# Specifying image copy options

You use the Image Copy Options panel to specify the options that are used when building the image copy JCL.

# Procedure

1. On the Update Application Profile panel, specify Y in the **Update IC Options** field. Press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel opens.

- **2.** The top portion of the panel shows the application profile information, carried over from the Update Application Profile panel.
- **3**. The **Global Image Copy Options** apply to both traditional image copies and VSAM image copies. You can specify one or more of the following global image copy options:

### **Fast Replication Method**

Specify the method that is used to create the image copies. Specify S to use the EMC SNAP fast replication method to create the image copies. Specify D to use the DFSMSdss fast replication method to create the image copies. Note that DFSMSdss uses FlashCopy at the data set level.

### **Update Fast Rep Options**

Specify whether the options that are used by the fast replication method are updated. Specify Y to update the options. When you press Enter, the Fast Replication Options panel opens.

#### Sharelevel

Specify whether the image copies that are created have a share level of change or reference. A share level of **Change** specifies that the objects can be updated while the image copy is being taken. A share level of **Reference** specifies that the objects are placed in read only mode during the copy.

**Scope** Specify the objects that are image copied. Specify **All** to image copy all the objects. Specify **Pending** to image copy only those objects that are

pending. When you specify pending, if a specified object is not in a copy pending status or an informational copy pending status, it is skipped.

## Number of tasks

Specify the number of tasks to start to perform the image copies.

### **Process Dependent Indexes**

Specify whether the indexes on selected objects are copied. Specify Y to include all indexes on selected objects in the image copy if they are defined as COPY YES. Specify N to exclude the indexes from the image copy.

# Process RI

Specify whether related objects are included in the image copy. Specify Y to include all related table spaces including RI table spaces, LOB table spaces and XML table spaces. Specify N to exclude the related objects from the image copy.

4. The **Traditional Image Copy Options** apply only when creating traditional image copies. You can specify one or more of the following traditional image copy options:

# All Parts in one Copy

Specify whether all partitions of a partitioned table space are put into one image copy or should each part be put into its own image copy. Specify Y to place all partitions of a portioned table space into one image copy. Specify N to place each part of a portioned table space into its own image copy. Note that for multi data set non-partitioned objects, all data sets are placed in the same copy regardless of this setting.

### Local Primary

Specify whether a local primary image copy is taken. Specify Y to take a local primary image copy. If you plan on taking a local primary image copy you must first specify the data set name and unit information. To specify this information type a U in this field and press Enter. The LP Image Copy Options panel opens where you enter the information that is used to create a data set name and assign a unit for the image copy.

### Local Backup

Specify whether a local backup image copy will be taken. Specify Y to take a local backup image copy. If you plan on taking a local backup image copy you must first specify the data set name and unit information. To specify this information type a **U** in this field and press Enter. The LB Image Copy Options panel opens where you enter the information that is used to create a data set name and assign a unit for the image copy. **Local Backup** image copy cannot be selected unless a local primary image copy is selected.

### **Recovery Site Primary**

Specify whether a recovery site primary image copy is taken. Specify Y to take a recovery site primary image copy. If you plan on taking a recovery site primary image copy you must first specify the data set name and unit information. To specify this information type a U in this field and press Enter. The RP Image Copy Options panel opens where you will enter the information that is used to create a data set name and assign a unit for the image copy.

# **Recovery Site Backup**

Specifies whether a recovery site backup image copy will be taken. Specify Y to take a recovery site backup image copy. If you plan on taking a recovery site backup image copy you must first specify the data set name and unit information. To specify this information type a U in this field and press Enter. The RB Image Copy Options panel opens where you enter the information that is used to create a data set name and assign a unit for the image copy. **Recovery Site Backup** image copy cannot be selected unless a recovery site primary image copy is selected.

5. The **VSAM Image Copy Options** apply only when creating VSAM image copies. You can specify one or more of the following VSAM image copy options:

# **Register VSAM Copy**

Specifies whether the VSAM image copy will be registered and tracked in the product repository. Specifying that the VSAM image copy will be registered and tracked enables DB2 Recovery Expert to perform recoveries from the VSAM copy. These recoveries are much faster because they can be performed using fast replication.

### Number of VSAM Generations

Specifies the number of generations of VSAM image copies to keep in the repository. When this number is reached, the oldest VSAM data sets will be deleted and removed from the repository. Specifying zero (0) instructs the product to register and keep all copies. You can specify a value of 1 to 9999.

6. Press PF3 to return to the Update Application Profile panel.

# Setting local or recovery site image copy options

From the local or recovery site image copy options panel you specify the options that apply specifically to the type of backup that will be created.

# Procedure

- On the Update Application Profile Display panel, enter Y in the Update IC Options field. Press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel is displayed. From the Image Copy Options panel:
  - Specify Y in the **Local Primary** field to open the LP Image Copy Options panel.
  - Specify Y in the **Recovery Site Primary** field to open the RP Image Copy Options panel.
  - Specify Y in the **Local Backup** field to open the LB Image Copy Options panel.
  - Specify Y in the **Recovery Site Backup** field to open the RB Image Copy Options panel.

Each of these panels have the same fields. The following is a sample of the LP Image Copy Options panel.

Creator: TUSERName: T9A1SSID: T9A1Image Copy data set options Update DSN Specification==> Y (Yes/No) (Yes/No) Register in SYSCOPY==> Y (Yes/No) (Yes/No) Data Class==> Y (Yes/No) (Yes/No) Data ClassData Class==> (8 character class) (8 character class) Storage Class==> (8 character class) (8 character class)Tape specific parameters (only needed if Unit Type is a type device) Stack Copies on Tape==> Y (Yes/No) (Yes/No) (1 - 999) Expiration date *or*	RCVYXPRT V3R2 LP Option ===>	Image Copy Opti	ons 2016/01/13 20:10:05
Image Copy data set optionsUpdate DSN Specification==> Y(Yes/No)Unit Type==> (CART/SYSALLDA/etc.)Catalog==> Y(Yes/No)Register in SYSCOPY==> Y(Yes/No)Data Class==> (8 character class)Storage Class==> (8 character class)Management Class==> (8 character class)Tape specific parameters (only needed if Unit Type is a type device)Stack Copies on Tape==> Y(Yes/No)Tape Stack Limit==> N(1 - 999)Expiration date *or*==> (YYYDDD/YYDDD)	Creator: TUSER Name	e: T9A1	SSID: T9A1
Retention period==> N(4 digit number)Maximum Tapes==> 005 (1 - 25)	Image Copy data set optio Update DSN Specification Unit Type Catalog Register in SYSCOPY Data Class Storage Class Management Class Tape specific parameters Stack Copies on Tape Tape Stack Limit Expiration date *or* Retention period Maximum Tapes	ons n ==> Y ==> Y ==> Y ==> Y ==> (only needed i ==> Y ==> N ==> N ==> N ==> 005 (1 )	(Yes/No) (CART/SYSALLDA/etc.) (Yes/No) (8 character class) (8 character class) (8 character class) f Unit Type is a type device) (Yes/No) (1 - 999) (YYYYDDD/YYDDD) (4 digit number) - 25)

- **2**. The top portion of the screen shows the profile information, carried over from the Update Application Profile panel.
- 3. Specify one or more of the following LP or RP image copy option fields:

# **Update DSN Specification**

Enter or change the data set mask used for the image copy. If you specify a Y in this field, when you press Enter, the LP or RP Image Copy DSN Specification panel opens.

### Unit Type

Specify the type of unit to be used for the image copy data set. This must be a valid unit type at the z/OS installation. The unit type also controls whether the copy is created on disk or tape.

#### Catalog

Specifies whether the image copy data set will be cataloged in the z/OS ICF catalog. If the image copy data set ends up on a SMS managed volume (because of SMS site rules), the image copy data set will be cataloged regardless of this setting.

### **Register in SYSCOPY**

Specifies whether the image copy will be registered in the SYSIBM.SYSCOPY table. The image copy must be registered (entered) in SYSCOPY table in order to be used by standard recovery tools.

# Data Class

Specifies the SMS data class to use when creating the image copy data set.

## Storage Class

Specifies the SMS storage class to use when creating the image copy data set.

#### Management Class

Specifies the SMS management class to use when creating the image copy data set.

# Stack Copies on Tape

Specifies whether multiple image copies are placed on one tape. This field only applies if the field **Unit Type** is specified as a tape unit.

# **Tape Stack Limit**

Specifies the maximum number of image copies to place on one tape. This field only applies if the field **Unit Type** is specified as a tape unit.

# **Expiration date**

Specifies the date that the image copy data set will expire. Specifying an expiration date enables DB2 Recovery Expert to track and remove expired data sets. This field only applies if the field **Unit Type** is specified as a tape unit. You will specify either **Retention period** or **Expiration date**, but not both.

### **Retention period**

Specifies the number of days that the image copy data set will be kept. Specifying a retention period enables DB2 Recovery Expert to track and remove expired data sets. This field only applies if the field **Unit Type** is specified as a tape unit. You will specify either **Retention period** or **Expiration date**, but not both.

# **Maximum Tapes**

Specifies the maximum number of tapes for any image copy. For a large table space, this field specifies the maximum number of tapes that can be used.

4. Press PF3 to return to the Image Copy Options panel.

# Setting image copy DSN specification options

You will use the RP Image Copy DSN Specifications or RP Image Copy DSN Specifications panels to specify the valid data set name options that will be used in the image copy JCL.

### Procedure

 From either the LP Image Copy Options or RP Image Copy Options specify Y in the Update DSN Specification field. One of the Image Copy DSN Specifications panels open.

```
      RCVYXPRT V3R2 --- LP Image Copy DSN Specifications --- 2016/01/13 20:10:05

      Option ===>

      Creator: TUSER Name: T9A1

      SSID: T9A1

      Enter codes to create a data set name specification:
Qualifier code ==> _ Free form literal ==> _ Show DSN ==> N
Current dataset name qualifier string:

      Valid dataset name specification codes are:

      1. Database
      11. Month (MM)
      21. Local/Recovery (L/R)

      2. Space Name
      12. Day (DD)
      22. Primary/Backup (P/B)

      3. Partition
      13. Julian Day (DDD)
      23. Job Name

      4. Volser
      14. Hours (HH)
      24. Step Name

      5. Vcatname
      15. Minutes (MM)
      25. Profile Creator

      6. Subsystem ID
      16. Seconds (SS)
      26. Profile Name

      7. User ID
      17. Timestamp
      27. Increment

      8. Time (HHMMSS)
      18. Random Number
      28. Clone

      9. Date (YYYDDD)
      19. GDG (+1)...(+n)
      29. Substring Qualifier

      10. Year (YYYY)
      20. Backup Type #21.#22)
      30. Use freeform literal
```

**2.** The top portion of the panel shows the application profile information, carried over from the Update Application Profile panel.

- **3**. The **Current data set name generation qualifier string** field displays the qualifier string as it was input.
- 4. To include a qualifier, type its number in the **Qualifier code** field and press Enter. The qualifier string appears in the **Current dataset name generation qualifier string** field. You can also type the data set name or string directly in the string field. You can choose from the following list of qualifier codes:

#### Database

Specifies the name of the database that contains the table space that is being image copied.

#### Space Name

Name of the table space or index space that is being image copied.

#### Partition

Partition number of the table space being image copied.

**Volser** The volume serial number of the volume the table space being image copied resides on.

#### Vcatname

The volume catalog name of the table space being image copied.

#### Subsystem ID

The DB2 subsystem ID of the table space being image copied.

### User ID

The TSO user ID of the user running the image copy job.

#### Time (HHMMSS)

The time that the image copy job began running.

### Date (YYYYDDD)

The date that the image copy job began running.

#### Year (YYYY)

The year that the image copy job began running.

#### Month (MM)

The month that the image copy job began running.

#### Day (DD)

The day that the image copy job began running.

### Julian Day (DDD)

The Julian day that the image copy job began running.

#### Hours (HH)

The hour that the image copy job began running.

#### Minutes (MM)

The minute that the image copy job began running.

#### Seconds (SS)

The second that the image copy job began running.

#### Timestamp

The timestamp that the image copy job began running.

#### Random Number

A random generated number in format Rnnnnn.

### GDG (+1)..(+n)

If you are using GDG data sets, this variable appends (+n) to the GDG base. This must be the last qualifier code you specify for the data set name.

### Backup Type (#21.#22)

The backup type. The format is x.y, where x is L for local or R for recovery and y is P for primary or B for backup.

### Local/Recovery (L/R)

The image copy backup type; L is used for local and R for recovery.

#### Primary/Backup (P/B)

The image copy backup type; P is used for primary and B for backup.

#### Job Name

The image copy job name.

#### Step Name

The name of the step for the image copy job.

### **Profile Creator**

The ID of the user who created the profile.

#### Profile Name

The name of the profile.

### **Substring Qualifier**

Select this option to specify one of the qualifiers and customize the substring. When you press Enter, the substring parameters window appears.

5. After specifying a qualifier, you can enter an eight-character literal in the Free Form literal field. If you want the literal to be in its own substring, make sure to begin the literal with a period. For example, if you enter 1 (Volser), 3 (Subsystem ID), then 14 (Timestamp), the data set name appears as: *volser.ssid*.D070104.T151509

where *volser* and *ssid* resolve to values appropriate to your site.

- 6. To view the string as it would be completed, enter Y in the **Show DSN** field and press Enter.
- 7. Press PF3 to return to the LP Image Copy Options or RP Image Copy Options panel.

# Specifying fast replication options

You will use the Fast Replication Options panel to specify the fast replication options that will be used when building the image copy JCL.

# Procedure

 On the Update Application Profile Display panel, enter Y in the Update IC Options field. Press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel is displayed. Specify Y in the Update Fast Rep Options field. The Fast Replication Options panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Fas Option ===>	t Replication	n Options 2016/01	/13 20:10:05
Creator: TUSER Name:	T9A1		SSID: T9A1
Fast replication options:			
Update DSN Specification Data Class Storage Class Management Class	==> Y ==> ==>	(Yes/No) (8 character class) (8 character class) (8 character class)	
Target Volumes Volume 1 => Volume 3 => Volume 5 =>	Volume 2 Volume 4 Volume 6		

- 2. The top portion of the panel shows the application profile information, carried over from the Image Copy Options panel.
- 3. Specify one or more of the following fast replication option fields:

### **Update DSN Specification**

Enter or change the data set mask that will be used for the VSAM image copy. If you specify a Y in this field, when you press Enter, the VSAM DSN Specification panel opens.

# Data Class

Specify the SMS data class to use when creating the VSAM image copy data set.

## Storage Class

Specify the SMS storage class to use when creating the VSAM image copy data set.

# **Management Class**

Specify the SMS management class to use when creating the VSAM image copy data set.

### **Target Volumes**

The **Target Volumes** specify where the VSAM image copies will be copied. These volumes are only used if the fast replication data set does not get stored on SMS managed volumes.

#### Volume 1-6

Specifies each of the volumes that will be used for the VSAM image copies. These volumes should only be specified if the VSAM image copy will be placed on non-SMS managed volumes.

#### Note:

The correct options must be specified on this and the Update DSN Specification panel to allow for fast replication to occur. If SMS is used to control where the target VSAM copy data set is allocated, it must be setup to ensure the following:

- There are volumes in the SMS storage group on the same storage array as the DB2 object data sets being backed up.
- There is enough available storage in the SMS storage group to hold the DB2 object data set being backed up.

- If your DB2 data sets reside on more than one storage array, the storage group specified must have volumes in each storage array.
- 4. Press PF3 to return to the Image Copy Options panel.

# Setting up the VSAM DSN specifications

You will use the VSAM DSN Specification screen to specify the VSAM data set name specifications.

# Procedure

 On the Fast Replication Options panel, enter Y in the Update DSN Specification field. Press Enter. The VSAM DSN Specification screen opens.

- 2. The top portion of the panel shows the application profile information, carried over from the Image Copy Options panel.
- **3**. The **Current data set name generation qualifier string** field displays the qualifier string as it was input.
- 4. To include a qualifier, type its number in the **Qualifier code** field and press Enter. The qualifier string appears in the **Current dataset name generation qualifier string** field. You can also type the data set name or string directly in the string field. You can choose from the following list of qualifier codes:

### Database

Specifies the name of the database that contains the table space that is being image copied.

### Space Name

Name of the table space or index space that is being image copied.

### Partition

Partition number of the table space being image copied.

**Volser** The volume serial number of the volume the table space being image copied resides on.

#### Vcatname

The volume catalog name of the table space being image copied.

# Subsystem ID

The DB2 subsystem ID of the table space being image copied.

### User ID

The TSO user ID of the user running the image copy job.

#### Time (HHMMSS)

The time that the image copy job began running.

#### Date (YYYYDDD)

The date that the image copy job began running.

#### Year (YYYY)

The year that the image copy job began running.

### Month (MM)

The month that the image copy job began running.

## Day (DD)

The day that the image copy job began running.

### Julian Day (DDD)

The Julian day that the image copy job began running.

#### Hours (HH)

The hour that the image copy job began running.

#### Minutes (MM)

The minute that the image copy job began running.

### Seconds (SS)

The second that the image copy job began running.

### Timestamp

The timestamp that the image copy job began running.

# **Random Number**

A random generated number in format Rnnnnn.

### GDG (+1)..(+n)

If you are using GDG data sets, this variable appends (+n) to the GDG base. This must be the last qualifier code you specify for the data set name.

### Backup Type (#21.#22)

The backup type. The format is x.y, where x is L for local or R for recovery and y is P for primary or B for backup.

### Local/Recovery (L/R)

The image copy backup type; L is used for local and R for recovery.

#### Primary/Backup (P/B)

The image copy backup type; P is used for primary and B for backup.

#### Job Name

The image copy job name.

### Step Name

The name of the step for the image copy job.

#### **Profile Creator**

The ID of the user who created the profile.

#### **Profile Name**

The name of the profile.

# Substring Qualifier

Select this option to specify one of the qualifiers and customize the substring. When you press Enter, the substring parameters window appears.

5. After specifying a qualifier, you can enter an eight-character literal in the **Free Form literal** field. If you want the literal to be in its own substring, make sure to begin the literal with a period. For example, if you enter 1 (Volser), 3 (Subsystem ID), then 14 (Timestamp), the data set name appears as: *volser.ssid*.D070104.T151509

where *volser* and *ssid* resolve to values appropriate to your site.

- 6. To view the string as it would be completed, enter **Y** in the **Show DSN** field and press Enter.
- 7. Press PF3 to return to the Fast Replication Options panel.

# Generating object recovery plans

DB2 Recovery Expert will generate one or more recovery plans that you can select from to recover the objects that have been included in the standard or log based application profile.

# About this task

Using the Generate Recovery Plans panel you can specify recovery options, choose a recovery point, and generate recovery plans that can be used to recover the objects that are included in the standard or log based application profile.

# Note:

|

1

L

1

L

|

- If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.
- Several object types may not produce recovery JCL when doing a recover to Current because they are non-data types. Non-data object types are Alias, Function, Global Variable, Procedure, Role, Sequence, Sequence Alias, Synonym, Trigger, and View. You can generate View DDL for these objects by using the DDL Generation option.

# Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify a **P** in the **Cmd** line next to the standard or log based profile for which you want to generate the recovery plans. The Generate Recovery Plans panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Generate Command ===>	e Recovery Plans 2016/01/13	3 12:56:12
Creator: USERID NAME: TEST	PROF	SSID EA1A
Update Recovery Options ==> N Redirected Recovery ==> N	l (Yes/No) l (Yes/No/Update)	
Choose the desired recovery po here or enter "Y" for "Select of possible recovery points.	vint. You can enter a timestamp or Recovery point" to display a selec	RBA/LRSN tion list
Recovery Point Recovery RBA/LRSN Recovery Timestamp Select Recovery Point	==> 1 (1-Current, 2-RBA/LRSN, 3- ==>	Timestamp 

- 2. To update the recovery options for the profile, specify **Y** in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Edit the options that you want to change. Upon completion, press PF3 to return to the Generate Recovery Plans panel. See "Specifying the recovery options" on page 315 for more information on recovery options.
- **3**. Specify a Y in the **Redirected Recovery** field to initiate redirected recovery for the objects in the application profile. Press Enter. The Select Target SSID for Recovery panel opens. From this panel you will select the target DB2 subsystem where you want to recover the objects and specify whether you will rename the object. Redirected Recovery is only available if you are recovering database, table space or table objects.
- 4. You have three options for specifying a recovery point. Select from one of the following options:
  - **Current**: To select the current recovery point, enter a **1** in the **Recovery Point** field. Any data entered in the **RBA/LRSN** or **Timestamp** fields will be cleared.
  - **RBA/LRSN**: To select a RBA/LRSN recovery point enter a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field. If you select this recovery point you must also enter a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field.
  - **Timestamp**: To select a timestamp recovery point enter a **3** in the **Timestamp** field. If you select this recovery point you must also enter a value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field.
- 5. Depending on your selection of recovery point options, you must enter values for one or more of the following fields:

### **Recovery RBA/LRSN**

If you entered a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field, you must either specify a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field where you can select the recovery point in the Select Recovery Point panel.

### **Recovery Timestamp**

If you entered a **3** in the **Recovery Point** field, you must either specify a timestamp value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field or specify a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field where you can select the recovery point in the Select Recovery Point panel. The timestamp value must be entered as YYYY - MM - DD - HH - MM - SS - MMMMMM.

#### **Select Recovery Point**

If you entered a 3 in the Recovery Point field and you did not specify

a timestamp value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field, or you entered a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field, and you did not specify a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field, you must enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field. Press Enter. The Select Recovery Point pane opens where you can select a recovery point.

**6.** After specifying the recovery point press Enter. All the fields are validated and the recovery plans are generated. The Recovery Plans panel opens.

# Selecting the target SSID for redirected recovery

Redirected recovery allows you to recover objects to a DB2 subsystem that is different from the original subsystem where the object was stored. From the Select Target SSID for Recovery panel you select the target SSID to which the objects in the application profile will be recovered.

# Procedure

1. From the Generate Recovery Plans panel specify a Y in the **Redirected Recovery** field. The Select Target SSID for Recovery panel opens.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Select Target SSID for Recovery ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Command ===>
                                      Scroll ===> Page
Line Commands: S - Select P - Properties T - Status
_____
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF
                                    Source SSID: EA1A
                                     Target SSID: DB1B
_____
 SSID Status
_ DB1A Active
_ DB1B Active
_ EA1B Active
_ EB1A Active
 EB1B Active
 QA1A Active
```

- 2. To view the properties of the DB2 subsystems that are listed specify **P** in the line command next to the SSID. The DB2 Subsystem Properties panel opens. From this panel you can view the properties of the subsystem. Press PF3 to return to the Select Target SSID for Recovery panel.
- **3**. To view the DB2 subsystem's status properties specify **T** in the line command next to the SSID. The DB2 Subsystem Status panel opens. From this panel you can view the status properties of the subsystem. Press PF3 to return to the Select Target SSID for Recovery panel.
- 4. To select a DB2 subsystem as the target subsystem where the object will be recovered to, specify an **S** in the line command next to the SSID. Press Enter. An asterisk displays in the command line next to the SSID.
- **5**. Press Enter. The Object Translation panel opens. From the Object Translation panel you will specify the target name for the objects in the redirected recovery.

# Specifying object names for redirected recovery

Redirected recovery allows you to recover an object using a name that is different from the original object name. From the Object Translation panel you specify the name that will given to the object(s) that are recovered using redirected recovery.

# Procedure

1. The Object Translation panel opens automatically after you select the target SSID from the Select Target SSID for Recovery panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Object Translation ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Command ===>
                                                    Scroll ===> Page
Commands: CREATE - Create object translation on base of objects
         CLEAR - Clear object translation
         Validate - Validate object translation
Line Commands: I - Insert line R - Remove line D - Duplicate line
                        -----
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF
                                                   Source SSID: EA1A
                                                  Target SSID: DB1B
Object Types: CR - Creator DB - Database TS - Tablespace TB - Table
IX - Index VW - View AL - Alias VC - VCAT
             SG - Storage group
          _____
  0bj
_ Type Source Name
                                      Target Name
   SG SGdefault
                                      SGnew
  DB DBTest
                                      DBnew
```

- 2. To define a new name for an object, specify an I in the in any line command. A new line displays.
- **3**. In the **Obj Type** field specify the type of object that you want to rename. You can select from the following object types:
  - CR Creator
  - DB Database
  - TS Tablespace
  - TB Table
  - IX Index
  - VW View
  - AL Alias
  - VC VCAT
  - SG Storage Group
- 4. In the **Source Name** field specify the original name of the object that is being recovered.
- 5. In the **Target Name** field specify the new name for the object that will be used on the target DB2 subsystem.
- 6. To remove a line of object rename specifications, specify an **R** on the line that you want to remove.
- 7. To duplicate a line of object rename specifications, specify a **D** on the line that you want to duplicate.

# Specifying redirected recovery options

From the Recover to Alternate Object Options panel you specify or update the options that are used with redirected recovery.

# Procedure

1. The Recover to Alternate Object Options panel opens automatically after you specify object translation parameters.

- **2**. The SYSCOPY Scan Operating Mode specifies which SYSCOPY rows to consider when finding a starting point for processing. You can specify one of the following:
  - Specify L to scan in local mode. Local mode uses the Local Primary and Local Backup rows to find a starting point for processing. Local mode includes the LOCAL SITE keyword in the syntax.
  - Specify R to scan in recover mode. Recover mode uses the Recovery Primary and Recovery Backup rows to find a starting point for processing. Recover mode includes the RECOVERY SITE keyword in the syntax.
  - Specify Z to scan in Zparm mode. Zparm mode detects the operating mode DB2 is running under and automatically inserts the corresponding control card. This option omits the LOCAL SITE, RECOVER SITE, and IMAGE COPY PREFERENCE control cards and uses the value found in ZPARMs on the DB2. Zparm mode is the default mode.
  - Specify U to scan in user mode. User mode uses the user-specified scan preference defined in the **SYSCOPY Selection Pref** field to find a starting point for processing. User mode includes the IMAGE COPY PREFERENCE keyword in the syntax.
- **3**. The **SYSCOPY Selection Pref** field specifies the order in which the image copy types are scanned in SYSCOPY for a starting point. This selection preference is only applied if the **SYSCOPY Scan Operating Mode** field is set to User. You can specify the following image copy types in any order:
  - Local Primary (LP) scans for Local Primary type image copies in SYSCOPY.
  - Local Backup (LB) scans for Local Backup type image copies in SYSCOPY.
  - Recovery Primary (RP) scans for Recovery Primary type image copies in SYSCOPY.
  - Recovery Backup (RB) scans for Recovery Backup type image copies in SYSCOPY.
  - Flash Copy (FC) uses DB2 Recovery Expert managed flash copy data sets in addition to DB2 V10 and higher flash copy data sets as image copy starting points in the processing.
- 4. The **Log Reader Copy Preference** field specifies the order in which the archive and active log lists in the BSDS are to be scanned when searching for log records. Scans the archive logs first and uses archive logs when the same range exists in an archive and active log.
- 5. The **Bypass SYSIBM.SYSLGNX** field specifies whether reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX is bypassed and only the DB2 logs are read. A value of **Y**

skips reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX and only reads the DB2 logs. A value of N does not skip reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX.

- 6. The **Continue on Errors** field specifies whether errors higher than RC=4 will stop processing. A value of **Y** specifies that if a RC=4 occurs, it will be overridden, reported, and the job will not fail. A value of **N** specifies that if a RC=4 occurs, the job will fail.
- 7. The **Number of PARALLEL log read** field specifies the number of parallel log read tasks that can run at the same time. Valid values are integers 0 to 16. A value of 0 specifies that a maximum of 1 task per data sharing group member can run at the same time. A non-zero value specifies the number that is the maximum number of parallel tasks that can run at the same time. If there are more logs to read than the number of parallel tasks specified, a task to read the of parallel tasks specified, a task to read the remaining logs is launched as soon as a running task finishes. This will occur until all necessary logs have been read.
- 8. The **Number of PARALLEL log apply** field specifies the number of parallel log apply tasks that can run at the same time. Valid values are integers 1 to 10. If a single GROUP set is present in the control cards, the value in the **Number of PARALLEL log apply** field is used to break up the job into multiple GROUP sets and start a log apply task for each set. Valid values are:
  - A value of 1 indicates a single group starts a single log apply task.
  - A value of 2 to 10 indicates multiple group starts.

If there is a single GROUP, the code will internally break down the SPACE sets into a maximum of **Number of PARALLEL log apply** GROUP sets and will start one log apply task per GROUP. For example, if you specify a value of 10 and there are only 5 SPACE sets, the syntax is divided into 5 GROUP sets and 5 log apply tasks.

If you specify a value of 5 for **Number of PARALLEL log apply**, the number of spaces between the groups are divided evenly and then, if there are leftovers after attempting to divide them evenly among the allotted number of GROUP sets, those leftovers go in the last GROUP set. One log apply task is then generated for each GROUP set.

- 9. The Reuse VSAM Data Set field indicates whether a VSAM data set can be reused on WRITE TO VSAM or WRITE TO BOTH jobs. If Reuse VSAM Data Set is set to N (No), a VSAM data set is newly allocated (with new extent structure) and the NO REUSE keyword is included in the JCL on a Job Profile build. If Reuse VSAM Data Set is set to Y (Yes), an existing VSAM data set will be reused (thus preserving the data set size and extent structure) and the NO REUSE keyword is excluded from the JCL on a Job Profile build.
- 10. Press PF3 to return to the Generate Recovery Plans panel.

# Specifying the recovery options

You use the Recovery Options panel to specify the options that control the creation of the recovery JCL or DDL for the objects in a standard or log based application profile.

### Before you begin

**Note:** In the latest release of DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 you no longer need to set recovery options that specify whether you want to use system level backups, image copies, or VSAM image copies for recovery. Starting with V3.1, DB2 Recovery Expert examines all recovery resources that are available when generating the recovery plans.

# Procedure

1. From the Update Application Profile panel specify Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. In this panel use PF8 to scroll down and see all the options. Use PF7 to return to the top of the panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Recovery Options ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
 Command ===>
                                         _____
 Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF
                                                                                      SSID EA1A
   _____
                                                                                    MORE: +
 General Options:
   eneral Options:==> Y (Yes/No)Stop if restricted objects==> Y (Yes/No)Generate Check Utility==> Y (Yes/No)Include RI related objects==> Y (Yes/No)
   Allow LOAD from FIC recreated tables ==> N (Yes/No)
 Recover Options:
   Recover Unchanged Objects ==> Y (Yes/No)

      Recover unchanged objects
      ==> 4 (1-99)

      Number of Tape Drives
      ==> 4 (1-99)

      Site
      ==> D (Default/Local site/Recovery site)

   Site
 Copy Options:
  Image Copies after recover ==> N (No/Tablespaces/Indexes and tablespaces
Image Copies atter recover==> N(NU/IAURLocal Site Primary==> N(Yes/No)Local Site Backup==> N(Yes/No)Remote Site Primary==> N(Yes/No)Remote Site Backup==> N(Yes/No)Number of Tape Drives==> 4(1-99)Check Pages==> N(Yes/No)
 Use DFSMSdss Concurrent Copy ==> N (Yes/No)
 Automatic Image Copies ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
 Parallel Job Options:
```

2. Specify or edit one or more the following General Options:

# Stop if restricted objects

Specify  $\mathbf{Y}$  to stop the recovery if any restricted objects are encountered. Specify N to skip the restricted object if one is encountered and continue the recovery.

### **Generate Check Utility**

Specify an **N** to indicate that steps for the Check Data, Check Index and Check Lob Utilities for recovered objects should not be generated.

#### Include RI related objects

Specify  $\mathbf{Y}$  to automatically include objects that are related to the selected objects (due to referential integrity) in the recovery process. Specify  $\mathbf{N}$  to exclude those objects. The default value is  $\mathbf{Y}$ .

#### Allow LOAD from FIC recreated tables

Specify **Y** to allow a **LOAD** from a full image copy recovery plan to be used for recreated tables. Specify **N** to prevent a **LOAD** from a full image copy recovery plan from being used for recreated tables. Using this recovery plan for recreated tables may fail in some cases.

3. Specify or edit one or more the following Recover Options:

#### **Recover Unchanged Objects**

Specify whether all objects, both changed and unchanged, are included

in the recovery. Specify **Yes** to include all objects. Specify **No** to exclude objects that have not changed. Excluding objects saves processing time during recovery.

# Number of Tape Drives

Specify the number of tape drives that are used in the recovery.

- **Site** Specify the recovery site that is used for recovery. Specify D to use the subsystem default; specify L to use the local site; or R to use the recovery site.
- 4. Specify or edit one or more the following Copy Options:

### Image Copy after recovery

Specify the image copy options that will occur after recovery. Specify N to not perform image copies after recovery; specify T to image copy only the table spaces after recovery; or specify I to image copy both table spaces and indexes after the recovery.

# Local Site Primary

Specify Y to perform a local site primary image copy.

#### Local Site Backup

Specify Y to perform a local site backup image copy.

### **Remote Site Primary**

Specify Y to perform a remote site primary image copy.

#### **Remote Site Backup**

Specify Y to perform a remote site backup image copy.

### Number of Tape Drives

Specify the number of tape drives that will be used for image copies.

#### **Check Pages**

Specify Y to run the check utility on each page.

### Use DFSMSdss concurrent copy

Specify whether concurrent copies will be performed. Specify Y to use concurrent copy to perform the image copies. Specify N to perform the image copies without using concurrent copy.

### **Automatic Image Copies**

Specifies whether image copies for the dropped objects will be created automatically from a system level backup (SLB) during the recovery plan generation.

If this option is set to Y, and image copies for dropped objects do not exist and a system level backup does exist, then image copies for these objects will be created automatically from the SLB during the recovery plan generation. The default value is Y.

Specify U to open the Automatic Image Copy Options panel where you specify or update the options that are used to create the automatic image copies.

5. Specify or edit one or more the following Parallel Job Options:

### Number of parallel jobs

Specifies the maximum number of jobs in a parallel job group. You can specify a value from 0 to 99.

### Number of concurrent jobs

Specify the maximum number of jobs that the agent processes in

parallel. This represents the maximum number of jobs that can run at any given point. You can specify a value from 1 to 99.

6. Specify or edit one or more the following Authorization Options:

# Generate Grants

Specify Y to generate authorization statements when recovering objects. Specify an N to bypass generating authorization statements when recovering objects. The value Y is the default.

7. Specify or edit one or more the following Bind Options:

## **Generate Binds**

Use this option to generate package or plan bind statements. Specify N to indicate that no bind statements are to be generated. This is the default value. Specify P to indicate that bind statements are to be generated only for packages. Specify B to indicate that bind statements are to be generated for both packages and plans.

# **Bind Action**

Specify Add to indicate that the named package does not exist, and a new package is to be created. If the package already exists, the job stops, and a diagnostic error message is returned. Specify Replace to indicate that the existing package is to be replaced by a new one with the same package name and creator. Replace is the default value for the **Bind Action** option.

# Add DBRMLIB1 – 4

Specify the DBRM libraries to be used for the bind jobs. You can specify up to 4 DBRM libraries.

8. When generating recovery DDL for an object, DB2 Recovery Expert generates recovery DDL for the selected object and all its lower level dependent objects. You can use the **DDL generation Options** to control the generation of DDL for any object type. By specifying an N for an object type, you inhibit the generation of DDL for that type of object and all its dependent objects. You can edit the following **DDL Generation Options**:

# Storage Group

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Storage Group** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Database

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Database** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Tablespace

Specify Y to generate DDL for  $\mbox{Tablespace}$  object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

- TableSpecify Y to generate DDL for Table object types. Specify N to skip<br/>generating the DDL for this data type.
- **Index** Specify Y to generate DDL for **Index** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.
- **View** Specify Y to generate DDL for **View** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Synonym

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Synonym** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

Alias Specify Y to generate DDL for Alias object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

## Data Type

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Data Type** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Trigger

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Trigger** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Function

Specify Y to generate DDL to generate DDL for **Function** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Procedure

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Procedure** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### Sequence

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Sequence** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

**Role** Specify Y to generate DDL for **Role** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

### **Sequence** Alias

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Sequence Alias** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

# **Global Variable**

Specify Y to generate DDL for **Global Variable** object types. Specify N to skip generating the DDL for this data type.

## Use SQLID for DDL

By default, the generated DDL for a recreated object uses the SQLID that was specified when the object was originally created. To override the default you can specify a different SQLID in the **SQLID for DDL** field and it will be used when generating the DDL for the recreated objects.

9. Press PF3 to return to the Update Application Profile panel.

# Selecting a recovery point

From the Recovery Point Selection panel you choose the type of recovery point. You may select an object definition level, a recovery history event or a quiet time.

## Procedure

1. The **Recovery Point Selection** panel opens when a "Y" is entered in the **Select Recovery Point** field of the Generate Recovery Plans panel.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Point Selection Command ===>	2016/01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: S - Select	
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF	SSID EA1A Bow 1 of 3
Recovery Point Type _Object Definition Levels _Recovery History Events _Quiet Times	

- 2. Specify an S next to one of the following available recovery point types:
  - **Object Definition Levels** Specify an **S** next to this field to choose an object definition level for a recovery point. The Object Definition Level Selection panel opens. A given object can have many versions over time. The versions are referred to as object definition levels. The available definition levels that can be used as a recovery point are listed in the in the **Object Definition levels** panel. Object definition levels are not available for selection when using a log RBA or LRSN point in time.
  - **Recovery History Events** Specify an **S** next to this field to choose a recovery history event for a recovery point. The Recovery History Event panel opens listing the history events available to use as a recovery point. History events for any of the selected objects are listed from the SYSIBM.SYSCOPY table, the schema repository's SYSCOPY table, and the DLC.SYSCOPY\_V11 table (if present).
  - **Quiet Times** Specify an **S** next to this field to choose a quiet time range for a recovery point. The Quiet Times Range Selection panel opens. Each time range that is listed represents a period of inactivity for the object. Quiet times are listed from the quiet time tables.
- 3. Press Enter. A panel specific to the recovery point type opens.
- 4. Press PF3 to return to the Generate Recovery Plans panel.

# Selecting an object definition level for a recovery point

Objects can have many versions over time and each version is referred to as an object definition level. From the Object Definition Levels Selection panel you can choose one of the object definition levels for a recovery point.

# Procedure

 To open the Object Definition Levels Selection panel enter an S next to the Object Definition Levels field in the Recovery Point Selection panel. Press Enter. The Object Definition Levels Selection panel opens.

Command ===> Line Commands:	S - Select		Scroll ===> PAGE	
Creator: USERID Start Timestamp	NAME: TES	STPROF End Timesta	SSID EA1A amp:	
Type Qualifier DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB	Name ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073 ARYDB073	Create Timestamp 2016-11-22-01.17.24 2016-11-22-23.49.11 2016-11-22-23.50.04 2016-11-22-23.57.21 2016-11-23-00.06.13 2016-11-23-00.07.39 2016-11-23-00.09.22 2016-11-23-00.10.56 2016-11-23-00.14.57 2016-11-23-00.15.41 2016-11-23-00.27.19 2016-11-23-00.31.20 2016-11-23-00.32.49	End Timestamp 2016-11-22-23.49.11 2016-11-22-23.50.04 2016-11-22-23.50.04 2016-11-22-23.57.21 2016-11-22-00.06.13 2016-11-23-00.07.39 2016-11-23-00.09.22 2016-11-23-00.14.57 2016-11-23-00.15.41 2016-11-23-00.15.41 2016-11-23-00.27.19 2016-11-23-00.31.20 2016-11-23-00.32.49 2016-11-23-00.41.57	

- 2. You can filter the displayed object definition levels using the **Start Timestamp** and **End Timestamp** fields. You can enter a specific start or end timestamp value or use a wild card character such as an asterisk which will display all the object definition level recovery points. Press Enter. The list of object definition level recovery points will vary depending on the filter criteria that you specified.
- **3**. Enter an **S** next to the object definition level that you want to use as a recovery point. You can only choose one object definition level recovery point. Press Enter.
- 4. The selected recovery point is validated and saved. Control returns to the Generate Recovery Plans panel.

# Selecting a history event for a recovery point

From the Recovery History Events Selection panel you can choose a history event for a recovery point. History events for any of the selected objects are listed from the SYSIBM.SYSCOPY table, the schema repository's SYSCOPY table, and the DLC.SYSCOPY\_V11 table (if present).

# Procedure

 To open the Recovery History Events Selection panel enter an S next to the Recovery History Events field in the Recovery Point Selection panel. Press Enter. The Recovery History Events Selection panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Command ===>	- Recovery Hist	tory Events	s Selecti	on	Scrol	2016/ 1 ===	01/13 > PAGE	12:56:12
Line Commands: S - S	elect							
Creator: USERID N	AME: TESTPROF					SSID	EA1A	
Start Timestamp *	points: N (ies	End	Timestam	p:	Dow 1	of 1	0	
Timestamp	Start RBA	Database	Space	Space Type	Туре	Sec Tvn	Share	
2016-11-22-01.28.45	000D627B5F9F	ARYDB073	ARYTS073	T	Q	W	D	
2016-11-22-01.25,43	000D625E1000	ARYDB073	ARYTS073 ARYTS073	Ť	Q	W	R.	
2016-11-22-01.25.34 2016-11-22-01.22.37	000D625E1000 000D62504DBF	ARYDB073 ARYDB073	ARYTS073 ARYTS073	T T	F Q	W	к	
2016-11-22-01.22.37 2016-11-22-01.18.00	000D62504DBF 000D6247C08C	ARYDB073 ARYDB073	ARYTS073 ARYTS073	T T	F Q	W	R	
2016-11-22-01.17.59	000D6247C08C	ARYDB073	ARYTS073	T T	F		R R	
2016-11-22-01.07.37	000D6217A764	ARYDB073	ARYTS073	T	F		R	
2016-11-22-01.07.37	000D6217A764 000D6217A764	ARTDB073 ARYDB073	ARTIS073 ARYTS073	T	F		к R	

2. You can use the PF10 and PF11 function key to scroll left and right. Scrolling right will display all the fields for each event recovery point. The fields that are displayed for each recovery point are:

### Timestamp

This field specifies the date and time of the event.

### Start RBA

The start RBA of the event.

## Database

The name of the database.

**Space** The name of the space.

# Space Type

The type of space.

**Type** The type of operation. The following values may be displayed:

- A indicates ALTER
- B indicates REBUILD INDEX
- D indicates CHECK DATALOG(NO) (no log records for the range are available for RECOVER utility)
- F indicates COPY FULL YES
- I indicates COPY FULL NO
- P indicates RECOVER TOCOPY or RECOVER TORBA (partial recovery point)
- Q indicates QUIESCE
- R indicates LOAD REPLACE LOG(YES)
- S indicates LOAD REPLACE LOG(NO)
- V indicates REPAIR VERSIONS utility
- W indicates REORG LOG(NO)
- X indicates REORG LOG(YES)
- Y indicates LOAD LOG(NO)

- Z indicates LOAD LOG(YES)
- T indicates TERM UTILITY command (terminated utility)

# Sec Type

Displays the secondary type.

- **Share** Displays the SHRLEVEL parameter on COPY (for TYPE F or I only). The values may be:
  - C for Change
  - R for Reference
  - Blank indicates an image copy that is not described or was migrated from Version 1 Release 1 of DB2.

# DSNUM

Data set number within the table space.

# File Seq

The tape file sequence number of the copy.

# Dev Type

The device type that the copy is on.

# Data Set Name

The data set name.

**Site** The site name.

# Media Type

The media type.

# PIT RBA

The stop location (RBA) of a point-in-time recovery.

# GroupMember

The DB2 data sharing member name of the DB2 subsystem that performed the operation. This column is blank if the DB2 subsystem was not in a DB2 data sharing environment at the time the operation was performed.

- 3. The Show non-consistent points field controls whether or not events that are not suitable points of consistency for recovery are shown (for example, other than quiesce events or SHRLEVEL NONE or SHRLEVEL REFERENCE image copies.) Specify an N to exclude non-consistent points from the display. Specify a Y to include non-consistent points. Press Enter. The display of recovery points will be updated based on your specification.
- 4. You can also filter the recovery points that are included in the display using the **Start Timestamp** and **End Timestamp** fields. You can enter a specific start or end timestamp value or use a wild card character such as an asterisk which will display all the event recovery points. Press Enter. The list of recovery points will vary depending on the filter criteria that you specified.
- 5. Enter an **S** next to the event that you would like to use as a recovery point. You can only choose one recovery point. Press Enter.
- **6**. The selected recovery point is validated and saved. Control returns to the Generate Recovery Plans panel.

# Selecting a quiet time recovery point

From the Quiet Times Range Selection panel you can choose a quiet time range for a recovery point.

# About this task

DB2 Recovery Expert discovers quiet time ranges by analyzing the DB2 log to determine periods of time during which there is no activity for an object or set of objects. These quiet times can then be used for a recovery point. Quiet time ranges are saved in the quiet time tables. The default quiet time tables are SYSTOOLS.ARYQTG and SYSTOOLS.ARYQT.

# Procedure

1. To open the Quiet Times Range Selection panel enter an **S** next to the **Quiet Times** field in the Recovery Point Selection panel. Press Enter. The Quiet Times Range Selection panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Quiet Times Range Command ===>	Selection 2016/01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> PAGE
Commands: REPORT Line Commands: S - Select	
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF Start Timestamp *	SSID EA1A End Timestamp: Row 1 of 40
Timestamp End Timestamp	

- 2. You can filter the recovery points that are included in the display using the **Start Timestamp** and **End Timestamp** fields. You can enter a specific start or end timestamp value or use a wild card character such as an asterisk which will display all the event recovery points. Press Enter. The list of recovery points will vary depending on the filter criteria that you specified.
- **3**. Enter an **S** next to the quiet time range that you would like to use as a recovery point. You can only choose one recovery point. Press Enter.
- 4. The selected recovery point is validated and saved. Control returns to the Generate Recovery Plans panel.

# Selecting a recovery plan

The Recovery Plans panel displays the recovery plans that are available to recover the object or set of objects that are included in the application profile.

# Before you begin

**Note:** If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF parameter must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.

# Procedure

1. The Recovery Plans panel opens automatically when you press Enter from the Generate Recovery Plans panel and at least one recovery plan can be generated.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Plans 2016/01/1 Command ===>	.3 12:56:12
Line Commands: V - Validate P - Properties D - Details B	8 - Build JCL
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF	SSID EA1A
Plan Name	Cost
_Using Restore from System Level Backup and RECOVER LOGONLY _Using RECOVER _Using DSN1COPY and RECOVER LOGONLY _Using RECOVER to IC and redo SQL _Using DSN1COPY of IC and redo SQL _Recovered objects	26.52 52.60 52.72 569.21 569.30 n/a

2. The following fields are displayed in the panel:

### Creator

Displays the ID of the user who created the profile.

- **Name** Displays the name of the profile.
- **SSID** Displays the assigned ID for the DB2 subsystem where the objects and the profile reside.

## Plan Name

Lists the recovery plans that can be used to recover the objects in the application profile. One of the plans that is listed is called the Recovered Objects plan. This plan lists the objects that can be recovered and each of the plans that can be used successfully to recover the object. Only the D line command can be used with this plan.

- **Cost** Displays the recovery plan cost. Each generated recovery plan has an associated cost. The plan with the lowest cost appears first in the list of recovery plan. You can see the detailed information that is used to calculate the cost of the plan by entering a P next to the recovery plan.
- **3**. Enter a **P** next to a recovery plan to view the properties of the recovery plan. From the Recovery Plan Properties panel you can see the detailed information that is used to calculate the cost of a recovery plan. The **P** command is not a valid command for the plan with the name Recovered Objects.
- 4. Enter a **D** next to a recovery plan to view the details of the recovery plan. From the Recovery Plan Details panel you can see each of the objects that are included in the application profile. You can also access property information for each of the objects.
- 5. Enter a V next to a recovery plan to validate the recovery plan. You might select the validate option to check that the conditions of the plan still apply. If an error is found, the Recovery Plan Validation Error panel opens. When a successful validation occurs there is a message that makes it explicitly clear that although no validation errors were discovered, the recovery plan could have unforeseen errors that would impact a successful recovery. Such errors may include missing resources or lack or authorizations to access resources. The V command is not a valid command for the Recovered Objects plan.
- 6. Enter a **B** next to a recovery plan to build the JCL that can be used to recover the objects in the application profile according to the properties and details of the recovery plan. The **B** command is not a valid command for the plan with the name Recovered Objects. A popup is produced asking for a PDS name. An example of the dialog:

```
Build job in Dataset TEST.ARY.CNTL
        Member Prefix RCVRJB
Job Cards:
==> //ARYJOB JOB TEST,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID,MSGCLASS=X ==> //* ==> //
```

7. Enter the data set information. Press Enter. The information entered in this dialog is verified. The data set name must be a PDS with a valid member name. When all the data has been verified, the Generate Recovery Plan JCL request is executed. The Recovery Jobs window opens.

# Submitting the recovery plan job

The Recovery Plan Jobs panel displays job or jobs that can be used to recover the objects in the application profiles of the application group.

# About this task

If the recovery option **Number of parallel jobs** is greater than 1, multiple jobs are returned. A Serial job, followed by a Parallel Job Group, followed by a second Serial job will be returned. You must submit and run the serial and parallel jobs in the order that they are listed.

**Note:** If you are recovering a set of objects to a prior version (existing objects must be dropped and then recreated) and one of the tables has the RESTRICT ON DROP clause active, you will have to alter that table to remove this restriction before running the recovery plan job. Upon completion of the recovery plan job you can reactivate the clause for the table.

# Procedure

1. The Recovery Plan Jobs panel opens after you select a recovery plan from the Recovery Plans panel and specify **B** to build the job. An example of the panel is shown below:

2. The following fields are displayed:

### Plan Name

Lists the name of the recovery plan for one or more jobs that have been built.

### Creator

Displays the ID of the user who created the application group.

- Name Displays the name of the application group.
- **SSID** Displays the assigned ID for the DB2 subsystem where the objects, the application profiles, and the group information reside.

# **Recovery Plan jobs**

Lists the jobs that have been built for this plan.

- **3.** To browse the recovery plan job JCL, enter a B next to a recovery job. Using browse, you cannot edit or save the JCL.
- To view and edit the recovery plan job JCL, enter a V next to a recovery job. Using view you cannot save the JCL upon exit.
- 5. To edit the recovery plan job JCL and save your changes upon exit, enter an E next to a recovery plan.
- 6. To run the recovery plan job JCL, enter an S next to the recovery job. You will not see the JCL before the job is submitted. The results of the request are written to the specified data set.

If there are serial and parallel jobs, it is important to submit the jobs in the order that they are listed.

# Generating recovery DDL for an object

From the Generate DDL panel you can update recovery options, choose a recovery point, and generate the DDL to recover the objects in a standard or log based application profile.

# About this task

DB2 Recovery Expert generates one recovery plan that produces a job (JCL) containing the Data Definition Language (DDL) for the selected objects and all of their dependent objects. For example, if you choose a table object, the recovery DDL for the table and any indexes, views, synonyms, aliases, data types, triggers, functions, procedures, sequences, and roles dependent on that table is generated. DB2 Recovery Expert generates the DDL to create the objects but it does not generate DROP statements if the objects already exist. The generated DDL is placed in a job that can be executed. This job fails if the selected object (for which the DDL has been generated) already exists.

You can further control the DDL generation for an object and its dependent objects using the recovery option **DDL Generation Options**.

# Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel, specify a **G** in the **Cmd** line next to a standard or log based application profile for which you want to generate recovery DDL. The Generate DDL panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Generate Command ===>	e DDL 2016/01/13	12:56:12
Creator: USERID NAME: TEST	TPROF	SSID EA1A
Update Recovery Options ==> N	N (Yes/No)	
Choose the desired recovery po here or enter "Y" for "Select of possible recovery points.	oint. You can enter a tim Recovery point" to disp]	mestamp or RBA/LRSN lay a selection list
Recovery Point Recovery RBA/LRSN Recovery Timestamp Select Recovery Point	==> 1 (1-Current, 2-RE ==> ==>	BA/LRSN, 3-Timestamp - 

- 2. To update the **DDL Generation Options** or any of the recovery options, specify **Y** in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Edit the options that you want to change. Upon completion, press PF3 to return to the Generate DDL panel. See "Generating object recovery plans" on page 329 for more information.
- **3**. You have three options for specifying a recovery point. Select from one of the following options:
  - **Current**: To select the current recovery point, enter a **1** in the **Recovery Point** field. Any data entered in the **RBA/LRSN** or **Timestamp** fields will be cleared.
  - **RBA/LRSN**: To select a RBA/LRSN recovery point enter a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field. If you select this recovery point you must also enter a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field.
  - **Timestamp**: To select a timestamp recovery point enter a **3** in the **Timestamp** field. If you select this recovery point you must also enter a value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field.
- 4. Depending on your selection of recovery point options, you must enter values for one or more of the following fields:

# **Recovery RBA/LRSN**

If you entered a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field, you must either specify a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field where you can select the recovery point in the Select Recovery Point panel.

# **Recovery Timestamp**

If you entered a **3** in the **Recovery Point** field, you must either specify a timestamp value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field where you can select the recovery point in the Select Recovery Point panel. The timestamp value must be entered as YYYY - MM - DD - HH - MM - SS - MMMMMM.

# **Select Recovery Point**

If you entered a **3** in the **Recovery Point** field and you did not specify a timestamp value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field, or you entered a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field, and you did not specify a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field, you must enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field. Press Enter. The Select Recovery Point pane opens where you can select a recovery point.

5. After specifying the recovery point press Enter. All the fields are validated and the DDL if generated. The Recovery Plans panel opens. From this panel you

can select the recovery plan and generate the JCL that can be used to recovery the object or objects in the application profile.

# Performing quiet time analysis for an object

Using the Log Analysis panel you can find periods of time during which there is no activity for an object or set of objects that are included in a standard application profile.

# Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel, specify Q in the **Cmd** line next to the standard application profile for which you want to perform log analysis looking for a quiet time. The Log Analysis panel opens.

2. You must specify a time range within which DB2 Recovery Expert will search identifying the quiet times for an object. You can specify the time range as either **Preceding** or **Timestamp**.

## Preceding

A value of **P** in the **Log Range Type** field indicates that a specific time span preceding the current time will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find a quiet time. If you select this option, you must specify the time span details in the **Preceding Options** fields. Specify whether the preceding time span will be in hours or minutes in the **Preceding Type** field. Specify the number of hours or minutes in the **Preceding value** field. You can specify a value from 0 to 99. You can specify that the local time for the database will be used as the base time by specifying a **Y** in the **Use database location time** field. To use the local client time you can specify an N in the **Use database location** time. By default the time range is set to Preceding by 1 hour using the local client time.

### Timestamp

A value of **T** in the **Log Range Type** field indicates that a time value will be used to specify where to begin and where to stop reading the log to find a quiet time. If you select this option, you must specify the start and end time in the **Timestamp Options** fields. Specify the start time for the range in the **Beginning Timestamp** field and the end time for the range in the **End Timestamp** field. Timestamp values are entered as YYYY - MM - DD - HH - MM - SS.
- **3.** Specify whether SYSLGRNX will be used when determining the log files to read. DB2 Recovery Expert in most cases uses the SYSLGRNX directory tables to optimize the selection of log files that must be read. Using these tables can add overhead to the analysis job, which in some situations can outweigh the savings that can be gained by using the SYSLGRNX tables. Specify a **Y** in the **Use SYSLGRNX** field to use the SYSLGRNX directory tables. Specify an **N** in the **Use SYSLGRNX** field to bypass using the SYSLGRNX directory tables.
- 4. The time value in the **Minimum Quiet Time** field specifies the minimum duration of a quiet time for it to be included in the output. The default value is set to 00:02:00 (two minutes).
- 5. After specifying the time range for the analysis, press Enter. All the fields are validated and if they validate successfully a Build Job dialog opens. You can choose to edit or run the log analysis job from the **Build Job** dialog.

# Building image copy JCL

You use the Build Image Copy Job panel to build the image copy JCL for the objects that are in a standard or log based application profile.

# Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify an **I** in the command line next to the standard or log based application profile for which you want to build an image copy job. The Build Image Copy Job panel opens.

- 2. To update the image copy options, specify Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel opens. Edit the options that you want to change. Upon completion, press PF3 to return to the Build Image Copy Job panel. See "Specifying image copy options" on page 319 for more information.
- **3**. To edit the generated image copy job JCL before you submit the job, specify a **Y** in the **Edit Generated Job** field.
- 4. Specify a data set name that will be used for the build job in the Data set field.
- 5. Specify the member that will hold the build job in the **Member** field.
- 6. Specify the job card information in the multiple lines of the Job Cards field.
- 7. Press Enter.
  - If you selected to edit the generated job a results panel opens displaying the image copy JCL. Edit the JCL and press Enter to run the job.
  - If you did not select to edit the generated job, the job is run.

# About object recovery jobs

Object recovery jobs are built from the application profiles. You can update and change application profiles before building the jobs to tailor the object recovery as required.

## How DB2 Recovery Expert performs object recovery

This table shows how DB2 Recovery Expert restores objects based on the backup type and the location of the backup.

Table 21. Object recovery methods

Subsystem backup type	Backup location	Data set restore method
IBM FlashCopy	Disk	DFDSS data set copy
IBM FlashCopy	Offloaded	DFDSS or FDR data set restore
EMC SNAP	Disk	SNAP DATASET
EMC SNAP	Offloaded	DFDSS or FDR data set restore
EMC BCV	Disk	SNAP DATASET
EMC BCV	Offloaded	DFDSS or FDR data set restore

## How DB2 Recovery Expert recovers indexes

An index created with the COPY NO attribute is rebuilt, while an index created with COPY YES is recovered from a copy (image copy or system level backup) if possible; if not possible, the index is rebuilt.

An index will always be excluded from recovery if it was included by selecting a table space and specifying to include all its indexes, but the table space is found to be unrecoverable.

## Steps to build an object recovery job

Use these steps to build an object recovery job.

#### Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display screen, specify B next to the application profile for which you want to build a recovery job and press Enter. The Build Job panel opens.

```
Build Job for TUSER.K82B - TEST

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Edit Recovery Options N (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.RECV.TEST

Member TESTOBJR

Job Cards:

=> //0J0BCRD JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

=> //*

=> //*

Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

Specify the following fields on this window:

#### **Edit Generated Job**

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Objects Profile Display panel.

#### **Edit Recovery Options**

Enter Y if you want to edit or review the recovery options before building the JCL. When you press Enter, the Object Recovery Options screen appears.

## Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

#### Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

2. When you have completed the fields, press Enter. If you specified to edit the job, an ISPF window containing the job appears. If you did not specify to edit the job, the Objects Profile Display panel reappears.

#### Building an object recovery job

The object restore job is placed in the data set that you specify. You can submit the job from an edit session or insert the job into your scheduler. If you choose to edit the generated job, the job appears in an edit session.

The following is an example of the job to restore an object:

```
000001 //0JOBCRD JOB TUSER, CLASS=A, NOTIFY=&SYSUID
000002 //*
000003 //*
000004 //*
000005 //*
000006 //** * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
000007 //*
000008 //* Profile: PUSER2.B81A - TEST
000009 //* Job:
                     01 of 01
000010 //* Desc:
000011 //* User:
                     TUSER
000012 //* Date:
                     Thursday July 05, 2016
                   16:04:11.26
000013 //* Time:
000014 //*
000015 //** * * * * * * *
000016 //*
000017 //** * * * * * * * * * *
000018 //*
000019 //* Step:
                     RECOBJST
000020 //*
000021 //*
           Desc:
                     This step will restore the data sets of tablespaces
000022 //*
                     and/or indexspaces from a system level backup.
000023 //*
000025 //*
000026 //RECOBJST EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT)
000027 //*
000028 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. WRK0210. LOADLIB
000029 //
                 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=VENDOR. EMCSCF. V560. LINKLIB
000030 //
                 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=VENDOR.SSNP560.LINKLIB
            DD DISP=SHR,DSN=VENDOR.EMC.STFU540.1
DD DISP=SHR,DSN=VENDOR.FDR5456.LOAD
000031 //
                DD DISP=SHR, DSN=VENDOR.EMC.STFU540.LINKLIB
000032 //
000033 //
                 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. B81A. SDSNEXIT
000034 //
                DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
000035 //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.DB2.CONTROL
```

000036 //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.PROFILES 000037 //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.OFF0PTS 000038 //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS 000039 //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.PROFILE.CATS 000040 //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK 000041 //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS 000042 //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS 000043 //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS 000044 //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.BREPORT 000045 //ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=\* 000046 //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* 000047 //ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=\* 000048 //ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=\* 000049 //ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARY.WRK0210.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR 000050 //ARYIN DD \* 000051 ORESTORE "PUSER2"."B81A - FLASH BACKUP" 000052 **GENERATION 01** 000053 DATE 06/30/2007 000054 TIME 18:16:49 000055 MAX-TASKS 04 000056 START-SPACE-MODE NONE 000057 LOCAL-SITE TABLESPACE ARYRTOOL.ARYCONTX 000058 000059 /\* 000060 //\* 000061 //\*\* \* 000062 //\* 000063 //\* START#UT Step: 000064 //\* 000065 //\* Desc: This step will start all the spaces being recovered 000066 //\* in UT (Utility Access Only) mode. 000067 //\* 000069 //\* 000070 //START#UT EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT) 000071 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.B81A.SDSNEXIT 000072 // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD 000073 //SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=\* 000074 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* 000075 //SYSTSIN DD \* 000076 DSN SYSTEM(B81A) SP(DSNARL01) ACCESS(UT) 000077 -STA DB(DSNRLST) 000078 -STA DB(DSNRGFDB) SP(DSNRREGI) ACCESS(UT) 000079 -STA DB(DSNHMDB) SP(HMALCTX) ACCESS(UT) 000080 -STA DB(DB14763) PART(001) SP(IXSU19G9) ACCESS(UT) -STA DB(DB14763) PART(002) 000081 SP(IXSU19G9) ACCESS(UT) 000082 -STA DB(DB14763) SP(IXSU19G9) PART(003) ACCESS(UT) 000083 -STA DB(DB14763) SP(IXSU19G9) PART(004) ACCESS(UT) 000084 -STA DB(DB14763) SP(IXSU19G9) PART (005) ACCESS(UT) 000085 -STA DB(DB14763) SP(IXSU1NV9) ACCESS(UT) 000086 -STA DB(DSNXSR) SP(XSRANNIN) ACCESS(UT) 000087 -STA DB(ARYRTOOL) SP(ARYC1UBI) ACCESS(UT) 000088 -STA DB(ARYRTOOL) SP(ARYCONTX) ACCESS(UT) 000089 /\* 000090 //\* 000091 //\*\* 000092 //\* RCVRLOGO 000093 //\* Step: 000094 //\* 000095 //\* Desc: This step will recover objects via LOGONLY that had 000096 //\* their data sets recovered from a system level backup. 000097 //\* 000099 //\* 000100 //RCVRLOGO EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB, REGION=006M, COND=(4, LT), 000101 // PARM=(B81A) 000102 //\*

```
000103 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.B81A.SDSNEXIT
000104 //
                 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
000105 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000106 //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
000107 //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000108 //*
000109 //SYSIN
                 DD *
000110
         RECOVER
000111
             TABLESPACE ARYRTOOL.ARYCONTX
000112
                 LOGONLY
000113
                 LOCALSITE
000114 /*
000115 //*
000116 //** * * * * * * * * *
000117 //*
000118 //*
           Step:
                     REBUILD
                                                                             *
000119 //*
000120 //*
           Desc:
                     This step will rebuild all indexes that could not
000121 //*
                     be recovered via the RECOVER Utility.
000122 //*
000123 //**
           * *
000124 //*
000125 //REBUILD EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT),
000126 //
                  PARM=(B81A)
000127 //*
000128 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.B81A.SDSNEXIT
000129 //
                 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
000130 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000131 //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
000132 //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000133 //*
000134 //SYSIN
                 DD *
         REBUILD
000135
000136
             INDEX ("DSNRLST"."SYSIBM"
000137
                   )
000138
                 SORTDEVT SYSDA
000139
                 SORTNUM 6
000140
                 SORTKEYS
          REBUILD
000141
              INDEX ("DSNRGFDB"."DSNRGCOL"
000142
000143
                    ١
000144
                  SORTDEVT SYSDA
000145
                  SORTNUM 6
000146
                  SORTKEYS
000147
         REBUILD
000148
             INDEX ("DSNHMDB"."DSNACC"
000149
                   )
000150
                  SORTDEVT SYSDA
000151
                 SORTNUM 6
000152
                 SORTKEYS
          REBUILD
000153
000154
             INDEX ("DB14763"."TS14763"
000155
                    PART 001)
                  SORTDEVT SYSDA
000156
                 SORTNUM 6
000157
000158
                 SORTKEYS
000159
          REBUILD
             INDEX ("DB14763"."TS14763"
000160
                    PART 002)
000161
                  SORTDEVT SYSDA
000162
000163
                  SORTNUM 6
000164
                  SORTKEYS
         REBUILD
000165
000166
             INDEX ("DB14763"."TS14763"
000167
                    PART 003)
000168
                  SORTDEVT SYSDA
                 SORTNUM 6
000169
```

```
000170
                 SORTKEYS
000171
         REBUILD
             INDEX ("DB14763"."TS14763"
000172
000173
                    PART 004)
000174
                 SORTDEVT SYSDA
000175
                 SORTNUM 6
000176
                 SORTKEYS
000177
         REBUILD
000178
             INDEX ("DB14763"."TS14763"
000179
                    PART 005)
000180
                 SORTDEVT SYSDA
000181
                 SORTNUM 6
000182
                 SORTKEYS
000183
         REBUILD
             INDEX ("DB14763"."TS14763"
000184
000185
                   )
                 SORTDEVT SYSDA
000186
000187
                 SORTNUM 6
000188
                 SORTKEYS
000189
         REBUILD
             INDEX ("DSNXSR"."SYSIBM"
000190
000191
                   )
000192
                 SORTDEVT SYSDA
000193
                 SORTNUM 6
000194
                 SORTKEYS
000195
         REBUILD
000196
             INDEX ("ARYRTOOL"."ARYRTOOL"
000197
                   )
000198
                 SORTDEVT SYSDA
000199
                 SORTNUM 6
000200
                 SORTKEYS
000201
000202 /*
000203 //*
000204 //** * * * * * * * * *
                             000205 //*
                     START#RW
000206 //*
           Step:
                                                                            *
000207 //*
000208 //*
           Desc:
                     This step will start all the spaces back to RW (Read
000209 //*
                     Write) mode.
000210 //*
000212 //*
000213 //START#RW EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
000214 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.B81A.SDSNEXIT
000215 //
                 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
000216 //SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
000217 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000218 //SYSTSIN DD *
000219 DSN SYSTEM(B81A)
000220 -STA DB(DSNRLST)
                          SP(DSNARL01)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000221 -STA DB(DSNRGFDB)
                          SP(DSNRREGI)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000222 -STA DB(DSNHMDB)
                          SP(HMALCTX)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000223 -STA DB(DB14763)
                                       PART(001)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
                          SP(IXSU19G9)
000224 -STA DB(DB14763)
                          SP(IXSU19G9)
                                       PART(002)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000225 -STA DB(DB14763)
                          SP(IXSU19G9)
                                       PART(003)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000226 -STA DB(DB14763)
                          SP(IXSU19G9)
                                       PART(004)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000227 -STA DB(DB14763)
                          SP(IXSU19G9)
                                       PART (005)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000228 -STA DB(DB14763)
                          SP(IXSU1NV9)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000229 -STA DB(DSNXSR)
                          SP(XSRANNIN)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000230 -STA DB(ARYRTOOL)
                          SP(ARYC1UBI)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000231 -STA DB(ARYRTOOL)
                          SP(ARYCONTX)
                                                          ACCESS(RW)
000232 /*
000233 //*
```

# **Object recovery job example**

This section provides a sample object recovery job.

When you build an object recovery job, the following steps are included:

- 1. Restores the object data sets from the appropriate backup.
- 2. Starts objects in UT only mode.
- **3**. Recovers the objects LOGONLY (if necessary to bring to selected recovery point).
- 4. Rebuilds indexes (if necessary).
- 5. Starts objects back in RW mode.

The following sample build job shows two objects recovered from a system level backup:

```
//OBJREST JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
//*
//*
//*
//*
//* *
//* Profile: TUSER.K82B OBJECT RECOVERY
                                                             *
//* Job: 01 of 01
                                                             *
//* Desc:
                                                             *
//* User: TUSER
//* Date: Monday January 22, 2016 *
//* Time: 15:30:31.99 *
//* *
//** *
     //* *
//* *
//* Step: ARYORST *
//* *
//* Desc: This step will restore the datasets of tablespaces *
//* and/or indexspaces from a system level backup. *
//* *
//* *
//ARYORST EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PRD0210.LOADLIB
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=VENDOR.EMC.SFLS5602.LINKLIB
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=VENDOR.EMC.STFX540.LINKLIB
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=VENDOR.EMC.STFU540.LINKLIB
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=VENDOR.FDR5456.LOAD
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0110.DB2.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.OFFLOPTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0120.ARY.BREPORT
//ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARYARY.PRD0210.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR
//ARYIN DD *
ORESTORE "PUSER2"."K82B - BCV"
```

```
GENERATION 01
DATE 01/22/2007
TIME 13:34:58
MAX-TASKS 04
START-SPACE-MODE NONE
LOCAL-SITE
TABLESPACE TUSERDB.TUSERTS1
TABLESPACE TUSERDB.TUSERTS2
/*
//*
//** *
                                       * * * * * * * * * * * *
//* *
//* Step: START#UT *
//* *
//* Desc: This step will start all the spaces being recovered *
//* in UT (Utility Access Only) mode. *
//* *
//* *
//START#UT EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. K82B. SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
DSN SYSTEM(K82B)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERIX1) ACCESS(UT)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERIX2) ACCESS(UT)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERTS1) ACCESS(UT)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERTS2) ACCESS(UT)
/*
//*
//** *
                                * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
//* *
//* Step: RCVRLOGO *
//* *
//* Desc: This step will recover objects via LOGONLY that had *
//* their datasets recovered from a system level backup. *
//* *
//* *
//RCVRLOGO EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT),
// PARM=(K82B)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.K82B.SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
//SYSIN DD *
RECOVER
TABLESPACE TUSERDB.TUSERTS1
TABLESPACE TUSERDB.TUSERTS2
LOGONLY
LOCALSITE
/*
//*
//** *
//* *
//* Step: REBUILD *
//* *
//* Desc: This step will rebuild all indexes that could not *
//* be recovered via the RECOVER Utility. *
//* *
```

```
//* *
//REBUILD EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT),
// PARM=(K82B)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN. K82B. SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
//SYSIN DD *
REBUILD
INDEX ("TUSER"."TUSERIX1"
SORTDEVT SYSDA
SORTNUM 6
SORTKEYS
REBUILD
INDEX ("TUSER"."TUSERIX2"
SORTDEVT SYSDA
SORTNUM 6
SORTKEYS
/*
//*
//* *
//* Step: START#RW *
//* *
//* Desc: This step will start all the spaces back to RW (Read *
//* Write) mode. *
//* *
//** * * * * * * * * * * *
                             * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
//* *
//START#RW EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=20,COND=(4,LT)
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.K82B.SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
DSN SYSTEM(K82B)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERIX1) ACCESS(RW)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERIX2) ACCESS(RW)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERTS1) ACCESS(RW)
-START DB(TUSERDB) SP(TUSERTS2) ACCESS(RW)
/*
//*
```

# Adding keywords to an application recovery job

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to edit an application recovery job and add one or more keywords. Each keyword that you enter adds functionality that otherwise would not be present in the generated JCL.

## Procedure

- 1. Access the Build Job panel as follows:
  - a. From the Application Profile Display panel specify G in the **Cmd** line next to the profile for which you want to build a recovery job. The Generate DDL panel opens. Specify or update any applicable fields.
  - b. Press Enter. The Build Job panel opens.
  - **c.** Specify Y in the **Edit Generated Job** field. Specify any other fields that are applicable.

- d. Press Enter. The JCL for the application recovery job displays in an ISPF edit session.
- Add one or more keywords to the JCL. You add keywords to the ARYIN DD \* statement following the keywords that are generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. One or more of the following keywords can be added:

#### DEBUG

This keyword produces extra debugging information. You should only add this keyword when directed to by technical support.

#### MAX-TASKS

This keyword controls how many tasks are started to complete the recovery processing for operations that can be multi-tasked. You can specify a number from 1 to 8. The default is 4.

#### FROM-OFFLOAD

If the system backup being used for a restore is on disk and tape, this will cause the restore to be performed from the tape (or OFFLOAD) copy. If the system backup is only on disk, this keyword will be ignored and the objects will be restored from disk.

#### LOCALSITE

The recovery job detects if it is running at the LOCAL or REMOTE site by looking at DSNZPARMs. This keyword overrides that detection and directs DB2 Recovery Expert to use LOCAL SITE resources for the recovery.

#### REMOTESITE

The recovery job detects if it is running at the LOCAL or REMOTE site by looking at DSNZPARMs. This keyword overrides that detection and directs DB2 Recovery Expert to use REMOTE SITE resources for the recovery.

#### START-SPACE-MODE

This keyword directs DB2 Recovery Expert to place the restored object in a specified state after a successful recovery of the object's data sets. The possible modes are: RW (read write), RO (read only), UT (utility), and NONE (leave object stopped).

3. Either run the job or press PF3 to return to the panel.

## Sample output from object recovery jobs

DB2 Recovery Expert produces several different reports when objects are restored. This section shows some sample reports as they are output to the DDs of each job.

## ARYOUT DD

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert DDs are prefaced with ARY. Other DDs may appear in the job output; these non-ARY DDs like SYS\* or UT\* DDs may be generated by DB2 utilities such as RECOVER or REBUILD INDEX, or DB2 subsystem stop and start commands.

The following information appears in the ARYOUT DD of the object restore job. This DD contains information about the backup profile used to make the system backup, control cards, and DB2 Recovery Expert messages. The following is a sample of the ARYOUT DD for an object restore job:

**Note:** Some lines that generally appear as single lines appear in this sample on two lines for display purposes.

ARY00011 - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. ARY0162I - Parmlib used for this execution ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I - ORESTORE "PUSER2"."K82B - BCV" ARY0004I - GENERATION 01 ARY0004I - DATE 01/22/2016 ARY0004I - TIME 13:34:58 ARY0004I - MAX-TASKS 04 ARY0004I - START-SPACE-MODE NONE ARY0004I - LOCAL-SITE ARY0004I - FROM-OFFLOAD ARY0004I - TABLESPACE TUSERDB.TUSERTS1 ARY0004I - TABLESPACE TUSERDB.TUSERTS2 ARY0123I - Backup PUSER2.K82B - BCV generation 04 was read from the repository. ARY0004I - Selected backup was not offloaded. Restore will be from DASD copy. ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER2.K82B - BCV was read from the repository. ARY0320I - Tablespace TUSERDB.TUSERTS1 has been stopped. ARY0320I - Tablespace TUSERDB.TUSERTS2 has been stopped. ARY03221 - Dataset K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.10001.A001 was restored via Snap Dataset. ARY03221 - Dataset K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 was restored via Snap Dataset. ARY02911 - Tablespace TUSERDB.TUSERTS1 was successfully restored. ARY02911 - Tablespace TUSERDB.TUSERTS2 was successfully restored. ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=000.

## **ARYSNAPO DD**

The following information appears in the ARYSNAPO DD of the object restore job for SNAP backups. This DD contains messages generated by the EMC SNAP VOLUME and Timefinder utilities. For information on these messages, see the EMC documentation.

ARY@SNPD - EMC Snap Dataset Messages: \*\*\* TIMEFINDER MF SNAP V5.6.0 (003) \*\*\* 01/22/2016 PAGE 1 ESNP010I BEGINNING COMMAND PARSE ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #1 ESNPDOOI API GLOBAL REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #2 ESNPP40I API DEFINE REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP504I UNIT 3F23 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #3 ESNPP40I API DEFINE REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP504I UNIT 3F2A WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #4 ESNPC90I API SNAP DATASET REQUEST PROCESSED ESNPP89I DATASET: K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 FOUND ON VOLUME: \*3F23\* ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #5 ESNPC90I API SNAP DATASET REQUEST PROCESSED ESNPP89I DATASET: K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 FOUND ON VOLUME: \*3F2A\* ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #6 ESNPK31I A MAXIMUM OF 16 SUBTASKS WILL BE SCHEDULED ESNP040I PROCESSING REQUESTS ESNP470I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #4 BEGINNING, COPY DATA SET REQUEST ESNP472I SOURCE MASK: K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 ESNP473I TARGET MASK: K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 ESNP479I RENAME OLD: K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 NEW: K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSER ESNP300I ALLOCATING TARGET DATA SET: K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 ESNPA70I DATA SET ALLOCATION COMPLETED ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 9 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME \*3F23\* (S/N 0001874-30562/0F23) - TO VOLUME ARY21C (S/N 0001874-30562/021C)

ESNP4711 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #4 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 ESNP470I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #5 BEGINNING, COPY DATA SET REQUEST ESNP472I SOURCE MASK: K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 ESNP473I TARGET MASK: K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 ESNP479I RENAME OLD: K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 NEW: K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSER ESNP300I ALLOCATING TARGET DATA SET: K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 ESNPA70I DATA SET ALLOCATION COMPLETED ESNP112I COPY HAS BEEN INITIATED FOR 1 EXTENT(S) - 9 TRACK(S) - FROM VOLUME \*3F2A\* (S/N 0001874-30562/0F2A) - TO VOLUME ARY219 (S/N 0001874-30562/0219) ESNP4711 PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #5 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 ESNP440I PROCESSING COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 ROST RC SOURCE TARGET DISP TRACKS EXTENTS 00 K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 4 K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 NEW K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS1.I0001.A001 9 1- 1 5 00 K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 K82B.DSNDBC.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 NEW K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 K82B.DSNDBD.TUSERDB.TUSERTS2.I0001.A001 9 1- 1 ESNPL80I 2 INTRA-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED ESNPL81I 2 INTER-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED

# Renaming an application profile

You can rename application profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also rename a profile created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of update.

## Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify a **R** in the **Cmd** line next to the standard, log based, or transaction profile that you want to rename and press Enter. The Rename Application Profile panel opens.

```
Rename Application Profile
Existing Application Profile:
Creator TUSER
Name TEST2
Description Standard Recovery from SLR
New Application Profile:
Creator TUSER
Name PROD2
Description Standard Recovery from SLR
```

- 2. The **New Application Profile Creator** field is automatically filled with the user ID that created the profile. If you have been granted permission, you can change the user ID in the **New Application Profile Creator** field. Permission to change the creator user ID is granted using the ADMIN\_USERID parameter in the SYSPARM library.
- **3**. To rename the profile, specify a new name in the **New Application Profile Name** field.
- 4. To change the profile description, specify a new description in the **New Application Profile Description** field.

**5**. Press Enter. The profile is renamed. Control is returned to Application Profile Display panel.

# Deleting an application profile

You can delete profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also delete a profile created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of update.

## Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify a **D** in the **Cmd** line next to the standard, log based, or transaction profile that you want to delete and press Enter. The Confirm Deletion of Profile panel opens:

```
Confirm Deletion of Profile
Confirm delete of profile TWUSR.TEST2
Delete N (Yes/No)
```

**2**. To delete the profile, specify Y in the **Delete** field and press Enter. A message appears to confirm deletion.

# Importing an application profile

You can import profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also import an application profile created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of update.

#### Procedure

1. From the Application Profile Display panel specify **M** in the **Cmd** line next to the standard, log based, or transaction profile you want to import. Press Enter. The Import Application Profile panel opens.

```
Import Application Profile
Import Application Profile to:
Creator TUSER
Name TEST3
Description Log Based Recovery Profile
Import Application Profile from:
Data Set Name: TUSER
Member: TEST2
```

2. Specify a new, unique name for the imported application profile in the **Import Application Profile to Name** field. Optionally you can enter a new description of the profile in the **Description** field.

- 3. Specify where the application profile will be imported from in the **Import Application Profile from** fields. Enter the data set name of the file that contains the profile in the **Data Set Name** field. Enter the member name in the **Member** field.
- 4. Press Enter. The profile is imported. Control is returned to Application Profile Display panel.

# Exporting an application profile

You can export profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also export an application profile created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of update.

#### Procedure

 From the Application Profile Display panel specify E in the Cmd line next to the standard, log based, or transaction profile that you want to export. Press Enter. The Export Application Profile panel opens:

```
Export Application Profile
Current Application Profile:
Creator TUSER
Name TEST2
Description
Export Application Profile to:
Data Set Name: TUSER
Member: TEST3
```

- Specify where the exported profile will be placed in the Export Application Profile to fields. Enter the data set name for the file that will contain the profile in the Data Set Name field. Enter the member name in the Member field.
- **3**. Press Enter. The profile is exported. Control is returned to the Application Profile Display panel.

# Copying an application profile

You can copy profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also copy profiles created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of update.

## Procedure

 From the Application Profile Display panel, specify X in the Cmd line next to the standard, log based, or transaction profile that you want to copy. Press Enter. The Copy Application Profile panel opens:

```
Copy Application Profile
Existing Application Profile:
Creator TUSER
Name TEST2
Description
New Application Profile:
Creator TUSER
Profile Name TEST3
Description
```

- To copy the profile, type the new profile name in the New Application Profile Name field. You can also enter a new description in the New Application Profile Description field. The profile creator cannot be modified.
- **3**. Press Enter. The profile is copied. Control is returned to Application Profile Display panel.

# Building standard application profiles in batch

You can build a standard application profile in batch that can be used to recover objects. The objects that are to be recovered can be read from a data set or supplied inline using the ARYIN DD statement.

## Procedure

- 1. Edit the sample JCL job.
- **2**. Add the following keywords to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify the application profile location and name:

MACHINE LPAR-name SSID DB2-subsystem-ssid OWNER application-profile-creator NAME application-profile-name

- **3**. Add the REPLACE keyword to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify whether duplicate objects will be replaced if they already exist in the application profile. Specify N to add the objects to the application profile regardless of whether they already exist in the profile. Specify Y to replace the existing objects in the application profile with the objects specified in the ARYIN DD statement. The default value is N. An example of the REPLACE keyword is: REPLACE Y/N
- 4. Add the DEBUG keyword to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify whether debug tracing will be enabled. Specify Y to enable debug tracing. Specify N to disable debug tracing. The default value is N. An example of the DEBUG keyword is as follows:

DEBUG Y/N

5. Add the objects that you want to include in the application profile in the ARYIN DD statement. The format for the ARYIN DD object keywords is as follows:

TYPEFQ-NAME INC Y/N WILDCARD Y/N

- *TYPE* Specifies the type of object that is to be recovered. You can specify one of the following types:
  - SG to recover stogroup objects
  - DB to recover database objects

- TS to recover tablespace objects
- TB to recovery table objects
- IX to recover index objects
- VW to recover view objects
- SN to recover synonym objects
- AL to recover alias objects
- DT to recover data type objects
- TR to recover trigger objects
- RT to recover function objects
- RT to recover procedure objects
- SQ to recover sequence objects
- AQ to recover sequence alias objects
- RO to recover role objects
- PL to recover plan objects
- PK to recover package objects
- VA to recover global variable objects
- OP to recover Auto Tool Profile objects
- FQ-NAME Specifies the fully qualified name of the object.
- INC Specifies whether the object will be included in the application or excluded. Specify Y to include the object. Specify N to exclude the object.
- WILDCARD Specifies when object filtering will occur. Specify a Y to indicate that the filtering of the objects on the DB2 subsystem occurs at run time. Specify an N to indicate that the filtering will occur when the application profile is created. The default value for this field is N.
- 6. Specify the recovery options as keywords in the ARYROPT DD statement. The recovery options are specified in XML format. See "Specifying recovery options for application profile batch job" for more information on the recovery options.
- 7. Run the job.
- 8. After the utility has finished successfully the application profile in included in **Application Profiles** panel in ISPF client with the correct list of objects included in the profile.

## Example

The following are examples of the ARYIN DD object keywords: TS ARYDB012.ARYTESTR INC N WILDCARD N TB ARYSCH01.ARY% INC Y WILDCARD Y

# Specifying recovery options for application profile batch job

The recovery options for the application profile batch job are specified as keywords in the ARYROPT DD statement. The recovery options are specified in XML format. You do not need to include any recovery option statements in the JCL stream unless you want to change the default values.

<recovery-options>

```
<options>
  <!-- optional -->
  <!-- RECOVER Recovery Options -->
```

```
<recover-parallel>integer</recover-parallel>
```

<!-- Specifies the maximum number of jobs in a parallel --> <!-- job group. Valid values are 0 - 99. Default is 0. --> <recover-concurrent-max>integer</recover-concurrent-max> <!-- Specifies the maximum number of jobs that the agent can <!-- process in parallel. Valid values are 1 to 99. Default is 1 --> <recover-tape-units>integer</recover-tape-units> <!-- Specifies the number of tape drives to allocate for the --> <!-- recovery. Valid values are 1 to 99. Default is 0 specifying --> <!-- that DB2<sup>®</sup> will determine the number of tape drives to allocate. --> <recover-site>blank | L | R</recover-site> <!-- Specifies the site from which RECOVER should use image copies --> <!-- L = Local, R = Recovery --> <!-- blank = Subsystem default based on configuration</pre> \_\_> <recover-changed-only> Y | N </recover-changed-only> <!-- Y = Recover changed objects only --> <!-- N = Recover all objects (default) --> <!-- COPY Recovery Options --> <copy-scope>blank | D | I</copy-scope> <!-- D = Recover table spaces only, I = Recover table spaces and indexes --> <!-- If you do not include this option the default is not to create an image --> <!-- copy. Leaving it blank also specifies not to creat an image copy. --> <!-- If you specify D or I you must specify whether local primary, --> <!-- local backup, recovery primary, recovery backup copies are created. --> <copy-local-primary>Y | N</copy-local-primary> <!-- Y = Create local primary image copy, N = Do not create --> <!-- local primary image copy. The default value is N. <copy-local-backup>Y | N</copy-local-backup> <!-- Y = Create local backup image copy, N = Do not create --> <!-- local backup image copy. The default value is N. <copy-recovery-primary>blank | Y | N</copy-recovery-primary> <!-- Y = Create recovery primary image copy. N = Do not create --> <!-- recovery primary image copy. The default value is N. --> <copy-recovery-backup>blank | Y | N</copy-recovery-backup> <!-- Y = Create recovery backup image copy. N = Do not create --> <!-- recovery backup image copy. The default value is N. --> <copy-tape-units>integer</copy-tape-units> <!-- Specifies the number of tape drives to use for image copies. --> <!-- Valid values are 1 to 99. Default is 0 specifying that DB2<sup>®</sup> --> <!-- will determine the number of tape drives to allocate. --> <copy-check-page>Y | N</copy-check-page> <!-- Y - Check utility will be run on each page</pre> --> <!-- N = Check utility will not be run for each page. --> <!-- N is the default value. <copy-concurrent>Y | N</copy-concurrent> <!-- Y = Use DFSMSdss concurrent copy to perform the image copies. --> <!-- N = Do not use DFSMSdss concurrent copy. Default is N. --> <!-- Parellel Options --> <copy-parallel>integer</copy-parallel> <!-- Specifies the maximum number of jobs in a parallel job group. --> <!-- You can specify a value from 0 to 99. Default value is 4. <!-- General Options -->

<permit-restricted>true/false</permit-restricted> <!-- true = If any restricted objects are encountered</pre> --> <!-recovery is stopped. True is the default value. --> <!-- false = If any restricted objects are encountered</pre> --> <!-the object is skipped and the recovery continues. --> <check-data>true/false</check-data> <!-- true = Run the Check Data utility. True is the default. --> <!-- false = Do not run the Check Data utility. <allow-load-from-full-ic-recreated-tb>true/false</allow-load-from-full-ic-recreated-tb> <!-- true = Recover recreated tables using the LOAD from full IC recovery plan. --> <!-- True is the default value. --> <!-- false = Do not use the LOAD from full IC recovery plan. --> <include-related-objects>true/false</include-related-objects> <!-- true = Include related objects in recovery. True is the default. --> <!-- false = Do not include related objects in the the recovery.</pre> --> <!-- Authorization Options --> <grants>true/false</grants> <!-- true = Generate authorization statements when recovery objects. --> <!--Default is true. --> <!-- false = Do not generate authorization statements. <!-- Bind Related Options --> <binds>packages/both/none</binds> <!-- packages = Bind statements are generated only for packages.</pre> --> <!-- both = Bind statements are generated for packages and plans. --> <!-- none = Bind statements are not generated for either packages or plans.--> <bind-action>add/replace</bind-action> <!-- These two options are only available when the Binds options is --> <!-- packages or both. --> <!-- add = Named package does not exist. A new package is to be created. --> <!-- replace = Existing package is to be replaced by a new one with the --> <!-same package name and creator. --> <bind-dbrmlibs> <dbrmlib>string</dbrmlib> <dbrmlib>string</dbrmlib> <dbrmlib>string</dbrmlib> <dbrmlib>string</dbrmlib> <dbrmlib>string</dbrmlib> </bind-dbrmlibs> <!-- Up to five dbrmlibs may be specified --> <!-- DDL options --> <!-- One or more of these may be specified to restrict ddl generation --> <!-- for specific types of objects. Specify true to generate DDL for --> <!-- all the objects of that type. Specify false to not generate the --> <!-- DDL. True is the default value for each. <storage-groups>true/false</storage-groups> <databases>true/false</databases> <table-spaces>true/false</table-spaces> <tables>true/false</tables> <indexes>true/false</indexes> <views>true/false</views> <synonyms>true/false</synonyms> <aliases>true/false</aliases> <data-types>true/false</data-types> <triggers>true/false</triggers>

<stored-procedures>true/false</stored-procedures> <sequences>true/false</sequences> <roles>true/false</roles> <sequence-aliases>true/false</sequence-aliases> <variables>true/false</variables> <sql-id>string</sql-id> <!-- Redirected-recovery options --> <syscopy-scan>L | R | Z | ?</syscopy-scan> <!-- Specifies which SYSCOPY rows to consider when finding --> <!-- a starting point for processing. --> <!-- L = Uses the Local Primary and Local Backup rows --> <!-to find a starting point for processing. Includes --> <!-the LOCAL SITE keyword in the syntax. --> <!-- R = Uses the Recovery Primary and Recovery Backup rows --> <!-to find a starting point for processing. Includes --> the RECOVERY SITE keyword in the syntax. <!----> <!-- Z = Detects the operating mode DB2 is running under --> <!-and automatically inserts the corresponding --> < ! \_ \_ control card. This option omits the LOCAL SITE, --> <!--RECOVER SITE, and IMAGE COPY PREFERENCE control --> <!-cards and uses the value found in the --> <!--ZPARMs on the DB2. --> <!-- ? = Uses the user-specified scan preference defined --> in the SYSCOPY Selection Preference field to find <!----> <!-a starting point for processing. Includes the --> <!--IMAGE COPY PREFERENCE keyword in the syntax. --> <syscopy-selection>LPLBRPRBFC</syscopy-selection> <!-- Specifies the order in which the image copy types are --> <!-- scanned in SYSCOPY for a starting point. This selection --> <!-- preference is only applied if the SYSCOPY Scan Operating --> <!-- Mode is set to User. --> <!-- LP - Local Primary LB = Local Backup RP = Remote Primary --> <!-- RB = Remote Backup FC = FlashCopy --> <log-reader-copy>R1R2A1A2</log-reader-copy> <!-- Specifies the order in which the archive and active log --> <!-- lists in the BSDS are to be scanned when searching for  $\rightarrow$ <!-- a log to satisfy a need for log records. --> <!-- R1, R2, A1 and A2 can be in any order. --> <bypass-syslgrnx>true/false</bypass-syslgrnx> <!-- Y = Skip reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX and only read DB2 logs. --> <!-- N = Do not skip reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX. <continue-on-errors>true/false</continue-on-errors> <!-- true = Most errors are ignored and the processing continues. --> Errors higher than RC=4 are overridden, a RC=4 is <!----> <!-reported, and the job will not fail. Serious issues --> <!--(I/O, out-of-memory) still cause aborts. --> <parallel-log-reads>integer</parallel-log-reads> <!-- Specifies the number of parallel log read tasks that can run --> <!-- at the same time. Valid values are integers, 0-16. A value --> <!-- of 0 specifies that a maximum of 1 task per data sharing</pre> --> <!-- group member can run at the same time. A non-zero value</pre> --> <!-- specifies the number that is the maximum number of parallel --> <!-- tasks that can run at the same time. --> <parallel-log-apply>integer</parallel-log-apply> <!-- Specifies the number of parallel log apply tasks that can run --> <!-- at the same time. Valid values are integers, 1-10. --> <!-- If a single GROUP(...) set is present in the control cards, --> --> <!-- the value in the Number of PARALLEL log apply field is used</pre> <!-- to break up the job into multiple GROUP(...) sets and start a  $\rightarrow$ 

```
<!-- log apply task for each set. Valid values are:
                                                                        -->
   <!-- 1: A single group starts a single log apply task.
                                                                        -->
   <!-- 2-10: If there is a single GROUP(...) , the code will
                                                                        -->
   <!-- internally break down the SPACE(...) sets into a maximum of
                                                                        -->
   <!-- Number of PARALLEL log apply GROUP(...) sets and will start
                                                                        -->
   <!-- one log apply task per GROUP(...).
                                                                        -->
   <reuse-vsam-dataset>true/false</reuse-vsam-dataset>
   <!-- true = An existing VSAM data set will be reused (thus</pre>
                                                                      -->
   <!--
                preserving the data set's size and extent structure) -->
   <!--
                and the NO REUSE keyword is excluded from the JCL on -->
   <!--
                a Job Profile build.
   <!-- false = A VSAM data set is newly allocated with a new extent -->
   <!--
                structure and the NO_REUSE keyword is included in
                                                                     -->
                 the JCL on a Job Profile build.
   <!--
  </options>
  <redirected-recovery enabled="true|false">
    <rename-masks>
      <rename-mask>
        <!-- may repeat n times -->
        <type>
          <!-- one of the following object types:
               alias-object
               creator-object
               database-object
               index-object
               index-space-object
               table-object
               table-space-object
               view-object
               volume-catalog-object
               storage-group-object
         -->
        </type>
        <source-mask>string</source-mask>
        <target-mask>string</target-mask>
      </rename-mask>
    </rename-masks>
  </redirected-recovery>
</recovery-options>
```

# Sample Build Application Profile in Batch job

The following is a sample of the Build Application Profile in Batch job.

```
//ARYOPGEN JOB PDUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID,
          MSGCLASS=X, REGION=0M
11
/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=RS27
//*
//STEP01
          EXEC PGM=ARYJOGEN
//STEPLIB DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
//DB2PARMS DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.CONTROL
//SYSPRINT DD
                SYSOUT=*
                SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD
//CEEDUMP DD
                SYSOUT=*
                SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD
//ARYOPT
          DD
OBJECT-COLLECTION
 MACHINE RS27
 SSID
          EA1A
 OWNER
          PDUSER
          BATCH APPLICATION PROFILE
 NAME
  REPLACE Y
 DEBUG N
/*
//ARYIN
           DD
                *
```

```
TS DB0.TS0 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB1.TS1 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB2.TS2 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB3.TS3 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB4.TS4 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB5.TS5 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB6.TS6 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB7.TS7 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB8.TS8 INC Y WILDCARD N

TS DB9.TS9 INC Y WILDCARD N

/*

//ARYRPOPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PDUSER.JCL(RECOPT)

//*
```

# Building recovery plan jobs in batch

You can build a job in batch to generate the recovery plans that can be used to recover the objects in an application profile. You must create the application profile with the required objects and recovery options by using the ISPF interface or the batch utility before running this utility. After the utility has finished the generated jobs are placed in the data set you specified in the option ARYJCLO.

## Procedure

- 1. Edit the sample JCL job.
- Add the following keywords to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify location and name of the application profile for which you will build the recovery plan job.

MACHINE LPAR-name SSID DB2-subsystem-ssid OWNER application-profile-creator NAME application-profile-name

- **3**. Add the keyword TS or LRSN to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify the recovery point. Specify TS to indicate that the recovery point will be a timestamp. Specify LRSN to indicate that the recovery point will be LRSN. If neither TS or LRSN is specified, the recovery point in time (PIT) will be to current.
- 4. Add one or more PLAN keywords to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify a list of recovery plans. This keyword is optional. If PLAN is not specified only the recovery plan RECOVER will be generated. Each PLAN keyword is on a separate line and should be specified in the order of preference for use. The first matched plan encountered will be used. If PIT=CURRENT then the PLAN option is ignored and only the RECOVER plan is generated. If the specified plan does not exist, the appropriate error message with the list of available plans is issued. An example of a PLAN keyword:

PLAN PLAN-REDIRECTED-RECOVERY

This following is a list of the recovery plans that can used in the PLAN keyword

Table	22.
rubio	

PLAN-DSN1COPY	Using DSN1COP Y
PLAN-DSN1COPY-AND-LOGONLY	Using DSN1COPY and RECOVER LOGONLY
PLAN-DSN1COPY-OF-IC-AND-REDO	Using DSN1COPY of IC and redo SQL
PLAN-DSN1COPY-OF-IC-AND-UNDO	Using DSN1COPY of IC and undo SQL
PLAN-DSN1COPY-OF-FULLIC-AND- UNDO	Using DSN1COPY of full IC and undo SQL

Table 22. (continued)

PLAN-DSN1COPY	Using DSN1COP Y
PLAN-RECOVER-TOCOPY	Using RECOVER TOCOPY
PLAN-RECOVER	Using RECOVER
PLAN-RECOVER-TO-IC-AND-REDO	Using RECOVER to IC and redo SQL
PLAN-RECOVER-TO-IC-AND-UNDO	Using RECOVER to IC and undo SQL
PLAN-RECOVER-TO-FULLIC-AND- UNDO	Using RECOVER to full IC and undo SQL
PLAN-LOAD	Using LOAD
PLAN-LOAD-FULLIC-AND-REDO	Using LOAD from full IC and redo SQL
PLAN-LOAD-FULLIC-AND-UNDO	Using LOAD from full IC and undo SQL
PLAN-UNDO-SQL	Using undo SQL
PLAN-SLB	Using Restore from System Level Backup
PLAN-SLB-AND-LOGONLY	Using Restore from System Level Backup and RECOVER LOGONLY
PLAN-RECOVER-WITH-BACKOUT	Using RECOVER with BACKOUT
PLAN-DDLONLY	Using DDL only
PLAN-REDIRECTED-RECOVERY	Recover to alternate object and Log Apply

- 5. Add the JOBPREFIX keyword to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify a prefix that will be added to the job name for generated JCL (up to 4 characters). By default the prefix ARYJ will be used. An example of the JOBPREFIX keyword: JOBPREFIX RCV
- 6. Add the ARYJCLO keyword to the ARYOPT DD statement to specify the partitioned data set where the generated jobs are saved. This partitioned data set file must be created before the job is run. An example of the ARYJCLO keyword:

ARYJCLO PD.USER

7. You must add job card information as a keyword to the ARYJCARD DD statement. An example of the job card keyword is:

```
//ARYJOB JOB ,'DB2 RECOVERY EXPERT',MSGCLASS=H,
// REGION=0M,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=RS27
```

- 8. Run the job.
- **9**. After the job is run, the generated jobs will be in the partitioned data set that you specified in the ARYJCLO keyword.

# Sample Build Recovery Plan in Batch job

The following is a sample of the Build Application Profile in Batch job.

```
DISP=SHR.DSN=RSOA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
//STEPLIB DD
//ARYLOAD DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
//ARYOPT
           DD
           RS27
MACHINE
SSID
           EA1A
OWNER
           PDUSER
NAME
           BATCH APPLICATION PROFILE
JOBPREFIX RCV
PLAN PLAN-REDIRECTED-RECOVERY
ARYJCLO PDUSER.JCLLIB
/*
//ARYJCARD DD
                *
//ARYJOB JOB ,'DB2 RECOVERY EXPERT',MSGCLASS=H,
              REGION=0M,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
11
/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=RS27
/*
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SARYMENU
//ARYMLIB DD
//ARYSLIB DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SARYSLIB
//DB2PARMS DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.CONTROL
//ARYCFG DD
<agent-config>
 <trace-csi>false</trace-csi>
 <trace-xml>false</trace-xml>
 <trace-sql>false</trace-sql>
 <trace-ifi>false</trace-ifi>
 <trace-db2-attachment>false</trace-db2-attachment>
</agent-config>
//SYSOUT DD
                SYSOUT=*, LRECL=134
//SYSPRINT DD
                SYSOUT=*, LRECL=134
//SYSUDUMP DD
                SYSOUT=*, LRECL=134
//CEEDUMP DD
                SYSOUT=*, LRECL=134
//XDCCDF
          DD
                DUMMY
//ARYSBACK DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK
//ARYSBSSD DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYSBVOL DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYBPROF DD
                DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.PROFILES
//ARYBPMAP DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYBOFFL DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.OFFOPTS
//ARYBREPT DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.BREPORT
//ARYBCPRF DD
                DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.CPROFILE
//ARY#RBA DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY320.IBMTAPE.RBA
```

# Chapter 12. Recovering DB2 objects and IMS applications

The coordinated application recovery feature of DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert helps you to recover the DB2 objects and IMS databases that are used in an application to the same consistent point in time.

Consistent in this case means that there are no updates or transactions in-flight to any object or database in the application. Identifying times where all the DB2 objects and IMS databases used by the application are in a consistent state can be a difficult task especially in a high availability environment.

Coordinated application recovery streamlines the process of recovering applications that use both DB2 objects and IMS databases. You can use the coordinated application recovery feature to analyze the logs in both DB2 and IMS to find quiet times for the objects and databases in an application; provide the times when the objects and databases are consistent across both IMS and DB2; and build the job that can be used to recover the application.

Coordinated application recovery involves the following tasks:

- Connect DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert
- Use DB2 Recovery Expert to create an application profile that can be used to recover the DB2 objects that are used in the application.
- Use IMS Recovery Expert to create an application profile that can be used to recover the IMS databases that are used in the application.
- Use either DB2 Recovery Expert or IMS Recovery Expert to create a coordinated recovery profile that references the DB2 application profile and the IMS application profile.
- Associate the DB2 application profile with the coordinated recovery profile.
- Associate the IMS application profile with the coordinated recovery profile.
- Run a log analysis job to discover intersecting quiet times for the DB2 objects and the IMS applications.
- Build the coordinated recovery job.

# **Connecting DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert**

For each coordinated recovery profile that you build, you can specify that DB2 Recovery Expert connect to a default or a specific instance of IMS Recovery Expert.

## About this task

DB2 Recovery Expert links to IMS Recovery Expert by using the CLIST information that is specified in the user settings option. A default value for the CLIST connection information to IMS Recovery Expert is specified during customization. If you want DB2 Recovery Expert to connect to a different instance of IMS Recovery Expert, you must specify overriding CLIST information to use for the current session.

## Procedure

 Specify 0 on the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu and press Enter. From the Administration Menu panel specify 4 in the command line. The IMS CLIST Information panel opens.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ IMS CLIST Information ------ 2016/01/13 12:56:12
Option ===>
Enter or update IMS Recovery Expert for z/OS CLIST information:
CLIST library name ==> XYZ.User.CLIST
CLIST member name ==> BSYWK22
```

- 2. In the **CLIST library name** field, specify the name of the library that contains the CLIST member for the specific instance of IMS Recovery Expert.
- **3.** In the **CLIST member name** field, specify the CLIST member name for the instance of IMS Recovery Expert.
- 4. Press Enter. For the duration of the current session, DB2 Recovery Expert uses the specified CLIST information to connect to IMS Recovery Expert.

## Setting up and managing the coordinated recovery process

From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel you are able to perform all the functions that apply to coordinated application recovery.

## About this task

DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert use a coordinated recovery profile to identify the DB2 objects and IMS databases that need to be recovered. You identify the DB2 objects that need to be recovered by associating a DB2 application profile to the coordinated recovery profile and you identify the IMS databases that need to be recovered by associating an IMS application profile to the coordinated recovery profile.

The coordinated recovery profile information is saved into a VSAM repository (CPROFILE) that is shared between both products regardless of whether they share the rest of the repository data sets. Each coordinated recovery profile can access the CPROFILE data set to read and update coordinated recovery profile information. The data set is allocated in both IMS and DB2 CLISTs and in the DB2 agents during customization.

The first step in the coordinated recovery process is to open the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel. All the coordinated recovery profiles that have been created are listed. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel you can perform the following functions:

- Update coordinated recovery profiles
- Create coordinated recovery profiles
- · View existing coordinated recovery profiles
- · Delete coordinated recovery profiles
- · Rename coordinated recovery profiles
- · Produce a report of DB2 object and IMS application quiet times
- Build a coordinated recovery job

## Procedure

 Specify 2 for Application Operations on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS main menu and press Enter. The Application Operations Menu panel opens. Specify 3 for Coordinated Application Profiles and press Enter. The Enter Coordinated Recovery Profile Selection Criteria panel opens.

```
Enter Coordinated Recovery Profile Selection Criteria
Profile Like *
Creator Like *
```

2. You use the Enter Coordinated Recovery Profile Selection Criteria window to identify the profiles that will be listed on the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel. You can list all the profiles by using wildcard characters in the **Profile Like** and **Creator Like** fields. The asterisk (\*) wildcard character returns all the profiles for the field where it is specified. You can use an asterisk (\*) for one or all fields. To limit the profiles that are listed, enter a specific profile name or profile creator name in the **Profile Like**, and **Creator Like** fields. Press Enter. The Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel opens. The following panel shows the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel is displayed when you access it for the first time:

**3**. You can use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more profiles than can be displayed on one panel. The following fields are displayed on the panel:

#### **Profile Like**

This field displays the coordinated recovery profile name or mask that you entered on the Enter Coordinated Recovery Profile Selection Criteria panel. You can change the name or mask, press Enter, and the list of coordinated recovery profiles is updated based on the criteria that you specified.

#### **Creator Like**

This field displays the coordinated recovery profile creator name or

mask that you entered on the Enter Coordinated Recovery Profile Selection Criteria panel. You can change the name or mask, press Enter, and the list of coordinated recovery profiles is updated based on the criteria that you specified.

#### Row x of y

Displays the current row and the total number of rows in the profile list. Adjacent to this field is a scroll indicator: > indicates scroll right for more data; < > indicates scroll left or right for data; < indicates scroll left for more data. A plus sign (+) indicates scroll down for more data; a minus sign (-) indicates scroll up for more data.

- **Cmd** The **Cmd** line next to each profile allows you to use the following line commands:
  - U to update a coordinated recovery profile
  - C to create a coordinated recovery profile
  - V to view a coordinated recovery profile
  - D to delete a coordinated recovery profile
  - R to rename a coordinated recovery profile
  - B to build a coordinated recovery job
  - Q to run a log analysis job to discover DB2 object and IMS application quiet times
- Name The name of the coordinated recovery profile.

#### Creator

The user ID of the person who created the coordinated recovery profile.

**Updt** This column indicates how users other than the profile creator may use the profile.

#### U(pdate)

Allows other users to update the profile.

#### V(iew)

Allows other users to view but not update the profile.

#### N(o access)

Prevents other users from viewing or updating the profile.

#### Description

An optional description that may have been entered when the coordinated recovery profile was created.

#### Last Upd Userid

The user ID of the person who last updated the coordinated recovery profile.

#### Last Updated Timestamp

The time that the coordinated recovery profile was last updated.

#### **Created Userid**

The user ID of the person who created the coordinated recovery profile.

## **Created Timestamp**

The time that the coordinated recovery profile was created.

- 4. Enter one of the following commands in the Cmd line next to a profile:
  - To create a coordinated recovery profile, specify C in any Cmd line and press Enter. If no profiles are listed, you can create a profile by pressing Enter. The Create Coordinated Recovery Profile panel opens. From this panel you name

the coordinated recovery profile, associate a DB2 application profile, and associate an IMS application profile. See "Creating coordinated recovery profiles" for more information.

- To update a coordinated recovery profile, specify U in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to update and press Enter. The Update Application Profile panel opens. From this panel you can add a DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile if you have not done so, or you can change the DB2 application profile or IMS application profile that have been associated with the coordinated recovery profile. See "Updating the coordinated recovery profile" on page 380 for more information on updating coordinated recovery profiles.
- To view the details of a coordinated recovery profile, specify V in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to view and press Enter. The View Coordinated Recovery Profile panel opens. You can use this line command to view one of your own profiles or one created by another user if the profile has a share option of view or update. See "Viewing a coordinated recovery profile" on page 381 for more information on viewing coordinated recovery profiles.
- To delete a coordinated recovery profile, specify D in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to delete and press Enter. You can use this line command to delete one of your own coordinated recovery profiles or one created by another user if the profile has a share option of update. See "Deleting a coordinated recovery profile" on page 383 for more information on deleting coordinated recovery profiles.
- To rename a coordinated recovery profile, specify R in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to rename and press Enter. The Rename Coordinated Recovery Profile panel opens. You can use this line command to change the name or the description in one of your own coordinated recovery profiles or one created by another user if the profile has a share option of update. See "Renaming a coordinated recovery profile" on page 382 for more information on renaming coordinated recovery profiles.
- To produce a quiet time analysis for the coordinated recovery profile, specify Q in the **Cmd** line next to the profile and press Enter. The Log Analysis panel opens. See "Performing quiet time analysis for a coordinated recovery" on page 383 for more information on log analysis.
- To build the coordinated recovery jobs, specify B in the **Cmd** line next to the profile and press Enter. The Recovery Point Selection panel opens. See "Building the coordinated recovery jobs" on page 385 for more information.

# Creating coordinated recovery profiles

You create a coordinated recovery profile from the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

## About this task

After creating the coordinated recovery profile, you must associate a DB2 application profile and an IMS application profile to provide the information necessary to recover the DB2 objects and IMS databases that are used within the application that you are recovering.

## Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel specify a **C** in any **Cmd** line and press Enter. The following window is displayed:

```
Enter New Coordinated Recovery Profile Options
Creator USERID
Profile Name TestIMSDB2
Description
Share Option U (Update, View only, No access)
```

- **2**. The **Creator** field is automatically filled with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.
- **3**. In the **Profile Name** field, specify a unique name for the coordinated recovery profile.
- 4. In the **Description** field, specify a description of the coordinated recovery profile
- 5. In the **Share Option** field, specify what type of access other users will have to this profile. Specify **U** to allow other users to update the profile. Specify **V** to allow other users to view but not update the profile. Specify **N** to deny other users access to the profile.
- 6. Press Enter. The Add Profiles to Coordinated Profile window opens. From this window you associate the DB2 application profile and the IMS application profile with the coordinated recovery profile.

# Associating a DB2 and an IMS profile to the coordinated recovery profile

You must associate one DB2 application profile and one IMS application profile with the coordinated recovery profile.

## About this task

The DB2 application profile that you associate with the coordinated recovery profile contains the information required to recover the DB2 objects used by the application. The IMS application profile that you associate with the coordinated recovery profile contains the information required to recover the IMS databases used by the application.

You can associate only one DB2 application profile and one IMS application profile with a coordinated recovery profile. Once a DB2 application profile or IMS application profile is associated with a coordinated recovery profile, it can not be associated with another coordinated recovery profile.

## Procedure

 The Add Profiles to Coordinated Profile window opens automatically as the second step of creating a coordinated recovery profile. The Add Profiles to Coordinated Profile window also opens when you specify A in the command line next to a coordinated recovery profile from the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel.

```
Add DB2 Profile _ (Yes/No)
Add IMS Profile _ (Yes/No)
Press Enter to process or PF3 to cancel.
```

- 2. To associate a DB2 application profile with the coordinated recovery profile, specify Y in the **Add DB2 profile** field. If you have already associated a DB2 application profile to this coordinated recovery profile, this field is not available. Press Enter. The Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria window opens.
  - a. Specify the SSID location for the DB2 system where the objects reside.
  - b. Use the **Name Like** and the **Creator Like** fields to filter the objects that are listed on the Application Selection Profile panel. Press Enter.
  - c. The Application Profile Selection panel opens. From this panel select the DB2 application profile that you want to associate with the coordinated recovery profile. From this panel you can also create, delete, update, rename and view DB2 application profiles. See "Displaying application profiles" on page 291 for more information on how to perform these functions. Press Enter.
  - d. Because you can add only one type of profile at a time to the coordinated recovery profile, after adding a DB2 application profile control returns to the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel. If you have not associated the IMS application profile, you start the process from the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel.
- **3**. To associate an IMS application profile with the coordinated recovery profile, specify Y in the **Add IMS profile** field. If you have already added an IMS object recovery profile to this coordinated recovery profile, this field is not available. Press Enter. The Enter Applications Profile Like to Display window opens.
  - a. Use the **Profile Like**, **Creator Like** and the **SSID Like** fields to filter the objects that are listed on the Application Profile Selection panel. Press Enter.
  - b. The Application Profile Selection panel opens. From this panel select the IMS application profile that you want to associate with the coordinated recovery profile. From this panel you can also create, delete, update, rename and view IMS application profiles. See the section on working with IMS application profiles in the *IMS Recovery Expert for z/OS User Guide* for more information. Press Enter.
  - **c.** Because you can only add one type of profile at a time to the coordinated recovery profile, after adding an IMS profile control returns to the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel. If you have not associated the DB2 application profile, you start the process from the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel.
- 4. Press F3 to return to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

# Updating the coordinated recovery profile

From the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel you can associate a DB2 application profile or IMS application profile to the coordinated recovery profile if one has not already been assigned. From this panel you can also change the DB2 application profile or IMS application profile that has been selected, or disassociate either of the profiles from the coordinated recovery profile.

## Procedure

 The Update Coordinated Recovery Profile panel opens automatically after you associate either a DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile. You can also open the Update Coordinated Recovery Profile by specifying a U in the Cmd line next to a coordinated recovery profile that is listed in the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Update Coordinated Recovery Profile ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
                                         Scroll ===>
Command ===>
Line Commands: A - Add D - Delete
_____
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF
Share Option N (Upd, View, No) Description:
_____
             Profile
                             Profile
Cmd Type SSID Name
                                       LPAR
                             Creator
  _ IMS IBA2 ARYDB024
_ DB2 EBA1 ARYDB025
                           USERID
                             USERID
                                        RS27
```

2. The fields that are displayed for each profile are:

#### Creator

Specifies the user ID of the person who created the coordinated recovery profile.

- Name Specifies the name of the coordinated recovery profile.
- **Type** Identifies whether the profile is an IMS application profile or a DB2 application profile.
- **SSID** The DB2 or IMS subsystem ID for which the IMS application or DB2 application profile was created.

#### **Profile Name**

Specifies the name of the IMS application profile or the DB2 application profile.

#### **Profile Creator**

Specifies the user ID of the person who created the IMS application profile or the DB2 application profile.

LPAR Identifies the LPAR that is associated with the IMS or DB2 subsystem.

**3**. You can modify the **Share option** for the coordinated recovery profile. The current value is displayed. Changing the value to **Upd** allows all users to update the profile. Changing the value to **View** allows all users to view but not update the profile. Changing the value to **N** prevents users other than yourself to update or view the profile.

- 4. Specify A in the **Cmd** line to add either a DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile. Press Enter. The Add Profiles to Coordinated Profile panel opens. Follow the process of adding a DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile. When all selections are made, control is returned to the Update Application Profile panel.
- 5. Specify D in the Cmd line of the DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile that you want to disassociate from the coordinated recovery profile. Press Enter. The DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile is disassociated from the coordinated recovery profile. The delete command only disassociates the DB2 application profile or an IMS application profile from the coordinated recovery profile, it does not delete the profile from the repository. The disassociated profile will still be available from either the DB2 application profile or IMS application profile display.
- 6. To change the DB2 application profile or IMS application profile, first delete the profile from the coordinated recovery profile, then add the new profile.
- 7. Press F3 to return to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

# Viewing a coordinated recovery profile

From the View Coordinated Recovery Profile panel you can view the IMS application profile and the DB2 application profile that are associated with a coordinated recovery profile. You can view coordinated recovery profiles that you created, regardless of the share option. You can also view a profile created by another user if the profile has a share option of view or update.

## Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel specify a V in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to view and press Enter. The View Coordinated Recovery Profile panel opens.

RCVYXPR1 Command	V3R2 1 ===>	View Coordinat	ed Recovery Pi	rofile 2 Scroll	016/01/13 1 ===>	2:56:12
Creator Share (	r: USERID Option: N	NAME: TESTPROF (Upd, View, No)	Description	:	SSID EA1A	
 Cmd _ _	Type IMS DB2	SSID IAA RS22	Profile Name ABCD ARYD	Profile Creator USERID USERID	LPAR	

2. The fields that are displayed for each application profile listed are:

#### Creator

Specifies the user ID of the person who created the coordinated recovery profile.

Name Specifies the name of the coordinated recovery profile.

#### Share Option

The current value of the share option is displayed. The value of U specifies that all users can update the profile. A value of V specifies

that all users can view but not update the profile. A value of **N** specifies that no user other than you as the creator can update or view the profile.

#### Description

Displays a description of the profile that was added when the profile was created.

- **Type** Identifies whether the profile is an IMS application profile or a DB2 application profile.
- **SSID** The DB2 or IMS subsystem ID for which the IMS application or DB2 application profile was created.

#### Profile Name

Specifies the name of the IMS application profile or the DB2 application profile.

#### **Profile Creator**

Specifies the user ID of the person who created the IMS application profile or the DB2 application profile.

- LPAR Identifies the LPAR that is associated with the IMS or DB2 subsystem.
- 3. Press F3 to return to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

## Renaming a coordinated recovery profile

You can rename coordinated recovery profiles that you created, regardless of the share option. You can also rename a profile that was created by another user if the profile has a share option of update.

#### Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel specify R in the **Cmd** line next to the coordinated recovery profile that you want to rename. The Rename Coordinated Recovery Profile opens.

```
Rename Coordinated Recovery Profile
Existing Profile:
Creator TUSER
Profile Name TEST2
Description
New Profile:
Creator TUSER
Profile Name TEST2
Description
```

- 2. The **New Profile Creator** field is automatically filled with the user ID that created the profile. If you have been granted permission, you can change the user ID in the **New Profile Creator** field. Permission to change the creator user ID is granted using the ADMIN\_USERID parameter in the SYSPARM library.
- 3. To rename the profile, specify a new name in the **New Profile Name** field.
- 4. To change the profile description, specify a new description in the **New Profile Description** field.

- 5. Press Enter. The profile is renamed. Control is returned to Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.
- 6. To cancel the rename, press PF3 on the Rename Coordinated Recovery Profile window and return to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

# Deleting a coordinated recovery profile

You can delete coordinated recovery profiles that you created regardless of the share option. You can also delete a coordinated recovery profile that was created by another user if the profile has a share option of update.

## Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel specify D in the **Cmd** line next to the coordinated recovery profile that you want to delete and press Enter. The following window is displayed to confirm profile deletion:

Confirm Deletion of Profile Confirm delete of profile TWUSR.TEST2 Delete N (Yes/No)

- **2**. To delete the profile, specify Y in the **Delete** field and press Enter. A message appears to confirm the deletion. Control returns to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.
- **3**. To cancel the deletion, specify N in the **Delete** field and press Enter or press PF3. Control returns to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

# Performing quiet time analysis for a coordinated recovery

From the Log Analysis panel you can build a job that when run searches the DB2 and IMS logs for periods of time when both the DB2 objects and the IMS database have no activity.

## About this task

The Log Analysis job coordinates and displays the quiet times that you can use to recover the DB2 objects and the IMS database to a consistent point in time. You only need to build and run the Log Analysis job if you are interested in using intersecting quiet times for DB2 objects and IMS databases recovery points.

## Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel specify Q in the **Cmd** line next to the coordinated recovery profile for which you want to look for DB2 object and IMS application quiet times. The Log Analysis panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Log Ana Command ===>	lysis 2016/01/13 12:56:12	
Creator: USERID NAME: TEST	TPROF	SSID EA1A
Log Range Type	==> T (Preceding/Timestamp)	
Preceding Options: Preceding Type Preceding Value Use database location time	==> H (Hours/Minutes) ==> 01 (00-99) ==> Y (Yes/No)	
Timestamp Options Beginning Timestamp End Timestamp	==> 2016 - 11 - 23 - 14 : 50 : 56 ==> 2016 - 11 - 23 - 15 : 50 : 56	
Minimum Quiet Time	==> 00 : 02 : 00 (hh:mm:ss)	

- 2. In the **Log Range Type** field specify a time range within which DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert will search the logs for the DB2 objects and IMS database quiet times. Specify P to indicate that a time span preceding the current time identifies the start and stop points in the log. Specify T to indicate that a time value identifies the start and stop points in the log. By default the time range is set to **Preceding** by one hour based on the local client time.
- **3**. If you selected a **Log Range Type** of P you specify the time span details in the following **Preceding Options** fields:
  - a. In the **Preceding Type** field, specify whether the preceding time span is in hours (H) or minutes (M).
  - b. In the **Preceding Value** field, specify the number of hours or minutes in the time span. You can specify a value from 0 to 99.
  - c. In the Use database location time field, specify whether the time span is based on the time where the database is located or the local client time. Specify Y to use the local time for the database as the base time. Specify N to use the local client time as the base time.
- 4. If you selected a **Log Range Type** of T you specify the time span details in the following **Timestamp Options** fields:
  - a. Specify the start time for the range in the **Beginning Timestamp** field in the format of YYYY MM DD HH : MM : SS.
  - b. Specify the end time for the range in the **End Timestamp** field in the format of YYYY MM DD HH : MM : SS.
- 5. In the **Minimum Quiet Time** field, specify the minimum duration for a quiet time to be included in the output or accept the default value which is 00:02:00 (two minutes).
- 6. After specifying the time range for the analysis, press Enter. All the fields are validated and if they validate successfully the Build Job panel opens. You can choose to edit or run the log analysis job from the **Build Job** panel.

# Building the quiet time analysis job

Use these steps to build a quiet time analysis job that will find quiet times for the objects in the DB2 application profile as well as for the databases that are in the IMS application profile.

## Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel, specify Q next to the coordinated recovery profile for which you want to perform a quiet analysis.
The Log Analysis panel opens. Specify the options to use for the quiet time analysis. Press Enter. The Build Job window is displayed.

```
Build Job for TUSER.K82B - TEST

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.CRPQT.TEST

Member TESTCRP

Job Cards:

==> //0J0BCRD JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*

Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

- In the Edit Generated Job field specify whether you want to view the generated job JCL in an ISPF editor before saving and running the job. Specify Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session. Specify N to bypass viewing the generated job JCL.
- **3**. In the **Build job in Dataset** specify the fully qualified data set name (without quotation marks) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name in the **Member** field. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert creates it.
- 4. In the Job Cards field specify a valid job card for your site.
- 5. Press Enter. One of the following results occurs:
  - If you selected to view the job, an ISPF panel containing the job JCL opens. You can use the ISPF editor to make your required changes. When you have finished editing, press Enter and the job is saved in the data set that you specified. Control returns to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.
  - If you selected not to view the job, it is placed directly in the data set that you specified and control returns to the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel.

Once saved in the specified data set, you can choose to run the job at your convenience by submitting the job from an edit session or inserting the job into your scheduler.

# Building the coordinated recovery jobs

After creating the coordinated recovery profile that includes a DB2 application profile and an IMS application profile and optionally running a log analysis to find quiet times, you must build a DB2 object recovery job and an IMS application recovery job that in conjunction will be used to perform the coordinated recovery.

## About this task

The following steps outline the process of building the coordinated recovery jobs:

- Select a common recovery point for both the DB2 objects and the IMS databases
- Generate the DB2 recovery plans
- Select the DB2 recovery plan
- Build and run the DB2 recovery job

• Build and run the IMS recovery job

## Selecting the recovery point

The first step in building the coordinated recovery jobs is to select a consistent point in time for both the DB2 objects and the IMS databases that can be used as the recovery point.

### Procedure

1. From the Coordinated Recovery Profile Display panel specify **B** in the **Cmd** line next to the coordinated recovery profile for which you want to build the recovery jobs. The Recovery Point Selection panel opens.

- 2. To select a recovery timestamp specify S next to one of the following recovery point types:
  - Select Current to specify that recovery will be to the current point, meaning the time when the recovery jobs are run. A confirmation window opens. When a coordinated recovery to current is performed the DB2 and IMS recovery jobs are generated with the job step to start the databases after performing the recovery commented out. After completion of the DB2 and IMS recoveries, you will edit the JCL to remove the comments from the steps of the job to start the DB2 and IMS databases and resubmit the job to start the databases. Do not start the recovered databases until both recovery jobs complete successfully. Specify Y in the Confirm field to indicate that you understand the message and you want to proceed with the build process. Specify N to return to the Select Recovery Point panel to choose another type of recovery point.
  - Select **User Timestamp** to specify a timestamp for the recovery. Press Enter. The Select Recovery Timestamp window opens. Specify the timestamp to which you want to recover. The format of the timestamp that you enter is YYYY MM DD HH : MM : SS : MMMMMM.
  - Quiet Time range If you ran a log analysis for the coordinated recovery profile and any quiet times were identified these ranges are available for selection. Each quiet time range that was discovered is displayed as a start timestamp YYYY-MM-DD-HH:MM:SS:MMMMMM and an end timestamp in the same format. If you did not run log analysis no quiet time ranges are displayed.
- 3. Press Enter. The Generate DB2 Recovery Plans panel opens.

# Generating the DB2 object recovery plans

DB2 Recovery Expert generates one or more recovery plans that you can select from to recover the DB2 objects that have been included in the coordinated recovery profile.

## About this task

The way that the recovery jobs are generated for DB2 objects differs from how recovery jobs are generated for IMS databases. DB2 Recovery Expert does all the analysis on the different recovery options from the user interface and then generates the JCL for the plan that you select. IMS Recovery Expert determines the way to recover the databases at execution time based on the recovery options defined in the IMS application profile. For a coordinated recovery, you first generate the DB2 object recovery plans and select one to use to build the DB2 object recovery job. You then build the IMS application recovery job.

**Note:** If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.

## Procedure

1. The Generate Recovery Plans opens automatically after you select a recovery point from the Select Recovery Point panel.

- 2. To update the recovery options for the DB2 application profile, specify Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Edit the options that you want to change. Upon completion, press PF3 to return to the Generate Recovery Plans panel. See "Generating object recovery plans" on page 329 for more information.
- **3**. When you are ready to generate the recovery plans, press Enter. All the fields are validated and the recovery plans are generated. The Recovery Plans panel opens where you select the recovery plan.

# Selecting the DB2 object recovery plan

The Recovery Plans panel displays the recovery plans that can be used to recover the DB2 objects that are included in the coordinated recovery job. You can select the plan that is most advantageous for your recovery environment.

## About this task

**Note:** If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.

## Procedure

1. The Recovery Plans panel opens when at least one recovery plan can be generated.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Plans Command ===>	2016/01/13 12:56:12
Line Commands: V - Validate P - Properties	D - Details B - Build JCL
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF	SSID EA1A
Plan Name	Cost
_Using RECOVER _Recovered objects	52.60 n/a

2. The following fields are displayed in the panel:

#### Creator

Displays the ID of the user who created the DB2 application profile.

- Name Displays the name of the DB2 application profile.
- **SSID** Displays the assigned ID for the DB2 subsystem where the objects and the profile reside.

#### Plan Name

Lists the recovery plans that can be used to recover the objects in the DB2 application profile. One of the plans that is listed is called the Recovered Objects plan. This plan lists the objects that can be recovered and each of the plans that can be used successfully to recover the object. Only the D command can be used with this plan.

- **Cost** Displays the recovery plan cost. Each generated recovery plan has an associated cost. The plan with the lowest cost appears first in the list of recovery plan. You can see the detailed information that is used to calculate the cost of the plan by specifying P next to the recovery plan and pressing Enter.
- **3.** Specify P next to a recovery plan to view the properties of the recovery plan. From the Recovery Plan Properties panel you can see the detailed information that is used to calculate the cost of a recovery plan. The **P** command is not a valid command for the Recovered Objects plan.
- 4. Specify D next to a recovery plan to view the details of the recovery plan. From the Recovery Plan Details panel you can see each of the objects that are included in the application profile. You can also access property information for each of the objects.
- 5. Specify V next to a recovery plan to validate the recovery plan. You might select the validate option to check that the conditions of the plan still apply. If an error is found, the Recovery Plan Validation Error panel opens where you are

given more information about the error. When a successful validation completes a message is issued that acknowledges the successful validation but does caution that although no validation errors were discovered, the recovery plan could have unforeseen errors that would impact a successful recovery. Such errors may include missing resources or lack or authorizations to access resources. The V command is not a valid command for the Recovered Objects plan.

6. Specify B next to a recovery plan to build the JCL that can be used to recover the objects in the DB2 application profile according to the properties and details of the recovery plan. The **B** command is not a valid command for the Recovered Objects plan. A popup is produced asking for a PDS name. An example of the popup is:

```
Build job in Dataset TEST.ARY.CNTL
    Member Prefix RCVRJB
Job Cards:
==> //ARYJOB JOB TEST,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID,MSGCLASS=X
==> //*
==> //
```

7. Enter the data set information. The data set name must be a PDS with a valid member name. Press Enter. The information entered is verified. When all the data has been verified, the Generate Recovery Plan JCL job is run. The Recovery Plan Jobs window opens.

# Submitting the recovery plan job

The Recovery Plan Jobs panel displays the recovery plan job or jobs that you can use to recover the DB2 objects associated with the coordinated recovery profile.

## About this task

If the recovery option **Number of parallel jobs** is greater than 1, multiple jobs are returned. A Serial job, followed by a Parallel Job Group, followed by a second Serial job will be returned. You must submit and run the serial and parallel jobs in the order that they are listed.

**Note:** If you are recovering a set of objects to a prior version (existing objects must be dropped and then recreated) and one of the tables has the RESTRICT ON DROP clause active, you will have to alter that table to remove this restriction before running the recovery plan job. Upon completion of the recovery plan job you can reactivate the clause for the table.

## Procedure

1. The Recovery Plans Jobs panel opens after you select a recovery plan from the Recovery Plans panel and select **B** to build the job. An example of the panel is shown below:

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Plans Jobs Command ===>	2016/01/13	12:56:12
Line Commands: B - Browse E - Edit V - View	S - Submit	
Plan Name: Using Recover		
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF		SSID EA1A
_Recovery Job Group _ Serial Job 1 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYA01) _ Parallel Job Group _ Parallel Job 1 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB01) _ Parallel Job 2 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB02) _ Parallel Job 3 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB03) _ Parallel Job 4 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB04) _ Serial Job 2 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYC01)		

2. The following fields are displayed:

#### Plan Name

Lists the name of the recovery plan for one or more jobs that have been built.

#### Creator

Displays the ID of the user who created the application profile.

- **Name** Displays the name of the application profile.
- **SSID** Displays the assigned ID for the DB2 subsystem where the objects and the profile reside.

### **Recovery Plan jobs**

Lists the jobs that have been built for this plan.

- **3**. To browse the recovery plan job JCL, specify B next to a recovery job. Using browse, you cannot edit or save the JCL. Press Enter. The job JCL is displayed in the ISPF editor. Press PF3 to return to the Recovery Plan Jobs.
- 4. To view and edit the recovery plan job JCL, specify V next to a recovery job. Using view you cannot save the JCL when you exit. Press Enter. The job JCL is displayed in the ISPF editor. Press PF3 to return to the Recovery Plan Jobs.
- 5. To edit the recovery plan job JCL and save your changes upon exit, specify E next to a recovery plan. Press Enter. The job JCL is displayed in the ISPF editor. Press PF3 to return to the Recovery Plan Jobs.
- 6. To run the recovery plan job JCL, specify S next to the recovery job. The job is submitted and run. The results of the job are written to the specified data set. If there are serial and parallel jobs, it is important to submit each of the jobs in the order that they are listed.
- 7. The next step in coordinated recovery is to generate the IMS application recovery job. Press PF3 on each panel until the Build job for *nameofimsprofile* panel opens.

# Building the coordinated recovery job for IMS objects

Use the Build job for *nameofimsprofile* panel to build the JCL for the recovery of the IMS databases. The **Recovery Point** and **Recovery Timestamp** are the same as was chosen for the recovery of the DB2 objects.

## Procedure

1. From the Recovery Plans Jobs panel, after you have built the coordinated recovery job for the DB2 objects, press PF3 to navigate back through several panels to open the Build job for *nameofimsprofile* panel.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 B	uild Job for IMS.PROFILE 2016/01/13 12:56:12	)
Recovery Point Recovery Timestamp	1 (1 Current, 2 Timestamp, 3 PIT, 4 RPID	
Edit Generated Job Edit Recovery Options	Y (Yes/No) N (Yes/No)	
Build Job in Dataset Member		
Job Cards ==> //OBJREST Job PDSUSC, ==> // ==> //	CLASS=A, NOTIFY=&SYSUID	
		J

- The type of recovery point that you selected is listed in the Recovery Point field. If you selected to specify a timestamp, it is listed in the Recovery Timestamp field. This is the same setting that you selected for the DB2 object recovery job.
- **3**. Enter Y in the **Edit Generated Job** to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, you cannot edit the jobs JCL before it is stored in the data set.
- 4. To update the recovery options for the IMS application profile, specify Y in the Update Recovery Options field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Edit the options that you want to change. Upon completion, press PF3 to return to the Build job for *nameofimsprofile* panel. See the section on recovering IMS databases in the *IMS Recovery Expert for z/OS* publication for more information on the recovery options.
- 5. In the Build job in Dataset field specify a fully qualified data set name (without quotation marks) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name in the Build job in Member field. If the member does not exist, it is created.
- 6. In the Job Cards field specify a valid job card for your site
- 7. When you are ready to generate the IMS recovery job, press Enter. All the fields are validated and the recovery job is built. The job is stored in the data set that you specified.

# Chapter 13. Recovering objects using application groups

Using application groups, you can define a prioritized grouping of application profiles that can be utilized in various recovery operations. You can restore applications with other available assets, and additionally, prioritize the recovery of applications according to a user-defined group.

# **Displaying application groups**

From the Application Group Display panel you are able to perform all the application group functions.

## About this task

The first step in working with application groups is to open the Application Group Display panel for a particular DB2 subsystem. From the Application Group Display panel you can perform the following functions:

- · create new profiles
- update profiles
- delete profiles
- rename profiles
- view profiles
- select recovery plans

## Procedure

 Specify 2 on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS main menu and press Enter. The Application Operations Menu panel opens. Specify 2 (Application Groups) on the Application Operations Menu panel. The Enter Application Group Selection Criteria panel opens.

```
Enter Application Group Selection Criteria
Stored on SSID * ( ? for subsystem list)
Name like *
Creator like *
```

2. You use the Enter Application Group Selection Criteria panel to filter the application groups that are listed on the Application Group Display panel. In the Stored on SSID field specify the DB2 subsystem where the application groups reside. You can list all the application groups for the DB2 system using wildcard characters in the Stored on SSID, Name like, and Creator like fields. The asterisk (\*) is a wildcard character that returns all the application groups for the field where it is specified. You can use an asterisk (\*) for one or all fields. To limit the application groups that are listed, enter a specific group name, group creator name, or SSID in one or more of the Stored on SSID, Name like, and Creator like fields. Press Enter. The Application Group Display panel opens. The first time you access this panel, it will appear as follows:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ----- Application Group Display ----- 2016/01/13 12:56:12
                               Scroll ===> CSR
Option ===>
Line Commands: U - Update V - View C - Create D - Delete R - Rename
 P - Recovery Plans
       _____
 Creator Like * Name Like *
                                  SSID like *
----- Row 1 of 1 >
   Name
                    Creator SSID Updt Description
C Press Enter to Create Profile
_____
ARYR0311 - No Profiles were found that match your selection criteria.
Press enter to create a new profile or change the selection criteria.
  _____
```

You can use the **RIGHT** and **LEFT** scroll commands (PF10 and PF11) to see all the available columns. You can use the **UP** and **DOWN** commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more groups than can be displayed on one panel. The following fields are displayed on the panel:

#### Name Like

The application group name or mask you entered on the Enter Application Group Selection Criteria panel appears here. You can change the name or mask to see different groups on this panel.

#### **Creator Like**

The application group creator name or mask you entered on the Enter Application Group Selection Criteria panel appears here. You can change the name or mask to see different groups on this panel.

#### SSID Like

The DB2 subsystem ID or mask you entered on the Enter Application Group Selection Criteria panel appears here. You can change the name or mask to see different groups on this panel.

#### Row x of y

Displays the current row and the total number of rows in the group list. Adjacent to this field is a scroll indicator: > indicates scroll right for more data; < > indicates scroll left or right for data; < indicates scroll left for more data. A plus sign (+) indicates scroll down for more data; a minus sign (-) indicates scroll up for more data.

**Name** The name of the application group.

#### Creator

The ID of the user who created the application group.

- **SSID** The DB2 subsystem ID where the application group, application profiles and the objects for recovery reside.
- **Updt** Specifies how users other than the creator may use the application group. A value of U allows other users to update the profile. A value of V allows other users to view but not update the profile. A value of N prevents other users from viewing or updating the application group.

#### Description

The application group description, if included.

#### Last Updated: Userid

The ID of the last user to update the application group.

#### Last Updated: Timestamp

The date and time that the application group was last updated.

#### Created: Userid

The user ID of the creator of the application group.

#### **Created: Timestamp**

The date and time that the application group was created.

- 3. Enter one of the following commands in the line next to an application group:
  - To create a new application group, enter a **C** in any line and press Enter. If no application groups are listed then you can create a new group by just pressing Enter. The Create Application Group panel opens. Complete the process of creating the application group by selecting the profiles that will be included in the group. When you have completed the process, the Update Application Group panel opens. See "Creating application groups" on page 396 for more information on creating application groups.
  - To update an application group, enter a **U** in the line next to the application group that you want to update and press Enter. The Update Application Group panel opens. From this panel you can add profiles to the group; remove profiles from the group; change a profile's priority in the group; view the profiles assigned to the group; specify and update the image copy options; specify and update recovery plan options; and update the group's share option. See "Updating application groups" on page 396 for more information on updating application groups.
  - To view the details of an application group, enter a V in the line next to the application group that you want to view and press Enter. The View Application Group panel opens. You can use this line command to view one of your own application group profiles or one created by another user if the profile was created with a share option of view or update. See "Viewing application groups" on page 398 for more information on viewing application groups.
  - To delete an application group, enter a **D** in the line next to the application group that you want to delete and press Enter. You can use this line command to delete one of your own application groups or one created by another user if the application group was created with a share option of view or update. See "Deleting an application group" on page 399 for more information on application groups.
  - To rename an application profile, enter an **R** in the line next to the application group that you want to rename and press Enter. The Rename Application Group panel opens. You can use this line command to change the name or the description in one of your own application groups or one created by another user if the application group was created with a share option of view or update. See "Renaming application groups" on page 399 for more information on renaming application groups.
  - To generate a recovery plan for an application group, enter a **P** in the line next to the application group for which you want to generate a recovery plan and press Enter. The Generate Recovery Plan panel opens. See "Generating application group recovery plans" on page 400 for more information on generating application group recovery plans.

# Creating application groups

From the Create Application Group panel you can create an application group. The process of creating a new application group includes creating the group; and then associating individual application profiles with the group.

### Procedure

1. From the Application Group Display panel specify a **C** in any **Cmd** line and press Enter. The following panel is displayed:

Create Application Group				
	Creator	USERI	D	
	Group Name	APPGR	PTW	
	Description			
	DB2 SSID	EB1A	(? for system list)	
	Share Option	U	(Update, View only, No access)	

- **2**. The **Creator** field is automatically filled with your user ID as the group creator. To create the group with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.
- **3**. Specify a name for the application group in the **Group Name** field. The name can consist of up to 30 characters.
- 4. Specify a description for the application group in the **Description** field.
- 5. Specify the SSID where the application profiles included in the application group currently reside in the **DB2 SSID** field. The application group information is also be stored at that SSID.
- You control access to the application group using the Share Option field. Specify U to allow other users to update the group. Specify V to allow other users to view but not update the group. Specify N to deny other users access to the group.
- 7. Press Enter. The group is added. The Update Application Group panel opens. The next step in creating an application group is to add application profiles to the group.

## Updating application groups

From the Update Application Group panel you can add profiles to the group; remove profiles from the group; change a profile's priority in the group; view the profiles assigned to the group; specify and update the image copy options; specify and update recovery plan options; and update the group's share option.

### Procedure

1. The Update Application Group panel opens automatically after you first create the group. In addition, the Update Application Profile panel opens when **Update** is entered for a group listed in the Application Group Display panel.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Update Applic Command ===>	ation Group	201	6/01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> CSR
Commands: ADD EXPLODE PRIORITIES Line Commands: I - Insert R - Remo	ve M - Move U -	Update	V - View
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF Share Option N (Upd, View, No) Update IC Options N (Yes/No)	Description: Update Recovery	/ Option	SSID EA1A IS N (Yes/No)
Name _APPGRP1 _APPGRP2	Creator USER1 USER2	SSID EB1A EB1A	Priority 0005 0005

- You can modify the Share option for the application group. Changing the value to Upd will allow all users to update the group. Changing the value to View will allow all users to view but not update the group. Changing the value to N will not allow any users other than yourself to update or view the group.
- **3**. To specify or update the image copy options, specify a **Y** in the **Update IC Options** field. Press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel opens. Update the options and press PF3. Control is returned to the Update Application Group panel.
- 4. To specify or update the recovery options, specify a Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Update the options and press PF3. Control is returned to the Update Application Group panel.
- 5. To add a profile to the group specify an **I** in any command line. You can also add a profile to the group by specifying **ADD** on the Command line. Press Enter. The Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria panel opens. From this panel you can filter the profiles that are listed for selection. Press Enter. The Application Profile Selection panel opens. From this panel you select the profiles that will be included in the group. When all selections are made, press Enter and control returns to the Update Application Group panel.
- **6**. The fields that are displayed for each application profile that is included in the application group are:

Name Specifies the name of the application profile.

### Creator

- Specifies the ID of the user who created the profile.
- **SSID** Specifies the SSID where the profile resides.

## Priority

Specifies the priority that has been assigned the profile within the application group.

- 7. Each application profile that is included in a group can be assigned a priority. The priority dictates the order in which the objects in a profile are recovered. Recovery of the objects in the profile with the highest priority is performed first, followed by the profile with the next highest priority. A value of zero assigns the highest priority. You can set the priority in one of the following ways:
  - Tab to the Priorities column and type a number.
  - Specify the **PRIORITIES** command in the command line. Priority is assigned to the profiles in increments of 5 starting with the first profile in the list.

- 8. To reorder the profiles in the list specify an **M** in the command line next to the profile that you want to move and press Enter. You can choose to move the profile one position before or after the current position. Press Enter.
- 9. Specify an **R** in the command line next to the profile that you want to remove from the group. Press Enter. The profile is removed from the group.
- **10**. Specify a **V** in the command line next to a profile to view the objects that will be recovered by that profile. Press Enter. The View Application Profile panel opens. Press PF3 to return to the Update Application Group panel.
- **11**. Specify a **U** in the command line next to a profile to update that profile. Press Enter. The Update Application Profile panel opens. You can make updates to the application profile. Press PF3 to return to the Update Application Group panel.
- 12. Press PF3 to return to the Application Group Display panel.

# Viewing application groups

You can view application groups created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also view a group created by another user if the group was created with a share option of view or update.

#### Procedure

1. From the Application Group Display panel specify a **V** in the **Cmd** line next to the group that you want to view and press Enter. The View Application Group panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 View Applicat Command ===>	ion Group	2016/	01/13 12:56:12 Scroll ===> CSR
Commands: EXPLODE Line Commands: V - View			
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF Share Option N (Upd, View, No) View Image Copy Options N (Yes/No)	Description: View Rec	overy Op	SSID EA1A tions N (Yes/No)
Name _APPGRP1 _APPGRP2	Creator USER1 USER2	SSID EB1A EB1A	Priority 0005 0005

2. From the View Application Group panel you can view a list of all the application profiles that are included in the group. From the View Application Group panel you cannot make any changes. The following fields are displayed for each application profile that is included in the group:

**Name** Specifies the name of the profile.

#### Creator

Specifies the ID of the user who created the profile.

**SSID** Specifies the SSID of the DB2 subsystem where the group information and the objects in the application profiles reside.

#### Priority

Specifies the priority that has been assigned to the profile within the group. The priority indicates the order in which each profile is processed for recovery.

- **3**. You can view the **Share Option** for the application group. The current value is displayed. The value of **U** specifies that all users can update the profile. A value of **V** specifies that all users can view but not update the profile. A value of **N** specifies that no user other than you as the creator can update or view the profile.
- 4. To view the recovery options, enter Y in the **Update Recovery Options** field and press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. You can view recovery options, but cannot make any changes. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Group panel.
- **5**. To view the image copy options, enter Y in the **Image Copy Options** field and press Enter. The Image Copy Options panel opens. You can view all the image copy options. In addition there are several options that you can update from the panel. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Group panel.
- **6**. To view the objects that are included in each profile, specify **V** in the line next to the profile and press Enter. The View Application Profile panel opens. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Group panel.
- 7. Press PF3 to return to the View Application Group panel.

# Deleting an application group

You can delete application groups created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also delete a group created by another user if the group was created with a share option of update.

## Procedure

 From the Application Group Display panel specify a D in the Cmd line next to the group that you want to delete and press Enter. The Confirm Deletion of Group panel opens:

Confirm Deletion of Group

Confirm delete of Group TWUSR.TEST2

Delete N (Yes/No)

2. To delete the group, specify Y in the **Delete** field and press Enter. A message appears to confirm deletion.

# **Renaming application groups**

You can rename application groups created under your user ID, regardless of the share option. You can also rename a group created by another user if the group was created with a share option of update.

## Procedure

1. From the Application Group Display panel specify an **R** in the **Cmd** line next to the group that you want to rename and press Enter. The Rename Application Group panel opens.

	Rename Application Group				
Existing Applica	Existing Application Group:				
Creator Name Description	Creator TUSER Name TEST2 Description Test Recover App A profiles				
New Application	New Application Group:				
Creator Name Description	TUSER PROD2 Prod Recover App A profiles				

- 2. The **New Application Group Creator** field is automatically filled with the user ID that created the group. If you have been granted permission, you can change the user ID in the **New Application Group Creator** field. Permission to change the creator user ID is granted using the ADMIN\_USERID parameter in the SYSPARM library.
- **3**. To rename the group, specify a new name in the **New Application Group Name** field.
- 4. To change the group description, specify a new description in the **New Application Group Description** field.
- **5**. Press Enter. The group is renamed. Control is returned to Application Group Display panel.

# Generating application group recovery plans

DB2 Recovery Expert will generate one or more recovery plans that you can select from to recover the objects that have been included in each application profile of an application group.

## About this task

Using the Generate Recovery Plans panel you will specify recovery options, choose a recovery point, and generate the recovery plans that can be used to recover the objects that are included in the application profiles of the group.

**Note:** If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.

### Procedure

1. From the Application Group Display panel specify a **P** in the **Cmd** line next to the group for which you want to generate the recovery plans. The Generate Recovery Plans panel opens.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Generate Command ===>	Recovery Plans	2016/01/13	12:56:12
Creator: USERID NAME: TEST	PROF		SSID EA1A
Update Recovery Options ==> N	(Yes/No)		
Choose the desired recovery po here or enter "Y" for "Select of possible recovery points.	int. You can enter a Recovery point" to d	timestamp or R isplay a select	BA/LRSN ion list
Recovery Point Recovery RBA/LRSN Recovery Timestamp Select Recovery Point	==> 1 (1-Current, ==> ==>	2-RBA/LRSN, 3-T 	imestamp

- 2. To update the recovery options for the group, specify Y in the Update Recovery Options field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel opens. Edit the options that you want to change. Upon completion, press PF3 to return to the Generate Recovery Plans panel. See "Specifying the recovery options" on page 315 for more information on recovery options.
- **3**. You have three options for specifying a recovery point. Select from one of the following options:
  - **Current**: To select the current recovery point, enter a **1** in the **Recovery Point** field. Any data entered in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** or **Recovery Timestamp** fields is cleared.
  - **RBA/LRSN**: To select an RBA/LRSN recovery point enter a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field. If you select this recovery point you must also enter a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field.
  - **Timestamp**: To select a timestamp recovery point enter a **3** in the **Timestamp** field. If you select this recovery point you must also enter a value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field.
- 4. Depending on your selection of recovery point options, you must enter values for one or more of the following fields:

### **Recovery RBA/LRSN**

If you entered a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field, you must either specify a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field where you can select the recovery point in the Select Recovery Point panel.

### **Recovery Timestamp**

If you entered a **3** in the **Recovery Point** field, you must either specify a timestamp value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field or enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field where you can select the recovery point in the Select Recovery Point panel. The timestamp value must be entered as YYYY - MM - DD - HH - MM - SS - MMMMMM.

### **Select Recovery Point**

If you entered a **3** in the **Recovery Point** field and you did not specify a timestamp value in the **Recovery Timestamp** field, or you entered a **2** in the **Recovery Point** field, and you did not specify a value in the **Recovery RBA/LRSN** field, you must enter a **Y** in the **Select Recovery Point** field. Press Enter. The Select Recovery Point pane opens where you can select a recovery point.

**5**. After specifying the recovery point press Enter. All the fields are validated and the recovery plans are generated. The Recovery Plans panel opens.

## Selecting a recovery plan for the application group

The Recovery Plans panel displays the recovery plans that are available to the recover the objects that are in the applications profiles associated with the application group.

### About this task

**Note:** If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF parameter must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.

### Procedure

1. The Recovery Plans panel opens automatically when you press Enter from the Generate Recovery Plans panel and at least one recovery plan can be generated.

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Plans 2016/01/13 Command ===>	3 12:56:12
Line Commands: V - Validate P - Properties D - Details B	- Build JCL
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF	SSID EA1A
Plan Name	Cost
_Using RECOVER _Recovered objects	52.60 n/a

2. The following fields are displayed in the panel:

#### Creator

- Displays the ID of the user who created the application group.
- **Name** Displays the name of the application group.
- **SSID** Displays the ID for the DB2 subsystem where the objects, profiles and group information resides.

#### Plan Name

Lists the recovery plans that can be used to recover the objects in the profiles of the application group. One of the plans that is listed is called the Recovered Objects plan. This plan lists the objects that can be recovered and each of the plans that can be used successfully to recover the object. Only the D line command can be used with this plan.

- **Cost** Displays the recovery plan cost. Each generated recovery plan has an associated cost. The plan with the lowest cost appears first in the list of recovery plan. You can see the detailed information that is used to calculate the cost of the plan by entering a P next to the recovery plan.
- **3**. Enter a **P** next to a recovery plan to view the properties of the recovery plan. From the Recovery Plan Properties panel you can see the detailed information that is used to calculate the cost of a recovery plan. The **P** command is not a valid command for the plan with the name Recovered Objects.

- 4. Enter a **D** next to a recovery plan to view the details of the recovery plan. From the Recovery Plan Details panel you can see each of the objects that are included in the application profiles of the group. You can also access property information for each of the objects.
- 5. Enter a V next to a recovery plan to validate the recovery plan. You might select the validate option to check that the conditions of the plan still apply. If an error is found, the Recovery Plan Validation Error panel opens. When a successful validation occurs there is a message that makes it explicitly clear that although no validation errors were discovered, the recovery plan could have unforeseen errors that would impact a successful recovery. Such errors may include missing resources or lack or authorizations to access resources. The V command is not a valid command for the Recovered Objects plan.
- 6. Enter a **B** next to a recovery plan to build the JCL that can be used to recover the objects in the application profiles of the group according to the properties and details of the recovery plan. The **B** command is not a valid command for the plan with the name Recovered Objects. A popup is produced asking for a PDS name. An example of the dialog:

7. Enter the data set information. Edit the job card if necessary. Press Enter. The information entered is verified. The data set name must be a PDS with a valid member name. When all the data has been verified, the Generate Recovery Plan JCL request is executed. The Recovery Jobs window opens.

# Submitting the recovery plan job

The Recovery Plan Jobs panel displays job or jobs that can be used to recover the objects in the application profiles of the application group.

## About this task

If the recovery option **Number of parallel jobs** is greater than 1, multiple jobs are returned. A Serial job, followed by a Parallel Job Group, followed by a second Serial job will be returned. You must submit and run the serial and parallel jobs in the order that they are listed.

**Note:** If you are recovering a set of objects to a prior version (existing objects must be dropped and then recreated) and one of the tables has the RESTRICT ON DROP clause active, you will have to alter that table to remove this restriction before running the recovery plan job. Upon completion of the recovery plan job you can reactivate the clause for the table.

## Procedure

1. The Recovery Plan Jobs panel opens after you select a recovery plan from the Recovery Plans panel and specify **B** to build the job. An example of the panel is shown below:

RCVYXPRT V3R2 Recovery Plans Jobs Command ===>	2016/01/13	12:56:12
Line Commands: B - Browse E - Edit V - View	S - Submit	
Plan Name: Using Recover		
Creator: USERID NAME: TESTPROF		SSID EA1A
_Recovery Job Group _Serial Job 1 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYA01) _Parallel Job Group _ Parallel Job 1 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB01) _ Parallel Job 2 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB02) _ Parallel Job 3 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB03) _ Parallel Job 4 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYB04) _Serial Job 2 - Test.ARY.CNTL (ARYC01)		

2. The following fields are displayed:

#### Plan Name

Lists the name of the recovery plan for one or more jobs that have been built.

#### Creator

Displays the ID of the user who created the application group.

- **Name** Displays the name of the application group.
- **SSID** Displays the assigned ID for the DB2 subsystem where the objects, the application profiles, and the group information reside.

### **Recovery Plan jobs**

Lists the jobs that have been built for this plan.

- **3.** To browse the recovery plan job JCL, enter a B next to a recovery job. Using browse, you cannot edit or save the JCL.
- 4. To view and edit the recovery plan job JCL, enter a V next to a recovery job. Using view you cannot save the JCL upon exit.
- 5. To edit the recovery plan job JCL and save your changes upon exit, enter an E next to a recovery plan.
- 6. To run the recovery plan job JCL, enter an S next to the recovery job. You will not see the JCL before the job is submitted. The results of the request are written to the specified data set.

If there are serial and parallel jobs, it is important to submit the jobs in the order that they are listed.

# Chapter 14. Performing a Combined System Level Backup

You can use the Combined System Level Backup (Combined SLB) feature to create a system level backup that includes a combination of one or more DB2 and IMS subsystems. The backup is created in a single process with a consistent recovery point for all subsystems in the backup.

Subsystems in the Combined SLB can consist of one or more DB2 subsystem(s), one or more IMS subsystem(s), or a combination of both. Data consistency for all volumes included in the Combined SLB is provided using storage-based consistency.

Note: Log suspend is not available for Combined SLB.

You can perform a Combined SLB with the group option. Combined SLB subsystems do not have to be in the same data sharing group. When a Combined SLB Group contains only DB2 subsystems, then only DB2 Recovery Expert programs are run. When the Combined SLB group contains both IMS subsystems and DB2 subsystems, both DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert programs are run.

# Planning for a Combined SLB

A Combined SLB can contain backup data for multiple IMS subsystems, multiple DB2 subsystems, or a combination of both allowing you to create a single backup that contains multiple, related subsystems. The subsystems included in a Combined SLB do not have to be in the same data sharing group.

Before configuring DB2 Recovery Expert for Combined SLB, you must understand your environment and your intended use for a Combined SLB.

A Combined SLB can be used for the following purposes:

#### **Disaster Recovery**

- A Combined SLB can provide a coordinated and transactionally consistent point of recovery for multiple subsystems at the disaster recovery site without requiring additional recovery assets (such as archive logs).
- Since a Combined SLB can contain both IMS subsystems and DB2 subsystems, you can more quickly recover related IMS and DB2 systems from a single backup without creating multiple backups and performing coordinated recovery between IMS and DB2.
- When a Combined SLB is used for disaster recovery, the recovery is done using the backup only. No forward or log recovery is performed.

### Local Database Recovery

- A Combined SLB can be used with existing application profiles to perform local object recovery.
- By using a Combined SLB as the basis of object recovery, multiple objects across related subsystems (IMS and DB2) can be more quickly recovered to a consistent point in time.
- When an object is recovered, a Combined SLB will be used if it best meets the recovery criteria.

#### Local Subsystem Restore

- A Combined SLB can be used to perform a local subsystem restore.
- All subsystems in the Combined SLB are recovered; no individual subsystem recovery is allowed.
- When a Combined SLB is used for local recovery, the recovery is done using the backup only; no forward or log recovery is performed.

Combined SLB can operate within DB2 Recovery Expert or IMS Recovery Expert independently, or across both products. A Combined SLB can contain IMS subsystems, DB2 subsystems, or a combination of both. However, the ability to create a Combined SLB that contains both IMS and DB2 subsystems depends upon the mode of operation for which the feature is installed. Before you configure the Combined SLB option, you must first choose between local or shared mode:

#### Local Mode

Combined SLB operates within DB2 Recovery Expert or IMS Recovery Expert independently. You can create a Combined SLB that contains subsystems that are related to the product you are using (IMS or DB2). In this mode, you can use Combined SLB to back up multiple subsystems that are related but not limited to the same data sharing group.

#### Shared Mode

Combined SLB operates across DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert. A Combined SLB can contain a combination of IMS and DB2 subsystems. The profiles and backups that are used for Combined SLB are available from either product regardless of the product that was used to create them. A Combined SLB can contain a combination of IMS and DB2 subsystems, IMS subsystems only, or DB2 subsystems only. In shared mode, the repository data sets used by DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert must be shared. This allows access to information from both products. If repositories are not shared, then shared mode is not available.

If you use both DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert, then it is recommended that you configure the Combined SLB option for shared mode, even if you do not currently intend to create Combined SLB groups that contain both IMS and DB2 subsystems. By choosing shared mode, you ensure that your environment is configured appropriately if you choose to create Combined SLB groups that contain both IMS and DB2 subsystems in the future.

# **Configuring Combined SLB**

After you customize DB2 Recovery Expert, you can activate the Combined SLB option.

### About this task

### Procedure

- 1. Update the ARYSYSGR member in the SAMPLIB library, and submit the job. This job creates the VSAM control file used by DB2 Recovery Expert, which contains the Combined SLB group information. You can find instructions in the member.
- 2. Edit your DB2 Recovery Expert invocation CLIST, member ARYV320 in SAMPLIB, and specify the repository data set name created by ARYSYSGR in

the RBRGROUP() variable. This variable identifies (to the ISPF interface) the name of the VSAM data set to use for storing Combined SLB groups, and activates the Combined SLB feature.

## What to do next

After you perform these steps, the Combined SLB feature is active for DB2 Recovery Expert in local mode. To enable Combined SLB in shared mode, perform these additional steps:

- 1. Edit your IMS invocation CLIST, member BSYV220 in SBSYSAMP, and specify the same data set name in the RBRGROUP() variable as specified in ARYV320 above. The RBRGROUP repository must be shared between DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert to activate shared mode.
- 2. The repository data set names used by DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert must be shared. If you currently use both DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert, and you are not using shared repositories, see "Creating shared repositories." The following variables in the ARYV320 and BSYV220 CLISTs must specify the same data set names:
  - DB2CNTFL
  - RBRBPROF
  - RBRBPMAP
  - RBRBPCAT
  - RBRSBACK
  - RBRSBVOL
  - RBRSBSSD
  - RBRPOBJS
  - RBRBREPT
  - RBRBOFFL
  - RBRMOVER
  - RBRGROUP
- 3. The following variables and the related repositories are not shared:
  - RBRSBOBJ: This repository is used by both DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert, but the structure of this repository is different; each product specifies its own unique repository data set.
  - RBRARCH: This repository is used by only IMS Recovery Expert.
  - RBRSSRBA: This repository is used byDB2 Recovery Expert only.
  - RBRBCPRF: This repository is used by both DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert, but it is specified only in the DB2 Recovery Expert ARYV320 CLIST.

# Creating shared repositories

If DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert are currently installed, and you are not sharing the repository data sets, then you must convert your repositories and share them between the two products to activate the Combined SLB option.

## Before you begin

If both products are installed and you are already using shared repositories, or if you are currently only using DB2 Recovery Expert, then you do not need to perform these steps.

## Procedure

- 1. Edit and submit the ARYCSLBS member in SAMPLIB. Instructions for editing this member are contained in the member. This job first backs up your existing DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert repositories that must be shared. Then, it allocates a new set of shared repository data sets and populates them with the contents of the individual product repository data sets.
- 2. Edit your IMS Recovery Expert and DB2 Recovery Expert product invocation CLISTs, and change the variable names listed below to the names of the newly created shared repository data sets created in step . The variables that reference the shared repositories are:
  - DB2CNTFL
  - RBRBPROF
  - RBRBPMAP
  - RBRBPCAT
  - RBRSBACK
  - RBRSBVOL
  - RBRSBSSD
  - RBRPOBJS
  - RBRBREPT
  - RBRBOFFL
  - RBRMOVER 1
  - RBRGROUP

# **Creating Combined SLB groups**

The first step in setting up Combined SLB functions is to create one or more Combined SLB groups. Combined SLB groups define the subsystems that are included in the system level backup.

## About this task

A Combined SLB group can contain one or more DB2 subsystem(s), one or more IMS subsystem(s), or a combination of both.

### Note:

All IMS subsystems that are included in a Combined SLB group must be defined to the product. For information on how to define an IMS subsystem to the product, see "Connecting DB2 Recovery Expert and IMS Recovery Expert" on page 373.

When defining Combined SLB groups, you must follow these rules:

- The Combined SLB group name cannot duplicate an existing SSID or data sharing group name.
- An SSID (individual subsystem or data sharing group) can only be included in one Combined SLB group. When an SSID is included in a Combined SLB group, it is marked as selected and cannot be included in any other Combined SLB group.
- When the selected SSID is part of a data sharing group, the SSID associated with the data sharing group is used (not the individual SSIDs). However, the individual SSIDs that are part of the data sharing group are marked as a part of the Combined SLB group, and cannot be included in any other Combined SLB group.

# Procedure

1. Specify 0 (Administration) on the **Option** line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu panel (ARY\$MAIN) and press Enter.

ARY\$PNL0 Option =	<pre>9 V3R2 Administration Menu</pre>	- 2016/06/30 1	3:53:39
		2016/06/30 13: Jser: PDMONA -	53:39 ARY
1.	Set System Backup Profile Defaults		
2.	Register DB2 subsystems		
3.	Specify server information		
4.	IMS Recovery Expert for z/OS Connection		
5.	Reset ISPF client passwords		
6.	Define Combined SLB Groups		

Figure 17. Administration Menu panel (ARY\$PNL0): Combined SLB

2. On the Administration Menu panel, specify 6 (Define Combined SLB Groups) on the **Option** line and press Enter.

ARY\$CG00 V3R2 Option ===>	Combined SLB Group Display	2016/06/30 13:58:48 Scroll ===> PAGE		
Line Commands: C - Create D - Delete U - Update V - View				
CSLB Mode: Local				
		Row 1 of 8 >		
		< L		
Cmd Group Member	s Description	Userid		
EMCG 0001	EMC GROUP	TSMGM		
GRP1 0001	DATA SHARING SUBSYSTEMS1	TSMGM		
GRP2 0002	MULTIPLE SUBSYSTEMS	CSMESH		
GRP3 0001	SINGLE SUBSYSTEM	CSMESH		
MIKE 0001	DESC	TSMGM		
MXD1 0001		TSMGM		
TSLB 0001	TEST CSLB	CSTSUK		
123 0001	123	CSTSUK		
**************************************				

Figure 18. Combined SLB Group Display panel (ARY\$CG00)

**3**. On the Combined SLB Group Display panel, specify C in the **Cmd** field to define a new group and press Enter.

```
      ARY$CGAD V3R2 ------ Add Combined SLB Group ------ 2016/05/01 10:49:31

      Option ===>
      Scroll ===> PAGE

      Line Commands: A - Add D - Delete

      Group:
      tslb

      Description:
      test cslb group

      -------
      Row 1 of 1

      Cmd Member Type

      A Press Enter to Add
```

Figure 19. Add Combined SLB Group panel (ARY\$CGAD)

4. On the Add Combined SLB Group panel, specify the name of the group and a description of the group. Press Enter to add SSIDs to this group.

```
ARY$CGSL V3R2 ----- Subsystem Selection ----- 2016/05/01 10:49:31
Option ===>
                                              Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: S - Select Subsystem
                                                Row 1 of 25 +
_____
                          DShare
Group
                    CSLB
                              DShare
Cmd SSID
            Туре
                    Group
    DBA7
            DB2
    DBB7
            DB2
                    MXD1
Х
    DDS7
            DB2
    EA1B
            DB2
                    MXD1
χ
            DB2
    FB1C
    EDS1
            DB2
    E9A1
            DB2
    IAAX
            IMS
    IAA3
            IMS
                              IAA
    IAA4
            IMS
                              TAA
    IAA5
            IMS
                              EMC
    IAA6
            IMS
                              EMC
    IAA7
            IMS
                              RS47
 *CMD
```

Figure 20. Subsystem Selection panel (ARY\$CGSL)

- 5. On the Subsystem Selection panel, all defined subsystems that are available for inclusion in the group are displayed. The following fields are displayed:
  - **Cmd** Specify S on the **Cmd** line next to a subsystem to select it for inclusion in the group. Subsystems that are already part of a Combined SLB group are marked with **X** and cannot be selected.
  - **SSID** The name of the defined subsystem.
  - **Type** The type of subsystem. Values are either IMS or DB2.

#### **CSLB** Group

If the subsystem is already included in a Combined SLB group, this column indicates the Combined SLB group name.

#### **DShare Group**

If the subsystem is part of a data sharing group, this column indicates the data sharing group name. If the subsystem is DB2, this column only displays a value when one of the data sharing group members is active on the LPAR to which you are logged in. 6. To select subsystems to include in the group, specify S on the **Cmd** line next to the subsystem(s) you want to include. You can page up and down the list to select multiple entries. When you have selected subsystems, press PF3 to process them.

```
ARY$CGAD V3R2 ----- Add Combined SLB Group ----- 2016/05/01 10:49:31
Option ===>
                                  Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: A - Add D - Delete
         TSI B
Group:
Description: TEST CSLB GROUP
_____
                                    Row 1 of 3
Cmd Member Type
   EMC
        IMSGRP
   IAA
        IMSGRP
   IAAX
        IMS
```

Figure 21. Add Combined SLB Group panel (ARY\$CGAD): Subsystems in Group

On the Add Combined SLB Group panel, the subsystems that you selected are included in the group. If any of the subsystems were part of a data sharing group, the data sharing group **Member** name is included, and the **Type** is IMSGRP.

You can create as many Combined SLB groups as you need for your environment. When you have one or more Combined SLB groups created, you are ready to use the Combined SLB option.

# Creating system profiles for Combined SLB groups

When you have one or more Combined SLB groups defined, you can create a Combined System Level Backup (SLB) profile for the group.

## Procedure

1. Specify 1 (System Operations) on the **Option** line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu panel (ARY\$MAIN) and press Enter.

ARY\$SYMN V3R2 Option ===>		System O	perations N	Menu -		
				2016/ User:	06/30 13:53:57 PDMONA - ARY	
1. DB2 Subs	ystem Analysis and C	onfigurat	ion			
2. System E	ackup Profiles					
3. System L	evel Backup Operatio	ns				
4. Disaster	Recovery Profiles					

Figure 22. System Operations Menu panel (ARY\$SYMN)

2. On the System Operations Menu panel, specify 2 (System Backup Profiles) on the **Option** line and press Enter.

```
Enter Backup Profile Selection Criteria
ARY$BPLK
Profile Like *
Creator Like *
SSID Like *
```

**3**. On the Enter Backup Profile Selection Criteria panel, specify selection criteria and press Enter.

```
ARY$BPRD V3R2 ----- Backup Profile Display ---- 2016/06/30 14:05:14
Option ===>
                                             Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: B - Build U - Update C - Create V - View D - Delete
           R - Rename G - Group
_____
                                     SSID Like *
Profile Like *
                                        Row 1 of 61 +>
Creator Like *
-----
                                          ------
                                   SSID/
Cmd Name
                          Creator
                                  Group Updt
                        PDBATA
PDBATA
PDBATA
                                   EMC U
   BAT
                                   EMC
   BATTRY
                                        U
   BAT1234
                                   EMC
                                        U
                                   GRP2 U
                        CSMESH
CSMESH
   CSLB GRP2
   CSLB STOGROUP/TRGPOOL
                                   GRP1 U
                           PDBISC
                                   EMC
                                        U
   EMC
   EMC-FC
                           CSOSTR
                                   EMC
                                        U
   EMC-L
                           CSOSTR
                                   EMC
                                        U
                           CSOSTR
                                   EMC
                                        U
    EMC-S
    EMC_TARGET_POOL
                           CSOSTR
                                   EMC
                                        U
```

Figure 23. Backup Profile Display panel (ARY\$BPRD): Combined SLB

4. On the Backup Profile Display panel, specify C in the **Cmd** field of any row to create a new Combined SLB Backup Profile. Press Enter.

```
Enter Backup Profile Type
ARY$BPTP
Backup Profile Type C (S=System, C=Combined SLB)
```

Figure 24. Enter Backup Profile Type panel (ARY\$BPTP): Combined SLB

**5**. On the Enter Backup Profile Type panel, specify **C** in the **Backup Profile Type** field. Press Enter.

(			
	Enter Ne	ew Backup Profile Options	
А	Creator	TSMXD	
	Profile Name	Combined SLB Profile	
	Description	Combined SLB Profile	
	CSLB Group	? (? for group list)	
	Backup Method Source/	<pre>F (Bcv/Snap/Flash/dfsmsdss(L))</pre>	
	Target Mapping	S (Auto discover/pool mapping, Stogroup discover/pool mapping)	
	Update Option	U (Update, View only, No access)	

Figure 25. Enter New Backup Profile Options panel (ARY\$CPC1): Combined SLB

- On the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel, specify information in the Profile Name, Description, CSLB Group, Backup Method, Source/Target Mapping, and Update Option fields. Note that manual mapping is not available for Combined SLB.
  - a. If you do not know the name of the Combined SLB group you want to use, specify a ? in the **CSLB Group** field. Press Enter.

ARY\$ Opti	CGGL V3R2 on ===>	: C	combined SLB Group Display 2016/05/01 10:49:31 Scroll ===> PAGE
Line	Commands	: S - Sel	ect V - View
			Row 1 of 2
Cmd	Group	Members	Description
	MXD1	0003	CSLB GROUP
s	TSLB	0003	TEST CSLB GROUP
*****	*******	*******	****** Bottom of Data **********************************

Figure 26. Combined SLB Group Display panel (ARY\$CGGL)

- b. On the Combined SLB Group Display panel, specify S on the **Cmd** line next to the Combined SLB group you want. Press Enter. The Enter New Backup Profile Options panel (ARY\$CPC1) is displayed again.
- **c.** When you have specified all options on the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel, press Enter.

```
ARY$BPSU V3R2 ----- Update Backup Profile ----- 2016/05/01 12:10:52
                                                                 Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
      Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: I - Insert D - Delete X - Exclude U - Undo from exclude
 _____
 Creator: TSMXD Name: COMBINED SLB PROFILE
                                                                  CSLB Group: IAA
 Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description: COMBINED SLB PROFILE
Backup Method==> F(B/S/F/L)Current Generation==> 00Backup Scope==> F(Full/Data)Setup Needed==> YBackup Generations==> 03(01 - 99)Issue Log Suspend==> NOffload Options==> N(Yes/No/Update)Validate IMS Vols==> YSource Stogroups==> N(Yes/No/Update)Enable DB Restore==> NTarget Pool==> N(Yes/No/Update)Issue NOTIFY.IC==> N
 ----- Volume Inclusions/Exclusions ------
                                                                   Row 1 of 1
Source Dev Src Target
Cmd Volumes Type Unit Units
                                         Message Area
 I PRESS ENTER FOR NEW LINE
```

Figure 27. Update Backup Profile panel (ARY\$BPSU): Combined SLB

- 7. When you return to the Update Backup Profile panel, you can complete defining the Combined SLB profile as you would any other backup profile. For more information about this process, see Chapter 9, "Creating system backup profiles," on page 197. Note that the **Issue Log Suspend** field is set to N and cannot be changed. The log suspend process is not available for a Combined SLB profile due to the probability of elongated system ENQ times while attempting to quiesce all subsystems to a consistent point in time.
- 8. When viewing backup profiles, if you have a profile associated with a Combined SLB group and want to know what subsystems are in the group, specify G on the **Cmd** line next to the profile, and press Enter.

ARY\$CGXD V3 Option ===>			Scroll ===> PAGE		
				Row 1 of 3	
SSID ICA2 IBA2 EB1C DDS7	Type IMS IMS DB2 DB2GRP	Bottom of	Data **	****	

Figure 28. Group subsystems (ARY\$CGXD)

**9**. On the ARY\$CGXD panel, all subsystems (currently defined to the Combined SLB group) and their types are displayed.

When you have created the Combined SLB backup profile, it can be processed like any other backup profile. For more information about using this profile to create a system level backup (SLB), see Chapter 10, "Creating a system backup," on page 255.

# Using system restore and offload with Combined SLB

When you have created a backup for a Combined SLB group, you can utilize the system restore and offload interface to manage the backup.

## Procedure

- 1. Specify 1 (System Operations) on the **Option** line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu panel (ARY\$MAIN) and press Enter.
- 2. On the System Operations Menu panel (ARY\$SYMN), specify 3 (System Level Backup Operations) on the **Option** line and press Enter.

```
ARY$REST V3R2 ----- Restore System Display ----- 2016/08/18 15:43:14
Option ===>
                                              Scroll ===> PAGE
   Commands: ? - Show all commands
Line Commands: S - Select for Restore D - Delete V - View Reports O - Offload
       J - Object Report H - Health Check I - Image Copies
          G - Group Display
DB2 Subsystem ID *
_____
 Select a row from the list of recovery points displayed below. To enter
 an RBA/LRSN and have a recovery point automatically selected for you,
 enter the RESTORE primary command followed by a DB2 subsystem SSID or a
 Group ID.
_____
                                              Row 1 of 12 +>
                    Data Mixed On On Obj Partial
Cmd Date Time Only Data Disk Offload Rcvr Backup
                                                    Туре
   07/03/2016 05:20:45 No No Yes No Yes No
                                                    Flash
   SSID: IAA
   08/15/2016 11:17:24 No Yes Yes Yes
                                        Yes No
                                                    Flash
   SSID: IBA2
                             Yes Yes
   08/15/2016 04:13:40 No Yes
                                        Yes No
                                                   Flash
   CSLB: NJG1
   08/08/2016 00:25:47 No Yes Yes Yes Yes No
                                                    DFdss
```

Figure 29. Restore System Display panel (ARY\$REST): Combined SLB

On the Restore System Display panel, you can perform the same functions that are available for a regular system level backup. For more information about these options, see "Viewing a list of backups" on page 419.

**3**. On the Restore System Display panel, if you specify J (Object Report) or I (Image Copies) on the **Cmd** line next to a Combined SLB and press Enter, a list of subsystems in the backup is displayed.

Figure 30. Combined SLB SSID List panel (ARY\$CGSS)

4. On the Combined SLB SSID List panel, you can select one or more subsystems for processing and press Enter. The requested function is performed against those subsystems.

When you specify I (Image Copy), only DB2 subsystems are available for selection. If the Combined SLB contains IMS subsystems and you want to perform image copies for them, you must perform this from the IMS Recovery Expert ISPF interface.

When you select a backup that is associated with a Combined SLB group, the only available option is to recover all subsystems in the backup to the time of the backup.

```
Combined SLB Restore
ARY$RESC
A Combined System Level Backup (CSLB) was selected.
You will not be allowed to select a recovery point.
All subsystems in the backup will be restored.
Press enter to Generate the Restore Job JCL.
```

Figure 31. Combined SLB Restore panel (ARY\$RESC)

5. Press Enter. The Build Restore Job panel is displayed.

```
Build Restore Job

ARY$BLDR

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Edit Multijob Options N (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset ISMXD.ARY.CNTL

Member mxd1rest Restore System Member

Job Cards:

==> //tsmxdx1 JOB TSMXD,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

Figure 32. Build Restore Job panel (ARY\$BLDR): Combined SLB

# Using application profiles with Combined SLB

To use existing or new application profiles with the Combined SLB feature, no changes are necessary.

Actions related to application profiles are performed at the individual subsystem (i.e. SSID). If a recovery is performed and a Combined SLB best meets the recovery criteria, it will be used to recover the database.

# Creating disaster recovery profiles for Combined SLB groups

When you have defined one or more Combined SLB groups, you can create a disaster recovery profile for the group.

### Procedure

- 1. Specify 1 (System Operations) on the **Option** line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu panel (ARY\$MAIN) and press Enter.
- 2. On the System Operations Menu panel (ARY\$SYMN), specify 4 (Disaster Recovery Profiles) on the **Option** line and press Enter.

```
Enter Disaster Recovery Profile Selection Criteria
ARY$XDRK
Profile Like *
Creator Like *
SSID Like *
```

Figure 33. Enter Disaster Recovery Profile Selection Criteria panel (ARY\$XDRK): Combined SLB

**3.** On the Enter Disaster Recovery Profile Selection Criteria panel, specify disaster recovery profile selection criteria and press Enter.

```
ARY$XDRD V3R2 --- Disaster Recovery Profile Display --- 2016/06/30 14:04:43
Option ===>
                                                  Scroll ===> PAGE
Line Commands: D - Delete U - Update B - Build P - Report
           C - Create R - Rename V - View G - Group
_____
Profile like *
                                         SSID like *
Creator Like *
                                         Row 1 of 109
                                                          +>
.....
                                         -------
                                     SSID/
Cmd Name
                             Creator
                                     Group Updt
   ABC
                             PDBATB
                                     IBA2 U
    ABCDEFG
                             PDBATA
                                     IAA
                                           U
                             PDBATA
                                          U
    BAT
                                     IAA
                            PDBAT
                                          U
   BAT - IAA
                                     IAA
                           PDBAT
PDBATA
PDBATA
                                     EMC V
I9A2 U
IAA U
    BAT TRY
   BATTRY
    BAT5
   BAT5PDBATACOORDINATED DRPDBISCCSLB TEST DR PROFILECSTSUK
                                      IBA2 U
                                      TSLB U
    EMC DR1/1
                             CSOSTR
                                     EMC
                                           U
```

Figure 34. Disaster Recovery Profile Display panel (ARY\$XDRD): Combined SLB

4. On the Disaster Recovery Profile Display panel, specify C on the **Cmd** line of any row to create a new Combined SLB disaster recovery profile. Press Enter.

```
Enter DR Profile Type
ARY$DRTP
DR Profile Type c (S=System, C=Combined SLB)
```

Figure 35. Enter DR Profile Type panel (ARY\$DRTP): Combined SLB

**5**. On the Enter DR Profile Type panel, specify C in the **DR Profile Type** field and press Enter.

Enter Ne	w Disast	ter Recovery Profile Data
Creator	TSMXD	
Profile Name	CSLB [	DR Profile
Description	CSLB [	DR Profile
CSLB Group	mxd1	(? for group list)
Update Option	U	(Update, View only, No access)

Figure 36. Enter New Disaster Recovery Profile Data panel (ARY\$CDC1): Combined SLB

**6**. On the Enter New Disaster Recovery Profile Data panel, specify the information associated with this profile and press Enter.

```
ARY$CDRU V3R2 --- Update Disaster Recovery Profile --- 2016/05/01 11:45:17

Option ===>

Creator: TSMXD Name: CSLB DR PROFILE User: TSMXD

Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description: CSLB DR PROFILE

IMS System/Group: MXD1

DR Profile Options:

DR Site Recovery point ==> B (Backup)

SLB Used for DR ==> R (Localsite/Recoverysite)

Use Multijob for DR Restore ==> N (Yes/No/Update)
```

Figure 37. Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel (ARY\$CDRU): Combined SLB

On the Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel, when creating a disaster recovery profile for a Combined SLB group, the only recovery option is to recover all of the subsystems to the point of the backup. As a result, the profile only allows you to select whether you want to use the local or remote site backups for recovery, and whether you want to use the multijob option for performing the restore.

When a build is performed against a disaster recovery profile for a Combined SLB group, the #REPOJOB and *xxxx*#JC1 jobs are the only jobs created. The #REPOJOB redefines and reloads the repository data sets. The *xxxx*#JC1 job performs the restore of the Combined SLB. No other recovery processing is performed.

# Performing DB2 system analysis and configuration

The Analysis and Configuration option is not affected by the Combined SLB option.

The Systems Analysis and Configuration option is not affected by the Combined SLB option (i.e. SSID). A Combined SLB group cannot be used as the target for this function.

# Using coordinated application profiles with Combined SLB

To use existing or new coordinated application profiles with the Combined SLB feature, no changes are required.

Actions related to coordinated application profiles are performed at the individual subsystem (i.e. SSID). If a recovery is performed and a Combined SLB best meets the recovery criteria, it will be used to recover the DB2 objects and IMS databases.

# Chapter 15. Restoring a subsystem

This section explains how to restore a DB2 subsystem that has been backed up by DB2 Recovery Expert.

## Before you restore the subsystem

DB2 Recovery Expert maintains a list of valid system restore points from which you can choose in the event you need to restore a subsystem.

When you restore a subsystem, you will be restoring data and logs, or data only. The type of restore depends on the type of backup specified in the backup profile and whether DB2 Recovery Expert detected mixed data during the backup. Mixed data occurs when DB2 Recovery Expert detected that your DB2 data and the logs are located on the same volumes. If this happens, DB2 Recovery Expert still makes the backup, but if you choose this backup as a recovery point, you must restore both the data and the logs. Note that any logging or transactions that were performed after that recovery point will be lost.

If the backup was a data only backup, you can restore the data only so long as DB2 Recovery Expert did not detect mixed data.

If the backup was a data and log backup, you can restore both data and logs, or you can choose to restore data only as long as DB2 Recovery Expert did not detect mixed data during the backup. If the logs were not mixed in with the data, you can restore the data and the logs to the restore point, and then apply logs to bring it up to current or (another later recovery point). If the subsystem is a member of a data sharing group, and you are restoring data only, you can choose an RBA/LRSN to restore to after the data has been restored.

**Note:** When a backup is on both DASD and tape, DB2 Recovery Expert will use the DASD copy by default for the restore. Add the keyword 'FROM-OFFLOAD' to force DB2 Recovery Expert to perform the restore from the tape copy.

DB2 Recovery Expert can keep track of timestamps and their associated RBAs with the RBA Capture utility. You can use this feature to easily select a recovery point related to a particular time of day. The RBA Capture utility is optionally installed and configured when you customize DB2 Recovery Expert. The utility must run as a started task in each LPAR where you want to capture data.

**Note:** When performing a system restore all MVS user catalogs being used by DB2 must be unallocated. Some monitoring products (such as Query Monitor) are constantly allocating DB2 data sets. This causes the MVS user catalogs to get re-allocated after DB2 Recovery Expert has unallocated them. If the MVS user catalogs are never freed, the system restore will fail. In order to prevent this, you must stop any products that are monitoring or accessing DB2 before running a system restore.

# Viewing a list of backups

DB2 Recovery Expert only lists valid backups; if a backup failed and cannot be used to restore the subsystem, the invalid backup will not appear on the Restore System Display.

## Procedure

 Specify 1 (System Operations) in the Option line on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS main menu and press Enter. The System Operations Menu opens. Specify 3 (System Level Operations Menu) and press Enter. The Restore System Display panel opens:

RCVYXF Optior	PRT V3R2 - n ===>	Res	tore S	ystem D	isplay	,	ΥΥΥΥ/	MM/DD HH Scroll	:MM:SS ===> PAGE
Line (	Commands:	S-Select f J-Object R G-Group Di	or Res eport splay	tore D H	-Delet -Healt	:e :h Check	V-View I-Imag	Reports e Copies	0-Offload
DB2 Su	ubsystem I	D *							
Sele an R ente	ect a row RBA/LRSN a er the RES	from the l nd have a TORE prima	ist of recove ry com 	recove ry poin mand fo	ry poi t auto llowed	nts displ matically l by a DB2	ayed b selec subsy	elow. To ted for y stem ID.	enter ou,
			<b>.</b> .		•		<u>.</u>	Row 1 o	f 20 +>
Cmd Da	. + .	Timo	Data	Mixed	0n Dick	On Offlood	Obj	Partial	Tuno
	ale 0/00/2016	1 TILLE 15 • 5/1 • 07	No	No	Vos	No	Vos	Баскир No	Snan
20 20	SID• K72A	RRA/IRSN+	00000	0000000	F96R6F	00	163	NO	Shap
01	1/12/2016	16.25.17	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Flash
SS	SID: B81A	RBA/LRSN:	00000	0000001	802356	60	105	110	1 rush
11	1/04/2016	09:29:11	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	DFdss
SS	SID: K82C	RBA/LRSN:	00000	0000004	4AF312	270			
10	0/08/2016	00:07:01	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	DFdss
SS	SID: K82C	RBA/LRSN:	00000	0000004	3DBE5D	92			
09	9/03/2016	10:49:59	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Snap
SS	SID: K82C	RBA/LRSN:	00000	0000004	1F2668	BD8			
01	1/13/2016	00:45:13	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Snap
SS	SID: S89Z	RBA/LRSN:	00000	0000000	31F451	.18			
01	1/06/2016	09:47:15	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	DB2
SS	SID: E81B	RBA/LRSN:	00000	0000000	BF5FB4	D8			
12	2/17/2016	11:21:49	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	DB2

- **2.** By default, all SSIDs are listed. You can limit the display by entering an SSID name or mask in the DB2 Subsystem ID field.
- **3**. Use the RIGHT and LEFT scroll commands (PF10 and PF11) to see all the available columns. Use the UP and DOWN commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more backups than can be displayed on one panel. There is a two-line detail for each backup that contains the following information:

**Date** The backup date.

Time The time the backup was taken in hh:mm:ss format.

#### Data Only

If the backup profile specified a data only backup, this field contains Yes. If both logs and data were specified, this field contains No.

#### Mixed Data

This field contains Yes if DB2 Recovery Expert detected log data sets on the same volume(s) as the data. If this value is yes, DB2 Recovery Expert must restore both the logs and the data.

#### On Disk

This field contains Yes if this backup has been not been offloaded from its original location. If Yes, the restore will be accomplished using the backup on disk.
### On Offload

This field contains Yes if the backup has been offloaded using DB2 Recovery Expert's offload process (see "Creating backup profiles"). If the On Disk field contains No, the restore will be accomplished using the offloaded backup.

### **Obj Rcvr**

This field contains Yes if object restore was enabled for the backup.

### **Partial Backup**

This field contains Yes if the backup taken was a partial backup; not all volumes associated with the subsystem were included in the backup. This backup cannot be used for a system restore; however, it can be used for object restoration if the object restore function was enabled for the backup.

**Type** The type of backup: BCV, SNAP, FlashCopy, DFSMSdss, or DB2.

### Nbr Vols

The number of volumes that were backed up.

#### Run by Userid

The TSO user ID of the executor of the backup job.

#### **Profile Name**

The profile name used to create the backup.

### **Profile Creator**

The TSO user ID of the profile creator.

### Gen Nbr

The generation number for this backup.

### Job Name

The backup job name.

### Job Number

The backup job number.

#### **RBA/LRSN**

The RBA or LRSN of the backup. This is the point in time at which the subsystem will be restored.

# Viewing the summary report from the backup

Use the **V** line command next to a restore point to view the summary report produced when the backup was performed.

This is the same report from the ARY#REPT DD described in the topics about reviewing output from the various backup types.

# Offloading a backup

If offload options were set for the backup in the backup profile, you can use the **0** line command to offload a backup listed on the Restore System Display panel.

### Procedure

1. To offload a backup, enter O next to the backup. The Build Offload job window opens.

```
Build Offload Job

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.TEST

Member Offload Job Member

Job Cards:

==> //OFFLJOB JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

2. Specify one or more of the following fields:

### Edit Generated Job

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Restore System Display panel.

### Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

### Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

3. Press Enter to build the offload job.

# **Deleting backups**

Use the **D** line command next to a backup to delete a backup from the list. A confirmation window appears; you must enter Y in the Delete field and press Enter to delete the backup. This command deletes all backups (both on disk and offloaded to tape).

# Viewing an object list from a backup

Use the **J** line command next to a backup to view a list of objects that were included in the backup. You can use this feature if object restore was enabled when the backup profile was created.

## About this task

The object report lists all the objects that have their data sets completely contained in the system backup. If the selected backup is a full system backup (no volumes were excluded), then all the table spaces and index spaces in the system will be listed.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert will not restore an object that was in a restricted state at the time of the system backup. If you try to restore an object that was in a restricted state at the time the system backup was performed, an error message will be produced informing you of the restricted status of the object. You can confirm that the object was in a restricted state using the Restricted Objects report that is produced at system backup time.

# Procedure

1. Enter J next to the backup on the Restore System Display. The Build Object Report Job window is displayed.

	Build Object	Report Job
Edit Generated Job	Y	(Yes/No)
Build job in Dataset Member	TUSER.DAH.1 OBJREPT	FEST Object Report Job Member
Job Cards: ==> //TUSEROBJ JOB TUSER ==> //* ==> //*	DH,CLASS=A,NC	DTIFY=&SYSUID

2. Specify the following fields on this window:

### Edit Generated Job

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Restore System Display.

### Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

- **3.** Press Enter. If you specified to edit the job, the generated job is displayed in an edit session.
- 4. Submit the job. When the job has completed, messages are written to several DDs.

# ARYOUT DD

This DD contains messages produced during the job execution.

ARY0001I -DB2 Recovery Expert. ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I - OREPORT "PUSER"."TEST S89Z - SNAP" ARY0004I - GENERATION 01 ARY0004I - DATE 10/23/2016 ARY0004I - TIME 12:48:56 ARY0004I -ARY0123I - Backup PUSER.TEST S89Z - SNAP generation 001 was read from the repository. ARY0004I - Writing report to ARY#REPT DD Name. ARY0004I - Report writing complete. ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=000.

# DB2 Recovery Expert#REPT DD

This DD contains the object report.

The following shows a partial object report:

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Object Report Subsystem S89Z Backup Date: 10/23/2016

Bao	ckup Time:	12:48:56
Backup	RBA/LRSN:	00000A698D53

			c,		Tamaat
	тенамг	Datacat	Volcon		Taryet
DDINAME	ISNAME	Dalasel	vorser	ULD	Tracks
CC390	UTLEX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTLEX01.I0001.A001	ARZ101	7519	0000001
CC390	UTLSTX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTLSTX01.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000001
CC390	UTPEBX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTPEBX01.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000001
CC390	UTPETX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTPETX01.I0001.A001	ARZ106	751E	0000001
CC390	UTPEX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTPEX01.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000001
CC390	UTPRCX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTPRCX01.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000001
CC390	UTPROC	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTPROC.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000005
CC390	UTRESTAR	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTRESTAR.I0001.A001	ARZ106	751E	0000001
CC390	UTRE1WLZ	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTRE1WLZ.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000001
CC390	UTRSTRT	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTRSTRT.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000003
CC390	UTTEMPL	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTTEMPL.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000003
CC390	UTTMDX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTTMDX01.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000001
CC390	UTTMPX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTTMPX01.I0001.A001	ARZ101	7519	0000001
CC390	UTTREX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.CC390.UTTREX01.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000001
DSNATPDB	DSNASDMA	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNATPDB.DSNASDMA.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000001
DSNATPDB	DSNASDME	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNATPDB.DSNASDME.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000001
DSNATPDB	DSNASDMU	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNATPDB.DSNASDMU.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000001
DSNATPDB	DSNATPTS	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNATPDB.DSNATPTS.I0001.A001	ARZ101	7519	0000004
DSNDB01	DBD01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DBD01.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000090
DSNDB01	DSNLLX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNLLX01.I0001.A001	ARZ101	7519	0000090
DSNDB01	DSNLLX02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNLLX02.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000090
DSNDB01	DSNLUX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNLUX01.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000004
DSNDB01	DSNLUX02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNLUX02.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000004
DSNDB01	DSNSCT02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNSCT02.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000004
DSNDB01	DSNSPT01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNSPT01.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000050
DSNDB01	DSNSPT02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNSPT02.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000090
DSNDB01	SCT02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.SCT02.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000105
DSNDB01	SPT01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.SPT01.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0001020
DSNDB01	SYSLGRNX	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.SYSLGRNX.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000285

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Object Report Subsystem S89Z Backup Date: 10/23/2016 Backup Time: 12:48:56 Backup RBA/LRSN: 00000A698D53

DBNAME	TSNAME	Dataset	So Volsen	ource ^ UCB	Target Tracks
DSNDB01	SYSUTILX	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.SYSUTILX.I0001.A001	ARZ105	751D	0000010
DSNDB06	DSNACX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNACX01.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000012
DSNDB06	DSNADH01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNADH01.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000009
DSNDB06	DSNADX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNADX01.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000009
DSNDB06	DSNAGH01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNAGH01.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000030
DSNDB06	DSNAGX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNAGX01.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000030
DSNDB06	DSNAPH01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNAPH01.I0001.A001	ARZ101	7519	0000005
DSNDB06	DSNAPX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNAPX01.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000004
DSNDB06	DSNATX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNATX01.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	0000030
DSNDB06	DSNATX02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNATX02.I0001.A001	ARZ106	751E	0000060
DSNDB06	DSNATX03	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNATX03.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000045
DSNDB06	DSNATX04	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNATX04.I0001.A001	ARZ104	751C	0000030
DSNDB06	DSNAUH01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNAUH01.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000010
DSNDB06	DSNAUX02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNAUX02.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000006
DSNDB06	DSNCCX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNCCX01.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000009
DSNDB06	DSNCCX02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNCCX02.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000009
DSNDB06	DSNCHX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNCHX01.I0001.A001	ARZ103	751B	0000004
DSNDB06	DSNCNX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNCNX01.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000004
DSNDB06	DSNCNX02	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNCNX02.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	0000004
DSNDB06	DSNCUX01	S89Z.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.DSNCUX01.I0001.A001	ARZ107	751F	0000004

Object Report Subsystem S89Z Backup Date: 10/23/2016 Backup Time: 12:48:56 Backup RBA/LRSN: 00000A698D53

			Source Target				
DBNAME	TSNAME	Dataset	Volser	UCB	Tracks		
TEMPDB	TMPTS4K	S89Z.DSNDBC.TEMPDB.TMPTS4K.I0001.A001	ARZ100	7518	00000002		
TEMPDB	TMPTS8K	S89Z.DSNDBC.TEMPDB.TMPTS8K.I0001.A001	ARZ102	751A	00000002		

# Using the health check function

Use the **H** line command to run a "health check" on any system backup to check if the objects on the backup can be recovered.

A health check report can be run against any system level backup. You can build the report online or in batch. The health check report determines the objects that may be unrecoverable after a system restore is performed, before you actually run the system restore.

Health check will find objects on which a LOG NO utility was performed after the RBA/LRSN of the system level backup and before the RBA/LRSN you want to restore the system to. Because the log cannot be applied across the LOG NO utility point, an image copy will be necessary to recover those objects.

The specific events that are reported on are the following events in SYSCOPY:

- CHECK LOG NO
- LOAD REPLACE LOG NO
- REORG LOG NO
- LOAD LOG NO
- Modify Recovery

**Restriction:** Starting with DB2 V9, table spaces can be defined as LOG NO. If DML is performed against data in a table defined as LOG NO, and a system restore is performed to a point after the DML was performed, the space will be unrecoverable if a valid image copy does not exist. However, this situation will not appear in the health check report, because it is not possible to determine if and when DML was performed on this space.

**Note:** An index defined as COPY YES will appear in the health check Recoverable Objects report if an image copy of the index is found. If an image copy is not found, or is invalidated by a REBUILD INDEX utility, the index will not appear in the Unrecoverable Objects report because it can be rebuilt.

For health checks generated in batch, the associated image copy data sets can optionally be validated to determine if they still exist and can be opened. For a multi-volume data set on tape, only the first volume is validated.

## Running the health check report online

Follow these steps to run the health check report online.

### Procedure

1. Enter **H** next to the backup on the Restore System Display. The Health Check Options window is displayed.

Health	Check Optio	ns	
Build Online or Batch Validate IC Datasets Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN	0 N	(Online/Batch) (Yes/No)	
Enter an RBA/LRSN that you we selected System Level Backup generated that will show all Pending status after the Sys: Image Copy is available to re dataset will be listed as we	buld like to . A Health objects tha tem Restore estore an ob ll.	restore to using the Check report will be t will be in Recovery is performed. If an ject, the Image Copy	

2. Specify the following fields on this window:

#### **Build Online or Batch**

Enter O for online.

#### Validate IC Datasets

Enter Y in this field if you want to check each image copy data set to ensure it still exists. This option is only available when running the job in batch. For image copies on tape, only the first volume serial will be tested for existence.

#### **Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN**

Enter an RBA/LRSN that you would like to restore the system to from the selected system level backup. The health check report generated will show any object that had a LOG NO utility performed between the RBA of the system level backup and the roll forward RBA. If an object can be recovered using an available image copy, that information will be contained in the report.

**Note:** The RBA/LRSN of the system level backup is used as a starting point for the report and the Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN is used as an ending point of the report. The report may include objects that are not contained in the system level backup.

3. Press Enter. The Health Check Report is displayed as follows:

ARY\$HCHK Option	V3R2	Sy	stem I	Backup	Hea	lth	Check Report YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS Scroll ===> CSR
							Row 1 of 108 +>
				Si	ubsv	ster	n B81A
			S	tart RE	3A/LI	RSN	0002092A5908
				End R	3A/LI	RSN	0005092A5908
		(	Object	ts Reco	overa	able	e with Image Copy
DBNAME	TSNAME	Part	Туре	Event	Туре	ē	IC Dataset
DBRE0001	TLRE0001	0000	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0001.TLRE0001.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099
DRKF0004	1 PRE0004	0004	15	REORG	LUG	NÜ	DBREUUU4.IPREUUU4.CUPYFLP.D2009099
DRKF0004	IPRE0004	0005	15	REURG	LUG	NU	
DRKE0005	IPRE0005	0001	15	REURG	LUG	NU	
DBRE0005	IPKE0005	0002	13	REURG	LUG	NO	
DBRE0005	IPKE0005	0003	13	REURG	LUG	NO NO	
DREDDD2	IPRE0005	0004	12	KEUKG	LUG	NU	DDKEUUUD.IPKEUUUD.CUPIFLP.DZUU9U99

The report appears in two sections. The first section shows any table spaces that had a utility with LOG NO performed on them, but that are recoverable to the selected recovery point. The second section lists the table spaces that will be unable to be recovered due to an execution of a LOG NO utility, and lists the event that caused them to be unrecoverable.

## Running the health check report in batch

Follow these steps to run the health check report in batch and optionally specify to validate image copy data sets.

### Procedure

1. Enter H next to the backup on the Restore System Display. The Health Check Options window is displayed.

	Health Cl	heck Optic	ons	
Build Online or Validate IC Data Roll Forward to	Batch sets RBA/LRSN	0 N	(Online/Batch) (Yes/No) 	
Enter an RBA/LRSI selected System generated that w Pending status a Image Copy is av dataset will be	N that you wou Level Backup. ill show all ol fter the Syster ailable to res listed as well	ld like to A Health bjects tha m Restore tore an ob	o restore to using the Check report will be at will be in Recovery is performed. If an oject, the Image Copy	

2. Specify the following fields on this window:

**Build Online or Batch** Enter B for batch.

### Validate IC Datasets

Enter Y in this field if you want to check each image copy data set to ensure it still exists. This option is only available when running the job in batch. For image copies on tape, only the first volume serial will be tested for existence.

### **Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN**

Enter an RBA/LRSN that you would like to restore the system to from the selected system level backup. The health check report generated will show any object that had a LOG NO utility performed between the RBA of the system level backup and the roll forward RBA. If an object can be recovered using an available image copy, that information will be contained in the report.

**Note:** The RBA/LRSN of the system level backup is used as a starting point for the report and the Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN is used as an ending point of the report. The report may include objects that are not contained in the system level backup.

**3**. Press Enter. The following window is displayed:

```
Build Health Check Report Job

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.DAH.TEST

Member TSTHLTH Health Check Report Job Member

Job Cards:

==> //TUSERXX JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

4. Specify the following fields on this window:

### Edit Generated Job

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Restore System Display.

### Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

### Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

- 5. Press Enter to build the job. If you specified to edit the generated job, an ISPF window containing the job appears. If you did not specify to edit the job, the Restore System Display is displayed.
- 6. Submit the job. The job output is placed in two DD statements.

### **ARYOUT DD:**

This DD contains messages produced during the job execution.

RBR0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Starting. Version 02.02.001 ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I - HEALTH-CHECK ARY0004I -K82C SSID ARY0004I -START-RBA 000443D325E4 ARY0004I -END-RBA FFFFFFFFFFF ARY0004I -IC-CHECK Y ARY0004I -ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS complete. RC=000.

#### ARY#REPT DD:

This DD contains the health check report.

The report appears in two sections. The first section lists the objects that are recoverable to the selected recovery point because a valid image copy was found. The second section lists the table spaces that will be unable to be recovered to the selected recovery point, and lists the reasons why the table space cannot be recovered.

DB2 Recovery Expert System Backup Health Check Report Subsystem B81A Start RBA/LRSN 0002092A5908 End RBA/LRSN 0005092A5908 Objects Recoverable with Image Copy DBNAME TSNAME Part Type Event Type IC Dataset REORG LOG NO DBRE0001.TLRE0001.COPYFLP.D2009099. DBRE0001 TLRE0001 0000 TS REORG LOG NO DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099. DBRE0002 TPRE0002 0001 TS DBRE0002 TPRE0002 0002 TS REORG LOG NO DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099. DBRE0002 TPRE0002 0003 TS REORG LOG NO DRREGGO2 TPREGGO2 COPYELP D2009099

DDKLUUUZ	TEREUUUZ	0005	13	KLUKU	LUU	NU	DDRL0002.IFRL0002.C0FIILF.D2003033.
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	TPRE0002	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0002.TPRE0002.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	TPRE0003	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0003.TPRE0003.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	TPRE0004	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0004.TPRE0004.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0005	TPRE0005	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0005.TPRE0005.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0005	TPRE0005	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0005.TPRE0005.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0005	TPRE0005	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0005.TPRE0005.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0005	TPRE0005	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0005.TPRE0005.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0005	TPRE0005	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0005.TPRE0005.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0401	TLRE0401	0000	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0401.TLRE0401.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0402	TLRE0402	0000	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0402.TLRE0402.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0403	TPRE0403	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0403.TPRE0403.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0403	TPRE0403	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0403.TPRE0403.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0403	TPRE0403	0003	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0403.TPRE0403.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0403	TPRE0403	0004	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0403.TPRE0403.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0403	TPRE0403	0005	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0403.TPRE0403.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0444	TPRE0444	0001	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0444.TPRE0444.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0444	TPRE0444	0002	TS	REORG	LOG	NO	DBRE0444.TPRE0444.COPYFLP.D2009099.

DB2 Recovery Expert System Backup Health Check Report Subsystem B81A Start RBA/LRSN 0002092A5908 End RBA/LRSN 0005092A5908

#### Objects Recoverable with Image Copy

DBNAME	TSNAME	Part	Туре	Event	Туре	IC Dataset
DBRE0444	TPRE0444	0003	TS	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0444.TPRE0444.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0444	TPRE0444	0004	TS	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0444.TPRE0444.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0444	TPRE0444	0005	TS	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0444.TPRE0444.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE1700	TLRE1700	0000	TS	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE1700.TLRE1700.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0001	IRE00011	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0001.IRE00011.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0001	IRE00012	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0001.IRE00012.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0001	IRE00013	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0001.IRE00013.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0001	IRE00014	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0001.IRE00014.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00021	0001	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00021.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00021	0002	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00021.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00021	0003	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00021.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00021	0004	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00021.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00021	0005	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00021.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00022	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00022.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00023	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00023.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0002	IRE00024	0000	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0002.IRE00024.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00031	0001	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00031.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00031	0002	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00031.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00031	0003	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00031.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00031	0004	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00031.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00031	0005	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00031.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00032	0000	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00032.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00033	0000	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00033.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0003	IRE00034	0000	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0003.IRE00034.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	IRE00041	0001	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0004.IRE00041.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	IRE00041	0002	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0004.IRE00041.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	IRE00041	0003	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0004.IRE00041.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	IRE00041	0004	IΧ	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0004.IRE00041.COPYFLP.D2009099.
DBRE0004	IRE00041	0005	IX	REORG	LOG NO	DBRE0004.IRE00041.COPYFLP.D2009099.

If you specified to validate the image copies, the far right column of the report shows the status of the image copy data sets.

# Restoring a subsystem: Data only

If both data and logs were backed up, you can choose to restore only the data if desired. In addition, if the backup was configured for data only, you can only restore the data.

### About this task

When restoring data only, DB2 Recovery Expert generates three separate JCL members that must be executed in order. Follow these general steps to restore the subsystem:

**Note:** You must have installation SYSADM authority to perform these steps, because DB2 restarts in ACCESS (MAINT) mode during this procedure.

## Procedure

- 1. Build the restore job from the desired backup. Refer to "How to build the restore jobs data only" for details.
- 2. If not already stopped, stop DB2. If the subsystem is a non-data sharing subsystem, a step was included in the restore job to stop the subsystem. If the subsystem is a data sharing group, all members of the data sharing group must be manually stopped before continuing.

- **3**. If the restored system is non-data sharing subsystem, the user must validate that the generated RBA represents the beginning of a log record before proceeding with the restore. To do this follow this procedure:
  - a. Use the RBA from the job and subtract x'8000' from this value.
  - b. Submit a DSN1LOGP utility with RBASTART(RBA from previous step) RBAEND(RBA from job) SUMMARY(YES).
  - c. In the SYSSUMRY output, look for message DSN1213I, and use the RBA from this message as the SYSPITR for the conditional restart job.
- 4. Submit the conditional restart job.
- 5. Submit the restore system job.
- 6. Restart DB2. Upon restart, you will receive a WTOR as follows:

XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION AT RBA XXXXXXX. REPLY Y OR N

You must reply to the WTOR with Y. DB2 will restart in ACCESS(MAINT) mode.

- 7. Submit the log restore job. The DB2 subsystem is now restored to the selected point in time (PIT).
- 8. Stop DB2 and restart it normally to remove ACCESS(MAINT) mode.

# Building the restore jobs - data only

Use these steps to build a data only restore job.

### Procedure

1. Select a recovery point to which to restore. The Restore Options window is displayed.

```
Restore OptionsRestore Only DataY (Yes/No)Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending ObjectsN (Yes/No)Select a Recovery PointN (Yes/No)Recover to RBA/LRSN000000000000000821C000Select whether to Restore Data and Logs or Data only. Ifrestoring Data and Logs you will not be able to select aTimestamp Recovery Point or change the Recover to RBA/LRSN.If doing a Data only restore you will have the option ofbuilding a job that will resolve all the objects in eitherRecover pending or Rebuild pending status.
```

#### **Restore Only Data**

To restore only the data from the backup, enter Y here.

#### **Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending Objects**

Enter Y in this field if you would like an additional step generated after the Log Apply step that will generate a separate job to resolve RECOVER-pending or REBUILD-pending objects. This job can be executed after the restore job to identify all objects in RECOVER-pending or REBUILD-pending status and create JCL to execute a RECOVER or REBUILD utility for those objects.

#### Select a Recovery Point

Enter Y in this field if you want to select a recovery point based on a timestamp.

### **Recover to RBA/LRSN**

This field defaults to the recovery RBA/ LRSN associated with the backup. If you are restoring data only, you can leave this field as is and the subsystem will recover to that point in time. You can also enter an RBA/LRSN greater than that of the backup; in that case, DB2 Recovery Expert will apply logs to bring the subsystem up to that point in time.

**Note:** When an RBA is entered for a non-data sharing subsystem, DB2 Recovery Expert rounds the RBA to the nearest 4K multiple. The checkpoint restart requires the RBA to be a multiple of 4K.

2. Once your recovery point has been established, press Enter on the Restore Option window. The Build Restore Job window opens:

	Build Rest	tore Job
Edit Generated Job Edit Recovery Options Edit Multijob Options	Y N Y	(Yes/No) (Yes/No) (Yes/No)
Build job in Dataset Member Member Member Member	TUSER.ARY.T	TEST Conditional Restart Member Restore System Member Log Restore Member Recover/Rebuild Pending Member
Job Cards: ==> //RJOBCRD JOB TUSERD ==> //* ==> //* ==> //*	H,CLASS=A,NO <sup>-</sup>	TIFY=&SYSUID

DB2 Recovery Expert builds the following JCL members:

#### **Conditional restart**

This job contains the SYSPITR keyword to specify the restoration point.

#### **Restore system**

This job invokes the System Backup and Restore Services utilities to restore all of the data volumes to the recovery point.

#### Log Restore

This job restores the logs to the specified RBA/LRSN using the RESTORE SYSTEM LOGONLY utility.

#### **Recover/Rebuild Pending Member**

If the Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending Objects option was selected, this member name will be used to build the recover and/or rebuild pending job. This job is generated in batch as the last step of the log restore job; the member name entered in this field will be used to hold the job after the log restore job is submitted.

- **3**. Optionally, you can edit the JCL that is generated by specifying Y in the **Edit Generated Job** field. The generated JCL will open in a text editor ISPF panel where you can make changes before the job is submitted.
- Optionally, you can edit the recovery options by specifying Y in the Edit Recovery Options field. Press Enter. The Recovery Options panel is displayed.

```
      RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Recovery Options ----- YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS

      Option ===>

      Enter the Recovery options for the Recover/Rebuild pending job.

      Objects Per Step ==> 10 (00 - 99)

      Validate IC Datasets ==> N (Yes/No)

      Reuse (IBM recover) ==> Y (Yes/No)

      Utility ID ==>

      Parallel Tasks ==> 04 (01 - 99)

      Number of Tape Units ==> 02 (01 - 99)

      Edit Rebuild IX Options ==> N (Yes/No)

      Online Rebuild Index ==> N (Yes/No)

      Edit Online Rbld opts ==> N (Yes/No)
```

The following describes the fields on this panel:

### **Objects Per Step**

Enter the number of objects that you want to be placed in each recovery step. You may enter a number between zero (0) and ninety nine (99). A value of zero indicates that all objects will be placed in one step.

### Validate IC Options

Enter a Y in this field if you want to check each image copy data set to see if it still exists. For image copies on tape, only the first volume serial will be tested for existence. Specify an N if you do not want to check the image copy data sets.

### **Reuse (IBM recover)**

Enter Y to specify that the RECOVER utility is to logically reset and reuse DB2-managed data sets without deleting and redefining them. If you enter N, DB2-managed data sets are deleted and redefined.

### Utility ID

Enter a 1 to 16 character utility ID to be used to uniquely identify the utility to DB2.

### **Parallel Tasks**

If you want the utility to process objects in parallel from backups on tape, enter the maximum number of objects to be processed in parallel.

### Number of Tape Units

If specifying processing in parallel, indicate the maximum number of tape drives to be dynamically allocated.

### **Edit Rebuild IX Options**

When indexes are included in the objects to be recovered, DB2 Recovery Expert chooses to either recover or rebuild the index, depending on the index and the type of recovery. Enter Y in this field to set options for REBUILD INDEX.

### **Online Rebuild Index**

(DB2 V9 and higher) Type Y in this field to specify that the REBUILD INDEX should be performed online. You can specify the options for the online rebuild by entering Y in the Edit Online Rbld opts field.

### Edit Online Rbld opts

(DB2 V9 and higher) To set options for an online REBUILD INDEX, type Y in this field and press Enter.

5. Optionally, set options for an online REBUILD INDEX by entering Y in the Edit Online Rbld opts field. When you press Enter, the following panel is displayed:

The following describes the fields on this panel:

#### Sharelevel

Indicate the level of access applications will have during the RELOAD phase of the online index rebuild. Type R for reference (applications can read but not write data). Type C for change (applications can read and write data).

#### Drain Wait

Specify the number of seconds that the utility waits when draining the space. The time specified is the aggregate time for objects to be checked during the REBUILD INDEX. This overrides the values specified by IRLMRWT and UTIMOUT. If the keyword is not specified or 0 is specified, then regular draining using the IRLMRWT value will be used. Acceptable values can be from 0 to 1800 seconds.

**Retry** Specify the maximum number of retries that can be attempted. Values can be from 0 to 255. If this field is left blank, the utility will use the value of the utility multiplier system parameter UTIMOUT.

### **Retry Delay**

Specify the minimum duration in seconds between retries. Values can be from 1 to 1800. The value must be an integer. If you do not specify a value, REBUILD INDEX uses the Drain Wait value x Retry value.

**Maxro** If Sharelevel is set to Change, set the maximum amount of time for the last iteration of log processing. During that iteration, applications have read-only access. Valid values are blank, an integer to specify the number of seconds, or DEFER to specify that iterations of log processing can continue indefinitely. The default is the value of the lock timeout system parameter IRLMKWT. If you type DEFER, you should also enter C in the Longlog field.

#### Longlog

If Sharelevel is set to Change, specify what action to take if log reading is not catching up quickly enough to the applications' writing of the log. DB2 sends a message to the console, then takes the action you specify. Type C to continue the online REBUILD INDEX until the time on the JOB statement expires. Type T to terminate the online REBUILD INDEX after the delay specified by the Delay parameter. Type D to drain the write claims after the delay specified by the Delay parameter, forcing the final iteration of log processing.

- **Delay** If Sharelevel is set to Change, specify the minimum interval between the time that the online REBUILD INDEX sends the LONGLOG message to the console and the time that the online REBUILD INDEX performs the action specified by the LONGLOG parameter. Enter an integer value.
- 6. Optionally, you can select to use multiple jobs for the restore process. In the **Edit Multijob Options** you can:

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- Specify N to bypass updating the options that are used to control a multiple job restore process. If you selected to perform the offload of the system level backup using multiple jobs, then the restore process has already been set up to use multiple jobs. Specifying N in this case merely bypasses changing those options, it does not change the fact that multiple jobs will be used. After pressing Enter you will continue generating the build job.
- Specify Y to update or change the options that are used to control a multiple job restore process. If you selected to perform the offload of the system level backup using multiple jobs, and you do not want to perform the restore using multiple jobs then you can specify Y in this field and turn off the multiple jobs option in the Restore Multijob Options panel. If you did not select to use multiple jobs for the offload and you would like to use multiple jobs for the restore, you can specify Y and turn on the multiple jobs option in the Build Restore Multijob Options panel. After pressing Enter the Build Restore Multijob Options panel. The following is an example of the Build Restore Multijob Options panel.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Build Restore Job ------ YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS
            ----- Multijob Options ------
Option ===>
Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DFSMSDSS
                                              SSID: T9B1
Share Option: U (Upd, View, No) Description:
Enter the options for performing offload and restore processing:
Use Multijobs ==> Y
                       (Y/N)
Multijob Prefix ==> TSMXDX (1-6 character job prefix)
Multijob LPAR list:
 LPAR Name
                 Max Jobs (1-99)
                                    Max Tasks (1-99)
 RS22
                 02
                                    02
 RS23
                 02
                                    02
```

- 7. You can update one or more of the following Multijob options:
  - a. In the **Multijob Prefix** field specify a 1 to 6 character prefix that will be used to generate a job name for each of the multiple jobs. Each job name will begin with this prefix followed by a number from 01-99. If this value is not specified, then the prefix is taken from the first 6 characters of the main job's name. The first character specified for the Multijob Prefix option must begin with either an alphabetic character or a national symbol (#, @, or \$) so that when the job name is generated it will be a valid z/OS job name.

- b. You specify the LPARS where you want the multiple jobs to run in the **Multijob LPAR list** fields. When specifying the LPARS for the multiple job restore:
  - To allow for workload balancing you can specify the same LPAR more than once in the LPAR list. For example, you might specify in the LPAR list:
    - LPAR1

Т

1

T

1

- LPAR2
- LPAR3
- LPAR1
- When defining the LPAR list, you will need to consider the total number of tape drives that are available to each LPAR and the total number of tape drives that are required for processing if the maximum number of jobs are submitted to complete the offload. To calculate the maximum number of tape drives you multiple the maximum number of jobs by the maximum number of tasks for each LPAR, and then add all the values. In the Multijob Options panel example, the maximum number of jobs is 8 (2x2+2x2).
- The main job that controls the distribution of the multijobs to the specified LPARs will also control the distribution of the volumes required for the recovery.
- **c.** Specify the LPAR name in the **LPAR Name** field. The LPAR name can be from 1 to 8 characters. You can specify a single asterisk (\*) to indicate that all the jobs are to be run on the same LPAR as the main job.
- d. Specify a 2 digit number from 01-99 in the **Max Jobs** field. This number indicates the maximum number of jobs that can be submitted to run on the LPAR. The main job will submit multiple jobs to the specified LPAR until this limit is reached. When this limit is reached, if more jobs are needed, the main job will move to the next LPAR list entry. The default value is 4.
- e. Specify a 2 digit number from 01-99 in the **Max Tasks** field. This number specifies the maximum number of tasks that are to be created in each multijob. When the multijob is submitted, it will create as many tasks as are needed, up to this limit, to perform offload or restore processing. The default value is 4.
- 8. Press Enter.
- 9. Submit the jobs.
- **10**. Optionally, if you specified to recover or rebuild objects in pending status, submit the job contained in the member that you specified on the Build Restore Job window. When you submit this job, the RECOVER or REBUILD build jobs are executed.

# Sample restore jobs

Sample restore jobs are shown in this topic.

## Conditional restart job for non data-sharing environment

The following shows a sample conditional restart job for a non data-sharing environment:

```
//TUSERRS JOB TUSERDH,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
//*
//*
```

//\* //\*\* //\* //\* Profile: PUSER2.TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS //\* Job: 01 of 03 //\* Desc: //\* User: TUSER //\* Date: Tuesday October 28, 2016 //\* Time: 21:10:06.79 //\* //\*\* //\* //\*\* \* //\* //\* Step: DB2STOP //\* //\* Desc: This step will STOP DB2 subsystem S89Z //\* //\* //DB2STOP EXEC PGM=ARY#SDB2,COND=(4,LT),PARM=(S89Z,STOP) //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.S89Z.SDSNEXIT 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //\* //\*\* \* //\* //\* Step: ARYCRCR //\* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the IBM DSNJU003 stand alone //\* utility to create a Conditional Restart Control //\* Record for a Restore System Utility. //\* //\* DB2 must be down before submitting this job. //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //ARYCRCR EXEC PGM=DSNJU003,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.S89Z.SDSNEXIT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD 11 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSUT1 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=S89ZLOG.BSDS01 //SYSUT2 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=S89ZLOG.BSDS02 //SYSIN DD \* CRESTART CREATE, SYSPITR=00000B21C000, FORWARD=YES, BACKOUT=YES /\*

## Conditional restart job for data-sharing environment

The following shows a sample conditional restart job for a data-sharing environment:

```
//* Time:
               21:10:06.79
                                                                        *
//*
//**
//*
//**
//*
//*
    Note: All members of the data-sharing group must be stopped
//*
    before submitting this job.
//*
//** * * * * *
//*
//* Step: ARYCRCR
//* *
//* Desc: This step will determine which data-sharing systems need
//*
          conditional restart and invoke DSNJU003.
//*
//*
          When this job is complete, DB2 can be restarted. If you
//*
          did not restore the DB2 logs, you will need to respond
          Yes to the WTOR: XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES
//*
//*
          TRUNCATION AT RBA XXXXXXXXXXX REPLY Y OR N
//*
//*
//** * *
         * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
//*
//ARYREST EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.LOADLIB
           DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.LINKLIB
11
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.PROFILES
//ARYBCPRF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.CPROFILE
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.OFF0PTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.RBR.BREPORT
//ARYPOBJS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.OBJECTS
//ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=*
          DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
//ARYOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#PARM DD DISP=SHR,DSN=BRSRTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM)
//ARYIN DD *
        CRCR "PUSER2"."TEST"
        GENERATION 01
        DATE 08/09/2016
        TIME 09:27:11
        CRCR-LRSN 00CBC940367ECF000000
/*
//*
```

## **Restore job**

The following is a sample restore job:

//\* Desc: //\* User: TUSER //\* Date: Tuesday October 28, 2016 //\* 21:10:07.05 Time: //\* //\*\* \* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* ARYREST Step: //\* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the System Restore job. //\* //\* When this job is complete. DB2 can be restarted. If //\* you did not restore the DB2 logs, you will need to //\* respond Yes to the WTOR: XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION //\* //\* AT RBA XXXXXXXXXXX. REPLY Y OR N //\* //\*\* //\* //ARYREST EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DEVRTE.EMC.SSCF580.LINKLIB 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD // //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILES //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OFF0PTS //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.CATS //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR.DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.BREPORT //ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR //ARYIN DD \* RESTORE "PUSER2". "TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS" GENERATION 01 DATE 10/28/2016 TIME 10:15:08 /\* //\* //\*\* \* //\* //\* Step: DB2START //\* //\* Desc: This step will START DB2 subsystem S89Z //\* //\*\* //\* //DB2START EXEC PGM=ARY#SDB2,COND=(4,LT),PARM=(S89Z,START) //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.S89Z.SDSNEXIT 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //\*

# Log restore job

The following is a sample log restore job: //TUSERRS JOB TUSERDH,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID //\* //\* //\* //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //\* Profile: PUSER2.TEST S89Z - SNAP TO STOGROUPS //\* Job: 03 of 03 //\* Desc: //\* User: TUSER Tuesday October 28, 2016 //\* Date: //\* Time: 21:10:07.15 //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Step: ARYLOG //\* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the IBM DSNUTILB stand alone \* //\* utility to Restore the System Logs. //\* //\* DB2 must be up and you must have responded Yes to //\* the WTOR: //\* XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION \* //\* AT RBA XXXXXXXXXXX REPLY Y OR N //\* \* //\* //ARYLOG EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,PARM=(S89Z,) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.S89Z.SDSNEXIT 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSIN DD \* RESTORE SYSTEM LOGONLY /\* //\*\* //\* //\* RECPEND Step: \* //\* //\* Desc: This step will do the following: //\* //\* 1)Produce a report listing all the objects that are //\* currently in Recover Pending or Rebuild Pending status. The report will be written to the //\* ARY#REPT DD. //\* //\* //\* 2)Generate recovery JCL that when executed will //\* resolve any Recover Pending or Rebuild Pending //\* objects that are recoverable. The generated JCL //\* will be placed in the following dataset: //\* TUSER.ARY.TEST(RECRBLB). //\* //\* Return Codes: //\* //\* (00) - Recovery Job was built successfully. //\* (12) - Problem occurred during the build process //\* //\*\* \*

```
//* Create temp dataset to bypass enqueue failure in ISPF
//PROFILE EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
          DD DSN=&&TEMP,DISP=(NEW,PASS,DELETE),
//TEMP
11
             UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(TRK, (1,1,5)),
11
             DCB=ISP.SISPTENU
//*
//* Run Batch Build
//RECPEND EXEC PGM=IKJEFT1A, REGION=006M
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DEVRTE.EMC.SSCF580.LINKLIB
11
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD
11
//
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.S89Z.SDSNEXIT
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD
11
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0220.DB2.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OFF0PTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.BREPORT
//ARYPOBJS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0320.ARY.OBJECTS
//ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR
//ISPLLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.LOADLIB
//ISPPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.ISPPLIB
//ISPTLIB DD DSN=&&TEMP,DISP=(OLD,DELETE,DELETE)
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ISP.SISPTENU
11
//ISPMLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.ISPMLIB
          DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ISP.SISPMENU
11
//ISPSLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0320.ISPSLIB
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=TUSER.ARY.TEST
11
//ISPPROF
          DD DSN=&&PROF, DISP=(NEW, DELETE)
11
             UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(TRK, (2,1,2)),
//
             DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=800)
//ISPLOG
          DD SYSOUT=*, DCB=(RECFM=VA, LRECL=125, BLKSIZE=129)
//ISPWRK1 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(CYL,(30,30)),
             DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=1330)
11
//ARYOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYERROR DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
   PROFILE NOPREFIX
   ISPSTART PGM(ARY@PEND)
//*
//ARY#DATA DD *
   RESOLVE PENDINGS
                      (
                    10
   OBJECTS PER STEP
   DB2 SUBSYSTEM
                    S89Z
  START RBA
                    00000B21B47F
  END RBA
                    00000B21C000
   GEN TO DATASET
                    TUSER.ARY.TEST
   GEN TO MEMBER
                    RECRBLB
   JOB CARD 1 1
                    '//TUSERRS JOB TUSERDH,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SY'
                    'SUID'
   JOB CARD 1 2
                    '//*'
   JOB_CARD_2_1
   JOB_CARD_3_1
                    '//*'
   JOB CARD 4 1
                    '//*'
   PARML DSN
                    ARYRTE.WRK0320.SAMPLIB
                                                                _
   PARML MEMBER
                    ARY#PARM
```

```
DB2CNTL DSN
                      ARY.WRK0320.DB2.CONTROL
                                                                       _
   REUSE
                       Y
                                                                       _
   PARALLEL
                       04
                       02
   TAPEUNITS
   IXREUSE
                       Y
   STATS
                       γ
                       S
   UPDATE CAT
                       S
   UPDATE HIST
   COLUMN_VALUES
                       Y
                       Y
   REPORT
                         )
//*
```

# Restoring a subsystem: Data and logs

You can restore data and logs if both data and logs were successfully backed up. Also, if the backup specified data only, but DB2 Recovery Expert detected mixed data when the backup job was run, you must restore both data and logs.

## About this task

These are the general steps to restore both data and logs. For restoring data and logs, DB2 Recovery Expert generates only one JCL member. Follow these general steps to restore the subsystem:

### Procedure

- 1. Build the restore job from the desired backup. Refer to "Building the restore job data and logs" for details.
- 2. If not already stopped, stop DB2.
- 3. Submit the restore system JCL.
- 4. Restart DB2.

# Building the restore job - data and logs

Use these steps to build a restore job for data and logs.

### Procedure

1. Select a recovery point to which to restore. The Restore Options window is displayed.

```
Restore Options
Restore Only Data
                                         Ν
                                           (Yes/No)
Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending Objects N
                                             (Yes/No)
                                             (Yes/No)
Select a Recovery Point
                                         Ν
                                         0000000000443D33000
Recover to RBA/LRSN
Select whether to Restore Data and Logs or Data only. If
restoring Data and Logs you will not be able to select a
Timestamp Recovery Point or change the Recover to RBA/LRSN.
If doing a Data only restore you will have the option of
building a job that will resolve all the objects in either
Recover pending or Rebuild pending status.
```

**Restore Only Data** To restore data and logs, enter N.

### **Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending Objects**

Leave this field set to N; you cannot resolve recover or rebuild pending objects when restoring data and logs.

### Select a Recovery Point

Leave this field set to N; you cannot select a recovery point when restoring data and logs.

#### **Recover to RBA/LRSN**

This field defaults to the recovery RBA/ LRSN associated with the backup. You cannot change this field.

2. Press Enter. The Build Restore Job window appears:

```
Build Restore Job

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.TEST

Member RESSYS Restore System Member

Job Cards:

==> //TUSERFF JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*

==> //*

Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

One JCL member is generated when restoring data and logs. The following is a sample generated restore job:

000001 //TUSERFF 3 000002 //*	JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID
000003 //*	
000004 //*	
000005 //*	
000006 //** * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
000007 //*	ł
000008 //* Profil	le: PUSER.TEST K82C - SNAP AUTO *
000009 //* Job:	01 of 01
000010 //* Desc:	*
000011 //* User:	TUSER *
000012 //* Date:	Tuesday October 28, 2016 *
000013 //* Time:	21:33:11.12 *
000014 //*	*
000015 //** * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
000016 //*	×
000017 //** * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
000018 //*	*
000019 //* Step:	DB2STOP *
000020 //*	*
000021 //* Desc:	This step will STOP DB2 subsystem K82C *
000022 //*	*
000023 //** * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
000024 //*	*
000025 //DB2STOP	EXEC PGM=ARY#SDB2,COND=(4,LT),PARM=(K82C,STOP)
000026 //STEPLIB	DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0220.LOADLIB
000027 //	DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.K82C.SDSNEXIT
000028 //	DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD
000029 //DB2PARMS	DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0220.DB2.CONTROL
000030 //SYSPRINT	DD 212001=*
000031 //*	
000032 //** * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

000033 //\* \* 000034 //\* Step: ARYREST 000035 //\* 000036 //\* This step will invoke the System Restore job. Desc: 000037 //\* 000038 //\* When this job is complete. DB2 can be restarted. If 000039 //\* you did not restore the DB2 logs, you will need to 000040 //\* respond Yes to the WTOR: 000041 //\* XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION 000042 //\* AT RBA XXXXXXXXXXX REPLY Y OR N 000043 //\* 000044 //\*\* 000045 //\* 000046 //ARYREST EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT) 000047 //\* 000048 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0220.LOADLIB 000049 // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DEVRTE.EMC.SSCF580.LINKLIB 000050 // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD 000051 //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0220.DB2.CONTROL 000052 //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.PROFILES 000053 //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.OFF0PTS 000054 //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.PROFILE.MAPS 000055 //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.PROFILE.CATS 000056 //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK 000057 //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS 000058 //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS 000059 //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS 000060 //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.WRK0210.ARY.BREPORT 000061 //ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=\* 000062 //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* 000063 //ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=\* 000064 //ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=\* 000065 //ARY#PARM DD DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0220.SAMPLIB(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR 000066 //ARYIN DD \* 000067 RESTORE "PUSER". "TEST K82C - SNAP AUTO" 000068 **GENERATION 01** 000069 DATE 10/23/2016 000070 TIME 12:05:11 000071 RESTORE-LOGS 000072 /\* 000073 //\* 000074 //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* 000075 //\* 000076 //\* Step: DB2START 000077 //\* 000078 //\* This step will START DB2 subsystem K82C Desc: 000079 //\* 000080 //\*\* 000081 //\* 000082 //DB2START EXEC PGM=ARY#SDB2,COND=(4,LT),PARM=(K82C,START) 000083 //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARYRTE.WRK0220.LOADLIB 000084 // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.K82C.SDSNEXIT 000085 // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.V810.SDSNLOAD 000086 //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.WRK0220.DB2.CONTROL 000087 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* 000088 //\*

# Adding keywords to a system restore job

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to edit a system restore job and add one or more keywords. Each keyword that you specify adds functionality that otherwise would not be present in the generated JCL.

### Procedure

1. Access the Build Restore Job panel as follows:

- a. Specify 1 (System Operations) in the **Option** line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu. From the System Operations Menu specify 3 (System Level Backup Operations) and press Enter. The Restore System Display panel opens.
- b. Specify S in the **Cmd** line next to the system backup job to which you want to add keywords. The Restore Options panel opens. Specify or change options. Press Enter. The Build Restore Job panel opens.
- **c.** Specify Y in the **Edit Generated Job** field. Specify any other fields that are applicable.
- d. Press Enter. The JCL for the system backup job displays in an ISPF edit session.
- 2. Add one or more keywords to the JCL. You add keywords to the ARYIN DD \* statement following the keywords that are generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. You can add one or more of the following keywords:

### DEBUG

This keyword produces extra debugging information. You should only add this keyword when directed to by technical support.

**FCRR** This keyword can be used when performing a system restore using space efficient flash devices. FCRR must be specified for fast replication to be used during the flash copy restore. This parameter is honored only for restores using DFSMSdss as the copy method on space efficient devices. For all other copy methods the presence of this keyword is ignored.

### **FROM-OFFLOAD**

If the system backup that is used for the restore is on disk and tape, the restore is performed from the TAPE (or OFFLOAD) copy.

### LOCALSITE

The restore job detects if it is running at the LOCAL or REMOTE site by looking at DSNZPARMs. This keyword overrides that detection and directs DB2 Recovery Expert to use LOCAL SITE resources for the recovery.

### MAX-TASKS

This will control how many tasks are started to complete the restore processing for operations that can be multi-tasked. You can specify a number from 1 to 8. The default is 4.

### REMOTESITE

The restore job detects if its running at the LOCAL or REMOTE site by looking at DSNZPARMs. This keyword overrides that detection and directs DB2 Recovery Expert to use REMOTE SITE resources for the recovery.

### RESTART

This keyword is used when a system restore from tape fails after some volumes have been restored. DB2 Recovery Expert restarts where it left off and continues the restore.

### **RESTORE-LOGS**

If the system backup that is used for the restore contains the LOGS (either archive or active), this keyword causes the volumes containing the log data to be restored. This keyword is included automatically based on the options chosen when building the system restore JCL.

### **RESTORE-TO-VOLSERS**

This keyword can be added to the system restore job at the disaster recovery site. It is required if your UCBs at the disaster recovery site do not match the UCBs at your local site. More specifically, if the UCBs at the disaster recovery site are not formatted with the same VOLSERS as were used at your local site (the case for most customers) this keyword is needed. Otherwise, it can be removed.

### **REMOTE-RESTORE**

This keyword is added to the disaster recovery system restore job. It specifies that the system restore job that DB2 Recovery Expert is running is a disaster recovery system restore job.

**3**. Either run the job or press PF3 to return to the Application Profiles Display panel.

# Selecting a recovery RBA based on a timestamp

You may be able to choose your recovery point from a list of timestamps and their associated RBAs.

## About this task

For non-data sharing subsystem, your site must be running DB2 Recovery Expert's RBA Capture utility in order to use this feature. However, if your site was not running the utility but the subsystem you wish to restore is a data sharing subsystem, DB2 Recovery Expert can calculate a recovery LRSN based on a given timestamp without requiring the RBA Capture utility.

## Procedure

- 1. After you choose a backup to restore, the Restore Options window appears.
- **2**. On the Restore Options window, enter Y in the Select a Recovery Point field and press Enter. The following window appears:

```
Select Time / RBA information to display
Display Timestamp / RBA Captured Data: Y (Yes/No)
Display Archive Logs times / RBAs: Y (Yes/No)
Display Checkpoint times / RBAs: Y (Yes/No)
Timestamp to DB2 LRSN Utility: N (Yes/No)
```

On this window, you can choose either to display information from the RBA Capture utility or use the timestamp to LRSN conversion feature.

# Selecting a recovery RBA using the RBA Capture utility

If you are using DB2 Recovery Expert's RBA Capture utility, timestamps and their associated RBAs are tracked and stored in a VSAM repository.

## About this task

If you select a backup to restore and then choose to select a recovery point, DB2 Recovery Expert displays all the RBAs captured from the date and time of the backup to either the current point in time OR to the date and time of the next backup that was taken.

### Procedure

1. To view the RBA Capture utility data, type Y in one or more of these fields:

### Display Timestamp / RBA Captured Data

Y in this field displays the timestamps and associated RBAs captured at the specified intervals while the DB2 subsystem was active.

### **Display Archive Logs times / RBAs**

Y in this field displays the timestamps and the RBAs and/or LRSNs at the start and end of the archive logs.

### **Display Checkpoint times / RBAs**

Y in this field displays the timestamps and associated log RBAs and/or LRSNs recorded at start and end checkpoints.

2. Type N in the Timestamp to DB2 LRSN utility field. Press Enter. The Subsystem Time/RBA Display appears:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ---- Subsystem Time/RBA Display --- YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS
Option ===>
                                   Scroll ===> CSR
Line Commands: S - Select RBA
      _____
 RBA Backup Range Displayed from: 01/05/2016-16:46:49 To Current/End
                 Datasharing: No Row 1 of 111 +
Subsystem: S89X
          Archive Log Records
Strt/End <-- Log Timestamp --> <---- Log RBA ----> <---- Log LRSN ---->
   End 01/12/2016-15:11:38.70 000000000000005B1CFFF 00000000C395EFF9E01C
   Sta 01/12/2016-15:11:38.70 000000000000005B1D000 0000000C395EFF9E01D
   End 01/12/2016-16:57:52.90 000000000000C7CDCFFF 00000000C39607B8CC27
   End 01/13/2016-21:03:04.70 00000000000000009E9CFFF 00000000C39780647A69
 ----- End of Data -----
Check Point Records
Strt/End <-- Log Timestamp --> <---- Log RBA ----> <---- Log LRSN ---->
   Sta 01/13/2016-21:03:14.01 000000000000CA5B350C 0000000806D52126246
   End 09/17/2016-18:53:47.37 00000000000CA5B6E62 000000000000000000
   Chkp Type: Checkpoint
   Sta 01/13/2016-21:03:04.98 000000000000000009EAE637 00000008064B4D90886
   End 09/17/2016-18:53:47.37 00000000000000009BBBCE 000000000000000000
   Chkp Type: Shutdown
   Chkp Type: Checkpoint
```

#### Captured Timestamp/RBA section:

This section contains information about the RBA at the specified timestamp.

Active Yes indicates the subsystem was active at that timestamp.

#### Log Timestamp

This is the store clock time at which DB2 Recovery Expert captured the RBA. The first timestamp captured probably will not be at an exact minute boundary, because the first RBA is captured at the time the task is started. However, successive timestamps should be on minute boundaries (such as 22:24:00.00).

#### Log RBA/Log LRSN

The log RBA and/or LRSN captured at the store clock time.

### Log Bytes

The number of bytes that have been added to the log since the previous interval; blank if no changes have been made to the log.

**Tip:** If Log Bytes is blank, this represents a quiet time for the subsystem and therefore might be a good recovery point for that subsystem.

### Archive Log Records

### Strt/End

The start and end timestamps for the RBAs at the start and end of the archive logs.

#### Log Timestamp

This is the store clock time at which the log records at the start and end of the archive log were created.

### Log RBA/Log LRSN

The start or end log RBA and/or LRSN when the log records were created at the start and end of the archive log.

### **Check Point Records**

This section displays the timestamps and associated log RBAs and/or LRSNs recorded at start and end checkpoints.

#### Strt/End

The start and end timestamps for the beginning of the checkpoint record and the ending of the checkpoint record.

### Log Timestamp

This is the store clock time associated with the RBA at the start or end of the checkpoint record.

### Log RBA/Log LRSN

The start or end log RBA and/or LRSN captured at the store clock time.

### Chkp Type

The type of checkpoint.

- 3. To select a recovery point, specify S next to the record and press Enter.
- 4. When you have selected an RBA, press PF3 to return to the Restore Options window. The selected RBA is inserted into the Recover to RBA/LRSN field.

# Using the timestamp to LRSN conversion window

This feature can be used for data sharing subsystems when you are restoring data only. You can enter a timestamp in either GMT or local time; DB2 Recovery Expert then determines the appropriate restore LRSN based on the timestamp.

### Procedure

1. Type Y in the **Timestamp to DB2 LRSN Utility** field and press Enter. The Timestamp to LRSN Conversion Utility window opens. Each of the fields default to the current date and time in local time, and the LRSN of the selected backup.

Timestamp to LRSN Conversion UtilityTimestamp is in GMT or Local TimeL (Gmt/Local)Date to Recover2016 - 01 - 13<br/>22 : 17 : 16(CCYY - MM - DD)<br/>(HH : MM : SS)Generated LRSNC39790F98670

- 2. Enter the desired time format in the **Timestamp is in GMT or Local Time** field.
- 3. Enter the desired date and time in the **Date to Recover** and the **Time to Recover** fields. You must enter values in all fields of the date and time before pressing Enter. DB2 Recovery Expert validates the date; if it is invalid, an error message is issued.
- 4. Press Enter. The appropriate LRSN based on the timestamp appears in the Generated LRSN field. The Date and Time to Recover fields become read only, and the Timestamp is in GMT or Local Time field changes to the Recover System to Generated LRSN field. This field defaults to Y. If you change it to N and press Enter, the field changes back to the Timestamp is in GMT or Local Time field, allowing you to modify the timestamp.
- 5. To accept the LRSN, enter Y in the Recover System to Generated LRSN field and press Enter. The Restore Options window reappears. The Recover RBA/LRSN field is populated with the LRSN retrieved via the conversion utility.

# Restarting a failed restore job

If a job fails while restoring a DB2 subsystem from tape, you may be able to restart the restore job using a RESTART parameter. This parameter allows DB2 Recovery Expert to bypass restoring volumes from tape that were successfully restored in the previous job.

# Before you begin

The RESTART parameter can only be used for jobs that are restoring DB2 subsystems from tape. This parameter is not required; if you resubmit the restore job without adding RESTART, the restore job will start from the beginning and all volumes will be restored.

## Procedure

- 1. Open the restore job that failed in an edit session.
- 2. In the ARYREST step, find the ARYIN DD. Add the **RESTART** parameter anywhere after the RESTORE command, as shown in the following example:

```
//ARYIN DD *
    RESTORE PUSER."K82C - SNAP BACKUP"
    GENERATION 01
    DATE 10/31/2016
    TIME 15:13:14
    RESTART
/*
//*
```

**3**. Save the job and resubmit it. DB2 Recovery Expert restore skips the tape restore for volumes that were previously successfully restored. Messages will appear in the restore report listing the volumes that were bypassed.

## Reviewing restore reports

DB2 Recovery Expert produces several different reports when a subsystem is restored. This section describes the reports; they are output to the DDs of each job. Except where indicated, the DDs are the same whether the restore is a data only restore or a full restore.

# Conditional restart job report (data only restores)

The Conditional restart job report appears in the SYSPRINT DD of the conditional restart job for a data only restore. This report mostly contains messages from the DSNJU003 change log inventory utility.

The following is an example of the report:

RELEASE LEVEL OF BSDS - ACTIVE=2.3 AND ABOVE ARCHIVE=2.3 AND ABOVE DDNAME=SYS RELEASE LEVEL OF BSDS - ACTIVE=2.3 AND ABOVE ARCHIVE=2.3 AND ABOVE DDNAME=SYS CRESTART CREATE,ENDRBA=0000FE910000,FORWARD=YES,BACKOUT=YES DSNJ408I DSNRJFCK CHECKPOINT RBA FOUND, RBA = 0000FE909028E, TIME = 23:00:26 OCTOB DSNJ411I DSNRJRCR CRESTART CREATE FOR CRCRID = 0018, DDNAME = SYSUT1 DSNJ408I DSNRJFCK CHECKPOINT RBA FOUND, RBA = 0000FE909028E, TIME = 23:00:26 OCTOB DSNJ411I DSNRJRCR CRESTART CREATE FOR CRCRID = 0018, DDNAME = SYSUT1 DSNJ408I DSNRJFCK CHECKPOINT RBA FOUND, RBA = 0000FE909028E, TIME = 23:00:26 OCTOB DSNJ411I DSNRJRCR CRESTART CREATE FOR CRCRID = 0018, DDNAME = SYSUT2 DSNJ225I CRESTART OPERATION COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY DSNJ2001 DSNJU003 CHANGE LOG INVENTORY UTILITY PROCESSING COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY

# **Restore job report**

This topic provides sample restore job reports.

## **ARY#REPT DD**

The following summary report appears in the ARY#REPT DD of the restore job. This DD lists the volume details of the restore. The following is a sample of the ARY#REPT DD for a restore using BCV backups:

> DB2 Recovery Expert Restore Summary Report

Utility Executed:..... Restore Profile Name:..... PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV DB2 Subsystem:..... K72A DB2 Version:.... Vvvv Restore Type:.... BCV Restored:.... Object Data Only Nbr of Controllers:... 01 Lowest Microcode Level:.. 5x73 Nbr of Volumes:... 0001 Backup RBA:.... 0000FE909C28

> DB2 Recovery Expert Restore Volume Detail Report

<db2< th=""><th>Sourc</th><th>ce Vo</th><th>lume&gt;</th><th>&lt;-Sp</th><th>lit-&gt;</th><th>&lt;</th><th>-Res</th><th>tore-&gt;</th></db2<>	Sourc	ce Vo	lume>	<-Sp	lit->	<	-Res	tore->
Volser	Ucb#	Sym#	Devtyp	Ucb#	Sym#	U	cb#	Sym#
						-		
ARY090	9090	0190	3390-3	90B3	0000	9	0B3	01B3

# ARYOUT DD

The following report appears in the ARYOUT DD of the restore job. This DD contains information about the backup profile used to make the backup, control cards, and ARY messages. The following is a sample of the ARYOUT DD for a restore using BCV backups:

ARY0001I - DB2 Recovery Expert Starting. Version 02.02.001 ARY0003I - Control Cards: ARY0004I -RESTORE "PUSER". "TEST K72A - BCV" ARY0004I -**GENERATION 01** ARY0004I -DATE 10/30/2016 ARY0004I -TIME 17:44:32 ARY00041 -ARY0123I - Backup PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV generation 01 was read from the repository. ARY0013I - Backup profile PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV was read from the repository. ARY0150I - EMC API version 05.08.00. API patch level 0001. SCF patch level 0001. ARY0038I - Performing profile volume map validation. ARY0146I - Removing volser ARY092 from this restore. It contains only log data. ARY0039I - Volume map validation complete. ARY0135I - Profile PUSER.TEST K72A - BCV has been marked as "Setup Needed". ARY0137I - Varying volumes offline. ARY0136I - Disconnecting user catalogs. ARY0217I - User catalog CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT1 disconnected. ARY0217I - User catalog CATALOG.RSPLEX01.K72A.CAT2 disconnected. ARY0138I - Restoring volumes. ARY0115I - Standard unit 9090 (volser ARY090) was restored from BCV unit 90B3. ARY0137I - Varying volumes online. ARY0002I - DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=000.

## ARYSNAPO

The following report appears in the ARYSNAPO DD of the restore job. This DD contains messages generated by the EMC SNAP VOLUME and Timefinder utilities. For information on these messages, see the EMC documentation.

ARY@SNPC - EMC Snap Cleanup Messages:

\*\*\* TIMEFINDER MF SNAP V5.8.0 (001) \*\*\* ESNP010I BEGINNING COMMAND PARSE ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #1 ESNPD00I API GLOBAL REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #2 ESNPC80I API CLEANUP REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP500I UNIT 9090 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND WITH VOLUME ARY090 MOUNTED ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #3 ESNPC80I API CLEANUP REQUEST PROCESSED ESNP504I UNIT 90B3 WAS REQUESTED, FOUND OFFLINE ESNP011I PARSING STATEMENT #4 ESNPK31I A MAXIMUM OF 88 SUBTASKS WILL BE SCHEDULED ESNP040I PROCESSING REQUESTS ESNP044I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 BEGINNING, CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK ON VOLUME ARY090 ESNP600I CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK COMPLETED ESNP610I NO EXTENTS REMAINING IN EXTENT TRACK ESNP621I - SOURCE - ACTIVE ESNP622I SYM DEV# - SESSION LIST \*0100(9000) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD 25EC ESNP623I \*0104(9004) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP623I \*010C(900C) - 04FF 12EE \*010D(900D) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I \*0110(9010) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD 25EC ESNP623I ESNP623I \*0120(9020) - 04FF 12EE \*0140(9040) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I \*0141(9041) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I

\*0150(9050) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD 25EC ESNP623I ESNP623I \*0160(9060) - 04FF 12EE \*0180(9080) - 04FF 12EE \*0181(9081) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP623I ESNP623I \*0190(9090) - 04FF ESNP623I \*0192(9092) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD \*01D1(90D1) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I \*01D3(90D3) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP624I -SESSION - REMAINING - TRACKS TO COPY ESNP625I ID ESNP626I 04FD -0 ESNP626I 04FE -0 04FF ESNP626I 0 -ESNP626I 12EE 0 -ESNP626I 25EC 0 ESNP626I 25ED \_ 0 ESNP626I 25EF -0 ESNP045I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #2 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 ESNP044I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 BEGINNING, CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK ON VOLUME \*90B3\* ESNP600I CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK COMPLETED ESNP610I NO EXTENTS REMAINING IN EXTENT TRACK ESNP621I - SOURCE - ACTIVE ESNP622I SYM DEV# - SESSION LIST ESNP623I \*0100(9000) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD 25EC ESNP623I \*0104(9004) - 04FF 12EE \*010C(900C) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP623I \*010D(900D) - 04FF 12EE \*0110(9010) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD 25EC ESNP623I \*0120(9020) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP623I \*0140(9040) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I \*0141(9041) - 04FF 12EE \*\*\* TIMEFINDER MF SNAP V5.8.0 (001) \*\*\* ESNP623I \*0150(9050) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD 25EC \*0160(9060) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP623I \*0180(9080) - 04FF 12EE \*0180(9080) - 04FF 12EE \*0190(9090) - 04FF 25ED 04FD ESNP623I ESNP623I \*0192(9092) - 25EF 04FF 04FE 25ED 04FD ESNP623I \*01D1(90D1) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I ESNP623I \*01D2(90D2) - 04FF 12EE ESNP623I \*01D3(90D3) - 04FF 12EE ESNP624I -SESSION - REMAINING ESNP625I ID TRACKS TO COPY ESNP626I 04FD 0 -ESNP626I 04FE -0 ESNP626I 04FF -0 ESNP626I 12EE -0 ESNP626I 25EC -0 ESNP626I 25ED 0 ESNP626I 25EF -0 ESNP044I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 BEGINNING, CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK ON ATTACHED R2 VOLUME \*70B3\* ESNP600I CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK COMPLETED ESNP610I NO EXTENTS REMAINING IN EXTENT TRACK ESNP045I PROCESSING FOR STATEMENT #3 COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 ESNP440I PROCESSING COMPLETED, HIGHEST RETURN CODE ENCOUNTERED IS 0 \*\*\* TIMEFINDER MF SNAP V5.8.0 (001) \*\*\* ROST RC SOURCE TARGET 2 00 CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK ON VOLUME ARY090 3 00 CLEANUP EXTENT TRACK ON VOLUME \*90B3\*

ESNPL80I 2 INTRA-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED ESNPL81I 2 INTER-REQUEST LEVEL SUBTASKS WERE ATTACHED

# Log restore report (data only restores)

This topic provides sample reports from the log restore job.

The log restore job uses RESTORE SYSTEM LOGONLY syntax to apply the logs. The output is placed in a SYSPRINT DD. The following is a sample of the output:

# **RECOVER and REBUILD job output**

Output generated from the RECOVER and REBUILD jobs is shown in this topic.

# SYSPRINT DD (RCVRFRIC step)

The following is an example of the output from the SYSPRINT DD in the RCVRFRIC step of the RECOVER and REBUILD job.

DSNU000I DSNU1044I	DSNUGUTC - OUTPUT START FOR UTILITY, UTILID = PDBOB.RJOBCRD DSNUGTIS - PROCESSING SYSIN AS EBCDIC
DSNU050I	DSNUGUTC - RECOVER TABLESPACE RIDB.RITS1 PARALLEL(4) TAPEUNITS(2) REUSE LOCALSITE
DSNU427I	DSNUCBMT - OBJECTS WILL BE PROCESSED IN PARALLEL, NUMBER OF OBJECTS = 1
DSNU515I	DSNUCBAL - THE IMAGE COPY DATA SET PDBOB.RIDB.RITS1.D081031.T101721.LP WITH DATE=20081031 A IS PARTICIPATING IN RECOVERY OF TABLESPACE RIDB.RITS1
DSNU504I	DSNUCBRT - MERGE STATISTICS FOR TABLESPACE RIDB.RITS1 - NUMBER OF COPIES=1 NUMBER OF PAGES MERGED=3 ELAPSED TIME=00:00:00
DSNU1511I	B81D DSNUCALA - FAST LOG APPLY WAS NOT USED FOR RECOVERY
DSNU1510I	DSNUCBDR - LOG APPLY PHASE COMPLETE, ELAPSED TIME = 00:00:00
DSNU500I	DSNUCBDR - RECOVERY COMPLETE, ELAPSED TIME=00:00:01
DSNU010I	DSNUGBAC - UTILITY EXECUTION COMPLETE, HIGHEST RETURN CODE=0

## SYSPRINT DD (REBUILD step)

The following is an example of the output from the SYSPRINT DD in the REBUILD step of the RECOVER and REBUILD job.

DSNU000I	DSNUGUTC - OUTPUT START FOR UTILITY, UTILID = PDBOB.RJOBCRD
DSNU10441	DSNUGTIS - PROCESSING SYSIN AS EBCDIC
DSNU050I	DSNUGUTC - REBUILD INDEX("PDBOB"."RIIX1") REUSE SORTDEVT SYSDA SORTNUM
	6 SORTKEYS STATISTI YES KEYCARD UPDATE SPACE HISTORY SPACE
DSNU555I	<pre>!B81D DSNUCRUL - UNLOAD PHASE STATISTICS</pre>
	<ul> <li>NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED=32</li> </ul>
DSNU705I	DSNUCRIB - UNLOAD PHASE COMPLETE - ELAPSED TIME=00:00:00
DSNU394I	<pre>!B81D DSNURBXC - SORTBLD PHASE STATISTICS -</pre>
	NUMBER OF KEYS=32 FOR INDEX PDBOB.RIIX1
DSNU391I	DSNUCRIB - SORTBLD PHASE STATISTICS. NUMBER OF INDEXES = 1

DSNU392I	DSNUCRIB - SORTBLD PHASE COMPLETE, ELAPSED TIME = 00:00:04
D2N00101	DOID DONUSUIP - STSINDEAPART CATALUG STATISTICS
	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
	NEARUFFPUS = 0
	NEAROFFPOSF = 0.0E0
	FAROFFPOS = 0
	FAROFFPOSF = 0.0E0
	LEAFDISI = 0
	LEAFNEAR = 0
	LEAFFAR = <b>0</b>
	SPACE = 96
	SPACEF = 9.6E+01
	DSNUM = 1
	EXTENTS = 1
	$P_{DEL}ENT = 0$
	PQTY = 16
	SQTY = 16
DSNU610I	!B81D DSNUSUIP - SYSINDEXPART CATALOG UPDATE FOR PDBOB.RIIX1 SUCCESSFUL
DSNU615I	<pre>!B81D DSNUSUCO - SYSCOLUMNS CATALOG STATISTICS</pre>
	FOR COL01
	COLCARD = 32
	COLCARDF = 3.2E+01
	HIGH2KEY = X'D7404040'
	LOW2KEY = X'C1C1C1C1'
DSNU617I	B81D DSNUSUIX - SYSINDEXES CATALOG STATISTICS
	FOR PDBOB.RIIX1
	CLUSTERED = Y
	CLUSTERRATIO = 100
	CLUSTERRATIOF= 1.0E+00
	FIRSTKEYCARD = 32
	FIRSTKFYCARDF= 3.2F+01
	FUU   KFYCARD = 32
	FULL KEYCARDE = 3.2E+0.1
	NIEAF = 1
	NEVFIS = 2
	SPACEF = 9.6F+0.1
DSNU6201	IBS1D DSNUSEOF - RUNSTATS CATALOG
201100201	TIMESTAMP = $2016 - 11 - 01 - 07 - 31 - 17 - 680374$
DSNU5681	IR81D DSNUGSRX - INDEX PDBOB_RIIX1 IS IN INFORMATIONAL COPY PENDING
	DSNUGBAC - UTTLITTY EXECUTION COMPLETE HIGHEST RETURN CODE=0

## UTPRINT DD (REBUILD step)

The following is an example of the output from the UTPRINT DD in the REBUILD step of the RECOVER and REBUILD job.

ICE143I 0 BLOCKSET SORT TECHNIQUE SELECTED ICE250I 0 VISIT http://www.ibm.com/storage/dfsort FOR DFSORT PAPERS, EXAMPLES AND MORE ICE000I 0 CONTROL STATEMENTS FOR 5694-A01, Z/OS DFSORT V1R5 - 07:31 ON SAT NOV 01, 2016 - SORT FIELDS=(00007.0,00006.0,A,00001.0,00005.0,A), FORMAT=BI,FILSZ=E0000\*0000006120,DYNALLOC=(SYSDA,06) RECORD TYPE=F,LENGTH=(0012,0012,0012) OPTION MSGPRT=ALL,SORTDD=SW01,MSGDDN=UTPRINT,MAINSIZE=027638K ICE2011 F RECORD TYPE IS F - DATA STARTS IN POSITION 1 ICE751I 0 C5-K90013 C6-K90013 C7-K90000 C8-K90013 E4-K90007 C9-BASE E5-K35433 E6-K34782 E7-K24705 ICE193I 0 ICEAM2 ENVIRONMENT IN EFFECT - ICEAM2 INSTALLATION MODULE SELECTED , INPUT LRECL = 12, TYPE = F ICE089I 1 RJOBCRD .REBUILD . ICE092I 0 MAIN STORAGE = (28301312,28301312,28301312) ICE156I 0 MAIN STORAGE ABOVE 16MB = (28170420,28170420) ICE127I 0 OPTIONS: OVFLO=RCO, PAD=RCO, TRUNC=RCO, SPANINC=RC16,VLSCMP=N,SZERO=Y,RESET=Y,VSAMEMT=Y,DY

ICE128I 0 OPTIONS: SIZE=28301312, MAXLIM=1048576, MINLIM=450560, EQUALS=N,LIST=Y,ERET=RC16 ,MSGDDN=UTPR ICE129I 0 OPTIONS: VIO=N, RESDNT=ALL, SMF=NO, WRKSEC=Y,OUTSEC=Y,VERIFY=N,CHALT=N,DYNALOC=(SYSDA ICE130I 0 OPTIONS: RESALL=0, RESINV=0, SVC=109, CHECK=Y, WRKREL=Y,OUTREL=Y,CKPT=N,STIMER=Y,COBEXIT=COB2 ICE131I 0 OPTIONS: TMAXLIM=6291456, ARESALL=0, ARESINV=0, OVERRGN=16384, CINV=Y,CFW=Y,DSA=0 ICE132I 0 OPTIONS: VLSHRT=N,ZDPRINT=Y,IEXIT=N,TEXIT=N,LISTX=N,EFS=NONE, EXITCK=S, PARMDDN=DFSPARM ICE133I 0 OPTIONS: HIPRMAX=OPTIMAL, DSPSIZE=MAX , ODMAXBF=0, SOLRF=Y, VLLONG=N,VSAMIO=N,MOSIZE=MAX ICE235I 0 OPTIONS: NULLOUT=RC0 ICE750I 0 DC 0 TC 0 CS DSVVV KSZ 11 VSZ 11 ICE752I 0 FSZ=6120 RE IGN=0 C AVG=12 0 WSP=95 E DYN=0 0 ICE751I 1 DE-K24705 D5-K24705 D9-K24705 E8-K90013 ICE091I 0 OUTPUT LRECL = 12, TYPE = F ICE080I 0 IN MAIN STORAGE SORT ICE055I 0 INSERT 32, DELETE 32 ICE054I 0 RECORDS - IN: 0, OUT: 0 ICE134I 0 NUMBER OF BYTES SORTED: 384 ICE165I 0 TOTAL WORK DATA SET TRACKS ALLOCATED: 0 , TRACKS USED: 0 ICE199I 0 MEMORY OBJECT STORAGE USED = OM BYTES ICE180I 0 HIPERSPACE STORAGE USED = OK BYTES ICE188I 0 DATA SPACE STORAGE USED = 0K BYTES ICE052I 0 END OF DFSORT
# Chapter 16. Creating image copies from system level backups

You can use DB2 Recovery Expert to make DB2 image copies from system level backups if object restore is enabled when the backup job was built.

After the backup is complete, you can select an existing application profile, or create a new application profile, to specify which objects to copy. You can have the image copies registered in the DB2 system catalog table SYSIBM.SYSCOPY, therefore allowing the image copies to be used by several DB2 utilities that can process DB2 image copies.

## Note:

- DFSMSdss version 1.8 or higher is required to create an image copy from a system level backup.
- In some cases image copies created from a system level backup are not in page order. If the image copy is not in page order it may not work with the IBM UNLOAD utility.

You can make image copies of table spaces and indexes defined with COPY YES that were included in the backup.

A backup taken using any method can be used to create the image copies. In most cases, a backup offloaded to tape can also be used; however, if the profile used FDR to offload the backup, that offloaded backup cannot be used to make image copies.

All image copies will be for a single partition. If a non-partitioned object has grown to multiple data sets, all data sets will be included in the image copy.

The image copies are registered as SHRLEVEL CHANGE copies. The start RBA will be recorded as the HPGRBLP RBA value associated with a system backup. DB2 maintains this RBA in the header page of DSNDB01; every log record lower then this RBA or LRSN has been applied and externalized to disk. The PIT\_RBA will be set to the backup RBA associated with the system backup. No log records past this value are applied to the table spaces and indexes in the system backup.

DB2 Recovery Expert will not create an image copy for objects that were in a restricted state at the time of the system backup. If you try to create an image copy for an object that was in a restricted state at the time the system backup was performed, an error message will be produced informing you of the restricted status of the object. You can confirm that the object was in a restricted state using the Restricted Objects report that is produced at system backup time.

# Selecting or creating the application profile

This topic describes how to specify or create an application profile when creating DB2 image copies from a system level backup.

# Procedure

1. On the Restore System Display panel, enter the I line command next to the backup and press Enter. The Enter Application Profile Selection panel is displayed:

```
Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria
Stored on SSID T9A1 (? for subsystem list)
Name Like *
Creator Like TUSER*
```

You can limit the profiles that are listed on the next panel by entering a profile name, profile creator name, or SSID in this window. You can use wildcards for one or all fields; an asterisk (\*) is the only supported wildcard character.

**Note:** You can change the SSID on this window to see profiles on different subsystems, but you can only use a profile that was created for the subsystem on which the backup was taken.

2. Press Enter. The Application Profile Selection panel is displayed.

The fields on this panel are described in "Creating standard and log based application profiles" on page 303. Use the RIGHT and LEFT scroll commands (PF10 and PF11) to see all the available columns. Use the UP and DOWN commands (PF7 and PF8) to scroll through the list when there are more profiles than can be displayed on one panel. On this panel, you can select an existing profile, or create one as described in "Creating standard and log based application profiles" on page 303.

**3**. On the Application Profile Selection panel, select the profile using the S line command. When you press Enter, the Build Image Copy Job window is displayed:

```
Build Image Copy Job for TUSER

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Edit Image Copy Options N (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.DAH.TEST

Member COPY10BJ

Job Cards:

==> //TUSERIC JOB TUSERDH,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

## Edit Generated Job

Enter Y to view the job in an ISPF edit session after generation. If you enter N, after the job is generated you will return to the Restore System Display.

## **Edit Image Copy Options**

Enter Y if you want to edit options for the image copy, including the data set name specifications, work volumes, and whether you want the copy registered in SYSCOPY. Options must be set the first time you create a job for an image copy from a system level backup. Subsequent jobs use the previous settings if you do not specify to edit the options.

## Build job in Dataset/Member

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must exist and can be sequential or a PDS. If the data set is a PDS, enter a member name. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

## Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

# Setting image copy options

This topic describes how to set image copy options such as backup type, data set naming specifications, and whether the copy is to be recorded in SYSCOPY.

#### Procedure

1. On the Build Image Copy Job window, enter Y in the Edit Image Copy Options field and press Enter. The Image Copy Option panel opens. The following is an example of the panel:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Image Copy Options ------ 2016/01/14 15:06:42Option ===>Update DSN Specification => Y (Yes/No)Backup Type => LP (LP/LB/RP/RB)Unit Type => SYSALLDA (CART/SYSALLDA/etc.)Catalog => Y (Yes/No)Register in SYSCOPY => Y (Yes/No)All Parts in one Copy => Y (Yes/No)Data Class => (8 character class)Storage Class => (8 character class)Management Class => (8 character class)Number of Tasks => 02 (1 - 99)Work Volumes =>Process Indexes => N (Yes/No)Process RI => N (Yes/No)Tape specific parameters (only needed if Unit Type is a Tape device):Stack Copies on Tape => Y (Yes/No)Tape Stack Limit => 005 (1 - 999)Expiration date *or* => (YYYDDD/YYDDD)Retention period => (05 (1-256)
```

2. Enter the fields as follows:

# **Update DSN Specification**

Type Y in this field to set or change the data set specifications.

#### Backup Type

Specify the type of image copy to create. Valid values are LP (local primary), LB (local backup), RP (remote primary), or RB (remote backup).

#### Unit Type

Type in a valid unit where the data set will be written.

#### Catalog

Type Y to catalog the data set. Type N to not catalog the data set.

#### **Register in SYSCOPY**

Type Y to have the image copy registered in SYSIBM.SYSCOPY.

#### All Parts in one Copy

Type Y to specify that when creating an image copy from a system level backup, all partitions of a partitioned object (table or index space) will be placed in the same image copy data set. The image copy row that is logged will indicate that all partitions are in the same copy as well. Type N to specify that each partition of a partitioned object (table or index space) will be placed in its own image copy. Specifying Y in this field will reduce the number of image copy data sets that are created.

# Data Class

If your site uses SMS to manage data sets, type in the SMS Data Class.

#### Storage Class

If your site uses SMS to manage data sets, type in the SMS Storage Class.

#### Management Class

If your site uses SMS to manage data sets, type in the SMS Management Class.

### Number of tasks

Specify the number of subtasks that DB2 Recovery Expert is to use when creating the image copies.

#### Work Volumes

Specify the work volumes used during the creation of the image copies. At least one must be specified, but up to six volumes can be specified.

**Note:** If DB2 has striping on, you must use SMS managed work volumes.

#### Work Storage Class

If the work volume(s) specified are SMS-managed, specify an SMS storage class.

### **Process Dependent Indexes**

Specify whether the indexes on selected objects are copied. Specify Y to include all indexes on selected objects in the image copy if they are defined as COPY YES. Specify N to exclude the indexes from the image copy.

#### Process RI

Specify whether related objects are included in the image copy. Specify Y to include all related table spaces including RI table spaces, LOB table spaces and XML table spaces. Specify N to exclude the related objects from the image copy.

Enter the following fields if the unit type is a tape device:

#### Stack Copies on Tape

Indicate whether you want to stack image copies on a single tape when possible.

#### Tape Stack Limit

If stacking image copies, enter the number of image copies that you want DB2 Recovery Expert to stack on one tape before dismounting the tape.

#### Expiration date \*or\* Retention period

Enter either the tape expiration date in YYYYDDD format, or the tape retention period in number of days.

## **Maximum Tapes**

The maximum number of tapes for each image copy.

**3**. When you have finished entering image copy options, press PF3 (END). The Build Image Copy Job window is displayed.

# Specifying data set naming conventions

You can use DB2 Recovery Expert Image Copy DSN Specification panel to construct data set names for the image copies.

# About this task

The Image Copy DSN Specification screen allows you to build data set names using variables that are resolved at run time.

If you do not specify a data set mask using this screen, the DSN defaults to the following mask:

&UID..&SSID..&DB..&SN..ICOPY

# Procedure

When you type Y in an Update DSN Specification field, the screen appears.

```
      RCVYXPRT V3R2 ---- LP Image Copy DSN Specification --- 2016/01/14 15:26:21

      Option ===>

      Enter codes to create a dataset name specification:

      Qualifier code ==>
      Free form literal ==>
      Show DSN ==> N

      Current dataset name gualifier string:

      Valid dataset name specification codes are:

      1. Database
      10. Year (YYY)
      19. GDG (+1)..(+n)

      2. Space Name
      11. Month (MM)
      20. Backup Type (#18.#19)

      3. Partition
      12. Day (DD)
      21. Local/Recovery (L/R)

      4. Volser
      13. Julian Day (DDD)
      22. Primary/Backup (P/B)

      5. Vcatname
      14. Hours (HH)
      23. Job Name

      6. Subsystem ID
      15. Minutes (MM)
      24. Step Name

      7. User ID
      16. Seconds (SS)
      25. Profile Creator

      8. Time (HHMMSS)
      17. Timestamp
      26. Profile Name

      9. Date (YYYDDD)
      18. Random Number
      27. Substring Qualifier

      28. Use freeform literal
      28. Use freeform literal
```

## Qualifier code

To include a qualifier, type its number in the **Qualifier code** field and press Enter. The qualifier string appears in the Current<sup>®</sup> dataset name generation qualifier string field. You can also type the data set name or string directly in the string field.

#### Free form literal

After selecting the Use Freeform literal qualifier, you can enter an eight-character literal in this field. If you want the literal to be in its own substring, make sure to begin the literal with a period.

#### Show DSN

To view the string as it would be completed, enter Y in this field and press Enter.

#### Current dataset name generation qualifier string

This field displays the qualifier string as it was input.

Valid qualifiers for the data set names that you can use on the Offload DSN Specification screen are listed on the bottom half of the screen and are:

#### Database

The database name of the object being copied.

#### Space Name

The table space or index space name being copied.

## Partition

The partition number of the object being copied.

**Volser** The volume serial of the data set.

Vcatname

The volume catalog name.

# Subsystem ID

The DB2 subsystem ID.

#### User ID

The TSO user ID of the job builder.

#### Time (HHMMSS)

The current time in the format shown.

#### Date (YYYYDDD)

The current date in the format shown.

#### Year (YYYY)

The year in the format shown.

#### Month (MM)

The month in the format shown.

#### Day (DD)

The day of the month in the format shown.

## Julian Day (DDD)

The Julian day.

#### Hours (HH)

The current time in hours.

## Minutes (MM)

The current time in minutes.

#### Seconds (SS)

The current time in seconds.

# Timestamp

The current timestamp, in format yymmdd.hhmmss.

#### **Random Number**

A random number in format Rnnnnn.

#### GDG (+1)..(+n)

If you are using GDG data sets, this variable appends (+n) to the GDG base. This must be the last qualifier code you specify for the data set name.

#### Backup Type (#18.#19)

The backup type. The format is x.y, where x is L for local or R for recovery and y is P for primary or B for backup.

# Local/Recovery (L/R)

The backup type; L is used for local and R for recovery.

#### Primary/Backup (P/B)

The image copy backup type; P is used for primary and B for backup.

#### Job Name

The job name.

### Step Name

The job step name.

# **Profile Creator**

The profile creator ID.

## **Profile Name**

The profile name.

#### **Substring Qualifier**

Select this option to specify one of the qualifiers and customize the substring. When you press Enter, the substring parameters window appears.

#### Use freeform literal

After selecting this qualifier, you can enter an eight-character literal in the Free Form literal field. If you want the literal to be in its own substring, make sure to begin the literal with a period. For example, if you enter 1 (Volser), 3 (Subsystem ID), then 14 (Timestamp), the data set name appears as:

volser.ssid.D070104.T151509

where *volser* and *ssid* resolve to values appropriate to your site.

# Using the substring function

Use the Substring Qualifier function to customize substring parameters.

When you choose the **Substring Qualifier** data set name specification code, the Substring Parameters window is displayed.

```
Substring Parameters
Enter the Qualifier Code ==>
Enter Starting Position ==>
Enter Substring Length ==>
Press ENTER or PF3 to continue
```

You can choose to enter almost any of the qualifier codes and specify the string's starting position and length. For example, qualifier code 3 generates a string of "&SSID", a four-character subsystem name. However, if your site uses three-character SSIDs, option 24 can be used to specify the SSID and customize the string length, as follows:

```
Substring Parameters
Enter the Qualifier Code ==> 3
Enter Starting Position ==> 1
Enter Substring Length ==> 3
Press ENTER or PF3 to continue
```

An example of the results is shown in the following screen:

# Resulting DSN using current symbolic string

Some substrings (such as time and date) require the addition of an alphanumeric or symbol in the beginning of the string.

When you select these substrings, the following window is displayed.

```
Resulting DSN using current symbolic string

Enter a Literal or Symbolic to Prefix the Invalid Dataset Node

==>

Invalid Dataset Name:

* VOLSER.DATABASE.SPACENAM.2009014 *

ARYR284E - Invalid ending period detected.
```

This screen allows you to insert an alphanumeric or symbol to make the data set node name valid. When finished, press Enter. The Offload DSN Specification screen reappears with the corrected substring.

# Viewing a sample string

To view the string as it will be completed, type Y in the Show DSN field.

When you press Enter, the sample string appears. The following is an example of the sample string as it may appear in the panel:

```
Resulting DSN using current symbolic string

Using the following sample data as input:

&JOBNAME = 'JOBNAME ' &STEPNAME = 'STEPNAME' &UID = 'PDUSER2'

&SSID = 'SSID' &VOLSER = 'VOLSER' &VCATNAME = 'VCATNAME'

&LOCREM = 'L' &PRIBAC = 'P' &DB = 'DATABASE'

&PROFCRTR = 'PDUSER2' &PROFNAME = 'S89Z OBJE &SN = 'SPACENAM'

&PART = 'PART'

The date/time fields are set to the current time.

The generated dataset would be:

* DATABASE.SPACENAM.T210215 *
```

# Creating an image copy from the last created system-level backup

DB2 Recovery Expert can create image copies from the last created system-level backup (SLB) for a DB2 subsystem. After generating the JCL to create image copies for a selected system-level backup, you can edit the generated JCL directing DB2 Recovery Expert to use the last backup.

## Procedure

- 1. Use the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface to generate the JCL that will create image copies for a selected system-level backup.
- **2.** Edit the control cards in the JCL. In the ARYIN DD add the LAST-BACKUP control cards. There are two options for the LAST-BACKUP control card:
  - To use the last backup of a particular backup profile, specify GENERATION LAST-BACKUP.
  - To use the last backup for a particular DB2 SSID (regardless of profile name), specify LAST-BACK-UP SSID directly following the IMAGE-COPY card.

The LAST-BACKUP card must follow either the IMAGE-COPY card or the GENERATION card.

## Example

Example #1

Generated JCL control cards that do not use the LAST-BACKUP card:

```
//ARYIN DD *
IMAGE-COPY "PDUSER"."TEST EA1A FLASH BACKUP"
GENERATION 01
DATE 02/28/2016
TIME 17:41:17
MAX-TASKS 02
```

Example #2

Edited JCL control cards that use the last backup for a DB2 SSID (any profile name):

```
//ARYIN DD *
IMAGE-COPY LAST-BACKUP ssid
MAX-TASKS 02
etc.
```

Example #3

```
Edited JCL control cards that use the last backup for a specified profile:
//ARYIN DD *
IMAGE-COPY "PDUSER"."TEST EA1A FLASH BACKUP"
GENERATION LAST-BACKUP
MAX-TASKS 02
etc.
```

# Restarting an image copy from a system level backup job

You can use the RESTART keyword to restart a job that failed during the creation of an image copy from a system level backup. The RESTART keyword enables you to restart the job where it ended without having to rerun the entire job or analyze the output to see what has been run and successfully copied.

To drive the restart processing you will add the RESTART keyword to the end of the control card statements that are generated byDB2 Recovery Expert in the ARYIN DD statement. When this keyword is present, DB2 Recovery Expert will search SYSIBM.SYSCOPY to see if any image copies of the selected type (LP, LB, RP, RB) were created from the selected system backup in a previous run. If so, a message will be produced saying it was image copied in a previous run and the current copy will be skipped. The RESTART keyword will only work if the image copies are being registered in SYSIBM.SYSCOPY. If the RESTART keyword is not added, the processing will remain unchanged. A new image copy will be created for each table or index space specified regardless of whether one had been created in a previous run or not.

# Example

The following is an example of the RESTART control card:

```
//ARY#PARM DD DISP=SHR,
//
           DSN=ARY.TST0310.SAMPLIB.EDITED(ARY#PARM)
//ARYIN
           DD *
 IMAGE-COPY "CSKATE"."IPZ DB2"
            GENERATION 01
            DATE
                       02/28/2016
            TIMF
                       18:54:22
            MAX-TASKS 01
            COPY-TYPE
                      LP
            COPY-UNIT
                       SYSDA
            COPY-MASK "CSKATE.&DB..&SN..P&PART..T&TIME."
            COPY-CATALOG
            COPY-REGISTER
            COPY-STOR-CLASS BOZOCLAS
            COPY-STACK 999
            COPY-MAX-TAPES 100
            COPY-WORK-VOLSER WRKV01
            COPY-WORK-STORCLAS WRKCLASS
            TABLESPACE ICTEST.SEG16K
            INDEXSPACE ICTEST.IX16KS
            RESTART
```

## /\*

# Adding keywords to the image copy job

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to edit the job that creates an image copy from a system level backup and add one or more keywords. Each keyword that you specify adds functionality that otherwise would not be present in the generated JCL.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the Build Restore Job panel as follows:
  - a. Specify 1 in the **Option** line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu and press Enter. From the System Operations Menu, specify 3 (System Level Backup Operations) and press Enter. The Restore System Display panel opens.
  - b. Specify I in the **Cmd** line next to the system backup job that you want to image copy. The Enter Application Profile Selection Criteria panel opens.
  - **c.** Specify the profile selection criteria and press Enter. The Application Profile Display panel opens.
  - d. Specify S in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to use to build the image copy job. The Build Image Copy Job panel opens.
  - e. Specify Y in the Edit Generated Job field. Specify any other fields that are applicable.
  - f. Press Enter. The JCL for the system backup job displays in an ISPF edit session.
- 2. Add one or more keywords to the JCL. You add keywords to the ARYIN DD \* statement following the keywords generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. You can add one or more of the following keywords:

# DEBUG

This keyword produces extra debugging information. You should only add this keyword when directed to by technical support.

# MAX-TASKS

This keyword controls how many tasks are started to complete the image copy processing for operations that can be multi-tasked. You can specify a number from 1 to 8. The default is 4.

# **FROM-OFFLOAD**

If the system backup that is used to create the image copy is on disk and tape, the restore is performed from the tape (or OFFLOAD) copy. If the system backup is only on disk, this keyword is ignored and the objects are restored from disk.

# RESTART

This keyword is added if a previous run of the job abends. When included DB2 Recovery Expert restarts, creating image copies for only those objects that were not successfully created in the previous run.

3. Either run the job or press PF3 to return to the Restore System Display panel.

# Chapter 17. Recovering a DB2 database subsystem using the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature

In case of a disaster that renders a DB2 subsystem unusable, you can restore the subsystem at a remote site if you have implemented the disaster recovery feature of DB2 Recovery Expert.

DB2 Recovery Expert allows you to configure your disaster recovery strategy to restore from either DB2 image copies or system-level backups.

Implementing the disaster recovery feature of DB2 Recovery Expert is a multiple step process. Each of the following steps apply whether you are restoring a DB2 subsystem using either a system level backup or DB2 image copies:

- 1. Offload system level backup to tape or create DB2 image copies.
- 2. Create one or more disaster recovery profiles at the local site.
- **3**. Build the JCL for each recovery job.
- 4. Run the disaster recovery profile jobs on a regular basis.
- 5. Transport the tapes that contain the jobs and all data sets required for recovery to the remote site.
- 6. When necessary, run the recovery jobs at the remote site.

# Planning a disaster recovery strategy

The first step to implementing the DB2 Recovery Expert disaster recovery feature is to decide whether you will recover your DB2 subsystem at the remote site using either a DB2 Recovery Expert system level backup or DB2 image copies.

If you select to use a system level backup, you will use DB2 Recovery Expert to create the system level backup and then you will use that system level backup to restore your DB2 subsystem at the disaster recovery site. This should speed the recovery at the disaster recovery site because the system level backup is a volume level copy of all the DB2 data sets. This volume copy can be restored quicker and easier then restoring your DB2 subsystem from image copies. Another advantage to this method includes the ability to apply log changes to recover all DB2 objects to the latest available point at the disaster recovery site with one "read" of the log. If you choose this method, you will create a system level backup using DB2 Recovery Expert that specifies you are using a system level backup. The recovery job that is created from the profile will be run at the local site and it will create the jobs that you will run at the disaster recovery site to restore your DB2 system at the volume level. The recovery job will also create copies of the archive logs that will be used for the restore.

If you select to use DB2 image copies, you will need to create the image copies of all the DB2 objects that are needed to restore the DB2 subsystem. You will then build a disaster recovery profile using DB2 Recovery Expert that specifies you are using your own DB2 image copies of the data sets needed for the restore. The recovery job that is created from the profile will be run at the local site and can create, if you choose, copies of the archive logs. Independent of the way that you choose, you should plan and practice your recovery procedures before a disaster strikes.

# Recovery steps at the local site overview

Preparing to recover your subsystem at a remote site begins with creating disaster recovery profiles at the local site, building the profiles, executing the jobs on a regular basis and ensuring that the necessary data sets are sent to the remote site.

- Setting up for your disaster recovery strategy. This includes:
  - Offloading a system level backup to tape if you have chosen to restore your DB2 system using a system level backup.
  - Creating DB2 image copies if you have chosen to restore your DB2 system using image copies.
- Creating disaster recovery profiles

One primary profile should be created for each DB2 system that includes forcing a checkpoint and forcing the active log to archive, and has the "Only run Archive Log Update Process" field set to N. When built, this job does one of the following:

- If you are using the system level backup method, this job ensures that a system level backup exists for the specified subsystem and copies the DB2 Recovery Expert repository to the disaster recovery PDS, along with IDCAMs statements to create the DB2 Recovery Expert repository at the disaster recovery site. This job should be run after the DB2 Recovery Expert job that offloads a system level backup to tape.
- If you are using the image copy method, this job ensures that image copies are cataloged and deletes and redefines the VCAT-defined catalog spaces. Because this process can take some time, this job should be run at off-peak times, perhaps nightly, and should be run immediately after a job that takes image copies of the DB2 catalog.

A secondary profile should be created that has the "Only run Archive Log Update Process" field set to Y, and does not force a checkpoint or force the active log to archive. This job should be run periodically throughout the day to keep the recovery information up to date as much as possible.

Building the disaster recovery profile in batch

When built, the primary profile produces a disaster recovery batch job. Depending on the type of recovery the job:

- For the system level backup method:
  - 1. Restores the DB2 Recovery Expert repository at the disaster recovery site.
  - 2. Restores the DB2 volumes from the most recent offloaded system backup.
  - **3**. Copies the archive logs.
  - 4. Rebuilds the BSDS. The PDS that contains the disaster recovery jobs and control records will contain the contents of the BSDS. This eliminates the need to mount tapes at the recovery site to build the BSDS.
- For the image copy method:
  - 1. Searches the catalog and finds all appropriate image copies.
  - 2. Catalogs the image copy data sets.
  - **3**. Copies the archive logs.
  - 4. Rebuilds the BSDS. The PDS that contains the disaster recovery jobs and control records will contain the contents of the BSDS. This eliminates the need to mount tapes at the recovery site to build the BSDS.
- Ensure the disaster recovery batch jobs are executed on a regular basis

The disaster recovery batch jobs should be inserted into a job scheduler or otherwise run on a regular basis. The primary job should be run at off-peak times, perhaps nightly, and should be run immediately after a job that takes image copies of the DB2 catalog or a job that offloads a system level backup. The secondary job should be run periodically throughout the day to keep the recovery information up to date as much as possible.

- Ensure that corresponding necessary data sets are sent to the remote site The necessary recovery data sets should be placed on tape and shipped to a remote site. These include:
  - The recovery PDS. The disaster recovery batch jobs' output is generated to a PDS. At a minimum, this PDS contains two disaster recovery jobs and other necessary members to be used at the recovery site.
  - One of the following:
    - System level backups that have been taken and offloaded by DB2 Recovery Expert.
    - Image copy data sets for the DB2 catalog, application data sets, and archive log data sets. You can create a list of the names and the volsers of the archive log copy data sets and the DB2 catalog copies by executing the following query in SPUFI:

SELECT \* FROM ARY.DR\_IMAGE\_COPY\_V11; SELECT \* FROM ARY.ARCHIVES\_V11;

If image copies are not cataloged, you could query SYSIBM.SYSCOPY to retrieve the volsers of the necessary data sets.

# Setting up for your chosen recovery strategy

You can use DB2 Recovery Expert to recover a DB2 subsystem from either a system level backup or from DB2 image copies. In either case you must set up the recovery media depending on what strategy you choose.

Select one of the following tasks for more information on setting up for your recovery strategy:

- Setting up for system level backup recovery
- Setting up for DB2 image copy recovery

# Offloading the system level backup to tape

If your chosen disaster recovery strategy is to restore your remote DB2 subsystem from a system level backup, you must first offload the system level backup to tape.

There are two ways to offload your system level backup to tape:

- Offloading during the creation of the system level backup. This is an option that you can select when you create the system level backup profile.
- Offloading as a stand-alone task. This option generates a task that allows you to perform an offload to tape at any time. It is dependent on a previously successful execution of a system level backup.

# Offloading the system level backup to tape during the creation of the system level backup

You can select to offload your system level backup to tape as part of or during the creation of the system level backup.

If you choose this option, you will specify that a system level backup will be offloaded to tape when you create the system level backup profile. For more information of creating system level backup profiles see "About offload options" on page 236.

# Offloading the system level backup to tape as a stand alone task

If you have chosen to backup your remote DB2 subsystem with a system level backup, that system level backup must be offloaded to tape.

# About this task

One way to offload your system level backup to tape is to build a batch job that will offload the system level backup. You can build the batch job using the System Restore and Offload panel of the ISPF interface. You can select the system level backup from the System Restore and Offload panel and run the job when required.

## Procedure

 Open the ISPF interface DB2 Recovery Expert main menu display panel. Specify 1 for System Operations. The System Operations menu opens. Specify 3 for System Level Backup Operations. The Restore System Display panel opens.

```
ARY$REST V3R2
           ----- Restore System Display ----- YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS
                                              Scroll ===> PAGE
Option ===>
Line Commands: S-Select for Restore D-Delete V-View Reports 0-Offload
          J-Object Report H-Health Check I-Image Copies
          G-Group Display
DB2 Subsystem ID *
      _____
Select a row from the list of recovery points displayed below. To enter
an RBA/LRSN and have a recovery point automatically selected for you,
enter the RESTORE primary command followed by a DB2 subsystem ID.
_____
                                                 Row 1 of 6 >
                 Data Mixed On On Obj Partial
                                                Nbr
         Time Only Data Disk Offload Rcvr Backup Type Vols
Cmd Date
V 03/06/YYYY 17:17:40 No No Yes Yes No NO
                                            DB2 0022
  SSID: D9C1 RBA/LRSN: 00000000C20DC63434CC
  03/04/YYYY 18:34:35 No No No Yes
                                  No NO
                                             DB2 0022
  SSID: D9C1 RBA/LRSN: 0000000C20B53AAF74B
  03/04/YYYY 15:49:16 No No Yes Yes
                                   No DB2
                                                0022
  SSID: D9C1 RBA/LRSN: 0000000C20B2EB5DC9F
```

2. The Restore System Display panel shows a list of valid system recovery points from which you can choose in the event that you need to restore a subsystem. Enter V (View Reports) next to the system level backup that you want to offload to tape. The Backup Report Display panel opens showing the details for the system level backup.

DB2 Version:..... Vvvv

Backup Type:IBM System Level BackupBackup Contains:Object Data and Log DataPartial Backup:NoNbr of Volumes:0022Backup RBA:0000000020DC63434CCLast Checkpoint RBA:0000000020DC6305D36HPGRBLP RBA:0000000020DC635F2F2Backup Date:03/06/2016Backup Time:17:17:40Consistency Method:IBM System Level BackupSupports Object Restore:NoI/O Suspend Time:2016-03-06-17.17.29.040237I/O Resume Time:2016-03-06-17.17.40.684636Backup Elapsed:04.98 Seconds

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Backup Volume Detail Report

> DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Volume Offload Summary Report

Utility Executed:	Offload
Profile Name:	PAOLOR6.D9C1
Offload Date:	03/06/2016
Offload Time:	17:17:42
Data Mover:	DFSMSdss
Compress:	Yes
Encrypted	No
Encryption Method	RSA CLRAES128
Generation:	0002
Nbr Of Volumes:	0022

DB2 Recovery Expert

Volume Offload Detail Report

<db2> Volser Ucb#</db2>	Туре	Offloaded to Filename	<tap FileSeq</tap 	)e> Volser
SBOX5A D800	LP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7I	001	CART0B
	RP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7I	001	CART0D
SBOX5B D900	LP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7J	001	CARTOA
	RP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7J	001	CARTOC

- 3. Press PF3 to return to the Restore System Display panel.
- 4. Enter an O in the **Cmd** line for the system level backup that you want to offload. Press Enter. The Build Offload Job window opens.

```
Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)
Build job in Dataset PAOLOR6.SLB.JCL
Member OFFLOAD Offload Job Member
Job Cards:
=> //PAOLOR60 JOB (XXX,POK),PAOLOR6,CLASS=A,MSGCLASS=H
=> /*JOBPARM SYSAFF=SC63
=> //*
=> //*
Press ENTER to process or PF3 to Cancel
```

5. You can use this window to specify JOBCARD information and the output data set name for the offload JCL. Specify Y to edit the JCL. The JCL that will be used to offload the system level backup will be displayed.

```
//ARYJOFFL EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DBvvv.SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DBvvv.SDSNLOAD
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.DB2PARMS.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.OFFOPTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.BREPORT
//ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#PARM DD DSN=DB2Tool.ARY320.SARYSAMP(ARY#PARM),DISP=SHR
//ARYIN DD *
OFFLOAD PAOLOR6.D9C1
GENERATION 01
DATE 02/26/2016
TIME 18:05:03
```

6. Run the job. The following is a sample of the offload to tape report.

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Volume Offload Summary Report

Utility Executed:	Offload
Profile Name:	PAOLOR6.D9C1
Offload Date:	03/06/2016
Offload Time:	17:17:42
Data Mover:	DFSMSdss
Compress:	Yes
Generation:	0002
Nbr Of Volumes:	0022

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Volume Offload Detail Report

<dr5< th=""><th><u>/&gt;</u></th><th></th><th></th><th><lap< th=""><th>)e&gt;</th></lap<></th></dr5<>	<u>/&gt;</u>			<lap< th=""><th>)e&gt;</th></lap<>	)e>
Volser	Ucb#	Туре	Offloaded to Filename	FileSeq	Volser
SBOX5A	D800	LP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7I	001	CART0B
		RP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7I	001	CARTOD
SB0X5B	D900	LP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7J	001	CARTOA
		RP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7J	001	CARTOC
SB0X5C	DA00	LP	PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7K	002	CARTOB

----

ARYS001I -DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Starting. Version 02.02.013 ARYS162I - Parmlib used for this execution ARYS003I - Control Cards: ARYS004I - OFFLOAD PAOLOR6.D9C1 ARYS004I -GENERATION LAST-BACKUP ARYS004I -ARYS123I - Backup PAOLOR6.D9C1 generation 002 was read from the repository. ARYS004I - Performing full volume offload. ARYS249I - Task 02 - Offload process starting for unit D907 (Source volser SBOX5B). ARYS249I - Task 01 - Offload process starting for unit D807 (Source volser SBOX5A). ARYS263I - Task 02 - Unit D907 offloaded to local primary data set PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7J ARYS263I - Task 02 - Unit D907 offloaded to remote primary data set PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7J ARYS254I - Task 02 - Offload process for unit D907 (Source volser SBOX5B) is complete. ARYS249I - Task 02 - Offload process starting for unit DB07 (Source volser SBOX5D). ARYS263I - Task 01 - Unit D807 offloaded to local primary data set PAOLOR6.D9C1.D06.OFFLOD1.SBOX7I ARYS263I - Task 01 - Unit D807 offloaded to remote primary data set PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7I ARYS254I - Task 01 - Offload process for unit D807 (Source volser SBOX5A) is complete. ARYS249I - Task 01 - Offload process starting for unit DA07 (Source volser SBOX5C).

# Setting up for DB2 image copy recoveries

If your chosen disaster recovery strategy is to restore your remote DB2 subsystem from DB2 image copies, you must create the DB2 image copies that will be used.

The traditional DB2 disaster recovery restore the DB2 system from a periodic dump, and then recovers more DB2 data using image copies and archive logs transferred to the remote site on an ongoing basis. The following lists what should be available at the remote site for a DB2 Recovery Expert image copy recovery:

- Dump the entire DB2 system at the local site. In most cases you would copy everything periodically with a DFSMSdss<sup>™</sup> volume dump and send it to the recovery site.
- Create image copies of the user table spaces, the DB2 catalog, and the DB2 directory. In most case you would run the COPY utility with RECOVERYDDN set to tape.
- Force archiving to create a consistent set of archive log and BSDS lists. Consider the use of the -ARCHIVE LOG command to force archiving. Consider also issuing the -SET LOG LOGLOAD(0) or -SET LOG CHKTIME(0) command before issuing the -ARCHIVE LOG command so that you have the checkpoint on the truncated active log. Although there is no need to stop DB2 or even to quiesce during this procedure, MODE(QUIESCE) has some advantages. It simplifies restart since there will be no indoubt or inflight URs. There still may be incommit URs and pending writes. It may also make it possible to establish a coordinated quiesce point in IMS or CICS<sup>®</sup>. Once the message DSNJ139I LOG OFFLOAD TASK ENDED is issued, you can release the batch job to run your DSNJU004 report. 3.
- Integrated catalog facility (ICF) catalog EXPORT and list. Synchronize ICF catalog backup with the cataloging of image copies and archive logs.
- Create Image copies of user page sets. In most cases you would run the COPY utility with RECOVERYDDN set to tape. If you have a lot of changes to the DB2

catalog and the DB2 directory in the daytime, you should also have frequent image copies of them. COPYTOCOPY allows you to create additional image copies any time after the original has been created.

- Archive logs. In most cases you will probably be using dual archive logging. The second archive log (in most cases sent directly to tape via the install option) is intended as a backup or can be sent to the recovery site in preparation for disaster recovery.
- Create a BSDS list report. You will use the report to determine the fully qualified name of the archive log that you need to restore from and the RBA that you will need to give in the CRESTART statement of DSNJU003. Your system should usually schedule a search for the message DSNJ139I LOG OFFLOAD TASK ENDED. Once the message is issued, you can release the batch job to run your DSNJU004 report.

# Creating disaster recovery profiles

The second step in preparing for remote site disaster recovery is to create one or more disaster recovery profiles.

# About this task

The accuracy of your disaster recovery depends on how you define your disaster recovery profiles. DB2 Recovery Expert uses the contents of a disaster recovery profile to build a disaster recovery profile job. The disaster recovery profile job will be run at the disaster recovery site to recover a DB2 subsystem. You will create one or more disaster recovery profiles for each DB2 subsystem that you want to recover.

With DB2 Recovery Expert you can either recover your DB2 system to the point in time that the system backup was taken, or to some chosen point after the system backup was taken if you have the archive logs available at the disaster recovery site.

Ultimately, to ensure a complete and accurate recovery, you may need to build several disaster recovery profiles and ensure that the jobs produced from the profile are executed on a regular basis at the local site.

# Procedure

 Specify 1 (System Operations) on the DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS main menu and press Enter. From the System Operations Menu, specify 4 (Disaster Recovery Profiles) and press Enter. The Enter Disaster Recovery Profile Like to Display panel opens. From this window you can limit the disaster recovery profiles that are listed on the Disaster Recovery Profile Display window.

```
Enter Disaster Recovery Profile Like to Display
```

```
Profile Like *
Creator Like TUSER*
SSID Like *
```

2. Using one or more of the fields **Profile Like**, **Creator Like**, or **SSID** fields, enter a profile name, creator name, or a subsystem ID name. You can use wildcard characters such as the "\*" as a mask.

**3.** Press Enter. The Disaster Recovery Profile Display panel opens. The Disaster Recovery Profile Display panel lists the profiles that meet the selection criteria.

4. To create a new profile, specify C in the **Cmd** field and press Enter. The Enter New Disaster Recovery Profile Data window opens.

```
Enter New Disaster Recovery Profile Data
Creator TWUSER
Profile Name
Description
DB2 SSID B71D (? for system list)
Update Option U (Update, View only, No access)
```

5. Specify a profile name, description, and update option on this panel. Refer to the following field descriptions for information.

#### Creator

This field is automatically filled in with your user ID as the profile creator. To create the profile with a different user ID, type the new ID in this field.

#### **Profile Name**

Type a name for the profile. Up to 30 characters can be used.

#### Description

*Optional:* Type descriptive information for the profile.

# DB2 SSID

Type in the DB2 SSID for the profile.

#### Update option

This option controls how other users can use this recovery profile.

- Type U to allow other users to update the profile.
- Type V to allow other users to view but not update the profile.
- Type N to prevent other users from viewing or updating the profile.
- 6. Press Enter. The Update Disaster Recovery Profile screen opens.

```
RCVYXPRTV3R2----Update Disaster Recovery Profile----2016/01/1416:17:27Option==>Creator:TWUSERName: TESTUser:TWUSERShare Option:U (Upd,View,No)Description:Description:DB2Subsystem:B710Disaster Recovery Method==> S(Image copy/System backup)Archive Logs used at DR==> C(Copied/1/2)Copy Localsite Logs==> B(1/2/Both/Create 2 copies from 1)Force a checkpoint before Archive==> Y(Yes/No)Force the Active log to Archive==> N(Yes/No)Only run Archive Log Update Process==> N(Yes/No)Process Datasharing Subsystems==> A(All,Ssid,Lpar)Archive Logs needed at DR==> 007 (days) and/or 000 (hours)Copy Archive Logs to DASD==> 007 (days) and/or 000 (hours)Unit for copying Archive Logs==> B71D.ARCHLOG1.DRDR Archive Log Prefix 1==> B71D.ARCHLOG2.DRImage Copies (or SLB) used at DR==> RImage Copies (or SLB) used at DR==> NYes/No/Update)==> NCatalog x days of Image Copies at DR==> NUse Multijob for DR Restore==> IAA
```

You will use the fields on the Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel to set the options for this disaster recovery profile. Each of the fields are described as follows:

## **Disaster Recovery Method**

Specify the type of backup that will be used to recover the subsystem at the remote site.

- I: Use DB2 image copies to restore the subsystem. If you specify this option, you will need to ensure that the image copies are taken and sent to the remote site. All DB2 catalog and directory spaces plus all application spaces must be image copied.
- S: Select this option to use a DB2 Recovery Expert system level backup to restore the subsystem. If you select this option, you will need to offload the system level backup that will be used for the restore to tape. You can offload the system level backup to tape in one of two ways. You can set offload options when you create the profile for the system level backup. This will perform the offload to tape as the last step of system level backup execution job. You can also build a batch job that can be run to offload the system level backup to tape when required.

#### Archive Logs used at DR

Specify whether archive logs are to be copied for use at the disaster recovery remote site. If selected, DB2 Recovery Expert can recover the DB2 system to a point in time that occurs after the system level backup. Selecting this option also allows the original archive logs to be left at the local site where they can be available for local recoveries or other processing while the copies are sent to the recovery site.

• C: DB2 Recovery Expert will copy the local archive logs (both 1 and 2) to use at the disaster recovery site. If this option is selected, the fields **Copy Localsite Logs**, **Unit for copying Archive Logs**, **DR** 

Archive Log Prefix 1, and DR Archive Log Prefix 2 become available. Selecting this option allows the original archive logs to be left at the local site where they can be available for local recoveries or other processing while the copies are sent to the recovery site.

- 1: If using dual logging, DB2 Recovery Expert will use the local copy of the first archive log.
- 2: If using dual logging, DB2 Recovery Expert will use the local copy of the second archive log.

# **Copy Localsite Logs**

If you specified to copy the local archive logs, this field tells DB2 Recovery Expert which logs to copy:

- 1: Only copy archive log 1.
- 2: Only copy archive log 2.
- B: Copy both archive logs 1 and 2.
- C: Create 2 copies from 1 archive log; DB2 Recovery Expert will create recovery site 1 and recovery site 2 logs from the local archive log 1.

### Force a checkpoint before Archiving

Type Y to force a checkpoint before archiving the logs. DB2 Recovery Expert issues a SET LOG LOGLOAD (0) command when this field is set to Y. Setting this field to Y will cause the DB2 checkpoint records to be included in the last archive being sent to the disaster recovery site.

#### Force the Active log to Archive

This field allows you to force an ARCHIVE LOG command. The current active log is archived when this field is set to Y. For a data sharing group, each member's logs are archived individually. If a member of a data sharing group is excluded via the Process Datasharing Subsystems field, that member's log is not archived.

## Only run Archive Log Update Process

This value is set to N when creating a primary profile. You would set this value to Y in a secondary profile. When set to Y the recovery job will optionally copy the archive logs and back up and rebuild the BSDS.

#### **Process Datasharing Subsystems**

This field allows you to choose how to process archive log sub tasks for data sharing group members.

- A: Process all data sharing group members on all LPARs.
- S: Process only the SSID under which the recovery profile is being built. This profile must also be generated under this SSID. If you choose this setting, you should ensure that only one of the profiles built for the data sharing group forces a checkpoint and archives the active log. The other profiles should have the "Only run Archive Log Update Process" field set to Y. This avoids duplicating work already done by the disaster recovery job on other subsystems.
- L: Process only the data sharing group members on the current LPAR (under which the profile is being built). If you are building profiles separately for the other LPARs in the data sharing group, then only one of the profiles needs to force a checkpoint and archive the active log. The other profiles should have the "Only run Archive Log Update Process" field set to Y. This avoids duplicating work already done by the disaster recovery job on other subsystems.

## Archive Logs needed at DR

Specify the number of days and/or hours of archive logs needed. This value is computed from the time the job is built at the local site. The recommended value for this field is (the longest duration between image copies at your site) X 2. Example: If weekly image copies are the longest duration, then enter 14 in this field (7 days x 2).

# Copy Archive Logs to DASD

Specify the number of days and/or hours of archive logs that should be copied to DASD from tape at the recovery site. Logs from the last x days and y hours are copied. Using this field can reduce or eliminate contention on the archive log tape during recovery. The recommended value for this field is the longest duration between image copies at your site. Example: If weekly image copies are the longest duration, then enter 7 in this field.

#### Unit for copying Archive Logs

Enter the tape or DASD unit device to be used to copy the archive logs.

## Archive Logs Expiration date

Specify the expiration for the archive logs. You can specify the date in the form of YYYDDD or YYDDD. If you specify an expiration date for the archive logs, then you will not specify any value in the **Archive Logs Retention period** field.

#### Archive Logs Retention period

Specify the retention period for the archive logs. You can specify the retention period as a four digit number representing the number of days to keep the Archive logs. If you specify a retention period for the archive logs, then you will not specify any value in the **Archive Logs Expiration date** field.

# DR Archive Log Prefix 1

## DR Archive Log Prefix 2

Specify the archive log prefix 1 and 2 that the new archive logs will have at the recovery site. Note that if the subsystem is a member of a data sharing group, you must have "&SSID" somewhere in the archive log prefix.

## Image Copies (or SLB) used at DR

Specify which image copies or system level backups are to be cataloged at the recovery site. L is local primary and local backup. R is recovery primary and recovery backup.

## Catalog x days of Image Copies at DR

Specify how many days of image copies back from current are to be cataloged at the recovery site. The recommended value for this field is the longest duration between z/OS catalog backups.

# Use Multijob for DR Restore

Specify whether you want to use multiple jobs for the disaster recovery restore process. Using multiple jobs can reduce the time it takes to perform the restore process. You can:

Specify Y if you want the restore process to use multiple jobs. If you used multiple jobs to offload the system level backup that is being used for the restore, then the options that were in use when the backup was offloaded will be used for the restore. If the offload was not done using multiple jobs, then default values are used for multijob options. To update or change the options you must specify U.

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• Specify N to use a single job for the restore process. • Specify U to update the multijob options that are used to create the multiple restore jobs. After pressing Enter, the Build Restore Multijob Options panel opens where you specify the LPARS where you want the jobs to run and the job name prefix for the multiple jobs. **External Subsystem** Specify a value in this field if you are creating a disaster recovery profile that will be used to recover both a DB2 subsystem and an IMS subsystem to a coordinated point in time. Specify the IMS system ID that will be recovered in combination with the DB2 subsystem. 7. When you finish specifying the disaster recovery profile fields, press the PF3 key. The Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel closes. The Disaster Recovery Profile Display opens. A message is issued that your profile was created. The next step in setting up the disaster recovery for your DB2 subsystem is to create a secondary profile. If you are not setting up a secondary profile for the DB2 subsystem, then you will now build the disaster recovery profile job.

# Specifying the restore multijob options

The restore multijob options are used to specify the LPARS where the multiple restore jobs are run and to specify a prefix that is used when generating the names for the multiple jobs.

# Procedure

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 From the Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel specify Y or U in the Use Multijob for DR Restore field. Press Enter. The Build Restore Job Multjob Options panel opens.

```
RCVYXPRT V3R2 ------ Build Restore Job ------ YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS
           ----- Multijob Options ------
Option ===>
 _____
Creator: TUSER Name: T9B1 - DFSMSDSS SSID: T9B1
Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
_____
Enter the options for performing offload and restore processing:
Use Multijobs ==> Y (Y/N)
Multijob Prefix ==> TSMXDX (1-6 character job prefix)
Multijob LPAR list:
 LPAR Name
              Max Jobs (1-99)
                               Max Tasks (1-99)
 RS22
              02
                               02
 RS23
              02
                               02
```

- 2. Specify whether you want to use multiple jobs for the restore process. Using multiple jobs can reduce the time it takes to perform the restore. Specify Y if you want the to use multiple jobs. Specify N to use a single job for the restore process. If you select to use a single job for the restore, press Enter and return to the build Restore Job panel. If you select to perform the restore process using multiple jobs you must also specify a prefix to use for the job names and the LPARs where the jobs can run.
- **3**. In the **Multijob Prefix** field specify a 1 to 6 character prefix that will be used to generate a job name for each of the multiple jobs. Each job name will begin with this prefix followed by a number from 01-99. If this value is not specified, then the prefix is taken from the first 6 characters of the main job's name. The

	first character specified for the Multijob Prefix option must begin with either an alphabetic character or a national symbol (#, $@$ , or \$) so that when the job name is generated it will be a valid $z/OS$ job name.
4.	You specify the LPARS where you want the multiple jobs to run in the <b>Multijob LPAR list</b> fields. When specifying the LPARS for the multiple job restore:
	• To allow for workload balancing you can specify the same LPAR more than once in the LPAR list. For example, you might specify in the LPAR list:
	– LPAR1
	– LPAR2
	– LPAR3
	– LPAR1
	• When defining the LPAR list, you will need to consider the total number of tape drives that are available to each LPAR and the total number of tape drives that are required for processing if the maximum number of jobs are submitted to complete the offload. To calculate the maximum number of tape drives you multiple the maximum number of jobs by the maximum number of tasks for each LPAR, and then add all the values. In the Multijob Options panel example, the maximum number of jobs is 8 (2x2+2x2).
	• The main job that controls the distribution of the multijobs to the specified LPARs will also control the distribution of the volumes required for the recovery.
5.	Specify the LPAR name in the <b>LPAR Name</b> field. The LPAR name can be from 1 to 8 characters. You can specify a single asterisk (*) to indicate that all the jobs are to be run on the same LPAR as the main job.
6.	Specify a 2 digit number from 01-99 in the <b>Max Jobs</b> field. This number indicates the maximum number of jobs that can be submitted to run on the LPAR. The main job will submit multiple jobs to the specified LPAR until this limit is reached. When this limit is reached, if more jobs are needed, the main job will move to the next LPAR list entry. The default value is 4.
7.	Specify a 2 digit number from 01-99 in the <b>Max Tasks</b> field. This number specifies the maximum number of tasks that are to be created in each multijob. When the multijob is submitted, it will create as many tasks as are needed, up to this limit, to perform offload or restore processing. The default value is 4.
8.	Press Enter.

# Renaming the disaster recovery profile

You can use the Rename line command to change the name, creator, or description of a disaster recovery profile.

# About this task

You can rename profiles created under your user ID, regardless of the value assigned to the Update Option field. You can also rename a profile created by another user if the profile has the value of the Update Option field set to Update (U).

# Procedure

1. From the Disaster Recovery Profile Display panel specify **R** in the **Cmd** line next to the profile that you want to rename. Press **Enter**. The Rename Disaster Recovery Profile panel opens.

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- 2. The **New Profile Creator** field is automatically filled with the user ID that created the profile. If you have been granted permission, you can change the user ID in the New Profile Creator field. Permission to change the creator user ID is granted using the ADMIN\_USERID parameter in the SYSPARM library.
- 3. To rename the profile, specify a new name in the New Profile Name field.
- 4. To change the profile description, specify a new description in the **New Profile Description** field.
- 5. Press Enter. The profile is updated.

# Creating the secondary disaster recovery profile

Creating a secondary disaster recovery profile is only necessary if you are using the continuous archive log transfer method of recovery. Only a primary profile is needed for a consistent point-in-time recovery.

The secondary disaster recovery profile must be built using nearly the same specifications as those used in the primary profile with the following exceptions:

- Force a checkpoint before Archiving: This value should be set to N in the secondary profile.
- Force the Active log to Archive: This value should be set to N in the secondary profile.
- Only run Archive Log Update Process: The value in this field must be set to Y in the secondary profile.

The following screen shows the settings for a secondary profile:

```
RCVYXPRT V3R1 ---- Update Disaster Recovery Profile ---- 2016/01/14 16:17:27
Option ===>
_____
Creator: TUSER Name: TEST
                                                                              User: TUSER
 Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description:
DB2 Subsystem: B71D
               -----
                                                             -----
Disaster Recovery Method ==> S (Image copy/System backup)
Archive Logs used at DR ==> C (Copied/1/2)
Copy Localsite Logs ==> B (1/2/Both/Create 2 copies from 1)
Force a checkpoint before Archiving ==> Y (Yes/No)
Force the Active log to Archive ==> Y (Yes/No)
Only run Archive Log Update Process ==> N (Yes/No)
Only Fun Archive Log opdate Process--> N(Tes/NO)Process Datasharing Subsystems==> A(All,Ssid,Lpar)Archive Logs needed at DR==> 014 (days) and/or 000 (hours)Copy Archive Logs to DASD==> 007 (days) and/or 000 (hours)Unit for copying Archive Logs==> CARTDR Archive Log Prefix 1==> B71D.ARCHLOG1.DRDR Archive Log Prefix 2==> B71D.ARCHLOG2.DR
 Image copy Options
 Image Copies (or SLB) used at DR ==> R (Localsite/Recoverysite)
 Catalog x days of Image Copies at DR==> 007 (0-365)
```

# Creating application recovery jobs

If you have elected to restore a DB2 system using DB2 image copies, you need to be sure that you have created recovery jobs for all of the applications.

There are many options for creating the recovery jobs. The jobs can be created using DB2 Recovery Expert application profiles. See Chapter 11, "Recovering database objects," on page 289 for more information. The jobs can also be created

using the DB2 Automation Tool. There is also recovery JCL created during the profile build process. This JCL is automatically shipped to the remote site when the PDS created by building profiles is shipped.

# Building disaster recovery jobs

After you define a disaster recovery profile, you must build from the profile a series of jobs that can be used to restore a DB2 subsystem at a remote site.

# About this task

The process of building the jobs from the primary disaster recovery profile should be a regularly scheduled batch job. Disaster recovery profile jobs can only be built using the batch build process.

The build should be scheduled as frequently as you want to establish a point of consistency for recovery. This can be daily or weekly depending on recovery objectives. The output from the build job is a PDS containing the JCL necessary to recover the DB2 subsystem at the remote site.

**Note:** A PDS/E should be used to hold the output from the build jobs. This eliminates the need to frequently compress the output data set.

If you have selected to restore your DB2 system from system level backup, when the primary profile is built, DB2 Recovery Expert performs the following tasks:

- 1. Restores the DB2 Recovery Expert repository at the disaster recovery site.
- 2. Restores the DB2 volumes from the most recent offloaded system backup.
- **3**. Copies the archive logs.
- 4. Rebuilds the BSDS for use at the disaster recovery site. The PDS that contains the disaster recovery jobs and control records will contain the contents of the BSDS. This eliminates the need to mount tapes at the recovery site to build the BSDS.

If you have selected to restore your DB2 system from DB2 image copies, when the primary profile is built, DB2 Recovery Expert performs the following tasks:

- 1. Searches the catalog and finds all appropriate image copies that will be needed at the recovery site.
- 2. Generates control cards to catalog the image copies at the DR site.
- **3**. Creates the copies and the archive logs to be used at the DR site if requested in the profile.
- 4. Generates an updated BSDS for use at the DR site with the copied archive log names and stores the resulting file in the PDS to be shipped to the recovery site. The PDS that contains the DR jobs and control records will contain the contents of the BSDS. This eliminates the need to mount tapes at the recovery site to build the BSDS. Also, the BSDS is updated with the new archive log name created if the archive logs were copied.
- 5. Generates IDCAMS control cards to delete all table space and index space data sets and to create all user-defined table spaces at the DR site. It uses the current table space and index space data set attributes to ensure that the data sets are created with the same attributes at the DR site. The PDS is now ready to be shipped to the recovery site along with the application image copies and the newly created copies of the archive logs.

**Note:** A copy of the BSDS is created prior to any updates by DB2 Recovery Expert. The original BSDS is never updated by DB2 Recovery Expert.

The PDS is now ready to be shipped to the recovery site along with the application image copies and the newly created copies of the archive logs.

# Procedure

1. From the Disaster Recovery Profile Display panel, specify B in the **Cmd** line next to the profile for which you want to build a recovery job and press Enter. The Build Job panel opens.

```
Build Job for TUSER.TEST

Build Online or Batch B (Batch)

Edit Generated Job Y (Yes/No)

Build job in Dataset TUSER.DAH.TEST

Member TESTRBRD

Job Cards:

==> //0BJREST JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

2. Complete the fields on this panel.

#### **Build Online or Batch**

For disaster recovery profiles, B(atch) is the only option allowed.

#### **Edit Generated Job**

Enter Y if you want to edit the job after it has been generated. The job appears in an edit session after it has been generated. If you type N, after job generation the Disaster Recovery Profile Display screen reappears.

## Build job in Dataset

Enter the fully qualified data set name (without quotes) where you want to save the generated job. This data set must already exist.

**Note:** Multiple subsystems' disaster recovery jobs can be generated to the same PDS. The DB2 SSID prefixes all recovery job members.

#### Member

If the data set to hold the generated job is a PDS, enter a member name for the job output here. If the member does not exist, DB2 Recovery Expert will create it.

### Job Cards

Enter a valid job card for your site.

**3**. When you finish entering data in this panel, press Enter. The following panel opens:

```
Build Job for TUSER.TEST

You have selected your job to be built in batch mode. The

batch generation JCL will be stored in dataset

TUSER.DAH.TEST

Please specify in the dataset below where you want the

JCL built by the batch module to be placed.

Build job in Dataset TUSER.DAH2.TEST

Jobcard data to be used on the generated job:

==> //JOBCARD JOB TUSER,CLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

==> //*

==> //*
```

4. From the Build Job panel, type in the data set name (and member name, if the data set is a PDS) to hold the utility job that will be generated by the batch JCL job. You must also enter a valid job card to be included in the utility JCL. Press Enter to process the job.

**Note:** During the build process, user-defined spaces that are migrated generate a message and a return code 12. You can add a parameter to the ARY@BULD EXEC statement to define an alternate return code value for any user defined table spaces or index spaces that are migrated. This does not affect any objects defined in the catalog or directory (DSNDB06 and DSNDB01); if these objects are migrated, the return code 12 cannot be overridden. To use this feature, add the following to the ARY@BULD program EXEC statement: PARM='USERMIG=nn'

Where *nn* is the return code.

For example, to set the return code to "06" when user spaces are migrated: //ARY@BULD EXEC PGM=ARY@BULD,REGION=0008M,PARM='USERMIG=06'

5. Ship the disaster recovery PDS that is created to the remote disaster recovery site.

# Sample JCL generated from a system level backup primary profile

This section shows a sample of the JCL that is generated from system level backup primary profile. When this job is run at the local site, it will generate the jobs that can be used to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote site.

```
//** *
//* *
//* Step: ARY@BULD *
//* *
//* Desc: This job will generate the JCL for DR profile
//* PAOLOR6.D9CGIC in a batch mode. *
//* The generated job will be placed in data set *
//* PAOLOR6.SLB.JCL. *
//* *
//* Return Codes: *
//* *
//* *
//* (00) - Disaster Recovery Jobs built successfully *
//* (12) - Problem occurred during the DR build process
//* *
//* Run ARY DR Build *
```

```
//ARY@BULD EXEC PGM=ARY@BULD,REGION=006M
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=Vvvv.SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=Vvvv.SDSNLOAD
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.DB2PARMS.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.OFFOPTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. BREPORT
//ISPFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.SLB.JCL
//ISPLOG DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(RECFM=VA,LRECL=125,BLKSIZE=129)
//ISPWRK1 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(CYL,(30,30)),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=1330)
//ARYERROR DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYDEBUG DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#DATA DD *
DISASTER RECOVERY ( -
DB2 SUBSYSTEM D9C1 -
GEN_TO_DATASET PAOLOR6.SLB.JCL -
PROFILE NAME 'D9CGSLB' -
PROFILE CREATOR PAOLOR6 -
EXECUTION LIB 1 ARY.V2R1MO.SARYLOAD -
JOB CARD 1 1 //PAOLOR62 JOB (XXX,POK),DRJOB2,CLASS=A,' -
JOB_CARD_1_2 'MSGCLASS=X' -
JOB CARD 2 1 '/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=SC63' -
JOB CARD 3 1 '//*' -
JOB_CARD_4_1 '//*' -
)
//*
```

The following shows the syntax of the input control cards:

```
//ARY#DATA DD *
DISASTER RECOVERY ( -
DB2 SUBSYSTEM D9C1 -
USER INDICATOR ARY -
PROFILE_NAME 'D9CGSLB'
PROFILE CREATOR PAOLOR6 -
EXECUTION LIB 1 ARY.V2R1MO.SARYLOAD -
GEN TO DATASET PAOLOR6.SLB.JCL -
JOB CARD 1 1 '//PAOLOR62 JOB (XXX,POK),DRJOB2,CLASS=A,' -
JOB CARD 1 2 'MSGCLASS=X' -
JOB_CARD_2_1 '/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=SC63' -
JOB_CARD_3_1 '//*' -
JOB_CARD_4_1 '//*' -
BPROF DSN ARY.PROFILES -
BOFFL DSN ARY.OFFOPTS -
BPMAP DSN ARY.PROFILE.MAPS -
BPCAT DSN ARY.PROFILE.CATS -
SBACK DSN ARY.SYSBACK -
SBOBJ DSN ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS -
SBVOL DSN ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS -
SBSSD_DSN ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS -
BREPT DSN ARY.BREPORT
POBJS DSN ARY.OBJECTS -
PARML DSN ARY.ARY320.SARYSAMP -
PARML MEMBER ARY#PARM -
DB2CNTL DSN ARY.DB2PARMS.CONTROL -
```

# Sample JCL generated from an image copy primary profile

This section shows a sample of the JCL that is generated from an image copy primary profile. When this job is run at the local site, it will generate the jobs that can be used to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote site.

```
//** * *
          * * * * * * * * * *
//* *
//* Step: ARY@BULD *
//* *
//* Desc: This job will generate the JCL for DR profile
//* PAOLOR6.D9CGIC in a batch mode. *
//* The generated job will be placed in data set *
//* PAOLOR6.IC.JCL. *
//* *
//* Return Codes: *
//* *
//* *
//* (00) - Disaster Recovery Jobs built successfully *
//* (12) - Problem occurred during the DR build process
//* *
//* Run ARY DR Build *
//ARY@BULD EXEC PGM=ARY@BULD,REGION=006M
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=vvv.SDSNEXIT
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=vvv.SDSNLOAD
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.DB2PARMS.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.OFFOPTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY.BREPORT
//ISPFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL
//ISPLOG DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(RECFM=VA,LRECL=125,BLKSIZE=129)
//ISPWRK1 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(CYL,(30,30)),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=1330)
//ARYERROR DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYDEBUG DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#DATA DD *
DISASTER RECOVERY ( -
DB2 SUBSYSTEM D9C1 -
GEN TO DATASET PAOLOR6.IC.JCL -
PROFILE_NAME 'D9CGIC' -
PROFILE CREATOR PAOLOR6 -
EXECUTION LIB 1 ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD -
JOB CARD 1 1 //PAOLOR62 JOB (XXX,POK),DRJOB2,CLASS=A,' -
JOB_CARD_1_2 'MSGCLASS=X' -
JOB CARD 2 1 '/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=SC63' -
JOB CARD 3 1 '//*' -
JOB_CARD_4_1 '//*' -
)
//*
```

The following shows the syntax of the input control cards:

```
//ARY#DATA DD *
DISASTER RECOVERY ( -
DB2 SUBSYSTEM D9C1 -
USER INDICATOR ARY -
PROFILE NAME 'D9CGIC' -
PROFILE CREATOR PAOLOR6 -
EXECUTION LIB 1 ARY.V2R1MO.SARYLOAD -
GEN TO DATASET PAOLOR6.IC.JCL -
JOB_CARD_1_1 '//PAOLOR62 JOB (XXX,POK),DRJOB2,CLASS=A,' -
JOB_CARD_1_2 'MSGCLASS=X' -
JOB CARD 2 1 '/*JOBPARM SYSAFF=SC63' -
JOB CARD 3 1 '//*' -
JOB CARD 4 1 '//*' -
BPROF DSN ARY.PROFILES -
BOFFL DSN ARY.OFFOPTS -
BPMAP DSN ARY.PROFILE.MAPS -
BPCAT DSN ARY.PROFILE.CATS -
SBACK DSN ARY.SYSBACK -
SBOBJ_DSN ARY.SYSBACK.OBJS -
SBVOL_DSN ARY.SYSBACK.VOLS -
SBSSD DSN ARY.SYSBACK.SSIDS -
BREPT_DSN ARY.BREPORT -
POBJS DSN ARY.OBJECTS -
PARML DSN ARY.ARY320.SARYSAMP -
PARML MEMBER ARY#PARM -
DB2CNTL DSN ARY.DB2PARMS.CONTROL -
)
//*
```

# Building the secondary profile

The process of building the secondary disaster recovery profile should be a regularly scheduled batch job.

When the secondary profile is built, the disaster recovery batch job that is produced simply updates the archive log and backs up and rebuilds the BSDS. The build should be scheduled as often as practical to achieve the goal of adding the archive logs to the recovery list as soon as they are created. You should specify that the output of the secondary profile build be directed to the same PDS as was specified for the associated primary profile build.

Note: Disaster recovery profiles can only be built using the batch build process.

# Recovering at the remote site from system level backups

This task details the steps that are required to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote using the contents of the DB2 Recovery Expert system level backup disaster recovery PDS.

# About this task

The following steps describe and also show real job output for a successful system level restore using DB2 Recovery Expert.

# Procedure

- 1. Ensure that the following preparatory steps are completed:
  - The z/OS catalog is available (or has already been restored) at the recovery site.

- In the disaster recovery example that follows, we assume that the volumes at the remote site have been initialized with the same volume serial numbers (VOLID) as the ones used at the local site.
- **2**. The first job to run at the disaster recovery site is job ssid#JC1. This job performs the following steps:
  - **a**. Defines the DB2 Recovery Expert data repository files. The following is a sample of the JCL:

b. Loads the DB2 Recovery Expert data repository files required for disaster recovery processing. The following shows a sample of the JCL:

//\* //\* Disaster Recovery Load Repository Records //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\* //REPOLOAD EXEC PGM=ARY#YMCR,REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.CONTROL //ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILES //ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.OFF0PTS //ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILE.MAPS //ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILE.CATS //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSTEST. ARY320. SYSBACK //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.OBJS //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSTEST. ARY320. SYSBACK. VOLS //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.SSIDS //ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.BREPORT //ARY#RPOI DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(ARYREPOD) The following shows the output from the system backup offload job run at the local site. DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Backup Summary Report Utility Executed:..... Restore Profile Name:.... PAOLOR6.D9C1 DB2 Subsystem:..... D9C1 DB2 Version:..... 0910 Restore Type:.... Offload Restored:..... Object Data Only Nbr of Volumes:..... 0010 Backup RBA:..... 00000000C20DC63434CC

DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Backup Volume Detail Report <--DB2 Source Volume-->

Volser Ucb# Sym# Devtyp Restored From Filename File SB0X5B D900 0000 3390-9 PA0L0R6.D9C1.D066.0FFL0D1.P.SB0X7J

```
SBOX5R D902 0000 3390-9 PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7H 004
SBOX5S DA02 0000 3390-9 PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7A 005
SBOX5T DB02 0000 3390-9 PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1.P.SBOX7B 005
```

c. Invokes the DB2 Recovery Expert job to restore the volume backups from tape. The following shows the JCL that is run for this step:

```
//*
//**
//*
//*
              ARYREST
    Step:
//*
    Desc:
//*
              This step will invoke the System Restore job.
//*
//*
              When this job is complete, DB2 can be restarted. If
              you did not restore the DB2 logs, you will need to
//*
//*
              respond Yes to the WTOR:
              XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION
//*
//*
              //*
//**
    *
//*
//ARYREST EXEC PGM=ARY@MAIN,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB
//
//
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSTEST. ARY320. CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR.DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.OFF0PTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSTEST. ARY320. SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSTEST. ARY320.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.BREPORT
//ARY#REPT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
//ARYSNAPO DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY#PARM DD DISP=SHR,
          DSN=RSTEST.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYSAMP(ARY#PARM)
11
//ARYIN
          DD *
   RESTORE "PAOLOR6"."D9C1 FULL MODE DB2"
          GENERATION 02
          DATE 03/06/2016
          TIME 13:09:35
          FROM-OFFLOAD
          RESTORE-TO-VOLSERS
          RESTORE-LOGS
/*
```

//\*

**Note:** There are two keywords that you might want to add to the ARYIN DD \* statement:

- RESTORE-TO-VOLSERS: You should add this keyword if your UCBs at the disaster recovery site do not match the UCBs at your local site. More specifically, if the UCBs at the disaster recovery site are not formatted with the same VOLSERS as were used at your local site (the case for most customers) this keyword is needed. Otherwise, it can be removed.
- RESTORE-LOGS: If the system backup being used for restore contains the LOGS (either archive or active), adding this keyword will cause the

volumes containing the log data to be restored. You would add this keyword if you do not want to apply any additional log records after the system backup.

The following shows the output from this step that restores the volume's backups from tape:

ARYS001I -DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS Starting. Version V3R2 ARYS162I - Parmlib used for this execution ARYS003I - Control Cards: ARYS004I - RESTORE PAOLOR6.D9C1 ARYS004I - GENERATION 02 ARYS004I - DATE 03/06/2016 ARYS004I - TIME 13:09:40 ARYS004I - RECOVERY-SITE ARYS004I - FROM-OFFLOAD ARYS123I - Backup PAOLOR6.D9C1 generation 02 was read from the repository. ARYS013I - Backup profile PAOLOR6.D9C1 was read from the repository. ARYS038I - Performing profile volume map validation... ARYS146I - Removing volser SBOX5C from this restore. It contains only log data ARYS146I - Removing volser SBOX5K from this restore. It contains only log data ARYS146I - Removing volser SBOX5D from this restore. It contains only log data ARYS146I - Removing volser SBOX5E from this restore. It contains only log data ARYS039I - Volume map validation complete. ARYS137I - Varying volumes offline. ARYS136I - Disconnecting user catalogs. ARYS217I - User catalog UCAT.DB9CDATA disconnected. ARYS217I - User catalog UCAT.DB9CLOGS disconnected. ARYS217I - User catalog UCAT.VSB0X01 disconnected. ARYS137I - Varying volumes online. ARYS004I - Restoring volumes from offloaded backup... ARYS277I - Task 02 - Volser SBOX5B was restored from PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1. ARYS277I - Task 01 - Volser SBOX5I was restored from PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1. ARYS277I - Task 02 - Volser SBOX5J was restored from PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1. • • ARYS277I - Task 02 - Volser SBOX5T was restored from PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1. ARYS277I - Task 01 - Volser SBOX5U was restored from PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1. ARYS277I - Task 02 - Volser SBOX5V was restored from PAOLOR6.D9C1.D066.OFFLOD1. ARYS002I - DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS complete. RC=000. d. Issues IDCAMS DELETE to delete all BSDS and active log data sets. The following is a sample of the input JCL: //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Delete Noscratch DB2 BSDS and //\* Active Log Datasets //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\* //D9C1DELC EXEC PGM=IDCAMS, REGION=006M //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\*
```
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(D9C1DELC)
//*
//*
```

The following steps show the output from deleting the BSDS and log data sets.

IDCAMS SYSTEM SERVICES DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01') IDC0550I ENTRY (D) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01.DATA DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (I) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01.INDEX DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (C) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01 DELETED IDC0001I FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0 DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02') IDC0550I ENTRY (D) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02.DATA DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (I) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02.INDEX DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (C) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02 DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (C) DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02 DELETED IDC0001I FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0 DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.L0GCOPY1.DS01') IDC0550I ENTRY (D) DB9CL.D9C1.L0GCOPY1.DS01.DATA DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (C) DB9CL.D9C1.L0GCOPY1.DS01.DATA DELETED IDC0550I ENTRY (C) DB9CL.D9C1.L0GCOPY1.DS01 DELETED IDC0001I FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0

e. Define the DB2 active log and BSDS data sets with the proper allocations. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

//**	* *	* :	* *	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
//*																																*
//*	Disa	aste	er	Re	c٥١	er	٠y	A1	10	DCa	ate	e [	DB2	D	at	a	se	ets	5													*
//*	1.	. I	Boo	t	Str	rap	D	)at	a	se	ets	5																				*
//*	2.	. /	Act	iv	e L	.og	JS																									*
//*																																*
//*	Retu	ırn	Со	de	s:	6	) -	- 5	Suc	cce	ess	sfi	u1																			*
//*																																*
//**	* *	* :	* *	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
//*																																*
//D90	C1ALI	_C	EXE	С	PGN	1= I	[DC	CAM	1S ,	, RE	EGI	[0]	N=0	006	М																	
//SYS	SPRIM	I TV	DD	SY	SOL	JT=	=*																									
//SYS	SOUT	I	DD	SY	SOL	JT=	*																									
//SYS	SIN	I	DD	DI	SP=	SF	HR,	, DS	SN=	=P/	104	_0	R6.	AR	YJ	OB	SS.	D9	9C.	ι.[	DR (	(D9	9C1	1AI	LL(	2)						
//*																																
//*																																

The following statements show the output of defining the active logs and BSDS data sets.

```
IDCAMS SYSTEM SERVICES
DEFINE CLUSTER -
( NAME ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01')REUSE -
RECORDSIZE(4089 4089) -
FREESPACE(0 20) -
KEYS(4 0) -
CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(04096) -
STORAGECLASS(DB9CLOG1) -
MANAGEMENTCLASS (MCDB22) -
VOLUMES(SBOX5F)
TRACKS(00000078,00000002) -
SHAREOPTIONS(2 3) ) -
DATA -
( NAME ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01.DATA') ) -
INDEX -
( NAME ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01.INDEX') ) -
IDC0508I DATA ALLOCATION STATUS FOR VOLUME SB0X5E IS 0
IDC0509I INDEX ALLOCATION STATUS FOR VOLUME SB0X5E IS 0
IDC01811 STORAGECLASS USED IS DB9CLOG1
IDC0181I MANAGEMENTCLASS USED IS MCDB22
IDC00011 FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0
```

f. Ensure that all image copies needed at the disaster recovery site are cataloged. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

```
//*
//*
   Disaster Recovery Catalog Image Copies
//*
     1. Make sure all image copies needed at DR are cataloged
//*
//*
   Return Codes: 0 - Successful
//*
//** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
//*
//D9C1CATL EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=006M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
        DD SYSOUT=*
         DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(D9C1CATL)
//SYSIN
//*
//*
```

g. Rebuilds the BSDS from the 80-byte record file, placing it back into 4089-byte records. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

```
//*
//*
   Disaster Recovery Rebuild Boot Strap Dataset into 4080 byte recs *
//*
//*
   Return Codes: 0 - Successful
//*
//*
//D9C1RBSR EXEC PGM=ARY@YRBS,REGION=006M
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB
//
        DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD
11
//BSDS#IN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(D9C1BSDS)
//BSDS#OUT DD DSN=&BSDS,DISP=(NEW,PASS,DELETE),
11
          UNIT=3390,SPACE=(TRK,(10,10),RLSE),
11
          DCB=(RECFM=V,LRECL=4093)
//*
```

h. Restores the BSDS by placing the 4089-byte records into a VSAM file. The following sample shows the input JCL:

```
//*
//*
    Disaster Recovery Copy Boot Strap Data set into VSAM data sets
//*
//*
    Return Codes: 0 - Successful
//*
//** * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
                            * * * * * * * * * * *
//*
//D9C1CPBS EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//BSDSI
         DD DSN=&BSDS,DISP=(OLD,DELETE,DELETE)
         DD DISP=SHR,DSN=D9C1LOG.BSDS01
//BSDS1
//BSDS2
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=D9C1L0G.BSDS02
//SYSIN
         DD *
   REPRO INFILE(BSDSI) OUTFILE(BSDS1) REUSE
   REPRO INFILE(BSDSI) OUTFILE(BSDS2) REUSE
//*
The following steps show the IDCAMS output for the restore of the BSDS.
IDCAMS SYSTEM SERVICES
REPRO INFILE(BSDSI) OUTFILE(BSDS1) REUSE
IDC0005I NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED WAS 777
IDC00011 FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0
REPRO INFILE(BSDSI) OUTFILE(BSDS2) REUSE
```

IDC0005I NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED WAS 777 IDC00011 FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0 IDC0002I IDCAMS PROCESSING COMPLETE. MAXIMUM CONDITION CODE WAS 0 i. Creates a conditional restart. The following is a sample of the input JCL: //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Create Conditional Restart Control Record //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\*\* \* //\* //D9C1CRCR EXEC PGM=DSNJU003,REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB  $\prod$ 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSUT1 DD DISP=SHR.DSN=I9B2LOG.BSDS01 //SYSUT2 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=I9B2LOG.BSDS02 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(D9C1CRCR) //SYSIN //\* The following statements show the conditional restart record creation output. DSNJCNVB CONVERSION PROGRAM HAS RUN DDNAME=SYSUT1 DSNJCNVB CONVERSION PROGRAM HAS RUN DDNAME=SYSUT2 CRESTART CREATE, SYSPITR=C20DCC61FA97, FORWARD=YES, BACKOUT=YES DSNJ408I DSNRJFCK CHECKPOINT RBA FOUND, RBA = 0000126F8B90, TIME = 22:45:09 MAR DSNJ4111 DSNRJRCR CRESTART CREATE FOR CRCRID = 0006, DDNAME = SYSUT1 DSNJ408I DSNRJFCK CHECKPOINT RBA FOUND, RBA = 0000126F8B90, TIME = 22:45:09 MAR DSNJ4111 DSNRJRCR CRESTART CREATE FOR CRCRID = 0006, DDNAME = SYSUT2 DSNJ225I CRESTART OPERATION COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY DSNJ200I DSNJU003 CHANGE LOG INVENTORY UTILITY PROCESSING COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY

**Note:** Notice that this is a different type from the image copy disaster recovery method. It is a SYSPITR (system point in time record).

j. Prints the contents of the BSDS. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

//\*\* \* //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Print the Boot Strap Dataset 1 //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\* //D9C1PRNT EXEC PGM=DSNJU004,REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD 11 // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD // //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSUT1 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=I9B2LOG.BSDS01 //\* k. Uncatalogs the tape archive logs. The following is a sample of the input ICL: //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Uncatalog Archive Logs on Tape

1. Copies the uncataloged tape archive logs to DASD and catalogs them. This step speeds the recoveries at the disaster recovery site because the tape logs will be copied to disk and all recovers that apply the log will use the disk copy instead of the tape copy. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

```
//*
//*
   Disaster Recovery Copy Archive Logs from Tape to DASD
//*
//* Return Codes: 0 - Successful
//*
//** *
              * * * * * * *
                          * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
//*
//D9C1YCPL EXEC PGM=ARY@YCPL,REGION=006M
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB
11
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD
11
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ARY@CNTL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(D9C1CPYL)
```

- 3. Change your remote site DSNZPARM settings as follows:
  - a. Change RESTART to DEFER.
  - b. Set the site as local or recovery.
  - **c**. Change the SYSADM and SYSOPR user IDs to the user ID that will be recovering the DB2 catalog.
- 4. Delete the structures in the XCF.

### Note:

- If you are RESTORING two members in a data sharing environment, deleting the LCA and LOCK structures in the coupling facility is very important.
- DB2 Recovery Expert automatically resets the CF structures before RESTORE in data sharing.
- 5. Start DB2 using the new reassembled DSNZPARMs. It is recommended that DB2 be started with ACCESS(MAINT). In a data sharing member, ensure that you start all the DB2 members.
- **6.** Reply to conditional restart message. For each DB2 subsystem, reply Y to the outstanding message. The following statements show the responses to a CRCR outstanding message:

448 DSNJ245I -D9C2 CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION AT LRSN C20D7649C742. REPLY Y TO CONTINUE, N TO CANCEL R 448,Y

7. Run job ssid#JC2. This job executes the IBM RESTORE SYSTEM LOGONLY utility. Since the DB2 object data sets were restored from the system level backup, this utility applies log records to all objects in the system to restore them to the most recent point available at the disaster recovery site. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

//\*\* \* //\* //\* Profile: PAOLOR6.D9C1 DR 02 of 03 //\* Job: //\* Desc: //\* User: PAOLOR6 Monday June 14, 2016 //\* Date: 14:14:15.21 //\* Time: //\* //\*\* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Step: ARYLOG //\* This step will invoke the IBM DSNUTILB stand alone //\* Desc: //\* utility to Restore the System Logs. //\* //\* DB2 must be up and you must have responded Yes to the //\* WTOR: //\* XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION //\* AT RBA XXXXXXXXXXX. REPLY Y OR N //\* //\*\* //\* //ARYLOG EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB, REGION=006M, PARM=(19A2,) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE. DSN. V910. SDSNLOAD 11 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* DD \* //SYSIN RESTORE SYSTEM LOGONLY /\*

8. Run job ssid#JC3. This job is used to force application table spaces to start in RW mode. This job starts all application table spaces in the DB2 subsystem with read-write access. While optional, we recommend this job. If any table space is not in RW mode, the recovery will fail. The following is a sample of the input JCL:

//\*\* //\* //\* Profile: PAOLOR6.D9C1 DR //\* Job: 03 of 03 //\* Desc: PAOLOR6 //\* User: //\* Monday June 14, 2016 Date: //\* Time: 14:14:15.11 //\* //\*\* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Step: //\* //\* This job is an optional Disaster Recovery job. This Desc: //\* job is to be run after the DB2 Subsystem has been //\* started and the DB2 Catalog and Directory have been //\* recovered. //\* //\* This step will start all spaces in the entire DB2 //\* subsystem in RW (Read Write) mode. If any spaces //\* have an invalid status pending, the recovery of that //\* object will fail and your recovery job will be //\* terminated. Starting all spaces in RW mode will

//\* ensure that the your application recovery job will //\* not fail and require a utility restart. //\* //\*\* //\* //\* 11 EXEC PGM=IKJEFT1A, REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD // 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.V910.SDSNLOAD //SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSTSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.ARYJOBS.D9C1.DR(D9C1STRF)

**9**. If you started DB2 with ACCESS MAINT, stop DB2 and restart it using normal access. You need to do this for each member in a data sharing environment.

# Contents of a system level backup disaster recovery PDS

If you are restoring a DB2 subsystem using a system level backup, when the disaster recovery job that was created is built in batch and submitted, the following members are generated and appear in the specified output PDS.

Member name	Description	Comments
ssID#JC1	This job includes the recovery JCL that will be used to restore the subsystem at the remote site using a system level backup.	<ul> <li>This job contains the following steps:</li> <li>Step REPODFN - an IDCAMS step to define the VSAM files needed by DB2 Recovery Expert. It uses member ARYREPOC. It defines the following VSAM data sets: DB2PARMS, PROFILES, OFFOPTS, PROFILE.MAPS, PROFILE.CATS, SYSBACK, SYSBACK.OBJS, SYSBACK.VOLS, SYSBACK.SSIDS, and REPORT.</li> </ul>
		• Step REPOLOAD - invokes DB2 Recovery Expert program ARY#YMCR to load the repository records. It uses member ARYREPOD.
		• Step ARYREST - This step invokes the DB2 Recovery Export restore system utility using the system level backup.
		• Step ssidDELC - an IDCAMS step to DELETE the BSDS and ACTIVE LOG data sets for both data sharing members. It uses member ssidDELC.
		• Step ssidALLC - an IDCAMS step to DEFINE the BSDS and ACTIVE LOG data sets. It uses member ssidALLC.
		• Step ssidCATL- an ICAMS step to verify that all IC data sets are cataloged at the disaster recovery site. It uses member ssidCATL.
		• Step ssidRBSR- invokes a DB2 Recovery Expert program, ARY@YRBS, to rebuild the BSDS into 4,080-byte records. It uses member ssidBSDS.
		• Step ssidCRCR - an IDCAMS step that performs a REPRO to insert the BSDS data created in the previous step, ssidRBSR, into the two BSDS data sets.

Table 23. Contents of a system level backup disaster recovery PDS

Member name	Description	Comments
		• Step ssidPRNT- invokes DSNJU004 to print the contents of the BSDS for member ssid.
		• Step ssidRBSR - invokes a DB2 Recovery Expert program, ARY@YRBS, to rebuild the BSDS into 4,080-byte records. It uses member ssidBSDS.
		• Step D9C2CPBS - an IDCAMS step that performs a REPRO to insert the BSDS data created in the previous step, ssidRBSR, into the two BSDS data sets.
		• Step ssid2CRCR - invokes DSNJU003 to create a CRCR in the BSDS. It uses member ssidCRCR. This is for the second DB2 member ssid2.
		• Step ssidDELA - an IDCAMS step to delete the ARCHIVE data sets on tape.
		• Step ssid22YCPL - invokes the DB2 Recovery Expert program, ARY@YCPL, to copy the archives logs from tape to DASD. It uses member ssidCPYL.
ssid#JC2	RESTORE SYSTEM with the LOGONLY option.	This step invokes the IBM DSNUTILB stand-alone utility to restore the system logs. DB2 must be up and you must have responded yes to the WTOR: XXXX CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION AT RBA XXXXXXXXXXX. REPLY Y OR N
ssid#JC3	Restarts all the DB2 spaces in RW mode.	This job is optional. This disaster recovery job can be run after the DB2 subsystem has been started and the DB2 catalog and directory have been successfully restored. Although optional, we recommend running this job. It uses member ssidSTRF.
ARYREPOC	Defines clusters for DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.	This member contains all the IDCAMS DEFINE CLUSTERs for the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.
ARYREPOD	Controls records (data) for the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.	This member is a data file containing the data that is loaded into the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.
ssidALLC	Defines the VSAM clusters for the DB2 catalog and directory, BSDS, active logs, and user-defined VCAT spaces.	This member is used by job ssid#JC1.
ssidBSDS	Contains a copy of the bootstrap data set in 80-byte records.	This member is used by job ssid#JC1.
ssidCATL	Contains the control cards for cataloging the image copies at the recovery site.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.

Table 23. Contents of a system level backup disaster recovery PDS (continued)

Member name	Description	Comments
ssidCPYL	Contains the control cards for copying the archive logs from the tape to the recovery site.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1. It is a list of all the archive logs that will be copied to disk.
ssidCRCR	Contains the control card for creating the system point- in-time conditional restart.	This member is called twice in ssID#JC1. It is called once for each DB2 member.
ssidDELA	Contains the control cards to delete the archive logs (with the NOSCRATCH option) from the recovery site z/OS catalog. Those logs are on tape and will be copied to DASD, then cataloged.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.
ssidDELC	Contains the control cards to uncatalog the active logs and BSDS at the disaster site if they exist.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.
ssidSTRF	Contains the control cards for starting application table spaces in the DB2 subsystem with RW access.	This member is used by job ssID#JC3.
ssid2BSDS	Contains a copy of the bootstrap data set in 80 byte records.	This member is used by job ssid#JC1. This is for the second DB2 member, ssid2.

Table 23. Contents of a system level backup disaster recovery PDS (continued)

# Recovering at the remote site using DB2 image copies

This task details the steps that are required to recover a DB2 subsystem at a remote using the contents of the DB2 Recovery Expert DB2 image copies disaster recovery PDS.

### About this task

The following steps describe and also show real job output for a successful image copy restore using DB2 Recovery Expert.

### Procedure

- 1. Ensure that the following preparatory steps are completed:
  - If an ICF catalog does not already exist at the recovery site, run the job DSNTIJCA to create a user catalog.
  - Use the access method services import command to import the ICF catalogs.
  - Restore DB2 libraries. Include DB2 load libraries, SMP libraries, user program libraries, user DBRM libraries, CLISTS, SDSNSAMP, or where the installation jobs are, JCL for user-defined table spaces.

**Note:** These steps have most likely been completed as part of restoring the operating system and libraries. They are restated here only as a reminder.

- 2. The first job to run at the disaster recovery site is job ssid#JC1. This job performs the following steps:
  - a. Defines the DB2 Recovery Expert data repository files. The following is a sample of the JCL:

b. Loads the DB2 Recovery Expert data repository files required for disaster recovery processing. The following shows a sample of the JCL:

```
//*
//*
    Disaster Recovery Load Repository Records
//*
//* Return Codes: 0 - Successful
//*
//*
//REPOLOAD EXEC PGM=ARY#YMCR, REGION=006M
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSDEMO.ARY220.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
11
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB
11
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.CONTROL
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.OFF0PTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILE.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.PROFILE.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSTEST.ARY320.BREPORT
//ARY#RPOI DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(ARYREPOD)
```

c. Issues IDCAMS DELETE to delete all index space and table space data sets from the z/OS catalog. The following is a sample of the JCL generated by DB2 Recovery Expert:

//\* //\* Disaster Recovery Delete Noscratch DB2 Data sets //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\* //D9C1DELC EXEC PGM=IDCAMS,REGION=006M //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSIN DD DISP=SHR, DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL (D9C1DELC) DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01') DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02') DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.LOGCOPY1.DS01') DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.LOGCOPY1.DS02')

DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.LOGCOPY1.DS03')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.LOGCOPY2.DS01')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.LOGCOPY2.DS02')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C1.LOGCOPY2.DS03')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.BSDS01')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.BSDS02')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.LOGCOPY1.DS01')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.LOGCOPY1.DS02')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.LOGCOPY1.DS03')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.LOGCOPY2.DS01')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.LOGCOPY2.DS02')
DELETE ('DB9CL.D9C2.LOGCOPY2.DS03')
DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DBD01.I0001.A001')
<pre>DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.DSNDB01.DSNLLX01.I0001.A001')</pre>
DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.DLCDB.DRRICOPY.I0001.A001')
<pre>DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.DLCDB.ARCHIVES.I0001.A001')</pre>
<pre>DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.DSNDB06.TABS1EBP.I0001.A001')</pre>
DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.ADBDCH.ADBCKPTX.I0001.A001')
DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.ADBDCH.ADBCHKX1.I0001.A001')
DELETE ('DB9CD.DSNDBC.ADBDCH.ADBHLDX1.I0001.A001')
SFT MAXCC = $0$

d. Recreate the DB2 catalog VSAM files. All VSAM and non-VSAM catalog files, log files, BSDS, and user VCAT-defined objects are created with the proper allocations. The following is a sample of the JCL generated by DB2 Recovery Expert:

```
*
  //*
   //* Disaster Recovery Allocate DB2 Data sets
   //* 1. DB2 Catalog and Directory Spaces
  //* 2. Boot Strap Datasets
  //* 3. Active Logs
  //* 4. User Defined VCAT Spaces
  //*
   //* Return Codes: 0 - Successful
                                                         *
  //*
   * * * *
   //*
   //D9C1ALLC EXEC PGM=IDCAMS, REGION=006M
   //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
   //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
  //SYSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1ALLC)
  DEFINE CLUSTER -
   ( NAME ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01') -
  REUSE -
  RECORDSIZE(4089 4089) -
  FREESPACE(0 20) -
  KEYS(4 0) -
  CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(04096) -
  STORAGECLASS(DB9CLOG1) -
  MANAGEMENTCLASS (MCDB22) -
  VOLUMES(SBOX5E) -
  TRACKS(00000078,00000002) -
  SHAREOPTIONS(2 3) ) -
  DATA -
   ( NAME ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01.DATA') ) -
   INDEX -
   ( NAME ('DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01.INDEX') ) -
e. Catalog all the image copies from the last n number of days (as specified in
   the disaster recovery profile). The following is a sample of the JCL
  generated by DB2 Recovery Expert:
  //*
                                                       *
```

\*

//\* Disaster Recovery Catalog Image Copies

//\* 1. Make sure all image copies needed at DR are cataloged \* //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //D9C1CATL EXEC PGM=IDCAMS.REGION=006M //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* DD DISP=SHR, DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1CATL) //SYSIN //\* f. Rebuilds the BSDS from the 80-byte record file, placing it back into 4089-byte records. The following is a sample of the JCL generated by DB2 Recovery Expert: //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Rebuild Boot Strap Dataset into 4080 byte recs \* //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\* //D9C1RBSR EXEC PGM=ARY@YRBS,REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD //BSDS#IN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1BSDS) //BSDS#OUT DD DSN=&BSDS,DISP=(NEW,PASS,DELETE), UNIT=3390, SPACE=(TRK, (10, 10), RLSE), 11 // DCB=(RECFM=V,LRECL=4093) g. Restores the BSDS by placing the 4089-byte records into a VSAM file. The following is a sample of the JCL generated by DB2 Recovery Expert: //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Copy Boot Strap Dataset into VSAM data sets \* //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\* //D9C1CPBS EXEC PGM=IDCAMS //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //BSDSI DD DSN=&BSDS,DISP=(OLD,DELETE,DELETE) //BSDS1 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01 //BSDS2 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02 //SYSIN DD \* REPRO INFILE(BSDSI) OUTFILE(BSDS1) REUSE REPRO INFILE(BSDSI) OUTFILE(BSDS2) REUSE h. Creates a conditional restart. The following is a sample of the JCL generated by DB2 Recovery Expert: //\*\* //\* //\* Disaster Recovery Create Conditional Restart Control Record \* //\* //\* Return Codes: 0 - Successful //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* //D9C1CRCR EXEC PGM=DSNJU003,REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9C9.SDSNEXIT // 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DB9C9.SDSNLOAD //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSUT1 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01 //SYSUT2 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS02

//SYSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1CRCR)

CRESTART CREATE, ENDLRSN=C20EE3B28480, FORWARD=YES, BACKOUT=YES

i. Prints the contents of the BSDS.

```
//*
  //* Disaster Recovery Print the Boot Strap Data set 1 *
  //*
  //* Return Codes: 0 - Successful
  //*
  //** *
       //*
  //D9C1PRNT EXEC PGM=DSNJU004,REGION=006M
  //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD
      DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DB9C9. SDSNEXIT
  //
  11
          DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9C9.SDSNLOAD
  //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
  //SYSUT1 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9CL.D9C1.BSDS01
j. Uncatalog the tape archive logs.
  //*
  //* Disaster Recovery Uncatalog Archive Logs on Tape
  //*
  //* Return Codes: 0 - Successful
  //*
  //*
  //D9C1DELA EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
  //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
  //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
  //SYSIN
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1DELA)
k. Copy the uncataloged tape archive logs to DASD and catalog them. This
  step speeds the recoveries at the disaster recovery site because the tape logs
  will be copied to disk and all recovers that apply the log will use the disk
  copy instead of the tape copy. The following is a sample of the JCL
  generated by DB2 Recovery Expert:
  //*
  //* Disaster Recovery Copy Archive Logs from Tape to DASD *
  //*
  //* Return Codes: 0 - Successful
  //*
  //*
  //D9C1YCPL EXEC PGM=ARY@YCPL,REGION=006M
  //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD
  //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
  //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
  //ARY@CNTL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1CPYL)
```

- 3. Change your remote site DSNZPARM settings as follows:
  - a. Change RESTART to DEFER.
  - b. Set the site as local or recovery.
  - **c.** Change the SYSADM and SYSOPR user IDs to the user ID that will be recovering the DB2 catalog.

**Note:** You can create a disaster recovery DSNZPARMS member at the local site with the necessary settings for the recovery site, and maintain it in the local site SDSNEXIT library for the subsystem. When the z/OS catalog is restored at the recovery site, this ZPARMS member will already be on site and contain the proper settings for disaster recovery.

4. Start DB2 using the new reassembled DSNZPARMs. It is recommended that DB2 be started with ACCESS(MAINT). In a data sharing member, ensure that you start all the DB2 members.

**Note:** When restoring DB2 9 subsystems using the image copy method, DB2 must be started with ACCESS(MAINT). For all other restorations, we recommend that DB2 be started with ACCESS(MAINT).

5. Reply to conditional restart message. For each DB2 subsystem, reply Y to the outstanding message. The following statements show the replys to a CRCR outstanding message:

448 DSNJ245I -D9C2 CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION AT LRSN C20D7649C742. REPLY Y TO CONTINUE, N TO CANCEL R 448,Y

6. Run job ssid#JC2. This job is used to force application table spaces to start in read-write (RW) mode. This job starts all application table spaces in the DB2 subsystem with read-write access. While optional, we recommend this job. If any table space is not in RW mode, the recovery will fail. The following is a sample of the JCL generated by DB2 Recovery Expert:

```
//*
                                                         *
//* Step:
                                                         *
//*
//* Desc: This job is an optional Disaster Recovery job. This
//* job is to be run after the DB2 Subsystem has been
//* started and the DB2 Catalog and Directory have been
//* recovered.
//*
//* This step will start all spaces in the entire DB2
//* subsystem in RW (Read Write) mode. If any spaces
//* have an invalid status pending, the recovery of that
//* object will fail and your recovery job will be
//* terminated. Starting all spaces in RW mode will
//* ensure that the your application recovery job will
//* not fail and require a utility restart.
//*
//*
// EXEC PGM=IKJEFT1A.REGION=006M
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V2R1M0.SARYLOAD
11
         DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DB9C9.SDSNEXIT
11
        DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9C9.SDSNLOAD
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD DISP=SHR,DSN=PAOLOR6.IC.JCL(D9C1STRF)
```

7. Run the job in member ssid#JC3. For the image copy method, we recover the DB2 objects from image copies via many steps. The first steps of this job restore the DB2 system catalog, followed by DB2 application objects. You may have your own application recovery jobs created that already take issues like tape stacking in the backups into account. In this case, you would only want to run the first few steps of this job, which recover the DB2 catalog and directory. The following is a sample of the JCL from member ssid#JC3:

```
DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9C9.SDSNLOAD
//
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN
       DD *
  RECOVER
     TABLESPACE DSNDB01.SYSUTILX
      RECOVERYSITE
//*
//* Desc: This step will invoke the IBM Recover Utility
//* for indexes on DSNDB01.SYSUTILX.
//*
//RC02001 EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT),
// PARM=(D9C1,)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9C9.SDSNEXIT
        DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DB9C9.SDSNLOAD
//
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
  REBUILD INDEX
    ALL TABLESPACE DSNDB01.SYSUTILX
     SORTDEVT VIO
11
11
   You may or may not use the following JCL.
//
//* Step:
          RC05001
//*
//* Desc: This step will invoke the IBM Recover Utility
//* for more catalog and directory objects
                                                     *
//*
//RC05001 EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT),
11
        PARM=(I9A2,)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT
11
       DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.Vvvv.SDSNLOAD
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN
        DD *
  RECOVER
     TABLESPACE DSNDB06.SYSCOPY
        RECOVERYSITE
  REBUILD
     INDEXSPACE (DSNDB06.DSNUCH01)
        SORTDEVT VIO
        SORTNUM 6
        SORTKEYS
  REBUILD
     INDEXSPACE (DSNDB06.DSNUCX01)
        SORTDEVT VIO
        SORTNUM 6
        SORTKEYS
  RECOVER
     TABLESPACE DSNDB01.SYSLGRNX
        RECOVERYSITE
  .
```

RECOVER TABLESPACE DSNDB06.SYSRTSTS RECOVERYSITE /\* //\* //\*\* //\* Step: RC06001 //\* \* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the IBM Rebuild Index to
//\* rebuild indexes on some directory spaces. \* //\*\* \* //\* \* //RC06001 EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT), 11 PARM=(I9A2,) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.Vvvv.SDSNLOAD //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSIN DD \* REBUILD INDEX ALL TABLESPACE DSNDB01.SCT02 SORTDEVT VIO SORTNUM 8 SORTKEYS **REBUILD INDEX** ALL TABLESPACE DSNDB01.SPT01 SORTDEVT VIO SORTNUM 8 SORTKEYS /\* //\* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* RC07001 //\* Step: \* //\* //\* Desc: This step will invoke the IBM Rebuild Index to
//\* rebuild the remaining indexes on the catalog spaces \* //\* //RC07001 EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT), 11 PARM=(I9A2,) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.Vvvv.SDSNLOAD // //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSIN DD \* **REBUILD INDEX** ALL TABLESPACE DSNDB06.SYSGPAUT SORTDEVT VIO SORTNUM 6 SORTKEYS **REBUILD INDEX** ALL TABLESPACE DSNDB06.SYSGRTNS SORTDEVT VIO SORTNUM 6 SORTKEYS . . REBUILD INDEX ALL TABLESPACE DSNDB06.SYSRTSTS SORTDEVT VIO SORTNUM 6

SORTKEYS /\* //\* //\*\* //\* //\* Step: RC08001 //\* This step will invoke the IBM Recover Utility to //\* Desc: //\* recover all user spaces. //\* \* //\*\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* //\* \* //RC08001 EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB,REGION=006M,COND=(4,LT), 11 PARM=(I9A2,) //\* //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=DSN.IDS2.SDSNEXIT DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSRTE.DSN.Vvvv.SDSNLOAD // //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=\* //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSIN DD \* LISTDEF RECVRALL INCLUDE TABLESPACES TABLESPACE A\*.\* INCLUDE TABLESPACES TABLESPACE B\*.\* ٠ •\* INCLUDE INDEXSPACES COPY NO INDEXSPACE \$\*.\* RECOVER LIST RECVRALL RECOVERYSITE REBUILD INDEX LIST REBLDALL SORTDEVT VIO SORTNUM 6 SORTKEYS //\*

# Contents of a DB2 image copy disaster recovery PDS

If you are restoring a DB2 subsystem using DB2 image copies, when the disaster recovery job that was created is built in batch and submitted, the following members are generated and appear in the specified output PDS.

Member name	Description	Comments
ssID#JC1	This job includes the recovery JCL that will be used to restore the	This member is the first job that will be run when doing a DB2 image copy recovery. It includes the following steps:
	subsystem at the remote site using DB2 image copies.	<ul> <li>Step REPODFN - an IDCAMS step to define the VSAM files needed by DB2 Recovery Expert. It uses member ARYREPOC. It defines the following VSAM data sets: DB2PARMS, PROFILES, OFFOPTS, PROFILE.MAPS, PROFILE.CATS, SYSBACK, SYSBACK.OBJS, SYSBACK.VOLS, SYSBACK.SSIDS, and REPORT.</li> <li>Step REPOLOAD - invokes DB2 Recovery Expert program ARY#YMCR to load the repository records. It uses member ARYREPOD.</li> </ul>
		• Step ssidDELC - an IDCAMS step to DELETE all the DB2 data sets. This includes the BSDS and LOG data sets. It uses member ssidDELC. It deletes these data sets with the NOSCRATCH option.
		• Step ssidALLC - an IDCAMS step to define the DB2 catalog and directory spaces, the boot strap data sets, the active logs and all user-defined VCAT spaces. It uses member ssidALLC.
		<ul> <li>Step ssidCATL - an IDCAMS step that verifies that all image copy data sets are cataloged.</li> </ul>
		• Step ssidRBSR - invokes a DB2 Recovery Expert program, ARY@YRBS, to rebuild the BSDS into 4080 byte records. It uses member ssidBSDS.
		• Step ssidCPBS - an IDCAMS step that performs a REPRO to insert the BSDS data created in the previous step, ssidRBSR, into the two BSDS data sets.

Table 24. Contents of a DB2 image copy disaster recovery PDS

Member name	Description	Comments					
		<ul> <li>Step ssidCRCR - invokes DSNJU003 to create a CRCR in the BSDS. It uses member ssidCRCR. This CRCR is the time of the system level backup taken before at the local site.</li> <li>Step ssidPRNT - invokes DSNJU004 to print the contents of the BSDS for member ssid.</li> <li>Step ssidRBSR - invokes a DB2 Recovery Expert program, ARY@YRBS, to rebuild the</li> </ul>					
		BSDS at the disaster recovery site from the 4,080-byte records. It uses member ssid2BSDS. This is for DB2 member ssid2.					
		• Step ssidCPBS - an IDCAMS step that performs a REPRO to insert the BSDS data created in the previous step, ssid2RBSR, into the two BSDS data sets for the second member, ssid2.					
		• Step ssid2CRCR - invokes DSNJU003 to create a CRCR in the BSDS. It uses member ssidCRCR for the second data sharing group member, ssid2.					
		• Step ssid2PRNT - invokes DSNJU004 to print the contents of the BSDS for member ssid2.					
		• Step ssid2YCPL - invokes the DB2 Recovery Expert program, ARY@YCPL, to copy the archives logs from tape to disk. It used member ssidCPL.					
ssid#JC2	Restarts all the DB2 spaces in RW mode.	This job is optional. This DB2 Disaster Recovery job can be run after the DB2 subsystem has been started and the DB2 catalog and directory have been successfully restored. Although optional, we recommend running this job. It uses member D9C1STRF.					
ssid#JC3	This job restores the DB2 data sets in the correct order.	This job uses DSNUTILB and invokes the IBM DB2 stand-alone recovery utility, RECOVER, to restore the DB2 data sets in the correct order. It first restores SYSUTILX from the logs, then DBD01, then SYSCOPY, and so on.					
ARYREPOC	Defines clusters for DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.	This member contains all the IDCAMS DEFINE CLUSTERs for the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.					
ARYREPOD	Controls records (data) for the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.	This member is a data file containing the data that is loaded into the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM files.					
ssidALLC	Defines the VSAM clusters for the DB2 catalog and directory; BSDS; active logs; and user defined VCAT spaces.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.					
ssidBSDS	Contains a copy of the bootstrap data set in 80 byte records.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.					

Table 24. Contents of a DB2 image copy disaster recovery PDS (continued)

Member name	Description	Comments
ssidCATL	Contains the control cards for cataloging the image copies at the recovery site.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.
ssidCPYL	Contains the control cards for copying the archive logs from the tape to the recovery site.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1. It is a list of all the archive logs that will be copied to disk.
ssidCRCR	Contains the control card for creating the conditional restart record.	This member is called twice in ssID#JC1. It is called once for each DB2 member.
ssidDELA	Contains the control cards to delete the archive logs (with the NOSCRATCH option) from the recovery site MVS catalog. Those logs are on tape and will be copied to DASD, then cataloged.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.
ssidDELC	Contains control cards to uncatalog DB2 spaces at the recovery site, before restoring them from tape.	This member is used by job ssID#JC1.
ssidSTRF	Contains the control cards for starting application table spaces in the DB2 subsystem with RW access.	This member is used by job ssID#JC2.
D9C2BSDS	Contains a copy of the bootstrap data set in 80-byte records.	This member is used by job D9C1#JC2. It is for the second member in a data sharing group, D9C2.

Table 24. Contents of a DB2 image copy disaster recovery PDS (continued)

## **Recovering both DB2 and IMS subsystems**

You can use DB2 Recovery Expert along with IMS Recovery Expert to perform a remote site disaster recovery of both DB2 and IMS subsystems to a common point in time.

In order to use this feature, you will create a disaster recovery profile for a DB2 system using DB2 Recovery Expert and a disaster recovery profile for an IMS system using IMS Recovery Expert. The DB2 profile will specify the IMS system name that is to be recovered to a common point in time and the IMS profile will specify the DB2 system.

When disaster recovery processing is performed at the disaster recovery site, a common recovery point will be determined depending on the availability of a system level backup (SLB) and archives of both subsystems at the disaster recovery site. DB2 Recovery Expert will modify the recovery JCL to use the common timestamp.

# Setting up the IMS and DB2 disaster recovery profiles

You will create the IMS and DB2 disaster recovery profiles in the same way as you would create a non-combined IMS or DB2 disaster recovery profile using the Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel. There is one difference and that is the value specified in the **External Subsystem** field.

In the DB2 Recovery Expert Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel (ARY\$DPRU), you will specify the IMS system that will be recovered with the DB2 system in the **External Subsystem** field.

In the IMS Recovery Expert Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel (BSY\$DPRM), you (or the administrator who is creating the profile) will specify the DB2 system that will be recovered with the IMS system in the **External Subsystem** field.

The following is an example of the DB2 Recovery Expert Update Disaster Recovery Profile panel:

<pre>RCVYXPRT V3R2 Update Disaster Recovery Profile 2016/01/14 Option ===&gt;</pre>	16:17:27
Creator: TWUSER Name: TEST User: T Share Option: U (Upd,View,No) Description: DB2 Subsystem: B71D	WUSER
Disaster Recovery Method ==> S (Image copy/System bac	kup)
Archive Logs used at DR ==> C (Copied/1/2)	
Copy Localsite Logs ==> B (1/2/Both/Create 2 cop	ies from 1)
Force a checkpoint before Archiving ==> Y (Yes/No)	
Force the Active log to Archive ==> Y (Yes/No)	
Only run Archive Log Update Process ==> N (Yes/No)	
Process Datasharing Subsystems ==> A (All,Ssid,Lpar)	
Archive Logs needed at DR ==> 014 (days) and/or 000 (h	ours)
Copy Archive Logs to DASD ==> 007 (days) and/or 000 (h	ours)
Unit for copying Archive Logs ==> CART	,
DR Archive Log Prefix 1 ==> B71D.ARCHLOG1.DR	
DR Archive Log Prefix 2 ==> B71D.ARCHLOG2.DR	
Image Copy Options	
Image Copies (or SLB) used at DR ==> R (Localsite/Recoverysit	e)
Catalog x days of Image Conjes at DR ==> $007$ (0-365)	-,
Coordinated DR Ontions	
External Subsystem ==> IAA	

# Creating the recovery job at the local site

When you build the recovery job for a combined DB2 and IMS disaster recovery, DB2 Recovery Expert adds a member in the recovery PDS that identifies the DB2 subsystem that is to recovered in combination with an IMS system.

DB2 Recovery Expert will create a member called "xxxxTIME" in the recovery PDS where "xxxx" is the SSID of the DB2 subsystem that will be recovered. In addition, IMS Recovery Expert will create a xxxxTIME member in its recovery PDS where "xxxx" is the SSID of the IMS subsystem that will be recovered. You must ensure that both subsystems are using the same recovery PDS.

The xxxxTIME member for both subsystems will include the following information:

- · Timestamp of the highest archive log that was copied
- Timestamp of the SLB that was selected for restoring the system
- Indication whether the system is data-sharing or not (by either using DB2= or RBA=)

- Data set name of the control file used by this system.
- Each earlier SLB that matches the profile selection criteria, in case DB2 Recovery Expert will have to fall back.

An example of the contents of the *db2-ssid*TIME member:

000002 DB2=2011206 12545.417312 000003 SLB=2011203 191829.85000 000004 CTL-Ary.TST0220.CONTROL 000005 BACKUP=01,07/19/2016,19:18:22 000006 BACKUP=01,07/16/2016,11:57:00

During the execution of the disaster recovery preparation job, an additional disaster recovery job is generated for the DB2 subsystem and placed in the recovery PDS with the member name *db2-ssid*#JC0.

**Note:** A similar job with the member name *ims-ssid*#JC0 is generated when IMS Recovery Expert executes the disaster recovery preparation job and it is also placed in the same recovery PDS.

The job in member *db2-ssid*#JC0 for the DB2 subsystem includes a step called COORDDR that will determine the coordinated disaster recovery timestamp as well as modify the disaster recovery JCL and control cards to support the recovery of the IMS and DB2 subsystems to this timestamp. When the disaster recovery preparation job is executed for a non data-sharing DB2 subsystem, additional steps to rebuild the BSDS and the DB2 Recovery Expert repository are generated.

The following is a sample of the JCL for the COORDDR step:

//COORDDR EXEC PGM=ARY#CDR,REGION=006M //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=BRSRTE.WRK022X.LOADLIB // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSRTE.EMC.MFE700.LINKLIB // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSRTE.VENDOR.FDR5467.LOAD //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY@MSGS DD SYSOUT=\* //ARY@CNTL DD \* PDBAT.TEST.PDS E9A1 BATA

## Running the recovery jobs at the disaster recovery site

In the recovery PDS, there are two jobs that must be run at the recovery site. The job associated with the DB2 system is called *db2ssid*#JC0. The job associated with the IMS system is called *imsssid*#JC0. You run these two jobs at the remote site to determine the recovery timestamp and modify the recovery procedures and JCL to use this timestamp.

### Procedure

 Run the *db2ssid#JC0* job. The *db2ssid#JC0* job will invoke the ARY#CDR program to determine the most current timestamp that may be used for recovery of both the IMS and DB2 subsystems. The time that will be used depends on the availability of recovery assets at the disaster recovery site.

In some situations, the SLB that was selected for recovery during the preparation job will not be good as a starting point for disaster recovery. This might happen if the selected recovery timestamp is earlier than that of the SLB. If this happens, ARY#CDR will have to select an earlier SLB and modify the recovery process to use it.

The following is a sample of the ARY#CDR output:

Coordinated DR recovery for the following systems is starting: Subsystem=IAA Highest archive: 2011156 124046.101344 SLB timestamp: 2011155 112233.440000 Subsystem=E9A1 Highest archive: 2011202 125425.417312 SLB timestamp: 2011203 191829.850000 Selected coordinated recovery point: 2011156.124046.101344 Selected SLB will be used for recovery of SSID=IAA Selected SLB can not be used for recovery of SSID=E9A1 An earlier backup was found for SSID=E9A1, Date=07/19/2016, Time=11:57:00 Updating timestamp in recovery JCL for IAA System recovery timestamp was updated for IAA Updating CRCR timestamp for E9A1 The following conditional restart recovered was read for E9A1 CRESTART CREAT, SYSPITR=C7E0694749B60000, FORWARD=YES, BACKOUT=YES Updating restore SLB for SSID=E9A1 System restore backup information was updated for E9A1 ARY#VCDR finished successfully, recovery procedures may proceed

- 2. After a timestamp for recovery is selected, the following members are modified:
  - *db2ssid*CRCR This member holds the DB2 conditional record that includes the RBA or LRSN that will be used to conditionally restart DB2.
  - *db2ssid*#JC1 This member includes the JCL to perform the SLB restore for DB2.
  - *imsssid*#JC1 This member includes the JCL to perform the SLB restore for IMS.
- **3**. Run the *imssid*#JC0 job. This job will invoke program BSY#CDR which will update the IMS recovery jobs in the disaster recovery PDS with the common timestamp that is to be used for recovery.
- 4. After a timestamp is selected and all jobs and control cards are modified to use it, both the *db2ssid#JC1* and *imsssid#JC1* jobs are run. These jobs restore the DB2 Recovery Expert repository and the IMS Recovery Expert repository, and then perform a system recovery from the system level backup. To properly identify the system level backup, the repository must be restored to the time when the disaster recovery preparation job ran. If the configuration is such that DB2 and IMS are using different repositories, both the *db2ssid#JC1* and *im-ssid#JC1* jobs must be executed. Users may choose to run these jobs in parallel.

In configurations where the repository is shared between the IMS and the DB2 systems, both the *db2ssid*#JC1 and *imsssid*#JC1 jobs also must be run. Both will restore the same repository to different points in time. Each of these jobs has the time when the job was generated. Submit the one that was generated earlier, and after successful completion, submit the other job.

5. The recovery process continues from this point using DB2 Recovery Expert for DB2 recovery and IMS Recovery Expert for IMS recovery.

## Running timestamp determination process in simulate mode

At the local site, you can run the coordinated disaster recovery timestamp determination process in simulate mode to preview the recovery timestamp. This process of running the ARY#CDR program using the SIMULATE parameter allows you to review the timestamp, and does not result in any data set changes.

## Procedure

- Edit the DB2 member DB2ssid#JC0 in the recovery PDS and update the COORDDR step to run in simulate mode as shown below: //COORDDR EXEC PGM=ARY#CDR,PARM='SIMULATE',REGION=006M
- 2. Remove all other steps from the JCL.
- **3**. Submit the JCL. A successful execution in simulate mode will complete with the return code RC=4. After the job has completed a report with the recovery timestamp selection is displayed in the generated output.

# Chapter 18. Using the RBA Capture utility

The DB2 Recovery Expert RBA Capture utility records the current RBA of a DB2 subsystem at regular intervals based on the store clock time. You can set the utility to capture the RBAs at intervals anywhere from 1 to 60 minutes. The RBA and its corresponding time is written to a VSAM file. This information is then readily available for use in determining which RBA you need to restore the subsystem to in order to get the SSID restored to a particular time.

This utility is optional. It uses a started task to capture the RBAs and clock times, and stores the data in its own repository that is separate from the backup and restore system repository. You can have an unlimited number of subsystems monitored by the started task, as long as they are on the same LPAR.

The RBA Capture utility is optionally installed and configured when you customize DB2 Recovery Expert. At that time, you will specify a PDS library that will contain a member for each LPAR where the RBA Capture utility will run. The member for each LPAR will contain DB2 SSIDs that will be monitored by the utility. In order to capture timestamps and RBAs, the utility ARYRBASP must run as a started task in each LPAR. The DB2 administrator is responsible for starting the ARYRBASP task

# Viewing the utility output

The output from the RBA Capture utility is viewable in two ways:

## About this task

- When you select a backup to restore if the RBA Capture utility was active while the backup was being taken, you can access a list of RBAs and timestamps that are relevant to the backup and may be used as restore points.
- You can view RBAs and timestamps captured in individual DDs in the started task output data sets. One DD is created per subsystem. The following information is a partial DD for a subsystem:

**************************************					
Subsystem ID B81B log R	BA'S ar	e being captu	ured		
and stored in the RBA R	eposito	ry			
	•	•			
<rba timestamp=""></rba>	Active	<-High RBA->	<-High LRSN->	Log Bytes	
03/14/2011-11:32:43.87	Yes	0000344ED4E6	BE8074AEEE21		
03/14/2011-11:33:00.01	Yes	0000344ED57E	BE8074BE3384	00000098	
03/14/2011-11:34:00.01	Yes	0000344ED7B8	BE8074F77BBE	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:35:00.00	Yes	0000344ED9F2	BE807530C6B7	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:36:00.01	Yes	0000344EDC2C	BE80756A0CEC	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:37:00.01	Yes	0000344EDE66	BE8075A35135	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:38:00.01	Yes	0000344EE0BE	BE8075DCA176	00000258	
03/14/2011-11:39:00.00	Yes	0000344EE2F8	BE807615E77E	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:40:00.14	Yes	0000344EE532	BE80764F2EF9	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:41:00.00	Yes	0000344EE76C	BE80768875F2	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:42:00.01	Yes	0000344EE9A6	BE8076C1BCDC	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:43:00.01	Yes	0000344EEBBA	BE8076F73380	00000214	
03/14/2011-11:44:00.01	Yes	0000344EEDF4	BE8077307A3E	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:45:00.15	Yes	0000344EF04C	BE807769C30A	00000258	
03/14/2011-11:46:00.01	Yes	0000344EF286	BE8077A30DE0	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:47:00.01	Yes	0000344EF4C0	BE8077DC5E59	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:48:00.00	Yes	0000344EF6FA	BE807815A604	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:49:00.00	Yes	0000344EF934	BE80784EE9DC	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:50:00.01	Yes	0000344EFB6E	BE8078882FC9	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:51:00.00	Yes	0000344EFDA8	BE8078C17450	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:52:00.00	Yes	0000344F0000	BE8078FABDEA	00000258	
03/14/2011-11:53:00.00	Yes	0000344F023A	BE8079340208	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:54:00.00	Yes	0000344F0474	BE80796D4525	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:55:00.00	Yes	0000344F06AE	BE8079A68ACB	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:56:00.10	Yes	0000344F08E8	BE8079DFD0BC	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:57:00.01	Yes	0000344F0B22	BE807A1917A1	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:58:00.00	Yes	0000344F0D5C	BE807A526213	0000023A	
03/14/2011-11:59:00.00	Yes	0000344F0F96	BE807A8BA80C	0000023A	
03/14/2011-12:00:00.00	Yes	0000344F11EE	BE807AC4EBC4	00000258	
03/14/2011-12:01:00.01	Yes	0000344F1428	BE807AFE2FE7	0000023A	
03/14/2011-12:02:00.00	Yes	0000344F1662	BE807B37758A	0000023A	
03/14/2011-12:03:00.00	Yes	0000344F189C	BE807B70B9E5	0000023A	
03/14/2011-12:04:00.00	Yes	0000344F1AD6	BE807BA9FDCF	0000023A	
03/14/2011-12:05:00.00	Yes	0000344F1D10	BE807BE341F6	0000023A	
03/14/2011-12:06:00.01	Yes	0000344F1F4A	BE807C1C85F8	0000023A	

The DD for each subsystem contains the following information:

### **RBA** Timestamp

This is the store clock time at which DB2 Recovery Expert captured the RBA. The first timestamp captured probably will not be at an exact minute boundary, because the first RBA is captured at the time the task is started. However, successive timestamps should be on minute boundaries (such as 22:24:00.00).

Active Contains Yes if the subsystem was active and No if the subsystem was not active.

#### High RBA

The log RBA captured at the store clock time.

### High LRSN

If the subsystem is a data sharing subsystem, this column contains the log LRSN captured at the store clock time.

#### Log Bytes

The number of bytes that have been added to the log since the previous interval. Blank if no changes have been made to the log.

**Tip:** If Log Bytes is blank, this represents a quiet time for the subsystem and therefore might be a good recovery point for that subsystem.

# **Modify commands**

You can use the following modify commands to manage the RBA Capture utility started task.

Command	Action
/s taskname	Starts the ARYRBASP task.
/p taskname	Ends the ARYRBASP task.
/f taskname,PARM=nn	Changes the interval at which the RBAs are captured. Valid values for <i>nn</i> are 1-60, in minutes.
/f taskname,A,ssid	Adds the specified subsystem to those being monitored by the task. RBAs will be captured for this subsystem beginning immediately after the modify command is processed.
/f taskname,R,ssid	Suspends the capturing of RBAs for the specified subsystem.

Table 25. Modify commands for RBA Capture utility

# Managing the repository

If you want to periodically remove older RBA capture information from the repository, you will run the RBA Capture Cleanup job ARYRBACL that was created using Tools Customizer. Edit the PARM in the EXEC statement to specify the number of days of information you want to keep. When you submit this job, records that are older than the number of days specified will be deleted, or you can optionally unload the records to a GDG.

# Chapter 19. Using the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface

From the main window of the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface you can recover an object using the schema level repository; recover data and dropped objects using DB2 logs; recover one or more transactions; perform log analysis; perform a system restore; and view previously saved recovery, system restore, and log analysis actions.

## Opening the web interface, setting preferences, and starting advisors

From the main page of the web interface you can access all the recovery functionality including setting up your environment preferences, and accessing each of the advisors.

### Procedure

- Open a web browser. Access the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface using the web address (URL) that was distributed by the administrator who installed DB2 Recovery Expert.
- 2. You can access the online help system by clicking the **Help** button in the top bar of the window. A side bar will open displaying information describing the general use of the web interface.
- **3.** You can control how DB2 Recovery Expert handles specific situations using the **Preferences** notebook. Click the **Preferences** button in the top bar of the window. The **Preferences** notebook opens. Select one or more of the following tabs:
  - Select the **General** page to specify the options that control whether the messages are displayed, whether the database location or local time will be used, and whether recovery method information is displayed.
  - Select the **Warnings** page to specify whether certain types of warnings will be displayed.
  - Select the **Limits** page to specify size limits when downloading lists of objects or excessively large output files.
  - Select the **Job Cards** page to specify the default values that will be used for generated job cards and any JES control statements.
  - Select the **Quiet Time Tables** page to explicitly specify which tables are used to store the quiet time data for an object.
  - Select the **Logging** page to specify where logging information should be routed and what components will produce log output.
- 4. Click the **Logs** button to open the Logs window where you can view the logging information that has been generated. Each log entry includes a start time and the content of the log entry.
- 5. The **Messages** pane displays the status of running or completed tasks that you have initiated using any of the advisors. Click the **Messages** button to open the Messages window. You can delete messages that display in the pane using the **Delete** icon that appears in the top right corner of the pane.
- 6. To recover data objects using information from the schema level repository (SLR), click the **Recovery Advisor** tab to open the **Recovery Advisor**. The **Welcome** page of the **Recovery Advisor** opens. It presents an overview of the recovery process.

- 7. To generate DDL for an object or recover a dropped object using the DB2 log, click the Log Based Recovery tab to open the Log Based Recovery Advisor. The Welcome page of the Log Based Recovery Advisor opens. It presents an overview of the log based recovery process.
- 8. To recover one or more transactions, click the **Transaction Recovery** tab to open the **Transaction Recovery Advisor**. The **Welcome** page of the **Transaction Recovery Advisor** opens. It presents an overview of the transaction recovery process.
- 9. To discover periods of inactivity for an object that can be used as recovery points, click the Log Analysis tab to open the Log Analysis Advisor. The Welcome page of the Log Analysis Advisor opens. It presents an overview of the log analysis process.
- To restore a DB2 subsystem from a DB2 Recovery Expert system level backup, click the System Restore tab to open the System Restore Advisor. The Welcome page of the System Restore Advisor opens. It presents an overview of the DB2 subsystem restore process.
- 11. While working in each advisor you will use the **Back** and **Next** buttons located in the lower right hand corner of the window to navigate through the steps of the advisor.
- 12. You can access online help for each advisor using the **Help** button located in the lower right hand corner of the window.
- **13**. You can close an advisor using the **Close** button located in the lower right hand corner of the window.
- 14. While using any of the advisors you can save your work in progress and return to it later. Saving your work can help you be more efficient as some steps in a recovery process can be time consuming. To save your work click the **Save** button located on the bottom right hand side of the window to create a recovery specification. You can create a recovery specification at any point in each of the advisor steps. To return to your work, click the **Specifications** tab to open the Specifications window which displays all the specifications that you can access.

## Managing message information

The **Messages** pane displays the status of running or completed tasks initiated by the current user on the server.

## About this task

You can choose to display the **Messages** pane with every advisor by selecting the **Display the message pane on each advisor page** check box that is included on the **General** page of the **Preferences** notebook. You can also access the **Messages** pane using the **Messages** tab.

## Procedure

1. Messages are displayed with the following information:

Status Identifies the status of the job.

### Running

The task is running.

### Success

The task finished successfully.

#### Warning

The task ended with a warning.

Failed The task ended with an error.

### Cancelled

The task was cancelled.

### Abandoned

The task was abandoned. This status is used only when you have submitted a job, tried to cancel it, but the job does not end before the expiration of a time out period. In this case, DB2 Recovery Expert abandons the job--it might continue running, but DB2 Recovery Expert no longer tracks it.

### Location

The location (database and server) of the task. For example, DB2A on MVS1.

#### Specification

The name of the saved specification, if any, that the task was saved to.

#### **Type** The type of task.

- Recovery plan generation
- Recovery plan validation
- Recovery plan execution
- Log analysis
- Point in time conversion (This is a job submitted during recovery plan generation on a non-data sharing system, where you specified either a timestamp or log RBA as the point in time for the recovery. This job converts the specification to a point in time; when the job finishes, recovery plan generation continues.)

#### Timestamp

The timestamp of the task when it was initiated.

#### Description

A description of the task.

- 2. To cancel a message, select the message and click the cancel icon.
- 3. To delete a message, select the message and click the delete icon.

## Specifying the General preferences

Use the **General** page of the **Preferences** notebook to control many product-wide options in DB2 Recovery Expert.

You can choose to specify one or more of the following preferences:

#### Display the message pane on each advisor page

Check this check box to display the message pane at the bottom of each advisor page. The messages pane displays the status of running or completed tasks.

#### **Timestamp values**

Specify how the timestamp values that you use in the **Recovery Advisor**, **Log Analysis Advisor**, **Transaction Advisor**, or **Log Based Recovery Advisor** are initialized. If your database and client are in different time zones, this feature allows you to select either the database time zone or the client time zone as the default time zone. Select either of the following options:

- Use database location time
- Use local time

#### Display recovery method information

Select this check box to view explanations of why a generated recovery plan is available or unavailable. If you select the **Display recovery method information** check box, each object within the **Recovered Objects** folder expands and lists the possible recovery options. If a specific recovery method is not available for that object, a red circle appears to the left of the recovery option. By default, the **Display recovery method information box** is not selected.

### Use on-demand retrieval of recovery plans

Select this check box to retrieve generated recovery plans only when needed. If this option is not selected, generated recovery plans are retrieved at the time they are created.

#### **Reset passwords**

Click the **Reset passwords** button to reset all passwords currently remembered by DB2 Recovery Expert to null.

## Specifying the Warnings preferences

Use the **Warnings** page of the **Preferences** notebook to control many product-wide warnings in DB2 Recovery Expert.

You can choose to specify one or more of the following preferences:

#### Skip the pattern warning

Select this check box to suppress the warning that is issued when you expand a pattern on the **Objects** window of the **Recovery Advisor**, the **Log Based Recovery Advisor**, or the **Log Analysis Advisor**.

#### Skip the RECOVER warning

Select this check box to suppress the warning that one or more steps in a recovery plan generated by the **Recovery Advisor** will use the RECOVER utility.

#### Skip the undo/redo SQL warning

Select this check box to suppress the warning that one or more steps in the recovery plan generated by the **Recovery Advisor** will use undo or redo SQL.

## Specifying the Limits preferences

Use the **Limits** page of the **Preferences** notebook to specify the maximum limit for the number of items that can be displayed in a list, the maximum number of transactions that can be displayed, and the maximum size of a file that can be downloaded without confirmation.

You can choose to specify one or more of the following preferences:

#### Filter trigger

Specify the maximum number of items to display before your are prompted to supply a filter that reduces the number of items to display.

#### Number of transactions trigger

Specify the maximum number of transactions to display without issuing a warning message that the number of retrieved transactions exceeds the specified display limit.

### Output file size trigger

Specify the maximum size of a file (in bytes) that can be downloaded without confirmation of the file download because of excessive size.

## Specifying the Job Cards preferences

Use the **Job Cards** page of the **Preferences** notebook to specify the default values that are used for all generated job cards and any JES control statements that you want included in the jobs generated by DB2 Recovery Expert.

The job card information specified in the preferences is used by DB2 Recovery Expert as the basis for each job card in a generated job. You should specify any job card information and JES control statements necessary to successfully run jobs at your installation. The following is an example of a job card:

//ARYJOB JOB ,'DB2 RECOVERY EXPERT',MSGCLASS=H, //REGION=0M,NOTIFY=&SYSUID

# Specifying the Quiet Time Tables preferences

Use the **Quiet Time Tables** page of the **Preferences** notebook to specify which tables are used to store quiet time data.

By default, the **Use the following tables for quiet time data** check box is not checked. If unchecked, DB2 Recovery Expert uses the default names for the tables. The default quiet time table names are specified in the Product Control File during the customization process for each SSID. The quiet time tables are used when performing quiet time analysis, retrieval, and validation.

You select the **Use the following tables for quiet time data** check box if you want to override the default quiet time tables for all SSIDs. You can enter alternate quiet time table names in one or more of the following text boxes:

- Report table creator
- Report table name
- Quiet time table creator
- Quiet time table name

## Specifying the Logging preferences

Use the **Logging** page of the **Preferences** notebook to turn logging on and select the components that will log data.

Select the components that will produce log output. You can select more than one component:

- Messages
- XML requests/responses

# Chapter 20. Performing common advisor tasks

This section describes several tasks that you can perform while using any of the advisors.

## Logging in to a database

From any advisor you can use the Database Login window to log in to the DB2 subsystem location that you selected.

### Procedure

- 1. Specify the user ID that you want to use to connect to the DB2 location in the **User ID** field.
- 2. Specify the password for the user ID in the Password field.
- **3**. You can optionally specify your SQL authorization ID (SQLID) if necessary in the **Current SQLID (optional)** field.
- 4. Check the **Remember this password (encrypted)** check box to store the password used to connect to this location for future use by DB2 Recovery Expert. The user ID and current SQLID that you specified are always remembered. In future sessions, the display of the Database Login window for a location is suppressed if the password for that location is stored.
- 5. Check the **Use this information for all database locations** check box to specify that the specified user ID, password, and current SQLID should be used (without prompting) at all other database locations accessed during the current DB2 Recovery Expert session.
- 6. Click Login to access the database.
- 7. Click the Cancel button to cancel the request and return to the previous screen.

## Saving advisor settings for future use

You can save the recovery information that you specify in each of the advisors for future use. After saving, the information is referred to as a specification. You can access saved specifications using the **Specifications Advisor**. Using saved recovery specifications can help you improve your efficiency and reduce the time it takes to generate recovery plans.

# Saving a specification

You use the Save Specification window to save a specification.

### About this task

There is no requirement to save current advisor settings as a persistent specification. If you choose to save the settings, the specification is stored in DB2 at the selected location. The specification is then accessible through the Specifications Advisor. If a specification has previously been saved, its properties are shown by default. Access to a specification is controlled by a sharing option that is assigned to the specification when it is created.

## Procedure

- 1. Using the Recovery Advisor, the Log Based Recovery Advisor, the Transaction Recovery Advisor, the Log Analysis Advisor, or the System Restore Advisor, click the **Save** button. The Save Specification window opens.
- **2**. The **Location** field displays the SSID of the DB2 database where the specification will be saved. This is a read only field.
- **3**. The **Owner** field displays your user ID or the user ID of the person who originally saved the specification. You can specify a new user ID for the owner. When you change the owner field, the save operation becomes a save as operation.
- 4. The **Name** field displays the name of an existing specification or is empty if this is a new specification. For new specifications, enter a name for the specification in the **Name** field. You can specify a new name for the specification. When you change the name field, the save operation becomes a save as operation.
- 5. The **Description** field displays a description of an existing specification or is empty if this is a new specification. For new specifications, enter a description for the specification in the **Description** field. You can change the description of an existing specification.
- 6. If your primary or secondary authorization ID matches the owner of the specification, you have ownership of (and full access to and use of) the specification. For all other users, their access is controlled by the selection made in the **Sharing** group of radio buttons:
  - Select **Other users have no access** radio button to prevent any other user from accessing the specification.
  - Select **Other users can copy the specification** radio button to allow other users to copy the specification.
  - Select **Other users can use/modify the specification** radio button to allow other users to use and modify the specification.
- 7. Click **OK** to save the specification. Control returns to the advisor window from which the save was invoked.

# Using the Specification Advisor

Using the **Specification Advisor** you can open, copy, rename, import, export, and delete specifications.

### Procedure

- 1. Open the **Specification Advisor** by selecting the **Specifications** tab from the web interface.
- 2. The **Specification Advisor** opens with a list of the available specifications. You can filter the list of specifications that are displayed using the following **Filters** fields:

### Location

Specifies the DB2 location where the specification that you want to use resides. Use the pull-down list to select a location.

#### Creator(s) like

Specifies a filter for the creator of the specification. You can use a mask followed by a percent sign as a wild card when filtering, for example, TDSM% will filter on all names that begin with TDSM.

### **Owner(s)** like

Specifies a filter for the owner of the specification. You can use a mask
followed by a percent sign as a wild card when filtering, for example, TDSM% will filter on all names that begin with TDSM.

#### Name(s) like

Specifies a filter for the name of the specification. You can use a mask followed by a percent sign as a wild card when filtering, for example, TDSM% will filter on all names that begin with TDSM.

- **3**. After specifying or changing the filter information, click the **Refresh** button to update the list of specifications that are displayed in the **Specifications** pane.
- 4. To open a specification, select the specification and click the **Open** icon. The specification is opened in the advisor that was originally used to create the specification. DB2 Recovery Expert verifies that you are authorized to open the selected specification. If not, the open operation fails. If you are only authorized to copy the specification, a message displays explaining this, and asks you if you want to make a copy. If the specification opens to the point where that task was initiated. If the specification is in use by a different user, the open operation fails, and a message displays explaining why, and asks you if you want to make a copy of the specification.
- 5. To rename a specification, select the specification and click the **Rename** icon. The Rename Specification window displays. Use this window to specify your rename information. When renaming a specification, DB2 Recovery Expert first verifies that you are authorized to use (not just copy) the specification. If not, the rename operation fails. If you are only authorized to copy the specification, a message displays explaining this, and asks you if you want to make a copy instead of renaming it. If the specification is in use by a different user, the rename operation fails, and a message displays explaining why, and asks you if you want to make a copy of the specification.
- 6. To copy a specification, select the specification and click the **Copy** icon. The Copy Specification window displays. Use this window to specify your copy information. When copying a specification, DB2 Recovery Expert first verifies that you are authorized to use or copy the specification. If not, the copy operation fails.
- 7. To export a specification, select the specification and click the **Export** icon. The Export Specification window is a standard "File Save As" window, allowing you to export the selected specification to a local file on the client computer. Specifications are saved in XML files. When exporting a specification, DB2 Recovery Expert first verifies that you are authorized to use or copy the specification. If not, the export operation fails.
- 8. To import a specification, select the specification and click the **Import** icon. The import operation displays a standard "File Open" window, allowing you to select a local file from the client computer containing an exported specification. The exported specification is opened, as if opened from the database.
- **9**. To delete a specification, select the specification and click the **Delete** icon. A prompt opens to confirm the delete operation. Click **OK** and the specification is deleted.

When deleting a specification, DB2 Recovery Expert first verifies that you are authorized to use (not just copy) the specification. If not, the delete operation fails. If the specification is in use by a different user, the delete operation fails, and a message displays explaining why. If the specification is in use by the current user, a message displays explaining that there is a task running that must be cancelled before the specification can be deleted, and asking if the user wishes to cancel the task. 10. To leave the Specification advisor, select another advisor.

# Copying a specification

You use the Copy Specification window to copy specifications. In order to copy a specification, your user ID must have been granted copy sharing permission when the specification was saved.

### Procedure

- 1. From the **Specification Advisor**, select the specification that you want to copy. Click the **Copy** icon. The Copy Specification window opens.
- 2. The **Old owner** field displays the ID of the current owner of the specification. This is a read-only field.
- **3**. The **Old name** field displays the current name of the specification. This is a read-only field.
- 4. Specify a new owner ID in the New owner field.
- 5. Specify a new name for the specification in the New name field.
- 6. Click **OK**. The specification is copied. Control returns to the advisor and the newly copied specification appears in the list of specifications.

# Renaming a specification

You use the Rename Specification window to rename a specification. In order to rename a specification, your user ID must have been granted use or modify sharing permission when the specification was saved.

### Procedure

- 1. From the **Specification Advisor**, select the specification that you want to rename. Click the **Rename** icon. The Rename Specification window opens.
- 2. The **Old owner** field displays the ID of the current owner of the specification. This is a read-only field.
- **3**. The **Old name** field displays the current name of the specification. This is a read-only field.
- 4. Specify a new owner ID in the New owner field.
- 5. Specify a new name for the specification in the New name field.
- 6. Click **OK**. The specification is renamed. Control returns to the advisor and the renamed specification appears in the list of specifications.

# Viewing the properties of a selected object

The **Recovery Advisor**, the **Log Analysis Advisor**, and the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** each has a step where you select one or more objects for recovery or analysis. When selected, the object's properties are listed in the **Properties** pane.

When you select an object from the **Available Objects** list in the **Objects** window of the **Recovery Advisor**, the **Log Analysis Advisor**, or the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** window, the **Properties** pane is populated with detailed information for the selected object. The properties listed vary by object selected, but the list of possible properties are:

- Action on LOB column check error (R | I)
- The maximum number of exceptions to be reported only (nn)
- The scope of rows to be checked  $(P \mid X \mid A \mid R)$

- Status to verify whether to continue processing when in a restricted state (Y | N)
- Maximum number of objects to copy in parallel (nn)
- Number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel (nn)
- Copy table spaces only or table spaces and indexes (TS | TP)
- Create local site primary copy (Y | N)
- Create local site backup copy (Y | N)
- Create recovery site primary copy (Y | N)
- Create recovery site backup copy (Y | N)
- Use DFSMSdss concurrent copy  $(Y \mid N)$
- Check pages for validity (Y | N)
- Reset page RBAs to zero (Y | N)
- The direction of log processing (F | B)
- Reuse existing DB2-managed data sets (Y | N)
- The scope of indexes to be rebuilt (A | P)
- Sort and build index keys in parallel (Y | N)
- Reuse existing DB2-managed data sets (Y | N)
- Apply log records only (Y | N)
- Maximum number of objects to restore in parallel (nn)
- The site from which RECOVER should use image copies (location)
- Recover to a particular image copy (IC)
- The access with which to start the space(es) (UT | RW)
- Whether to stop the space(es) before restarting  $(Y \mid N)$

# Point in time conversion job

In some cases, DB2 Recovery Expert generates and submits a batch job during recovery plan generation to perform log analysis to convert timestamps and log RBAs.

This job is required when you specify either a timestamp or a log RBA as the point in time for the recovery, when running against a non-data sharing subsystem. The job performs log analysis to convert from the timestamp that you specified to the corresponding log RBA, or vice versa.

The JCL for the job is automatically generated, using the job cards that you specified on the Generation Options window. You do not have any further opportunity to review or customize this JCL before execution. DB2 Recovery Expert automatically submits and monitors the job, and when it finishes, the point in time information is read from the job output and passed into the rest of the recovery plan generation process, which continues as usual. Messages reporting the progress and status of this job are displayed on the main DB2 Recovery Expert window.

Depending on how you originally chose the point in time, this job might not be required. For example, if you browse recovery history events or quiet times as the source for selecting the point in time, then both timestamp and log RBA information are already available (although only one or the other is displayed in the user interface). In this case, DB2 Recovery Expert automatically uses both pieces of information, and does not require the point in time conversion job.

# Exporting job JCL or results

From the **Export** window you can specify whether the build JCL or the job results from any of the advisors will be exported to a z/OS data set or to a local file.

# Before you begin

Before you begin you must ensure that data set parameters (for example record length) allow for writing of JOB output to the data set.

### Procedure

- 1. From each advisor's JCL window click the Export button.
- 2. Select one of the following radio buttons:
  - Select the **Export to a** *z***/OS data set** radio button to direct the recovery JCL to a *z*/OS data set. If you select this option you must specify the name for the data set in the **Data set name** field.
  - Select the **Export to a local file** radio button to direct the recovery JCL to a local file. Use the **Browse** button to search the local directories and select the file.
- **3.** Click **OK**. The recovery JCL is exported and control returns to the advisor's **Recovery Plan** window.

# No recovery plans generated

You might encounter a situation where DB2 Recovery Expert does not generate any recovery plans. This information explains why that might occur.

Understanding why you do not have any viable recovery plans or cannot recover an object as expected requires an understanding of how DB2 Recovery Expert attempts to perform a recovery using the available resources and supported utilities.

Resources

Image copies (IC), active logs, and archive logs provide the application data to be recovered. Image copies are recorded in the DB2 System Catalog (DSC) and optionally in the Schema Level Repository (SLR). Logs are recorded only in the Boot Strap Data Set (BSDS). Regular SLR updates preserve information that would otherwise be lost from the DSC when objects are dropped or altered. Frequent image copies, especially after any successful recovery or significant update, reduce potential conflicts with un-logged updates and other limitations with log processing.

#### Utilities

- RECOVER, REBUILD INDEX, LOAD, and DSN1COPY are DB2 utilities.
- RESTORE DATASET is a DFSMSdss function command.
- Log Analysis is included with DB2 Recovery Expert to generate redo and undo SQL.

No objects to recover error (ARYZ017E)

If you encounter error message ARYZ017E informing you of a no objects to recover error, you must ensure that you have selected objects that can be recovered. Certain object types such as plans, packages, and Automation Tool profiles are

used only to select other recoverable object types. These object types themselves are never directly recovered. This type of indirect selection can result in no objects to recover. Common issues with indirect selection include:

- a plan that uses only a pack list, that has no direct dependencies
- a storage group that is not used by any table space partitions or index partitions

Unrecoverable objects error (ARYZ018E)

If you encounter error message ARYZ018E informing you of an unrecoverable objects error, there are many possible reasons that DB2 Recovery Expert could generate this message. To resolve this situation, you must understand what DB2 Recovery Expert is attempting to do and determine what factor is preventing DB2 Recovery Expert from generating a recovery plan.

#### Recovery methods

The recovery methods are described by:

- 1. The utility that is used to acquire the beginning data.
- 2. The resource for the data that is used.
- 3. The second utility, if necessary, that is required to modify the data.
- 4. The direction of log processing that is required to modify the data. (redo or undo SQL)
- 5. The location of the starting point for the log range.
- 6. The location of the point in time (PIT) that you specified.

The following table outlines the possible recovery methods that are examined by DB2 Recovery Expert:

First utility	Data resource	Second utility	Log	Starting location	PIT
DSN1COPY	Last Image Copy	n/a	n/a	n/a	= Last IC
DSN1COPY	Last IC	RECOVER	Redo	Last IC	> Last IC
DSN1COPY	Last IC	Log Analysis	Redo	Last IC	> Last IC
DSN1COPY	Last IC	Log Analysis	Undo	Last IC	< Last IC
DSN1COPY	Full IC	Log Analysis	Undo	Full IC	< Full IC
RECOVER	Last IC	n/a	n/a	n/a	= Last IC
RECOVER	Last IC	n/a	Redo	Last IC	> Last IC
RECOVER	Last IC	Log Analysis	Redo	Last IC	> Last IC
RECOVER	Last IC	Log Analysis	Undo	Last IC	< Last IC
RECOVER	Full IC	Log Analysis	Undo	Full IC	< Full IC
LOAD	Full IC	n/a	n/a	n/a	= Full IC
LOAD	Full IC	Log Analysis	Redo	Full IC	> Full IC
LOAD	Full IC	Log Analysis	Undo	Full IC	< Full IC
Log Analysis	SQL from log	n/a	Undo	Current	< Current
REBUILD	Current TS Data	n/a	n/a	n/a	= Current
RESTORE	Full IC	n/a	n/a	n/a	= Full IC

Table 26. Possible recovery methods

Table 26. Possible recovery methods (continued)

				Starting	
First utility	Data resource	Second utility	Log	location	PIT
RESTORE	Full IC	RECOVER	Redo	Full IC	> Full IC
RESTORE	Full IC	Log Analysis	Redo	Full IC	> Full IC
RESTORE	Full IC	Log Analysis	Undo	Full IC	< Full IC
DDL only	None (Objects will be dropped)	None	None	None	Before Object Create
SLB	System-Level Backup	RECOVER	Redo	Determined by Recover Utility	=SLB
SLB and RECOVER LOGONLY	System-Level Backup	RECOVER	Redo	Determined by Recover Utility	> SLB

The recovery point in time (PIT) always affects which methods are relevant for each object, and is typically compared with the most recent image copies both before and after the PIT. If the last image copy is incremental, then a full image copy before the PIT is required.

The log range required for a recovery method cannot contain objects with any of the following parameters:

- CHECK DATA with LOG(NO)
- LOAD with LOG(NO)
- REORG with LOG(NO)
- RECOVER with TOCOPY or TOLOGPOINT

#### Constraints

- Recreated tables are not supported by RECOVER, RESTORE, or Undo SQL from current.
- DSN1COPY does not support user-managed spaces defined as NOREUSE.
- Image copies created with the CONCURRENT option are supported only by RECOVER and RESTORE.
- Image copies created without the CONCURRENT option are supported by every utility except RESTORE.
- RECOVER might not require a last image copy if the object is newer than the oldest recorded log, otherwise the full image copy must be recorded in the DSC.
- LOAD uses only full image copies to avoid duplicate rows from partially updated windows on incremental copies.
- Log Analysis does not support:
  - Tables that have a user defined data type.
  - Column names, table name, or creator that cannot be translated into EBCDIC (CCSID 37)
  - Objects that are LOG NO or have a related object that is LOG NO.
  - Dropped objects with XML columns
  - Cloned tables.
- REBUILD is used as the first utility only when the parent table is not being recovered, and only when recovering to current.

• The utilities used for recovery are typically either un-logged or limit log processing. Frequent image copies help to ensure a recoverable environment.

# Chapter 21. Recovering a DB2 object using the schema level repository

The **Recovery Advisor** helps you to recover dropped or versioned DB2 objects using the information in the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository (SLR). The SLR is a collection of DB2 tables that are used to archive DB2 object metadata and recovery information. Using the SLR you can recover dropped objects to a point in time. In addition you can recover objects back to a specific version.

# About this task

The versioning information that DB2 Recovery Expert keeps in the SLR is updated by running the SLR update program. The SLR update program compares the objects in the DB2 catalog to the last known version of the objects in the SLR and if an object has changed, a new entry for that object is added. If kept current by frequently running the update program, the versioning information in the SLR can present a complete historical view of the object. The information tracks when any attribute of the object is changed. You therefore have the opportunity to recover an object to one of several versions.

**Note:** Running the SLR update program can be resource intensive. If you are only interested in recovering an object to just before it was dropped and not interested in recovering an object to a specific version, you can use the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** to recover a dropped object using the DB2 log.

# Using the Recovery Advisor

This section provides an overview of the process for recovering one or more DB2 objects using the **Recovery Advisor**. The **Recovery Advisor** helps you build a job to recover one or more objects using the DB2 Recovery Expert schema level repository for recovery information.

- 1. Access DB2 Recovery Expert web interface and click the **Recovery Advisor** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the **Recovery Advisor** opens. The Welcome window gives an overview of the advisor.
- 2. Click **Next**. The Location window opens. You use the Location window to select the DB2 subsystem where the objects that you want to recover reside.
- **3**. Click **Next**. The Objects window opens. You use the Objects window to select the objects that you want to recover.
- 4. Click **Next**. The Point in Time window opens. You use the Point in Time window to specify the point in time to which you want to recover the selected objects.
- 5. Click Next. The Recovery Plan window opens. Click Generate to retrieve a list of possible recovery plans for the objects. When retrieving the recovery plans you can specify whether you will perform in-place recovery, redirected recovery, or DDL recovery. You will also specify options that will be used when generating the recovery plans. The recovery plans are retrieved and listed in the Plans pane.
- 6. Select a recovery plan from the list of plans and click Next.

- 7. The JCL window opens displaying the JCL that will be used for the recovery job. From this window you can edit the JCL.
- 8. Click **Next** to run the job. When the job completes, the Result window opens and displays the results job. Select the recovery job whose results you want to review.
- **9**. When you have finished reviewing the results, click **Close**. You return to the Results window of the advisor, where you can choose to save or delete the results.

# **Opening the Recovery Advisor**

Each of the advisors in the web interface opens with a Welcome window.

### Procedure

- 1. Click the **Recovery Advisor** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the **Recovery Advisor** opens. This window presents an overview of the object recovery process using this advisor.
- 2. The **Skip this Welcome page in the future** check box (which by default is not selected) allows you to suppress the display of the Recovery Advisor Welcome window in the future. This applies only for new object recovery specifications; when a saved specification is opened, the Welcome window is always omitted.
- **3**. On each window of the **Recovery Advisor**, you can use one or more of the following controls to navigate through the process:
  - **Back** Move back one window in the object recovery process.
  - **Next** Move ahead one window in the object recovery process.
  - **Save** Save the recovery process and selections up to this point in a specification. (This opens a new window for naming and saving the specification.)
  - **Close** End the recovery process without saving it and close the **Recovery Advisor**. All work and selections up to this point are lost.
  - **Help** Connect to the IBM DB2 Recovery Expert online help system.
- 4. After you have reviewed the information on the Welcome window, click **Next**. The Location window opens.

# Selecting a DB2 subsystem location

Use the Location window of the **Recovery Advisor** to select the DB2 subsystem on which the objects that you want to recover reside.

### About this task

The locations displayed on this window are discovered automatically through communication between the DB2 Recovery Expert server and all running database agents. If there are several attached agents, the discovery process can take some time.

The DB2 subsystems available for your use are fetched when the agent starts. To refresh this list, right-click anywhere in the **Locations** pane. A **Refresh Location** option appears that you can select to refresh the list of subsystems. Additionally, an administrator can use SDSF (System Display and Search facility) to issue a /MODIFY *<agent-job-name*>,REFRESH TOPOLOGY command after having started or stopped a DB2 subsystem.

- Drill down to the DB2 subsystem that contains the objects that you want to recover by expanding the elements in the Locations pane. The locations presented are organized in different ways. If you think of the locations by physical organization (that is, what system, and then what subsystem on that system), you can drill down through z/OS Systems. If you think of the locations in the abstract (that is, a simple list of subsystems), you can drill down through z/OS Data Sharing Groups.
- 2. Select the DB2 subsystem. The properties of the DB2 subsystem display in the **Properties** pane. Depending on the location that you selected, you might see only a portion of the properties listed below:
  - Version
  - Mode
  - Highest log RBA
  - Subsystem ID
  - Active?
  - System restore
  - System services address space
  - Database services address space
  - Distributed data facility address space
  - IP address
  - IP address V6
  - Host name
  - Port number
  - Resync port number
  - Data sharing group attachment name
  - Data sharing group name
  - Data sharing member name
- **3**. When you select a DB2 subsystem, the status of the DB2 subsystem displays in the **Status** pane. The status information that might be listed is:
  - DB2 restart RBA
  - DB2 restart time
  - Last checkpoint
  - Log copy 1
  - Log copy 2
  - Log high offloaded RBA
  - Log high written RBA
  - Number of logs awaiting offload
- 4. Click **Next**. If a connection to that location has not yet been established during the DB2 Recovery Expert session, a connection is established now.
- 5. If this is the first time during the DB2 Recovery Expert session that you have selected this location, and if login information has not been previously stored, the Database Login window displays. Enter the login information and click **OK**.
- 6. The Objects window opens.

# Selecting objects for recovery

You use the Objects window of the **Recovery Advisor** to select the objects that you want to recover.

# About this task

The first time you expand each high level element in the list of available objects (for example, Storage Groups, Databases, Table Spaces), the number of matching objects is determined. If this number exceeds the threshold specified in user preferences, a filter dialog is displayed.

**Important:** When you are selecting objects for recovery, remember that any recovery plan might include undo or redo SQL. You must ensure that there is a primary, or unique, key on the tables for which you are generating SQL. Without a primary key, you might not get the results that you want because of the inability to uniquely identify rows that were changed by the original SQL.

# Procedure

1. The **Available objects** list displays the objects that are available for recovery on the DB2 subsystem that you selected. The objects are organized by object type. You drill down to the desired object and select it. The objects appear in different colors to identify their locations:

Black In both the repository and the DB2 catalog

Blue In the DB2 catalog only

**Red** In the repository only

- 2. In the **Available Objects** pane, you can also right-click a table space, a database, or a table partition node to display a menu with commands that you can use to change the display status. This gives you a convenient way to reset or check object statuses from within DB2 Recovery Expert. The available commands are **Display**, **Start**, and **Stop**. Selecting any of the options displays another dialog that allows you to perform the selected operation on the selected object.
- **3**. When you select an object, its properties display in the **Properties** pane. The **Repository Status** field in the **Properties** pane also identifies an object's location. Each of the properties that are listed in the Properties pane vary by object type.
- 4. Click the Include button to add the object to the list of objects to recover. The object appears in the Selected objects list. You can continue to add objects to the Selected objects list until you have selected all of the objects that you want to recover. To remove an object from the Selected objects list, click the Remove button. To remove all the objects from the list, click the Remove All button.
- 5. You can use the **Exclude** button to exclude an object from a larger set of objects that are to be recovered. For example, if you choose to include all objects that are found in a database with the exception of one dependent object, then you would select the database using the **Include** button; and then select one of the dependent database objects and using the **Exclude** button move it to the **Selected objects** list.
- 6. You can use the **Filter** button to vary the display of objects as they appear in the **Available objects** list. The **Available objects** list displays the objects organized by object type. This organizational scheme is consistent throughout the tree. To vary the objects displayed beneath each object type on any level, select the object type and press the **Filter** button. You can also open the object

type filter window by right clicking on the object type and selecting **Create Filter** from the menu. A filter window opens where you can specify the filter criteria. In addition you can modify and remove filters by right clicking on an object type and selecting from the menu either **Modify filter** or **Remove filter**. The available object types are as follows:

- Storage Groups
- Databases
- Table Spaces
- Tables
- Indexes
- Views
- Synonyms
- Aliases
- Data types
- Triggers
- Functions
- Stored Procedures
- Sequences
- Sequence Aliases
- Roles
- Plans
- Packages
- Global Variables
- Automation Tool Profiles
- 7. You can define a pattern that will match multiple objects that will be selected for recovery at the time the recovery job is run. To define a pattern, select the node labeled **Pattern** under the type of object you wish to select and click the **Include** button. A popup window opens, specific to the type of object that you selected. Specify the pattern and click **OK**. The object type pattern will appear in the **Selected objects** list. When you expand a pattern in the **Selected objects** list, you can see all matching objects that are found in the repository or currently exist in the DB2 subsystem.
- 8. Click Next. The Point in Time window opens.

# Specifying a point in time

You use the Point in Time window of the **Recovery Advisor** to specify the point in time to which you want to recover the selected objects.

- 1. Select one of the following radio buttons:
  - Select the **Current** radio button to specify that you will recover the selected objects to the current date and time. You would select this option when you want to recover data that is logically consistent but has a physical error or other corruption in how it is stored.
  - Select the **Timestamp** radio button to specify a time value as the point to which the objects will be recovered. You would select this option when you want to recover previous versions of the selected objects, or when data has become logically inconsistent and you can identify a prior timestamp when

the data was consistent. If you choose this option, you will select a specific time using the date and time icon. You can also browse for recovery point options using the browse button.

- Select the **Log RBA** radio button to specify that an RBA from the log will be used as the point to which the objects will be recovered. Select this option when data has become logically inconsistent and you can identify a prior log RBA when the data was consistent. If you choose this option, you can specify a specific RBA in the adjacent text box. You can also browse for RBA point options using the browse button. This option is only available for non-data sharing environments.
- Select the **LRSN** radio button to specify that a LRSN will be used as the point to which the objects will be recovered. Select this option when data has become logically inconsistent and you can identify a prior LRSN when the data was consistent. If you choose this option, you can specify a specific LRSN in the adjacent text box. You can also browse for LRSN point options using the browse button. This option is only available for data sharing environments.
- 2. If you choose the browse button for help in selecting a timestamp value, a log RBA value, or a LRSN value:
  - Click the browse button next to the **Timestamp** radio button to open the Select Point in Time window. From this window you can select a time value to which the dropped objects can be restored. You can choose from a list of available object level definitions, recovery history events, or quiet times. When control returns to the Point in Time page, the selected recovery point is displayed in the **Timestamp** text box.
  - Click the browse button next to the **Log RBA** radio button to open the Select Point in Time window. From this window you can select the RBA to which the dropped objects will be restored. You can choose from a list of available object definition levels, recovery history events, or quiet times. When control returns to the Point in Time page, the selected recovery point is displayed in the **Log RBA** text box.
  - Click the browse button next to the **LRSN** radio button to open the Select Point in Time window. From this window you can select the LRSN to which the dropped objects will be restored. You can choose from a list of available recovery history events or quiet times. When control returns to the Point in Time page, the selected recovery point is displayed in the **LRSN** text box.
- 3. Click Next. The Recovery Plan page opens.

# Selecting an object level, history event, or quiet time recovery point

From the **Select Point in Time** window of the **Recovery Advisor** you can choose the type of recovery point that will be used to recover the objects. The types of recovery points from which you can select are object definition levels, recovery history events or quiet times.

- From the Point in Time page of the Recovery Advisor select the browse button to the right of the Timestamp radio button, the Log RBA radio button, or the LRSN radio button. The Select Point in Time window opens.
- 2. Select one of the following radio buttons:
  - **Object Definition Levels** Select this radio button to choose an object definition level for a recovery point. A given object can have many versions over time. The versions are referred to as object definition levels. The

available definition levels that can be used as a recovery point are listed in the **Levels** text box. **Object Definition levels** are not available for selection when using a log RBA or LRSN point in time.

- **Recovery History Events** Select this radio button to choose a history event for a recovery point. History events for any of the selected objects are listed from the SYSIBM.SYSCOPY table, the schema repository's SYSCOPY table, and the DLC.SYSCOPY\_V11 table (if present). The history events available to use as a recovery point are listed in the **Events** text box.
- **Quiet Times** Select this radio button to choose a quiet time for a recovery point. The available quiet times available to use as a recovery point are listed in the **Quiet time found** text box. Quiet times are listed from the quiet time tables. The default quiet time tables are SYSTOOLS.ARYQTG and SYSTOOLS.ARYQT. You can change the quiet times tables location using the **Quiet Time Tables** page of the **Preferences** notebook.
- 3. The number of elements listed in the Levels, Events, and Quiet Times text boxes is limited by the Filter trigger value specified on the Limits page of the Preferences notebook. If the number of elements to be listed exceeds this value, the Point in Time Filter window opens. From this window you can specify a timestamp range that will filter the elements that are displayed. You can also filter the items that are listed in the Levels text box, the Events text box, and the Quiet times text box at any time using the Filter button.
- 4. At any time, you can click the **Refresh** button to refresh the list of elements.
- 5. If you selected:
  - **Recovery History Events** You can show events that are not points of consistency. You can use the **Show events that are not points of consistency** check box to control whether or not events that are not suitable points of consistency for recovery are shown (for example, other than quiesce events or SHRLEVEL NONE or SHRLEVEL REFERENCE image copies). By default, the check box is not selected, so only points of consistency are shown.
  - Quiet Times You can run a quiet time report on demand, updating the quiet time tables, and providing more quiet times from which to select. To run a quiet time report, click the **Run New Report** button. The **Log Analysis Advisor** opens, allowing you to run a quiet time report. After the report runs, click **Refresh** to display any additional quiet times discovered.
- 6. Click **OK**. Control returns to the Point in Time window. The following recovery points are specified depending on your selection:
  - For **Object Definition Levels**, the **Level End Timestamp** from the selected row is entered in the **Timestamp** edit box. If there is no **Level End Timestamp**, that is, you selected a level which still exists, the point in time selection is changed to **Current**.
  - For **Recovery History Events**, the timestamp from the selected event is entered in the **Timestamp** edit box.
  - For **Quiet Times**, the midpoint of the **Start Timestamp** and **End Timestamp** from the selected quiet time is entered in the **Timestamp** edit box, or the **End RBA\LRSN** value is entered in the **Log RBA/LRSN**.

# Understanding recovery plans

Recovery plans are the jobs that can be run to recover DB2 objects.

When you generate a recovery plan, a request is made to the DB2 Recovery Expert server to complete the recovery set by expanding patterns and also searching containment and other types of relationships. All objects that are found are added automatically to the recovery set, without your confirmation.

Further analysis is then performed to determine additional relationships such as RI constraints, and XML and LOB relationships.

While RI relationships for each selected table are determined, DB2 Recovery Expert creates a list of relationships (by referential constraints), each referring to a list of tables.

If the composite list of tables includes any that were not previously in the recovery set, the Select Related Tables window displays.

This Recovery Plans window shows the relationships found, along with the tables to which they refer. By default, all relationships (and tables) are selected for inclusion in the recovery set. You can clear any relationship or any table in a relationship. Clearing individual tables in a relationship might result in the partial inclusion of relationships, which will be reflected on the window.

**Note:** Use caution if you decide to remove related objects from the recovery set. Removing objects that were automatically selected might result in incorrect recoveries or recoveries that fail.

To ensure that you do not recover a table that you do not want, you must deselect each occurrence of the table under any constraint that might include it. If you select a constraint because you do not want a table that is under that constraint, you might still recover that table because it might exist under another constraint.

Another request is made to the server to continue generating recovery plans, using the augmented recovery set. After the plans are generated, they are displayed on the Plans window.

The jobs that initially appear in the Plans window have generic job names. To view the actual names used in the recovery process, you must generate the JCL by selecting a plan and either viewing the JCL or running the recovery. If you specify parallel jobs in the Recovery Plan Generation Options window, you see serial and parallel jobs within each plan folder. Upon generating the JCL, the same job name is generated for all serial jobs. For parallel jobs, the last character in the job name is incremented and a unique name is generated for each job in the parallel job folder.

A message displaying the status of the task is displayed in the **Messages** pane of the main window, while it is running and after it has ended. You can monitor the task and open the related specification from there.

The following is a list of recovery plans that can be used to perform an object recovery. Not all recovery plans are available for all objects. Depending on the objects or subsystems that you select, you see different available plans.

- Using DSN1COPY
- Using DSN1COPY and RECOVER LOGONLY
- Using DSN1COPY of IC and redo SQL
- Using DSN1COPY of IC and undo SQL
- Using DSN1COPY of full IC and undo SQL

- Using RECOVER TOCOPY
- Using RECOVER
- Using RECOVER to IC and redo SQL
- Using RECOVER to IC and undo SQL
- Using RECOVER to full IC and undo SQL
- Using LOAD
- Using LOAD from full IC and redo SQL
- Using LOAD from full IC and undo SQL
- Using undo SQL
- Using REBUILD INDEX
- Using DFSMSdss RESTORE DATASET
- Using DFSMSdss RESTORE DATASET with RECOVER LOGONLY
- Using DFSMSdss RESTORE DATASET and redo SQL
- Using DFSMSdss RESTORE DATASET and undo SQL
- Using DDL only (Drop)
- Using Restore from System Level Backup
- Using Restore from System Level Backup and RECOVER LOGONLY
- Using Restore of VSAM dataset only
- Using Restore of VSAM dataset and RECOVER LOGONLY

# Generating recovery plans for XML and LOB columns

DB2 Recovery Expert can generate recovery plans for most objects defined with LOB and XML columns using REDO/UNDO SQL for DB2 on version 9 and higher. This section describes the instances when DB2 Recovery Expert can be used to generate recovery plans for objects containing LOB and/or XML columns—and when it cannot.

DB2 Recovery Expert can produce a recovery plan for any object containing a LOB column regardless of whether or not

- The object was dropped
- The object requires REDO/UNDO SQL

**Note:** For recovery plans that involve an image copy with subsequent REDO/UNDO SQL, both the base table space and the associated LOB spaces need to have image copies with the same RBA/LRSN. The last image copy prior to the recovery point must have the same RBA for both the base table space and the associated LOB space(s).

DB2 Recovery Expert can produce a recovery plan for any object containing an XML column that has not been dropped, even if REDO/UNDO SQL is required for that object.

DB2 Recovery Expert can produce a recovery plan for any dropped object containing a table defined with an XML column if all of the following are true:

- The dropped object is recovered to an image copy point.
- An image copy exists for both the base table space and the auxiliary table space.
- Both the image copies of the base table space and the auxiliary table space have the same RBA/LRSN.

**Note:** After the recovery is executed, the objects will be recovered to the full image copy; however, inserts cannot be performed on the XML table.

DB2 Recovery Expert does not produce a recovery plan for any dropped object containing a table with an XML column and where REDO/UNDO SQL is required to recover the object to the requested recovery point.

# Viewing recovery method information

DB2 Recovery Expert can generate several recovery plans for you to choose from to recover an object. Each of these plans use different methods for recovering the object. You can display the reasons why a recovery method is or is not available for the objects that you want to recover.

To enable this feature check the **Display recovery method information** check box that is found on the **General** page of the **Preferences** notebook. By default, the **Display recovery method information** box is unchecked. A folder named **Recovered Objects** will be included when with the recovery plans that are generated to recover the objects. You will expand this folder to see the recovery methods that will be used to recover the objects.

When you select a recovery method in the list of recovery methods for a specific object information about the recovery method is displayed in the **Properties** pane. If a specific recovery method is not available for that object, a red circle appears next to the recovery option. An explanation appears in a popup and in the **Properties** pane informing the user of the reason the object cannot be recovered using that specific method. If a recovery method is available for an object, a green circle appears next to the recovery option, and information about why the object can be recovered using that specific method is displayed in the Properties pane.

The following is a list of possible reasons why a recovery method will not work for an object. Not all explanations apply to all types of recovery plans. For more information, review the messages section of the user's guide.

- ARYJ040I The object is not eligible for data recovery.
- ARYJ0411 Recreating the clone table would conflict with the existing base table.
- ARYJ042I The method uses only DDL with no data recovery.
- ARYJ043I The method does not support this object type.
- ARYJ044I The index is dependent on data recovery.
- ARYJ045I The method does not allow recreated tables.
- ARYJ046I The method does not support this point in time.
- ARYJ047I DSN1COPY does not support NOREUSE data sets.
- ARYJ048I Redo/Undo SQL does not support GENERATED ALWAYS columns.
- ARYJ049I Redo/Undo SQL does not support non-EBCDIC identifiers.
- ARYJ050I Redo/Undo SQL does not support distinct types.
- ARYJ051I Redo/Undo SQL does not support the first data set of a non-partitioned space.
- ARYJ052I Table space method supersedes recovering all tables.
- ARYJ053I Redo SQL does not support a recreated table from a previous table space version.
- ARYJ054I This method is not enabled in the product control file.
- ARYJ055I Last image copy before point in time unavailable.
- ARYJ056I Last image copy after point in time unavailable.

- ARYJ057I Full image copy before point in time unavailable.
- ARYJ058I Full image copy after point in time unavailable.
- ARYJ059I LOG NO event between current and point in time.
- ARYJ060I Log processing not allowed with this method.
- ARYJ061I Log processing required with this method.
- ARYJ062I Log processing not supported for NOT LOGGED intervals.
- ARYJ063I Full image copy has been deleted from SYSIBM.SYSCOPY.
- ARYJ064I Concurrent copy excluded from this method.
- ARYJ065I Concurrent copy required with this method.
- ARYJ066I Redo/Undo SQL requires DB2 V9 or higher for LOB column support.
- ARYJ067I RECOVER does not support COPY NO indexes.
- ARYJ068I This method must provide the lowest total cost.
- ARYJ069I Redo/Undo SQL does not support IMPLICITLY HIDDEN columns.
- ARYJ070I System Backup Recovery Services is disabled in the PCF.
- ARYJ071I System backup usable for object restore was not found.
- ARYJ072I Load does not support XML columns.
- ARYJ073I Load does not support LOB table spaces.

# Calculating recovery plan cost

Each generated recovery plan has an associated cost. In DB2 Recovery Expert recovery plan cost is a relative unit of measure to assist you in identifying the most efficient plan. The plan with the lowest estimated cost appears as the first plan on the list.

When you click on a recovery plan in the **Plans** pane, detailed cost information about the plan appears in the **Properties** pane. Plan properties include estimates of CPU time, tape mounts, and page I/Os. Compare the estimated cost for each plan to help you identify the most efficient plan using your preferred recovery method.

The following estimated cost information is generated for each recovery method.

- Estimated number of CPU milliseconds
- Estimated number of disk allocations
- Estimated number of disk page copies
- Estimated number of tape drive allocations
- · Estimated number of tape page copies
- Estimated relative cost of the recovery plan
- Log point
- Plan name

# Viewing and editing relative cost parameters

Two parameters that are specified during customization affect the calculation of the cost estimates that are associated with generated recovery plans. The two parameters are:

### UPDATE ARY COST ECPU

A relative factor used to determine the elapsed CPU time for each recovery plan. The default value is 010.00.

#### UPDATE ARY COST ETPM

A relative factor used to determine the elapsed time for tape mounts. The default value is 120.00.

These parameters are easily customized to give DB2 Recovery Expert users a more accurate cost estimate of recovery in their own shops.

When specifying relative cost parameters using Tools Customizer, the values supplied must conform to the following rules:

- The values must be numeric.
- The values must be in the form *nnn.nn*. (Use leading/trailing zeros where necessary.)
- The values must begin in column 27.

To see the current values of these parameters, run SAMPLIB job ARYSJ003. This job reports on the contents of the Product Control File.

# Generating and running recovery plans

From the **Recovery Plan** window of the **Recovery Advisor** you can generate possible recovery plans for the selected objects.

# About this task

You can generate a list of all available recovery plans for an object and then choose to run the plan that is most advantageous. When the Recovery Plan window initially opens, the list of plans is empty.

#### Note:

- If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.
- If you are recovering a set of objects to a prior version (existing objects must be dropped and then recreated) and one of the tables has the RESTRICT ON DROP clause active, you will have to alter that table to remove this restriction before running the recovery plan job. Upon completion of the recovery plan job you can reactivate the clause for the table.

- 1. When the Recovery Plan window initially opens, the list of plans is empty. From the Recovery Plan window click the **Generate** button to generate a list of recovery plans.
- 2. The Recovery Plan Generation Options window opens. From this window you specify the type of recovery that you will perform and the options that are used to generate the recovery plans. After specifying the options you initiate the search for all available recovery plans based on the options that you specified. When the search has completed the recovery plans are returned and listed in the **Plans** pane of the **Recovery Plan** window.
- **3**. One plan for each possible recovery strategy is listed in the **Plans** pane. When you select a plan, properties that estimate the cost of the plan are displayed in the **Properties** pane. The cost of running a recovery plan is calculated based on the size of the data sets and the method of recovery. Viewing the

properties of each plan will help you choose the most efficient plan. You can modify the default values used for these estimates when customizing DB2 Recovery Expert during installation.

- 4. You can expand each plan in the **Plans** pane to review its steps. When you select a step, descriptive properties for the step appear in the **Properties** pane.
- 5. You can expand each step in the plan to display the objects that are included in the list. The properties for each object are displayed in the **Properties** pane.
- 6. If you enabled parallel jobs, a folder named **Serial Job Group** is included in the **Plans** pane. This folder includes the initial job that will be run to check status, a **Parallel Job Group** folder that will contain the jobs to run in parallel, and a final job for utilities that cannot run in parallel. You enable parallel jobs using the **Parallel Jobs** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options.
- 7. In addition to the recovery plans, the **Plans** pane includes a folder named **Recovered Objects**. This folder lists all the objects that will be recovered using the selected plan. If you set your preference to display recovery methods, each object within the **Recovered Objects** folder can be expanded and the possible recovery methods are listed.
- 8. If you select a plan and click the **Validate** button, you can verify whether the conditions that applied when a plan was generated still apply. For example, checking for the existence of expected image copy data sets. The existence of expected DB2 objects is also checked to verify that objects that were dropped at the time of generation are still dropped and objects that existed still exist. This validation is not a full simulation, that is, it is not a guarantee that the plan will run successfully. Some resources might appear to exist but actually do not, such as a cataloged tape that is not physically available, or you may not have authorization to access some resources. The message displayed upon successful validation makes it explicit that there is no guarantee of success.
- **9**. After reviewing the recovery plans, select the one that you want to run and click **Next**. The JCL Parameters window opens where you can make changes to your default Job card information and specify a greater than 80 character line delimiter.

In addition, depending on the type of plan chosen, various warnings might be displayed before proceeding with the recovery. For a plan including at least one step that uses undo or redo SQL generated by log analysis, a warning displays identifying possible issues with a successful recovery. This warning is displayed even when recovering to a current or a known point of consistency. Edit the Job card and click **OK**.

**Note:** When you are selecting a recovery plan you must ensure that there is a primary or unique key on the tables for which you are generating SQL. Without a primary key, you cannot get the results that you want due to the inability to uniquely identify rows that were changed by the original SQL.

- **10**. The JCL window opens displaying the JCL for the recovery job. From this window you can edit, export, or run the job.
- 11. Click **Run** to run the JCL for the recovery plan. The results of the job are returned and listed in the **Result** window.
- 12. To view the results of the job, select the job from the **Jobs** pane and click the **View** button. The Job Results window opens displaying the job results.
- **13.** To delete the job, select the job from the **Jobs** pane and click the **Delete** button.

# Specifying recovery plan options

From the Recovery Plan Options window you specify the type of recovery that will be performed and the options that will be used to generate the recovery plans. Several sets of options are presented to you depending on the type of recovery that you want to perform.

- 1. Select the type of recovery:
  - To perform an in-place recovery, clear the **Generate DDL only** and **Generate Redirected Recovery** check boxes. An in-place recovery recovers an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is the same as the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
  - To perform an in-place DDL only recovery, check the **Generate DDL only** check box. An in-place DDL only recovery recovers only the DDL for the object to a target DB2 subsystem that is the same as the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
  - To perform a Redirected Recovery, check the **Generate Redirected Recovery** check box. A Redirected Recovery recovers an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is different from the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
  - To perform a DDL only Redirected Recovery, check the **Generate DDL only** and the **Generate Redirected Recovery** check boxes. A DDL only Redirected Recovery recovers only the DDL for an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is different from the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
- 2. If you are performing an in-place or a Redirected Recovery, click the **General** tab and specify the following options:
  - Objects that are in a restricted state might require manual intervention to successfully recover without causing unwanted results. Specify what you want DB2 Recovery Expert to do if it encounters objects in a restricted state (for example, read-only objects or table spaces with COPY pending) by selecting one of the following radio buttons:
    - **Stop the recovery if objects in a restricted state are encountered**. This is the recommended option as well as the default.
    - Proceed with the recovery, if possible, even if objects are in a restricted state.
  - The Check Data utility checks table spaces for violations of referential and table check constraints and it reports information about the violations that it detects. The **Generate Check Data utility** check box is selected by default. If you do not want to check data during the recovery process then you should turn this utility off by clearing the **Generate Check Data utility** check box. Checking the table space data will consume resources. Your recovery performance is improved if the Check Data utility is not running.
  - Objects that have been selected for recovery may be related to additional objects as a result of referential integrity. Select the **Include RI related objects** check box to include the additional objects in the recovery.
  - Objects that have been selected for recovery may be related to additional index spaces as a result of referential integrity. Select the **Include RI related index spaces** check box to include the additional index spaces in the recovery.
  - The LOAD from full IC recovery plan may be used to recover many types of objects. If you want to use this plan to recover recreated tables, you must

select the **Allow LOAD from full IC for recreated tables** check box. It should be noted that in some cases using this plan for recreated tables may fail.

- 3. If you are performing an in-place recovery, click the **RECOVER**, **Copy**, **Parallel Jobs**, and **DDL Options** tabs to specify the recovery options.
- 4. If you are performing a Redirected Recovery, click the **Copy**, **Parallel Jobs**, **DDL Options**, and **Redirected Recovery** tabs to specify the recovery options.
- 5. If you are specifying a DDL only Redirected Recovery, click the **DDL Options** and **Redirected Recovery** tabs to specify the recovery options.
- 6. If you are performing a DDL only in-place recovery, click the **DDL Options** tab to specify the recovery options.
- 7. Click **OK**. The recovery plans are generated and control returns to the Recovery Plan window.

### Specifying recovery plan options for the RECOVER utility

You use the **RECOVER** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook to specify the parameters that are used with the RECOVER utility.

Specify values for the following fields:

# Number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel (TAPEUNITS)

Select this option and provide a numeric value to set the number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel. The default value is zero which specifies that DB2 will determine the number of tape drives to allocate.

#### The site from which RECOVER should use image copies

Select this option and provide a site from which RECOVER should use image copies. The default value is *Subsystem default* which means however the subsystem is configured.

#### **Recover unchanged objects**

Select this check box to include all changed and unchanged objects in the recovery. Clear the check box to exclude unchanged objects from the recovery. Excluding unchanged objects will save processing time during the recovery. The default value is to include all changed and unchanged objects.

### Specifying recovery plan options for the COPY utility

You use the **Copy** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook to specify the parameters that are used with the COPY utility.

#### Specify the parameters to use with the COPY utility

Select one of the following radio buttons to control whether or not DB2 Recovery Expert generates an image copy at the end of the recovery:

- Select the **Do not create image copies after recovery** radio button to bypass creating any image copies after recovery. This is the default selection.
- Select the **Copy table spaces only** radio button to create an image copy of only the table spaces after the recovery.
- Select the Copy table spaces and indexes radio button to create image copies of COPY YES indexes as well as of table spaces after the recovery.

If you selected either **Copy table spaces only** or **Copy table spaces and indexes** you must also specify the type of copies that you want to create. You can select one or more of the following:

- Create local site primary copy
- Create local site backup copy
- Create recovery site primary copy
- Create recovery site backup copy

# Number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel (TAPEUNITS)

Specify in this text box the number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel. The default value for TAPEUNITS is 0 which specifies that DB2 will determine the number of tape drives to allocate.

#### Check pages for validity (CHECKPAGE)

Select this check box to verify that all pages are valid when using COPY.

# Use DFSMdss concurrent copy (CONCURRENT)

Select this check box to use DFSMdss concurrent copy.

### Specifying recovery plan options for running parallel jobs

Use the **Parallel Jobs** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook to specify the options for running parallel jobs.

These options specify the number of parallel processing jobs that are allowed and the maximum number of concurrent jobs that can be submitted at any given time. Examples of utilities that can be run in parallel are recoveries to independent table space groups and DSN1COPY and RECOVER utilities.

**Tip:** If you do not want to run parallel jobs, set the number of parallel jobs requested to 0, then the entire recovery will use a single JOB.

Based on the information that you enter, DB2 Recovery Expert evaluates the objects that have been selected for recovery to determine if their recovery can be spread across several jobs. This allows multiple recovery jobs to be submitted at once. During the recovery process, the generated JCL has an initial JOB for status checks to prepare for recovery and DDL to recreate objects. The maximum number of requested JOBs follow to process independent groups of objects. Utilities that cannot run parallel are included in the final job.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert performs an analysis to determine which utilities run in parallel and which do not.

To set the parallel utilities, enter a number in the following boxes:

#### Number of parallel jobs for data recovery

In this text box specify the maximum number of jobs in a parallel job group.

#### Specify maximum number of concurrent jobs

In this text box specify the maximum number of jobs that the agent processes in parallel. This represents the maximum number of jobs that can run at any given point.

### Specifying recovery plan DDL options

The **DDL Options** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook specifies the options that are used when generating just DDL for an object or set of objects. These options include those that effect whether authorization statements are generated, whether DDL is generated for specific object types, and the options that will control binding the DDL jobs. The following options apply to authorizations:

#### Grants

Check this check box to generate authorization statements when recovering objects.

Using the **DDL Options** you control whether DDL will be generated for an object and the object's dependent objects. When generating DDL for an object, DB2 Recovery Expert generates recovery DDL for the selected object and all its lower level dependent objects. By not selecting an object type, you can inhibit the generation of DDL for those dependent objects of a specific object type. To control the generation of DDL select one or more of the following check boxes:

#### **Storage Groups**

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Storage Group** object types.

#### Databases

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Database** object types.

#### Indexes

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Index** object types.

#### Aliases

Check this check box to generate DDL for Alias object types.

#### **Functions**

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Function** object types.

#### Synonyms

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Synonym** object types.

#### Sequences

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Sequence** object types.

Roles Check this check box to generate DDL for Role object types.

#### **Table Spaces**

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Tablespace** object types.

#### Tables

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Table** object types.

#### Views

Check this check box to generate DDL for **View** object types.

#### DataTypes

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Data Type** object types.

### Stored Procedures

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Procedure** object types.

#### Triggers

Check this check box to generate DDL for Trigger object types.

#### **Sequence** Aliases

Check this check box to generate DDL for Sequence Alias object types.

#### **Global Variables**

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Global Variable** object types.

The following options apply to binding packages and plans:

**Binds** Check this check box to generate package or plan bind statements. Once checked, the supporting bind option become available.

#### Packages

Select this radio button to indicate that bind statements are to be generated only for packages. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

# Packages and Plans

Select this radio button to indicate that bind statements are to be generated for packages and plans. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

Add Select this radio button to indicate that the named package does not exist, and that a new package is to be created. If the package already exists, execution stops, and a diagnostic error message is returned. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

#### Replace

Select this radio button to indicate that the existing package is to be replaced by a new one with the same package name and creator. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

#### DBRM Library 1 – 4

Specify the DBRM libraries to be used for the bind jobs. You can specify up to 4 DBRM libraries. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

#### SQLID for DDL

By default, the generated DDL for a recreated object uses the SQLID that was specified when the object was originally created. To override the default you can specify a different SQLID in the **SQLID for DDL** field and it will be used when generating the DDL for the recreated objects.

### Specifying recovery plans Redirected Recovery options

The **Redirected Recovery Options** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook specifies the options that are used when generating plans to recover an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is different than the original source DB2 subsystem.

#### SYSCOPY Scan Operating Mode

Specifies which SYSCOPY rows to consider when finding a starting point for processing. Valid values are:

- Zparm (Default) Detects the operating mode DB2 is running under and automatically inserts the corresponding control card. This option omits the LOCAL\_SITE, RECOVER\_SITE, and IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE control cards and uses the value found in the ZPARMs on the DB2.
- **Local** Refers to the Local Primary and Local Backup rows to find a starting point for processing. Includes the LOCAL\_SITE keyword in the syntax.
- **Recover** Uses the Recovery Primary and Recovery Backup rows to find a starting point for processing. Includes the RECOVERY\_SITE keyword in the syntax.
- User Uses the user-specified scan preference defined in the SYSCOPY Selection Preference field to find a starting point for processing. Includes the IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE keyword in the syntax.

#### **SYSCOPY Selection Preference**

Specifies the order in which the image copy types will be scanned in SYSCOPY for a starting point. This selection preference is only applied if the **SYSCOPY Scan Operating Mode** is set to **User**. You will use the drag and drop function to change the scan order. Click on the image copy type and drag it to the new position for scanning. The image copy types are:

- Local Primary Scans for Local Primary type image copies in SYSCOPY.
- Local Backup Scans for Local Backup type image copies in SYSCOPY.
- **Recovery Primary** Scans for Recovery Primary type image copies in SYSCOPY.
- **Recovery Backup** Scans for Recovery Backup type image copies in SYSCOPY.
- Flash Copy Uses DB2 Recovery Expert managed flash copy data sets in addition to DB2 V10 and higher flash copy data sets as image copy starting points in the processing.

Note: The following applies with the default order:

- Scans first for Local Primary type image copies, then for Local Backup type image copies. Local Primary type image copies are used when identically time-stamped SYSCOPY rows are detected.
- Allows the SYSCOPY scan program to pick an Recovery Backup if it comes up first while scanning SYSCOPY backwards for a starting point.

#### Log Reader Copy Preference

Includes the LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE keyword in the syntax. Specifies the order in which the archive and active log lists in the BSDS are to be scanned when searching for a log to satisfy a need for log records. Scans the archive logs first and uses archive logs when the same range exists in an archive and active log. You will use the drag and drop function to change the scan order. Click on the archive or active log type and drag it to the new position for scanning.

#### Number of PARALLEL log read

Specifies the number of parallel log read tasks that can run at the same time. Valid values are integers, 0-16. A value of 0 specifies that a maximum of 1 task per data sharing group member can run at the same time. A non-zero value specifies the number that is the maximum number of parallel tasks that can run at the same time. If there are more logs to read than the number of parallel tasks specified, a task to read the remaining logs is launched as soon as a running task finishes. This will occur until all necessary logs have been read.

#### Number of PARALLEL log apply

Specifies the number of parallel log apply tasks that can run at the same time. Valid values are integers, 1-10. If a single GROUP(...) set is present in the control cards, the value in the **Number of PARALLEL log apply** field is used to break up the job into multiple GROUP(...) sets and start a log apply task for each set. Valid values are

- 1: A single group starts a single log apply task.
- **2-10**: If there is a single GROUP(...), the code will internally break down the SPACE(...) sets into a maximum of Number of PARALLEL log apply GROUP(...) sets and will start one log apply task per GROUP(...).

For example, if you specify a value of 10 and there are only 5 SPACE(...) sets, DB2 Recovery Expert divides the syntax into 5 GROUP(...) sets and 5 log apply tasks.

If you specify a value of 5 for Number of PARALLEL log apply, the number of spaces between the groups are divided evenly and then, if there are leftovers after attempting to divide them evenly among the allotted number of GROUP(...) sets, those leftovers go in the last GROUP(...) set. One log apply task is then generated for each GROUP(...) set.

#### Bypass SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX Proc

Indicates whether reading the reading of SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX is bypassed and only the DB2 logs are read. A value of Y skips reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX and only reads the DB2 logs. A value of N does not skip reading SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX.

#### **Continue on Errors**

Causes most errors to be ignored and the processing to continue. If this option is specified and errors higher than RC=4 are encountered, they will be overridden, a RC=4 will be reported, and the job will not fail. I/O errors and other serious issues (out-of-memory, for instance) will not be ignored and will still cause aborts.

#### Reuse VSAM Data Set

Indicates whether a VSAM data set can be reused on WRITE\_TO\_VSAM or WRITE\_TO\_BOTH jobs. If Reuse VSAM Data Set is set to N (No), a VSAM data set is newly allocated (with new extent structure) and the NO\_REUSE keyword is included in the JCL on a Job Profile build. If Reuse VSAM Data Set is set to Y (Yes), an existing VSAM data set will be reused (thus preserving the data set's size and extent structure) and the NO\_REUSE keyword is excluded from the JCL on a Job Profile build.

# Viewing the recovery job JCL

From the JCL window of the **Recovery Advisor**, you can view, edit, export, and run the JCL that is generated for the recovery job.

### Procedure

- 1. The JCL window opens when you select a plan and click **Next** from the Recovery Plan window.
- 2. From JCL window you can review the JCL for the recovery plan job. You can also edit the JCL in the window. You can use the Undo button to reset the contents of the Statements pane to the JCL statements that were originally generated. The Undo button is disabled unless and until you modify the JCL.
- **3**. To export the JCL to either a z/OS data set or a local file, click **Export**. The **Export** window opens where you specify data set or file information.
- 4. To run the recovery job click **Run**. The recovery job is run and the results are returned in the Result window.

# **RECOVER Utility Warning window**

The RECOVER Utility Warning window alerts you that at least one step in the recovery plan uses the RECOVER utility.

Using the RECOVER utility in a recovery plan can result in inconsistent data because the RECOVER utility recovers to a point in time regardless if the point in time is a point of consistency for the object. This can cause inconsistent data because of changes that do not get incorporated. Those changes could have occurred after the point in time or occurred before the point in time but were eventually rolled back after the point in time.

You should attempt to recover to a point of consistency, if possible.

# Reviewing the recovery process results

The Job Results window displays the details of a recovery job. You can display all the results or specify that only the results from selected steps and DD statements display.

### About this task

While the recovery job is running, a message displays its ongoing status on the **Messages** pane of the advisor window. When the submitted job completes, the status changes in the **Messages** pane to "Successful" or "Warning" if an error occurred.

A return code of 2 is an acceptable return code while running certain recovery plans. If the **Generate General Report** step of a recovery plan does not have anything to report because there were no inserts, deletes, or updates, then the step results in an RC=2. A return code of 2 is acceptable for the following recovery plans:

- DSN1COPY and redo SQL
- RECOVER TOCOPY and redo SQL

A return code of 4 can also be an acceptable return code while running certain recovery plans. A RC=4 can be acceptable for the following reasons:

- · A recover utility completes and leaves the indexes in rebuild pending
- A LOAD-type recovery where the table space to be loaded is empty and the load commands include the RESUME keyword
- Redo or undo SQL statements are applied to tables containing duplicate rows, and you bypass the resulting +100 SQLCODE

### Procedure

- 1. Select the job that you want to display from the **Job** drop-down menu.
- 2. Select the step name that you want to display from the **Step name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all steps in the job Job Results window.
- **3**. Select the DD name that you want to display from the **DD name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all DD's from the selected step in the Job Results window.
- Click Export if you want to export the JCL to a z/OS data set or a local file. The Export window opens. Specify the export information and click OK. Control returns to the Job Results window.
- 5. When you have finished reviewing the job, click **Close** to close the window and return to the Results window.

# Recovering DB2 objects specified by pattern

Instead of explicitly selecting all of the objects to be recovered, you can instead specify name patterns to select a set of objects.

### About this task

The recovery process is the same as for any DB2 object up to when the Objects window opens.

# Procedure

- 1. From the Objects window you drill down to the type of object you want, and then select **Pattern**. Click the **Include** button. An Add Pattern window specific to the type of object selected displays.
- 2. On the Add Pattern window, you enter the pattern that you want and click **OK**. The specified pattern is added to the list of selected objects, in the same way as explicitly specified objects.

**Important:** If you save a recovery specification which includes one or more patterns, the patterns are expanded each time the specification is used, at the time it is used (that is, the pattern is saved with the specification, not the list of matching objects of the pattern at the time it was created).

You can expand a selected pattern to see what objects it matches. The exact set of matching objects that will be recovered cannot be determined yet (because you have not yet selected a point in time), so a message displays explaining that this list is not necessarily the exact matching list. When you click **OK**, the Objects window shows the expanded pattern. You cannot deselect any of the expanded items - the pattern as a whole is selected for recovery.

**3**. Click **Next** when you are done adding objects. The recovery process then proceeds the same as for any DB2 object.

# Recovering DB2 objects specified by DB2 Automation Tool profile

If DB2 Automation Tool is installed and profiles have been created, you can use those profiles to quickly select groups of administratively related objects for recovery when using the client/server interface.

# Before you begin

### Note:

- DB2 Recovery Expert automatically includes RI related objects. This occurs regardless of the new Automation Tool setting to automatically include RI related objects.
- Even though DB2 Automation Tool can create many types of profiles, DB2 Recovery Expert can only recognize and use profiles that contain table spaces and indexes. For more information on using DB2 Automation Tool profiles, see the DB2 Automation Tool User's Guide.

# About this task

The recovery process is the same as for any DB2 object up to when the Objects window opens.

# Procedure

1. The Available objects tree select **Object Profiles**. Expand **Object Profiles** to display the defined Automation Tool profiles (subject to filtering, as with the other high-level element types). Select a profile and click the right arrow to select its contents for recovery.

This specifies that all of the table spaces and indexes in the profile should be recovered. This evaluation is performed at the time that the recovery JCL is generated, so that the most current contents of the profile are used if the contents change over time.

Additionally, you can expand a displayed profile to display its contents. This allows you to select only a subset of the profile for recovery, or to use the

profile as a starting point to find the objects of interest for recovery (for example, by drilling down through a listed profile to its contents).

- 2. You can select additional profiles to recover, as well as any other supported type of object by selecting elsewhere in the Available objects tree.
- **3.** Click **Next** when you are done adding objects. The recovery process then proceeds the same as for any DB2 object.

# Restarting a failed job

If a recovery job submitted by DB2 Recovery Expert encounters an error, you can review the JCL and the output, make corrections as required, and resubmit the job.

### About this task

The first indication you have of a failed job is a message displayed in the Messages pane of the main window with a status of *Failed*.

### Procedure

- 1. Select the message in the Messages pane and click **Open** or double-click the message to display the Results window.
- 2. Select the job you want to review and click **View**. The Recovery Job Results window opens.
- **3**. Determine why the job failed. To determine why the job failed, you will most likely use:
  - The Recovery Job Results
  - The submitted JCL (click View JCL)
  - Other external resources

The Recovery Job Results and the Recovery JCL windows can be open at the same time, and you can freely switch between the two or arrange them to be visible simultaneously to aid in determining why the job failed.

**Important:** If the generated JCL consisted of more than one job, the Recovery JCL window displays with a hierarchical tree structure that identifies the jobs individually.

- 4. Click Restart.
  - If the generated JCL consisted of one job, the View JCL and Recovery Job Results windows close, and the job is submitted.
  - If the generated JCL consisted of more than one job, the Restart Recovery window displays. You then select which jobs to rerun, and click **Run**. The Restart Recovery, View JCL, and Recovery Job Results windows all close and the jobs are submitted.

# Chapter 22. Recovering dropped objects using the DB2 log

The **Log Based Recovery Advisor** simplifies the recovery process for dropped objects by reading DB2 log records when recreating the object's image eliminating the need to update the schema level repository.

# Using the Log Based Recovery Advisor

This section provides an overview of the process for recovering one or more DB2 objects using the **Log Based Recovery Advisor**. The **Log Based Recovery Advisor** helps you build a job to recover one or more objects using the DB2 log records for recovery information.

# Procedure

- 1. Access the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface.
- 2. Click the **Log Based Recovery** tab from the main window of the web interface. The Welcome window opens. This window presents an overview of the log based object recovery process.
- **3**. Click **Next**. The Location window opens. From this window you select the DB2 subsystem where the objects that are to be recovered reside.
- 4. Click **Next**. The Range window opens. From this window you specify the date and time range within which DB2 Recovery Expert will search for dropped objects.
- 5. Click **Next**. The Objects window opens. From this window you select the objects that you want to recover.
- 6. Click **Next**. The Point in Time window opens. From this window you choose the recovery point for the object or objects. You can select a recovery point from an object definition level or a recovery history event.
- 7. Click **Next**. The Recovery Plan window opens. From this window you can generate a list of all available recovery plans for an object and then choose to run the plan that is most advantageous. You can also choose to generate a single plan that will produce a job (JCL) containing the Data Definition Language (DDL) for the selected objects and all of their dependent objects.
- **8**. Click **Next**. The JCL window opens displaying the JCL that will be used for the recovery job. From this window you can edit the JCL.
- **9**. Click **Next** to run the job. When the job completes, the Result window opens and displays the results job.

# Opening the Log Based Recovery Advisor

The Log Based Recovery Advisor opens with a Welcome window.

- Click the Log Based Recovery tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the Log Based Recovery Advisor opens. This window presents an overview of the log based dropped object recovery process using this advisor.
- 2. The **Skip this Welcome page in the future** check box (which by default is not selected) allows you to suppress the display of the **Log Based Recovery**

**Advisor** Welcome window in the future. This applies for new log based dropped objects settings only; when a saved specification is reopened, the Welcome window is always omitted.

- **3**. On each window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor**, you can use one or more of the following controls to navigate through the process:
  - Back Move back one window in the log based object recovery process.
  - Next Move ahead one window in the log based object recovery process.
  - **Save** Save the log based object recovery process and selections up to this point in a specification. A new window opens where you name and save the specification.
  - **Close** End the log analysis process without saving it and close the Log Based Recovery Advisor. All work and selections up to this point are lost.
  - Help Connect to the IBM DB2 Recovery Expert online help system.
- 4. After you have reviewed the information on the Welcome window, click **Next**. The Location window opens.

# Selecting the DB2 subsystem

You use the **Location** window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** to select the DB2 subsystem where the dropped object or objects that you want to recover reside.

# About this task

The locations displayed on this window are discovered automatically through communication between the DB2 Recovery Expert server and all running database agents. If there are several attached agents, the discovery process may take some time.

The DB2 subsystems available for your use are fetched when the agent starts. To refresh this list, right-click anywhere in the **Locations** pane. A **Refresh Location** option appears that you can select to refresh the list of subsystems. Additionally, an administrator can use SDSF (System Display and Search facility) to issue a /MODIFY *<agent-job-name*>,REFRESH TOPOLOGY command after having started or stopped a DB2 subsystem.

- Drill down to the DB2 subsystem that contains the objects that you want to recover by expanding the elements in the Locations pane. The locations presented are organized in different ways. If you think of the locations by physical organization (that is, what system, and then what subsystem on that system), you can drill down through the folder z/OS Systems. If you think of the locations in the abstract (that is, a simple list of subsystems), you can drill down through the folders z/OS Subsystems or z/OS Data Sharing Groups.
- 2. Select the DB2 subsystem. If a connection to that location has not yet been established during the DB2 Recovery Expert session, a connection is established now.
- **3**. If this is the first time during the DB2 Recovery Expert session that you have selected this location, and if login information has not been previously stored, the Database Login window opens. Enter the login information and click **OK**.

- 4. The properties of the DB2 subsystem that you selected display in the **Properties** pane of the **Location** window. Depending on the location that you selected, you might see only a portion of the properties listed below:
  - Version
  - Mode
  - Highest log RBA
  - Subsystem ID
  - Active?
  - System restore
  - System services address space
  - Database services address space
  - Distributed data facility address space
  - IP address
  - IP address V6
  - Host name
  - Port number
  - Resync port number
  - Data sharing group attachment name
  - Data sharing group name
  - Data sharing member name
- 5. The status of the DB2 subsystem displays in the **Status** pane of the **Location** window. Depending on the DB2 subsystem that you selected, the status information that might be listed is:
  - DB2 restart RBA
  - DB2 restart time
  - Last checkpoint
  - Log copy 1
  - Log copy 2
  - Log high offloaded RBA
  - Log high written RBA
  - · Number of logs awaiting offload
- 6. Click Next. The Range window opens.

# Selecting a time range to search for dropped objects

From the **Range** window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** you specify the range within the DB2 log that will be searched to locate dropped objects.

- 1. Select one of the following radio buttons:
  - Select the **Preceding** radio button to indicate that you want to scan for dropped objects starting with the current time and go backwards through the log for a specified number of hours or minutes. In the first drop down box, specify a number for the hours or minutes that you want to go back. In the second drop down box, specify whether you want to go back using hours or minutes. By default the time range is set to **Preceding** by 1 hour using the local time. You can choose to use database time by setting this option in the Preferences window.

- Select the **Date/Time from** radio button to specify the actual start and stop date and time that will be used to scan the log for dropped objects. Select the start time from the first drop down menu and select the end time from the second drop down menu.
- Select the **Previously scanned log range from** radio button to select a time range that has been previously used. You can select the browse button to see a list of available time ranges. The Scanned Log Ranges window opens. From this window you select a previously scanned range. Click **OK**. Control returns to the **Range** window.
- 2. Check the **Use SYSLGRNX** check box to specify whether SYSLGRNX is used when determining the log files to read. In most cases, the SYSLGRNX directory tables are used to optimize selecting which log files must be read. Using these tables may add overhead to the analysis job, which in some situations can outweigh the savings that is gained by using SYSLGRNX. If you do not want to use SYSLGRNX, clear the check box.
- 3. Click Next. The Objects window of the Log Based Recovery Wizard opens.

# Selecting or deleting a previously scanned log range

The Scanned Log Ranges window displays the previously scanned log ranges that you can use to look for dropped objects.

# About this task

A new scanned log range is created automatically each time a scan is initiated and completed from the **Range** window. When a user specifies either a preceding time or a date/time range on the Range window and clicks **Next**, a confirmation dialog is displayed. If the user clicks **OK** in the confirmation page, the scan for objects proceeds and a new, previously scanned log range is created. From the Scanned Log Ranges window you can select a previously scanned log range or you can delete a previously scanned log range.

### Procedure

- 1. Select a previously scanned log range from the list of available entries.
- 2. Once a scanned log range is selected you can:
  - Click the **OK** button to select the scanned log range. Control returns to the Range page.
  - Click the **Delete** button to remove the scanned log range from the list. The Scanned Log Ranges page remains open until you click either the **OK** button to select an existing range or the **Cancel** button. In either case, control then returns to the **Range** window.

# Selecting dropped objects for recovery

You use the Objects window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** to select the dropped objects that you want to recover.

# About this task

The first time you expand each high level element in the list of available objects (for example, Storage Groups, Databases, Table Spaces), the number of matching objects is determined. If this number exceeds the threshold specified in user preferences, a filter dialog is displayed.
## Procedure

1. The **Available objects** list displays each of the dropped objects that were found in the DB2 log within the specified time range. The dropped objects are organized by object type. You drill down to the desired object and select it. The objects appear in different colors to identify their locations:

Black In both the repository and the DB2 catalog

Blue In the DB2 catalog only

**Red** In the repository only

- 2. In the **Available Objects** pane, you can also right-click a table space, a database, or a table partition node to display a menu with commands that you can use to change the display status. This gives you a convenient way to reset or check object statuses from within DB2 Recovery Expert. The available commands are **Display**, **Start**, and **Stop**. Selecting any of the options displays another dialog that allows you to perform the selected operation on the selected object.
- **3**. When you select an object, its properties display in the **Properties** pane. The **Repository Status** field in the **Properties** pane also identifies an object's location. Each of the properties that are listed vary by object type.
- 4. Click the Include button to add the object to the list of objects to recover. The object appears in the Selected objects list. You can continue to add objects to the Selected objects list until you have selected all of the objects that you want to recover. To remove an object from the Selected objects list, click the Remove button. To remove all the objects from the list, click the Remove All button.
- 5. You can use the **Exclude** button to exclude a dropped object from a larger set of objects that are to be recovered. For example, if you choose to include all objects that are found in a database with the exception of one dependent object, then you would select the database using the **Include** button and then select one of the dependent database objects and using the **Exclude** button move it to the list of **Selected objects**.
- 6. You can use the **Filter** button to vary the display of objects as they appear in the **Available objects** list. The **Available objects** list displays the dropped objects organized by object type. This organizational scheme is consistent throughout the tree. To vary the objects displayed beneath each object type on any level, select the object type and press the **Filter** button. You can also open the object type filter window by right clicking on the object type and selecting **Create Filter** from the menu. A filter window opens where you specify the filter criteria. In addition you can modify and remove filters by right clicking on an object type and selecting from the menu either **Modify filter** or **Remove filter**. The available object types are as follows:
  - Storage Groups
  - Databases
  - Table Spaces
  - Tables
  - Indexes
  - Views
  - Synonyms
  - Aliases
  - Data types
  - Triggers
  - Functions

- Stored Procedures
- Sequences
- Roles
- Plans
- Packages
- Global Variables
- Automation Tool Object Profiles
- 7. You can define a pattern that will match multiple objects that will be selected for recovery at the time the recovery job is run. To define a pattern, select the node labeled **Pattern** under the type of object you wish to select and click the **Include** button. A popup window opens that is specific to the type of object that you selected. Specify the pattern and click **OK**. The object type pattern displays in the **Selected objects** list. When you expand a pattern in the **Selected objects** list, you can see all matching objects that are found in the repository or currently exist in the DB2 subsystem.

**Important:** When you are selecting objects for recovery, remember that any recovery plan might include undo or redo SQL. You must ensure that there is a primary, or unique, key on the tables for which you are generating SQL. Without a primary key, you might not get the results that you want because of the inability to uniquely identify rows that were changed by the original SQL.

8. Click Next. The Point in Time window opens.

## Selecting a recovery point

From the Point in Time window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** you can specify the point to which a dropped object or objects will be recovered. You can choose either a specific time, a log RBA for a non-data sharing system, or a LRSN for a data sharing system.

- 1. Select one of the following radio buttons:
  - Select the **Timestamp** radio button to specify a time value as the point to which the dropped objects will be recovered. You would select this option when you want to recover previous versions of the selected objects, or when data has become logically inconsistent and you can identify a prior timestamp when the data was consistent. If you choose this option, you will select a specific time using the date and time icon. You can also browse for recovery point options using the browse button.
  - Select the Log RBA radio button to specify that an RBA from the log will be used as the point to which the dropped objects will be recovered. Select this option when data has become logically inconsistent and you can identify a prior log RBA when the data was consistent. If you choose this option, you will specify a specific RBA in the adjacent text box. You can also browse for RBA point options using the browse button. The Log RBA radio button is only available for non-data sharing systems.
  - Select the **LRSN** radio button to specify that a LRSN will be used as the point to which the objects will be recovered. Select this option when data has become logically inconsistent and you can identify a prior LRSN when the data was consistent. If you choose this option, you can specify a specific LRSN in the adjacent text box. You can also browse for LRSN point options using the browse button. This option is only available for data sharing environments.

- **2**. If you choose to use the browse button for help in selecting a timestamp value or a log RBA value:
  - Click the browse button next to the **Timestamp** radio button to open the Select Point in Time window. From this window you can select a time value to which the dropped objects will be restored. You can choose from a list of available object level definitions or recovery history events. When control returns to the Point in Time page, the selected recovery point is displayed in the **Timestamp** text box.
  - Click the browse button next to the **Log RBA** radio button to open the Select Point in Time window. From this window you can select the RBA to which the dropped objects will be restored. You can choose from a list of available object level definitions or recovery history events. When control returns to the Point in Time page, the selected recovery point is displayed in the **Log RBA** text box.
  - Click the browse button next to the **LRSN** radio button to open the Select Point in Time window. From this window you can select the LRSN to which the dropped objects will be restored. You can choose from a list of available object level definitions or recovery history events. When control returns to the Point in Time page, the selected recovery point is displayed in the **LRSN** text box.
- 3. Click Next. The Recovery Plan page opens.

## Selecting a definition level or history event recovery point

From the **Select Point in Time** window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** you can select a recovery point from a list of previously discovered points. The types of recovery points from which you can select are object definition levels and recovery history events.

- 1. From the Point in Time window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** select the browse button to the right of the **Timestamp** radio button, the **Log RBA** radio button, or the **LRSN** radio button. The Select Point in Time window opens.
- 2. Select one of the following radio buttons:
  - **Object Definition Levels** Select this radio button to choose an object definition level for a recovery point. A given object can have many versions over time. The versions are referred to as object definition levels. The available definition levels that can be used as a recovery point are listed in the **Levels** text box. **Object Definition levels** are not available for selection when using a log RBA recovery point.
  - **Recovery History Events** Select this radio button to choose a history event for a recovery point. History events for any of the selected objects are listed from the SYSIBM.SYSCOPY table, the schema repository's SYSCOPY table, and the DLC.SYSCOPY\_V11 table (if present). The history events available to use as a recovery point are listed in the **Events** text box. You can show events that are not points of consistency. You use the **Show events that are not points of consistency** check box to control whether or not events that are not suitable points of consistency for recovery are shown (for example, other than quiesce events or SHRLEVEL NONE or SHRLEVEL REFERENCE image copies). By default, the check box is not selected, so only points of consistency are shown.
- **3**. The number of elements listed in the **Levels** and **Events** text boxes is limited by the **Filter trigger** value specified on the **Limits** page of the **Preferences** notebook. If the number of elements to be listed exceeds this value, the **Point**

in Time Filter window opens. From this window you can specify a timestamp range that will filter the elements that will be displayed. You can also filter the items that are listed in the **Levels** text box or the **Events** text box at any time using the **Filter** button.

- 4. At any time, you can click the **Refresh** button to refresh the list of elements.
- 5. Click OK. Control returns to the Point in Time window.

## Generating dropped object recovery plans

From the **Recovery Plan** window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** you can generate all the possible recovery plans for the selected object and then choose to run the plan that is most advantageous.

## About this task

### Note:

- If you are recovering a dropped object that is part of an implicit table space, DB2 Recovery Expert issues a warning during recovery plan generation to let you know the ZPARM parameter IMPDSDEF must be set to YES before running the recovery job. This ZPARM parameter can be dynamically changed with the DB2 SET SYSPARM command.
- If you are recovering a set of objects to a prior version (existing objects must be dropped and then recreated) and one of the tables has the RESTRICT ON DROP clause active, you will have to alter that table to remove this restriction before running the recovery plan job. Upon completion of the recovery plan job you can reactivate the clause for the table.

- 1. When the Recovery Plan window initially opens, the list of plans is empty. From the Recovery Plan window click the **Generate** button to generate a list of recovery plans.
- 2. The Recovery Plan Generation Options window opens. From this window you specify the type of recovery that you want to perform and the options that are used to generate the recovery plans. You can specify that you will generate full recovery plans or your can specify that you will generate just the DDL for object recovery. Depending on your selection you specify the options that are used when generating the recovery plans. After specifying the options you initiate the search for all available recovery plans based on the options that you specified. When the search has completed the recovery plans are returned and listed in the **Plans** pane of the **Recovery Plans** window.
- **3**. The recovery plans that are available for the object are listed in the **Plans** pane. When you select a plan, properties that estimate the cost of the plan are displayed in the **Properties** pane. The cost of running a recovery plan is calculated based on the size of the data sets and the method of recovery. Viewing the properties of each plan will help you choose the most efficient plan. You can modify the default values used for these estimates when customizing DB2 Recovery Expert during installation.
- 4. You can expand each plan in the **Plans** pane to review its steps. When you select a step, descriptive properties for the step appear in the **Properties** pane.
- 5. You can expand each step in the plan to display the objects that are included in the list. The properties for each object are displayed in the **Properties** pane.
- 6. In addition to the recovery plans, the **Plans** pane includes a folder named **Recovered Objects**. This folder lists all the objects that will be recovered using

the selected plan. If you set your preference to display recovery methods, each object within the **Recovered Objects** folder can be expanded and the possible recovery methods are listed.

- 7. If you select a plan and click the **Validate** button, you can verify whether the conditions that applied when a plan was generated still apply. For example, checking for the existence of expected image copy data sets. The existence of expected DB2 objects is also checked to verify that objects that were dropped at the time of generation are still dropped and objects that existed still exist. This validation is not a full simulation, that is, it is not a guarantee that the plan will run successfully. Some resources might appear to exist but actually do not, such as a cataloged tape that is not physically available, or you may not have authorization to access some resources. The message displayed upon successful validation makes it explicit that there is no guarantee of success.
- 8. After reviewing the recovery plans, select the one that you want to run and click **Next**. The JCL Parameters window opens where you can make changes to your default Job card information and specify a greater than 80 character line delimiter. Edit the Job card and click **OK**.
- **9**. The JCL window opens displaying the JCL for the recovery job. From this window you can edit, export, or run the job.
- **10**. Click the **Run** to run the JCL for the recovery plan. The results job is returned and listed in the **Result** window.
- 11. To view the results of the job, select the job from the **Jobs** pane and click the **View** button. The Job Results window opens displaying the job results.
- **12**. To delete the job, select the job from the **Jobs** pane and click the **Delete** button.

## Specifying recovery plan options for dropped objects

From the Recovery Plan Options window you specify the type of recovery that will be performed and the options that will be used to generate the recovery plans. Several sets of options are presented to you depending on the type of recovery that you want to perform.

## Procedure

- 1. Select the type of recovery:
  - To perform an in-place recovery, clear the Generate DDL only check box. An in-place recovery will recover an object to a target DB2 subsystem that is the same as the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
  - To perform an in-place DDL only recovery, check the **Generate DDL only** check box. An in-place DDL only recovery will recover only the DDL for the object to a target DB2 subsystem that is the same as the object's original source DB2 subsystem.
- 2. Specify the recovery options as follows:
  - If you are performing an in-place recovery click the Copy, Recover, Parallel Jobs, and DDL Options tabs to specify the recovery options.
  - If you are performing a DDL only in-place recovery, click the **DDL Options** tab to specify the recovery options.
- **3**. Click **OK**. The recovery plans are generated and control returns to the Recovery Plan window.

## Specifying recovery plan options for the COPY utility

You use the **Copy** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook to specify the parameters that are used with the COPY utility.

### Specify the parameters to use with the COPY utility

Select one of the following radio buttons to control whether or not DB2 Recovery Expert generates an image copy at the end of the recovery:

- Select the **Do not create image copies after recovery** radio button to bypass creating any image copies after recovery. This is the default selection.
- Select the **Copy table spaces only** radio button to create an image copy of only the table spaces after the recovery.
- Select the Copy table spaces and indexes radio button to create image copies of COPY YES indexes as well as of table spaces after the recovery.

If you selected either **Copy table spaces only** or **Copy table spaces and indexes** you must also specify the type of copies that you want to create. You can select one or more of the following:

- Create local site primary copy
- Create local site backup copy
- Create recovery site primary copy
- Create recovery site backup copy

# Number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel (TAPEUNITS)

Specify in this text box the number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel. The default value for TAPEUNITS is 0 which specifies that DB2 will determine the number of tape drives to allocate.

### Check pages for validity (CHECKPAGE)

Select this check box to verify that all pages are valid when using COPY.

### Use DFSMdss concurrent copy (CONCURRENT)

Select this check box to use DFSMdss concurrent copy.

### Specifying recovery plan options for the RECOVER utility

You use the **RECOVER** page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options notebook to specify the parameters that are used with the RECOVER utility.

Specify values for the following fields:

# Number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel (TAPEUNITS)

Select this option and provide a numeric value to set the number of tape drives to allocate for objects processed in parallel. The default value is zero which specifies that DB2 will determine the number of tape drives to allocate.

#### The site from which RECOVER should use image copies

Select this option and provide a site from which RECOVER should use image copies. The default value is *Subsystem default* which means however the subsystem is configured.

#### **Recover unchanged objects**

Select this check box to include all changed and unchanged objects in the recovery. Clear the check box to exclude unchanged objects from the recovery. Excluding unchanged objects will save processing time during the recovery. The default value is to include all changed and unchanged objects.

## Specifying Parallel Jobs recovery plan generation options

You will use this page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options window to specify the options that will be used when generating DDL for dropped object recovery. These options include those that effect running parallel jobs.

#### Number of parallel jobs for data recovery

Specifies the maximum number of jobs in a parallel job group. You can specify a value from 0 to 99.

### Specify the maximum number of concurrent jobs

Specifies the maximum number of jobs that the agent processes in parallel. This represents the maximum number of jobs that can run at any given point. You can specify a value from 1 to 99.

### Specifying recovery plan DDL options

You will use this page of the Recovery Plan Generation Options window to specify the options that will be used when generating DDL for dropped object recovery. These options include those that effect whether authorization statements are generated, whether DDL is generated for specific object types, and the options that will control binding the DDL jobs.

The following options apply to authorizations:

#### Grants

Check this check box to generate authorization statements when recovering objects.

When generating recovery DDL for an object, DB2 Recovery Expert will generate recovery DDL for the selected object and all its lower level dependent objects. Using the DDL Options you can control whether DDL will be generated for an object and the object's dependent objects. By not selecting an object type, you can inhibit the generation of DDL for those dependent objects of a specific object type. The following options apply to object types:

#### **Storage Groups**

Check this check box to generate DDL for Storage Group object types.

### Databases

Check this check box to generate DDL for Database object types.

#### Indexes

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Index** object types.

#### Aliases

Check this check box to generate DDL for Alias object types.

#### Functions

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Function** object types.

#### Synonyms

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Synonym** object types.

#### Sequences

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Sequence** object types.

**Roles** Check this check box to generate DDL for **Role** object types.

### **Table Spaces**

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Table Space** object types.

#### Tables

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Table** object types.

Views

Check this check box to generate DDL for View object types.

### DataTypes

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Data Type** object types.

#### **Stored Procedures**

Check this check box to generate DDL for Stored Procedure object types.

#### Triggers

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Trigger** object types.

#### **Sequence** Aliases

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Sequence Alias** object types.

### **Global Variables**

Check this check box to generate DDL for **Global Variable** object types.

The following options apply to binding packages and plans:

**Binds** Check this check box to generate package or plan bind statements. Once checked, the supporting bind option become available.

#### Packages

Select this radio button to indicate that bind statements are to be generated only for packages. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

### Packages and Plans

Select this radio button to indicate that bind statements are to be generated for packages and plans. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

Add Select this radio button to indicate that the named package does not exist, and that a new package is to be created. If the package already exists, execution stops, and a diagnostic error message is returned. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

#### Replace

Select this radio button to indicate that the existing package is to be replaced by a new one with the same package name and creator. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

#### DBRM Library 1 – 4

Specify the DBRM libraries to be used for the bind jobs. You can specify up to 4 DBRM libraries. This option is only available when the **Binds** check box is selected.

### SQLID for DDL

By default, the generated DDL for a recreated object uses the SQLID that was specified when the object was originally created. To override the default you can specify a different SQLID in the **SQLID for DDL** field and it will be used when generating the DDL for the recreated objects.

## Reviewing the dropped object recovery plan JCL

From the JCL window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** you can view, edit, export or run the JCL that is generated for the dropped object recovery job.

### Procedure

1. The JCL window opens when you select Next from the Recovery Plan window.

- 2. From this window you can review the JCL for the recovery plan job. You can also edit the JCL in the window. You can use the **Undo** button to reset the contents of the **Statements** pane to the JCL statements that were originally generated. The **Undo** button is disabled unless and until you modify the JCL.
- **3**. To export the JCL to either a z/OS data set or a local file, click **Export**. The **Export** window opens where you will specify data set or file information.
- 4. After reviewing and editing the dropped object recovery job JCL, click **Run** to run the recovery plan JCL. The results of the job are returned in the Result window.

## Selecting the dropped object recovery job for review

The Result window of the **Log Based Recovery Advisor** displays a list of completed dropped object recovery jobs.

### Procedure

- 1. To review the result details of a log analysis job, select a job from the list and click **View**. The Log Based Recovery Job Results window displays. From this window you can review the details of the job results. After reviewing, you will return to the Results window.
- 2. After retuning from the Log Based Recovery Job Results window, you can choose another job from the list and review the result details.
- **3**. To delete a job from the Results window, select the job from the **Jobs** list and click **Delete**.
- 4. To save your log based dropped object recovery process and information, click the **Save** button.

## Reviewing a dropped object recovery job results

The Job Results window displays the details of a dropped object recovery job. You can display all the results or specify that only the results from selected steps and DD statements display.

- 1. Select the job that you want to display from the Job drop-down menu.
- 2. Select the step name that you want to display from the **Step name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all steps in the job Log Analysis Job Results window.
- **3**. Select the DD name that you want to display from the **DD name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all DD's from the selected step in the Log Analysis Job Results window.
- Click Export if you want to export the JCL to a z/OS data set or a local file. The Export window opens. Specify the export information and click OK. Control returns to the Job Results window.
- 5. When you have finished reviewing the job, click **Close** to close the window and return to the Results window.

## Chapter 23. Using the Transaction Recovery Advisor

The Transaction Recovery Advisor guides you through the steps necessary to set up a job that can be used to undo the operations of one or more transactions.

The Transaction Recovery Advisor searches the DB2 log for the transaction that needs to be backed out using an extensive set of user defined filter criteria. The final job JCL includes the UNDO SQL that can be used to back out the transaction and restore the objects to the point in time before the transaction was applied.

## **Opening the Transaction Recovery Advisor**

Each advisor in the web interface opens with a Welcome window.

## Procedure

- 1. Click the **Transaction Recovery Advisor** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the **Transaction Recovery Advisor** opens. This window presents an overview of the transaction recovery process using this advisor.
- 2. The **Skip this Welcome page in the future** check box (which by default is not selected) allows you to suppress the display of the Transaction Recovery Advisor Welcome window in the future. This applies only for new transaction recovery specifications; when a saved specification is opened, the Welcome window is always omitted.
- **3**. On each window of the **Transaction Recovery Advisor**, you can use one or more of the following controls to navigate through the process:
  - **Back** Move back one window in the transaction recovery process.
  - **Next** Move ahead one window in the transaction recovery process.
  - **Save** Save the recovery process and selections up to this point in a specification. (This opens a new window for naming and saving the specification.)
  - **Close** End the recovery process without saving it and close the **Transaction Recovery Advisor**. All work and selections up to this point are lost.
  - Help Connect to the IBM DB2 Recovery Expert online help system.
- 4. After you have reviewed the information on the Welcome window, click **Next**. The Location window opens.

## Selecting the DB2 subsystem location

You use the Location window of the **Transaction Recovery Advisor** to select the DB2 subsystem where the DB2 log will be examined looking for the transaction or transactions that you want to back out.

### About this task

The locations displayed on this window are discovered automatically through communication between the DB2 Recovery Expert server and all running database agents. If there are several attached agents, the discovery process can take time. The DB2 subsystems available are fetched when the agent starts. To refresh this list, right-click anywhere in the **Locations** pane. A **Refresh Location** option appears that you can select to refresh the list of subsystems. Additionally, an administrator can use SDSF (System Display and Search facility) to issue a /MODIFY <*agent-job-name*>,REFRESH TOPOLOGY command after having started or stopped a DB2 subsystem.

- Drill down to the DB2 subsystem that contains the transactions that you want to recover by expanding the elements in the Locations pane. The locations presented are organized in different ways. If you think of the locations by physical organization (that is, what system, and then what subsystem is on that system), you can drill down through z/OS Systems. If you think of the locations in the abstract (that is, a simple list of subsystems), you can drill down through z/OS Subsystems or z/OS Data Sharing Groups.
- 2. Select the DB2 subsystem. The properties of the DB2 subsystem display in the **Properties** pane. Depending on the location that you selected, you might see only a portion of the properties listed below:
  - Version
  - Mode
  - Highest log RBA
  - Subsystem ID
  - Active?
  - System restore
  - System services address space
  - Database services address space
  - Distributed data facility address space
  - IP address
  - IP address V6
  - Host name
  - Port number
  - Resync port number
  - Data sharing group attachment name
  - Data sharing group name
  - Data sharing member name
- **3**. When you select a DB2 subsystem, the status of the DB2 subsystem displays in the **Status** pane. The status information that might be listed is:
  - DB2 restart RBA
  - DB2 restart time
  - Last checkpoint
  - Log copy 1
  - Log copy 2
  - Log high offloaded RBA
  - Log high written RBA
  - Number of logs awaiting offload
- 4. Click **Next**. If a connection to that location has not yet been established during the DB2 Recovery Expert session, a connection is established now.

- 5. If this is the first time during the DB2 Recovery Expert session that you have selected this location, and if login information has not been previously stored, the Database Login window displays. Enter the login information and click **OK**.
- 6. The Filters page opens.

## Selecting the transaction recovery range

From the **Filters** window of the **Transaction Recovery Advisor** you specify the parameters that define the range of time in the log that will be analyzed looking for the transaction(s) that you want to recover.

### Procedure

- 1. Select one of the following Log Range fields:
  - Select the **Preceding** radio button to specify that the log range parameters will be a range of hours or minutes preceding the current time. Select the number of hours or minutes from the drop down boxes. By default the time range is set to **Preceding** by 1 hour using the local time. You can choose to use database time by setting this option in the Preferences window.
  - Select the **Date/Time from** radio button to specify a specific date and time as the log range parameters. Use the drop down calendar to select a date and time for the beginning and ending range parameters.
  - Select either the **Start/End RBA (URID)** radio button or the **Start/End LRSN** radio button and specify the values as follows:
    - Select Start/End RBA (URID) to specify a set of starting and ending RBA values to define the search range. RBAs are relative byte addresses of log records. The RBA values can be specified in full hexadecimal display format with a length of 12, such as 0001ACCDEF02, or with a length of 20, such as 00000000001ACCDEF02.

You can also search for a specific Unit of Recovery Identifiers (URID). URIDs are commonly referred to as RBAs (which is the more generic term). If you wish to filter on a single URID, the start RBA can be set equal to the URID, and the end RBA left as spaces. Only that specific URID will be reported on. For example, assume you specify the first URID = 001E668838B4 on a subsystem named D91A. The JCL generated will have a section as such:

```
//DATAIN DD *
SSID =D91A
START RBA =001E668838B4
END RBA =000000000000
/*
```

**Note:** You cannot use RBAs or URIDs to define a range if your DB2 subsystem is part of a data sharing group. RBAs have no uniqueness in a data sharing context, so if you wish to use them in such an environment, you can only do so going against a specific member of the group, not the group as a whole. The **Data Sharing Mode** field should be set to **Y** when using RBAs or a URID as input and the DB2 subsystem should reflect a specific member, otherwise results are unpredictable and unsupported.

Select Start/End LRSN to specify a set of starting and ending RBA values LRSN values that will be used to define the search range. LRSNs are log recording timestamps associated with log records. These values must be entered in full hexadecimal display format with a length of 12, such as B877232DEDD0, or with a length of 20, such as 00B877232DEDD00000000.

- 2. Clear the **Use SYSLGRNX** check box to specify that the SYSLGRNX directory tables should not be used to optimize which log files are read. DB2 Recovery Expert typically uses the SYSLGRNX directory tables to optimize which log files must be read. You may choose not to use SYSLRNX if errors occur when trying to use it, or if the overhead of using it will likely outweigh the savings it provides.
- **3.** Without additional filtering all transactions that are found within the specified time range are selected for recovery. You can apply additional filtering using the **Additional filters** options.
- 4. Click Next. The Transactions window opens.

## Selecting one or more transactions for recovery

From the Transactions window you select one or more transactions that you want to recover.

## Procedure

- The Transactions/Operations pane lists each of the transactions that were found within the search range. To further filter the list of transactions you can apply a post filter. Click the **Post filters** add icon. The Add post filter window opens. Specify additional filtering using the **Post filter type** drop down menu. Depending on your selection you are prompted for additional values. Click **OK**.
- **2**. The post filter that you specified is applied and listed in the Post filters pane. The list of transactions is refreshed.
- **3**. You can see additional information about a transaction by clicking the expand arrow for the transaction. The additional information includes the transaction timestamp, the objects impacted by the transaction, the transaction creator and the operation(s) performed by the transaction.
- 4. Click on the transaction to select it for recovery. You can highlight and select more than one transaction using the CTRL key when clicking. When you have selected the transactions click Next. The UNDO SQL for each transaction is generated.

## **Reviewing the Undo SQL**

From the Undo SQL window you can view the Undo SQL that has been generated to recover one or more transactions. From this window you can also edit the SQL.

## Procedure

- 1. To edit the SQL place your cursor in the text box and type the changes.
- 2. To reload the original Undo SQL click the Reload button.
- 3. To save the Undo SQL, click the **Save** button.
- 4. To undo your most recent edits, click the **Undo** button.
- 5. Click Next to generate the JCL for the transaction recovery job.

## Submitting the transaction recovery job

From the JCL window you can review, edit, or export the JCL that will be used to recover one or more transactions. If the JCL looks correct you can submit and run the job.

## Procedure

- From this window you can review the JCL for the recovery plan job. You can also edit the JCL in the window. To edit the JCL, type your changes directly in the JCL window. You can use the **Undo** button to reset the contents of the **Statements** pane to the JCL statements that were originally generated. The **Undo** button is disabled unless and until you modify the JCL.
- 2. To export the JCL to either a z/OS data set or a local file, click **Export**. The **Export** window opens where you will specify data set or file information.
- **3**. After reviewing and making any edits, click **Run** to run the recovery job. Results are returned in the Results window.

## Reviewing the transaction recovery job results

The Transaction Recovery Results window displays a list of the transaction recovery jobs that have been run. After selecting a specific job you can display all the results or specify that only the results from selected steps and DD statements display.

- 1. Select the job that you want to display from the **Jobs** drop-down menu. Click the **View** button. The Job Results window opens.
- 2. Select the step name that you want to display from the **Step name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all steps in the job window.
- **3**. Select the DD name that you want to display from the **DD name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all DD's from the selected step in the job window.
- 4. To select a different job to view, select the job name that you want to display from the **Job** drop-down menu. The job results are refreshed.
- 5. Click **Export** to export the information. The Export window opens. Specify the export information and click **OK**. Control returns to the Results window.
- 6. When you have finished reviewing the job, click **Close** to close the window and return to the Results window.

## Chapter 24. Searching the DB2 log to find object inactivity

Using the DB2 Recovery Expert **Log Analysis Advisor** you can perform an analysis of the DB2 log to determine periods of time during which there is no activity for an object or set of objects. These quiet times can then be used for a recovery point.

## Using the Log Analysis Advisor

This section provides an overview on using the **Log Analysis Advisor**. The **Log Analysis Advisor** helps you build a job that can be run to find an object's quiet times.

## Procedure

- 1. Access the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface.
- 2. Click the **Log Analysis** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window opens. This window presents an overview of the log analysis process.
- **3.** Click **Next**. The Location window opens. From this window you will select the DB2 subsystem whose log will be used for analysis.
- 4. Click **Next**. The Range window opens. From this window you will specify the date and time range that will be used for the analysis.
- **5**. Click **Next**. The Objects window opens. From this window you will select the object or objects for which you want to discover periods of inactivity or quiet times.
- 6. Click **Next**. The JCL window opens. On this window, you can review the generated log analysis JCL. You also edit or customize the JCL. Any changes that you make to the JCL appear in italics with a different color.
- 7. Click **Run** to run the job. The job is submitted and runs at the server. The JCL window displays while the job is running and you can continue to wait, or save and close the specification (as with all long running tasks). When the job completes, a Results window opens and displays the results job.
- 8. Select the job and click **View** to display the Log Analysis Job Results window. From this window, you can export the entire job or the portion of the job that appears in the Log Analysis Job Results window.

## **Opening the Log Analysis Advisor**

Each of the advisors in the web interface opens with a Welcome window.

- 1. Click the **Log Analysis** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the **Log Analysis Advisor** opens. This window presents an overview of the log analysis process using this advisor.
- 2. The **Skip this Welcome page in the future** check box (which by default is not selected) allows you to suppress the display of the Log Analysis Advisor Welcome window in the future. This applies for new log analysis only; when a saved specification is reopened, the Welcome window is always omitted.
- **3**. On each window of the **Log Analysis Advisor**, you can use one or more of the following controls to navigate through the process:

- **Back** Move back one window in the log analysis process.
- Next Move ahead one window in the log analysis process.
- **Save** Save the log analysis process and selections up to this point in a specification. (This opens a new window for naming and saving the specification.)
- **Close** End the log analysis process without saving it and close the Log Analysis Advisor. All work and selections up to this point are lost.
- Help Connect to the IBM DB2 Recovery Expert online help system.
- 4. After you have reviewed the information on the Welcome window, click **Next**. The Location window opens.

## Selecting the DB2 subsystem location

You use the Location window of the **Log Analysis Advisor** to select the DB2 subsystem where the object or objects that will be analyzed for inactivity reside.

### About this task

The locations displayed on this window are discovered automatically through communication between the DB2 Recovery Expert server and all running database agents. If there are several attached agents, the discovery process can take a long time.

The DB2 subsystems available for log analysis are fetched when the agent starts. To refresh this list, right-click anywhere in the **Locations** pane. A **Refresh Location** option appears that you can select to refresh the list of subsystems. Additionally, an administrator can use SDSF (System Display and Search facility) to issue a /MODIFY *<agent-job-name*>,REFRESH TOPOLOGY command after having started or stopped a DB2 subsystem.

- Drill down to the DB2 subsystem that contains the objects that you want to analyze by expanding the elements in the Locations pane. The locations presented are organized in different ways. If you think of the locations by physical organization (that is, what system, and then what subsystem is on that system), you can drill down through z/OS Systems. If you think of the locations in the abstract (that is, a simple list of subsystems), you can drill down through z/OS Data Sharing Groups.
- Select the DB2 subsystem. The properties of the DB2 subsystem display in the Properties pane. Depending on the location that you selected, you might see only a portion of the properties listed below:
  - Version
  - Mode
  - Highest log RBA
  - · Subsystem ID
  - Active?
  - System restore
  - System services address space
  - Database services address space
  - Distributed data facility address space
  - IP address

- IP address V6
- Host name
- Port number
- Resync port number
- Data sharing group attachment name
- Data sharing group name
- Data sharing member name
- **3**. When you select a DB2 subsystem, the status of the DB2 subsystem displays in the **Status** pane. The status information that might be listed is:
  - DB2 restart RBA
  - DB2 restart time
  - Last checkpoint
  - Log copy 1
  - Log copy 2
  - Log high offloaded RBA
  - Log high written RBA
  - Number of logs awaiting offload
- 4. Click **Next**. If a connection to that location has not yet been established during the DB2 Recovery Expert session, a connection is established now.
- 5. If this is the first time during the DB2 Recovery Expert session that you have selected this location, and if login information has not been previously stored, the Database Login window displays. Enter the login information and click **OK**.
- 6. The Range of log data page opens.

## Selecting the log analysis range

From the **Range** window of the **Log Analysis Advisor** you specify the parameters that define the range of time in the log that will be analyzed for object inactivity.

- 1. Specify the log range parameters in one of the following ways:
  - Select the **Preceding** radio button to specify that the log range parameters will be a range of hours or minutes preceding the current time. Select the number of hours or minutes from the drop down boxes. By default the time range is set to **Preceding** by 1 hour using the local time. You can choose to use database time by setting this option in the Preferences window.
  - Select the **Date/Time from** radio button to specify a specific date and time as the log range parameters. Use the calendar icons to select a date and time for the beginning and ending range parameters.
  - Select the **Previously scanned log range from** radio button to choose a time range that was previously defined. Click the browse button to the right to open the Scanned Log Ranges window. Select the log range that you want use. Click OK.
- 2. Clear the **Use SYSLGRNX** check box to specify that the SYSLGRNX directory tables should not be used to optimize which log files are read. DB2 Recovery Expert typically uses the SYSLGRNX directory tables to optimize which log files must be read. You may choose not to use SYSLRNX if errors occur when trying to use it, or if the overhead of using it will likely outweigh the savings it provides.

- **3**. Use the arrows in the **Minimum quiet time** box to specify the minimum duration of a quiet time for it to be included in the output. This may reduce the amount of quiet time information that is saved. By default, this is set to 00:02:00 (two minutes).
- 4. After you select a range of log data, click Next. The Objects window opens.

## Selecting objects for analysis

You use the Objects window of the **Log Analysis Advisor** to specify the objects for which you want to find quiet times in the database logs.

## About this task

The first time you expand each high level element in the list of available objects (for example, Storage Groups, Databases, Table Spaces), the number of matching objects is determined. If this number exceeds the threshold specified in user preferences, a filter window is displayed.

- 1. The **Available objects** list displays the objects that reside on the selected DB2 database. The objects are organized by object type. You drill down to the desired object and select it. The objects appear in different colors to identify their locations:
  - Black In both the repository and the DB2 catalog
  - Blue In the DB2 catalog only
  - **Red** In the repository only
- 2. In the **Available Objects** pane, you can also right-click a table space, a database, or a table partition node to display a menu with commands that you can use to change the display status. This gives you a convenient way to reset or check object statuses from within DB2 Recovery Expert. The available commands are **Display**, **Start**, and **Stop**. Selecting any of the options displays another window that allows you to perform the selected operation on the selected object.
- **3.** When you select an object, its properties display in the **Properties** pane. The **Repository Status** field in the **Properties** pane also identifies an object's location. Each of the properties that are listed vary by object type.
- 4. Click the Include button to add the object to the list of objects to analyze. The object appears in the Selected objects list. You can continue to add objects to the Selected objects list until you have selected all of the objects that you want to be included in the log analysis. To remove an object from the Selected objects list, click the Remove button. To remove all the objects from the list, click the Remove All button.
- 5. You can use the **Exclude** button to exclude an object from a larger set of objects that are to be analyzed. For example, if you choose to include all objects that are found in a database with the exception of one dependent object, then you would select the database using the **Include** button and then select one of the dependent database objects and using the **Exclude** button move it to the **Selected objects** list.
- 6. You can use the **Filter** button to vary the display of objects as they appear in the **Available objects** list. The **Available objects** list displays the objects organized by object type. This organizational scheme is consistent throughout the tree. To vary the objects displayed beneath each object type on any level, select the object type and press the **Filter** button. You can also open the object

type filter window by right clicking on the object type and selecting **Create Filter** from the menu. A filter window opens where you can specify the filter criteria. In addition you modify and remove filters by right clicking on an object type and selecting from the menu either **Modify filter** or **Remove filter**. The available object types are as follows:

- Storage Groups
- Databases
- Table Spaces
- Tables
- Indexes
- Views
- Synonyms
- Aliases
- Data types
- Triggers
- Functions
- Stored Procedures
- Sequences
- Roles
- Plans
- Packages
- Global Variables
- Automation Tool Object Profiles
- 7. You can define a pattern that will match multiple objects that will be selected for recovery at the time the recovery job is run. To define a pattern, select the node labeled **Pattern** under the type of object you wish to select and click the **Include** button. A popup window opens, specific to the type of object that you selected. Specify the pattern and click **OK**. The object type pattern will appear in the **Selected objects** list. When you expand a pattern in the **Selected objects** list, you will see all matching objects that are found in the repository or currently exist in the DB2 subsystem.
- 8. Click Next. The JCL window opens.

## Submitting JCL for a log analysis

From the JCL window of the **Log Analysis Advisor** you can view, edit, run, and export the JCL that is generated for the log analysis job.

## Before you begin

**Important:** For you to access output data sets from the jobs that are submitted, those data sets must be defined as SYSOUT data sets using a SYSOUT class that specifies the output should be "held". DB2 Recovery Expert generates output data sets to //DDNAME DD SYSOUT=\*. This causes the SYSOUT class specified by the MSGCLASS parameter to be used on the job card. DB2 Recovery Expert includes MSGCLASS=H on the default job card that it generates (H is usually used for held output, though your site can be different). If you customize or modify the job cards for the generated jobs, you must specify a SYSOUT class which causes the output to be held.

## Procedure

- 1. The JCL window opens displaying the JCL that will be used to run the log analysis job.
- 2. You should review the JCL. If necessary you can edit the JCL in the window. You can use the **Find** button to locate a string of text in the JCL. You can use the **Undo** button to reset the contents of the **Statements** pane to the JCL statements that were originally generated. The **Undo** button is disabled unless and until you modify the JCL.
- **3**. To export the JCL to either a z/OS data set or a local file, click **Export**. The **Export** window opens where you will specify data set or file information.
- 4. When you are ready to submit the job, click **Run** to run the job.

**Note:** If you make any changes to the JCL and click **Run** or **Export**, a popup window opens to ask if you want to save your changes. From here, you

- Click Yes to save your changes and continue with your request.
- Click No to run the job or export your JCL without saving your changes.
- Click Cancel to abort the request without saving your changes.
- 5. The JCL window displays while the log analysis job is running. During this time, you can continue to wait, cancel, or save and close the specification (as with all long running tasks) as follows:
  - Click **Save** to save the process and selections up to this point in a specification.
  - Click **Close** to end the process without saving. The advisor closes and all work and selections up to this point are lost.
  - Click **Cancel** to the JCL job that you submitted.
- 6. After the log analysis job runs, the Results window opens displaying a list of the log analysis jobs that have completed.

## Selecting the log analysis job for review

The Results window of the **Log Analysis Advisor** displays a list of completed log analysis jobs.

### Procedure

- 1. To review the result details of a log analysis job, select a job from the list and click **View**. The Log Analysis Job Results window displays. From this window you may review the details of the job results. After reviewing you will return to the Results window.
- 2. After retuning from the Log Analysis Job Results window, you may choose another job from the list and review the result details.
- **3**. To delete a job from the Results window, select the job from the **Jobs** list and click **Delete**.
- 4. To save your log analysis process and information, click the Save button.

## Reviewing a log analysis job results

The Log Analysis Job Results window displays the details of a log analysis job. You can display all the results or specify that only the results from selected steps and DD statements display.

## About this task

The quiet times that are discovered as a result of running the job are recorded in the quiet time tables and available to be used as recovery points.

- 1. Select the job that you want to display from the Job drop-down menu.
- 2. Select the step name that you want to display from the **Step name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all steps in the job Log Analysis Job Results window.
- **3**. Select the DD name that you want to display from the **DD name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all DD's from the selected step in the Log Analysis Job Results window.
- 4. Click **Export** to export the information. The Export window opens. Specify the export information and click **OK**. Control returns to the Log Analysis Job Results window.
- 5. When you have finished reviewing the job, click **Close** to close the window and return to the Results window.

## Chapter 25. Restoring a DB2 subsystem

The **System Restore Advisor** helps you to restore a DB2 subsystem from a system-level backup created using the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF interface.

## Preparing to restore a DB2 subsystem

DB2 Recovery Expert maintains a list of valid system level backups that you may choose from in the event you need to restore a DB2 subsystem. When you restore a subsystem through the System Restore Advisor, you may be restoring data and logs or data only. The type of restore depends on the type of system level backup that was created and whether DB2 Recovery Expert detected mixed data during the backup.

Mixed data occurs when DB2 Recovery Expert detects, while creating the system level backup, that your DB2 data and logs are located on the same volumes. If this happens, DB2 Recovery Expert still makes the backup, but if you choose this backup as a recovery point, you must restore both the data and the logs.

There are three types of system level backups that may be created by DB2 Recovery Expert and used to restore a DB2 subsystem:

- If the system level backup was a data only backup, you can restore the data only so long as DB2 Recovery Expert did not detect mixed data.
- If the system level backup was a data and log backup, you can restore both data and logs, or you can choose to restore data only as long as DB2 Recovery Expert did not detect mixed data during the backup.
- If the logs were not mixed in with the data, you can restore the data volumes to the backup point, and then apply logs to bring it up to current or any point after the backup time. This point can be an RBA for non data sharing, or a timestamp or LRSN for data sharing.

DB2 Recovery Expert can keep track of timestamps and their associated RBAs with the RBA Capture utility. You can use this feature to easily select a recovery point related to a particular time of day. The RBA Capture utility is optionally installed and configured when you customize DB2 Recovery Expert. The utility must run as a started task in each LPAR where you want to capture data.

## Using the System Restore Advisor

This section provides an overview of the process for recovering a single DB2 subsystem using the System Restore Advisor.

## About this task

As you progress through the System Restore Advisor, you can save your work and return to it later for any subsystem that is not currently being restored. Click **Save** at the bottom of any window in the advisor to save your work. This differs from the Recovery Advisor, the Log Based Recovery Advisor, and the Log Analysis Advisor where the work in progress is automatically saved at the target SSID.

## Procedure

- 1. Access the DB2 Recovery Expert web interface and click the **System Restore** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the System Restore Advisor opens. The Welcome window gives an overview of the advisor.
- 2. Click **Next**. The Location window opens. The Location window displays the available DB2 subsystems that you can restore. Select a subsystem from the list.
- **3**. Click **Next**. The Backups window opens. The Backups window displays a list of the valid system level backups that can be used to recover the DB2 subsystem that you selected. On the Backups window, select a recovery point from the list of system level backups.
- 4. Click **Next** The Options window opens. From the Options window you select the type of restore that you will perform. You can choose to restore both data and logs; or only data.
- 5. Click **Next**. The JCL window opens. From the JCL window you can view, edit, export, or run the JCL for the restore job. You should review the JCL statements, make any necessary changes, then click **Run** to run the system restore job.
- 6. When the job completes, the system restore job is returned and listed in the Results window. Select the job and click the **View** button to view the details of the system restore job. Select the **Delete** button to delete the job results.
- 7. When you have finished reviewing the results, click **Close**. You return to the Results window, where you can choose to save or delete the results job.

## **Opening the System Restore Advisor**

The System Restore Advisor opens with a Welcome window.

## Procedure

- 1. Click the **System Restore** tab from the main page of the web interface. The Welcome window of the **System Restore Advisor** opens. This window presents an overview of the DB2 subsystem restore process using this advisor.
- 2. The **Skip this Welcome page in the future** check box (which by default is not selected) allows you to suppress the display of the **System Restore Advisor** Welcome window in the future. This applies for new system restore settings only; when a saved specification is reopened, the Welcome window is always omitted.
- **3.** On each window of the **System Restore Advisor**, you can use one or more of the following controls to navigate through the process:
  - Back Move back one window in the system restore process.
  - Next Move ahead one window in the system restore process.
  - **Save** Save the system restore process and selections up to this point in a specification. (This opens a new window for naming and saving the specification.)
  - **Close** End the system restore process without saving it and close the **System Restore Advisor**. All work and selections up to this point are lost.

Help Connect to the IBM DB2 Recovery Expert online help system.

4. After you have reviewed the information on the Welcome window, click **Next**. The Location window opens.

## Selecting the DB2 subsystem

From the Location window of the **System Restore Advisor** you will select the DB2 subsystem on which you want to perform a system restore.

## About this task

The locations displayed on this window are discovered automatically through communication between the DB2 Recovery Expert server and all running database agents. If there are several attached agents, the discovery process can take time.

The DB2 subsystems available for recovery are fetched when the agent starts. To refresh the list of subsystems, right-click anywhere in the **Locations** pane and select the **Refresh Location** button. Additionally, an administrator can use SDSF (System Display and Search facility) to issue a /MODIFY *<agent-job-name*>,REFRESH TOPOLOGY command after having started or stopped a DB2 subsystem.

- Only those subsystems that have an associated backup are displayed in the Locations pane. Drill down to the DB2 subsystem that you want to recover by expanding the elements in the Locations pane. The locations presented are organized in different ways. If you think of the locations by physical organization (that is, what system, and then what subsystem on that system), you can drill down through z/OS Systems. If you think of the locations in the abstract (that is, a simple list of subsystems), you can drill down through z/OS Subsystems or z/OS Data Sharing Groups.
- 2. Select the DB2 subsystem. The properties of the DB2 subsystem display in the **Properties** pane. Depending on the location that you selected, you might see only a portion of the properties listed below:
  - Version
  - Mode
  - Highest log RBA
  - Subsystem ID
  - Active?
  - System restore
  - System services address space
  - Database services address space
  - Distributed data facility address space
  - IP address
  - IP address V6
  - Host name
  - Port number
  - Resync port number
  - Data sharing group attachment name
  - Data sharing group name
  - Data sharing member name
- **3**. When you select a DB2 subsystem, the status of the DB2 subsystem displays in the **Status** pane. The status information that might be listed is:
  - DB2 restart RBA

- DB2 restart time
- Last checkpoint
- Log copy 1
- Log copy 2
- Log high offloaded RBA
- Log high written RBA
- Number of logs awaiting offload
- 4. Click **Next**. If a connection to that location has not yet been established during the DB2 Recovery Expert session, a connection is established now.
- 5. If this is the first time during the DB2 Recovery Expert session that you have selected this location, and if login information has not been previously stored, the Database Login window displays. Enter the login information and click **OK**.
- 6. The **Backups** page opens.

## Selecting a recovery point

The Backups window of the **System Restore Advisor** displays a list of the valid recovery points for the DB2 subsystem that you have selected for recovery.

### About this task

Only valid system level backups are listed in the **Backups** pane. If a backup failed and cannot be used to restore the DB2 subsystem, it does not appear on this window. You can use the **Refresh** button at any time to see if a new system level backup has been created while you are using the **System Restore Advisor**. This regenerates the list of backups that are available to you for the system restore.

### Procedure

1. Select a backup recovery point from the list of available system level backups. When you select a recovery point, the properties are retrieved and displayed in the **Properties** pane. The following is a list of possible properties:

### Date/Time

The date and the time the backup was taken in *yyyy-mm-dd-hh:mm:ss* format.

### Data Only

This field contains true if the backup profile specified a data only backup. In this case, only the volumes that contained DB2 table spaces or index spaces were backed up.

### Mixed Data

This field contains true if DB2 Recovery Expert detected log data sets on the same volume(s) as the data. If this value is true, DB2 Recovery Expert must restore both the logs and the data.

### On Disk

This field contains true if this backup is still on disk. If true, the restore will be accomplished using the backup on disk.

### On Offload

This field contains true if the backup has been offloaded using DB2 Recovery Expert's offload process (see "Creating backup profiles"). If the **On Disk** field contains false, the restore will be accomplished using the offloaded backup. **Type** The type of backup: dss, snap, db2–backup, flash-copy, BCV.

#### Number Volumes

The number of volumes that were backed up.

### Run by Userid

The TSO user ID of the executor of the backup job.

### Profile Name

The profile name used to create the backup.

#### **Profile Creator**

The TSO user ID of the profile creator.

#### Generation Number

The generation number for this backup.

#### Job Name

The backup job name.

#### Job Number

The backup job number.

### **RBA/LRSN**

The RBA or LRSN of the backup if restoring both logs and data. This is the point in time in which the subsystem was backed up.

 (Optional) Click View Details to open the Backup Details window. This window contains the Backup Summary Report and the Backup Volume Detail Report for the selected recovery point.

**Note:** If the backup was offloaded, the Backup Details window also contains the **Volume Offload Report** and Backup Details.

**3.** (Optional) Click **Offload** to open the Offload JCL window. From this window, you can **Run** or **Export** the JCL statements.

**Note:** The offload process will copy the process from disk to tape. The backup profile that was used to create this system level backup must have offload options specified in order to create the offload JCL.

4. (Optional) Click **Delete** to delete the backup. A popup window opens to confirm that you want to delete the selected backup. Click **Yes** to delete the backup or **No** to cancel the task and return to the Backups window.

**Note:** If you delete a backup from the list, refresh the list before proceeding to the next screen.

5. After you select a recovery point, click Next. The Options window opens.

## Selecting the type of restore to perform

From the Options window of the **System Restore Advisor**, you choose whether the system restore will include both data and logs; or only data.

### About this task

Your choice in this window is dependent on the system level backup that you selected in the Backups window. If you selected a backup that was configured to backup both data and logs, then you can choose to restore only the data, or you can choose to restore the data and the logs. If the backup was configured for data only, you can only choose to restore the data. In either case, when you choose to restore data only, you must also select either a RBA recovery point if your DB2

subsystem is a non-data sharing environment or a LRSN recovery point if your DB2 subsystem is a data sharing environment.

### Procedure

- 1. Select one of the following **Options** radio buttons:
  - Click **Restore data and logs** radio button to restore both data and logs from the backup.
  - Click **Restore data only** radio button to restore only data from the backup. The **Recover to RBA/LRSN** text box becomes available. If you are restoring data only, you must also select an RBA or LRSN recovery point. Click the browse button next to the **Recover to RBA/LRSN** text box to select a RBA or LRSN recovery point. The Select Time/RBA window opens. From this window you select a RBA recovery point if your DB2 subsystem is a non-data sharing environment or an LRSN recovery point if your DB2 subsystem is a data sharing environment. Click **OK**. Control returns to the Options window.
- 2. Click Next. The JCL window opens.

## Selecting a RBA or LRSN recovery point

From the Select Time/RBA window you will start the process of selecting a RBA or LRSN recovery point that can be used when performing a data only system restore.

## About this task

If the DB2 subsystem that you are restoring is a non-data sharing environment than you will be able to select a RBA as the recovery point that can be used when restoring the DB2 system. The RBA recovery points available for selection are discovered by the DB2 Recovery Expert RBA Capture utility. RBA recovery points are only available if the RBA Capture utility was installed and configured during the customization of DB2 Recovery Expert. In addition, the RBA Capture utility must be running as a started task in each LPAR for which it will be collecting data.

If the DB2 subsystem that you are restoring is a data sharing environment than you will be able to select a LRSN as the recovery point that can be used when restoring the DB2 system. The LRSN recovery point is calculated based on a date and time value that you submit.

- Select the Recover to RBA/LRSN browse button on the Options window. The Select Time/ RBA information window opens.
- 2. If the DB2 subsystem that you are restoring is a non-data sharing environment, the **RBA Capture utility** radio button is selected. You can check one or more of the following check boxes to control the content that is displayed in the next window that opens:
  - Display timestamp / RBA captured data
  - Display archive logs times / RBAs
  - Display checkpoint times / RBAs
- **3.** If the DB2 subsystem that you are restoring is a data sharing environment, the **Timestamp to DB2 LRSN utility** radio button is selected.
- 4. Click **OK**. Depending on your selection, the Subsystem Timestamp/RBA window or the Timestamp to LRSN Conversion Utility window opens.

5. After you have selected the RBA or LRSN recovery point, your selection information is placed in the **Recover to RBA/LRSN** text box. Click **OK**. The JCL window opens.

## Selecting a RBA recovery point

The Subsystem Timestamp/RBA window displays the RBA values that can be used as a recovery point.

## About this task

The RBA Capture utility tracks and stores timestamps and their associated RBAs in a VSAM repository. Based on the backup that you selected, this window displays all the RBAs captured from the date and time of the backup to either the current point in time or to the date and time of the next backup that was taken.

## Procedure

- 1. Open the Subsystem Timestamp/RBA window by selecting **Recover to RBA/LRSN** from the Select Time/RBA information window.
- 2. If you selected the **Display timestamp / RBA captured data** check box from the Select Time/RBA information window, the **Captured timestamp/RBA** pane displays the timestamps and associated RBAs captured at the specified intervals while the DB2 subsystem was active. It contains the following columns:

Active Yes indicates the subsystem was active at that timestamp.

### Log Timestamp

This is the store clock time at which DB2 Recovery Expert captured the RBA. The first timestamp captured probably will not be at an exact minute boundary, because the first RBA is captured at the time the task is started. However, successive timestamps should be on minute boundaries (such as 22:24:00.00).

### Log RBA

The log RBA captured at the store clock time.

### Log LRSN

The log LRSN captured at the store clock time.

## Log Bytes

The number of bytes that have been added to the log since the previous interval; blank if no changes have been made to the log.

**Tip:** If Log Bytes is blank, this represents a quiet time for the subsystem and therefore might be a good recovery point for that subsystem.

3. If you selected the **Display archive logs times / RBAs** check box from the Select Time/RBA information window, the **Archive log records** pane displays the timestamps and the RBAs and/or LRSNs at the start and end of the archive logs. It contains the following columns:

### Start timestamp

The start timestamps for the RBAs at the start of the archive logs.

### End timestamp

The end timestamp for the RBAs at the end of the archive logs.

### Start RBA

The log RBA captured at the start of the store clock time.

End RBA

The log RBA captured at the end of the store clock time.

Start LRSN

The log LRSN captured at the start of the store clock time.

#### End LRSN

The log LRSN captured at the end of the store clock time.

4. If you selected the **Display checkpoint times / RBAs** check box from the Select Time/RBA information window, the **Check point records** pane displays the timestamps and associated log RBAs recorded as start and end checkpoints. It contains the following columns:

#### Start timestamp

The start timestamps for the RBAs at the start of the archive logs.

#### End timestamp

The end timestamp for the RBAs at the end of the archive logs.

#### Start RBA

The log RBA captured at the start of the store clock time.

### End RBA

The log RBA captured at the end of the store clock time.

Start LRSN

The log LRSN captured at the start of the store clock time.

#### Checkpoint type

The type of checkpoint.

- 5. Select the RBA that you want to use as a recovery point.
- 6. Click **OK**. The log RBA of the selected row is copied into the **Recover to RBA/LRSN** text field on the Select Time/RBA information window.

## Converting a timestamp to a LRSN recovery point

On the Timestamp to LRSN Conversion Utility window, you specify the time zone, date, and time that DB2 Recovery Expert will use to generate a LRSN recovery point.

### About this task

This feature may be used for data sharing subsystems when you are restoring data only, it is not available for non-data sharing locations.

- 1. From the **Timestamp is in** drop down menu select the time zone.
- 2. Enter a date in the format *year-month-day* in the **Date** text box.
- **3**. Enter the time in the format *hh:mm:ss* in the **Time** text box. Example: 18.37.29
- Click Convert. DB2 Recovery Expert determines the appropriate restore LRSN based on the timestamp and places the result value in the Generated LRSN field.
- 5. Click **OK** to return to the Options window. The generated LRSN is copied into the **Recover RBA/LRSN** text field on the Options window.

## Submitting JCL for a data only system restore

This section describes the JCL window of the **System Restore Advisor** when you are performing a data only restore of the DB2 subsystem.

## About this task

The JCL used for a data only restore is different than the JCL that is generated for a data and log system restore. For a data only restore DB2 Recovery Expert generates three serial jobs that will be run to restore the DB2 subsystem. The three jobs include a conditional restart job, a restore system job, and a log restore job. The job called **Conditional Restart** contains the SYSPITR keyword to specify the restoration point. The job called **Restore System** restores all of the data volumes to the recovery point. The job called **Log Apply** restores the logs to the specified RBA/LRSN using the RESTORE SYSTEM LOGONLY utility.

You can edit the JCL of each job before running the job group. The JCL can then be submitted for execution or exported to either a z/OS data set or a local file.

**Note:** You must have installation SYSADM authority to perform these steps, because DB2 restarts in ACCESS (MAINT) mode during this procedure.

## Procedure

- The Statements pane in the JCL window displays a folder named Serial Job Group that contains the three jobs that will be used for the system restore. Click on each job listed in the serial job group folder and the JCL for that job displays. For each job, review the JCL, and make any changes. You can use the Find button to find strings of text in the JCL statements. You can use the Undo button to reset the contents of the Statements window to the JCL statements that were originally generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. Undo is not available unless you modify the JCL.
- 2. At any time you can click the **Export** button to export the JCL to a z/OS data set or a local file. The Export window opens. Specify the data set or file name. Click **OK**. Control returns to the JCL window.
- **3**. After you have reviewed each job in the job group, click **Run** to run the job group. If you make any changes to the JCL and click **Run** or **Export**, a popup window opens to ask if you want to save your changes. Select one of the following responses:
  - Click Yes to save your changes and continue with your request.
  - Click No to run the job or export your JCL without saving your changes.
  - Click Cancel to abort the request without saving your changes.
- 4. The first two serial jobs, *ARYJOB1* and *ARYJOB2*, run. These jobs stop the DB2 subsystem that you selected to restore and then invoke the DB2 Recovery Expert system restore job.

**Note:** For a data sharing subsystem, each member of the group must be manually stopped and started.

- 5. Before the final job runs, DB2 Recovery Expert generates a Reply Y for a WTOR message. A response of Y is required to complete the final job and is automatically generated by the agent. The related WTOR appears in the Messages pane of the web interface window. The final serial job ARYJOB3 runs.
- 6. After the restore job runs, the Review System Restore Job Results window displays.

7. Stop DB2 and restart it normally.

## Submitting JCL for a data and logs system restore

This section describes the JCL window of the **System Restore Advisor** when you are performing a data and logs restore of the DB2 subsystem.

## About this task

The JCL used for a data and logs restore is different than the JCL that is generated for a data only system restore. For a data and logs restore DB2 Recovery Expert generates a single job. The JCL for this job displays when the window opens. You can edit, run, or export the JCL to a z/OS data set or a local file.

To edit, run or export the JCL:

### Procedure

- 1. Review the JCL and make any changes by editing the text in the **Statements** pane. You can use the **Find** button to locate a string of text within the JCL. You can use the **Undo** button to reset the JCL to the JCL statements that were originally generated by DB2 Recovery Expert. **Undo** is not available unless you modify the JCL.
- 2. At any time you can click the **Export** button to export the JCL to a z/OS data set or a local file. The Export window opens. Specify the data set or file name. Click **OK**. Control returns to the JCL window.
- **3**. After reviewing the JCL statements, click **Run** to run the job. If you make any changes to the JCL and click **Run** or **Export**, a popup window opens to ask if you want to save your changes. Select one of the following responses:
  - Click Yes to save your changes and continue with your request.
  - Click No to run the job or export your JCL without saving your changes.
  - Click **Cancel** to abort the request without saving your changes.
- 4. When the job completes, the Results window opens.

## Selecting the system restore job for review

The Results window of the **System Restore Advisor** displays a list of completed system restore jobs.

### About this task

To select a system restore job for review:

- 1. To review the result details of a system restore job, select a job from the list and click **View**. The System Restore Job Results window displays. From this window you may review the details of the job results. After reviewing, you will return to the Results window.
- 2. After retuning from the System Restore Job Results window, you can choose another job from the list and review the result details.
- **3**. To delete a job from the Results windows, select the job from the **Jobs** list and click **Delete**.
- 4. To save your system restore process and information, click the Save button.

## Reviewing a system restore job results

The System Restore Job Results window displays the details of a system restore job. You can display all the results or specify that only the results from selected steps and DD statements display.

## About this task

To view the details of the job:

## Procedure

- 1. Select the job that you want to display from the Job drop-down menu.
- 2. Select the step name that you want to display from the **Step name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all steps in the job System Restore Job Results window.
- **3**. Select the DD name that you want to display from the **DD name** drop-down menu or select **ALL** to view all DD's from the selected step in the System restore Job Results window.
- 4. Click Export if you want to export the JCL to a z/OS data set or a local file. The Export window opens. specify the export information and click OK. Control returns to the System Restore Job Results window.
- 5. When you have finished reviewing the job, click **Close** to close the window and return to the Results window.

## Restarting a failed restore job

If a restore job submitted by DB2 Recovery Expert encounters an error, you can review the JCL and the output, make corrections as required, and resubmit the job.

## About this task

The first indication you have of a failed job is a message displayed in the Messages pane of the main window with a status of *Failed*.

### Procedure

- 1. Select the message in the Messages pane and click **Open** or double-click the message to display the Results window.
- 2. Select the job you want to review and click **View**. The System Restore Job Results window opens.
- **3**. Determine why the job failed. To determine why the job failed, you will most likely use:
  - The System Restore Job Results
  - The submitted JCL (click View JCL)
  - Other external resources

The System Restore Job Results and the System Restore JCL windows can be open at the same time, and you can freely switch between the two or arrange them to be visible simultaneously to aid in determining why the job failed.

**Important:** If the generated JCL consisted of more than one job, the System Restore JCL window displays with a hierarchical tree structure that identifies the jobs individually.

4. Click **Restart**.

- If the generated JCL consisted of one job, the System Restore JCL and System Restore Job Results windows close, and the job is submitted.
- If the generated JCL consisted of more than one job, the Restart Restore window displays. You then select which jobs to rerun, and click **Run**. The Restart Restore, System Restore JCL, and System Restore Job Results windows all close and the jobs are submitted.

## Results

The Submit JCL window of the specification displays, just as when you initially ran the System Restore.

## System restore JCL (review results) window

If any of the jobs in the job group have failed, or were not run, the View JCL dialog includes a **Restart** button to restart selected jobs after optionally changing the JCL. Clicking the **Restart** button brings up a dialog that displays all of the jobs in the job group with the failed/not run jobs automatically selected.

The following fields and controls are available:

### Jobs panel

The jobs panel shows the jobs that ran for the system restore. In the case of a data only restore, you see three serial jobs generated: conditional restart, restore system, and log apply. If you ran a data and logs restore, the job panel does not appear, and you only see the job in the Statements window.

#### Statements

In this panel, you can review and edit the JCL. If you ran a data and logs restore, there is only one job and the JCL appears in this window. If you ran a data only restore, there are three different sets of JCL. Select a job from the Jobs panel to review and edit the JCL.

#### Restart

Restarts the failed job (or jobs). This button only appears when the system restore resulted in one or more failed/not run jobs.

- **Run** Runs the job again. This button only appears if the job ran successfully.
- **Export** Exports the results to a data set or local file.
- **Close** Closes the window.
- Find Locate a string of text.
- **Undo** Reset the contents of the window to the JCL statements that were originally run by DB2 Recovery Expert. Undo is not available unless you modify the JCL.

## **Restart System Restore window**

The Restart System Restore window displays all of the jobs in the job group with the failed/not run jobs automatically selected. When you click **Run**, only the selected jobs run.

The following fields and controls are available:

- **Jobs** This panel shows all of the job for the system restore. Failed/not run jobs are automatically selected. Click the check boxes to the left of the jobs to select or deselect the jobs to be run.
- **Run** Runs the selected Jobs.
# Cancel

Cancels the action and closes the Restart System Restore window.

# Chapter 26. Tools Customizer reference

Before you use Tools Customizer, you should understand the Tools Customizer terminology and the data sets that Tools Customizer uses during customization.

# Tools Customizer terminology

Tools Customizer uses several unique terms that you should be familiar with before you begin to use Tools Customizer.

## Products and components

How an IBM Tool is packaged determines whether it is referred to as a product or as a component in the Tools Customizer documentation and interface. An IBM Tool that is ordered as a stand-alone entity (that is, not as part of a solution pack) is referred to as a product. An IBM Tool that is part of a solution pack is referred to as a component. Some IBM Tools are available in both formats; therefore, the same IBM Tool can be referred to as a product or as a component depending on how it is packaged.

### DB2 entry

You can customize DB2 Recovery Expert on one or more DB2 entries. A DB2 entry can be any of the following items:

### DB2 subsystem

A distinct instance of a relational database management system (RDBMS) that is not part of a data sharing group. An example of a DB2 subsystem name is DB01.

## DB2 group attach name

DB2 Recovery Expert does not support DB2 group attach names.

## DB2 data sharing member

A DB2 subsystem that is assigned by the cross-system coupling facility (XCF) to a data sharing group. An example of a DB2 data sharing member name is DB02.

Tools Customizer maintains the following lists of DB2 entries:

## Associated list

The list of DB2 entries that are associated with DB2 Recovery Expert. If the product to be customized requires DB2 entries, you can customize DB2 Recovery Expert only on DB2 entries that are in the associated list. When you customize DB2 Recovery Expert, this list is displayed in the DB2 Entries, Associations, and Parameter Status section of the Customizer Workplace panel.

You can add and copy DB2 entries to the associated list. When you add or copy DB2 entries to the associated list, the entries are associated with DB2 Recovery Expert.

### Master list

The list of all DB2 entries that are defined but are not associated with DB2 Recovery Expert. Tools Customizer obtains information about these DB2 entries either from entries that were created manually or from the customizations of other products that were discovered. If you remove a DB2 entry from the associated list, the DB2 entry is added to the master list. When you create a new DB2 entry, it is added to the master list, and when you associate the new entry with DB2 Recovery Expert, it is removed from the master list and added to the associated list. The master list is displayed on the Associate a DB2 Entry for Product panel.

If the associated list does not have the DB2 entries on which you want to customize DB2 Recovery Expert, you can associate existing entries from the master list to the associated list.

You can create new DB2 entries and copy existing entries to the master list.

## High-level qualifier

The high-level qualifier is considered to be all of the qualifiers except the lowest level qualifier. A high-level qualifier includes a mid-level qualifier.

## **Product parameters**

Parameters that are specific to DB2 Recovery Expert. These parameters are defined by DB2 Recovery Expert and are stored in a data member that is defined by DB2 Recovery Expert.

## LPAR parameters

Parameters on the local LPAR that are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert. These parameters are defined by Tools Customizer and are stored in an LPAR parameter data member.

## **DB2** parameters

Parameters for a DB2 entry. These parameters are defined by Tools Customizer and are stored in a DB2 parameter data member.

## Status type

## Product, LPAR, and DB2 entry status type

After you specify the product that you want to customize, the product, the LPAR, and the DB2 entries have a status. The status is partly based on whether required parameters are defined. For some products, LPAR parameters or DB2 parameters might not be required. In these cases, the status is Not Required.

To customize DB2 Recovery Expert, all of the required parameters must be defined.

If required parameters for the the product parameters, LPAR parameters, or DB2 parameters are not defined, the status of the parameters is Incomplete. Define values for parameters by manually editing them or by generating the customization jobs and specifying values for all of the required parameters that are displayed on the panels.

When values for all of the required parameters are defined, the status is Ready to Customize. Customization jobs can be generated only when all of the required parameters are defined and the status is Ready to Customize or Customized for the product parameters, LPAR parameters, and DB2 parameters for the DB2 entries on which DB2 Recovery Expert will be customized.

The following table shows the meaning of the status types. Each status is defined differently for each type of parameter.

Status	Product	LPAR	DB2 entries
Incomplete	The required product parameters are not defined, or the required product parameters are defined but LPAR parameters, DB2 parameters, or both are not defined.	The required parameters are not defined.	The required parameters are not defined.
Discovered	The product parameter definitions were discovered by using the product Discover EXEC.	N/A	N/A
Ready to Customize	The required product, LPAR, and DB2 parameters are defined, the status is Ready to Customize or Customized for the LPAR and at least one associated DB2 entry. You can generate the customization jobs.	The required LPAR parameters are defined or LPAR parameters are not required.	The required DB2 parameters are defined or DB2 parameters are not required.
Customized	The jobs are customized on the local LPAR.	The jobs are customized for the product or for all of the associated DB2 entries on the local LPAR.	The jobs are customized for the DB2 entry.
Errors in Customization	N/A	N/A	Errors occurred while the customization jobs were being generated.
Not Required	N/A	LPAR parameters are not required.	DB2 parameters are not required.

Table 27. Status types for the product, the LPAR, and the DB2 entries

## **Related tasks**:

"Creating and associating DB2 entries" on page 123 DB2 entries are optional for DB2 Recovery Expert. You can create new DB2 entries and associate them with DB2 Recovery Expert.

"Copying DB2 entries" on page 133

You can copy associated and not associated DB2 entries to other DB2 entries or to new DB2 entries.

"Removing DB2 entries" on page 134

You can remove DB2 entries from the associated list.

# Data sets that Tools Customizer uses during customization

Tools Customizer uses several unique data sets during the customization process. Familiarize yourself with these data sets before you begin to use Tools Customizer. Several different data sets are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert with Tools Customizer. These data sets are supplied by DB2 Recovery Expert, supplied by Tools Customizer, or allocated by Tools Customizer.

DB2 Recovery Expert provides the following data sets:

## Metadata library

Contains the metadata for the product to be customized. Tools Customizer uses the metadata to determine which tasks, steps, and parameters to display on the Product Parameters panel, the LPAR Parameters panel, and the DB2 Parameters panel. This data set also contains the templates that Tools Customizer uses to generate the customization jobs.

#### The metadata library naming convention is

*high\_level\_qualifier*.SARYIMZDENU, where *high\_level\_qualifier* is all of the segments of the data set name except the lowest-level qualifier.

You specify the metadata library on the Specify the Metadata Library panel. READ access to this data set is required.

#### Discover EXEC library

Contains the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. When you customize DB2 Recovery Expert, you can use the Discover EXEC to automatically retrieve and store product information, such as parameter values from an already customized product. Tools Customizer saves the discovered information in the data store.

The default name of the data set is the high-level qualifier for the metadata library plus a lowest-level qualifier. For DB2 Recovery Expert, the lowest-level qualifier is SARYIMZDENU. You can change the default value on the Discover Customized Product Information panel. EXECUTE access to this data set is required.

Tools Customizer provides the following data sets:

## Tools Customizer metadata library

Contains the metadata for the DB2 and LPAR parameters that are required to customize DB2 Recovery Expert. Tools Customizer uses the metadata to determine which parameters to display on the DB2 Parameters panel and the LPAR Parameters panel. In addition, Tools Customizer uses information in the metadata library to determine whether additional DB2 and LPAR parameters need to be displayed on these panels. As you customize different products, different DB2 and LPAR parameters might need to be defined.

The default name of the data set is DB2TOOL.CCQ110.SCCQDENU. You can change the default value on the Tools Customizer Settings panel. READ access to this data set is required.

## **Tools Customizer table library**

Stores information about jobs that are customized. Job information that is stored includes a description of the job, its member name and template name, the SSID, and when the job was generated.

The default name of the data set is DB2TOOL.CCQ110.SCCQTENU. WRITE access to this data set is required.

Tools Customizer requires that the following data sets exist during the customization process. If the data sets do not exist, Tools Customizer automatically allocates them.

## Discover output data set

Contains the output that is generated when you run the DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC. The DB2 Recovery Expert Discover EXEC retrieves the metadata and values for the parameters from a previous customization of DB2 Recovery Expert.

The default name of the data set is DB2TOOL.CCQ110.DISCOVER. You can change the default value on the Tools Customizer Settings panel or the Discover Customized Product Information panel. WRITE access to this data set is required.

## Data store data set

Contains product, LPAR, and DB2 parameter values, and DB2 entry associations. Tools Customizer uses this data set to permanently store all information that is acquired about the product, DB2 subsystems, and LPAR when you customize products on the local LPAR.

The default name of the data set is DB2TOOL.CCQ110.DATASTOR. You can change the default value on the Tools Customizer Settings panel. WRITE access to this data set is required.

## **Customization library**

Contains the customization jobs that Tools Customizer generates for DB2 Recovery Expert.

Tools Customizer checks whether a customization library name was specified for more than one instance of the same version of the same product. If the same customization library name is specified for more than one product of the same version, the CCQD123E message is issued to prevent you from overwriting previously generated customization jobs. Ensure that you specify unique qualifier for the customization library for each instance of the product.

To customize DB2 Recovery Expert, submit the members of the data set in the order in which they are displayed on the Finish Product Customization panel.

The data set naming convention is *hlq.*\$LPAR\_name\$.xyzvrm, where:

- *hlq* is the value of the **Customization library qualifier** field on the Tools Customizer Settings panel (CCQPSET)
- *LPAR\_name* is the four-character LPAR name
- *xyzvrm* is the three-letter product identifier with the version, release, and modification level

For example, the data set name might be DB2TOOL.PRODUCT.CUST.\$MVS1\$.XYZ410.

WRITE access to this data set is required.

Tools Customizer allocates the data sets for the discover output, the data store, and the customization library with the attributes that are shown in the following table:

Data set	Organization	Record format	Record length	Block size	Data set name type
Discover output data set	РО	Variable block	16383	32760	LIBRARY

Table 28. Data set attributes for allocating the Discover output, data store, and customization library data sets

Data set	Organization	Record format	Record length	Block size	Data set name type
Data store data set	РО	Variable block	16383	32760	LIBRARY
Product customization library	РО	Fixed block	80	32720	LIBRARY

Table 28. Data set attributes for allocating the Discover output, data store, and customization library data sets (continued)

## **Restrictions:**

- Multiple users cannot simultaneously share the discover output data set, data store data set, Tools Customizer metadata library, and metadata library.
- You cannot share the data store data set across multiple LPARs with shared DASD or copy the data store data set to another LPAR. Tools Customizer creates many cross-references between product and DB2 associations. Therefore, if you share or copy the data store data set, member names that are empty or that do not exist might be generated.

# Appendix A. DB2 Recovery Expert Product Control File (PCF)

The section includes a table that identifies the fields that are in the Product Control File (PCF), specifies the corresponding name of the field in the Tools Customizer (TCz) and/or ISPF panel, specifies the Tools Customizer (TCz) parameter group (DB2, LPAR, or PRODUCT) where the PCF field is specified, and identifies whether you can update the field using the ISPF interface.

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
Set DB2 SSID	DB2 subsystem ID	DB2	Yes
Set Product CFG	Not used	N/A	N/A
Set Product VER	Not used	N/A	N/A
	•		
DB2 Subsystem Inforn	nation		
Update DB2 ZPARMS	DB2 ZPARMS member	DB2	Yes
Update DB2 Bootstrap1	Bootstrap data set	DB2	Yes
Update LOADLIB1	Load library	DB2	Yes
Update LOADLIB2	Load library	DB2	Yes
DB2 Administrative Ta	ask Scheduler		
Update DB2 TASKLIST DS	Task list data set	DB2	
Add or update produc	et plans		
Update ARY Plan 1	Plan for display data extract	DB2	Yes
Update ARY Plan 2	Plan for the SLR load	DB2	Yes
Update ARY Plan 3	Plan for recovery plan generation	DB2	Yes
Update ARY Plan 4	Plan for JCL gen and SQL execution	DB2	Yes
Update ARY Plan 5	Plan for log analysis services	DB2	Yes
Update ARY Plan 6	Plan for recover to different dataset	DB2	Yes
Add or update log ser	vices options		
Update ARY MSGLIBRARY	Message Library	Product	
Update ARY ARCHLOG1	Use Archive Log 1	DB2	

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel						
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF				
Update ARY ARCHLOG2	Use Archive Log 2	DB2					
Update ACTLOGPRI	Active log priority	DB2					
Add or Update data se	et prefix generation						
Update ARY DSN Prefix	Data set name prefix	DB2					
Add or update schema	level repository data captur	e options					
Update SLR LOAD	Load authorization	DB2					
AUTHS	information into SLR						
Update SLR LOAD BINDS	Load plan and package information into SLR	DB2					
Add or update cost an	alysis values						
Update ARY Cost ECPU	Elapsed time per CPU second	DB2					
Update ARY Cost ETPM	Elapsed time per tape mount	DB2					
Add or Update table a *The default values for	ctivity quiet time repository these fields should not be c	names hanged.					
Update QT GRP TBOWNER	Qualifier for repository objects	DB2					
Update QT GRP TBNAME	*						
Update QT GRP IXOWNER	Qualifier for repository objects	DB2					
Update QT GRP IXNAME	*						
Update QT ENTRY OWNER	Qualifier for repository objects	DB2					
Update QT ENTRY NAME	*						
Update QT DATABASE	Database for Recovery Expert objects	DB2					
Update QT TABLESPACE	*						
Add or update log ana	lysis services ROWDATA da	ta set attributes					
Update LAS DSN PREFIX	Log Analysis Tool data set prefix	DB2					

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
Update LAS VOLSERS	Log Analysis Tool volsers	DB2	
Update LAS DATA AUNIT	Log Analysis Tool data unit	DB2	
Update LAS DATA PQTY	Log Analysis Tool data pri quantity	DB2	
Update LAS DATA SQTY	Log Analysis Tool data sec quantity	DB2	
Update LAS INDEX AUNIT	Log Analysis Tool index unit	DB2	
Update LAS INDEX PQTY	Log Analysis Tool index primary quantity	DB2	
Update LAS INDEX SQTY	Log Analysis Tool index secondary quantity	DB2	
	( ) · ) · ) · · · ·		
SMS class parameters	for log analysis data sets	DP2	
Update LAS SMSDC	data class	DB2	
Update LAS SMSSC	Log Analysis Tool SMS storage class	DB2	
Update SMSMC	Log Analysis Tool SMS management class	DB2	
Allow log analysis to	use DB2 sort when available	1	
Update LAS DB2 Sort	Log Analysis Tool can use DB2 sort	DB2	
	t		
Add or update charact			
*The default values for	r these fields should not be c	hanged	
UPDATE CCS SLR TECHNQ	*		
UPDATE CCS SLR SBCS	*		
UPDATE CCS SLR DBCS	*		
UPDATE CCS SLR MIXED	*		
UPDATE CCS ARY TECHNQ	*		
UPDATE CCS ARY SBCS	*		
UPDATE CCS ARY DBCS	*		

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
UPDATE CCS ARY MIXED	*		
Add or update default	data set information	1	
UPDATE FTW DEVICE	File tailoring device type	DB2	
UPDATE FTW ALCUNIT	File tailoring allocation unit	DB2	
UPDATE FTW PQTY	File tailoring primary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE FTW SQTY	File tailoring secondary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE FTW SMSDC	File tailoring SMS data class	DB2	
UPDATE FTW SMSSC	File tailoring SMS storage class	DB2	
UPDATE FTW SMSMC	File tailoring SMS management class	DB2	
Add or update primar	y image copy output data se	t mask	
UPDATE CLP DSN MASK	Local Primary data set name mask	DB2	
Add or update local p	rimary image copy output da	ata set allocation d	efaults
UPDATE CLP DEVICE	Local Primary device type	DB2	
UPDATE CLP CATALOG	Local Primary catalog image copy	DB2	
UPDATE CLP ALCUNIT	Local Primary allocation unit	DB2	
UPDATE CLP PQTY	Local Primary primary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE CLP SQTY	Local Primary secondary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE CLP SMSDC	Local Primary SMS data class	DB2	
UPDATE CLP SMSSC	Local Primary SMS storage class	DB2	
UPDATE CLP SMSMC	Local Primary SMS management class	DB2	
UPDATE CLP MULTIVOL	Local Primary volume count	DB2	
UPDATE CLP EXPIREDT	Local Primary expiration date	DB2	

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel				
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF		
UPDATE CLP RETPERIOD	Local Primary retention period	DB2			
Add or update local h	ackup image copy output da	ta set mask			
UPDATE CLB DSN MASK	Local Backup data set name mask	DB2			
Add or update local b	ackup image copy output da	ta set allocation d	efaults		
UPDATE CLB DEVICE	Local Backup device type	DB2			
UPDATE CLB CATALOG	Local Backup catalog image copy	DB2			
UPDATE CLB ALCUNIT	Local Backup allocation unit	DB2			
UPDATE CLB PQTY	Local Backup primary quantity	DB2			
UPDATE CLB SQTY	Local Backup secondary quantity	DB2			
UPDATE CLB SMSDC	Local Backup SMS data class	DB2			
UPDATE CLB SMSSC	Local Backup SMS storage class	DB2			
UPDATE CLB SMSMC	Local Backup SMS management class	DB2			
UPDATE CLB MULTIVOL	Local Backup volume count	DB2			
UPDATE CLB EXPIREDT	Local Backup expiration date	DB2			
UPDATE CLB RETPERIOD	Local Backup retention period	DB2			
Add or update recover	r site primary image copy ou	tput data set mas	k		
UPDATE CRP DSN MASK	Recovery Site Primary data set name mask	DB2			
Add or undate recover site primary image copy output data set allocation defaults					
UPDATE CRP DEVICE	Recovery Site Primary device type	DB2			
UPDATE CRP CATALOG	Recovery Site Primary catalog image copy	DB2			
UPDATE CRP ALCUNIT	Recovery Site Primary allocation unit	DB2			
UPDATE CRP PQTY	Recovery Site Primary quantity	DB2			

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
UPDATE CRP SQTY	Recovery Site Primary secondary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE CRP SMSDC	Recovery Site Primary SMS data class	DB2	
UPDATE CRP SMSSC	Recovery Site Primary SMS storage class	DB2	
UPDATE CRP SMSMC	Recovery Site Primary SMS management class	DB2	
UPDATE CRP MULTIVOL	Recovery Site Primary volume count	DB2	
UPDATE CRP EXPIREDT	Recovery Site Primary expiration date	DB2	
UPDATE CRP RETPERIOD	Recovery Site Primary retention period	DB2	
	-		
Add or update recover	r site backup image copy out	put data set mask	1
UPDATE CRB DSN MASK	Recovery Site Backup data set name mask	DB2	
Add or update recover	r site backup image copy out	put data set alloca	tion defaults
UPDATE CRB DEVICE	Recovery Site Backup device type	DB2	
UPDATE CRB CATALOG	Recovery Site Backup catalog image copy	DB2	
UPDATE CRB ALCUNIT	Recovery Site Backup allocation unit	DB2	
DB2 UPDATE CRB PQTY	Recovery Site Backup primary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE CRB SQTY	Recovery Site Backup secondary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE CRB SMSDC	Recovery Site Backup SMS data class	DB2	
UPDATE CRB SMSSC	Recovery Site Backup SMS storage class	DB2	
UPDATE CRB SMSMC	Recovery Site Backup SMS management class	DB2	
UPDATE CRB MULTIVOL	Recovery Site Backup volume count	DB2	
UPDATE CRB EXPIREDT	Recovery Site Backup expiration date	DB2	
UPDATE CRB RETPERIOD	Recovery Site Backup retention period	DB2	
Recovery output data	set allocation defaults		
Recovery output data	set allocation defaults		

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
UPDATE RDA DEVICE	Recovery output device type	DB2	
UPDATE RDA ALCUNIT	Recovery output allocation unit	DB2	
UPDATE RDA PQTY	Recovery output primary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE RDA SQTY	Recovery output secondary quantity	DB2	
UPDATE RDA SMSDC	Recovery output SMS data class	DB2	
UPDATE RDA SMSSC	Recovery output SMS storage class	DB2	
UPDATE RDA SMSMC	Recovery output SMS management class	DB2	
UPDATE RDA MULTIVOL	Recovery output volume count	DB2	
UPDATE RDA EXPIREDT	Recovery output expiration date	DB2	
UPDATE RDA RETPERIOD	Recovery output retention period	DB2	
System Backup Recove	ery Services	1	
UPDATE IPC IPC_RBR	Generate system-level backups	DB2	
System Backup Recove	erv Services Options		
**Manual edit only			
UPDATE RBR DEVICE	Work file device type	Product	
UPDATE RBR EMC LOAD1	EMC Load Library	Product	
UPDATE RBR EMC LOAD2	**		
UPDATE RBR EMC Load3	**		
UPDATE RBR FDR Load1	Innovation FDR load library	Product	
UPDATE RBR FDR Load2	**		
UPDATE RBR PROF REPO	Profile VSAM repository file		
UPDATE RBR MAPS REPO	Profile mappings VSAM repository file	Product	

Table 29, Product Control File (PCF) (co	ontinued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
UPDATE RBR CATS REPO	Profile catalogs VSAM repository	Product	
UPDATE RBR SYSBK REPO	System backups VSAM repository file	Product	
UPDATE RBR BKUP VOLS	System backups Volumes VSAM repository file	Product	
UPDATE RBR BKUP SSID	System backups SSIDs VSAM repository file	Product	
UPDATE RBR BKUP OBJS	System backups objects VSAM repository	Product	
UPDATE RBR REPORT REPO	System backup Reports VSAM repository file	Product	
UPDATE RBR OFFLD REPO	Offload options VSAM repository file	Product	
UPDATE RBR PARMLIB	Product PARMLIB data set	Product	
UPDATE RBR PARMLIB MBR	Product PARMLIB member	Product	
UPDATE RBR DSMEMBER	**Allow using members in profiles		
Redirected Recovery p	arameters	I	
UPDATE RDD USEDB2SORT	User DB2 Sort when possible	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SRTPGMINST	Sort program installed	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD BUFNUMBER	Number of buffers	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD CHNLPGMS	Channel programs	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFDEVTYPE	Work file device type	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPDEVTYPE	SYSPRINT device type	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFDSTYPE	Work file data set type	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPDSTYPE	SYSPRINT data set type	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFSPCUN	Work file track or cylinder	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPSPCUN	SYSPRINT track or cylinder	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFPRIMQT	Work file primary quantity	DB2	Yes

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

	Field Name in TCZ Panel		
Field name in PCF	And/or ISPF panel	TCz	ISPF
UPDATE RDD SPPRIMQT	SYSPRINT primary quantity	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFSECQT	Work file secondary quantity	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPSECQT	SYSPRINT secondary quantity	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFMAXVOL	Work file maximum volumes	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPMAXVOL	SYSPRINT maximum volumes	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFSMSDC	Work file SMS data class	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPSMSDC	SYSPRINT SMS data class	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFSMSSC	Work file SMS storage class	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPSMSSC	SYSPRINT SMS storage class	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD WFSMSMC	Work file SMS management class	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SPSMSMC	SYSPRINT SMS management class	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SWUNDEV	Sort Work Parameters: Unit device	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SWDDNUM	Sort Work Parameters: Number of DDs	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SWPRISPC	Sort Work Parameters: Primary space	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD SWSECSPC	Sort Work Parameters: Secondary space	DB2	Yes
UPDATE RDD UTILREGSZ	Utility Region Size	DB2	Yes

Table 29. Product Control File (PCF) (continued)

# Appendix B. Recovery utilities

Recovery Expert uses a number of utilities in the recovery JCL. They are documented in this appendix.

# Removing entries from the schema level repository (SLR)

Periodically you should remove, or clean, entries from the schema level repository (SLR). In general, SLR entries should be kept as long as a recovery resource (archive log, image copy) is available.

You must run a batch job to clean and remove entries from the SLR. A sample of the batch job is included as a SARYSAMP member named ARYSLRCL. You can specify that only the entries that fall within a specified time range be removed. The current default is 60 days, but that value can be changed by editing the SYSIN DD statement parameters.

The following is a sample of one of the DELETE commands found under the SYSIN DD statement:

//SYSIN DD \*
DELETE
FROM #CREATOR.ARYAUXRELS
WHERE ARY\_INSERTDTS < (CURRENT TIMESTAMP - 60 DAYS);</pre>

To change the time range, replace the number 60 with a specified number of days. The smallest range specification is 1 day. The largest range could encompass multiple years, for example 730 days would encompass two years. As you will notice in the sample job there are numerous DELETE statements. You will need to change the time range in each of the statements with the same time range value.

There are some DELETE statements that are specific to DB2 V10 and DB2 V11 that will need to be uncommented. Before running the job, scan the DELETE statements and uncomment the ones that apply to your version of DB2.

In addition, before running this job you also need to make edits to the JCL stream to reflect values that are specific to your environment. Details regarding these edits are documented in the beginning of the JCL stream.

# Removing entries from the schema level repository (SLR) after a system clone

After performing a DB2 system clone you should clear the schema level repository (SLR) tables. You must run a batch job to clean and remove the SLR tables. A sample of the batch job is included as a SARYSAMP member named ARYCLONE. This job removes all entries that were in the SLR tables.

The following is a sample of the DELETE commands found under the SYSIN DD statement:

//SYSIN DD \* DELETE FROM #CREATOR.ARYROUTINES --//SYSIN DD \* DELETE FROM #CREATOR.ARYVIEWS --//SYSIN DD \* DELETE FROM #CREATOR.ARYVIEWDEP

You do not need to make any changes to the SYSIN DD DELETE statements. Before running this job you do need to make edits to the JCL stream to reflect values that are specific to your environment. Details regarding these edits are documented in the beginning of the JCL stream.

# Limiting logs scanned during Log Based Data Recovery

Performing image copies on a DB2 system catalog and user directory can improve the Log Based Data Recovery (LBDR) process. Having a recent image copy of the system catalog and user directory spaces limits the number of logs scanned by the LBDR process. This can prevent failures due to archive logs no longer being available while the LBDR scan is performed.

Sample JCL jobs that can be used to create the image copies are included in SARYSAMP. The SARYSAMP member ARYICSYA should be used if you are running on DB2 V10. The SARYSAMP member ARYICSYB should be used if you are running on DB2 V11.

There are no edits that need to be made to the SYSIN DD statements. Before running this job you do need to make edits to the JCL stream to reflect values that are specific to your environment. Details regarding these edits are documented in the beginning of the JCL stream.

# DSN1COPY SYSXLAT generate utility

The function UTGENA in the ARY#UTIL utility is used to generate DSN1COPY SYSXLAT control statements.

The input (SYSIN) consists of simple control statements that are used to generate the utility control statements (SYSXLAT).

# **SYSIN** inputs

The SYSIN input consists of control statements that are used to generate the utility control statements (SYSXLAT).

- SYSIN records are lrecl=80.
- All controls start in column one.
- Blank lines are not accepted.

The first SYSIN control statement indicates the type of SYSXLAT controls to be generated. The control statements are INDEX and TABLE. INDEX will indicate the SYSXLAT controls are for an index and TABLE indicates the controls are for one or more tables.

Long index and table names are continued by filling the first statement through column 72 and then continuing on the next statement starting in column 6. Columns 1-4 of the continued record must contain the OBID value of the preceding continued statement. Column 5 must contain a comma. The continued text is

coded in columns 6 - 72. Multiple continued statements can be coded to complete the full object name.

# **TABLE** controls

The SYSIN statement immediately following the TABLE statement is the database OBID translate statement. The format is old\_obid,database\_name. Example: 0006,DSNDB06.

The SYSIN statement immediately following the database statement is the table space PSID translate statement. The format is old\_psid,tablespace\_name. Example: 0009,SYSDBASE.

The SYSIN statements following the table space statement are table OBID translate statements. The format is old\_obid,creator.name. Example: 0019,SYSIBM.SYSTABLES.

# **INDEX controls**

The SYSIN statement immediately following the INDEX statement is the old index object id values. The format is old\_dbbid,old\_isobid,old\_obid. Example: 0006,0008,0052.

The SYSIN statement immediately following the old index object id statement is the index name.

# SYSXLAT output

The SYSXLAT output control statements follow the formatting rules required by the DSN1COPY utility.

# Sample JCL

The following is sample JCL used to execute the utility:

```
//UTGENA EXEC PGM=ARY#UTIL,PARM='UTGENA,SS1A'
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ARY. IBMTAPE. LOADLIB
11
          DD DISP=SHR, DSN=DSN.Vxxx.SDSNLOAD
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ARY.V0110.CONTROL
//*
//SYSXLAT DD SYSOUT=*,LRECL=80,RECFM=FB
//*
//SYSIN
          DD *
TABLE
0006,DSNDB06
0009,SYSDBASE
0019,SYSIBM.SYSTABLES
/*
//
```

# Using the DB2 Recovery Expert Cloning Tool interface module

The DB2 Recovery Expert Cloning Tool interface module (ARY#VOLS) writes to a file the mapping and catalog information for a system level backup (SLB) so that it can be used by the DB2 Cloning Tool. The ARY#VOLS program can gather and report information about an SLB that was stored on disk or has been offloaded to tape.

# Sample JCL for ARY#VOLS

The program ARY#VOLS is a member of SAMPLIB. The following is an example of the JCL:

```
//ARY#VOLS EXEC PGM=ARY#VOLS.PARM=(EA1A.0000000000370A8A0A76.0FFL0AD)
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=TSINB.ARY.LOADLIB
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.SARYLOAD
//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.PROFILES
//ARYBOFFL DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.OFF0PTS
//ARYBPMAP DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.PROFILES.MAPS
//ARYBPCAT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.PROFILES.CATS
//ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK
//ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK.OBJS
//ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK.VOLS
//ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.SYSBACK.SSIDS
//ARYBREPT DD DISP=SHR,DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.BREPORT
//ARYPOBJS DD DISP=SHR, DSN=RSQA.ARY310.IBMTAPE.OBJECTS
//BACKINFO DD DSN=TSINB.ARY.VOLS.OUTPUT,
// DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// UNIT=3390,SPACE=(CYL,(1,5));
// DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=8000)
//SYSOUT
```

# **Removing entries from the Quiet Time Analysis tables**

Periodically you should remove, or clean, entries from the Quiet Time analysis tables ARYQTG and ARYQT. In general, Quiet Time analysis table entries should be kept as long as a recovery resource (archive log, image copy) is available. You can run a batch job to clean and remove entries from the Quiet Time Analysis tables.

# Sample batch job to clean Quiet Time Analysis tables

The following is a sample of the batch job JCL that is included as a SARYSAMP member named ARY#QTCL that can be used to clean and remove entries from the Quiet Time Analysis tables:

```
//ARY#QTCL JOB Parameters
//*
//* 5655-W78
//* (c) Copyright Rocket Software, Inc. 2015 All Rights Reserved.
//*
//* JOB NAME = ARY#QTCL
//*
//* DESCRIPTION: THIS JCL WILL EITHER REPORT OR DELETE ROWS FROM
//* THE QUIET TIME ANALYSIS TABLES ARYQTG AND ARYQT
//* THAT ARE OLDER THAN THE SPECIFIED RETENTION
//* PERIOD NUMBER OF DAYS.
//*
//* NOTES:
//* 1) ADD A VALID JOB CARD FOR YOUR INSTALLATION
                                                               *
//* 2) CHANGE SSID TO THE SSID OF THE SUBSYSTEM YOU ARE PROCESSING.
                                                               *
//* 3) CHANGE 9999 TO THE NUMBER OF DAYS FOR THE RETENTION PERIOD.
```

//\* 4) CHANGE REPORT TO DELETE IF YOU WISH TO DELETE FROM THE //\* QUIET TIME TABLES ALL ROWS OLDER THAN THE RETENTION PERIOD //\* SPECIFIED. KEEP REPORT IF YOU WISH TO INCLUDE IN A REPORT ALL THE ROWS OF THE QUIET TIME TABLES OLDER THAN THE //\* //\* THE RETENTION PERIOD. //\* 5) CHANGE #SARYLOAD TO THE NAME OF THE PRODUCT LOAD LIBRARY //\* USED FOR IBM DB2 RECOVERY EXPERT FOR Z/OS. //\* 6) CHANGE #DSNEXIT TO THE NAME OF THE DB2 USER EXIT LIBRARY //\* 7) CHANGE #DSNLOAD TO THE NAME OF THE DB2 LOAD LIBRARY //\* 8) CHANGE #SARYCNTL TO THE NAME OF THE PRODUCT CONTROL FILE //\* USED FOR IBM DB2 RECOVERY EXPERT FOR Z/OS. //\* 9) CHANGE #REPORT TO THE DATA SET NAME YOU WISH TO USE FOR THE REPORT OUTPUT AND VERIFY UNIT=SYSDA IS VALID. //\* //\* YOU COULD ALSO USE A SYSOUT=\* DEFINITION ON THIS DD CARD. //\* //\* //ARY#QTCL EXEC PGM=ARY#QTCL,PARM=(SSID,9999,REPORT) //STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=#SARYLOAD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=#DSNEXIT // DD DISP=SHR, DSN=#DSNLOAD 11 //DB2PARMS DD DISP=SHR,DSN=#SARYCNTL //\*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=\* //SYSPRINT DD DSN=#REPORT, DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE), 11 UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (5,5)), // DCB=(RECFM=VBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=0) 11 

Before running the job you must edit the JCL stream to reflect values that are specific to your environment as follows:

- Specify a valid and active DB2 subsystem identifier as the first positional parameter on the job JCL "EXEC PARM=" card.
- Specify the number of retention days as the second positional parameter on the job JCL "EXEC PARM=" card. The retention period is calculated based on the current date (date the utility is run) minus the number of retention days. Any quiet table rows that were created outside of that retention period will be reported or deleted. To change the time range, replace the number 9999 with a value from 0 to 9999.
- Specify whether you will report on or delete the quiet time table rows as the third positional parameter on the job JCL "EXEC PARM=" card. Specify REPORT to produce a list of qualifying rows to be removed from both the ARYQTG and ARYQT tables. Report is the default value. No table rows are deleted if Report is specified. It is recommended that you run the utility in Report mode, inspect the report and then decide if your retention period will yield the expected results. Run the utility and specify DELETE to actually delete the qualifying rows from both the ARYQTG and ARYQT tables.
- Change #SARYLOAD to the name of the product load library.
- Change #DSNEXIT to the name of the DB2 User Exit library.
- Change #DSNLOAD to the name of the DB2 Load Library.
- Change #SARYCNTL to the name of the Product Control file.
- Change #REPORT on the SYSPRINT DD statement to the data set name that will be used for the report output and verify that UNIT-=SYSDA is valid. You can also use a SYSOUT=\* on this DD statement. You must include a valid SYSPRINT DD statement or the program will terminate with a RC=12.

# Sample output in Report mode

The following is a sample of the output when the utility is run in REPORT mode:

ARYQ027I - The following rows were selected from table: ARYQTG ARYQ043I - -GRPID--+-GRPNUM--+T+-FILTER NAME------> ARYQ040I - 00000001 00000001 S A.T ARYQ040I - 00000002 00000001 S TESTDB07.TESTTS07 ARYQ040I - 00000003 00000001 S DIBMPMR.SMULTI ARYQ030I - The following rows were selected from table: ARYQT ARYQ044I - -GRPID--+-START TIMESTAMP-----+-END TIMESTAMP-----+ ARYQ041I - 0000001 2014-12-09-00.41.23.000000 2014-12-09-01.41.23.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000002 2014-12-09-01.55.52.000000 2014-12-09-01.41.23.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000001 2014-12-09-03.08.23.000000 2014-12-09-04.08.23.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000003 2014-12-23-02.46.34.000000 2014-12-23-03.01.34.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000003 2014-12-23-02.46.34.000000 2014-12-23-03.01.34.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000003 2014-12-23-02.46.34.000000 2014-12-23-03.01.34.0000

## Sample output in Delete mode

The following is a sample of the output when the utility is run in DELETE mode: ARYQ026I - The following rows were deleted from table: ARYQT

ARYQ043I - -GRPID--+-GRPNUM--+T+-FILTER NAME-----> ARYQ040I - 00000001 00000001 S A.T ARYQ040I - 00000002 00000001 S TESTDB07.TESTTS07 ARYQ040I - 00000003 00000001 S DIBMPMR.SMULTI ARYQ029I - The following rows will be deleted from table: ARYQT ARYQ044I - -GRPID--+-START TIMESTAMP-----+-END TIMESTAMP-----+ ARYQ041I - 00000001 2014-12-09-00.41.23.000000 2014-12-09-01.41.23.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000002 2014-12-09-01.55.52.000000 2014-12-09-02.55.52.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000001 2014-12-09-03.08.23.000000 2014-12-09-04.08.23.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000003 2014-12-23-02.46.34.000000 2014-12-23-03.01.34.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000003 2014-12-23-02.46.34.000000 2014-12-23-03.01.34.0000 ARYQ041I - 00000003 2014-12-23-02.46.34.000000 2014-12-23-03.01.34.0000

# Appendix C. Automatic discovery for server agent communication

You can use automatic discovery to enable communication between the DB2 Recovery Expert server and agents.

**Note:** In versions prior to DB2 Recovery Expert V3.1 automatic discovery was frequently used to ease the manual effort required to configure each individual user client to communicate with the server and agents. In V3.1 automatic discovery is no longer needed because with the web interface it is no longer necessary to configure each individual user client. Support is still available for automatic discovery between the server and agents.

#### Server notifications

When the server starts, it begins sending notifications on the network that is up and running. These notifications include the port numbers on which it is listening for incoming client and agent connections.

The notifications are sent by using IP multicasting. Briefly, multicasting is similar in concept to broadcasting, where a message is potentially sent to every destination address on a network. With multicasting, however, instead of sending messages to every address on a network, messages are sent only to addresses which register interest in those particular messages. In the case of DB2 Recovery Expert, the client and agent register interest in the messages sent by the server, so the server notifications are routed to them.

There are a wide variety of options related to the use of multicasting in IP network software and hardware. In some cases, it is possible that because of software or hardware configuration, multicast packets are not forwarded from the machine on which the server is running to the machines on which one or more clients or agents are running. You must consult your network administrator and configuration documentation to ensure that appropriate forwarding of multicast packets is enabled.

The exact configuration process to use these server notifications differs between client-server and agent-server connections.

### Agent-server connections

You can specify the *server-address* configuration option using Tools Customizer. If you omit the *server-address* configuration option, the agent listens for server notifications on the network. When a notification for a server is received, the agent uses the information in the notification to connect to that server.

If you specify a value for the *server-address* configuration option, the agent attempts to connect to that address, and does not perform any automatic server discovery.

Automatic discovery allows the administrator to change which machine the server runs on without requiring changes in the agent configuration files.

#### Automatic discovery options

Additional server and agent configuration options are available to fine

tune the automatic server discovery process, particularly in the case where a site is running more than one server.

## Description

In the server configuration file, you can specify a value for the **description** configuration option. This value is a free form text description of that instance of the server. This description value is displayed on the Select Server window and can help provide additional information for choosing between multiple available servers. The description is not used by the agent.

## Community string

The function of the community string is similar to that of the description, in that it allows differentiation between multiple instances of the server. The community string, however, is not visible to any users and is used only by the agent. Typically, the community string is a shorter, keyword value, rather than free form text. Although, there are no restrictions on the format of the value specified.

The community string is specified with the **community-string** configuration option in both the server and agent configuration files. When the agent performs automatic server discovery, if the **server-address** configuration option is omitted, it waits until it receives a notification from a server with a matching community string value. The agent ignores any other server notifications.

The community string allows multiple servers and agents to run on a single network with each agent connecting to the desired server.

## **Multicast options**

Several options that are related to multicasting are available in the server and agent configuration options on the Multicast Settings window. This window is accessed through the **Settings** button on the Select Server window.

The **Multicast IP address** text box specifies the global multicast address to which the server sends its notifications and on which the agent and client register interest. The default value is 236.1.2.3. The default value is for IPv4 and you should not change this default unless there is a conflict with another application on your network or you are using an IPv6 stack.

- If there is a conflict with another application on your network, you can specify a different **Multicast IP address** but you must ensure that you specify the same address in the server and agent configuration files.
- If you are using an IPv6 stack, you can specify an IPv6 address in the **Multicast IP address** text box. You must also specify the same address in the server configuration file using the option **Multicast-address-v6**.

Similarly, the **Multicast port number** text box specifies the port to which the server sends its notifications. The default value is 19845. If a conflict occurs, you can specify a different port, ensuring that the same value is specified everywhere.

Specify the local network interface as follows:

- If you are using an IPv4, you would use the **Multicast-interface** option. It is a server-only configuration option and specifies the IPv4 local network interface address on which the server notifications are sent. If this parameter is set to \*, the notifications are sent on all IPv4 interfaces.
- If you are using an IPv6 stack you would use the **Multicast-interface-v6** option. It is also a server-only configuration option that specifies the IPv6 local network interface address on which the server notifications are sent. If this parameter is set to \*, notifications are sent on all IPv6 interfaces.

The **multicast-ttl** option is also a server-only configuration option. It specifies how far away from the server machine the server's multicast notifications are propagated over the network. The default value is 5 subnets or routers. Do not specify a value greater than is necessary to reach all interested agents and clients, as it unnecessarily increases network traffic beyond this region.

The **multicast-delay** option is a server-only configuration option and specifies how frequently in seconds the server sends notifications. The smaller this value is, the more responsive clients and agents are. That is, the shorter they must wait for notifications. The smaller the value is, however, the more network traffic is generated by the server. The default value is 1 second.

# Appendix D. DB2 Recovery Expert files and file sizes

DB2 Recovery Expert creates and uses many files and data sets dynamically for internal and temporary use. If these files are improperly sized, B37 ABENDS can occur.

Many data sets that are required for internal and temporary Recovery Expert processing space are dynamically allocated by DB2 Recovery Expert. Because these files are dynamically allocated, they are not readily apparent within the JCL. Almost all of these files are for internal use only, and are not documented or supported for external usage.

All files that are allocated as NEW are written to the SYSOUT DD named CFILES. You can browse that DD to view these allocations. If overrides become necessary due to B37 or D37 errors, this DD can be useful in allocating larger files.

These dynamic allocations are based on internal array sizing when possible. This means that Recovery Expert attempts to determine the proper size of these data sets based on internal arrays which are to be externalized to the files. In many cases, it is not possible to determine the exact size of dynamically allocated data sets. This can cause a B37-type ABEND on the file. A B37 ABEND (meaning any n37 type ABEND; it could also be D37 or similar) can occur if the initial file size allocation can be satisfied by your system, but more space is actually required for all records. Again, not all dynamically allocated file sizes can be exactly ascertained.

If a B37 ABEND occurs on a dynamically allocated data set, the system will generate a message indicating which file caused the failure. This message is included in your job log and is not controlled by Recovery Expert, but rather by the operating system. If these B37s become frequent, contact your product administrator to notify IBM as the calculations may need to be modified to prevent recurrences.

You can attempt to re-run the job by hard coding a proper JCL DD statement for the failing data set in the failing job step. Because the file names are user-modifiable, it is not possible to document what they will be. The DSNAMES provided in the examples merely identify a component of the internally built data set name. The definitive DSNAME must come from the B37 ABEND message. The name identified there must be the same DSNAME used on any hard-coded JCL DD allocation unless the data set is a temporary data set. In that case, any unique temporary name will do (for example, &&TEMPF1). The DDNAMEs are fixed in the JCL, and therefore, these can be used in conjunction with the B37 job log output to correctly add a hard-coded JCL DD statement.

# **B37 ABEND errors**

This list will help you determine where your B37 ABEND is occurring.

Follow this list according to failing step number and the program that is executed. Again, this list is intended only for an extremely sporadic occurrence of B37s. If they become frequent, contact IBM customer support.

# General report error in: //STEP2 EXEC PGM=ARYGEN1,...

//REFILE DD DSN=REFILE, DCB=(LRECL=70,BLKSIZE=23380,RECFM=FB), 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 11 SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE) //CATFILE DD DSN=CATFILE, DCB=(LRECL=400,BLKSIZE=23404,RECFM=VB), 11 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) //TEMPEXTF DD DSN=&TEMPEXTF, 11 DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA, 11 SPACE=(TRK,(????,????),RLSE) //URIDF DD DSN=URIDF, DCB=(LRECL=1300,BLKSIZE=13004,RECFM=VB), 11 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, // SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) Detail report errors in: //STEP3 EXEC PGM=ARYDTL1,... //REIFILES DD DSN=&REIFILS.

DCB=(LRECL=70,BLKSIZE=23380,RECFM=FB), 11 11 DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) //PLOGD DD DSN=&PLOGD, 11 DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA, // SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE) //PLOGDS DD DSN=PLOGD, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 // SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) //EDICT DD DSN=&EDICT, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA, 11 // SPACE=(TRK,(????,????),RLSE) //EDICTS DD DSN=EDICT, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 // SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE) //TEMPROWD DD DSN=&TEMPROWD, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA, 11 11 SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) //TEMPROWS DD DSN=&TEMPROWS, 11 DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA,

// SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE)

# Detail report errors in: //STEP4 EXEC PGM=ARYDTL2,...

//FRMTFILU DD DSN=FRMTFILU, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, // SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE) //TFRMTFIL DD DSN=&TFRMTFIL, 11 DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA, // 11 SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE) //SORTIN DD DSN=&SORTIN, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11 DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 11 SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE) //SORTOUT DD DSN=&SORTOUT, DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB),  $\prod$ 11 DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA,

// SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE)

# Detail report errors in: //STEP5 EXEC PGM=ARYDTL3,...

//FRMTFILE DD DSN=FRMTFILE,

- DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), 11
- DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, //
- SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) 11

## Detail report errors in: //STEP6 EXEC PGM=ARYDTL4,...

DSN=FRMTFILS, //SORTOUT DD

- DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), //
- 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
- 11 SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE)
- //SQLOUT DD DSN=SQLOUT,
- 11 DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=23440,RECFM=FB),
- // DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
- SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) 11

## Load details into DB2 errors in: //STEP1 EXEC PGM=ARYGLOAD..., or //STEP1 EXEC PGM=ARYLAUD..., (audit mode only)

//LOADFILE DD DSN=LOADFILE,

- // DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB),
- DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11
- 11 SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE)
- //LOADCARD DD DSN=LOADCARD,
- // DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=23440,RECFM=FB),
- DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11
- // SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE)
- //DDLFILE DD DSN=DDLFILE,
- DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=23440,RECFM=FB), 11
- DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11
- SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE) 11

## Static SQL program generator errors in: //BUILD EXEC PGM=ARYBSSQL...

//CHFILE DD DSN=CHFILE, DCB=(LRECL=330,BLKSIZE=23100,RECFM=FB) 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 11 SPACE=(TRK,(????,????),RLSE) //SFMTFILE DD DSN=SFMTFILE, // DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB), // DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, // SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE) //HVFILE DD DSN=HVFILE, DCB=(LRECL=70,BLKSIZE=21000,RECFM=FB) 11 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, // SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE) //DECLFILE DD DSN=DECLFILE, 11 DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=23440,RECFM=FB) 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (????, ????), RLSE) 11 //SQLOUT DD DSN=SQLOUT2, // DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=23440,RECFM=FB) DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA, 11 11 SPACE=(TRK, (?????, ????), RLSE)

# Process archived output errors in: //STEP2 EXEC PGM=ARYARC2....

//CATFILE DD DSN=CATFILE,

- // DCB=(LRECL=400,BLKSIZE=23404,RECFM=VB),
- 11 DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
- // SPACE=(TRK,(????,????),RLSE)
  //TFRMTFIL DD DSN=&TFRMTFIL,
- // DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB),

```
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(TRK,(?????,????),RLSE)
//FRMA DD DSN=FRMAFILE,
// DCB=(LRECL=32752,BLKSIZE=32756,RECFM=VB),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(TRK,(????,????),RLSE)
```

# Correcting B37 ABEND errors in the JCL

You should use the information from "B37 ABEND errors" to correct the error, according to the example found in this topic.

Suppose you got a D37 abend on file SQLOUT in STEP6 of the detail report process. The D37 abend pointed to dsname = USERXX.SQLOUT.JOB1.

- 1. You look up the current file allocation for data set 'USERXX.SQLOUT.JOB1' and see it was allocated with 100 tracks primary and secondary.
- 2. You could delete that file and then re-run that step of the job (and any subsequent steps) by adding this DD statement to the JCL step (STEP 6) with a larger allocation amount as such:

//SQLOUT DD DSN=USERXX.SQ	LOUT.JOB1.
---------------------------	------------

- // DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=23440,RECFM=FB),
- // DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
- // SPACE=(TRK, (200, 200), RLSE)

This hard-coded JCL DD statement will prevent any use of Recovery Expert's dynamic allocation process for that data set only. In general, B37s should not occur on temporary data sets as they should be based on permanent data set allocations. However, if they do occur, these data sets will not exist after the ABEND, so base your larger file allocations on similarly allocated permanent data sets. You can also search out the DD CFILES for information on all newly allocated (DISP=NEW...) data sets in the job log.

The VSAM file (DD ROWDATA) can also be overwritten this way by creating it on your own and hard coding this DD in the JCL as DISP=SHR only. IDCAMS can be used to create this file, but must be done so using these exact specifications:

DEFINE	CLUSTER	(NAME(vsam.file.name)	-	
		REUSE	-	
		VOLUMES(volume1,volume2,vol	ume3) -	(optional)
		SHAREOPTIONS(1,3))	-	
DATA	DATA	(NAME(vsam.file.name.DAT)	-	
	TRACKS(primary secondary)	-		
		KEYS(18 0)	-	
		BUFFERSPACE(36864)	-	
		FREESPACE(20 10)	-	
		SHR(1,3)	-	
		CONTROLINTERVALSIZE(4096)	-	
		SPANNED	-	
		RECORDSIZE(200 36864)	-	
	INDEX	(NAME(vsam.filename.IDX)	-	
		TRACKS(primary secondary)	-	
		SHR(1,3))		

The DD CFILES in your job log will contain information on the original allocation size of this file. The file names must adhere to the naming conventions.

#### Notes:

1. All files created in the general report are used in the detail report.

- 2. Some permanent files have associated temporary files for sorting or other purposes. Those files are identified here. Where temporary files are used, they are identified with the permanent files:
  - REFILE (temporary file is DD REIFILES)
  - ROWDATA (temporary files are DD TEMPROWD, TEMPROWS, SORTIN, SORTOUT)
  - EDICT (temporary file DD EDICT)
  - PLOGD (temporary file DD PLOGD)
  - FRMTFILx (temporary file DD TFRMFIL)
- 3. Rounding assumptions: 1 track of DASD = 47,000 bytes, 15 track per cylinder.

# Correcting B37 errors using a sample job

You can use a sample member ARYSJ001 to correct for B37 allocation errors by rerunning part of the configuration for Recovery Expert.

If you repeatedly encounter a B37 abend when you select recovery plan JCL to be generated, you can create a more lasting correction by running the sample member ARYSJ001 after editing it to increase the data set allocations for FTW (file tailoring work), ICF (image copy file), and RDA (recovery data set allocation).

These data set allocations are initially set to allocate cylinders with a default value of one for both the primary and secondary quantities. You should adjust the quantities according to your needs, using the following information:

The approximate number of JCL lines that the data sets will hold on a 3390 DASD device as follows:

- 340 = number of 80-byte records/27200 half-track block
- 680 = 340 X 2 number of 27200 block/track
- 10200 = 680 X 15 number of tracks/cylinder

 $163200 = 10200 \times 16$  number of cylinders in the data set

After you determine your size requirements,

- 1. Edit ARYSJ001 to increase the data sets accordingly.
- 2. Rerun the sample job to allocate the data sets with the new quantities.

# Files used in Log Analysis processing

These are the files created by Log Analysis processing. This information should help in sizing the files should a B37 ABEND occur.

# DD REFILE

This file holds an internal snapshot of log records. One record per log record matching filter criteria. Length = fixed, 70 bytes. Example: If 1,000 transactions are expected to be found in the log, 1,000 REFILE records will be needed. 1,000 \* 70 bytes = 70,000 bytes of space required. Therefore, 2 tracks are sufficient.

# **DD CATFILE**

This file holds DB2 catalog information for each table reported on. CATFILE is VB, LRECL=400. It holds one record per table reported on, therefore, 5 tracks is usually sufficient.

# DD EXTFILE

This file holds log records that are read in the general report and that can be used exclusively in the detail report. If the general report determines that this file cannot be used exclusively by the detail report (that is, the detail report will have to read more DB2 logs), than this file will hold one record to indicate that condition to the detail report. Assuming the file can be used by the detail report, it will hold all DB2 log records matching the filter criteria in the general report.

Example 1: If 1,000 transactions are expected to be found, and a single table of fixed length 100 bytes is being filtered on, this file will need to be allocated to handle the maximum amount of all these transactions: (1,000 \* (100 + 80)) = 180,000 bytes.

**Attention:** 80 is an approximate length of log record header information. Therefore, a 4 track space allocation is sufficient. Example 2: There are many tables filtered on, and the expected number of transactions returned is 500,000, and the largest table row length is 200 bytes. To handle the maximum case, this is the formula: (500,000 \* (200 + 80)) = 140,000,000 bytes, so approximately a 3,000 track space allocation would be needed, or 200 cylinders.

## **DD URIDF**

This file holds one record per unit of work reported on. Its size is totally dependent on the log data, like EXTFILE. If your site typically has few transactions per unit of work, this file's size could be large, like the EXTFILE. If your site typically has many transactions per unit of work, the size of this file could be smaller than the EXTFILE. URIDF is VB, LRECL=1300.

# **DD ROWDATA**

This VSAM file holds multiple row images of each row reported on in the general report. The multiple row images reflect either the row's current image, pre-change image, or post-change image. Current images are not present in log-forward mode, however, for simplicity in this example, assume three row images exist for every log record. This file has 18 bytes of header information per record. To best size this file do this:

- 1. Determine the number of log records returned (this will be the total number of UPDATEs, INSERTs, and DELETEs from both committed and rollback activity). Assume total number = 5,000.
- **2**. Determine the largest maximum row length of any tables in the result set. Assume maximum row length = 200 bytes.
- 3. Apply this formula:

(5,000 \* (200 + 18)) \* 3 = 3,270,000 bytes

Therefore, 70 tracks is sufficient.

# DD EDICT

This file will hold compression dictionary information in a log-forward process only. It will not be present in log-backward mode. This file is used only if compressed data is found in the logs. Assume a maximum of 65,000 bytes per table space or partition of compressed data. Example: If 10 table spaces (all non-partitioned) are in your general report result set, a maximum of 650,000 bytes would be needed (65,000 \* 10). A space allocation of 14 tracks is sufficient.

# DD PLOGD

This file holds all the log records needed to materialize full row images for every log record reported on by the general report. A general rule is that this file must be allocated at least as large as the DD ROWDATA VSAM file (the data component), though it is not a VSAM file itself. Beyond that, it is impossible to determine in advance how many log records will be used in materializing full row images. Another useful guideline here is that if after the general report is run, the DD EXTFILE has more than one record in it, the DD PLOGD file can be allocated with the same space allocation as the DD EXTFILE.

# **DD FRMTFILx**

This file contains the displayable column data for each row affected by each log record reported on in the general report. (Where x represents different letters depending on the current sort of the file. This file should be sized the same for each value of x.) This is another unpredictable file size for any given run of Log Analysis Services. A general rule here is to make the space allocation for this file at least as large as the DD PLOGD file.

# DD SQLOUT

This file holds the generated undo/redo SQL, if any was requested. This is a fixed length, 80 byte file which can be used as input to IBM's DB2 SPUFI application. It should be sized at least as large as the DD PLOGD file.
### Appendix E. Troubleshooting

Use these topics to diagnose and correct problems that you experience with DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### How to look up message explanations

You can use several methods to search for messages and codes.

#### Searching an information center

In the search box that is located in the top left toolbar of any Eclipse help system, such as the IBM Information Management Software for z/OS Solutions Information Center, enter the number of the message that you want to locate. For example, you can enter DFS1065A in the search field.

Use the following tips to help you improve your message searches:

- You can search for information on codes by entering the code; for example, enter -327.
- Enter the complete or partial message number. You can use wild cards (\* or ?) in the message number to broaden your search; for example, DFS20??I.

The information center contains the latest message information for all of the information management products that are included in the information center.

#### Searching for messages on the Web

You can use any of the popular search engines that are available on the Web to search for message explanations. When you type the specific message number or code into the search engine, you will be presented with links to the message information in IBM information centers.

#### Using LookAt

LookAt is an online facility that you can use to look up explanations for most of the IBM messages you encounter, as well as for some system abends and codes. Using LookAt to find information is faster than a conventional search because in most cases LookAt goes directly to the message explanation.

You can use LookAt from the following locations to find IBM message explanations for z/OS elements and features, z/VM<sup>®</sup>, VSE/ESA, and Clusters for AIX<sup>®</sup> and Linux:

- The Internet. You can access IBM message explanations directly from the LookAt Web site at http://www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zos/bkserv/lookat/.
- Your z/OS TSO/E host system. You can install code on your z/OS or z/OSe systems to access IBM message explanations, using LookAt from a TSO/E command line (for example, TSO/E prompt, ISPF, or z/OS UNIX System Services running OMVS).
- Your Microsoft Windows workstation. You can install code to access IBM message explanations on the z/OS Collection (SK3T-4269) using LookAt from a Microsoft Windows command prompt (also known as the DOS command line).

• Your wireless handheld device. You can use the LookAt Mobile Edition with a handheld device that has wireless access and an Internet browser (for example, Internet Explorer for Pocket PCs, Blazer, or Eudora for Palm OS, or Opera for Linux handheld devices). Link to the LookAt Mobile Edition from the LookAt Web site.

You can obtain code to install LookAt on your host system or Microsoft Windows workstation from a disk on your z/OS Collection (SK3T-4269) or from the LookAt Web site (click **Download**, and select the platform, release, collection, and location that suit your needs). More information is available in the LOOKAT.ME files available during the download process.

### **Appendix F. Messages and Codes**

This appendix documents the messages and error codes issued by Tools Customizer and DB2 Recovery Expert. Messages are presented in ascending numerical and alphabetical order.

#### **Tools Customizer messages**

Use the information in these messages to help you diagnose and solve Tools Customizer problems.

CCQB000I	The product parameter data was saved
	in the data store.

**Explanation:** Changes that were made to the product parameters were saved in the data store.

System action: None.

**User response:** No action is required.

### CCQB001I The DB2 parameter data was saved in the data store.

**Explanation:** Changes that were made to the DB2 parameters were saved in the data store.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQB002I The LPAR parameter data was saved in the data store.

**Explanation:** Changes that were made to the LPAR parameters were saved in the data store.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

## CCQB003E At least one step must be selected in a selected task. The selected task is task\_description.

**Explanation:** When a task is selected, at least one step must be selected. A selected step is missing from the specified task.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Select a step in the specified task or deselect the task.

#### CCQB004I The required information to run the Discover EXEC was saved in the data store.

**Explanation:** The data store contains all the information that is required to run the Discover EXEC.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQB005E The conflicting values for the parameter\_name parameter must be resolved before the information can be saved.

**Explanation:** Two values for one parameter conflict with each other, and they must be resolved to save the information.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Resolve the conflicting values for the parameter.

#### CCQB006E One row must be selected.

**Explanation:** One row in the table must be selected.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Select one row.

#### CCQB007E Only one row can be selected.

**Explanation:** Multiple rows in the table are selected, but only one row is allowed to be selected.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Select only one row.

### CCQC000I The jobs have been customized on the selected DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** The jobs were customized on the DB2 entries that were selected.

System action: None.

**User response:** Press Enter to clear the message.

CCQC001W The jobs were not generated on one or more of the selected DB2 entries. Press PF3 to check the DB2 entries that were not customized.

#### CCQC002I • CCQC011S

**Explanation:** The product was not customized on one or more of the DB2 entries that were selected.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Press PF3 to see the DB2 entries on which the product was not customized. The status of these DB2 entries is Errors in Customization.

#### CCQC002I The edit session was started automatically because values for required parameters are missing or must be verified.

**Explanation:** If product, LPAR parameters, or DB2 parameters are not defined or if parameter definitions must be verified, an editing session for the undefined or unverified parameters starts automatically.

System action: None.

**User response:** Define values for all required product, LPAR parameters, or DB2 parameters.

CCQC003W The *template\_name* template in the *library\_name* metadata library does not contain any parameters.

**Explanation:** The specified template does not have parameters.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQC004S The value of the "type" attribute for the template\_name template in the library\_name metadata library does not match the value that was previously specified. The value is value\_name, and the previously specified value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The value of the "type" attribute must match the value that was previously specified.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC005S The *template\_name* template exceeds the number of allowed templates for a customization sequence. The template is in the *library\_name* metadata library.

**Explanation:** The customization sequence can process only *number* templates. The specified template cannot be processed because the customization sequence already contains the maximum number of templates.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQC006E The jobs could not be generated for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name.

**Explanation:** The customization jobs could not be generated for the specified DB2 group attach name.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC007E The jobs could not be generated for the subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem.

**Explanation:** The customization jobs could not be generated for the specified DB2 subsystem.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC008E The jobs could not be generated for the *member\_name* DB2 member.

**Explanation:** The customization jobs could not be generated for the specified DB2 member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC009S The jobs were not generated for the DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** One or more errors occurred while customization jobs were being generated for the selected DB2 entries.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# CCQC010S The *template\_name* template could not be accessed in the *library\_name* metadata library.

**Explanation:** The specified template could not be accessed because the user does not have RACF access to the data set, the data set has incorrect data characteristics, or the data set is not cataloged.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that you have RACF access to the data set, that the characteristics are correct according to the specifications of the product that you are customizing, and that the data set is cataloged. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQC011S The template\_name template could not be written to the *library\_name* customization library.

**Explanation:** The specified template could not be accessed because the user does not have RACF access

to the data set, the data set has incorrect data characteristics, or the data set is not cataloged.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that you have RACF access to the data set, that the characteristics are correct according to the specifications of the product that you are customizing, and that the data set is cataloged. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

# CCQC012W The job card was generated with default values because the JOB keyword was missing.

**Explanation:** Default values were used to generate the job card because the JOB keyword was not specified in the first line of the job card.

**System action:** The job card was generated with default values.

**User response:** No action is required. To generate the job card with your own values, add the JOB keyword in the first line of the job card.

# CCQC013W The job card was generated with the default value for the programmer name because the specified programmer name exceeded 20 characters.

**Explanation:** Default values were used to generate the job card because the specified programmer name contained too many characters.

**System action:** The job card was generated with default values.

**User response:** No action is required. To generate the job card with your own values, add a valid programmer name in the job card. A valid programmer name is 1 - 20 characters.

# CCQC014W The job card was generated with default values because the JOB keyword was not followed by a space.

**Explanation:** Default values were used to generate the job card because a space did not follow the JOB keyword.

**System action:** The job card was generated with default values.

**User response:** No action is required. To generate the job card with your own values, add a space after the JOB keyword in the job card.

CCQC015S The template\_name template in the library\_name metadata library contains the following file-tailoring control statement: statement\_name. This control statement is not valid in a template\_type template. **Explanation:** The *template\_type* template cannot contain the specified type of file-tailoring control statement.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQC016S The )DOT file-tailoring control statement exceeded the number of allowed occurrences for the *template\_name* template in the *library\_name* metadata library.

**Explanation:** The )DOT file-tailoring control statement can occur only a limited number of times in the specified template.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC017S The nested )DOT file-tailoring control statements exceeded the number of allowed occurrences in the *template\_name* template in the *library\_name* metadata library.

**Explanation:** Nested )DOT file-tailoring control statements can occur only *number* times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC018S The template\_name template in the library\_name metadata library is not valid because it does not contain any data.

**Explanation:** The specified template is missing required data.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC019S The template\_name template in the library\_name metadata library is not valid because an )ENDDOT file-tailoring control statement is missing.

**Explanation:** A )ENDDOT file-tailoring control statement is required in the specified template.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC021S The template\_name template in the library\_name metadata library is not valid because the template must start with the parameter\_name job card parameter.

**Explanation:** The specified template must start with the specified job card parameter.

#### CCQC022S • CCQC030S

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC022S The parameters used in a )DOT file-tailoring control statement exceeded the number of allowed parameters in the template\_name template. The template is in the *library\_name* metadata library. The error occurs in )DOT section section\_number.

**Explanation:** A )DOT file-tailoring control statement can contain only a limited number of parameters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC023S The )DOT file-tailoring control statement must include the table-name table name in the template\_name template. The template is in the *library\_name* metadata library. The error occurs in )DOT section section\_number.

**Explanation:** The )DOT file-tailoring control statement is missing a required table name.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQC024S ISPF file tailoring failed for the template\_name template in the library\_name metadata library.

**Explanation:** An error occurred during ISPF file tailoring for the specified template.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQC025I Customized jobs do not exist because they have not been generated.

**Explanation:** The list of customized jobs cannot be displayed because the product has not been customized for any DB2 entries.

System action: None.

**User response:** Complete the steps to customize a product. Customized jobs are generated when all required product, LPAR parameters, and DB2 parameters are defined and at least one DB2 entry on which to customize the product has been selected.

CCQC026S The value of the "customized" attribute for the *parameter\_name* parameter in the *library\_name* metadata library template does not match the value that was previously specified. The value is *value\_name*, and the previously specified value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The value for the "customized" attribute for a parameter must match the value that was previously specified.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC027S The *job\_name* customization job was not found in the *library\_name* customization library.

**Explanation:** The selected customization job does not exist in the customization library.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQC028S The *library\_name* customization library was not found.

Explanation: The customization library does not exist.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**CCQC029I** The customization jobs were generated for *Product\_name*.

**Explanation:** The customization jobs were generated for the specific product.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

#### CCQC030S The customization jobs cannot be generated because at least one DB2 entry must be associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The product that you are customizing requires at least one DB2 entry to be associated with it before customization jobs can be generated.

System action: None.

**User response:** Associate a DB2 entry with the product that you are customizing, and regenerate the jobs.

### CCQC031I The jobs were generated for the associated DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** The customization jobs were generated for the DB2 entries that are associated with the product.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQC032S The customization jobs were not generated for *Product\_name*.

**Explanation:** A severe error occurred while the jobs were being generated for the specified product.

System action: None.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQC033S The customization\_library\_name has no customized jobs.

**Explanation:** The specified customization library cannot be browsed or edited because it is empty.

System action: None.

**User response:** Generate customization jobs for the specified library, and browse or edit the library again.

#### CCQC034S The specified operation is not allowed.

**Explanation:** Issuing commands against customization jobs from the customization library from an ISPF browse or edit session that was started on the Finish Product Customization panel is restricted.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** To make changes to customization jobs, follow the steps for recustomization.

CCQC035E Before you generate customization jobs, edit the product parameters to select one or more tasks or steps, and then issue the G line command or the GENERATEALL command again.

**Explanation:** One or more tasks or steps must be selected before customization jobs can be generated.

System action: None.

**User response:** Edit the product parameters to select one or more tasks or steps. Then, issue the G line command or the GENERATEALL command again.

CCQC036E Before you exit the Product Parameters panel, you must select one or more tasks or steps to generate customization jobs or issue the CANCEL command.

**Explanation:** One or more tasks or steps must be selected to generate customization jobs or the CANCEL

command must be issued before you can exit the Product Parameters panel.

System action: None.

**User response:** Select one or more tasks or steps, or issue the CANCEL command.

#### CCQD000W The member\_name environment index member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the specified environment index member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the warning.

CCQD001S The member\_name environment index member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the specified environment index member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the error.

CCQD002S The XML structure of the *member\_name* environment index member is not valid. The *element\_name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified environment index member contains an unknown element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD003S The XML structure of the *member\_name* environment index member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** Content was found in an element that cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD004S • CCQD012S

CCQD004S The XML structure of the *member\_name* environment index member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not contain required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD005S The XML structure of the member\_name environment index member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD006S The XML structure of the member\_name environment index member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times in the environment index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD007S The XML structure of the member\_name environment index member is not valid. The element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times in the environment index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD008S The XML structure of the member\_name environment index member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times in the environment index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD009S	The XML structure of the member_name
	environment index member is not valid.
	The attribute_name attribute in the
	element_name element must occur at least
	minimum number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not occur enough times in the environment index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD010S The XML structure of the *member\_name* environment index member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** Content was found in an attribute that cannot contain content. The name of the attribute and the name of the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD011S The XML structure of the *member\_name* environment index member is not valid. Content is required for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** An attribute does not contain required content. The name of the attribute and the name of the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD012S The XML structure of the member\_name environment index member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** An element contains too many characters. The name of the element and the maximum number of allowed characters are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD013S The XML structure of the member\_name environment index member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains an unknown attribute. The name of the unknown attribute and the name of the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD050S The following LPAR serial number is duplicated in the environment index member: serial\_number.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains duplicate LPAR serial numbers. The duplicate serial number is indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD051S The following DB2 serial number is duplicated in the environment index member: serial\_number.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains duplicate DB2 serial numbers. The duplicate serial number is indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD052S The following DB2 group attach name is duplicated in the environment index member: group\_attach\_name.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains duplicate group attach names.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD053S The reference to the following DB2 subsystem for a DB2 group attach name is duplicated in the environment index member: subsystem\_ID.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains duplicate references to a DB2 subsystem for a DB2 group attach name.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD054S The reference to the following DB2 subsystem for the LPAR\_name LPAR is duplicated in the environment index member: subsystem\_ID.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains duplicate references to a DB2 subsystem for an LPAR. The duplicate subsystem ID is indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD055S The following DB2 group attach name was not found in the environment index member: group\_attach\_name.

**Explanation:** A group attach name that is referenced by a DB2 member does not exist in the environment index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQD056S The following LPAR was not found in the environment index member: LPAR\_name.

**Explanation:** The LPAR does not exist in the environment index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQD057S The following LPAR is duplicated in the environment index member: LPAR\_name.

**Explanation:** The environment index member contains duplicate LPARs. The name of the duplicate LPAR name is indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD100W The member\_name product index member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the product index member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued the specified exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the specified exception warning code.

#### CCQD101S • CCQD110S

CCQD101S The member\_name product index member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the product index member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued the specified exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the specified exception error code.

CCQD102S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified product index member contains an unknown element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD103S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product index member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** Content was found for an element that cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD104S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not contain required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD105S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD106S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times in the product index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD107S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times in the product index member.

System action: Processing stops.

- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.
- CCQD108S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** An attribute occurs too many times. The name of the attribute and the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD109S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product index member is not valid. The *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element must occur at least *minimum\_number* times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not occur enough times in the product index member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD110S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product index member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** An attribute cannot contain content. The name of the attribute and the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD111S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. Content is required for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** An attribute requires content. The name of the attribute and the name of the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD112S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The content length for the *element\_name* element exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD113S The XML structure of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the product index member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD118S The content of the *member\_name* product index member is not valid. The *configuration\_ID* configuration ID for the *configuration-name* configuration name is not unique.

Explanation:

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD120S The content of the member\_name product index member is not valid. The pack ID pack\_ID that is referenced by product prefix product\_prefix in the metadata library library\_name could not be found.

**Explanation:** The specified pack ID could not be found in the metadata library.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD121I The specified pack contains the component\_name, which was previously specified as a stand-alone product.

**Explanation:** The specified component of the pack was previously specified as a stand-alone product.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD122I The specified component metadata library was previously specified as part of the *pack\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified metadata library for the component was previously specified as part of a pack.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD123E The customization library name library\_name is being used by another product or component. Specify another customization library qualifier on the Tools Customizer Settings panel.

**Explanation:** A different product or component is using the specified customization library.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify another customization library qualifier on the Tools Customizer Settings panel.

CCQD300W The *member\_name* product environment member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: *code\_number*.

**Explanation:** While determining if the product environment member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued the specified exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the specified exception warning code.

CCQD301S The *member\_name* product environment member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: *code\_number*.

**Explanation:** While determining if the product environment member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued the specified exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the specified exception error code.

#### CCQD302S • CCQD311S

CCQD302S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product environment member is not valid. The *element\_name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified product environment member contains an unknown element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD303S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product environment member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** Content was found for an element that cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD304S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product environment member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not contain required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD305S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD306S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times in the product environment member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD307S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times in the product environment member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD308S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times. The name of the attribute and the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD309S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not occur enough times in the product environment member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD310S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product environment member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute cannot contain content. The name of the attribute and the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD311S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. Content is required for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute requires content. The name of the attribute and the name of the element that contains it are indicated in the message text.

#### System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD312S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD313S The XML structure of the member\_name product environment member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the product environment member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQD350I The *subsystem\_ID* DB2 subsystem is associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 subsystem was added and saved in the Tools Customizer data store for the product to be customized.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

#### CCQD351I The *member\_name* DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 member for the group attach name was added and saved in the Tools Customizer data store for the product to be customized.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD352I The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name was added and saved in the Tools Customizer data store for the product to be customized.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQD353E The *subsystem\_ID* DB2 subsystem is already associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 subsystem cannot be added for the product to be customized because it already exists in the product environment in the data store.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 subsystem is specified correctly. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD354E The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is already associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 member for the group attach name cannot be added for the product to be customized because it already exists in the product environment in the data store.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 group attach name is specified correctly. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD355E The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is already associated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name cannot be added for the product to be customized because it already exists in the product environment in the data store.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 group attach name is specified correctly. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD356S The *library\_name* metadata library is already associated with the maximum number of allowed DB2 entries for this product.

**Explanation:** The specified metadata library cannot be associated with more DB2 entries because it is already associated with the number of DB2 entries that are allowed.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Delete an associated DB2 entry, and associate the specified library with another DB2 entry again.

#### CCQD357I • CCQD500W

CCQD357I	The subsystem_ID DB2 subsystem is
	unassociated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 SSID was unassociated with the product that you are customizing.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD358I The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is unassociated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 member for the DB2 group attach name was unassociated with the product that you are customizing.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### CCQD359I The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is unassociated with this product.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name was unassociated with the product that you are customizing.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

#### CCQD360S The *library\_name* metadata library is not associated with the specified DB2 subsystem *subsystem\_ID*.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 subsystem and metadata library are not associated with each other.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 subsystem and the metadata library are associated. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD361S The *library\_name* metadata library is not associated with the specified DB2 data sharing group member *member\_name* for the *group\_attach\_name* DB2 group attach name.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 data sharing group member for the group attach name and metadata library are not associated with each other.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 data sharing group member for the group attach name and the metadata library are associated. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD362S The *library\_name* metadata library is not associated with the specified group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name and metadata library are not associated with each other.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 group attach name and the metadata library are associated. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD400W	The customization parser issued the
	code_number warning code while it
	parsed the product customization
	member member_name. See the PL/I
	programming guide for more
	information about this XML parser
	continuable exception code.

**Explanation:** While determining if the specified member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the warning.

#### CCQD401S The customization parser issued the code\_number error code while it parsed the product customization member member\_name. See the PL/I programming guide for more information about this XML parser terminating exception code.

**Explanation:** While determining if the specified member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the error.

### CCQD500W The *data\_set\_name* data store data set was not found.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified data store data set.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQD501W The *data\_set\_name* data store data set was not found, so it was created.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer created the specified data set because it could not be found.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD502E The *data\_set\_name* data store data set is not writable.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer cannot write to the specified data set.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that the data set is writable.

CCQD503E The *data\_set\_name* data store data set could not be opened with the *disposition\_type* disposition.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not open the data set with the specified disposition.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that you have WRITE authority access to this data set.

CCQD504E The *data\_set\_name* data store data set could not be opened with the *option\_name* option.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not open the data set with the specified option.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that you have WRITE authority access to this data set.

CCQD505E The *data\_set\_name* data store data set could not be created.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not create the specified data set.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that you have the authority to create data sets and that the DASD is not full.

### CCQD510I The DB2 SSID and DB2 group attach name were created.

**Explanation:** The DB2 SSID and DB2 group attach name were created and saved in the data store.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQD511E The DB2 entry already exists in the list of DB2 entries to be associated.

**Explanation:** The DB2 entry cannot be added because it already exists in the list of DB2 entries to be associated.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a different DB2 entry.

### CCQD512S An error occurred while a DB2 entry was being created.

**Explanation:** A severe error occurred while a DB2 entry was being created.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD513E The specified DB2 entry already exists and is associated with the current product on the Customizer Workplace panel.

**Explanation:** The DB2 entry cannot be added because it already exists, and it is already associated with the product to be customized.

System action: None.

**User response:** Press F3 to go to the Customizer Workplace panel to see the DB2 entry, or specify a different DB2 entry.

#### CCQD514E A value is required for a DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both before they can be created.

**Explanation:** Required information is missing. A DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both must be specified.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both.

#### CCQD515E The specified DB2 entry already exists in the list of DB2 entries and is already associated with the current product.

**Explanation:** The DB2 entry has already been created and associated with the product that you want to customize.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a different DB2 entry.

#### CCQD516E • CCQD526E

#### CCQD516E The specified DB2 entry already exists in the list of DB2 entries on the Associate DB2 Entry with Product panel but is not associated with the current product.

**Explanation:** The DB2 entry exists, but it must be associated with the product to be customized.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** On the Customizer Workplace panel, issue the ASSOCIATE command to associate the DB2 entry with the product.

### CCQD517S An error occurred while a DB2 entry was being copied.

**Explanation:** A severe error occurred while a DB2 entry was being copied

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD518E A value is required for a DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both before they can be copied.

**Explanation:** Required information is missing. A DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both must be specified.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both.

#### CCQD519I The DB2 entry was copied.

**Explanation:** The DB2 entry was copied and saved in the Tools Customizer data store.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

#### CCQD520S The DB2 entry was copied to the list of DB2 entries but was not associated because the product is already associated with the allowed number of DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** The DB2 entry was not completely copied because a product can be associated with only 1200 DB2 entries.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Remove a DB2 entry from the list, and copy the specified DB2 entry again.

### CCQD521E *Line\_command* is not a valid line command.

**Explanation:** The specified line command is not valid. Valid line commands are on the panel.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a valid line command.

CCQD522E The *subsystem\_ID* DB2 subsystem ID occurs more than once in the list. Each row must be unique.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 subsystem ID can be used only once.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a different DB2 subsystem ID.

CCQD523E The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name occurs more than once in the list. Each row must be unique.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name can be used only once.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a different DB2 group attach name.

```
CCQD524E The member_name DB2 member for the DB2 group attach name occurs more than once in the list. Each row must be unique.
```

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 member for the DB2 group attach name can be used only once.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a different DB2 member for the DB2 group attach name.

#### CCQD525I The DB2 entries were created.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD526E The *subsystem\_ID* DB2 subsystem ID occurs more than once in the list. Each DB2 subsystem ID must be unique.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 subsystem ID can be used only once.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a different DB2 subsystem ID.

### CCQD527I DB2 group attach names cannot be created during the copy process.

**Explanation:** The ability to create DB2 group attach names is not available during the copy process.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Create DB2 group attach names by issuing the CREATE command on the Customizer Workplace panel.

CCQD528E The metadata\_library metadata library is already associated with number DB2 entries. The maximum number of associated DB2 entries for this &CCQMPOPL is 256.

Explanation:

System action: Processing stops.

User response:

CCQD529I At least one row is required.

CCQD560E The subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem already exists and is associated with the current product on the Customizer Workplace panel.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 subsystem exists and is associated with the product that you are customizing.

System action: None.

User response: Specify another DB2 subsystem.

CCQD561E The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name already exists and is associated with the current product on the Customizer Workplace panel.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 data sharing group for the DB2 group attach namer exists and is associated with the product that you are customizing.

System action: None.

User response: Specify another DB2 subsystem.

CCQD562E The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name already exists and is associated with the current product on the Customizer Workplace panel.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name exists and is associated with the product that you are customizing. The subsystem is in the table on the Customizer Workplace panel.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify another DB2 group attach name.

CCQD563E	A value is required for a DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach name, or both before they can be created.
<b>Explanation:</b> name, or both cannot be cre	A DB2 subsystem, a DB2 group attach h are not specified so one or both of them rated.
System action	n: None.
User responses the DB2 grou	e: Specify a value for the DB2 subsystem p attach name, or both.
CCQD565E	The <i>subsystem_ID</i> DB2 subsystem already exists in the list of DB2 entries and is already associated with the current product.
Explanation: associated.	The specified subsystem is already
System action	n: None.
User respons	e: Specify a different DB2 subsystem.
CCQD566E	The <i>member_name</i> DB2 member for the <i>group_attach_name</i> DB2 group attach name already exists in the list of DB2 entries and is already associated with the current product.
Explanation: associated.	The specified DB2member is already
System action	n: None.
User respons	e: Specify a different DB2 member.
CCQD567E	The group_attach_name DB2 group attach name already exists in the list of DB2 entries and is already associated with the current product.
Explanation: already assoc	The specified DB2 group attach name is iated.
System action	n: None.
User respons name.	e: Specify another DB2 group attach
CCQD568I	To customize <i>product_name</i> , at least one DB2 entry must be associated with this product.
Explanation: one associate	The specified product requires at least d DB2 entry.

System action: None.

User response: To continue the customization process

#### CCQD569I • CCQD586S

for the specified product, associate one or more DB2 entries with it.

CCQD569I To customize the *product\_name* product configuration, at least one DB2 entry must be associated with this configuration.

**Explanation:** The configuration for the specified product requires at least one associated DB2 entry.

System action: None.

**User response:** To continue the customization process for the configuration of the specified product, associate one or more DB2 entries with the configuration.

CCQD577W The mode\_name DB2 mode of the subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem is not supported by the product.

**Explanation:** The product does not support the specified DB2 mode.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a supported DB2 mode.

CCQD578W The mode\_name DB2 mode of the member\_name DB2 member for the DB2 group is not supported by the product.

**Explanation:** The product does not support the specified DB2 mode.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a supported DB2 mode.

#### CCQD579W The mode\_name DB2 mode of the group\_name DB2 group attach name is not supported by the product.

**Explanation:** The product does not support the specified DB2 mode.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a supported DB2 mode.

#### CCQD580S The subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem was copied to the list of DB2 entries but was not associated because the product is already associated with the allowed number of DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** The copied DB2 subsystem was not associated with the product because the product is associated with the maximum number of DB2 entries.

System action: None.

**User response:** Remove an associated DB2 entry and associate the product with the copied DB2 subsystem.

CCQD581S The *member\_name* DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was copied to the list of DB2 entries but was not associated because the product is already associated with the allowed number of DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** The copied DB2 member for the DB2 group attach name was not associated with the product because the product is associated with the maximum number of DB2 entries.

System action: None.

**User response:** Remove an associated DB2 entry and associate the product with the copied DB2 member.

#### CCQD582S The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was copied to the list of DB2 entries but was not associated because the product is already associated with the allowed number of DB2 entries.

**Explanation:** The copied DB2 group attach name was not associated with the product because the product is associated with the maximum number of DB2 entries.

System action: None.

**User response:** Remove an associated DB2 entry and associate the product with the copied DB2 group attach name.

```
CCQD584I The member_name DB2 member for the
group_attach_name DB2 group attach
name is copied to the subsystem_ID DB2
subsystem.
```

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 member was copied.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD585I The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name cannot be copied because a DB2 member is required.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name was not copied because a DB2 member was missing.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

```
CCQD586S The current LPAR is LPAR_name, but the data store contains information about the LPAR_name LPAR. You must use the LPAR_name LPAR to customize the product.
```

**Explanation:** The LPAR that is stored in the data store data set must be used to customize the product.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Use the LPAR that is stored in the data store data set.

CCQD587W The level\_number DB2 level of the subsystem\_name DB2 subsystem is not supported by the product.

**Explanation:** The product does not support the specified DB2 level.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Specify a supported level of DB2.

CCQD588W The level\_number DB2 level of the member\_name DB2 member of the group\_name DB2 group is not supported by the product.

**Explanation:** The product does not support the specified DB2 level.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: Specify a supported level of DB2.

#### CCQD589W The level\_number DB2 level of the group\_name DB2 group attach name is not supported by the product.

**Explanation:** The product does not support the specified DB2 level.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: Specify a supported level of DB2.

### CCQD593I The subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem was deleted.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD594I The member\_name DB2 for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was deleted.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD595I The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was deleted.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD596E The subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem was not deleted.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while the specified DB2 subsystem was being deleted.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD597E The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was not deleted.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while the specified DB2 member was being deleted.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD598E The group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was not deleted.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while the specified DB2 group attach name was being deleted.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD600W The member\_name product customization member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the product customization member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQD601S The member\_name product customization member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the product customization member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception error code.

CCQD602S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization member is not valid. The *element\_name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The data store member contains an unknown element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQD603S • CCQD612S

CCQD603S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified element cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD604S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization member is not valid. Content is required for the element\_name element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified element is missing required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD605S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization member is not valid. The content length for the *element\_name* element exceeds *maximum\_number* characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD606S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD607S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization member is not valid. The element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD608S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> product customization member is not valid. The <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element cannot occur more than <i>maximum_number</i> times.
Explanation: times.	The specified attribute occurs too many
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQD609S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> product customization member is not valid. The <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element must occur at least <i>minimum_number</i> times.
Explanation: enough times	The specified attribute does not occur s.
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQD610S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> product customization member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element, but content was found.
Explanation: content.	The specified attribute cannot contain
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQD611S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> product customization member is not valid. Content is required for the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element, but content was not found.
Explanation: required cont	The specified attribute does not contain tent.
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQD612S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> product customization member is not valid. The content length for the

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

*element\_name* **element exceeds** *maximum\_number* **characters.** 

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD613S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the data store member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD614S The content of the *member\_name* product customization member is not valid. The value of the *element\_name* element is not valid. The value is *value\_name*.

Explanation: The specified value is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQD700W The member\_name DB2 data member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the DB2 data member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQD701S The member\_name DB2 data member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the DB2 data member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception error code.

CCQD750W The value\_number value in the DB2 parameter parameter\_name was skipped because only maximum\_number values are allowed.

**Explanation:** The specified value was skipped because it exceeds the number of allowed values in the DB2 parameter.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** No action is required. To stop this message from being issued, remove the extra values from the DB2 parameter.

CCQD800W The member\_name LPAR data member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the LPAR data member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQD801S The member\_name LPAR data member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the LPAR data member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception error code.

CCQD850W The value\_number value in the LPAR parameter parameter\_name was skipped because only maximum\_number values are allowed.

**Explanation:** The specified value was skipped because it exceeds the number of allowed values in the LPAR parameter.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** No action is required. To stop this message from being issued, remove the extra values from the LPAR parameter.

CCQD851I The subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem is copied to the member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name.

**User response:** No action is required.

CCQD852I The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is copied to the member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name.

**User response:** No action is required.

CCQD854I The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group 'attach name is copied to multiple DB2 entries.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD900W The member\_name product data member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the product data member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQD901S The member\_name product data member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the XML structure of the product data member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQD950W The value\_number value in the product parameter parameter\_name was skipped because only maximum\_number values are allowed.

**Explanation:** The specified value was skipped because it exceeds the number of allowed values in the product parameter.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** No action is required. To stop this message from being issued, remove the extra values from the product parameter.

CCQD960I The subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem was changed to the member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD961I The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was changed to the subsystem\_ID DB2 subsystem.

User response: No action is required.

CCQD962I The member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name was changed to the member\_name DB2 member for the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name.

**User response:** No action is required.

```
CCQD963E The DB2 group attach name cannot be blank when the DB2 subsystem ID is blank.
```

**Explanation:** A DB2 group attach name, DB2 subsystem ID, or both must be specified.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a DB2 group attach name, DB2 subsystem ID, or both.

### CCQE000S The specified message field name or message message\_ID was not found.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while displaying a message field name or the specified message.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQE001E An incorrect trace level was specified. Valid trace levels are 0 - 4.

**Explanation:** A wrong trace level was specified. Valid trace levels are 0 - 4.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a valid trace level 0 - 4.

CCQH001W The specified option option\_name is not valid.

**Explanation:** The option that was specified is not a valid option on the panel.

System action: Tools Customizer stops.

User response: Specify a valid option on the panel.

CCQH006W Before you customize a product, verify your user settings.

**Explanation:** The user settings must be verified before a product can be customized.

System action: Tools Customizer stops.

**User response:** Verify the user settings.

### CCQH007E Check the user settings. One or more current values are not valid.

**Explanation:** One or more of the values in the user settings is not valid.

System action: Tools Customizer stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified values for the user settings are valid.

#### CCQH008W Before you use Tools Customizer, you must select option 0 to verify your user settings.

**Explanation:** The user settings must be changed before a product can be customized.

System action: Tools Customizer stops.

User response: Change the user settings.

### CCQH009E You must select option 0 to change your user settings.

**Explanation:** User settings must be changed before a product can be customized.

System action: Tools Customizer stops.

User response: Change the user settings.

#### CCQI000W The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the DB2 parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI001S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the DB2 parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI002S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The <i>element name</i> element is unknown.
<b>Explanation:</b> parameter me	The specified element in the DB2 tadata member is unknown.
System action	: Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI003S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the <i>element_name</i> element, but content was found.
Explanation: content.	The specified element cannot contain
System action	: Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI004S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the <i>element_name</i> element, but content was not found.
Explanation:	The specified element requires content.
System action	<b>1:</b> Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI005S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the <i>element_name</i> element cannot exceed <i>maximum_number</i> characters.
Explanation: characters.	The specified element contains too many
System action	Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI006S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the <i>element_name</i> element must be at least <i>minimum_number</i> characters.
Explanation: enough charae	The specified element does not contain cters.
System action	Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQI007S • CCQI016S

CCQ1007S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element must occur at least *minimum\_number* times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI008S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI009S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute did not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI010S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute cannot have content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI011S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute is missing required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

~	DB2 parameter metadata member is valid. The content length for the <i>element_name</i> element cannot exceed <i>maximum_number</i> characters.
Explanation: characters.	The specified element contains too n
System action	n: Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI013S	The XML structure of the member_na DB2 parameter metadata member is valid. The attribute_name attribute in element_name element is unknown.
<b>Explanation:</b> parameter me	The specified attribute in the DB2 tadata member is unknown.
System action	n: Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI014S	The content of the <i>member_name</i> DB: parameter metadata member is not because the value of the <i>element_nam</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> .
Explanation: a valid value.	The specified value of the element is
System action	n: Processing stops.
User response	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI015S	The content of the DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid becau the value of the <i>attribute_name</i> attrib in the <i>element_name</i> element is incor The value of the attribute is <i>value_na</i>
	The energified value of the attribute i
Explanation: a valid value.	The specified value of the attribute is
Explanation: a valid value. System action	<b>n:</b> Processing stops.
Explanation: a valid value. System actior User response	<ul><li>r: Processing stops.</li><li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li></ul>
Explanation: a valid value. System action User response CCQI016S	<ul> <li>r: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> <li>The content of the DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid becau the data type of the element_name element is incorrect. T value is value_name.</li> </ul>
Explanation: a valid value. System action User response CCQI016S Explanation: data type.	<ul> <li>r: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> <li>The content of the DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid becau the data type of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. T. value is <i>value_name</i>.</li> <li>The specified data type is not a valid</li> </ul>
Explanation: a valid value. System action User response CCQ1016S Explanation: data type. System action	<ul> <li>n: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> <li>The content of the DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid becau the data type of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. T. value is <i>value_name</i>.</li> <li>The specified data type is not a valid is processing stops.</li> </ul>

The XML structure of the member name

CCOI012S

CCQI017S The content of the DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type is not a valid data type.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI050S The member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member was not found in the data\_set\_name data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified DB2 parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI051S The parameter\_name LPAR parameter in the template\_name template does not have associated metadata in the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** The specified template does not contain metadata for an LPAR parameter. The name of the LPAR parameter metadata member, the name of the LPAR parameter, and the name of the template are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI052S The parameter\_name product parameter in the template\_name template does not have associated metadata in the member\_name product parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** The specified template does not contain metadata for a product parameter. The name of the product parameter metadata member, the name of the product parameter, and the name of the template are indicated in the message text.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI053E The following metadata data set was not found: data\_set\_name.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified metadata data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Ensure that the metadata data set is

specified correctly. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI054E The following metadata data set could not be opened: data\_set\_name.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not open the specified LPAR metadata data set.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure the metadata data set was specified correctly.

CCQ1055S The CCQ\$\$DB2 DB2 parameter metadata member was not found in the data\_set\_name Tools Customizer metadata data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the DB2 parameter metadata member in the specified Tools Customizer metadata data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQI056S The CCQ\$\$LPR LPAR parameter metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified LPAR parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI057S The *member\_name* product parameter metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* data set.

**Explanation:** The product parameter metadata member was not found in the specified data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQI058I *Product\_name* does not have any DB2 parameters.

**Explanation:** DB2 parameters are not required to customize the specified product.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** No action is required.

### CCQI059I *Product\_name* does not have any LPAR parameters.

**Explanation:** LPAR parameters are not required to customize the specified product.

System action: Processing continues.

#### CCQ1060S • CCQ1069S

User response: No action is required.

CCQI060S The parameter\_name DB2 parameter in the task\_description task condition does not have associated metadata in the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** Associated metadata is missing for the specified DB2 parameter in a task.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI061S The parameter\_name LPAR parameter in the task\_description task condition does not have associated metadata in the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** Associated metadata is missing for the specified LPAR parameter in a task.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI062S The parameter\_name product parameter in the task\_description task condition does not have associated metadata in the member\_name product parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** Associated metadata is missing for the specified product parameter in a task.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI063S The parameter\_name DB2 parameter in the task\_description task and the step\_description step does not have associated metadata in the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** Associated metadata is missing for the specified DB2 parameter in a task and step.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI064S The parameter\_name LPAR parameter in the task\_description task and the step\_description step does not have associated metadata in the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** Associated metadata is missing for the specified LPAR parameter in a task and step.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI065S The parameter_name product parameter in the task_description task and the step_description step does not have associated metadata in the member_name parameter metadata member.	
<b>Explanation:</b> Associated metadata is missing for the specified parameter in a task and step.	
System action: Processing stops.	
User response: Contact IBM Software Support.	
CCQI066S The parameter_name DB2 parameter in the task_description task, step_description step, and template_name template condition does not have associated metadata in the member_name DB2 parameter metadata member.	
<b>Explanation:</b> Associated metadata is missing for the specified DB2 parameter in a task, step, and template.	
System action: Processing stops.	
User response: Contact IBM Software Support.	
CCQI067S The parameter_name LPAR parameter in the task_description task, step_description step, and template_name template condition does not have associated metadata in the member_name LPAR parameter metadata member.	
<b>Explanation:</b> Associated metadata is missing for the specified LPAR parameter in a task, step, and template.	
System action: Processing stops.	
User response: Contact IBM Software Support.	
CCQI068S The parameter_name product parameter in the task_description task, step_description step, and template_name template condition does not have associated metadata in the member_name product	

**Explanation:** Associated metadata is missing for the specified product parameter in a task, step, and template.

parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI069S Product metadata does not support multiple configurations, but the *template\_name* product template contains the *parameter\_name* parameter. Enable multiple configurations support for this product, and try again.

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**Explanation:** The specified template contains a parameter for multiple configurations, but the product is not enabled to support multiple configurations.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Enable multiple configurations support, and try again.

CCQ1070E The parameter\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The default length for the parameter-element\_name parameter element exceeds the length of the parameter. The default length is default\_length, and the specified length is specified\_length. The default length will be truncated accordingly.

**Explanation:** The specified length cannot be shorter than the default length.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI071E The parameter\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The default length for the parameter-element\_name parameter element exceeds the length of the parameter. The default length is default\_length, and the specified length is specified\_length. The default length will be truncated accordingly.

**Explanation:** The specified length cannot be shorter than the default length.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ1072E The parameter\_name product parameter metadata member is not valid. The default length for the parameter-element\_name parameter element exceeds the length of the parameter. The default length is default\_length, and the specified length is specified\_length. The default length will be truncated accordingly.

**Explanation:** The specified length cannot be shorter than the default length.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ10735	DB2 parameter metadata member_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The following value of the attribute_name attribute in the element_name element already exists: value_name.
Explanation: attribute.	The specified value already exists for an
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI074S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The following value of the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element already exists: <i>value_name</i> .
Explanation: attribute.	The specified value already exists for an
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI075S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> product parameter metadata member is not valid. The following value of the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element already exists: <i>value_name</i> .
Explanation: attribute.	The specified value already exists for an
System actio	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQ1076S	The XML structure of the member_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The parameter_name parameter refers to the section-name section. This section was not found in the DB2 parameter metadata member.
Explanation: attribute.	The specified value already exists for an
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI077S	The XML structure of the member_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The parameter_name parameter refers to the section-name section. This section was not found in the LPAR parameter metadata member.

Explanation: The specified parameter refers to a

#### CCQI078S • CCQI094S

section that is not in the LPAR parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI078S The XML structure of the member\_name product parameter metadata member is not valid. The parameter\_name parameter refers to the section-name section. This section was not found in the product parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** The specified parameter refers to a section that is not in the product parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI080S The content of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute in the DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI081S The content of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute in the LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI082S The content of the *member\_name* product parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute in the product parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ1090S	The product-defined DB2 parameter
	parameter_name in the member_name
	parameter metadata member references
	the section_ID section ID, but this ID
	does not exist in either the parameter
	metadata member or the DB2 parameter
	metadata member.

**Explanation:** A section that does not exist in the parameter metadata member or the DB2 parameter metadata member is referenced by the specified DB2 parameter.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI091S The product-defined LPAR parameter in the *member\_name* parameter metadata member references the *section\_ID* section ID, but this ID does not exist in either the parameter metadata member or the LPAR parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** A section that does not exist in the parameter metadata member or the LPAR parameter metadata member is being referenced by the specified LPAR parameter.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI092S The overridden DB2 parameter parameter\_name in the member\_name parameter metadata member does not exist in the DB2 parameter metadata member.

Explanation: The specified parameter does not exist.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

```
CCQ1093S The overridden LPAR parameter
parameter_name in the member_name
parameter metadata member does not
exist in the LPAR parameter metadata
member.
```

Explanation: The specified parameter does not exist.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ1094S The CCQ\$\$PRD product customization parameter metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* data set.

**Explanation:** The specified data set must contain the CCQ\$\$PRD product customization parameter metadata member

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI100W The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the LPAR parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI101S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the LPAR parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI102S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified element in the LPAR parameter metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI103S The XML structure of the *member\_name* LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified element cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCOI104S The XML structure of the member name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the element name element, but content was not found. Explanation: The specified element requires content. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI105S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum number characters. Explanation: The specified element contains too many characters. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI106S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element must be at least minimum\_number characters. Explanation: The specified element does not contain enough characters. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. **CCOI107S** The XML structure of the *member\_name* LPAR parameter metadata member is **not valid.** The *element\_name* **element** must occur at least minimum number times. Explanation: The specified element does not occur enough times. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI108S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the *element\_name* element cannot occur more than maximum number times. Explanation: The specified attribute occurs too many times. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQI109S • CCQI120S

CCQI109S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute did not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI110S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute cannot have content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI111S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute is missing required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI112S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI113S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the LPAR parameter metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an element in the LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI115S The content of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute in the LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI116S The content of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the element\_name element is incorrect. The value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an element in the LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI117S The content of the *member\_name* LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is value name.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an attribute in the LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI120S The XML structure of the member\_name DB2 parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element in the parameter\_name parameter contains duplicate values for the element\_name element. The duplicate value is value\_name. **Explanation:** An element contains the specified duplicate value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI121S The XML structure of the member\_name LPAR parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element in the parameter\_name parameter contains duplicate values for the element\_name element. The duplicate value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** An element contains the specified duplicate value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI122S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element in the parameter\_name parameter contains duplicate values for the element\_name element. The duplicate value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** An element contains the specified duplicate value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI123S The XML structure of the member\_name discover metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element in the parameter\_name parameter contains duplicate values for the element\_name element. The duplicate value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** An element contains the specified duplicate value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI124S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element in the parameter\_name parameter contains duplicate values for the element\_name element. The duplicate value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** An element contains the specified duplicate value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI200W The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: *code\_number*.

**Explanation:** While determining if the information metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

**Explanation:** While determining if the information metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

#### CCQI202S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. The *element name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified element in the information metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI203S The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified element cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI201S The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: *code\_number*.

#### CCQI204S • CCQI213S

CCQI204S The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

Explanation: The specified element requires content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI205S The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. The content length for the *element\_name* element cannot exceed *maximum\_number* characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI206S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element must be at least minimum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not contain enough characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI207S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element must occur at least *minimum\_number* times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI208S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCOI209S The XML structure of the member name information metadata member is not valid. The attribute name attribute in the element name element must occur at least *minimum\_number* times. Explanation: The specified attribute did not occur enough times. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI210S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the attribute name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was found. Explanation: The specified attribute cannot have content. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI211S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was not found. Explanation: The specified attribute is missing required content. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCOI212S The XML structure of the member name information metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element name element cannot exceed

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

maximum\_number characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI213S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the information metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI214S The content of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid because the value of the element\_name element is incorrect. The value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an element in the information metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI215S The content of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute in the information metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI216S The content of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an element in the information metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI217S The content of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an attribute in the information metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI218S The content of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. The length of the value\_name value that of the attribute\_name attribute is longer than the value\_name value of the attribute\_name attribute.

Explanation: The first specified value cannot be longer

than the second specified value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI219S The content of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. The *value\_name* value of the *attribute\_name* attribute contains the *value\_name* value.

**Explanation:** The first specified value cannot be longer than the second specified value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI220S The XML structure of the member\_name information metadata member is not valid. Content for the attribute\_name attribute in theelement\_name element exceed maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

- CCQI223S The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. The value that is specified for the DB2 Level already exists. The value is *value\_name*.
- **Explanation:** The specified value already exists.
- System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a different DB2 level. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

Explanation: The specified value already exists.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a different DB2 mode. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI250S The information metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the information metadata member in the specified data set.

System action: Processing stops.

CCQI224S The XML structure of the *member\_name* information metadata member is not valid. The value that is specified for the DB2 Mode already exists. The value is *value\_name*.

#### CCQI251E • CCQI306S

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI251E The member\_name member was not accessible in the data\_set\_name data set.

**Explanation:** The specified member could not be accessed in the data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify the correct metadata library.

CCQI252S The information metadata member was not found in the *library\_name* component metadata library that is part of the *library\_name* pack metadata library. The name of the pack is *pack\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified component metadata library does not contain the information metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify the correct metadata library.

```
CCQI253E The library_name Tools Customizer
metadata library is not current. Update
the metadata library on the Tools
Customizer Settings panel.
```

**Explanation:** The specified metadata library is not current.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a current metadata library on the Tools Customizer Settings panel.

CCQI300W The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the sequence metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI301S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the sequence metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception error code, and contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI302S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified element in the sequence metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI303S The XML structure of the *member\_name* sequence metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified element cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI304S The XML structure of the *member\_name* sequence metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified element is missing required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI305S The XML structure of the *member\_name* sequence metadata member is not valid. Content length for the *element\_name* element cannot exceed *maximum\_number* characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI306S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI307S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI308S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI309S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI310S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI311S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute is missing required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI312S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not vali The content length for the <i>element_nam</i> element cannot exceed <i>maximum_numb</i> characters.
Explanation: characters.	The specified element contains too man
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI313S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not vali The <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element is unknown.
Explanation: metadata met	The specified attribute in the sequence mber is unknown.
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
~	sequence metadata member is not vali
Explanation: sequence met	because the value of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified value for an element in t radata member is not valid.
Explanation: sequence met System action	because the value of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified value for an element in t radata member is not valid. n: Processing stops.
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons	<ul> <li>because the value of the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name.</li> <li>The specified value for an element in t radata member is not valid.</li> <li>n: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> </ul>
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons CCQI315S	<pre>because the value of the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name. The specified value for an element in t tadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support. The content of the member_name sequence metadata member is not vali because the value of the attribute_name attribute in the element_name element i incorrect. The value is value_name.</pre>
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons CCQI315S Explanation: the sequence	<ul> <li>because the value of the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name.</li> <li>The specified value for an element in tradata member is not valid.</li> <li>n: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> </ul> The content of the member_name sequence metadata member is not valibecause the value of the attribute_name attribute in the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name. The specified value for an attribute in metadata member is not valid.
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons CCQI315S Explanation: the sequence System action	<ul> <li>because the value of the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name.</li> <li>The specified value for an element in t cadata member is not valid.</li> <li>n: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> </ul> The content of the member_name sequence metadata member is not vali because the value of the attribute_name attribute in the element_name element i incorrect. The value is value_name. The specified value for an attribute in metadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops.
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons CCQI315S Explanation: the sequence System action User respons	<ul> <li>because the value of the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name.</li> <li>The specified value for an element in t cadata member is not valid.</li> <li>n: Processing stops.</li> <li>e: Contact IBM Software Support.</li> </ul> The content of the member_name sequence metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute_name attribute in the element_name element is incorrect. The value is value_name. The specified value for an attribute in metadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support.
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons CCQI315S Explanation: the sequence System action User respons CCQI316S	because the value of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified value for an element in t cadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support. The content of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not valid because the value of the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element i incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified value for an attribute in metadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support. The content of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support.
Explanation: sequence met System action User respons CCQI315S Explanation: the sequence System action User respons CCQI316S Explanation: element in th	because the value of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified value for an element in t tradata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support. The content of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not vali because the value of the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element i incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified value for an attribute in metadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support. The content of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not valid. n: Processing stops. e: Contact IBM Software Support. The content of the <i>member_name</i> sequence metadata member is not valid because the data type of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> . The specified data type value for an e sequence metadata member is not valid

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### CCQI317S • CCQI400W

CCQI317S The content of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid because the data type of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an attribute in the sequence metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI350S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value is value\_name.

**Explanation:** A specified value for an attribute in the sequence metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI351S The *member\_name* sequence metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* metadata data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified sequence metadata member in the metadata data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI352S The template\_name product template was not found in the data\_set\_name metadata data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified product template in the data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI353S The sequence metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* component data set that is part of the *data\_set\_name* pack.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the sequence metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI360S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element already exists.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute contains a value that already exists.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI361S The XML structure of the *member\_name* sequence metadata member is not valid. The condition element on the *level\_type* level already contains a relational operator.

**Explanation:** A relational operator already exists for the condition element on the specified level.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI362S The XML structure of the *member\_name* sequence metadata member is not valid. The condition element on the *level\_type* level must contain only one content string or content number element.

**Explanation:** Only one content string element or content number element can be contained in the condition element on the specified level.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI363S The XML structure of the member\_name sequence metadata member is not valid. The condition element in the element\_name element with the attribute\_name attribute must contain either the content string element or content number element.

**Explanation:** Either the content string element or the content number element must be in the condition element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI400W The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

Explanation: While determining the parameter
### CCQI401S • CCQI409S

metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI401S The XML structure of the *member\_name* parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: *code\_number*.

**Explanation:** While determining if the parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQI402S The XML structure of the *member\_name* parameter metadata member is not valid. The *element name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified element in the parameter metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.
- CCQI403S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the element\_name element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified element cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI404S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the element\_name element, but content was not found.

Explanation: The specified element requires content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCOI405S The XML structure of the member name parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum\_number characters. Explanation: The specified element contains too many characters. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI406S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element must be at least minimum\_number characters. Explanation: The specified element does not contain enough characters. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI407S The XML structure of the *member\_name* parameter metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element must occur at least minimum\_number times. Explanation: The specified element does not occur enough times. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCOI408S The XML structure of the member name parameter metadata member is not valid. The *attribute\_name* attribute in the element name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times. **Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support. CCQI409S The XML structure of the *member\_name* parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the *element\_name* element must occur at least minimum number times. Explanation: The specified attribute does not occur enough times. System action: Processing stops. User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQI410S • CCQI421S

CCOI410S The XML structure of the member name parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was found.

Explanation: The specified attribute cannot have content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI411S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element, but content was not found.

Explanation: The specified attribute is missing required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI412S The XML structure of the *member\_name* parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum\_number characters.

Explanation: The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCOI413S The XML structure of the member name parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the parameter metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI414S The content of the *member\_name* parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the element name element is incorrect. The value is value name.

Explanation: The specified value for an element in the parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI415S	The content of the <i>member_name</i> parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> .
Explanation: the parameter	The specified value for an attribute in r metadata member is not valid.
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI416S	The content of the <i>member_name</i> parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> .
Explanation: element in th valid.	The specified data type value for an e parameter metadata member is not
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI417S	The content of the <i>member_name</i> parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element is incorrect. The value is <i>value_name</i> .
Explanation: attribute in th valid.	The specified data type value for an ne parameter metadata member is not
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI420S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> parameter metadata member is not valid. The <i>element_name</i> element is unknown for the overridden DB2 parameter.
Explanation:	
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.
CCQI421S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> parameter metadata member is not valid. The <i>element_name</i> element is unknown for the overridden LPAR parameter.
Explanation:	
System action	n: Processing stops.
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCOIAIES

CCQI422S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown for the overridden DB2 parameter.

Explanation:

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI423S The XML structure of the member\_name parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown for the overridden LPAR parameter.

Explanation:

- System action: Processing stops.
- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.
- CCQI450S The *member\_name* product parameter metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified product parameter metadata member.

- System action: Processing stops.
- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# CCQI510W The *data\_set\_name* data store data set does not exist.

**Explanation:** The specified data store data set does not exist.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the data store data set exists.

CCQI511S The data\_set\_name data store data set cannot be opened by using the disposition\_type disposition.

**Explanation:** The specified data store data set could not be opened with the specified disposition.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI512S The *data\_set\_name* data store data set cannot be opened by using the *option-type* **option.** 

**Explanation:** The specified data store data set was unable to be opened with the specified option.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI600W The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the product customization parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the warning.

### CCQI601S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the product customization parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the warning.

CCQI602S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified product customization parameter metadata member contains an unknown element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI603S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** Content was found in an element that cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

### CCQI604S • CCQI612S

CCQI604S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not contain required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI605S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element 'cannot exceed maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI606S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times in the product customization parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI607S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times in the product customization parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI608S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

Explanation: The specified attribute occurs too many

times in the product customization parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI609S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element must occur at least *minimum\_number* times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not occur enough times in the product customization parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI610S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** Content was found in an element that cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI611S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the *attribute\_name* attribute 'in the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not contain required content.

System action: Processing stops.

- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.
- CCQI612S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

CCQI613S The XML structure of the *member\_name* product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The *attribute\_name* **attribute** in the *element\_name* **element** is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified product customization parameter metadata member contains an unknown attribute.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI614S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The value of the element\_name element is not valid. The value value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value of the element is not a valid value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI615S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The value of the *attribute\_name* attribute for the *element\_name* element is not valid. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified value of the attribute is not a valid value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI616S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The data type of the *element\_name* element is 'not valid. The value of the element is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type is not a valid data type.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI617S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The data type of the attribute\_name attribute for the element\_name element is not valid. The value of the attribute is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified data type is not a valid data type.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI650S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The following value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element already exists: value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute already exists.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI651S The XML structure of the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The parameter\_name parameter refers to the following section, which was not found in the member\_name product customization parameter metadata member: section-name.

**Explanation:** The specified section is not in the product customization parameter metadata member.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI652S The member\_name product customization metadata member not valid. The default length for the *element\_name* parameter element exceeds the length of the parameter. The default length is *default\_length*, and the specified length is *specified\_length*. The default length will be truncated accordingly.

**Explanation:** The specified length cannot be shorter than the default length.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI653S The content of the *member\_name* product customization parameter metadata member is not valid. The value of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is not valid. The value of the attribute is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified value of the attribute is not a valid value.

System action: Processing stops.

### CCQI700W • CCQI709S

CCQI700W The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: *code\_number*.

**Explanation:** While determining if the specified solution pack metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the warning.

CCQI701S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the specified solution pack metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the error.

CCQI702S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified solution pack metadata member contains an unknown element.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI703S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the element\_name element, but content was found

**Explanation:** Content was found in an element that cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI704S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the *element\_name* element, but content was not found. **Explanation:** The specified element does not contain required content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI705S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The content length for the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified element contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI706S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified element occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI707S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid. The *element\_name* element must occur at least *minimum\_number* times.

**Explanation:** The specified element does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI708S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot occur more than maximum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute occurs too many times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI709S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element must occur at least minimum\_number times.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute does not occur enough times.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI710S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute cannot have content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI711S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element, but content was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute is missing content.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI712S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The content length for the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element cannot exceed maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI713S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid. The attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified attribute in the solution pack metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI714S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid because the value of the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*. **Explanation:** The specified value of the element is not a valid value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI715S The XML structure of the member\_name solution pack metadata member is not valid because the value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is value\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified value of the attribute is not a valid value.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI716S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type is not a valid data type.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI717S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value of the attribute is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type is not a valid data type.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI720S The XML structure of the *member\_name* solution pack metadata member is not valid. The msg element is required for the *component\_name* component that is not customizable.

**Explanation:** The msg element is required for the specified component, which cannot be customized by using Tools Customizer.

System action: Processing stops.

### CCQI750S • CCQO003S

#### CCQI750S The solution pack metadata member was not found in the *library\_name* metadata library.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the solution pack metadata member in the specified library.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI751S The version in the *library\_name* solution pack metadata library is different than the version in the *library\_name* component metadata library. The name of the pack is *pack\_name*, and the name of the component is *component\_name*.

**Explanation:** The version in the solution pack metadata library does not match the version in the component metadata library.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI752S The release in the *library\_name* solution pack metadata library is different than the release in the *library\_name* component metadata library. The name of the pack is *pack\_name*, and the name of the component is *component\_name*.

**Explanation:** The release in the solution pack metadata library does not match the release in the component metadata library.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQI753S The modification level in the library\_name solution pack metadata library is different than the modification level in the library\_name component metadata library. The name of the pack is pack\_name, and the name of the component is component\_name.

**Explanation:** The modification level in the solution pack metadata library does not match the modification level in the component metadata library.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQM002E The command\_name line command is not valid: .

**Explanation:** The specified line command is not valid.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Specify a valid line command on the panel.

CCQO000W The XML structure of the member\_name discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception warning code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the discover parameter metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception warning code.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code.

CCQO001S The XML structure of the member\_name discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The PL/I XML parser issued the following exception error code: code\_number.

**Explanation:** While determining if the Discover metadata member is valid, the PL/I XML parser issued an exception error code.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** See the *Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Programming Guide* for more information about the exception warning code. Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQO002S The XML structure of the member\_name discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The element\_name element is unknown.

**Explanation:** The specified element in the discover parameter metadata member is unknown.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQO003S The XML structure of the *member\_name* discover parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the *element\_name* element, but content was found.

**Explanation:** The specified element cannot contain content.

System action: Processing stops.

CCQO004S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> discover parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the <i>element name</i> element, but content was not found.	CCQO009S	The XML structure of the member_name discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute_name attribute in the element_name element must occur at least minimum_number times.	
Explanation: content.	The specified element is missing required	Explanation: enough times	The specified attribute does not occur s.	
System action	n: Processing stops.	System actio	n: Processing stops.	
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	User respons	se: Contact IBM Software Support.	
CCQO005S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the <i>element_name</i> element cannot exceed <i>maximum_number</i> characters.	CCQO010S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> discover parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is not allowed for the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element, but content was found.	
Explanation: characters.	The specified element contains too many	Explanation:	The specified attribute cannot contain	
System action: Processing stops		content.		
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	System actio	n: Processing stops.	
		User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	
CCQO006S Explanation:	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The <i>element_name</i> element cannot occur more than <i>maximum_number</i> times. The specified element occurs too many	CCQO011S	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> discover parameter metadata member is not valid. Content is required for the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element, but content was not found.	
times.		Explanation:	The specified attribute requires content.	
System action	n: Processing stops.	System actio	<b>n:</b> Processing stops.	
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	
CCQO007S	The XML structure of the member_name discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The <i>element_name</i> element must occur at least <i>minimum_number</i> times.	CCQO0125	The XML structure of the <i>member_name</i> discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The content length for the <i>attribute_name</i> attribute in the <i>element_name</i> element in the cannot	
enough times	s.		exceed maximum_number characters.	
System action	n: Processing stops.	Explanation: characters.	The specified attribute contains too many	
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	System actio	n: Processing stops.	
	The XMI structure of the member name	User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	
Explanation:	discover parameter metadata member_name ot valid. The attribute_name attribute in the element_name element cannot occur more than maximum_number times.	CCQO013S	The XML structure of the member_name discover parameter metadata member is not valid. The attribute_name attribute in the element_name element is unknown.	
times.		Explanation:	The specified attribute is unknown.	
System action	n: Processing stops.	System actio	<b>n:</b> Processing stops.	
User respons	e: Contact IBM Software Support.	User respons	se: Contact IBM Software Support.	

### CCQ0014S • CCQ0055W

CCQO014S The content of the *member\_name* discover parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** A The specified value for an element in the discover parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ0015S The content of the *member\_name* discover parameter metadata member is not valid because the value of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified value for an attribute in the discover parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ0016S The content of the *member\_name* discover parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *element\_name* **element** is incorrect. The **value** is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an element in the discover parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ0017S The content of the *member\_name* product parameter metadata member is not valid because the data type of the *attribute\_name* attribute in the *element\_name* element is incorrect. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data type value for an attribute in the product parameter metadata member is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQO050S The data\_set\_name Discover REXX EXEC data set could not be initialized or was not found.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find or could not initialize the specified Discover REXX EXEC data set.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the Discover REXX EXEC is specified correctly.

CCQO051W The *data\_sharing\_group\_ID* data sharing group ID cannot contain more than four characters.

**Explanation:** The specified data sharing group ID contains too many characters.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified data sharing group ID does not exceed four characters.

### CCQ0052S The REXX\_EXEC\_name Discover REXX EXEC was not found in the data\_set\_name Discover data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the Discover REXX EXEC in the specified data set.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the Discover data set was specified correctly.

# CCQO053W The LPAR\_name LPAR name cannot contain more than eight characters.

**Explanation:** The specified LPAR name contains too many characters.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified LPAR name does not exceed eight characters.

### CCQO054W The *subsystem\_ID* DB2 SSID cannot contain more than four characters. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 SSID contains too many characters.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified DB2 SSID does not exceed four characters.

CCQO055W The parameter\_name DB2 group attach name parameter is in the record\_name Discover record, but a DB2 group attach name was not specified. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The Discover record contains a data sharing group parameter, but a DB2 group attach name was not specified.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information is specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

CCQO056W The parameter\_name DB2 parameter in the record\_name Discover record did not have a DB2 group attach name or a DB2 SSID. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The Discover record did not have a DB2 group attach name or a DB2 subsystem ID in the DB2 parameter.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information is specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

CCQO057W The Discover EXEC could not find the parameter\_name parameter in the metadata for the product to be customized. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified parameter could not be found in the metadata for the product to be customized.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information is specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

CCQO058W The parameter\_name product parameter name in the *record\_type* Discover record does not start with CCQ\_LPR\_, CCQ\_DB2\_, or CCQ\_PRD\_. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The parameter in the record does not start with CCQ\_DB2\_, CCQ\_LPAR\_, or CCQ\_PRD\_.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQO059W The *parameter\_name* product parameter cannot contain more than 72 characters. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified product parameter contains too many characters.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified product parameter does not exceed 72 characters.

CCQO060W The *record\_name* Discover record from the REXX EXEC output must start with the following record type: *record\_type*. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** A Discover record from the REXX EXEC output must start with the specified DB2 record type.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQO0611 If you do not have a previously customized version of the product, do not run the Discover EXEC. Press END to go to the Customizer Workplace panel.

**Explanation:** This message is issued when you customize a product for a the first time. It prompts you to use the Discover EXEC to discover data from a previous customization of the specified product.

System action: Processing continues.

User response:

**Tip:** Using the Discover EXEC saves time and reduces errors that can error when parameters are specified manually. If you want to use the Discover EXEC, specify the required information on the Discover Customized Product Information panel. Otherwise, press End to continue without discovering data from a previous customization of the product.

# CCQO062W The Discover EXEC could not find the following *parameter\_name* parameter in the DB2 metadata. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified parameter is missing in the DB2 metadata.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** If this parameter is required, contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQO064W The Discover-record Discover record did not have a parameter name. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** A parameter name was missing in the Discover record.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ0065W The value for the parameter\_name parameter is ignored because it has more than maximum\_number characters, which is the maximum length that is defined in the metadata. The value is parameter\_value.

**Explanation:** The specified value exceeded the maximum allowed length, which was defined in the metadata. Tools Customizer truncated the extra characters.

System action: Processing continues.

### CCQ0066W • CCQ0075W

### CCQO066W The *record\_name* Discover record from the Discover REXX EXEC output does not have a parameter value. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The Discover record was missing a parameter value from the Discover EXEC output.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information was specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

CCQO067W The *parameter\_name* parameter is defined in the metadata to support one value, but more than one value was found. The last value was used.

**Explanation:** The definition of the parameter in the metadata supports one value, but more than one value was specified. Only the last value was used.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information was specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

CCQO068W The value of the *parameter\_name* parameter is ignored because the parameter is defined as internal=true. The value is *value\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified value of the parameter is ignored because it is defined as internal=true.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information was specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

### CCQO069W The Discover EXEC did not find the parameter\_name parameter in the LPAR metadata. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified parameter is missing from the LPAR metadata.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that information was specified correctly on the Discover Customized Product Information panel.

CCQO070W The record\_type Discover record contains an incorrect delimiter between the Environment section and the Data section. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer found an incorrect delimiter between the Environment section and the Data section.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQO071W The member\_name member could not be found in the data\_set\_name Discover data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified Discover data set.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQO072S The member\_name discover metadata member was not found in the data\_set\_name metadata data set.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified metadata member in the data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQ0073E The *member\_name* discover metadata member is not valid because the default length for the *element\_name* parameter element exceeds the length of the parameter. The default length is *default\_length*, and the specified length is *specified\_length*. The default length will be truncated accordingly.

**Explanation:** The default length for the specified parameter element is longer than the parameter.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

CCQ0074S The content of the member\_name discover metadata member is not valid. The value of the attribute\_name attribute in the element\_name element is not valid. The value of the attribute is value\_name.

Explanation: The specified value is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQO075W The configuration\_ID configuration ID in the record\_name Discover record is incorrect. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID is not correct.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

#### CCQO076W The configuration\_ID configuration ID cannot contain more than maximum\_number characters. The record was not processed.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID contains too many characters.

System action: Processing continues.

User response: No action is required.

CCQO077S The discover metadata member was not found in the *data\_set\_name* component data set that is part of the *data\_set\_name* pack.

**Explanation:** The discover metadata member was not found in the specified component data set.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### CCQO080I *Product\_name* does not support the Discover process.

**Explanation:** The specified product does not support the Discover process.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

CCQP000E The value of the mode\_name DB2 mode is not valid for the level\_name DB2 level.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 mode is not valid for the DB2 level.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a valid DB2 mode for the DB2 level.

CCQP001E The value of the *mode\_name* DB2 mode is missing.

Explanation: The specified DB2 mode is not defined.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a value for the DB2 mode.

CCQP002E The value of the *mode\_name* DB2 level is missing.

Explanation: The specified DB2 level is not defined.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a value for the DB2 level.

CCQP003E The value of the *level\_name* DB2 level is not valid.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 level does not have a valid name.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a valid value for the DB2 level.

CCQP004S The *parameter\_name* parameter does not exist in the CCQ\$\$DB2 DB2 parameter metadata member.

**Explanation:** The CCQ\$\$DB2 DB2 parameter metadata member does not contain the specified parameter.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

CCQP005E The value of the *subsystem\_ID* DB2 SSID is missing.

Explanation: The specified DB2 SSID is not defined.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a valid value for the DB2 SSID.

### CCQP006E The value of the group\_attach\_name DB2 group attach name is missing.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 group attach name is not defined.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a valid DB2 group attach name.

### CCQQ000E Specify a valid metadata library. Each qualifier of the library must start with an alphabetic character and must be 1-8 alphanumeric characters. The library name must be 1-44 characters.

**Explanation:** The metadata library was not specified in the correct format. The high-level qualifier must contain alphanumeric characters, and the first character cannot be numeric. The name cannot contain wildcard characters, such as asterisks (\*) and percent signs (%).

**System action:** Tools Customizer prompts for the correct library name.

**User response:** Specify a library name in the correct format.

CCQQ001E The *data\_set\_name* data set name that was specified for the metadata library was not found.

**Explanation:** The data set does not exist, or the data set name was written in the incorrect format. The

### CCQQ002E • CCQS002W

high-level qualifier must contain alphanumeric characters, and the first character cannot be numeric. The name cannot contain wildcard characters, such as asterisks (\*) and percent signs (%).

System action: Tools Customizer prompts for the correct data set name.

User response: Specify a data set name in the correct format.

CCQQ002E The data set name that was specified for the *library\_name* metadata library cannot be opened.

Explanation: Tools Customizer could not open the data set.

System action: Tools Customizer prompts for an available data set.

User response: Ensure that the specified data set is available for Tools Customizer to open it.

CCQQ003E The *data\_set\_name* data set name that was specified for the metadata sample library is not valid. The data set must be in the following format: HLQ.SxxxSAMP.

Explanation: The specified data set name was not specified in the correct format.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify the data set name in the following format: HLQ.SxxxSAMP, where xxx is the three-character prefix for the product.

CCOO004E The data set name data set is being used by another user. Try again when the data set is not being used.

Explanation: Another user is using the specified data set.

System action: None.

User response: Ensure that the specified data set is not being used.

CCQQ009E The *data\_set\_name* data set name that was specified for the metadata library is not valid because the data set is empty.

Explanation: The specified data set is empty.

System action: Tools Customizer prompts for an available data set.

User response: Ensure that the specified data set is available for Tools Customizer to open it.

CCQQ011E	The <i>library_name</i> metadata library for the component that is part of the <i>library_name</i> pack was not found in the catalog. The name of the pack is <i>pack_name</i> , and the name of the component is <i>component_name</i> .	
Explanation: the catalog.	The specified metadata library is not in	
<b>System action:</b> None. <b>User response:</b> Specify another metadata library.		

*library\_name* pack cannot be opened.

Explanation: The specified metadata library cannot be opened.

System action: None.

User response: Ensure that the name of the library is specified correctly.

CCQS000I	Tools Customizer is being invoked for the first time or the previous ISPF session ended before Tools Customizer was exited. In both cases, the fields on this panel are populated with default values. Review these default values or specify new values to be used to
	customize products or packs.

**Explanation:** When you customize a stand-alone product or a solution pack for the first time, or when an ISPF session unexpectedly ends before the ISPF profile is saved, you must specify or review your Tools Customizer user settings.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Review and accept the default settings, or specify new settings.

CCOS001E The following command is not valid: command name.

Explanation: The specified command is not a valid command on the panel.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a valid command.

#### CCQS002W The *data\_set\_name* Discover data set could not be found.

Explanation: Tools Customizer could not find the specified data set.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the data set name is specified correctly.

CCQS003W The *data\_set\_name* Discover data set was not found so it was created.

**Explanation:** Tools Customizer could not find the specified data set.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that the data set name is specified correctly.

#### CCQS004I The settings were saved.

**Explanation:** The settings that you changed were saved.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### CCQS006W The length of a qualifier for the data\_set\_name customization library data set exceeds 26 characters.

**Explanation:** The qualifier for the customization library data set is too long. The qualifier cannot exceed 26 characters.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Specify a qualifier that is 26 characters or less.

### CCQS007E The discover data set data\_set\_name could not be opened with the option-type option.

**Explanation:** The specified option could not open the Discover data set.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a data set to which you have WRITE access.

### CCQS008E An error occurred while the data\_set\_name Discover data set was being created.

**Explanation:** While the specified data set was being created, an error occurred.

System action: Processing continues.

**User response:** Ensure that you have WRITE authority access to this data set.

### CCQS010E The customization library qualifier is not valid.

**Explanation:** The customization library qualifier that was specified is not valid.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid qualifier for the customization library.

### CCQS011E The group attach option is not valid.

**Explanation:** The group attach option that was specified is not valid.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid option for the group attach option.

### CCQS012E The Tools Customizer metadata library is not valid.

**Explanation:** The metadata library that was specified is not a valid data set.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid data set for the metadata library.

#### CCQS013E The Discover data set is not valid.

**Explanation:** The Discover data set that was specified is not a valid data set.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a valid Discover data set.

#### CCQS014E The data store data set is not valid.

**Explanation:** The data set that was specified is not a valid data set.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a valid data store data set.

#### CCQS015E Tools Customizer is already running.

**Explanation:** A session of Tools Customizer is already running in your environment. Only one Tools Customizer session is allowed.

System action: None.

**User response:** The trace data set is being used. Free the trace data set, and start Tools Customizer again.

### CCQS018E Information on the first line of the job card exceeds 57 characters.

**Explanation:** The first line of the job card can contain only 57 characters. This character limit includes a continuation character.

**System action:** Tools Customizer clears the first line of the job card.

**User response:** Specify information that does not exceed 57 characters on the first line of the job card.

CCQS019E The required trace data set, data\_set\_name, is currently not accessible.

**Explanation:** The trace data set must be accessible.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the trace data set is accessible.

CCQS020E An error occurred while the customization library data set was being created. ALTER authority on the high-level qualifier for the customization library data set is required.

**Explanation:** To create the customization library data set, ALTER authority on the specified high-level qualifier must be granted.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that ALTER authority for the specified customization library data set is granted.

CCQS021E The value *value\_name* in the field that contains the cursor position is not valid.

Explanation: The specified value is not valid.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a valid value.

CCQS022E An error occurred while the customization library data set was being opened. UPDATE authority on the high-level qualifier for the customization library data set is required.

**Explanation:** To open the customization library data set, UPDATE authority on the specified high-level qualifier must be granted.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that UPDATE authority for the specified customization library data set is granted.

### CCQS023E An error occurred while the customization library data set was being opened. UPDATE authority on the high-level qualifier for the customization library data set is required.

**Explanation:** To open the customization library data set, UPDATE authority on the specified high-level qualifier must be granted.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that UPDATE authority for the specified customization library data set is granted, or specify a different high-level qualifier for the customization library data set on the Tools Customizer Settings panel.

### CCQS024E An error occurred while the customization library data set was being created. ALTER authority on the high-level qualifier for the customization library data set is required.

**Explanation:** To create the customization library data set, ALTER authority on the specified high-level qualifier must be granted.

System action: None.

**User response:** Ensure that ALTER authority for the specified customization library data set is granted, or specify a different high-level qualifier for the customization library data set on the Tools Customizer Settings panel.

### CCQS030E The following command is not a valid CREATE statement: command\_statement.

**Explanation:** The specified CREATE command statement is invalid because it contains blanks or alphabetic characters.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a valid CREATE command statement. The correct syntax is CREATE *nn*, where *nn* is 1 - 99.

### CCQS031E The following command is not a valid CREATE statement: command\_statement. The number that can be specified with the CREATE command is 1 - 99.

**Explanation:** The specified CREATE command statement is invalid because it contains either 0 or a number greater than 99.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify a valid CREATE command

statement. The correct syntax is CREATE *nn*, where *nn* is 1 - 99.

CCQT000I The product configuration ID copied\_configuration\_ID was successfully copied from configuration\_ID.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID was copied.

System action: None.

**User response:** No action is required.

CCQT001E The *command\_name* line command was specified more than once, which is not allowed.

**Explanation:** The specified line command cannot be specified more than one time.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify the line command only once.

CCQT002E The configuration\_ID configuration ID already exists. Specify a different configuration ID.

Explanation: The specified configuration ID exists.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the specified configuration ID is unique.

# CCQT003I The product configuration ID configuration\_ID was created.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID was created.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT004I The product configuration ID configuration\_ID was removed.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID was removed.

System action: None.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT005E The product configuration ID configuration\_ID is not valid. The product configuration ID cannot contain a colon (:).

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID contains a colon (:), but a colon is not valid.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify a configuration ID that does not contain a colon.

CCQT006E The configuration\_ID configuration ID exists. Specify a different configuration ID.

Explanation: The specified configuration ID exists.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify another configuration ID.

CCQT007E The configuration\_ID configuration ID exists but was removed from the list of configurations. To use this configuration ID, you must restore it.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID exists but was removed from the list of available configuration.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify another configuration ID. To restore the specified configuration ID, issue the CREATE command, and specify the same configuration ID again.

CCQT008E The configuration\_ID configuration ID exceeds maximum\_number characters.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration ID contains too many characters.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Specify another configuration ID that does not exceed the maximum number of characters that was set by DB2 Recovery Expert.

### CCQT010I Create request for *configuration\_ID* configuration was cancelled by user.

**Explanation:** The request to create the specified configuration was canceled.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

CCQT011I The configuration\_ID configuration was not copied.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not copied.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT012I • CCQT027I

### CCQT012I The *configuration\_ID* configuration was not removed.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not removed.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

CCQT013I None of the configurations were copied or removed. All of the previously selected configurations are deselected.

**Explanation:** The selected configurations were not copied or removed, and they are deselected.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT014E Specify Y or N and press Enter to continue, or press End to cancel.

Explanation: A function requires input.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** To continue, specify Y or N and press Enter. Otherwise, press End to cancel.

#### CCQT015E The command\_name command is not allowed during the process of "Select" configuration line command.

**Explanation:** The specified command is not allowed while the line command for selecting configurations is processing.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Remove the specified line command.

CCQT016I The configuration\_ID configuration was not created

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not created.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

# CCQT017I The configuration\_ID configuration was not copied.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not copied.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT018E Specify Y or N, and press Enter.

**Explanation:** A function requires input.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** To continue, specify Y or N, and press Enter.

CCQT019I The select *configuration\_ID* configuration process ended.

**Explanation:** The select process for the specified configuration is finished.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT020E The configuration\_ID configuration was not created because the data store was not accessible.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not created because the data store could not be accessed.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the data store is accessible and create the configuration again.

### CCQT021E The *configuration\_ID* configuration was not copied because the data store was not accessible.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not copied because the data store could not be accessed.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Ensure that the data store is accessible and copy the configuration again.

### CCQT025I The configuration\_ID configuration was not updated.

**Explanation:** The specified configuration was not updated because the edit process was canceled.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: No action is required.

### CCQT027I The product configuration was successfully updated.

Explanation: The configuration was updated.

System action: Processing continue.

**User response:** No action is required.

CCQX001S Product\_name has already been customized by using values from data\_set\_name data store data set. Switch to the specified data store data set to continue customizing this product.

**Explanation:** The specified product was customized by using values from the specified data store data set.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Use the specified data store data set to continue customizing the product.

CCQX002S component\_name has already been customized by using values from data\_set\_name data store data set. Switch to the specified data store data set to

#### continue customizing this component.

**Explanation:** The specified component was customized by using values from the specified data store data set.

System action: Processing stops.

**User response:** Use the specified data store data set to continue customizing the component.

**CCQX011I** *Product\_name* was not found.

Explanation: The specified product was not found.

System action: Processing stops.

User response: Specify another product.

### DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS messages and codes

Use the information in these messages to help you diagnose and solve DB2 Recovery Expert problems.

All messages generated by DB2 Recovery Expert have a severity code printed as the last character of the message ID. The severity codes are described in this table:

Severity Code	Description
I	Information message. No user action required.
S	Status message. No user action required.
W	Warning message. Results may not be as expected.
E	Error message. Some may be user-correctable, read the User Response to determine the course of action.

# ARY0603I Volser *volser* is being processed by another job. It will be bypassed.

**Explanation:** During offload or restore processing when running with the multijob option, the specified volume will be skipped because it is being processed by another job.

User response: None required.

### ARY0640E Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name is not a Combined SLB profile

**Explanation:** During BACKUP processing for a Combined SLB group, the profile being processed was not associated with a Combined SLB group. Processing was terminated.

**User response:** When performing BACKUP processing for a Combined SLB group, ensure that you select a profile that is associated with a Combined SLB group.

ARY0641E *parameter* is not supported for CSLB profiles (currently only LOG SUSPEND)

**Explanation:** While processing a Combined SLB profile, it was determined that one of the parameters in the profile is not allowed for Combined SLB processing. The parameter is displayed in the message. Processing is terminated.

**User response:** Edit the Combined SLB profile and ensure that the listed parameter is set appropriately.

### ARY0642E module is an invalid CSLB offset table

**Explanation:** While processing a Combined SLB profile, it was determined that one of the load modules which contains offset values is not valid. Processing is terminated.

**User response:** Ensure that the module listed was correctly installed.

# ARY0643E Error encountered during module phase processing

**Explanation:** While processing a Combined SLB profile, an error occurred in the listed module during

the listed phase. Processing is terminated.

**User response:** Review the job log for other messages that identify the error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

#### ARY0644E Parameter mismatch Section: section, Parameter: parameter

**Explanation:** While performing BACKUP processing for a Combined SLB group, it was determined that the parameter listed was inconsistently set between IMS Recovery Expert and DB2 Recovery Expert. Processing continues.

**User response:** Review the listed parameter and the values displayed in "ARY0645W" for each product. Determine what you must do to make the parameter consistent.

ARY0645W BSY value: value1, ARY value: value2

**Explanation:** This message appears after message "ARY0644E" and displays the mismatched parameter values for IMS Recovery Expert (BSY) and DB2 Recovery Expert (ARY).

**User response:** Review the listed parameter and the values displayed for each product. Determine what you must do to make the parameter consistent.

### ARY0646E Error processing Combined SLB group group, error

**Explanation:** While processing a Combined SLB profile, an error was detected in the group. The group and the error are listed in the message. Processing was terminated.

**User response:** Review the listed error. Correct the problem and resubmit the job.

### ARY0647E SSID ssid was not found in the Combined SLB backup

**Explanation:** While performing image copy processing against a Combined SLB, it was determined that the listed SSID is not part of the backup. Processing was terminated.

**User response:** Select a backup that contains the SSID for which image copy processing is being performed, and resubmit the job.

# ARY0648E Combined SLB repository record validation failed

**Explanation:** While attempting to create a Combined SLB, validation failed for the repository records that are created by the process.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

# ARY0650I CSLB backup not allowed due to prior error

**Explanation:** While performing BACKUP processing for a Combined SLB group, an error occurred that prevents the backup from completing. Processing was terminated.

**User response:** Review the job log for other messages that identify the error. Correct the error and resubmit the job.

ARY801E	<b>Pgm:</b> <i>programname</i> <b>Stmt:</b> <i>statementnumber</i>
	<b>Type:</b> sqlstatementtype

**Explanation:** This messages is issued when an SQL error has occurred. It displays the program name where the SQL error occurred, the statement number, and the type of SQL statement.

User response: Correct the SQL error.

ARY901E The default load library could not be located

**Explanation:** The data set name entered for the load library was not found.

**User response:** Enter a valid load library data set name and continue.

# ARY902E A DB2 subsystem ID has to be entered for processing

**Explanation:** There was no valid value entered for DB2 subsystem ID.

**User response:** Enter a valid DB2 subsystem name.

# ARY904E The specified dataset could not be opened for I/O

**Explanation:** A VSAM open error occurred while attempting to open the data set specified for the DB2 control data set.

**User response:** Verify that the VSAM data set is accessible.

### ARY905E An unexpected return code from VSAM was encountered while doing a read of the control file. RC=*return code*

**Explanation:** A VSAM read error occurred while attempting to access the data set specified for the DB2 control data set. The VSAM return code is provided for diagnostic purposes.

**User response:** Use the return code to resolve the VSAM read error before continuing.

#### ARY906I The control file record for DB2 subsystem *ssid* has been successfully updated

**Explanation:** The control file named in the DB2 Control Dataset field has been successfully updated to include the specified changes and definitions for the listed DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

### ARY907E An unexpected return code from VSAM was encountered while doing an update operation of the control file. RC1=return code 1 RC2=return code 2

**Explanation:** A VSAM update error occurred while attempting to update the data set specified for the DB2 control data set. The RC1 and RC2 (VSAM return codes) are provided for diagnostic purposes.

**User response:** Use the return codes to resolve the VSAM errors before continuing.

### ARY908I The control file record for DB2 subsystem *ssid* has been successfully added

**Explanation:** The control file named in the DB2 Control Dataset field has been successfully updated to include the new record, based on the specified definitions for the listed DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

### ARY909E Invalid value. Valid options are 1 and 2.

**Explanation:** The value you specified is not valid. Valid values are 1 and 2.

User response: Enter a valid value.

### ARY910E An unexpected return code from VSAM was encountered while doing an add operation to the control file. RC1= return\_code\_1 RC2=return\_code\_2.

**Explanation:** A VSAM error occurred while attempting to perform an add operation to the specified DB2 control data set. The RC1 and RC2 (VSAM return codes) are provided for diagnostic purposes.

**User response:** Use the return codes to resolve the VSAM errors before continuing.

# ARY911E The FIND command requires specification of a target string.

**Explanation:** No parameters were specified with the F(ind) command. No match can be made unless you specify a string to find.

**User response:** Enter a FIND parameter.

### ARY912I The requested find string was not found.

**Explanation:** No matches were found for the string you specified with the FIND command.

User response: None required.

# ARY913I The control file record has been successfully updated.

**Explanation:** The control file was updated successfully.

User response: None required.

### ARY914E An unknown column was specified using the SORT command.

**Explanation:** The column you specified with the SORT command is not known.

**User response:** Verify that you correctly typed the name of the column or select another column.

# ARY915E SORT is not supported for the specified column.

**Explanation:** The column you attempted to SORT is not supported as a column on which to sort.

**User response:** Refer to the sort columns listed on the Define Sort Columns panel for a list of valid columns on which the sort can be based and redefine the sort.

# ARY916E Sort column not entered. Column name or number must be specified.

**Explanation:** A column was not specified with the SORT. A column name or number must be specified for the SORT command.

**User response:** Ensure that if the column name is used, that all spaces in the name are replaced with an underscore.

# ARY917E Incomplete string: Put an ending quote at the end of the string.

**Explanation:** The ending quote was omitted from the string.

**User response:** Put an ending quote at the end of the string.

### ARY918 Bottom of Data reached: CHARS string not found. Press PF5 to continue from top.

**Explanation:** The indicated character string was not found.

**User response:** To continue searching for the character string from the top of the dialog, press PF5.

### ARY919 • ARY929E

#### ARY919 Top of data reached: CHARS string not found. Press PF5 to continue from bottom.

**Explanation:** The indicated character string was not found.

**User response:** To continue searching for the character string from the bottom of the dialog, press PF5.

### ARY920E File tailoring open returned a file tailoring already in progress condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring for utility customization failed. There was a file tailoring session already in progress. File tailoring sessions cannot be performed concurrently.

User response: None required.

# ARY921E File tailoring open returned the output file already in use condition - ENQ failed.

**Explanation:** An attempt to open the DB2 control data set failed with an ENQ error. The data set is already open for output.

**User response:** Verify that you are the only user attempting to access this file.

# ARY922E File tailoring open returned the skeletal file or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because either the tailoring skeleton file or output file is not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARY923E File tailoring open returned a severe error condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on open.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

# ARY924E File tailoring open returned an unknown code -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on open.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARY925E File tailoring close returned a file not open condition -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a file not open condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

# ARY926E File tailoring close returned an output file in use condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because an output file in use condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

# ARY927E File tailoring close returned a skeletal file or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to close file tailoring failed because either a tailoring skeleton file or output file was not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

# ARY928E File tailoring close returned a severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

# ARY929E File tailoring close returned an unknown code -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARY930E File tailoring close returned a output member exists in the output library and NOREPL was specified.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because the close process could not replace the pre-existing tailored member in the output file.

**User response:** Change the output member name to a new name or ensure that the output library allows for member replacement.

# ARY931E File tailoring include returned a skeleton does not exist condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because the tailoring process could not locate a required tailoring skeleton.

**User response:** Assure that all required files are allocated to perform file tailoring.

### ARY932E File tailoring include returned a skeleton in use -- ENQ failed condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to access a tailoring skeleton failed with an ENQ error (member-in-use).

**User response:** Verify that all required tailoring files are allocated and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently.

### ARY933E File tailoring include returned a data truncation or skeleton library or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because either the tailoring skeleton file or output file is not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARY934E File tailoring include returned a severe error condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on an include operation.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

# ARY935E File tailoring include returned an unknown condition -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on an include operation.

User response: Verify that all required files are

allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARY936E Allocation Error - The ISPFILE DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated - Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPFILE DD allocation failed. The DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated for this TSO session. The process did not complete successfully.

**User response:** None required.

### ARY937E Allocation Error - An error was encountered allocating the ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD - Process not complete.

**Explanation:** The ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD allocation failed

**User response:** Verify TSO session parameters are set correctly for your site prior to allocation of these DD statements. The process did not complete successfully.

# ARY938E Field Required - The dataset entered is a partitioned dataset and the member name is required.

**Explanation:** A required field was not specified. The data set entered is a PDS (partitioned data set) and a member in this PDS must be referenced.

**User response:** Please enter a valid member name for PDS access.

# ARY940E The specified dataset could not be found in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** The specified data set could not be found in the z/OS (MVS) catalog.

**User response:** Ensure that the data set name is correct.

# ARY941 The RFIND key works only after a FIND character string is entered.

**Explanation:** A repeat FIND (RFIND) was issued before a FIND command was issued. You must issue FIND before RFIND will work.

**User response:** Issue FIND prior to attempting to issue RFIND.

### ARY942E Invalid Sort number. Enter a valid digit.

**Explanation:** An invalid character was entered in the Srt column. Valid characters are the digits 1, 2, 3,... up to 9, or the number of sortable columns, whichever is less.

**User response:** Specify a valid sort number.

#### ARY943E Same Sort number entered twice.

**Explanation:** The same sort number was entered for more than one column. The screen is positioned to the second instance. Sort sequence numbers must be unique.

User response: Specify a valid sort number.

#### ARY944E Sort sequence skips a number.

**Explanation:** The selected sorting sequence skips a number. This is not allowed. The screen is positioned to a selection whose number is lacking an immediate predecessor. The sort sequence is completely rebuilt from the Cmd (and Dir) information. Any previously existing sort sequence is entirely replaced. It is not added to or extended by the new entries.

**User response:** Please specify a valid sort sequence that does not skip a number.

## ARY945E Invalid Dir entered. Must be A or D (ascending/descending).

**Explanation:** The selected sorting direction is invalid. Only A (ascending) or D (descending) can be specified. A blank indicates ascending (default).

User response: Please specify a valid sorting direction.

### ARY946E Dir not valid without Ord.

**Explanation:** A sorting direction was selected for a column that was not selected to be sorted. Sorting direction is only a valid choice for selected columns.

User response: Select a sorting direction and order.

### ARY947E Max Sort Columns exceeded. Sorting first 10 columns.

**Explanation:** More columns were selected for sorting than are supported. Nine columns can be selected. Under certain circumstances the limit is less than nine, due to internal constraints. For example, sorting a date field can be implemented by three sorts of partial column fields. In that case, the column would count as three toward the maximum of nine, not one.

**User response:** Specify the appropriate allowable maximum number of sort columns.

#### ARY948E Fix Columns cannot exceed screen size.

**Explanation:** More columns were selected to be fixed than will fit on the screen.

**User response:** Remove the (F) selection character from one or more columns.

### ARY950E Invalid selection character. "F" and "U" are valid.

**Explanation:** An invalid Cmd character was entered. Valid characters are F (fix) and U (unfix). Fix causes the column to move to the fixed area on the left side of the screen. Fixed columns do not scroll horizontally when LEFT or RIGHT scrolling commands are issued. Unfix moves the column out of the fixed area, and allows it to scroll horizontally when LEFT and RIGHT scroll commands are issued.

**User response:** Either remove the invalid character or enter a valid one.

#### ARY951E Invalid entry. Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** An invalid Cmd value was entered. Cmd values must be numeric. If the column is fixed, the number must be in the fixed range. If the column is not fixed, the number must be in the unfixed range.

**User response:** Either remove the invalid number or enter a valid one.

#### ARY952E Invalid entry for fixed column.

**Explanation:** An invalid Cmd value was entered for a fixed column. Valid selections for fixed column are up to the number of fixed columns.

**User response:** Either remove the invalid number or enter a valid one.

#### ARY953E Invalid entry for unfixed column.

**Explanation:** An invalid Cmd value was entered for an unfixed column. The number must be less than the number of columns, and greater than the number of fixed columns.

**User response:** Either remove the invalid number or enter a valid one.

### ARY954E Invalid value entered for column size: non-numeric data.

**Explanation:** An invalid Cmd value was entered. This must be a number between the values in the MIN and MAX fields.

**User response:** Either remove the invalid number or enter a valid one.

#### ARY955E Invalid value entered for column size: out of range.

**Explanation:** An invalid Cmd value was entered. This must be a number between the values in the MIN and MAX fields. MIN is the smallest acceptable value. MAX is the largest acceptable value.

**User response:** Either remove the invalid number or enter a valid one.

### ARY956E Total fixed column sizes cannot exceed screen size.

**Explanation:** The Cmd values entered would result in the sum of the fixed column sizes to exceed the screen size. This is not allowed. The fixed columns are those with an or in the Fix column. Fixed columns are always displayed, and so must fit on the screen.

**User response:** Either change the fixed column sizes so that the total is less than the screen size or cancel to return to the previous panel.

### ARY957E New configuration makes column size invalid.

**Explanation:** The requested column sizes make at least one unfixed column undisplayable. The cursor is positioned on the value where the problem was detected. The unfixed area on the screen would be too small to show the column where the cursor is placed.

User response: Do one of the following:

- Make the column where the cursor is smaller so that it can fit in the available unfixed area
- Set it to its maximum size (width)
- Make the fixed area smaller
- Cancel to return to the previous panel

### ARY958E Column does not fit in unfixed area in new configuration.

**Explanation:** The requested column sizes would make the unfixed column where the cursor is positioned undisplayable. The unfixed area on the screen would be too small to show this column.

**User response:** Shrink the fixed area by either unfixing columns or making fixed columns smaller. The column where the cursor is cannot be partially displayed (min-max) so its size cannot be changed.

# ARY959E New configuration makes this column size invalid.

**Explanation:** Fixing the requested columns would shrink the available area for unfixed columns unacceptably. One or more unfixed columns would not fit in the remaining unfixed area of the screen. The cursor is placed on a row that represents one such column. Therefore, the requested configuration is not allowed.

**User response:** To change column sizes, cancel out of the CFIX function and invoke the CSIZE function. Either cancel to exit CFIX with no change or blank out one or more FIX selections until an allowable fixed size is reached.

# ARY960E Invalid fixed selections. Would not leave enough space for this column.

**Explanation:** Fixing the columns requested would make at least one unfixed column undisplayable. The cursor is positioned on the row that represents one such unfixed column, whose minimum displayable size would not fit in the available screen area.

**User response:** Shrink the requested fixed area by either:

- Requesting fewer fixed columns
- · Unfixing one or more fixed columns
- Cancel out of CFIX and invoke CSIZE in order to shrink one or more fixed columns enough so that all unfixed columns have the space they require

### ARY962E Duplicate Cmd values entered.

**Explanation:** Duplicate Cmd numbers were entered. The cursor points to the second instance of a Cmd value.

**User response:** Either change this value, clear it, or exit the CORDER function.

#### ARY963E Cursor not on data element.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued and the cursor was not located on a valid (expandable) area. CEXPAND requires the cursor to be positioned on a data element (non-heading area) in the dynamic area of the display. Or CEXPAND can be issued specifying the row and column of the data element to expand.

**User response:** Ensure the cursor is located on a valid (expandable) area prior to issuing the CEXPAND command.

### ARY964E Invalid scroll amount for CRIGHT. Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** Invalid (non-numeric) parameter to CRIGHT specified. CRIGHT accepts one numeric parameter: the number of columns to scroll right. If no parameter is entered a value of 1 is assumed.

**User response:** Specify a numeric parameter to the CRIGHT command.

# ARY965E Invalid scroll amount for CLEFT. Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** Invalid (non-numeric) parameter to CLEFT specified. CLEFT accepts one numeric parameter: the number of columns to scroll left. If no parameter is entered, a value of 1 is assumed.

**User response:** Specify a numeric parameter to the CLEFT command.

### ARY966E Invalid parameter to ICRIGHT; Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** A parameter to ICRIGHT is not numeric. ICRIGHT (inner column scroll right) accepts either zero, one, or two numeric parameters. ICRIGHT can be abbreviated as ICR.

**User response:** Specify a valid, numeric parameter for ICRIGHT.

#### ARY967E Parameter to ICRIGHT too long. Invalid.

**Explanation:** A parameter to ICRIGHT is too long. ICRIGHT does not process more than eight digits in a parameter, which is more than double any reasonable value.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter for ICRIGHT.

### ARY968E Parameter to ICRIGHT is zero. Invalid.

**Explanation:** A parameter to ICRIGHT has the value zero. This is not supported.

**User response:** Specify non-zero parameters to ICRIGHT.

#### ARY969E ICRIGHT: unspecified column.

**Explanation:** ICRIGHT was invoked with no parameters and the cursor is not positioned in the dynamic panel area.

**User response:** Either put the cursor in the column that should be scrolled or specify the column by number. Column numbers can refer to visible columns (in the current display window) only. Number starts at 1, on the left side.

### ARY971E ICRIGHT: Column number specified is too big.

**Explanation:** A column number parameter to ICRIGHT must be between 1 and the number of columns currently on the display screen.

**User response:** To refer to a column by number, you must first position the display window so that the desired column is visible.

### ARY972E Invalid parameter to ICLEFT; Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** A parameter to ICLEFT is not numeric. ICLEFT (inner column scroll left) accepts either zero, one, or two numeric parameters. ICLEFT can be abbreviated as ICL.

User response: Specify a valid parameter for ICLEFT.

### ARY973E Parameter to ICLEFT too long. Invalid.

**Explanation:** A parameter to ICLEFT is too long. ICLEFT does not process more than eight digits in a parameter which is more than double reasonable value.

**User response:** Specify a parameter less than or equal to eight digits for ICLEFT.

#### ARY974E Parameter to ICLEFT is zero. Invalid.

**Explanation:** A parameter to ICLEFT has the value zero. This is not supported.

User response: Specify a non-zero number for ICLEFT.

#### ARY975E ICLEFT: unspecified column.

**Explanation:** ICLEFT was invoked with no parameters and the cursor is not positioned in the dynamic panel area.

**User response:** Either put the cursor in the column that should be scrolled or specify the column by number. Column numbers can refer to visible columns (in the current display window) only. Numbering starts at 1 on the left side.

# ARY976E Column selected not sortable. Sort selection list presented.

**Explanation:** You cannot preform a SORT on the column you selected. Valid sort columns are displayed in the sort selection list.

**User response:** Sort on one of the valid columns displayed in the selection list.

# ARY977E ICLEFT: Column number specified is too big.

**Explanation:** A column number parameter to ICLEFT must be between 1 and the number of columns currently on the display screen.

**User response:** To refer to a column by number, you must first position the display window so that the desired column is visible.

# ARY978E Invalid column number specified for SORT (not numeric).

**Explanation:** A non-numeric value was specified for the column number sort parameter.

**User response:** Specify a column number parameter to CSORT that is between 1 and the number of columns currently on the display screen. This can be followed by a direction value A or D (ascending/ descending).

# ARY979E Invalid Column number specified. Too many digits.

**Explanation:** Invalid parameter to CSORT specified. More than eight digits were specified. Parsing stops at eight digits.

**User response:** Specify a column number parameter between 1 and the number of columns currently on the display screen. This can be followed by a direction value A or D (ascending/descending).

### ARY980E Invalid Column number specified: zero.

**Explanation:** Invalid parameter to CSORT was specified (zero)

**User response:** Specify a column number parameter to CSORT that is between 1 and the number of columns currently on the display screen. This can be followed by a direction value A or D (ascending/ descending).

### ARY981E Invalid Column number specified: out of range.

**Explanation:** Invalid parameter to CSORT was specified (zero).

**User response:** Specify a column number parameter to CSORT that is between 1 and the number of columns currently on the display screen. This can be followed by a direction value A or D (ascending/ descending).

### ARY982E Invalid View. View adjusted.

**Explanation:** The current view was adjusted but not deleted. The saved view did not match the report requirements. This could be caused by the report changing or the view file getting corrupted.

**User response:** The adjusted view will be used. You can issue CSET to modify the view.

### ARY983E Invalid View. View deleted.

**Explanation:** Invalid data was found in a view for this report. The view was deleted and contents ignored. This could be caused by the report changing or the view file getting corrupted.

**User response:** You can issue CSET to create a view that will match the current report.

# ARY984E Unexpected return code from TBSTATS: return code

**Explanation:** An unexpected failure issuing TBSTATS was received.

**User response:** Please refer to the ISPF Services Guide for (hex) return code descriptions. Also, review the ISPTLIB and ISPTABL allocations. For information about ISPTLIB and ISPBABL, see ISPF manuals.

### ARY985E View Library not allocated.

**Explanation:** A view input library has not been allocated. In order for a user to save and use report customizations that are created via the CSET command, ISPTABL and ISPTLIB must be allocated.

**User response:** Refer to ISPF manuals for information on ISPTLIB and ISPTABL.

### ARY986E TBCREATE failed. RC=return code

**Explanation:** TBCREATE was issued to create a view. It failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

### ARY987E TBOPEN failed. RC=return code

**Explanation:** TBOPEN was issued to open a view. It failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

### ARY988E TBGET failed. RC=return code

**Explanation:** A TBGET produced a return code (as indicated in the message).

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

### ARY989E TBMOD failed. RC=return code

**Explanation:** A TBMOD produced an error and return code (as indicated in the message).

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

### ARY990E TBCLOSE failed. RC=return code

**Explanation:** TBCLOSE failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

#### ARY991E TBDELETE failed. RC=return code

**Explanation:** TBDELETE failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

#### ARY992E Invalid selection.

**Explanation:** A command that is not supported on this panel was selected.

User response: Issue a valid command for the panel.

#### ARY993I Permanent view not supported.

**Explanation:** ARY has detected something that prevents views from being saved. The permanent view flag cannot be set to Y. The most likely cause of this is that either ISPTLIB or ISPTABL (or both) have not been properly allocated.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the ISPF Services Guide.

#### ARY994E Invalid row number.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued with an invalid parameter of zero. CEXPAND can be issued with no parameters and the cursor on a data field, or with two parameters. The two parameters are the row number, followed by the column number of the data element to be expanded. The row number is counted down from the top, starting with the first scrollable row (heading not counted). The column number is counted from left to right, starting with the left column in the current display window.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter count for use with CEXPAND.

### ARY995E Invalid column number.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued with an invalid parameter of zero. CEXPAND can be issued with no parameters and the cursor on a data field, or with two parameters. The two parameters are the row number, followed by the column number of the data element to be expanded. The row number is counted down from the top, starting with the first scrollable row (heading not counted). The column number is counted from left to right, starting with the left column in the current display window.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter count for use with CEXPAND.

#### ARY996E Invalid digits.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued with an invalid parameter of zero. CEXPAND can be issued with no parameters and the cursor on a data field, or with two parameters. The two parameters are the row number, followed by the column number of the data element to be expanded. The row number is counted down from the top, starting with the first scrollable row (heading not counted). The column number is counted from left to right, starting with the left column in the current display window.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter count for use with CEXPAND.

#### ARY997E Too many digits.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued with an invalid parameter of zero. CEXPAND can be issued with no parameters and the cursor on a data field, or with two parameters. The two parameters are the row number, followed by the column number of the data element to be expanded. The row number is counted down from the top, starting with the first scrollable row (heading not counted). The column number is counted from left to right, starting with the left column in the current display window.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter count for use with CEXPAND.

### ARY998E Zero parameter invalid.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued with an invalid parameter of zero. CEXPAND can be issued with no parameters and the cursor on a data field, or with two parameters. The two parameters are the row number, followed by the column number of the data element to be expanded. The row number is counted down from the top, starting with the first scrollable row (heading not counted). The column number is counted from left to right, starting with the left column in the current display window.

User response: Specify a non-zero parameter.

### ARY999E Invalid parameter count: must be either two or zero parms.

**Explanation:** CEXPAND was issued with an invalid number of parameters. CEXPAND can be issued with no parameters and the cursor on a data field, or with two parameters. The two parameters are the row number, followed by the column number of the data element to be expanded. The row number is counted down from the top, starting with the first scrollable row (heading not counted). The column number is counted from left to right, starting with the left column in the current display window.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter count for use with CEXPAND.

### ARY1001E Could not open the SYSOUT data set for output.

**Explanation:** The SYSOUT data set defined in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL could not be opened for output.

**User response:** Verify that the SYSOUT data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

### ARY1002E The SYSOUT DD must have a 133 byte LRECL.

**Explanation:** The SYSOUT DD specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL does not have a 133-byte LRECL.

**User response:** Ensure your SYSOUT DD has a 133-byte LRECL and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

# ARY1010E The following space is not set to LOG for a required log range.

**Explanation:** The space listed in the messages is not set to LOG for a required log range.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1012E No valid full image copy in the SYSCOPY history was found for space(s): spaces

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to find a valid full image copy in the SYSCOPY history for the table space(s) indicated in the message. DB2 Recovery Expert requires a full image copy registered in SYSCOPY.

**User response:** Ensure the image copy is registered in SYSCOPY and that it is valid.

### ARY1013E A table update ICTYPE was found in SYSCOPY that did not log for space(s): spaces

**Explanation:** There were multiple spaces being processed for which it was impossible for DB2 Recovery Expert to process due to the fact that some operation (such as LOAD REPLACE LOG(NO), REORG LOG(NO), etc.) occurred at some point between the selected starting point and the specified end point.

User response: No action is required.

**ARY1014I Database:** *database* **Space:** *space* **Partition**: *partition* 

**Explanation:** This message is issued in conjunction with other DB2 Recovery Expert messages to indicate the database, space, and partition for which other messages apply.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1015E Could not determine disk/tape status of unit name.

**Explanation:** The device type for work data sets entered in the control file is invalid.

**User response:** Enter the correct device type.

# ARY1016E The device type of the unit name from the control file could not be determined.

**Explanation:** The device type for work data sets entered in the control file is invalid.

**User response:** Enter the correct device type.

# ARY1017E The REPORT utility returned an unrecoverable error.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY1018E The FULL image copy DD CA(LP/LB/RP/RB) {1} is missing from the JCL. Each CAxxnnnn DD correlates to each SPACE(...) control card group.

**Explanation:** The full image copy data set is not included in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL.

**User response:** Verify that the JCL is formatted correctly and contains the necessary information for your DB2 Recovery Expert job.

# ARY1019E The FULL image copy DD CA {1} refers to a DSNAME already in SYSCOPY.

**Explanation:** You specified a full image copy data set name that already exists in SYSCOPY.

**User response:** Specify a different image copy data set name.

# ARY1020I Each CAxxnnnn DD correlates to each SPACE(...) control card group.

**Explanation:** Each CAxxxx DD statement must be associated with a corresponding SPACE(...) control card group.

**User response:** Verify that the JCL is formatted correctly and that each CAxxxx DD statement is associated with a SPACE(...) control card group.

# ARY1021E The TO\_QUIESCE control card was specified, but no quiesce point was found.

**Explanation:** The TO\_QUIESCE control card directs DB2 Recovery Expert to read the log and incorporate

data into the image copy up to the most recent quiesce point but no quiesce point was found.

User response: No action is required.

ARY1022E The stop point precedes the start point for space: Database: database Table space: table\_space Partition: partition Start point X'startpoint' End point X'endpoint'.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert job will not run if the stop point proceeds the start point for the listed database, table space, partition.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

ARY1023I The version of DB2 subsystem *ssid* is *ver*.

**Explanation:** Displays the SSID and the version of the DB2 subsystem.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1024I The version of DB2 group attach member\_name is version.

**Explanation:** Displays the version of DB2 group attach that the DB2 group attach member subsystem is running.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1025I The table space table\_space is non-partitioned.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the table space displayed in the message is non-partitioned.

User response: No action is required.

**ARY1026I** The table space table\_space contains *n* partitions.

**Explanation:** Indicates the number of partitions that the table space (displayed in the message) contains.

User response: No action is required.

**ARY1027I DB2** Recovery Expert will process dataset for tablespace tablespace.

**Explanation:** Indicates the data set name that DB2 Recovery Expert will process.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1028I The image copy is of all parts.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the image copy is of all partitions of the table space.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1029I The image copy contains one partition (*partition*).

**Explanation:** Indicates the one partition that the image copy contains.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY1030E A concurrent image copy was found in the SYSCOPY history. It cannot be used.

**Explanation:** The DFDSS concurrent image copy that was found cannot be read by DB2 Recovery Expert.

**User response:** Select an alternative mechanism by which to recover the space.

### ARY1031I Only partition *partition* within the image copy will be updated with log data and written to an individual partition copy.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert will only update the partition within the image copy with log data and will write to an individual partition image copy.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1032I All partitions will be updated with log data.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert will update all partitions with log data.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1033E A partial recovery point was found in SYSCOPY and its data set name does not match the data set name specified in the STARTING\_IC control card.

**Explanation:** Although you specified a particular starting point, it cannot be used because a partial recovery point was found in SYSCOPY and the data set associated with it has to be used instead.

**User response:** You must remove the STARTING\_IC control card from your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

# **ARY1034I DB2** Recovery Expert will process the log only for table space *table\_space* **PART** *part.*

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert will process only the log for the indicated table space and partition.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1035E An image copy was found, but its RBA precedes the logging start point.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that although an image copy was found, it could not be used since its RBA precedes the logging start point.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY1036I DB2 Recovery Expert processing ends.

**Explanation:** Indicates that DB2 Recovery Expert processing has completed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1038E An incremental image copy was marked as cataloged in SYSCOPY, but was not found in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that although an incremental image copy was marked as cataloged in SYSCOPY, it was not found in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY1039E At least two end points within a single GROUP() are not the same.

**Explanation:** At least two end points within a GROUP are not the same.

**User response:** Verify that the end points you defined are correct.

### ARY1040I The SPACE(...) set involved that the error was detected in was #'XXXXX'

**Explanation:** There was an error in the SPACE set indicated in the message.

**User response:** Verify the correct SPACE syntax has been specified.

### ARY1041W An error occurred during processing, but was overridden. Check all messages.

Explanation: An error occurred.

**User response:** Check messages for an error in processing.

### ARY1042W All objects are marked to skip. Log reading and further processing skipped.

**Explanation:** All objects are marked to skip so DB2 Recovery Expert will skip further processing and log reading.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY1043I Only LOB tablespaces with 4G DSSIZE values are supported at this time.

Explanation: Support will be added in the future.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1044I The attach of program &ARY.#LGAP failed.

Explanation: An internal error was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY1045I An error occurred within the log apply program.

Explanation: Internal error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY1046I The space processing DATABASE\_NAME.SPACE\_NAME partition NUMBER was set to TO\_CURRENT

**Explanation:** The end point for the object indicated in the message was set to TO\_CURRENT.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY1049E databaseName.tablespaceName Part #nnnnn Consistent RBA/LRSN = X'rba/lrsn'.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert applied all committed units of work up to RBA/LRSN *rba/lrsn*. This message is issued for each table. In a DB2 data sharing environment, a decimal format timestamp is converted from the hexadecimal RBA/LRSN and displayed in the message.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1050I Tape image copy process was optimized. Space count *x*. Group count 1.

**Explanation:** When a DSNUM 0 image copy is on tape and the value of the PARALLEL *y* parameter is greater than 1, only one log apply task is performed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1051I Unused groups were dropped.

Explanation: Empty groups were found and deleted.

User response: See related messages for details.

# ARY1052I Tape image copy (IC) process required log apply by one task.

**Explanation:** The product detected a tape VOLSER usage collision. To avoid an OPEN error, spaces will be processed in one group.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY1053E The target table space cannot be configured for multiple tables.

**Explanation:** A multi-table image copy cannot be specified when the OBIDXLAT\_CATALOG control card is specified.

**User response:** Specify a single-table image copy or remove the OBIDXLAT\_CATALOG control card from the job.

#### ARY1053W Space order collision detected.

**Explanation:** Spaces could not be processed in the supplied order. To avoid space process lock, space redistribution will be performed.

User response: No action is required.

ARY1054I Space #<space\_count> round robin distribution used. Group #<group\_count>.

**Explanation:** Space redistribution was performed by round robin algorithm.

User response: No action is required.

ARY1055I Space #<space\_count> round robin distribution used. Group #<group\_count>.

**Explanation:** Space redistribution was performed by round robin algorithm.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1101E The first control card was not a request for DB2 Recovery Expert.

**Explanation:** The JCL you submitted did not specify REDIRECTED\_RESTORE as the first control card in the DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

**User response:** Correct the DB2 Recovery Expert syntax. REDIRECTED\_RESTORE is the main DB2 Recovery Expert keyword. An open parenthesis must follow this keyword and the remainder of the DB2 Recovery Expert keywords must be contained within.

### ARY1103E Invalid syntax after REDIRECTED\_RESTORE control card. Expected "(".

**Explanation:** The syntax after the REDIRECTED\_RESTORE control card is not valid.

**User response:** Ensure the DB2 Recovery Expert control cards are enclosed in parentheses.

#### ARY1105E Invalid syntax after SPACE control card. Expected "(".

**Explanation:** The syntax after the SPACE control card is not valid.

**User response:** Ensure the DB2 Recovery Expert control cards are enclosed in parentheses.

ARY1106E The data base parameter was specified but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the DATA\_BASE parameter but did not specify a corresponding value.

**User response:** Enter the 8-character database name following the DATA\_BASE keyword.

# ARY1107E The table space name parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the SPACE\_NAME parameter but did not specify a corresponding value.

**User response:** Enter the 8-character database name following the SPACE\_NAME keyword.

### ARY1108E The partition parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the PARTITION parameter but did not specify a corresponding value.

**User response:** Enter a partition number next to the PARITION keyword.

#### ARY1109E The data base parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The DATA\_BASE syntax is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the DATA\_BASE keyword has been properly specified in your JCL.

#### ARY1110E The space name parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The SPACE\_NAME syntax is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the SPACE\_NAME keyword has been properly specified in your JCL.

#### ARY1111E The partition parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The PARTITION syntax is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the PARTITION keyword has been properly specified in your JCL.

### ARY1112E The end RBA parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the END\_RBA keyword but did not specify a corresponding value.

**User response:** Enter a valid value for the END\_RBA keyword.

#### ARY1113E Syntax error around end RBA value. Form is X'<6 byte hex value>'.

**Explanation:** The end RBA must be in the format x'nnnnn' where nnnnn is the hexadecimal value of the end RBA.

**User response:** Enter the end RBA value in the correct format.

### ARY1114E The end RBA value contains an invalid hexadecimal value.

**Explanation:** The hexadecimal value specified for the end RBA is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the end RBA value.

#### ARY1115E The end RBA value cannot be 0.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the END\_RBA keyword cannot be 0.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the END\_RBA keyword.

ARY1116E The end RBA value was already specified before end LRSN in a control group.

**Explanation:** In the DB2 Recovery Expert JCL, the end RBA value is specified before end LRSN for the group.

**User response:** You can only specify end RBA or End LRSN, not both. Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1117E The end LRSN parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The END\_LRSN keyword is missing its parameter value.

**User response:** Enter the end LRSN following the END\_LRSN keyword.

#### ARY1118E Syntax error around end LRSN value. Form is X"<6 byte hex value>".

**Explanation:** The end LRSN must be in the format X"nnnnn", where nnnnn is the hex value of the end LRSN.

**User response:** Enter the end LRSN value in the correct format.

### ARY1119E The end LRSN value contains an invalid hexadecimal value.

**Explanation:** The hexadecimal value entered is invalid.

User response: Enter the correct value.

#### ARY1120E The end LRSN value cannot be 0.

**Explanation:** The end LRSN cannot be 0.

User response: Enter the correct value.

# ARY1121E The end LRSN value was already specified before end RBA in a control group.

**Explanation:** In the DB2 Recovery Expert JCL, the end LRSN value is specified before end RBA for the group.

**User response:** You can only specify end RBA or End LRSN, not both. Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1122E One of the following options must be specified: TO\_CURRENT, TO\_QUIESCE, END\_RBA, END\_LRSN, TO\_IC, TO\_TIMESTAMP, TO\_TIMESTAMP\_LOCAL, or TOLOGPOINT.

**Explanation:** The product requires a log range end point to complete the process.

**User response:** Ensure that the control card set includes a valid end point control card or a single end point control card factored out at the group level. You can use one of the options listed in the message text.

### ARY1123E Only one end point (END\_RBA, END\_LRSN, TO\_CURRENT, TO\_QUIESCE, TO\_TIMESTAMP, TO\_TIMESTAMP\_LOCAL, TO\_IC, or TOLOGPOINT) can be specified.

**Explanation:** You specified more than one end point parameter.

User response: Specify only one end point parameter.

### ARY1124E The starting image copy value has mismatched apostrophes.

**Explanation:** An apostrophe is missing from the starting image copy data set name on the STARTING\_IC keyword.

**User response:** Ensure the DB2 Recovery Expert control cards are enclosed in parentheses.

### ARY1125E The starting image copy value has no contents.

**Explanation:** There is a problem with the starting image copy data set name included with the STARTING\_IC keyword. Either the data set name is missing or spelled incorrectly, the data set cannot be opened, or the data set is not a valid image copy data set.

User response: Specify the correct data set.

ARY1126E A token value was found that was either noDB2 Recovery Expert command set or was misplaced in the DB2 Recovery Expert control cards. The value of the invalid token is:

**Explanation:** An invalid keyword appears in the control cards.

**User response:** Check the list of valid keywords and parameters, correct the keyword, and resubmit.

### ARY1127E A table/index space name pair or index name pair is incomplete.

**Explanation:** One of the table/index space name pairs you specified is incomplete.

**User response:** Verify that all table/index space name pairs have been specified correctly. Edit your JCL as needed and resubmit the job.

### ARY1128E The space does not exist in the DB2 catalog.

**Explanation:** The table space you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL does not exist in the DB2 catalog.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1129E A partition was specified for {x} but the space is non-partitioned.

**Explanation:** A partition was specified for a non-partitioned table space.

**User response:** Correct the DB2 Recovery Expert JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1130E A partition was specified for {x} but the partition is not defined.

**Explanation:** A partition was specified but no partition is defined for that table space.

**User response:** Specify the correct table space partition information.

### ARY1131E In a data sharing environment, specifying RBA values is not allowed.

**Explanation:** You specified an RBA value in a data sharing environment. RBA values are not available for use in data sharing environments.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job. If necessary use LRSN values instead of RBA values.

# ARY1132E In a non data sharing environment, specifying LRSN values is not allowed.

**Explanation:** You are currently using a data sharing environment so the LRSN values you specified are not allowed.

**User response:** Do not use an LRSN value in your JCL or profile.

# ARY1133E The command set must end with a close parenthesis ")".

**Explanation:** There is no close parenthesis following the DB2 Recovery Expert input cards.

**User response:** Enter a close parenthesis following the DB2 Recovery Expert input cards.

# ARY1134E The command set has extra parameters after the close parenthesis.

**Explanation:** A command is outside the close parenthesis.

**User response:** Ensure the DB2 Recovery Expert control cards are enclosed in parentheses.

# ARY1135E The SYSINARY DD card could not be found in the JCL.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert requires the SYSINARY DD as input to the job. The SYSINARY DD could not be found in the JCL.

**User response:** Specify this DD as instream or as a data set.

# ARY1136E The SYSINARY DD card could not be opened for input.

**Explanation:** The SYSINARY DD points to a data set but that data set could not be opened for input.

**User response:** Verify that the SYSINARY DD is not being accessed by other resources and resubmit the job.

# ARY1137E The SYSINARY DD input stream is empty.

**Explanation:** No control cards appear in the input stream file or the input data set.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1138E The parsing process gave an invalid return code.

**Explanation:** There is an error in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1139E The functional limit of DB2 Recovery Expert is 20000 Space control card groups.

**Explanation:** You specified more than 20000 DB2 Recovery Expert SPACE control card groups.

**User response:** Specify less than 20000 SPACE control card groups.

# ARY1140E The following object is specified at least 2 times in the control cards:

**Explanation:** You specified the listed object twice or more in the control cards.

**User response:** Specify the object at most once in the control card.

### ARY1141E An all parts DB2 Recovery Expert cannot overlap a single part DB2 Recovery Expert for the same object. The two objects are:

Explanation: There is an error in your JCL.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and resubmit the job.

# ARY1142E The DATABASE keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the DATABASE parameter more than once for the SPACE group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1143E The SPACE\_NAME keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the SPACE\_NAME parameter more than once for the SPACE group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1144E The PARTITION keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the PARTITION parameter more than once for the SPACE group.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1145E The END\_RBA keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You can only specify the END\_RBA once for each SPACE group.

**User response:** Correct the DB2 Recovery Expert JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1146E The END\_LSRN keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the END\_LRSN parameter more than once for the SPACE group.

**User response:** Specify the END\_LRSN parameter at most once in the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1147E The TO\_CURRENT keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the TO\_CURRENT keyword more than once for the SPACE group.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1148E The TO\_QUIESCE keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the TO\_QUIESCE parameter more than once for the SPACE group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1149E The STARTING\_IC keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the STARTING\_IC parameter more than once for the SPACE group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1150E The MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** You specified the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 keyword multiple times for the DB2 Recovery Expert GROUP keyword. Only one MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 keyword can be specified for each GROUP keyword.

**User response:** Remove the extra MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 keywords, leaving at most one.

# ARY1151E The NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** You specified the NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW parameter more than once for the job.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1152E The RECOVERY\_SITE keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** You specified the RECOVERY\_SITE parameter more than once for the job.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1153E The LOCAL\_SITE keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** You specified the LOCAL\_SITE parameter more than once for the job.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1154E The SPACE(...) set involved that the error was detected in was #.

**Explanation:** This message indicates the SPACE set number for which the error was detected.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY1155I Control card stream processed by DB2 Recovery Expert follows...

**Explanation:** Indicates the control card stream that was processed by DB2 Recovery Expert.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY1156I DB2 Recovery Expert processing messages follow...

**Explanation:** Indicates that there are DB2 Recovery Expert messages that follow.

User response: Evaluate the message as necessary.

### ARY1157E The MINI\_LOG\_DSN/ MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** You specified the MINI\_LOG\_DSN or MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 keywords multiple times for the DB2 Recovery Expert GROUP keyword. Only one MINI\_LOG\_DSN or MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 keywords can be specified for each GROUP keyword.

**Note:** MINI\_LOG\_DSN and MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 are functionally identical.

**User response:** Code only a single MINI\_LOG\_DSN or MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 keyword per group.

# ARY1158E The GROUP(...) set involved that the error was detected in was #'{x}'.

**Explanation:** Indicates the GROUP set for which an error was detected.

**User response:** Verify the syntax of the indicated GROUP set and correct as needed.

# ARY1160E Either all groups need a mini-log data set or all groups must be without them.

**Explanation:** You have specified a mini log data set for some but not all groups in the JCL.

**User response:** Either specify a mini log data set for all groups or none of the groups within the JCL.

# ARY1161E Each group must have it's own unique mini log data set name.

**Explanation:** The mini log data sets you specified are not all unique.

**User response:** Rename mini log data sets so the each have a unique name.

# ARY1162E The data set *dataset* already exists in the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log control table.

**Explanation:** The data set you specified in the data set name generation qualifier string already exists in the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log control table.

**User response:** Specify a unique mini log data set name.

# ARY1163E The specified mini log data set *data\_set* already exists in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** The mini log data set shown in the message is not unique and already exists in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** Specify a unique mini log data set name.

# ARY1164W The NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW control card is ignored when producing mini logs.

**Explanation:** You used the NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW control card in the JCL but this parameter is ignored when producing mini logs.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1165E The mini log data set value has mismatched apostrophes.

**Explanation:** The value you specified for MINI\_LOG\_DSN is not enclosed in matching apostrophes.

**User response:** Correct the apostrophes in your JCL and resubmit the job.
### ARY1166E The mini log data set value has no contents.

**Explanation:** The MINI\_LOG\_DSN keyword has been specified without a value.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the MINI\_LOG\_DSN keyword.

### ARY1167E Operations on the DB2 directory are not allowed.

**Explanation:** You attempted to image copy the DB2 directory table space. This operation is not allowed.

**User response:** Do not perform operations on the DB2 directory.

#### ARY1168E Operations on the DB2 Catalog table space DSNDB06.SYSCOPY are not allowed.

**Explanation:** You attempted to image copy the DB2 catalog table space. This operation is not allowed.

**User response:** Do not perform operations on the DB2 catalog.

# ARY1169E Control cards for SPACE() group cannot refer to both indexes and tables.

**Explanation:** Control cards within the SPACE() group refer to both indexes and tables. This is not allowed.

**User response:** Edit your JCL so the SPACE() group control cards refer to either indexes or tables (but not both).

# ARY1170E The index creator name parm was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** If you specify an index creator name, you must specify a value with it.

**User response:** Specify a value for the index creator parameter.

#### ARY1171E The index creator parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The parameter you specified for the index creator is not valid.

User response: Specify a valid index creator value.

# ARY1172E The CREATOR\_NAME keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified multiple

CREATOR\_NAME keywords for a space group. You can only specify the CREATOR\_NAME keyword once for the space group.

User response: Remove all extra CREATOR\_NAME

keywords and resubmit your DB2 Recovery Expert job.

# ARY1173E The index name parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the INDEX\_NAME parameter but no value was specified with it.

**User response:** Specify a value for the INDEX\_NAME keyword or remove the keyword.

#### ARY1174E The index name parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The specification of the INDEX\_NAME parameter is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the INDEX\_NAME parameter specification.

# ARY1175E The INDEX\_NAME keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** The INDEX\_NAME keyword was specified more than once for the space group.

**User response:** Remove all unnecessary INDEX\_NAME keywords from the space group. Only one INDEX\_NAME keyword can be specified for the group.

## ARY1176E The index *index* was not found in the DB2 catalog.

**Explanation:** The index indicated in the message was not found in the DB2 Catalog. Processing cannot proceed for the indicated index.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY1177E The value was not properly enclosed with apostrophes.

**Explanation:** The syntax you specified was not valid. The value must be enclosed in apostrophes but was not.

**User response:** Correct the syntax by enclosing the value in apostrophes.

#### ARY1178E Error index space <DBNAME>.<SPNAME> Part <NUMB> does not have COPY=YES activated in DB2.

**Explanation:** The index cannot be copied because COPY=YES is not specified.

**User response:** Specify COPY=YES for the index.

#### ARY1179I • ARY1190E

#### ARY1179I The index index does not exist in the DB2 catalog.

**Explanation:** The index indicated in the message was not found in the DB2 catalog. Processing cannot proceed for the indicated index.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1180E The LOCAL\_SITE and RECOVERY\_SITE control cards cannot be specified together.

**Explanation:** LOCAL\_SITE and RECOVERY\_SITE control cards are mutually exclusive.

**User response:** Specify either LOCAL\_SITE or RECOVERY\_SITE but not both.

#### ARY1181E The WRITE\_TO\_VSAM keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** The WRITE\_TO\_VSAM control card was specified multiple times. It should be specified at most once.

**User response:** Correct the syntax and resubmit the job.

#### ARY1182E The NO\_MINILOG\_CHECKPOINTS keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** Multiple instances of the NO\_MINILOG\_CHECKPOINTS keyword have been coded in your DB2 Recovery Expert job. This keyword can only be coded once for your run.

**User response:** Remove all extraneous instances of the NO\_MINILOG\_CHECKPOINTS keyword from your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

# ARY1183E The NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW control card is ignored when writing directly to VSAM.

**Explanation:** The NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW control card is used if you want DB2 Recovery Expert to skip updating the SYSCOPY catalog table with a new row for the new image copy. If you specify WRITE\_TO\_VSAM or WRITE\_TO\_BOTH, this is not applicable and therefore, the NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW control card will be ignored and the SYSCOPY catalog table will be updated with a new row for the image copy.

**User response:** No action is required. If you do not want the SYSCOPY catalog table to be updated with a new row for the image copy, specify WRITE\_TO\_COPIES

#### ARY1184E The WRITE\_TO\_VSAM and MINI\_LOG\_DSN control cards are mutually exclusive.

**Explanation:** Your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax includes both the WRITE\_TO\_VSAM and MINI\_LOG\_DSN control cards. The WRITE\_TO\_VSAM control card cannot be used with the MINI\_LOG\_DSN control card.

**User response:** Correct your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

#### ARY1185E The control card set ended prematurely. Ensure proper continuation syntax

**Explanation:** The REDIRECTED\_RESTORE control card set contains an error and as a result ended prematurely.

**User response:** Check and correct your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

# ARY1186E The WRITE\_TO\_COPIES keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** The WRITE\_TO\_COPIES keyword has been specified more than once in a REDIRECTED\_RESTORE run.

**User response:** Correct your syntax by removing any extra WRITE\_TO\_COPIES keywords.

# ARY1187E The WRITE\_TO\_BOTH keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** The WRITE\_TO\_BOTH keyword has been specified more than once for a single REDIRECTED\_RESTORE run.

**User response:** Correct your syntax by removing any extra WRITE\_TO\_BOTH keywords.

# ARY1188E Only one WRITE\_TO\_ control card can be specified per run.

**Explanation:** Multiple WRITE\_TO\_ (WRITE\_TO\_VSAM, WRITE\_TO\_COPIES, WRITE\_TO\_BOTH) control cards have been specified in your JCL. Only one is allowed per run.

**User response:** Remove all extraneous WRITE\_TO\_ control cards and resubmit the job. If you want to write to VSAM and to image copies, specify WRITE\_TO\_BOTH.

# ARY1190E An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the ZPARM information.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an unexpected error when attempting to read ZPARM information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY1191E Mini log data set #1 must be specified if mini log data set #2 is specified.

**Explanation:** If you specify a secondary mini log data set, you must also specify a primary mini log data set. Thus, if you include the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 control card in your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax, you must also include the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 control card in your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

**Note:** If you specify a primary mini log data set, you are not required to specify a secondary mini log data set.

**User response:** To resolve this issue, you must do one of the following:

- remove the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 control card from your syntax
- specify both MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 and MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2
- specify only MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1

# ARY1192E The TOLOGPOINT parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** Your syntax includes the TOLOGPOINT control card but no value was specified. The TOLOGPOINT control card must specify a valid log point to which you want to make the image copy.

**User response:** Verify that the correct TOLOGPOINT syntax is specified in your syntax. Ensure that a log point value is specified for the TOLOGPOINT control card.

# ARY1193E Syntax error around TOLOGPOINT value. Form is X'<6 byte hex value>'.

**Explanation:** A syntax error was detected for the TOLOGPOINT control card.

**User response:** Verify that the log point you specified is a six-byte hexadecimal value.

## ARY1194E The TOLOGPOINT value contains an invalid hexadecimal value.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the TOLOGPOINT control card is not a valid hexadecimal value.

**User response:** Correct the value specified for the TOLOTPOINT control card. Ensure that you specify a valid hexadecimal value to indicate the point up to which you want to make the image copy.

#### ARY1195E The TOLOGPOINT value can not be 0.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the TOLOGPOINT control card is not valid. You cannot specify a value of 0.

**User response:** Correct the value specified for the TOLOTPOINT control card. Ensure that you specify a valid hexadecimal value that indicates the point up to which you want to make the image copy.

# ARY1196E The TOLOGPOINT value was already specified before end LRSN in a control group.

**Explanation:** The TOLOGPOINT value overrides the specified END\_LRSN control card.

**User response:** Remove the unnecessary END\_LRSN control card and adjust the TOLOGPOINT value as needed or remove the TOLOGPOINT control card.

# ARY1197E The TOLOGPOINT keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** The TOLOGPOINT control card need only be specified once for a space group.

**User response:** Remove the extra TOLOGPOINT control card and ensure that the TOLOGPOINT control card that remains in your syntax is set to the correct log point.

#### ARY1198E The grouping end point conflicts/duplicates a SPACE() level end point.

**Explanation:** The GROUP end point is invalid and conflicts with that of the SPACE level.

User response: Correct the syntax.

## ARY1199E The FORCE\_COPIES keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** You coded the FORCE\_COPIES control card multiple times for the run.

**User response:** Check your syntax and remove any unnecessarily FORCE\_COPIES control cards. Only one FORCE\_COPIES control card is allowed per run.

#### ARY1200E The subsystem DB2 Recovery Expert was started with could not be found in JES2.

**Explanation:** The subsystem DB2 Recovery Expert was started with could not be found in JES2.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified the correct subsystem.

## ARY1201E The subsystem DB2 Recovery Expert was started with is not active in JES2.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the subsystem that DB2 Recovery Expert was started with is not active in JES2.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY1202E There are no active DB2 members on this machine for this data sharing group.

**Explanation:** The data sharing group you specified does not have any active DB2 members so DB2 Recovery Expert processing cannot proceed.

**User response:** Specify a valid data sharing group attach name or a valid subsystem on which the DB2 Recovery Expert processing can run.

#### ARY1203I DB2 subsystem is not defined to OS/390. Using group attach name instead.

**Explanation:** The DB2 subsystem you specified is not defined on OS/390<sup>®</sup>. If you use a group attach name, you will be able to connect to a DB2 subsystem that is active on OS/390.

**User response:** Edit your DB2 Recovery Expert setup to connect to a group attach name or to connect to a DB2 subsystem that is active on OS/390.

#### ARY1204I DB2 subsystem is not active on OS/390. Using group attach name instead.

**Explanation:** The DB2 subsystem you specified is not active on OS/390. If you use a group attach name, you will be able to connect to a DB2 subsystem that is active on OS/390.

**User response:** Edit your DB2 Recovery Expert setup to connect to a group attach name or to connect to a DB2 subsystem that is active on OS/390.

#### ARY1205I The subsystem DB2 Recovery Expert was started with is the group attach name.

**Explanation:** This message indicates the subsystem group attach name that DB2 Recovery Expert process is using.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1206I The following subsystems are part of the data sharing group.

**Explanation:** This message, in conjunction with message ARY1207I, provides the following information about the subsystem on which your DB2 Recovery Expert job ran:

- Subsystem-the subsystem.
- Member ID—the member ID.
- Defined to OS/390—whether this member is defined to OS/390.
- Active—whether this member is known to this OS/390 running on OS/390.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert cannot detect the status of a member that is not running on this OS/390. Although a DB2 member may appear to be inactive, it may be running on another OS/390. Regardless, DB2 Recovery Expert reads the logs and processes all of the necessary files from each member of the data sharing group.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY1207I Subsystem: subsystem Member ID: memberid Defined to OS/390: system Active: status

**Explanation:** This message, in conjunction with message ARY1206I, provides the following information about the subsystem on which your DB2 Recovery Expert job ran:

- The subsystem.
- The member ID.
- Whether or not this member is defined to OS/390.
- Whether or not this member is running on OS/390.

**Note:** DB2 Recovery Expert cannot detect the status of a member that is not running on this OS/390. Although a DB2 member may appear to be inactive, it may be running on another OS/390. Regardless, DB2 Recovery Expert reads the logs and processes all of the necessary files from each member of the data sharing group.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1208I ssids

**Explanation:** This message displays the SSIDs that accompany messages ARY1206I and ARY1207I.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1209E DB2 Recovery Expert is not in an APF authorized library. It needs to be.

**Explanation:** To run, DB2 Recovery Expert requires that the target load libraries SARYLOAD and SARYLOAD are APF authorized.

**User response:** Include the *highlevel*.SARYLOAD and *highlevel*.SARYLOAD libraries as part of your system APF authorized list.

### ARY1210E DB2 Recovery Expert needs to run from a //STEPLIB concatenation.

**Explanation:** Your JCL does not specify a //STEPLIB concatenation.

User response: Correct your JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY1211E The following data set in the //STEPLIB concatenation is not APF authorized: data\_set

**Explanation:** The data set indicated in the message requires APF authorization.

**User response:** APF authorize the data set indicated in the message.

# ARY1212E An internal error occurred attempting to ascertain APF authorization status.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY1300I The ENQs for the spaces were successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the ENQs for the table spaces completed successfully.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### **ARY1301E** The ENQ for database database PART part was not successful.

**Explanation:** Indicates the database and partition for which the ENQs did not complete successfully.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARY1400I Incremental image copy *image\_copy* could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** Indicates the incremental image copy that could not be allocated .

User response: No action is required.

## ARY1401I Incremental image copy *image\_copy* could not be deallocated.

**Explanation:** Indicates the incremental image copy that could not be deallocated .

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY1402E The desired incremental image copy could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the incremental image copy you specified.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use.

## ARY1403I The desired incremental image copy could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the incremental image copy you specified.

User response: Verify that the file is not in use.

## ARY1404I The incremental image copy work file could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the incremental image copy work file.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

# ARY1405I The incremental image copy sort input file could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the incremental image copy sort input file.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

# ARY1406I A read request to the current incremental image copy failed.

**Explanation:** A request to read the current incremental image copy was not successful.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

# ARY1407I Could not allocate the sort input work file for incr. IC processing.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was not able to allocate the sort input work file for incremental image copy processing.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to allocate this file.

# ARY1408I Could not allocate the sort output work file for incr. IC processing.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was not able to allocate the sort output work file for incremental image copy processing.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to allocate this file.

## ARY1409I An invalid return code was detected from the SORT program.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert detected an invalid return code when attempting to SORT.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY1410I • ARY1504E

#### ARY1410I Dynamic allocation return code =return code

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation produced the return code shown in the message.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to the publications *DB2 UDB for z/OS Messages* and *DB2 UDB for z/OS Codes* that are specific to your version of DB2 for more information.

#### ARY14111 The last reported incremental image copy returned an immediate EOF.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an immediate end of file for the last reported incremental image copy.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY1412I Image copy name=image\_copy RBA=rba.

Explanation: Indicates the image copy name and RBA.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY1413I The accumulation of incremental image copies failed.

**Explanation:** The accumulation of incremental image copies was not successful.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1414I The DB2 log will be used instead of the unusable incremental image copies.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the DB2 log will be used in the DB2 Recovery Expert process since the incremental image copies are unusable.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1415I The sort of the incremental image copies was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the sort of the incremental image copies completed successfully.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1416E DB2 Recovery Expert will process the following incremental image copy file(s):

**Explanation:** This message indicates the incremental image copy files that will be processed by DB2 Recovery Expert.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARY1417E** For table space: table\_space PART part

**Explanation:** This message is issued in association with ARY1416I and indicates the table space and partition to which ARY1416I applies.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1421E An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the bootstrap data set.

**Explanation:** The ZPARM member could not be found.

**User response:** Verify that the ZPARM information is accurate in the log apply job. Verify that the correct data sets containing the ZPARM member are allocated. Contact IBM Software Support if the problem persists.

### ARY1500I An invalid return code was detected from the SORT program (log).

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an invalid return log.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY1501E The following log data set is required for processing but got an error: *error*.

**Explanation:** DB2 requires the log data set for processing but received the indicated error code when attempting to access the data set.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

## ARY1502E A gap was found in the logs needed for processing. Last usable log was:

**Explanation:** A gap found in the logs required for processing was found. Logs after the gap were not usable. Subsequent message ARY1503I indicates the log data set name of the last usable log.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARY1503I data\_set\_name

**Explanation:** This message accompanies ARY1502I and indicates the log data set name that was last usable.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY1504E A desired log range cannot be found in any active/archive log.

**Explanation:** The log range is not available in any of the active or archive logs.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1506W The start point for log processing was not within any archive/active log range.

**Explanation:** The start point you defined in your JCL was not within any existing archive/active log ranges.

**User response:** Specify a valid start point for log processing.

### ARY1508I The sort of the applicable log records was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the sort of the applicable log records completed without error.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1510I Error code #1:'code' #2: 'code'

**Explanation:** This message indicates an internal error that occurs when the log reader process cannot allocate an active or archive log file

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return codes listed in the message. Refer to the publications *DB2 UDB for z/OS Messages* and *DB2 UDB for z/OS Codes* that are specific to your version of DB2 for more information.

# ARY1512E An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the bootstrap dataset.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to read the bootstrap dataset.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1513E An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the ZPARM information.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the ZPARM information.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1514E An error was detected during end log processing for subsystem *ssid* RC=*rc*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an error for the indicated subsystem.

**User response:** Refer to the publications *DB2 UDB for z*/*OS Messages* and *DB2 UDB for z*/*OS Codes* that are specific to your version of DB2 for more information.

### ARY1515I Log accumulated processing is beginning on subsystem *ssid*.

**Explanation:** Log accumulated processing has started on the subsystem indicated in the message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1516I Above the bar storage exhausted.

**Explanation:** The above the bar storage has been exhausted due to system or control card limits.

**User response:** The limit set by the maximum secondary allocation parameter has been met.

#### ARY1517I All start points are Sharelevel Reference; checkpoint processing skipped.

**Explanation:** This informational messages indicates that checkpoint processing has been skipped since all start points are Sharelevel Reference.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1518I Reading type dsn

**Explanation:** The message displays the type (archive or active) and data set name of the archive or active log data set being processed.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY1519W Log reader operating in no consistency checking mode.

**Explanation:** Either mini logs are being written in SHARELEVEL CHANGE mode or a WRITE\_TO\_VSAM operation is taking place and all end points are TO\_CURRENT.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1600E The file used to hold log records as input to sort could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the file used to hold log records as input to sort.

User response: Verify that the file is not in use.

## ARY1601E The file used to hold log records as input to sort could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the file used to hold log records as input to sort.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use.

# ARY1602E The file used to hold log records after they are sorted could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the file used to hold log records after they have been sorted.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not currently in use or damaged.

### ARY1603E The mini log data set *mini\_log\_dsn* could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the mini log data set.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not currently in use or damaged.

#### ARY1604E The mini log data set *min\_log\_dsn* could not be opened.

**Explanation:** There was a problem encountered when attempting to open the mini log data set.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not currently in use or damaged.

#### ARY1605E Dynamic allocation return code 'rc'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to the publications *DB2 UDB for z/OS Messages* and *DB2 UDB for z/OS Codes* that are specific to your version of DB2 for more information.

### ARY1606I The DB2 log record sort DD ddname was allocated.

**Explanation:** This message displays the input DDNAME. This message is output if DB2 Recovery Expert dynamically allocates the SORTIN2/SORTOUT2 DDNAMES. If the SORTIN2/SORTOUT2 DDNAMES are specified by the user in the step JCL, the messages does not appear and those DDs will be used as specified.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1607I The DB2 log record sort DD ddname was allocated.

**Explanation:** This message displays the output DDNAME. This message is output if DB2 Recovery Expert dynamically allocates the SORTIN2/SORTOUT2 DDNAMES. If the SORTIN2/SORTOUT2 DDNAMES are specified by the user in the step JCL, the messages does not appear and those DDs will be used as specified.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1608E The mini log data set dsn could not be located for append purpose.

**Explanation:** The mini log data set could not be located.

**User response:** Ensure the mini log data set is available.

### ARY1609E The mini log data set dsn could not be renamed for append purpose.

**Explanation:** The mini log data set could not be renamed.

**User response:** Ensure the mini log data set is available.

ARY1700I An invalid return code was detected from the SORT program (data sharing).

Explanation: A data sharing problem has occurred.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly configured the data sharing information in DB2 Recovery Expert setup.

# ARY1701I The following log data set is required for processing, but was not found: *data\_set*.

**Explanation:** Processing could not proceed because a required log data set could not be found.

**User response:** Verify that the log data set was specified correctly and exists.

# ARY1702I A gap was found in the logs needed for processing. Last usable log was:

**Explanation:** A gap found in the logs required for processing was found. Logs after the gap were not usable. Subsequent message ARY1703I indicates the log data set name of the last usable log.

**User response:** Correct the problem with the logs and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

#### ARY1703I dsn

**Explanation:** This message accompanies ARY1702I and indicates the log data set name that was last usable.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1704I An error was detected during end log processing for subsystem subsystem RC=rc.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY1705I The file used to hold log records as input to sort could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the file used to hold log records as input to sort.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not currently in use or damaged.

# ARY1706I The file used to hold log records as input to sort could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the file that holds the log records as input to sort.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not currently in use or damaged.

# ARY1707I The file used to hold log records after they are sorted could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the file used to hold log records after they have been sorted.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not currently in use or damaged.

### ARY1708I The start point for reading log records was not within any archive/active log.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not find any log records to process for this member of the data sharing group. This does not mean that there are no log records generated for the spaces being processed. Instead, it means that this particular member ID—being processed as indicated by a prior ARY1709I message, 'ARY is now processing subsystem xxxx'— has no log records to participate in the merge process. The other members in the data sharing group may have log records.

**Note:** ARY1708I messages always refers to the most recent ARY1709I message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1709I Log accumulate processing is beginning on subsystem *subsystem*.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the log accumulate processing has started on the subsystem.

**User response:** No action is required.

## ARY1710I The log apply process will begin at LRSN: X'lrsn".

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the log apply process will begin at the specified LRSN.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY17111 The sort of the data sharing log records was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the sort of the data sharing log records completed successfully.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY1712I The sort of the data sharing log records was not necessary.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the sort of the data sharing log was unnecessary.

User response: No action is required.

ARY1713I An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the bootstrap data set.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY1714I The load module ARY@LOGR could not be found.

Explanation: A load module could not be found.

**User response:** Verify that the necessary load modules are available.

ARY1715I Error code #1:code #2:code.

Explanation: An internal error has occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY1716I An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the ZPARM information.

Explanation: An unexpected error was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY1717I Dynamic allocation return code = '*rc*'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to the publications *DB2 UDB for z/OS Messages* and *DB2 UDB for z/OS Codes* that are specific to your version of DB2 for more information.

## ARY1800E The most recent full image copy could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the most recent full image copy could not be allocated during the DB2 Recovery Expert process.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1801E The work file for sorting the full image copy file could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the full image copy file.

**User response:** Verify that the full image copy file has not been damage. Check with your systems administrator to verify that you have proper

authorizations to access the necessary file.

#### ARY1802E The work file for re-keying the full image copy file could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not allocate the work file for re-keying the full image copy file.

**User response:** Verify that the full image copy file has not been damage. Check with your systems administrator to verify that you have proper authorizations to access the necessary file.

#### ARY1803E The most recent full image copy could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the most recent full image copy.

**User response:** Verify that the full image copy is not currently being used and resubmit the job.

#### ARY1804E The temporary file used to re-key the full IC could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the temporary file used to re-key the full image copy.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

#### **ARY1805I** Dynamic allocation return code=*rc*.

**Explanation:** This message indicates the dynamic allocation return code.

User response: No action is required.

ARY1806I Image copy name=image\_copy\_name RBA=rba

Explanation: Indicates the image copy name and RBA.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1807E An invalid return code was detected from the SORT program.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an invalid return code from the SORT program.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY1808I The full image copy image\_copy could not be deallocated.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not deallocate the full image copy.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use or damaged. Check with your systems administrator to ensure you have proper authorizations to access this file.

#### ARY1809E The full image copy file returned an immediate EOF.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not deallocate the full image copy.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use or damaged. Check with your systems administrator to ensure you have proper authorizations to access this file.

# ARY1810E This error occurred during the re-key process for a full IC.

**Explanation:** An error occurred during the re-key process for a full image copy.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY18111 The sort of the REORG inline full image copy file was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the REORG inline full image copy completed successfully.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1812I The sort of the re-keyed REORG inline full image copy file was successful.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the sort process for the re-keyed REORG inline full image copy completed successfully.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY1813I The sort of the re-keyed LOAD inline full image copy file was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates the re-keyed LOAD inline full image copy file sorted successfully.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARY1814I The sort of the re-keyed LOAD inline full image copy file was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the re-keyed LOAD inline full image copy file completed successfully.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY1815E The catalog check on the most recent image copy failed.

**Explanation:** The catalog check on the most recent image copy did not complete successfully.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARY1900I Log range LRSN X'lrsn' to X'lrsn' is being processed.

**Explanation:** Indicates the log range that is being processed by DB2 Recovery Expert.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY1901I Log range RBA X'*rba*' to X'*rba*' is being processed.

**Explanation:** Indicates the log range that is being processed by DB2 Recovery Expert.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2000E The output full image copy *image\_copy* could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the output full image copy.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

#### ARY2001E The sorted incremental page file could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not open the sorted incremental page file.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use or damaged.

## ARY2002E The sorted log record file could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The sorted log file record was not available and could not be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

#### ARY2003E An internal error occurred in the DB2 Recovery Expert merge section.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY2004I The number of pages in the full image copy is inconsistent with the page size.

**Explanation:** The page size you specified is not consistent with the number of pages in the full image copy.

**User response:** Correct the page size specified and resubmit the job.

### ARY2005E The number of pages in the incr. image copy is inconsistent with the page size.

**Explanation:** The page size you specified is not consistent with the number of pages in the incremental image copy.

**User response:** Correct the number of pages specified and resubmit the job.

ARY2006E An unexpected EOF was encountered on the sorted log records file.

**Explanation:** An unexpected end of file was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY2007E The selected full IC has a DBID/PSID mismatch to the DB2 catalog.

**Explanation:** The DBID/PSID for the selected full image copy does not match those in the DB2 catalog.

**User response:** Correct the DBID/PSID for the selected full image copy.

# ARY2008I Number of pages read from the full image copy file(s)=n.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicate the number of pages that were read from the full image copy files.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY2009I Number of pages read from the incremental image copy file(s)=*n*.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates the number of pages that were read from the incremental image copy data set(s).

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2010I Number of records read from the log apply file=*n*.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates the number of pages that were read from the log apply file.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY2011I Number of pages written to the new full image copy file(s)=*n*.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates the number of pages that were written to the new full image copy data set(s).

User response: No action is required.

### ARY2012I Number of pages written to the table/index space file(s)=*n*.

**Explanation:** Indicates the number of pages written to the table/index space files/

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2013I Since no changes were found for this data set, it has been deleted: *dsn*

**Explanation:** This message appears during dynamic allocation of an output image copy dataset and no output was written to that dataset. It is similar to the other message that is reported when no output is written to an output image copy data set in JCL.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2014E Will proceed to be processed anyways due to control card FORCE\_COPIES.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that DB2 Recovery Expert processing will continue due to the specification of the FORCE\_COPIES control card.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2015E A open failure occurred on the VSAM I/O module.

**Explanation:** An open failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

**User response:** Refer to message ARY2023E for any dynamic allocation return codes and consult with your systems programmer. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the *MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide* (*SA22* -7608).

### ARY2016E A close failure occurred on the VSAM I/O module.

**Explanation:** A close failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY2017E A write failure occurred on the VSAM I/O module.

**Explanation:** A write failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY2018E An open for update failure occurred on the VSAM I/O module.

**Explanation:** An open failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

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### ARY2019E A random fetch failure occurred on the VSAM I/OI module.

**Explanation:** A fetch failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY2020E A random write failure occurred on the VSAM I/O module.

**Explanation:** A write failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY2021E A random close failure occurred on the VSAM I/O module.

**Explanation:** A close failure occurred for the VSAM I/O module.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY2022E The underlying table/index space data set could not be found in MVS.

**Explanation:** The table/index space could not be found in MVS.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2023E Dynamic allocation return code ='return\_code'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to the publications *DB2 UDB for z/OS Messages* and *DB2 UDB for z/OS Codes* that are specific to your version of DB2 for more information.

#### ARY2024I Object Database=database Space Name=space\_name Partition=partition will have an image copy written anyway due to control card FORCE\_COPIES.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert will write an image copy for the object indicated in the message and override the WRITE\_TO\_VSAM control card, because the control card FORCE\_COPIES has been specified with a value of Y.

**User response:** No action is required. If you do not want an image copy produced, specify FORCE\_COPIES N.

# ARY2025E The SYSIN DD could not be allocated during WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate the SYSIN DD during WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2026E The SYSIN DD could not be opened for output during WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to open the SYSIN DD during WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2027E Open error code =

**Explanation:** This message displays the open error code.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2028E The SYSPRINT DD could not be allocated during WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate the SYSPRINT DD during WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing.

User response: No action is required.

## **ARY2029ISpace** database.spacename**Part** # numberwill be written to DSN.

**Explanation:** SWITCH\_VCAT keyword in effect, data set name *dsn* was generated to place WRITE\_TO\_VSAM result.

User response: None.

## ARY2030E The attempt to recreate the underlying VSAM data set returned an error.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to output to the VSAM file specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert job.

**User response:** Refer to message ARY2023I for any dynamic allocation return codes and consult with your systems programmer. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the *MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide* (*SA22* -7608).

### ARY2031E The LP image copy spanned tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the image copy data set to the spanned tape failed because the tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**User response:** Verify that the spanned tape is available for allocation.

# ARY2032E The initial LP image copy could not be allocated on the tape device.

**Explanation:** The allocation of the image copy data set to the tape device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the tape device is available for allocation.

# ARY2033E The LP image copy data set to be created on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

# ARY2034E The LP image copy could not be allocated to the DASD device.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the data set to the DASD device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the device name is correct and that it is available for allocation.

# ARY2035E The LP image copy data set to be created on DASD could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

# ARY2036E The spanned LP image copy on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

### ARY2037E The LB image copy spanned tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the image copy data set to the spanned tape failed because the tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**User response:** Verify that the spanned tape is available for allocation.

## ARY2038E The initial LB image copy could not be allocated onto the tape device.

**Explanation:** The allocation of the image copy data set to the tape device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the tape device is available for allocation.

#### ARY2039E The LB image copy data set to be created on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

### ARY2040E The LB image copy could not be allocated to the DASD device.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the data set to the DASD device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the device name is correct and that it is available for allocation.

# ARY2041E The LB image copy data set to be created on DASD could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

## ARY2042E The spanned LB image copy on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

### ARY2043E The RP image copy spanned tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the image copy data set to the spanned tape failed because the tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**User response:** Verify that the spanned tape is available for allocation.

# ARY2044E The initial RP image copy could not be allocated onto the tape device.

**Explanation:** The allocation of the image copy data set to the tape device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the tape device is available for allocation.

# ARY2045E The RP image copy data set to be created on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

# ARY2046E The RP image copy could not be allocated to the DASD device.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the data set to the DASD device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the device name is correct and that it is available for allocation.

# ARY2047E The RP image copy data set to be created on DASD could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

## ARY2048E The spanned RP image copy on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

## ARY2049E The RB image copy spanned tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the image copy data set to the spanned tape failed because the tape could not be freed for a device switch.

**User response:** Verify that the spanned tape is available for allocation.

## ARY2050E The initial RB image copy could not be allocated onto the tape device.

**Explanation:** The allocation of the image copy data set to the tape device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the tape device is available for allocation.

#### ARY2051E The RB image copy data set to be created on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

### ARY2052E The RB image copy could not be allocated to the DASD device.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the data set to the DASD device failed.

**User response:** Verify that the device name is correct and that it is available for allocation.

# ARY2053E The RB image copy data set to be created on DASD could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

## ARY2054E The spanned RB image copy on tape could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The image copy data set that is to be created cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy data set you specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL is available for use and resubmit the DB2 Recovery Expert job.

### ARY2055I A volume written to and left on the system could not be found.

**Explanation:** When DB2 Recovery Expert finishes writing to a tape data set, the tape cartridge is not rewound and ejected. It is left on the tape drive in case another data set needs to be written afterwards. Once any one data set is written, it is closed and code then goes back and reads internal MVS control blocks to get specifics about that dataset. If this subsequent code can't find the data set just written and closed, the error occurs.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY2056I Could not use XLAT\_DSN <DSN> for <XLAT\_TARGET>

**Explanation:** XLAT\_VSAM was specified but XLAT\_DSN <DSN> is not a VSAM data set.

User response: Specify the correct VSAM data set.

# ARY2057E The following mini log data set could not be deallocated from OS/390:

**Explanation:** The mini log data set could not be deallocated from OS/390 and could therefore not be used in DB2 Recovery Expert processing. This message is followed by ARY2060I which displays the name of the mini log data set that could not be deallocated.

**User response:** Verify that the mini log data set is available for use.

# ARY2058E The following mini log data set could not be opened:

**Explanation:** The mini log data set could not be opened and could therefore not be used in ARY processing. This message is followed by ARY2060I which displays the name of the mini log data set that could not be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the mini log data set is available for use.

## ARY2059E The following mini log data set could not be allocated:

**Explanation:** The mini log data set could not be allocated and could therefore not be used in DB2 Recovery Expert processing. This message is followed by ARY2060I which displays the name of the mini log data set that could not be allocated.

**User response:** Verify that the mini log data set is available for use.

#### ARY2060E dsname

**Explanation:** This message displays a data set name that is associated with other messages.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2061I The mini log file *filename* has been processed.

**Explanation:** The mini log indicated in the messages has been processed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2062I ARY will attempt to use the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 data set instead.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to use the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 data set so it will now attempt to use the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 data set.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY2063E A corrupted row was found in the mini log control table.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to use the mini log control table due to a corrupted row.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2064E Both mini log data sets for this space could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert attempted to open both mini log data sets for the space but was unable to do so.

**User response:** Verify that the mini log data sets are available for use.

ARY2066E An unexpected EOF was encountered on a merged mini log records file.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an unexpected EOF on a merged mini log record file.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2067E XLAT\_DSN <DSN> will be used for <XLAT\_TARGET>

**Explanation:** XLAT\_DSN <DSN> was not found and there is no XLAT\_VSAM or XLAT\_COPY specified. XLAT\_TARGET will be determined by format of DSN. So if DSN conforms to DB2 space name format, new VSAM data set will be allocated, if not new sequential data set will be allocated.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY2068E The XML sequence number update process failed.

**Explanation:** Coordinating the internal XML sequence number during OBIDXLAT processing could not be completed.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY2069I The space space resulted in the error condition.

**Explanation:** Generic message that follows many other error messages.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY2070E The alternative SSID XML sequence column update program failed.

**Explanation:** Coordinating the internal XML sequence number during OBIDXLAT processing could not be completed.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY2071E An XML update job is needed, but the XML output DSN is missing.

Explanation: The XML output DSN was not specified.

User response: Specify an XML output DSN.

ARY2072E An XML update job is needed, but the XML output prefix is missing.

**Explanation:** The XML output prefix was not specified.

User response: Specify the XML output prefix.

## ARY2073E An XML update job is needed, but the XML template DSN is missing.

**Explanation:** The XML template DSN was not specified.

User response: Specify an XML template DSN.

# ARY2074E The XML template dataset could not be allocated.

Explanation: Unable to allocate the needed DSN.

**User response:** Make sure the DSN exists and is accessible.

ARY2075E Control file loadlib information could not be obtained for *ssid* 

**Explanation:** The control file is not up to date with this DB2 SSID.

**User response:** Update it via setup option 0.

### ARY2076E The XML template data set could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The data set was allocated but could not be opened.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY2077E The XML job output data set/member could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** The supplied data set could not be allocated.

User response: Make sure authority exists to allocate.

ARY2078E The XML job output data set/member could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The data set was allocated but could not be opened.

User response: Check for proper access authority.

## ARY2079E The XML template does not conform to the automatically generated guidelines.

**Explanation:** The XML template generated by DB2 Recovery Expert has been altered to the point that it does not conform to expected design.

**User response:** Regenerate the XML template.

## ARY2080E The target SSID for XML translation is missing in the control cards.

**Explanation:** There is a missing parameter.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

ARY2081I The SPACE(...) set involved that the error was detected in was *spacesetnumber* 

**Explanation:** Generic message that follows many other messages.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2082E The XML target SSID/DBname/TSname control cards are missing.

Explanation: Missing control cards in the Space(...) set.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2083E The XML target SSID/DBname/TSname control cards are invalid.

Explanation: Syntax error in control cards.

User response: Correct the syntax.

#### ARY2084I XML update job created for SSID='ssid'.

**Explanation:** The job has been created.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY2085E No references to subsystem could not be found in the JES SSCT.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 SSID is not defined to z/OS.

**User response:** Ensure that the name is correct or contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY2086E The sorted log file could not be allocated.

Explanation: An allocation error has occurred.

**User response:** Verify that the proper authorization is set.

#### ARY2087E The sorted log file could not be opened.

Explanation: After allocating, could not open.

**User response:** Ensure proper authorization exists, or contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY2088E A log record page number exceeded the extent size boundary.

**Explanation:** A DB2 internal error occurred. The page number encoded into the log record points beyond the number of allowable pages for a DB2 extent.

**User response:** Send the dump and any table space / table creation details to IBM Software Support.

## ARY2095I The sort of the applicable log records was successful.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the sort of the applicable log records completed without error.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2096I Could not use XLAT\_DSN <DSN> for XLAT\_COPY

**Explanation:** XLAT\_COPY was specified but XLAT\_DSN <DSN> is a VSAM data set.

**User response:** Specify the correct XLAT\_COPY data set.

#### ARY2098E The attempt to delete the underlying VSAM data set returned an error.

**Explanation:** IDCAMS DELETE service returned an error.

**User response:** Check the IDCAMS output and correct the problem.

ARY2100I The following objects will not be added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table because a UNIFIED check failed, updates could not be found either in incremental image copies or the log(s), OBID translation took place on the image copy, or an error triggering a skip condition to be placed on the object:

**Explanation:** The objects listed in the message will not be added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table. A UNIFIED check failed or updates could not be located.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY21011 The following data set information was added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table:

**Explanation:** This message indicates the data set information that was added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2102I The following data set information would have been added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table but was not because of control card NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW:

**Explanation:** You specified the NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL so the data set information that would have otherwise been added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table was not added.

User response: No action is required.

ARY2103I Object: object Database database Table Space table\_space Partition partition ICBackup

**Explanation:** This message, in conjunction with messages ARY2100, ARY2101, or ARY2102I, indicates the database affected by the condition described in the associated message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2104I DSN: LRSN/RBA: X" ()

**Explanation:** This message, in conjunction with messages ARY2100, ARY2101, or ARY2102I, indicates the data set name affected by the condition described in the associated message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2105I Since no changes were found for this data set, it has been deleted.

**Explanation:** An output image copy data set (like CPLP0001) is set to catalog as normal disposition (as disp=(new,catlg,delete)), but in the course of DB2 Recovery Expert processing, there was no reason to output the new data set (no log records, no incrementals). No records are written to the file, so the normal disposition for the data set is overridden to 'delete.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2106I The following partial recovery information was added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table:

**Explanation:** This message precedes an output of the partial recovery information that was added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2107I Even though NO\_SYSCOPY\_ROW was specified for this run, the following partial recovery information was added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table:

**Explanation:** This message precedes an output of the partial recovery information that was added to the SYSCOPY DB2 table.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2108I Object: object Database: database Table Space: table\_space Partition:partition PIT LRSN/RBA X" Starting LRSN/RBA X"

**Explanation:** This message indicates the object, database, table space, partition, PIT, LRSN/RBA and starting LRSN/RBA information.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2109E The following tape data set could not be cataloged *dsn*

**Explanation:** Normally, JCL end step disposition processing catalogs a data set, if desired. This message displays if DB2 Recovery Expert has made a catalog attempt against a tape data set that has failed due to control card and dynamic allocation processing.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2110I The following tape data set was cataloged: Unit unit (X'device\_code') DSN: dsn Sequence label#

**Explanation:** When the catalog attempt against a tape data set is successful, this message will be displayed. The *unit* is the actual 8 character device the dataset was

created on. The *device\_code* is a 4-byte hexadecimal number that represents the internal MVS device designation. The *dsn* is the dataset name cataloged. The *label#* is the file sequence number of the dataset on the stacked tape. The volsers are reported by the tape management facility elsewhere in the job output.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY2200I The following data set information was added to the ARY mini log table:

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates the data set information that was added to the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log table. This message is used in conjunction with ARY2201I, ARY2202I, ARY2203I, and ARY2204I.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2201I Database database Table Space table\_space Partition partition

**Explanation:** The content of this message is used in conjunction with message ARY2200I. The database, table space, and partition indicated in this message correspond to those of the data set added to the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log table.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2202I DSN:

**Explanation:** The content of this message is used in conjunction with message ARY2200I. The DSN indicated in this message correspond to those of the data set added to the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log table.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2203I Begin LRSN/RBA: X" End LRSN/RBA: X"

**Explanation:** The content of this message is used in conjunction with message ARY2200I. The begin LRSN/RBA indicated in this message corresponds to that of the data set added to the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log table.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2204I ()()

**Explanation:** The content of this message is used in conjunction with message ARY2200I. The end LRSN/RBA indicated in this message corresponds to that of the data set added to the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log table.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY2205E The ENQ prior to Insert activity on the Minilog Control Table failed.

**Explanation:** Another DB2 Recovery Expert job is running in the mini log control table update phase that has exclusive control of the minilog control table. The system could not serialize this action and aborted. No updates took place.

**User response:** Ensure that no other mini log create DB2 Recovery Expert jobs are running and resubmit the job.

## ARY2206I The following data set information was updated to the ARY mini log table:

**Explanation:** This message indicates the data set information that was added to the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log table.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY2300E An internal error occurred unloading a mini log data set.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY2301E The following mini log data set could not be deallocated from OS/390:

**Explanation:** The specified mini log data set could not be deallocated from OS/390.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified the correct mini log data set name generation string.

## ARY2302E The following mini log data set could not be opened:

**Explanation:** The specified mini log data set could not be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

## ARY2303E The following mini log data set could not be allocated:

**Explanation:** The specified mini log data set could not be allocated.

**User response:** Verify that the file is not in use and that you have the proper authority to access this file.

#### ARY2304I dsn

**Explanation:** Indicates the mini log DSN. This message is issued in conjunction with message ARY2303I.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2305I • ARY2600E

#### ARY2305I Dynamic allocation return code = 'return\_code'

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Messages* (GC18-9602-01) and *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Codes* (GC18-9603-01) for more information.

#### ARY2310I The mini log file: *mini\_log\_file* has been processed.

**Explanation:** This message indicates the mini log file that has been processed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2311I ARY will attempt to use the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 data set instead.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to use the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_1 data set specified in your JCL so it will attempt to use the MINI\_LOG\_DSN\_2 data set specified in your data set instead.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2313E Mini log data set *dsn* could not be appended because a gap is found for the object in the mini log control table.

**Explanation:** There is a gap for the object in the mini log chain in the mini log control table. For this reason, the mini log data set indicated in the message could not be appended.

**User response:** To resolve this issue, either remove the mini log DSN from the mini log control table and MVS catalog or specify a new DSN for the mini log.

#### ARY2401E The space space PART part has an unknown space status.

**Explanation:** This message ensures that the indicated space is to be stopped before proceeding with the WRITE\_TO\_VSAM process. DB2 Recovery Expert checks the space with a call similar to a '-display db(dbname) spacename(tsname) part(0)' to verify that the space is in 'stop' status. This message displays when the space comes back with a status not equal to RO, STOP, RW, or UT.

**User response:** Stop the indicated space before attempting to proceed with the WRITE\_TO\_VSAM process.

#### ARY2402E The stop status check for space space PART part timed out.

**Explanation:** This message is output when DB2 Recovery Expert tries to start and it has to ensure that when doing WRITE\_TO\_VSAM processing that the spaces are indeed stopped. The stop step that is generated (prior to DB2 Recovery Expert) to do this sends commands to DB2 to stop the data sets, but it does not wait for the spaces to actually stop. If an in-flight URID is processing against the object and the stop is done, the space changes to 'STOPP' or stop pending until the URID finishes. It may also take DB2 some time to flush buffers. In either case, DB2 Recovery Expert does a check on the spaces before doing any real processing. If any of the spaces do not come back 'stop,' it waits a few seconds and checks again. After a few checks like this, it aborts, producing this message.

User response: Diagnose why the space will not stop.

## ARY2500E Fetching SYSIBM.SYSLOGRANGE data produced an error

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an error when attempting to fetch SYSIBM.SYSLOGRANGE data.

**User response:** No action is required. The report utility's output will be output after this message.

#### ARY2501E REPORT utility text follows: text

**Explanation:** This message is the header line for the REPORT utility output that follows on the next line.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2502I Skipping SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX processing.

**Explanation:** This informational messages indicates that DB2 Recovery Expert is not processing SYSIBM.SYSLGRNX because NO\_SYSLGRNX was specified.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY2600E The USER\_INDICATOR parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** No value has been specified for the USER\_INDICATOR parameter.

**User response:** Specify a valid parameter for the USER\_INDICATOR parameter.

### ARY2601E The USER\_INDICATOR keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** More than one USER\_INDICATOR keyword has been specified.

**User response:** Remove the extra USER\_INDICATOR keyword.

### ARY2602E The USER\_INDICATOR parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the USER\_INDICATOR parameter is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for USER\_INDICATOR.

# ARY2603E The INCREMENTAL parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** Your JCL includes the INCREMENTAL parameter but no value is specified with it.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the INCREMENTAL parameter.

### ARY2604E The INCREMENTAL keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The INCREMENTAL keyword has been coded multiple times in the DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

**User response:** Remove the extra keyword and resubmit the JCL.

#### ARY2605E The INCREMENTAL parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The INCREMENTAL parameter specification in your DB2 Recovery Expert job is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the INCREMENTAL parameter.

#### ARY2606E Control file values could not be read. Check for a user indicator mismatch.

**Explanation:** The control file values could not be read.

User response: Check for a user indicator mismatch.

#### ARY2607E The DB2 subsystem ID was not found in the control file.

**Explanation:** The control file does not have a DB2 subsystem ID.

**User response:** Specify a DB2 subsystem ID in your control file.

### ARY2608E The DB2 subsystem member *member* was not found in the control file.

**Explanation:** The DB2 subsystem member was not found in the control file.

**User response:** Verify that the correct DB2 subsystem member is specified in the control file.

#### ARY2609I The LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** Your JCL includes the LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter but no value is specified with it.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter.

# ARY2610E The LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE keyword has been coded multiple times in the DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

**User response:** Remove the extra keyword and resubmit the JCL.

# ARY2611E The LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter specification in your DB2 Recovery Expert job is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the LOG\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter.

#### ARY2612E The IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** Your JCL includes the IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter but no value is specified with it.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter.

# ARY2613E The IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE keyword has been coded multiple times in the DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

**User response:** Remove the extra keyword and resubmit the JCL.

#### ARY2614E The IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter specification in your DB2 Recovery Expert job is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE parameter.

#### ARY2615E LOCAL\_SITE, RECOVERY\_SITE, and IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE are mutually exclusive.

**Explanation:** Your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax includes more than one of the following parameters: LOCAL\_SITE, RECOVERY\_SITE, or IMAGE\_COPY\_PREFERENCE. These parameters are

mutually exclusive and only one can be defined. **User response:** Correct your DB2 Recovery Expert

**User response:** Correct your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

### ARY2620E Invalid syntax after the IC\_LP control card. Must be IC\_LP (...).

**Explanation:** They syntax that follows the IC\_LP control card contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that the correct syntax follows the IC\_LP control card. The parameters that accompany the IC\_LP control card must be enclosed in parenthesis ().

#### ARY2621E Invalid syntax after the IC\_LB control card. Must be IC\_LB (...).

**Explanation:** The syntax that follows the IC\_LB control card contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that the correct syntax follows the IC\_LB control card. The parameters that accompany the IC\_LB control card must be enclosed in parenthesis ().

#### ARY2622E Invalid syntax after the IC\_RP control card. Must be IC\_RP (...).

**Explanation:** The syntax that follows the IC\_RP control card contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that the correct syntax follows the IC\_RP control card. The parameters that accompany the IC\_RP control card must be enclosed in parenthesis ().

## ARY2623E Invalid syntax after the IC\_RB control card. Must be IC\_RB (...).

**Explanation:** The syntax that follows the IC\_RB control card contains an error.

User response: Verify that the correct syntax follows

the IC\_RB control card. The parameters that accompany the IC\_RB control card must be enclosed in parenthesis ().

## ARY2624E The IC\_DSN keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_DSN keyword more than once for the SPACE group.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2625E Syntax error around IC\_DSN value. Form is "dsn".

**Explanation:** The syntax defining the IC\_DSN value is incorrect. The data set name must be enclosed in quotes.

**User response:** Verify and correct the syntax of the IC\_DSN value. Ensure that the data set name is enclosed in quotes.

# ARY2626E The IC\_DSN parameter was specified, but is either empty or too long.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_DSN parameter but the values specified with it is either missing or too long.

**User response:** Specify a valid value with the IC\_DSN parameter. Ensure that the data set name value you specify is enclosed in quotes.

## ARY2627E The IC\_CATALOG keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_CATALOG keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY2628E The IC\_DEVICE parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_DEVICE parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_DEVICE parameter requires that you specify a device name (up to 8-characters).

**User response:** Specify a 1-8 character device name with the IC\_DEVICE parameter or remove the optional IC\_DEVICE parameter.

## ARY2629E The IC\_DEVICE keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_DEVICE keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY2630E The IC\_DEVICE parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_DEVICE parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_DEVICE parameter and corresponding value. The IC\_DEVICE control card accepts a 1-8 character device name value.

### ARY2631E The IC\_SPACE parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_SPACE parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_SPACE parameter requires that you specify a space name.

**User response:** Specify a space name with the IC\_ SPACE parameter or remove the optional IC\_ SPACE parameter.

#### ARY2632E The IC\_SPACE keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_ SPACE keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2633E The IC\_SPACE parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_ SPACE parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_ SPACE parameter and corresponding value.

# ARY2634E The IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_ MGMT\_CLASS parameter requires that you specify a management class.

**User response:** Specify a management class with the IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter or remove the optional IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter.

### ARY2635E The IC\_MGMT\_CLASS keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_MGMT\_CLASS keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY2636E The IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_MGMT\_CLASS parameter and corresponding value.

```
ARY2637E The IC_DATA_CLASS parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.
```

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter requires that you specify a data class.

**User response:** Specify a data class with the IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter or remove the optional IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter.

## ARY2638E The IC\_DATA\_CLASS keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_DATA\_CLASS keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY2639E The IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter and corresponding value.

# ARY2640E The IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter requires that you specify a storage class.

**User response:** Specify a storage class with the IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter or remove the optional IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter.

#### ARY2641E The IC\_STOR\_CLASS keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_STOR\_CLASS keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2642E The IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_DATA\_CLASS parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_STOR\_CLASS parameter and corresponding value.

#### ARY2643E The IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter requires that you specify an expiration date in the format YYYYDDD.

**User response:** Specify an expiration date with the IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter or remove the optional IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter.

### ARY2644E The IC\_EXP\_DATE keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_EXP\_DATE keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2645E The IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_EXP\_DATE parameter and corresponding value.

#### ARY2646E The IC\_RETPD parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_RETP parameter but did not specify a corresponding value. The IC\_ RETP parameter requires that you specify a 4-digit retention period.

**User response:** Specify a retention period (4-digit) with the IC\_RETP parameter or remove the optional IC\_ RETP parameter.

#### ARY2647E The IC\_RETPD keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_RETPD keyword more than once for the IC\_\*\* group (where \*\* is LP, LB, RP or RB).

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2648E The IC\_RETPD parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_RETPD parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the IC\_RETPD parameter and corresponding value.

## ARY2649E DASD and tape allocation parameters cannot be specified together.

**Explanation:** You specified both DASD and TAPE allocation parameters.

**User response:** Specify only DASD or TAPE allocation parameters but not both.

#### ARY2650E Five or more errors have been detected in the control cards.

**Explanation:** More than five errors have been identified in the control cards and DB2 Recovery Expert processing cannot proceed.

**User response:** Verify the syntax of your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL and respecify as needed to correct syntax errors.

# ARY2651E The Restore Before parameter was specified but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter but did not specify a corresponding value.

**User response:** Specify a byte string with the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter. Enclose the bytes string in single quotes.

## ARY2652E Syntax error around Restore Before RBA value. Form is X"<6 byte hex value>".

**Explanation:** The RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter and corresponding value.

# ARY2653E The Restore Before RBA value contains an invalid hexadecimal value.

**Explanation:** The hexadecimal value you specified with the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter is not valid.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined a 6-byte hexadecimal value for the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter.

#### ARY2654E The Restore Before RBA value cannot be 0.

**Explanation:** You specified a value of 0 for the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter. This is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a 6-byte hexadecimal value for the desired RBA or LRSN or remove the optional RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter.

### ARY2655E The Restore Before RBA/LRSN value was already specified.

**Explanation:** You specified the RESTORE\_BEFORE parameter more than once.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY2656E Invalid TO\_QUIESCE(#nnn) control card syntax.

**Explanation:** The TO\_QUIESCE syntax contains an error.

**User response:** Verify that you have properly defined the TO\_QUIESCE(#nnn) parameter.

#### ARY2657E The TO\_QUIESCE keyword has already been coded for this group.

**Explanation:** The TO\_QUIESCE keyword was coded more than once for the group.

**User response:** Remove the extra TO\_QUIESCE keywords.

## ARY2658E The UNIFIED keyword has already been coded for this group.

**Explanation:** The UNIFIED keyword has already been coded for this group.

User response: Remove the extra UNIFIED keywords.

#### ARY2659E The UNIFIED keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the UNIFIED keyword more than once for the SPACE group.

**User response:** Remove the extra UNIFIED keywords from the SPACE group.

# ARY2660E The NO\_SYSLGNRX keyword has already been coded for this run.

**Explanation:** The NO\_SYSLGNRX keyword was coded more than once for the run.

**User response:** Remove the extra NO\_SYSLGNRX keywords.

### ARY2661E Mini log particulars cannot be specified at both the GROUP and SPACE levels.

**Explanation:** Mini log control cards are valid for specification either at the GROUP or the SPACE level, not both.

**User response:** Specify mini log parameters either at the GROUP or SPACE level but not both.

# ARY2662E The NO\_MINILOG\_CHECKPOINTS keyword is ignored when not writing minilogs.

**Explanation:** The NO\_MINILOG\_CHECKPOINTS keyword was specified but the job did not specify to write mini logs so it was ignored.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2663E The USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR parameter but did not include a primary segments allocation, secondary segments allocation, and maximum secondary allocation values.

**User response:** The primary segments allocation, secondary segments allocation, and maximum secondary allocation values must be 1-4 digits and contained within single quotes and be separated by commas. Specify the appropriate segment allocations with the USE\_THE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR parameter.

# ARY2664E The USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword should only be specified once.

**User response:** Check your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax and remove the extra USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword.

## ARY2665E The USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR parameter syntax is invalid. The primary segments allocation, secondary segments allocation, and maximum secondary allocation values must be 1-4 digits and contained within single quotes and be separated by commas.

User response: Check your syntax and correct.

#### ARY2666E Use of the USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword requires z/OS V1.5 or above.

**Explanation:** Your z/OS version is not 1.5 or above, z/OS V1/5 or above is required for you to use the USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword.

**User response:** Remove the USE\_ABOVE\_THE\_BAR keyword from your syntax.

# ARY2667E The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You specified the MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL parameter but did not specify a corresponding value.

**User response:** Enter a valid value following the MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword or remove the keyword. Valid values are REFERENCE and CHANGE.

### ARY2668E The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword more than once.

**User response:** Remove all extra occurrences of the MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword.

### ARY2669E The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL parameter specification is not valid.

**User response:** The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL parameter accepts either REFERENCE or CHANGE as valid values. Correct your JCL and resubmit.

#### ARY2670I The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword is ignored when not producing mini logs.

**Explanation:** You included the MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword in your JCL indicating the type of SHARELEVEL for mini logs but did not specify the production of producing mini logs. The MINILOG\_SHARELEVEL keyword is therefore ignored.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2671E The REPAIR\_RECOVER\_PENDING keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the REPAIR\_RECOVER\_PENDING keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2672W The REPAIR\_RECOVER\_PENDING keyword is ignored when only writing to copies.

**Explanation:** The REPAIR\_RECOVER\_PENDING keyword is specified but this parameter is ignored when writing to copies.

**User response:** REPAIR\_RECOVER\_PENDING is ignored when writing to copies so the REPAIR\_RECOVER\_PENDING control card can be removed.

# ARY2673E The OBIDXLAT keyword group has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the OBIDXLAT keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2675E Invalid OBIDXLAT(...) keyword syntax.

**Explanation:** The OBIDXLAT syntax you specified is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the OBIDXLAT syntax and resubmit the job.

# ARY2676E The XLAT\_IN\_DSN keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the XLAT\_IN\_DSN keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2677E Invalid XLAT\_IN\_DSN syntax.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_IN\_DSN syntax you specified is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the XLAT\_IN\_DSN syntax and resubmit the job.

# ARY2678E The XLAT\_IN\_DSN parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_IN\_DSN parameter requires that a dsn value be specified with it.

**User response:** Specify a dsn with the XLAT\_IN\_DSN parameter. Enclose the dsn value in single quotes.

#### ARY2679E Invalid OBID syntax.

**Explanation:** The OBID syntax you specified is not valid.

**User response:** OBID syntax is of the form OBID 'obid,obid'.

**Note:** When specifying OBID pairs, all pairs should be space separated and the source ID is listed first with the target ID listed second. Each pair should be defined on a new line. Define multiple OBID pairs as necessary.

### ARY2680E The OBID parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The OBID parameter requires that you specify with it an obid pair.

**User response:** OBID syntax is of the form OBID 'obid,obid'.

**Note:** When specifying OBID pairs, all pairs should be space separated and the source ID is listed first with the target ID listed second. Each pair should be defined on a new line. Define multiple OBID pairs as necessary.

# ARY2681E The OBID parameter was specified, but one of the subparms was out of range.

**Explanation:** The OBID subparameter you specified was out of range.

**User response:** Verify that you specified the correct OBID pair.

#### ARY2692E The DBID keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The DBID keyword group has already been coded.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2693E Invalid DBID syntax.

**Explanation:** The DBID syntax you specified is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the DBID syntax and resubmit the job.

## ARY2694E The DBID parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The DBID parameter requires that a source and target DBID pair be specified with it.

**User response:** Correct the DBID syntax and resubmit the job.

ARY2695E The DBID parameter was specified, but one of the subparms was out of range.

**Explanation:** The DBID parameter you specified but one of the sub parameters defined with it was out of range.

**User response:** Verify that you specified the correct DBID pair.

### ARY2696E The PSID keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The PSID keyword has already been coded.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY2697E Invalid PSID syntax.

**Explanation:** The PSID syntax you specified is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the PSID syntax and resubmit the job.

## ARY2698E The PSID parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The PSID parameter requires that a source and target PSID pair be specified with it.

**User response:** Correct the PSID syntax and resubmit the job.

# ARY2699E The PSID parameter was specified, but one of the subparms was out of range.

**Explanation:** The PSID subparameter was out of range.

**User response:** Verify that you specified the correct PSID pair.

## ARY2700E A needed incremental image copy could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** A required incremental image copy could not be allocated.

**User response:** Verify that the image copy is available.

## ARY2701E A needed incremental image copy could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert processing could not proceed because an incremental image copy could not be opened.

**User response:** Verify that all necessary incremental image copies are available for use.

#### ARY2702E Dynamic allocation return code 'rc'.

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation failed with the return code indicated in the message.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Messages* (GC18-9602-01) and *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Codes* (GC18-9603-01) for more information.

#### ARY2703I • ARY2810I

\_\_\_\_

AKY27031	Image copy	name= <i>image_copy_name</i>
	RBA='rba'.	

**Explanation:** Indicates the image copy name an RBA.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2704E The catalog check on the most recent image copy failed.

**Explanation:** The catalog check failed for the most recent image copy.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2705E An internal error occurred during input incremental tape stacking processing.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY2706I DB2 Recovery Expert will process the following incremental image copy file(s):

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert will process the incremental image copy file(s) listed in this message.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARY2707I** For table space: table\_space PART part

**Explanation:** This message indicates the table space and partition related to other DB2 Recovery Expert messages that have been issued.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2800I The log record sort record write service program could not be started.

**Explanation:** An internal error has occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY2801E A log record read service program could not be started.

Explanation: An internal error has occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY2802E The writer service returned an error, RC=rc.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY2803E The reader service returned an error, RC=rc.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY2804E An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the bootstrap data set.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY2805E An unexpected error occurred while trying to read the ZPARM information.

Explanation: An unexpected error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY2806I The log apply process will begin at RBA='rba'.

**Explanation:** The log apply process will start at the RBA indicated in the message.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY2807I The log apply process will begin at LRSN: X'lrsn'

**Explanation:** The message indicates the LRSN value at which the log apply process will begin.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2808I The end point for *dbname.tsname* did no match the UNIFIED value.

**Explanation:** The end point for the table space indicated in the message did not match the value specified for the UNIFIED value.

User response: No action is required.

ARY2809I The SPACE(...) set involved that the error was detected in was *nnnn* 

**Explanation:** Indicates the SPACE set involved in the error.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2810I Consistency value = X'nnnnnnnnnn'

**Explanation:** This message displays if a problem occurs with the UNIFIED or UNIFIED\_WARNING control cards. The message displays the consistency value taken from the first object in the group.

**User response:** The values shown in ARY2810I and ARY2811I can be compared for diagnostic purposes. The value shown in ARY2810I is that for the first object

in the group while the value shown in ARY2811I is the value for any object that does not match it. For example, if there are 10 objects in the group and three don't match the first, then one ARY2810I message will display with three ARY2811I messages (for each group).

### ARY2811I Object's derived value = X'nnnnnnnnn'

**Explanation:** This message displays if a problem occurs with the UNIFIED or UNIFIED\_WARNING control cards. The message displays the object's derived value for the first object in the group. This message displays any object that does not match the first object in the group (identified in ARY2810I).

**User response:** The values shown in ARY2810I and ARY2811I can be compared for diagnostic purposes. The value shown in ARY2810I is that for the first object in the group while the value shown in ARY2811I is the value for any object that does not match it. For example, if there are 10 objects in the group and three don't match the first, then one ARY2810I message will display with three ARY2811I messages (for each group).

# ARY2812E A mismatch between passed Zparm information and the JES SSCT was found.

**Explanation:** This is an internal error indicating that the Zparm array that is being passed to DB2 Recovery Expert is inconsistent with the subsystem list found inside MVS' data structures.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY2813I The log reader process will launch a total of *nnnn* tasks.

**Explanation:** This message indicates the total number of tasks that will be launched.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2814I The log reader will launch total of 1 task per member.

**Explanation:** Indicates that processing of the log reader will launch a total of one task per member since PARALELL has been set to 0.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2815IThe log reader process will start with<br/>PARALLEL tasks = nnnn

**Explanation:** The log reader process will start with the indicated maximum number of tasks.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2816I The log reader task #task\_number finished.

**Explanation:** Indicates that processing of the log reader finished.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARY29001 The sorted log record file could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The sorted log record file could not be opened.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY2901I The mini log data set *data\_set* could not be allocated.

**Explanation:** The mini log data set could not be allocated.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2902I The mini log data set *dsn* could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to open the mini log data set indicated in the message.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY2903I Dynamic allocation return code=rc

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation failed with the return code listed in the message.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY2904I An unexpected EOF was encountered on the sorted log record file.

**Explanation:** An unexpected EOF was encountered on the sorted log record file.

User response: No action is required.

## ARY2905I The mini log dataset dsn could not be located for resort purpose.

**Explanation:** The data set in the control cards could not be found in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** Ensure the data set is correct.

# ARY2906I The mini log dataset dsn could not be renamed for resort purpose.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to append minilog records to an existing minilog dataset.

**User response:** Ensure proper authority on the minilog data sets.

### ARY29071 The resort of the applicable space level minilog was successful.

Explanation: The resort was successful.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY2908I An invalid return code was detected from the SORT program (mini log resort).

Explanation: Internal error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARY3000E** The space database.table\_space PART partition has an unknown space status.

**Explanation:** The status of the space indicated in the message is not known.

**User response:** When DB2 Recovery Expert checks the space to see if it is in recover pending, a status code unknown to DB2 Recovery Expert was found. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY3001E The stop status check for space database.table\_space PART partition timed out.

**Explanation:** The stop status check for the space indicated in the message timed out.

**User response:** After the repair operation is started, DB2 Recovery Expert checks the space and waits for the recover pending flag to be removed by DB2. This message was generated because after checking 5 times in 15 seconds, the space was still in recover pending status. You must remove the recover pending status manually.

#### ARY3002E An attempt to Repair the Recover Pending status failed.

**Explanation:** The JCL attempted to repair the recover pending status but the repair failed.

**User response:** When DB2 Recovery Expert called DB2 to repair the recover pending status for the space, the operation finished with an error condition. Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY3003E An error occurred on an attempt to open the DSNUTILB Steplib.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to open the DSNUTILB Steplib.

**User response:** The DB2 loadlib concatenation specified on the Update DB2 Subsystem Parameters panel is incomplete. When DSNUTILB attempted to use this concatenation, some of the required load modules were not found. Verify that you have specified the correct load modules on the Update DB2 Subsystem Parameters panel. If the problem persists, contact IBM Software Support.

## ARY3004E The Repair operation's SYSPRINT output dataset could not be opened.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to open the repair operation's SYSPRINT output data set.

**User response:** Verify that the data set exists and is available for use.

# ARY3005E The Repair operation's SYSIN dataset allocation failed.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate the repair operation's SYSIN data set.

**User response:** To call DB2 to repair the recover pending status, a SYSIN data set must be allocated to hold the DB2 command stream. DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate a SYSIN data set. Check the settings you specified in the User Settings option and correct any errors.

# **ARY3006E Dynamic allocation return code** = *return\_code*

**Explanation:** This message reports the return code associated with the failed dynamic allocation attempt.

**User response:** Ensure the data set exists and is available for use.

# ARY3007E The SYSIN DD could not be opened for output during Repair processing.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to open the SYSIN DD during repair processing.

**User response:** Check the settings you specified in the User Settings option and correct any errors.

#### ARY3008E Open error code=*error\_code*

**Explanation:** This message reports the open error code that DB2 Recovery Expert encountered when it attempted to open the SYSIN DD.

**User response:** Check the settings you specified in the User Settings option and correct any errors.

## ARY3009E The Repair operation's SYSPRINT dataset allocation failed.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate the repair operation's SYSPRINT data set.

**User response:** To call DB2 to repair the recover pending status, a SYSPRINT data set needs to be allocated to hold the DB2 command processor's output stream. DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate this data set. Check the settings you specified in the User Settings option and correct any errors.

### ARY3100I Truncation error displaying panel in ARY\$MAIN - return\_code

Explanation: A truncation error occurred.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Messages* (*GC18-9602-01*) and *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Codes* (*GC18-9603-01*) for more information.

## ARY3101I Severe error displaying panel in ARY\$MAIN - return\_code

Explanation: An internal error has occurred.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Messages* (GC18-9602-01) and *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Codes* (GC18-9603-01) for more information.

## ARY3102I Unexpected return code from panel in ARY\$MAIN - return\_code

Explanation: An unexpected return code was received.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Messages* (GC18-9602-01) and *DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Codes* (GC18-9603-01) for more information.

#### ARY3200E The XLAT\_DSN, DBID, PSID, and at least one OBID must be specified.

**Explanation:** When performing an OBIDXLAT, you must specify the XLAT\_DSN, DBID, PSID and at least one OBID in your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

**User response:** Specify the XLAT\_DSN, DBID, PSID and at least one OBID in your DB2 Recovery Expert syntax.

#### ARY3201E The CONTINUE\_ON\_ERROR keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the CONTINUE\_ON\_ERROR keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3202E The XLAT\_IN\_DSN keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the XLAT\_IN\_DSN keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3203E Invalid XLAT\_IN\_DSN syntax.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_IN\_DSN syntax you specified is not valid. The correct syntax is XLAT\_IN\_DSN '*dsn*', where *dsn* is the fully qualified DB2 data set name of a full image copy to be used instead of reading SYSCOPY. If you specify an XLAT\_IN\_DSN, you must also specify an XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT for the full image copy.

**User response:** Correct the XLAT\_IN\_DSN syntax and resubmit the job.

# ARY3204E The XLAT\_IN\_DSN parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The correct syntax is XLAT\_IN\_DSN '*dsn*', where *dsn* is the fully qualified DB2 data set name of a full image copy to be used instead of reading SYSCOPY.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3205E OBIDXLAT input override parameters found without output parameters.

Explanation: The OBIDXLAT syntax is incomplete.

User response: Use the OBIDXLAT keyword to specify object translation information (DBID / PSID / OBID) and enable recovery via WRITE\_TO\_VSAM of tables within an image copy to a different VSAM / table space than the one indicated in the generated logs. The variable dataset\_name is the fully qualified DB2 data set name of the target table space (the data set name that is going to contain the translated image copy), valid values are up to 44 bytes. When specifying the dbid, psid, and obid pairs, you must specify the pairs of source/target IDs in that order (DBID first, PSID second, followed by all applicable OBID pairs). All pairs should be space separated and the source ID is listed first with the target ID listed second. Each pair should be defined on a new line. Define multiple OBID pairs as necessary.

# ARY3206E The XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The correct syntax is XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*', where *logpoint* is the RBA/LRSN of the override full image copy data set.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3207E Syntax error around XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT value. Form is X"6-byte-hex-value"

**Explanation:** The correct syntax is XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*', where *logpoint* is the 6-byte hexadecimal value of the RBA/LRSN of the

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override full image copy data set.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3208E The XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT value contains an invalid hexadecimal value.

Explanation: The correct syntax is

XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*', where *logpoint* is the 6-byte hexadecimal value of the RBA/LRSN of the override full image copy data set.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3209E The XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT value cannot be 0.

Explanation: The correct syntax is

XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*', where *logpoint* is the 6-byte hexadecimal value of the RBA/LRSN of the override full image copy data set.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3210E The XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT keyword was already specified.

**Explanation:** You specified the XLAT\_IN\_LOGPOINT keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3211E The INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

Explanation: The correct syntax is

INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*', where *logpoint* is the 6-byte hexadecimal value of the RBA/LRSN of the incremental DSN.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3212E The INCR\_IN\_DSN keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the INCR\_IN\_DSN keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3213E Invalid INCR\_IN\_DSN syntax.

**Explanation:** The INCR\_IN\_DSN syntax you specified is not valid. The correct syntax is INCR\_IN\_DSN '*dsn*' where '*dsn*' is the incremental DSN that is to be included in OBIDXLAT processing.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3214E The INCR\_IN\_DSN parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The INCR\_IN\_DSN syntax you specified is not valid. The correct syntax is INCR\_IN\_DSN '*dsn*' where '*dsn*' is the incremental DSN that is to be included in OBIDXLAT processing.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3215E The INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT keyword was already specified.

**Explanation:** You specified the INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

ARY3216E Syntax error around INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT value. Form is X"6-byte-hex-value".

**Explanation:** The correct syntax is INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*' where '*logpoint*' is 6-byte hexadecimal value of RBA/LRSN for the incremental DSN.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3217E The INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT value contains an invalid hexadecimal value.

**Explanation:** The correct syntax is INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*' where '*logpoint*' is 6-byte hexadecimal value of RBA/LRSN for the incremental DSN.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3218 The INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT value cannot be 0.

**Explanation:** The correct syntax is INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT '*logpoint*' where '*logpoint*' is 6-byte hexadecimal value of RBA/LRSN for the incremental DSN.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3219E The INCR\_IN\_DSN and INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT must be specified together.

**Explanation:** You must specify the INCR\_IN\_DSN and INCR\_IN\_LOGPOINT together.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3220E The XLAT\_IN\_DSN was not found in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_IN\_DSN was not found in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** Verify that the XLAT\_IN\_DSN data set you specified is valid.

### ARY3221E The INCR\_IN\_DSN was not found in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** The INCR\_IN\_DSN was not found in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** Verify that the INCR\_IN\_DSN data set you specified is valid.

#### ARY3223E Invalid XLAT\_INCREMENTAL(...) keyword syntax.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_INCREMENTAL syntax you specified is not valid.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3224E Using OBIDXLAT incremental image copies requires a starting full image copy.

**Explanation:** The OBIDXLAT syntax you specified is not valid.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3225E The IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT syntax you specified is not valid. The correct syntax is IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT '*n*' where '*n*' is an integer in the range of 1 to 255.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3226E The IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3227E The IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT syntax you specified is not valid. The correct syntax is IC\_VOLUME\_COUNT '*n*' where '*n*' is an integer in the range of 1 to 255.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3228E The IC\_LP keyword group has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_LP keyword more than once in the space group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3229E The IC\_LB keyword group has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_LB keyword more than once in the space group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3230E The IC\_RP keyword group has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_RP keyword more than once in the space group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3231E The IC\_RB keyword group has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** You specified the IC\_RB keyword more than once in the space group.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3232E One or both mini log data sets are found in the MVS catalog, but they are not found in the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log control table.

**Explanation:** The mini log data sets are in the MVS catalog but not in the mini log control table.

**User response:** Remove unusable mini log data sets from the MVS catalog.

# ARY3233E Mini log data set *dsn* has mismatched type in the ARY mini log control table.

**Explanation:** You attempted to append the mini log with the wrong type of data.

**User response:** Specify the mini log DSN at the appropriate GROUP or SPACE level.

# ARY3234E Only one of two mini log data set names was found in the mini log control table.

**Explanation:** You specified two mini log data set names but only one of the pair is found in the mini log control table.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified the correct mini log data set pair. Specify only one data set name to append only one existing mini log or new unique data set name pairs.

#### ARY3235E Mini log DSN *dsn* is not appended because corresponding dataset not found in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** The specified mini log data set cannot be found in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** Remove any rows with incorrect data set names from the DB2 Recovery Expert mini log control table.

#### ARY3236E Mini log data set *dsn* contains data for the different tablespace and could not be appended.

**Explanation:** The data set indicated in the message text contains data for a different table space and could not be appended.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified the correct mini log data set name.

#### ARY3237E The XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID keyword more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3238E Invalid XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID syntax.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID syntax is not valid.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3239E The XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID parameter.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3240E The XLAT\_TARGET\_DBNAME keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_TARGET\_DBNAME keyword was already been coded.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3241E Invalid XLAT\_TARGET\_DBNAME syntax.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_TARGET\_DBNAME syntax you specified is not valid.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3242E The XLAT\_TARGET\_DBNAME parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XLAT\_TARGET\_DBNAME parameter.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3243E The XLAT\_TARGET\_TSNAME keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_TARGET\_TSNAME keyword was already been coded.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3244E Invalid XLAT\_TARGET\_TSNAME syntax.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_TARGET\_TSNAME syntax is not valid.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3245E The XLAT\_TARGET\_TSNAME parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XLAT\_TARGET\_TSNAME parameter.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3246E The XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID/DBNAME/ TSNAME must be specified together.

**Explanation:** The XLAT\_TARGET\_SSID, DBNAME, and TSNAME parameters must be specified together.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

## ARY3247E The XML\_JOBS\_DSN keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The XML\_JOBS\_DSN keyword was coded more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3248E Invalid XML\_JOBS\_DSN syntax.

**Explanation:** The XML\_JOBS\_DSN syntax is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the XML\_JOBS\_DSN syntax.

# ARY3249E The XML\_JOBS\_DSN parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XML\_JOBS\_DSN parameter.

User response: Specify a valid value with the

XML\_JOBS\_DSN parameter.

### ARY3250E The XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX keyword was already been coded.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3251E Invalid XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX syntax.

**Explanation:** The XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX syntax is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX syntax.

#### ARY3252E The XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX parameter.

**User response:** Specify a valid value with the XML\_JOBS\_MEMBER\_PFX parameter.

### ARY3253E The XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN keyword was already been coded.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3254E Invalid XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN syntax.

**Explanation:** The XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN syntax is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN syntax.

#### ARY3255E The XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN parameter.

**User response:** Specify a valid value with the XML\_TEMPLATE\_DSN parameter.

## ARY3256E The XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER keyword was already been coded.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY3257E Invalid XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER syntax.

**Explanation:** The XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER syntax is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER syntax.

ARY3258E The XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid value with the XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER parameter.

**User response:** Specify a valid value with the XML\_TEMPLATE\_MEMBER parameter.

ARY3259E The XML\_JOBS\_\* and XML\_TEMPLATE\_\* parameters must be specified together.

**Explanation:** The XML\_JOBS\_\* and XML\_TEMPLATE\_\* parameters must be specified together.

User response: Correct the syntax.

#### ARY3260I Incremental method SORT is obsolete. MERGE mode used instead.

**Explanation:** INCREMENTAL SORT is no longer supported (it is ignored). The internal method used instead is MERGE.

User response: None.

#### ARY3261E OBIDXLAT processing is not allowed.

**Explanation:** OBIDXLAT is not allowed.

**User response:** Correct the syntax.

ARY3262E At least one SPACE() control card set is required.

**Explanation:** No SPACE control card set has been specified.

**User response:** Specify at least one SPACE control card set.

# ARY3263E The PARALLEL parameter was specified, but no value was found with it.

**Explanation:** The keyword PARALLEL has been coded with no associated value.

**User response:** Specify a corresponding value for the PARALLEL keyword.

#### ARY3264E Invalid PARALLEL value

**Explanation:** The value for keyword PARALLEL is not valid.

**User response:** Verify that the value of PARALLEL is numeric and between the values 0 -16. If you specify a value of 0, then a maximum of 1 task per data sharing group member will run at the same time.

#### ARY3265E The PARALLEL keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** The PARALLEL keyword was already been coded.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

ARY3266E Error index space <DBNAME>.<SPNAME> Part <NUMB> have REBUILD\_INDEXES specified. Could not find corresponding table space.

**Explanation:** You specified the REBUILD\_INDEXES parameter for an index space, but a parent table space has been not coded.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3267E Indexes can be rebuilt only when WRITE\_TO\_VSAM or WRITE\_TO\_BOTH is specified.

**Explanation:** You specified the REBUILD\_INDEXES parameter, but a table space will be not recovered to a VSAM data set and there will be no data to rebuild indexes.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

ARY3268E Error index space <DBNAME>.<SPNAME> Part <NUMB>, and table space <DBNAME>.<SPNAME> Part <NUMB> have incompatible OBIDXLAT specification.

**Explanation:** You specified the index space and its parent table space with the REBUILD\_INDEXES parameter, but OBIDXLAT has been specified only for one of them.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

ARY3269E Error index space <DBNAME>.<SPNAME> Part <NUMB> have REBUILD\_INDEXES and end point conflict specification.

**Explanation:** You specified the REBUILD\_INDEXES parameter and end point for recovery process.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY3270E Error index space <DBNAME>.<SPNAME> Part <NUMB> REBUILD\_INDEXES state or end point could not be determined.

**Explanation:** You did not specify one of the following required options in your JCL, TO\_CURRENT, TO\_QUIESCE, END\_RBA, END\_LRSN, TOLOGPOINT or REBUILD\_INDEXES.

**User response:** Specify one of the following required options in your JCL: TO\_CURRENT, TO\_QUIESCE, END\_RBA, END\_LRSN, TOLOGPOINT or REBUILD\_INDEXES.

### ARY3271E The REBUILD\_INDEXES keyword has already been coded.

**Explanation:** You specified the REBUILD\_INDEXES parameter more than once.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY3272E The NO\_REUSE keyword was coded multiple times for the same object.

**Explanation:** The NO\_REUSE keyword was specified more than once for the same object.

User response: Correct the syntax.

## ARY3273E The NO\_REUSE keyword is not valid in the current job environment.

**Explanation:** The NO\_REUSE keyword was specified in a job type other than WRITE\_TO\_VSAM or WRITE\_TO\_BOTH.

**User response:** Correct the syntax.

#### ARY3274E The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword was coded multiple times for the same object.

**Explanation:** The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword was coded more than once for the same object.

User response: Correct the syntax.

#### ARY3275E The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword specified without TO\_QUIESCE.

**Explanation:** The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE was specified but TO\_QUIESCE was not specified for space.

**User response:** Correct the syntax.
#### ARY3276E The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword conflicts with UNIFIED check specified.

**Explanation:** The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword conflicts with UNIFIED check.

User response: Correct the syntax.

#### ARY3277E The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword conflicts with NO\_SYSLGRNX keyword.

**Explanation:** The CHECK\_AFTER\_QUIESCE keyword was specified with the NO\_SYSLGRNX keyword. This is not valid.

User response: Correct the syntax.

ARY3281E Error token: token appears more than once. Space# number.

**Explanation:** The indicated token could not be specified more than once on current level.

User response: Check input cards.

**ARY3282E** Error token: token has an invalid value: value. Space# number.

Explanation: An invalid value was detected for token.

User response: Check input cards.

ARY3283EError token: token1 is unexpected with<br/>token: token2. Space# number.

**Explanation:** *token1* could not be used when *token2* is used.

User response: Check input cards.

**ARY3284E** Error token: token1 using require token: token2.

**Explanation:** *token1* could not be used without *token2* specified.

User response: Check input cards.

### ARY3400E The ARY#DATA instream DD could not be opened.

**Explanation:** The DD could not be found in the job generated by DB2 Recovery Expert.

**User response:** Ensure that the job generated by DB2 Recovery Expert to run on this LPAR was not altered and the ARY#DATA DD exists in the generated job.

ARY3401E The following XML SSID/DBname/TSname control card is invalid:

**Explanation:** The control cards do not conform to expected syntax.

**User response:** Ensure the generated job was not altered.

ARY3403E An internal error occurred in program ARY#XMLD

**Explanation:** Internal error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY3450I Object object required no action.

**Explanation:** The object was determined to require no action to make the object usable.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY3451I Object object had its sequence nbr increased by *rowcount*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert updated the catalog to make the XML object usable.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY3452I With a source count=count

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert updated the catalog to make the XML object usable.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY3500I The XML target SSID/DBname/TSname control cards are invalid.

**Explanation:** The control cards do not conform to expected syntax.

**User response:** Ensure the generated job was not altered.

#### ARY35011 The SPACE(...) set involved that the error was detected in was *spacesetnumber*

**Explanation:** Indicates the SPACE set involved in the error.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY3601ELog apply task returned an error,<br/>RC=return\_code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred during log apply processing.

**User response:** Check the job output for other error messages. Note the return codes provided in the

messages, and then contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3615I Log apply task manager returned an error, RC=return\_code.

**Explanation:** The specified error occurred during parallel log apply processing.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY3619E The pipe mechanism initialization function returned an error.

**Explanation:** An error occurred during pipe initialization.

User response: Check the log for related errors.

### ARY3620E The pipe mechanism cleanup function returned an error.

Explanation: An error occurred during pipe cleanup.

**User response:** Check the log for related errors.

### ARY3621E The common storage name/token pair could not be found.

**Explanation:** The common storage that was created at program startup could not be located, which indicates a possible error during initialization.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3622E An error occurred while calling IEANTRT to get the name/token pair.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while accessing common storage via IEANTRT.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3623E A table was specified that was already being loaded.

**Explanation:** A table that was included in the job was already being loaded by another job.

**User response:** Wait for the first job to complete, and then rerun the second job.

# ARY3624E A table did not have a matching entry in common storage.

**Explanation:** Required table information was not found in common storage. A problem might have occurred during initialization, or the common storage might have been cleared.

**User response:** Verify that common storage was not cleared. If necessary, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3625E An error occurred attempting to open a pipe.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the product was opening a pipe.

**User response:** Check the log for related errors. Also check the started task for any error messages.

### ARY3626E An error occurred attempting an open on a pipe.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the product was attempting to open a pipe for writing data to the accelerator.

**User response:** Verify that the started task is still running and check for related error messages. If necessary, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3627E An error occurred attempting to create a name/token pair.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the product was attempting to save the address of common storage via IEANTCR.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY3628E An error occurred attempting to call the system post function.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the product was posting to the started task.

**User response:** Check the started task for error messages. If necessary, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3629E An error occurred while attempting to attach ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while the product was attaching a new task.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3630E The ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure ended prematurely.

**Explanation:** The ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure ended before the product opened all data pipes.

User response: Check the log for related errors.

### ARY3631E The call to connect to DB2 returned an error.

**Explanation:** Connecting to DB2 in order to call a stored procedure failed.

**User response:** Ensure that the subsystem is running.

### ARY3632E The call to open the connection to DB2 returned an error.

**Explanation:** Opening a DB2 connection in order to call a stored procedure failed.

**User response:** Ensure that the subsystem is running.

### ARY3633E The ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure returned an error.

**Explanation:** An error occurred during the call to ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES.

**User response:** Check the log for the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES error message.

#### ARY3634E The ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure returned an SQLCODE other than +466.

**Explanation:** The call to the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure resulted in an SQL error.

**User response:** Check the log for the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES SQL error message.

### ARY3635E The ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure returned an unexpected SQLCODE.

**Explanation:** The call to the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure resulted in an SQL error.

**User response:** Check the log for the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES SQL error message.

### ARY3636E The ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure abended.

**Explanation:** The call to the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure resulted in an abend.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY3637E The pipe interface program returned an unknown error.

**Explanation:** The call to the ACCEL\_LOAD\_TABLES stored procedure resulted in an abend.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY3638E message\_text

**Explanation:** This message provides the following information:

SVC99 details = *svcc99\_details* SVC99\_CODE\_1 SVC99\_CODE\_2 SVC99\_DDNAME *ddname* SVC99\_PIPE User response: No action is required.

#### ARY3639I This message provides the DD name.

**Explanation:** DDNAME = *ddname*.

User response: No action is required.

ARY3640I This message provides SSID information.

**Explanation:** SSID = *ssid*.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY36411 This message provides DB2 connection error information.

**Explanation:** SSID = *ssid* Plan name = *plan\_name*.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY3642I This message provides a return code.

**Explanation:** Return code = *return\_code*.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY3643E This message provides the message identifier and the table ID.

Explanation: Table information is as follows:

BAD\_TABLE\_ID = table\_ID BAD\_TABLE\_TEXT = table\_text

User response: No action is required.

### ARY3644E This message provides table partition information.

**Explanation:** Partition information is as follows: BAD\_TABLE\_PART\_1 = *partition\_number*.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY3719E Error control card stream has no continuation.

**Explanation:** An end of control card stream was detected but the expression is incomplete.

User response: Check and correct the control cards.

### ARY3720E Error control card stream have unexpected continuation.

**Explanation:** The control card stream process was complete, but a continuation was found.

**User response:** Check the control cards and remove the continuation.

### **ARY3721E • ARY3746W**

### ARY3721E Error control card stream ended unexpectedly.

**Explanation:** The control card context expected additional input but found the end of the file instead.

User response: Check for syntax errors

### ARY3722E Error control card stream ended while token <TOKEN> value expected.

**Explanation:** The control card context expected a value associated with the token but found the end of the file instead.

User response: Check for syntax errors.

#### ARY3723E Consistent Load operations require DB2 V10 or later. This DB2=db2\_version.

**Explanation:** The attempted operation requires DB2 Version 10 or later.

**User response:** Verify that your system meets the minimum software requirements. For more information, see the topic about preparing to customize in the product documentation.

#### ARY3736E Error in checking the IDAA name.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to check the current IDAA name from the DISPLAY ACCELERATOR command output. The command output is displayed in the messages that follow.

**User response:** Review the command output and correct the problem.

#### ARY3737E Error IDAA name invalid state.

**Explanation:** The IDAA state from DISPLAY ACCELERATOR command output is not "STARTED".

**User response:** Review the command output and correct the problem.

#### **ARY3738E** Error exec -DIS ACCEL command rc = RC, rs = SQLSTATE

**Explanation:** An error was encountered when executing the DB2 DISPLAY ACCELERATOR command. Any available command output follows this message.

**User response:** Review the return code and correct the problem.

### ARY3739E Error call sysproc.accel\_get\_tables\_details table owner.name severity severity, reason reason.

Explanation: There was an error in the call to stored

procedure *owner.name* table. See also ARY3740I, ARY3741I, ARY3742I.

**User response:** Review the error codes and correct the problem.

#### ARY3740I Error text: text

**Explanation:** This message displays the error text from the stored procedure and is displayed after message ARY3727I.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARY3741I** Error description: *text*

**Explanation:** This message displays the error description from the stored procedure and is displayed after message ARY3727I.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY3742I Error action: text

**Explanation:** This message displays the error action text from the stored procedure and is displayed after message ARY3727I.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY3743E Error could not parse XML output. XML output follows.

**Explanation:** An error was encountered parsing the XML output from the stored procedure. The XML output will be dumped after this message.

**User response:** Provide the output to IBM Software Support.

#### ARY3744W Warning table <schema>.<name> state <state> type <type>.

**Explanation:** Invalid state for *<schema>.<name>* on accelerator detected.

**User response:** To resolve, delete and re-add the table to the accelerator.

ARY3745W Warning table <schema>.<name> part <part\_number> state <state> type <type>.

**Explanation:** Invalid state for *<schema>.<name>* on accelerator detected.

**User response:** To resolve, delete and re-add the table to the accelerator.

**ARY3746W** Warning table owner.table part number state state type type.

**Explanation:** Invalid state for *owner.table* partition NUMBER on accelerator detected.

**User response:** Correct problem if needed.

### ARY3747S The global Recovery Expert intercept is not active.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert started task has not been started since the last IPL.

**User response:** Start the DB2 Recovery Expert started task. Issue the z/OS console command S *prefixstc* or the SDSF command /S *prefixstc*. The variable *prefixstc* represents the member name of the DB2 Recovery Expert PROC in the system PROCLIB. For more information, see "Starting the started task" in the product documentation.

#### ARY3748S The selected DB2 system is not on the Recovery Expert started task intercept list.

**Explanation:** The DSNUTILB intercept policy for the DB2 Recovery Expert started task must specify the DB2 system.

**User response:** Include the DB2 system in the DSNUTILB intercept policy by using the <DB2SYSTEM> element within the <POLICY> section of the DSNUTILB intercept policy as follows:

<DSNUTILB\_INTERCEPT>
<POLICY>
<DB2SYSTEM SSID="ssid" ACTION="LOAD\_ACCELERATOR">
</DB2SYSTEM>
</POLICY>
</DSNUTILB\_INTERCEPT>

For more information, see the topic about the DSNUTILB intercept and the DSNUTILB intercept policy in the reference section of the product documentation.

#### ARY3749S The selected DB2 system is not configured for intercepts by the Recovery Expert.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert cannot connect to the DB2 system because the DB2 Recovery Expert started task is not running.

**User response:** Start the DB2 Recovery Expert started task. Issue the z/OS console command S *prefixstc* or the SDSF command /S *prefixstc*. The variable *prefixstc* represents the member name of the DB2 Recovery Expert PROC in the system PROCLIB. For more information, see "Starting the started task" in the product documentation.

# ARY3754E Could not find log data set to determine RBA of TO\_TIMESTAMP point.

**Explanation:** The TO\_TIMESTAMP control card was used, but the specified timestamp cannot be correlated to any log data set in the boot strap data set (BSDS). If

the timestamp is no longer valid, it cannot be used.

**User response:** Specify a timestamp that is within the boundaries of the logs that are recorded in the BSDS.

### ARY3760E The TO\_IC keyword has already been coded for this space group.

**Explanation:** The space specification set contains duplicate keywords.

User response: Correct the syntax.

#### ARY3761E The TO\_IC value has no contents.

**Explanation:** A syntax error was found in the control card. The data set name is required.

**User response:** Correct the syntax.

### ARY3762E The TO\_IC parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** A syntax error was found in the control card. The data set name must be enclosed in single quotation marks and can contain up to 44 characters.

User response: Correct the syntax.

### ARY3763E The selected end point is inconsistent with the run type.

**Explanation:** If the run type is a load to a consistent time (CONSISTENT load), the TO\_IC end point control card cannot be used. If the run type is an image copy load, only the TO\_IC end point can be used. End points such as TO\_IC can only be used with the IDAA\_LOAD\_IC option. Other end points, such as TO\_CURRENT, can only be used with the IDAA\_CONSISTENT\_LOAD option.

User response: Check the run type for consistency.

# ARY3764E The TO\_IC\_INLINE control card has already been specified for this object.

**Explanation:** A duplicate control card was found in the object specification.

User response: Correct the syntax.

### ARY3765E The DBID, PSID, and at least one OBID must be specified.

**Explanation:** On a load operation, translation was called for, but all required fields to perform the function were not specified. All of the required options that are needed to perform the translation operation were not specified.

**User response:** Ensure that all of the following required options are specified: DBID, PSID, and at least one OBID.

### ARY3766E • ARY4102E

#### ARY3766E When a segmented object is loaded, OBIDXLAT information must be specified.

**Explanation:** The process requires that OBIDXLAT information be specified when the underlying table space is segmented, even if there is only one table currently in the table space.

**User response:** Specify the DBID/PSID/OBID number pairs for the object.

### ARY3767E The OBIDXLAT\_CATALOG control card has already been specified for this object.

**Explanation:** A duplicate control card was found in the object specification.

User response: Correct the syntax.

### ARY3768E Options OBIDXLAT and OBIDXLAT\_CATALOG cannot be specified at the same time.

**Explanation:** The specified options are mutually exclusive, and only one of the options can be specified in the syntax.

User response: Correct the syntax.

### ARY3769E The DEBUG parameter has already been coded for this space group.

Explanation: A duplicate control card was found.

User response: Correct the syntax.

ARY3769W Warning table <schema>.<name> state <state> type <type>.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not determine whether it is safe to load the table.

**User response:** Check the table state. For more information, see the *IBM DB2 Analytics Accelerator for z/OS Stored Procedures Reference*.

### ARY3770E The DEBUG value has no contents.

**Explanation:** The DEBUG parameter has been specified without a value.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the DEBUG parameter.

### ARY3771E The DEBUG parameter specified is invalid.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the DEBUG parameter is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the DEBUG parameter.

### ARY3801E The conversion program returned an error.

**Explanation:** This message is the header line for additional messages that follow.

User response: No action is required.

# ARY3802E The DB2 Recovery Expert row conversion program ended unexpectedly.

**Explanation:** An error occurred in the DB2 Recovery Expert row conversion program.

**User response:** This message is accompanied by related messages that provide more information about the issue. If you cannot resolve the issue, note the job return code and contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4100E Parameters with the DB2 SSID and PLAN name must be passed to DB2 Recovery Expert.

**Explanation:** 

User response:

ARY4100I Parameters with the DB2 SSID and PLAN name must be passed to DB2 Recovery Expert.

**Explanation:** Parameters such as SSID and PLAN name must be defined within the DB2 Recovery Expert control file.

**User response:** Define the DB2 SSID parameters to the DB2 Recovery Expert Tool User Settings, using option 0 from the main menu.

# ARY4101E The table space 'db\_name.ts\_name' does not exist in the DB2 catalog.

**Explanation:** The table space specified in the DB2 Recovery Expert JCL does not exist in the DB2 catalog.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY4102E Partition *part\_num* was specified for 'db\_name.ts\_name' but the space is non-partitioned or the partition is not defined.

**Explanation:** A partition was specified for a non-partitioned table space or the partition is not defined.

**User response:** Correct the DB2 Recovery Expert JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY4103E Invalid syntax. Not allowed keyword 'word1'. Expected 'word2 word3 ...'.

**Explanation:** The syntax is not valid.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY4104E Invalid syntax. Not allowed keyword '*word1*'.

**Explanation:** The syntax is not valid.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY4105E The DATA\_BASE parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The DATA\_BASE parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the DATA\_BASE keyword has been properly specified in your JCL.

### ARY4106E The SPACE\_NAME parameter is invalid.

Explanation: The SPACE\_NAME parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the SPACE\_NAME parameter has been properly specified in your JCL.

#### ARY4107E The PARTITION parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The PARTITION parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the PARTITION parameter has been properly specified in your JCL.

### ARY4108E The SPACE\_THREAD parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The SPACE\_THREAD parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the SPACE\_THREAD parameter has been properly specified in your JCL.

### ARY4109E The PART\_THREAD parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The PART\_THREAD parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the PART\_THREAD parameter has been properly specified in your JCL.

### ARY4110I The INDEX\_THREAD parameter is invalid.

**Explanation:** The INDEX\_THREAD parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Verify that the INDEX\_THREAD parameter has been properly specified in your JCL.

#### ARY4112E A DB.TS pair is incomplete.

**Explanation:** The DB.TS pair you specified is incomplete.

**User response:** Verify that all DB.TS pairs have been specified correctly. Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY4113E Operations on the DB2 directory are not allowed.

**Explanation:** Indexes cannot be rebuilt on the DB2 directory table spaces.

User response: None.

# ARY4114E Operations on the DB2 Catalog table space DSNDB06.SYSCOPY are not allowed.

**Explanation:** Indexes cannot be rebuilt on DB2 Catalog table spaces.

User response: None.

### ARY4140S The subsystem ID must be a valid DB2 subsystem name.

Explanation: You specified an invalid subsystem ID.

User response: Verify the subsystem ID.

# ARY4141S The plan name must be a valid DB2 plan name.

Explanation: You specified an invalid plan name.

**User response:** Verify the plan name.

# **ARY4142S** Error connecting to DB2 SSID ssid RC = rc

**Explanation:** The program could not connect to the DB2 subsystem. The return code returned from the Call Attach Facility is listed in the message.

**User response:** Refer to the message returned by the Call Attach Facility listed in message ARY4151I.

### **ARY4143S** Error opening plan *plan\_name* **RC** = *rc*

**Explanation:** The program could not open specified plan. The return code returned from the Call Attach Facility is listed in the message.

**User response:** Refer to the message returned by the Call Attach Facility listed in message ARY4151I.

#### ARY4144S Error disconnecting from DB2 SSID ssid RC = rc

**Explanation:** The program could not disconnect from the DB2 subsystem. The return code returned from the Call Attach Facility is listed in the message.

**User response:** Refer to the message returned by the Call Attach Facility listed in message ARY4151I.

#### ARY4145S CAF request can not be completed.

**Explanation:** The program could not complete a CAF request.

**User response:** Refer to messages ARY4151I, ARY4152I, ARY4153I, and DSNT300I for additional information and consult with your systems programmer. Refer to DB2 Version 9.1 for z/OS Messages for more information.

#### ARY4146E SQL request can not be completed.

**Explanation:** The program could not complete an SQL request.

**User response:** Refer to messages ARY4154I, ARY4155I, and ARY4156I for additional information and consult with your systems programmer.

### ARY4147E The attempt to reset the RBDP flag returned an error.

**Explanation:** The product was unable to reset the Rebuild pending status for object specified in the job.

**User response:** Check the output for DSNUTILB error messages and consult with your systems programmer. Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY4150I The version of DB2 subsystem *ssid* is *ver*.

**Explanation:** Displays the SSID and the version of the DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** No action is required.

### **ARY4151I CAF reason codes =** *'rc1,rc2'*.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates a DB2 CAF request failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return codes. Refer to DB2 Version 9.1 for z/OS Codes (GC18-9853-05) for more information.

ARY4152I message\_text

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold text message information.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4154I Pgm: modulename Stmt: stmtnum Type: 'SQL type name' Code: sqlcode

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates a DB2 SQL request failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the indicated SQL code. Refer to DB2 Version 9.1 for z/OS Codes (GC18-9853-05) for more information.

ARY4155I message\_text

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold text message information.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY4162E The SYSINARY DD card could not be opened for input.

**Explanation:** The SYSINARY DD data set specified in the JCL could not be opened for input.

**User response:** Verify that the SYSINARY DD is not being accessed by other resources and resubmit the job.

### ARY4164E The SYSINARY DD input stream is empty.

**Explanation:** No control cards appear in the instream file or the input data set.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY4165E The command set must end with a close parenthesis ")".

**Explanation:** There is no close parenthesis following the DB2 DB2 Recovery Expert input cards.

**User response:** Enter a close parenthesis following the DB2 Recovery Expert input cards.

### ARY4166E The parsing process gave an invalid return code.

**Explanation:** There is an error in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY4200E A data set allocation failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not allocate specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set name is listed in message ARY4210I. The DD name is listed in message ARY4211I. Refer to messages ARY4213I for any dynamic allocation return codes and consult with your systems programmer. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the  $\Delta$ MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide $\Delta$  (SA22-7608).

#### ARY4201E A data set deallocation error occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not deallocate specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set name is listed in message ARY4210I. The DD name is listed in message ARY4211I. Refer to messages ARY4213I for any dynamic allocation return codes and contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4202E A data set open failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not open specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set name is listed in message ARY4210I. The DD name is listed in message ARY4211I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4203E A data set close failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not close specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set name is listed in message ARY4210I. The DD name is listed in message ARY4211I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4204E A dataset write failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not write specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set name is listed in message ARY4210I. The DD name is listed in message ARY4211I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4206S The FULL image copy DD CA(LP/LB/RP/RB) {1} refers to a DSNAME already in SYSCOPY.

**Explanation:** You specified a full image copy data set name that already exists in SYSCOPY.

**User response:** Specify a different image copy data set name.

### ARY4207S The FULL image copy DD CA(LP/LB/RP/RB) {1} is missing from the JCL.

**Explanation:** The full image copy data set is not included in your DB2 Recovery Expert JCL.

**User response:** Verify that the JCL is formatted correctly and contains the necessary information for your DB2 Recovery Expert job.

ARY4210I data\_set\_name

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold data set name information.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4211I DD\_name

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold DD name information.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARY4212I Each CAxxnnnn DD correlates to each SPACE(...) control card group.

**Explanation:** Each CAxxxx DD statement must be associated with a corresponding SPACE(...) control card group.

**User response:** Verify that the JCL is formatted correctly and that each CAxxxx DD statement is associated with a SPACE(...) control card group.

#### **ARY4213I** Dynamic allocation return codes = '*rc*'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the  $\triangle$ MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide $\triangle$  (SA22-7608).

### ARY4215I Object: Database db\_name Indexspace is\_name Partition part\_num ICBackup 'site'

**Explanation:** This message, in conjunction with messages ARY2101I, ARY2102I, or ARY4216I indicates the database affected by the condition described in the associated message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4216I DSN:data\_set\_name LRSN/RBA: X'xxxxxxxxx'

**Explanation:** This message, in conjunction with messages ARY2101I, ARY2102I, or ARY4215I indicates the data set name affected by the condition described in the associated message.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY4220E An VSAM allocate failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not allocate specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I. Refer to message ARY4238I for any dynamic allocation return codes and consult with your systems

### ARY4221E • ARY4260E

programmer. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the  $\triangle$ MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide $\triangle$  (SA22-7608).

#### ARY4221E An VSAM allocate failure occurred. Data set is locked.

**Explanation:** The program could not allocate specified data set because it is locked by other program. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I.

#### ARY4222E An VSAM allocate failure occurred. Data set is absent.

**Explanation:** The program could not allocate specified data set because it is absent. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I.

### ARY4223E A VSAM deallocation error occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not deallocate specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4236I and ARY4237I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4224E A VSAM open failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not open specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4236I and ARY4237I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4225E A VSAM close failure occurred.

**Explanation:** Explanation: The program could not close specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4236I and ARY4237I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4226E A VSAM read failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not read specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4227E A VSAM write failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not write specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4230E A VSAM random read failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not read specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4232E A VSAM random fetch failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not fetch specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4233E A VSAM random update failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not update specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4236I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4236I *data\_set\_name*

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold data set name information.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4237I DD\_name

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold DD name information.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4238I Dynamic allocation return code = '*rc*'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the  $\triangle$ MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide $\triangle$  (SA22-7608).

ARY4260E An allocate failure occurred on the key sort module.

**Explanation:** The program could not allocate temporary data set.

User response: Refer to message ARY4271I for any

dynamic allocation return codes and consult with your systems programmer. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the △MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide△ (SA22-7608).

### ARY4261I A deallocate failure occurred on the key sort module.

**Explanation:** The program could not deallocate specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4270I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4262I An open failure occurred on the key sort module.

**Explanation:** The program could not open specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4270I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY42631 A close failure occurred on the key sort module.

**Explanation:** The program could not close the data set specified in message ARY4270I.

**User response:** Contact IBM Software Support and supply the entire job output.

### ARY4264I A read failure occurred on the key sort module.

**Explanation:** The program could not read specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4270I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4265I A write failure occurred on the key sort module.

**Explanation:** The program could not write specified data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4270I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4267E An invalid return code was detected from the SORT program.

**Explanation:** DB2 DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an invalid return code from the SORT program.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARY4270I DD\_name

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold DD name information.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY4271I Dynamic allocation return code = '*rc*'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates a data set allocation failure occurred.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. Refer to DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Messages (GC18-9602-01) and DB2 UDB for z/OS V8 Codes (GC18-9603-01) for more information.

### ARY4360I The table space 'db\_name.ts\_name' partition part\_num has an unknown status.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert ensures that the indicated space is stopped before proceeding with the rebuild index process by issuing a call similar to a -DISPLAY DATABASE command. This message displays when the status is not equal to 'RO', 'RW', or 'UT'.

**User response:** Stop the indicated space before attempting to proceed with the rebuild index process.

### ARY4361E The stop status check for table space db\_name.ts\_name partition part\_num timed out.

**Explanation:** Before index processing can occur, DB2 Recovery Expert must attempt to stop the spaces involved. However, if an in-flight URID is processing and the object is stopped, the status changes to 'STOP', or Stop Pending until the URID finishes. It may also take DB2 some time to flush the buffers. In either case, DB2 Recovery Expert checks the spaces before beginning any index processing. If any of the spaces are not stopped, DB2 Recovery Expert waits a few seconds and checks again. After several checks, it will abort processing and issue this message.

User response: Diagnose why the space will not stop.

# ARY4362E The ENQ for table space db\_name.ts\_name partition part\_num was not successful.

**Explanation:** Indicates the database and partition for which the ENQs did not complete successfully.

**User response:** Diagnose why the space won't enqueued.

#### ARY4363E The index space 'db\_name.is\_name' partition part\_num has an unsupported type and will be skipped.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert ensures that the indicated space is stopped before proceeding with the rebuild indexes process by issuing a call similar to a -DISPLAY DATABASE command. This message displays when the status is not equal to `RO', `RW', or `UT'.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY4364E The index space 'db\_name.is\_name' belongs to a non-partitioned index and will be skipped.

**Explanation:** A partition was specified for a index space, but it is a non-partitioned index.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4370I The table space 'db\_name.ts\_name' partition part\_num beginning offloading keys.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is starting to read the specified table space partition to generate index keys.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY4371I The table space 'db\_name.ts\_name' partition part\_num keys are being offloaded.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert has finished reading the specified table space partition and generating index keys.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY4372I The index space 'db\_name.is\_name' partition part\_num rebuilding is beginning.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is starting to sort the index keys and generating the specified index space.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY4373I The index space 'db\_name.is\_name' partition part\_num is being rebuilt.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert has finished sorting the index keys and generating the specified index space.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARY4374I The table space 'db\_name.ts\_name' partition part\_num is empty and will be skipped.

**Explanation:** The specified table space partition has no one table or index.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY4375I The index space db\_name.ts\_name partition part\_num is ICOPY pending.

**Explanation:** The specified index space partition has the informational copy pending status.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY4380E The index space 'db\_name.is\_name' partition part\_num has an unknown status.

**Explanation:** This message ensures that the indicated space is to be stopped before proceeding with the rebuild indexes process. DB2 Recovery Expert checks the space with a call similar to a '-display db(db\_name) spacenam(is\_name) part(part\_num)' to verify that the space is in 'stop' status. This message displays when the database comes back with a status not equal to 'RO', 'RW', or 'UT'.

**User response:** Stop the indicated space before attempting to proceed with the rebuild indexes process.

### ARY4381E The status check for index space 'db\_name.is\_name' partition part\_num timed out.

**Explanation:** This message is output when ARY tries to start and it has to ensure that when doing rebuild indexes processing that the index spaces are indeed stopped. The stop step that is generated (prior to ARY) to do this sends commands to DB2 to stop the data sets, but it does not wait for the index spaces to actually stop. If an in-flight URID is processing against the object and the stop is done, the space changes to 'STOP' or stop pending until the URID finishes. It may also take DB2 some time to flush buffers. In either case, ARY does a check on the spaces before doing any real processing. If any of the spaces don't come back 'STOP', it waits a few seconds and checks again. After a few checks like this, it aborts, producing this message.

**User response:** Diagnose why the space will not stop.

# ARY4400E The attempt to recreate the underlying VSAM data set returned an error.

**Explanation:** DB2 DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to create the VSAM file for object specified in your DB2 Recovery Expert job.

**User response:** Check the output for IDCAMS error messages and consult with your systems programmer.

Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4401E An allocate failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not allocate a temporary data set.

**User response:** Refer to message ARY4411I for any dynamic allocation return codes and consult with your systems programmer. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the △MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide△ (SA22-7608).

#### ARY4402E An deallocate failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not deallocate temporary data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4410I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4403E An open failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not open temporary data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4410I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4404E A close failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not close temporary data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in messages ARY4410I. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY4405E A write failure occurred.

**Explanation:** The program could not write temporary data set. The data set is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set is listed in message ARY4410I. Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARY4406E An invalid or incompatible data set name was specified.

**Explanation:** The specified data set name can not be used for VSAM access to DB2 data set. The data set name is listed in the message.

**User response:** The data set name is listed in message ARY4412I. Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY4410I DD\_name

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold DD name information.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARY4411I** Dynamic allocation return code = '*rc*'.

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates a data set allocation failure.

**User response:** Diagnose the problem using the return code. For information about the dynamic allocation return codes received, see the  $\triangle$ MVS Programming Authorized Assembler Service Guide $\triangle$  (SA22-7608).

#### ARY4412I data\_set\_name

**Explanation:** This message is used to hold data set name information.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY4998E Internal error. Contact IBM tech support. Pgm: modulename Stmt: stmtnum

**Explanation:** This diagnostic message indicates an internal check failure.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARY9001E Error func OPEN input DD REPLIB rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when opening the report library DD concatenation.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY9002E Error func CLOSE input DD REPLIB rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when closing the report library DD concatenation.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY9003E Error func enumerate members input DD REPLIB rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when enumerating load library members. Error from DESERV service.

**User response:** The load library is unusable. Recover the load library.

### ARY9004E Error func STARTD rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when starting a dialog. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARY9005E** • **ARY9018W**

### ARY9005E Error func ENDD rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when ending a dialog. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY9006E Error func CREATEW rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when creating a work module. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY9007E Error func DELETEW rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when deleting a work module. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY9008E Error func RESETW rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when resetting a work module. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY9009E Error func INCLUDE entry ENTRY\_NAME rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when including an entry. Error from IEWBIND service.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

#### **ARY9010E** Error func GETBUF rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when obtaining storage. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARY9011E** Error func FREEBUF rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when freeing storage. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY9012E Error func GETN get sections entry ENTRY\_NAME rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when enumerating sections in entry. Error from IEWBIND service.

User response: The load library member might be

### ARY9013E Warning func GETN no sections entry ENTRY\_NAME rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when enumerating sections in entry. Error from IEWBIND service. No sections was found.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

### ARY9014E Error func GETC get compile units entry ENTRY\_NAME rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when enumerating compile units in entry. Error from IEWBIND service.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

### ARY9015W Warning func GETC no compile units entry ENTRY\_NAME rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when enumerating compile units in entry. Error from IEWBIND service. No compile units was found.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

# ARY9016E Error invalid buffer size SIZE , expected SIZE.

**Explanation:** The buffer size is too small. Too many sections were found.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

#### ARY9017E Error func GETD get data ENTRY\_SECTION\_CALSS rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred while reading the entry section class. Error from IEWBIND service.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

#### ARY9018W Warning func GETD no data ENTRY\_SECTION\_CALSS rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when reading the entry section class. Error from IEWBIND service. Class have no data.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

#### ARY9019E Error func CSNBOWH calc MD5 hash rc = returncode , rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when calculating the MD5 hash. Error from CSNBOWH service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARY9020E Error func GETD get RLD data ENTRY\_SECTION\_CALSS rc = returncode, rsn = reasoncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when reading the entry section class. Error from IEWBIND service.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

#### ARY9021E Warning func OPEN output DD REPORT01 rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when opening the REPORT01 DD.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY9022W Warning Module Section Usage report skipped

**Explanation:** No REPORT01 DD was specified. No report was produced.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY9023I Module Section Usage report started

Explanation: Report generation started.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY9024I Module Section Usage report completed

Explanation: Report generation completed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY9025W Warning func OPEN output DD REPORT02 rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when opening the REPORT02 DD.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

### ARY9026W Warning Section MD5 Hash Usage report skipped

**Explanation:** No REPORT02 DD was specified. No report was produced.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY9027I Section MD5 Hash Usage report started

**Explanation:** Report generation started.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY9028I Section MD5 Hash Usage report completed

Explanation: Report generation completed.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY9029W Warning func OPEN output DD REPORT03 rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when opening the REPORT03 DD.

User response: Correct your JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY9030W Warning Section APAR Usage report skipped

**Explanation:** No REPORT03 DD was specified. No report was produced.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY9031I Section APAR Usage report started

**Explanation:** Report generation started.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY9032I Section APAR Usage report completed

**Explanation:** Report generation completed.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY9033W Warning func OPEN output DD REPORT04 rc = returncode

**Explanation:** An error occurred when opening the REPORT04 DD.

User response: Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

# ARY9034W Warning APAR Section Affected report skipped

**Explanation:** No REPORT04 DD was specified. No report was produced.

**User response:** Correct the JCL and resubmit the job.

#### ARY9035I APAR Section Affected report started

**Explanation:** Report generation has started.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY9036I • ARYA012E

#### ARY9036I APAR Section Affected report completed

**Explanation:** Report generation is complete.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARY9037I (c) Copyright Rocket Software, Inc. 2012. All Rights Reserved.

Explanation: Utility starting.

User response: No action is required.

### ARY9038I Load Library Report utility started

Explanation: Utility started.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARY9039I Load Library Report utility completed rc = returncode

Explanation: Utility completed.

User response: Check the return code.

### ARY9040I Warning Entry %.\*s have TEST attribute set

**Explanation:** The TEST attribute could not be set for an entry.

**User response:** The load library member might be unusable. Recovery of the load library is required.

#### ARYA002E Unsuccessful OPEN of ISPSLIB member ARYIN1

**Explanation:** An OPEN request failed for the specified member.

User response: Verify that the member exists.

#### **ARYA003E** Unsuccessful OPEN of temp file *filename*

**Explanation:** The temporary JCL file could not be opened.

**User response:** Verify the validity of the data set name for your site.

# ARYA005E ISPSLIB member ARYIN1 bad record starting recid

**Explanation:** A bad record was found in the specified member.

**User response:** Use the record identifier to locate the bad record and correct the entry.

#### ARYA006E Bad date format or value

Explanation: A date format or value incorrect.

**User response:** Use the specified formats and/or verify the correctness of YYYYMMDD values.

#### ARYA007E Bad time format or value

Explanation: A time format or value incorrect.

**User response:** Use the specified formats and/or verify the correctness of HHMMSS values.

#### ARYA008E End date cannot be less than start date

**Explanation:** The end date must be greater than the start date for log analysis.

User response: Correct and retry.

### ARYA009E End time must be greater than start time when dates are equal

**Explanation:** The end time must be greater than the start time for log analysis, given that the start and end dates are equal.

User response: Correct and retry.

### ARYA011E No RBAs found in BSDS for the requested log range

**Explanation:** The log range specified was outside the range of the contents of the bootstrap data set (BSDS).

**User response:** Verify the specified log ranges. If the log ranges look correct, the possible reasons for this error are:

- 1. The ranges specified were greater than the highest ranges for the currently active log.
- 2. Date gaps might exist in the BSDS for the DB2 logs.

If 1 above, archive the log and retry. Otherwise, check the BSDS log ranges. The DB2 supplied utility DSNJU004 may be run against the BSDS to determine the log ranges and logs known to DB2.

### ARYA012E The BSDS start date for logs was > the requested end date

**Explanation:** The BSDS contains no information for the DB2 logs in the date range specified. The BSDS keeps only a certain amount of data for the logs based on installation settings. Once the BSDS reaches its logging maximum, the most recent archive data wraps around, thereby overlaying older log data.

**User response:** The DB2 supplied utility DSNJU004 may be run against the BSDS to determine the dates and logs known to DB2.

### ARYA013E Time conversion routine found date lower than 1990/01/01

**Explanation:** A date was found while processing the log analysis request which was earlier than 1990/01/01. This is the low date limit of the DB2 Batch Undo. This is only a limit on DB2 log dates, not on DB2 data dates.

**User response:** If it seems unlikely that this date would be encountered in the logs, an internal error may have occurred; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA014E Primary space allocation not valid number.

**Explanation:** The specification for the primary allocation for the VSAM file is not valid. It must a number between 1-99999 only.

User response: Correct and retry.

### ARYA015E Secondary space allocation not valid number.

**Explanation:** The specification for the secondary allocation for the VSAM file is not valid. It must be a number between 1-99999 only.

User response: Correct and retry.

#### **ARYA016E** Filter input bad record: recid.

**Explanation:** The filter input (DD DATAIN) contained a bad record. It is most likely that this would only occur if the user edited the input records. The offending record is shown (the first 20 characters of it).

User response: Correct and retry.

### ARYA018E OPEN failure on DATAIN input dataset

**Explanation:** An OPEN request failed for the specified ddname.

**User response:** Verify that the ddname exists in the JCL.

### ARYA019E DATAIN input file has bad record starting with: *recid*

**Explanation:** A bad record was encountered while processing the specified data set.

**User response:** Use the record identifier to locate and correct the record.

#### ARYA021E Error occurred during error processing: Ret: code

**Explanation:** An error occurred while error processing was in effect. The return code values are listed below:

• 14 -missing a quote in the ISPMLIB member message.

• 16/28 -OPEN failed/abended.

For 28, a bad message ID may have been entered.

- 20 -dynamic allocation failure for ISPMLIB.
- 24 -dynamic de-allocation failure for ISPMLIB.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA022E OPEN failure for GENRPT output file

**Explanation:** An OPEN request for the specified data set failed.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the ddname in the JCL.

ARYA023E BSDS VSAM OPEN error: Ret: code, Res: code

**Explanation:** An OPEN failure occurred while attempting to access the bootstrap data set.

**User response:** The return and reason codes can be found in the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets.* Correct and retry.

### ARYA024E BSDS VSAM GET error: Ret: code, Res: code

**Explanation:** A GET failure occurred while attempting to access the bootstrap data set.

**User response:** The return and reason codes can be found in the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets.* Correct and retry.

### ARYA025E "Misc Flags = H" requires "Generate Details = Y".

**Explanation:** The high speed option requires a combined general and detail report run. The reasons for this are that high speed processing does not allow further filtering at the detail report level, and it also adds overhead during the general report run (the savings occur during the detail report only).

User response: Correct and retry.

### ARYA026E Table owner: userid, Table: tablename; not found in DB2

**Explanation:** The specified table owner and name was not found in DB2. Either the table has been dropped, or it never existed.

**User response:** Change the table owner and name and retry.

### ARYA027E DBname: name, TSname: name; not found in DB2

**Explanation:** The specified database/table space was not found in DB2. Either the table space has been

dropped, or it never existed.

**User response:** Change the database/ table space name and retry.

### ARYA028E Any set of log range values requires both start and end values.

**Explanation:** To request either an RBA or LRSN log range, both the start and end values must both be present.

User response: Correct and retry.

# ARYA029E Start log range not less than end log range value.

**Explanation:** To request either an RBA or LRSN log range, the start value must be less than the end value.

**User response:** Correct and retry.

#### ARYA032E No point-in-time conversion was found.

**Explanation:** An interface request was made to convert between a date/time, LRSN, or RBA values. However, no conversion was possible. This is most likely due to bad input values. For example, if the requested input value was a date/time value that is beyond the current date/time, this error would occur.

User response: Validate your input and retry.

### ARYA033E No SSID found for details report

**Explanation:** No SSID was found which may mean that no database activity report (general) was run prior to running the detail report.

User response: Verify that the general report was run.

### ARYA034E The specified end date/time is greater than the current date/time

**Explanation:** The end date/time specified is later than the current date/time, which is not allowed.

**User response:** Correct the end date/time to specify a date/time less than the current date/time.

### ARYA035E The field is invalid

**Explanation:** Character fields must start with a valid character. Wildcards are not currently supported in any fields.

**User response:** Make sure the field conforms to the specified format, if one is provided. Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA036E The requested filter object *object* was not found.

**Explanation:** The object was not found in DB2 and may have been either typed incorrectly or dropped from DB2. Dropped objects cannot be used as filters for the log analysis. If a wildcard is present, that means no matching objects were found and this is considered an invalid filter.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the object name and its existence in the specified DB2 subsystem.

### **ARYA037E Process halted, memory exhausted for** *name*.

**Explanation:** An internal storage area was filled beyond capacity and the processing was halted at that point.

**User response:** Narrow your filter ranges and retry. If this occurs frequently, contact your product administrator to alert vendor.

### ARYA038E Unsuccessful OPEN of the REFILE.

**Explanation:** The REFILE could not be opened.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the DD named REFILE in your JCL. Also, verify the correctness of the associated data set name.

### ARYA039E Unsuccessful OPEN for DD ROWDATA, reason code: *code*.

**Explanation:** The VSAM file associated with the ROWDATA DD statement could not be opened. The reason code is a standard OS/390 VSAM error code.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the ROWDATA DD statement in your JCL and the associated data set name.

### ARYA040E Unsuccessful PUT for ROWDATA DD, reason code: *code*.

**Explanation:** The VSAM file associated with the ROWDATA DD statement could not be written to.

**User response:** Check the reason code included with the message in the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets.* 

### ARYA041E CATFILE lookup error: code

**Explanation:** The CATFILE holds DB2 catalog information generated during the general report creation for the log analysis. This CATFILE can only be used with the REFILE generated in the same batch run. This message may indicate a mismatch between the files. It is also possible that a filter was used in the detail report that did not exist in the general report (for example, TABLE X was requested, but it was not

present in the results of the general report). The variable information may be either a table name, database and table space name, DBID/PSID/OBID, or DBID/OBID, depending on the format.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA042E An unknown type of log record was found. It is dumped below.

**Explanation:** A log record was read but the program could not decipher its type based on known log record mappings. The first 70 bytes of the offending log record are dumped out with this message.

User response: Notify your product administrator.

### ARYA043E GENCB for ACB failed in ARYPGR: return code: code.

**Explanation:** The GENCB statement failed in the specified program.

**User response:** Check the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets*" for return code explanations.

### ARYA044E GENCB for RPL failed in ARYPGR: return code: code.

**Explanation:** The GENCB statement failed in the specified program.

**User response:** Check the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets* for return code explanations.

#### ARYA045E OPEN err DSN: name, res cde: code.

**Explanation:** The OPEN request failed for the named data set.

**User response:** Verify validity of the data set name. Check the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets* for reason code explanations.

#### **ARYA046E GET err DSN:** *name*, **res cde:** *code*.

**Explanation:** The GET request failed for the named data set.

**User response:** Check the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets*" for reason code explanations.

### ARYA047E CAF error: Unable to CONNECT to SSID: *ssid*.

**Explanation:** The Call Attach Facility was unable to CONNECT to the named subsystem.

**User response:** Verify that the subsystem name is correct and that is up and running.

ARYA048E CAF error: Unable to OPEN plan: name.

**Explanation:** The Call Attach Facility was unable to OPEN the named PLAN.

**User response:** Verify that the PLAN name is correct and that it has been bound.

#### ARYA049E OPEN failed for PLOGD DD dataset.

**Explanation:** The OPEN request for the PLOGD DD failed.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA050E OPEN err for ROWDATA, res cde: code.

**Explanation:** The VSAM file associated with the ROWDATA DD statement could not be opened.

**User response:** Check the reason code included with the message in the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets* for descriptions of VSAM OPEN errors.

#### ARYA051E GET err for ROWDATA, res cde: code.

**Explanation:** The VSAM file associated with the ROWDATA DD statement could not be written to.

**User response:** Check the reason code included with the message in the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets* for descriptions of VSAM GET errors.

#### ARYA052E PUT err for ROWDATA, res cde: code.

**Explanation:** The VSAM file associated with the ROWDATA DD statement could not be written to.

**User response:** Check the reason code included with the message in the IBM document *DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets* for descriptions of VSAM PUT errors.

#### ARYA053E OPEN error for DD FRMTFILE.

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA054E OPEN error for DD CATFILE.

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA055E OPEN error for DD REPORT.

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement. This should not occur; contact your product administrator to notify the vendor.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA057I There is no data to process for the details report. Job stops.

**Explanation:** This message will occur if a detail report is being run but the general report generated no data. It will also occur if the filters for the detail report filtered out all the data so there is nothing to process. This is not an error condition but rather an indication of end of processing as no detail report can be generated.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA058W Not authorized to view this table: name

**Explanation:** This warning message occurs if a table is found while processing the details report which the user is not authorized to SELECT from. The table will not be included in the details report and no more processing is done for this table.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYA059W The DB2 dataset is not found: name

**Explanation:** This warning message occurs if the named DB2 VSAM data set cannot be allocated because it can not be found. This would occur if the VSAM data set was deleted outside of DB2s knowledge but the object was not dropped in DB2. The table will not be included in the details report and no more processing is done for this table.

User response: None required.

### ARYA060E No records written to ROWDATA DD. Job stops.

**Explanation:** The vsam file associated with the ROWDATA DD statement had no records written to it. This can occur only if there were also warnings generated for the detail report run. Processing stops here because there is no data to further process and hence, no detail report can be generated.

**User response:** Check the job for messages in the WARNINGS DD.

### ARYA061W Log RID mismatch with page RID; variable1 - variable5

**Explanation:** When reading the data page associated with a log record modification, it was determined that the data page row ID did not match the log page row ID. This causes processing to shutdown for this

particular table space. The table is identified by the variables in the message, listed as such: page number, row ID, DBID, PSID, and OBID. These values are all from the log record. This can occur for many reasons, such as if a table was REORGed, was recreated, or the log record data is still in the DB2 buffer pool.

**User response:** If this latter case is likely, retry after a QUIESCE on the database. Otherwise, use a log-forward mode process.

#### ARYA063W OPEN failed for auth: name

**Explanation:** While attempting to open the DB2 VSAM data set, an authorization failure occurred. You are not authorized to OPEN this data set. This table/table space will not be included in the final details report.

User response: None required.

### ARYA064E Dyn alloc err: DDname: name, Ret: code, Res: code

**Explanation:** An internal dynamic allocation attempt failed for the specified ddname. The return code and reason codes are SVC 99 standard codes and can be found in the IBM manual "Authorized Assembler Services Guide" in the chapter "Requesting Dynamic Allocation Functions". The most common codes likely to be encountered are:

- 0210/0410 ddname unavailable or in use by another user.
- 0420 ddname associated with an already opened data set.
- 1708 data set associated with ddname not found.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA065E Unsuccessful OPEN of name

**Explanation:** An unsuccessful OPEN was issued for the specified ddname. The data set may not be allocated or already open.

**User response:** Logging off TSO may resolve this problem.

# ARYA066E DB2PARMS file bad for *ssid*, missing configuration information.

**Explanation:** For the SSID specified on the message, there is missing common configuration information.

**User response:** Verify with your product administrator that all the necessary configuration information has been supplied for the SSID.

### ARYA067E DB2PARMS file does not have requested SSID: ssid

**Explanation:** The configuration file has no entry for the specified subsystem.

**User response:** Edit the configuration file to add the specified subsystem.

#### ARYA068E DYN:DSName: name, code, code

**Explanation:** An internal dynamic allocation attempt failed for the specified dsname. The reason code and info codes follow after the DSName field. These codes are SVC 99 standard codes and can be found in the IBM manual "Authorized Assembler Services Guide" in the chapter "Requesting Dynamic Allocation Functions". The most common codes likely to be encountered are:

- 0210/0410 ddname unavailable or in use by another user
- 0420 ddname associated with an already opened data set
- 1708 dsname not found

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA069E DB2PARMS file bad for *ssid*, missing the log analysis parm data.

**Explanation:** For the SSID specified on the message, there is missing configuration data.

**User response:** Verify that the log analysis has been properly configured by your product administrator and that all needed parameters were provided for the failing subsystem.

### ARYA070W Uncommitted URID found and bypassed; variable1 - variable4

**Explanation:** An uncommitted URID was found that matched the filter criteria. This URID is not included in the report, as it cannot be determined at this time if the work will be committed or aborted. The variables listed are for the URID and the DBID, PSID, and OBID of the table affected, respectively.

**User response:** Re-running the the job at a later time will resolve the warning as the URID will eventually be either committed or rolled back.

### ARYA072E Edit proc error: name: name; retcde:code; rescde:code

**Explanation:** The named edit procedure returned an error while attempting to decode the row. The named edit procedure returned the listed return and reason codes. Processing halts.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### **ARYA073W Dictionary mismatch:** *variable1 - variable4*

**Explanation:** A row was found that needed to be decompressed, but the current dictionary was created after the row was written to the log. The dictionary cannot be used to decompress the row. The variables listed show the DBID, PSID, page number and URID for the row. This row is bypassed for the details report.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA074E OPEN error for DD WARNINGS

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** Check for the inclusion of this DD statement in your JCL step and for correct specification of the associated data set.

#### ARYA075E Field proc error: name: name; retcde:code; rescde:code

**Explanation:** The named field procedure returned an error while attempting to decode the column. The named field procedure returned the listed return and reason codes. The values shown are hexadecimal displays of return/reason codes provided by the field procedure as DB2 allows anything in these fields. Processing halts.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA076E OPEN failure on TEMPIC ddname for output

Explanation: The OPEN failed for the ddname.

**User response:** Verify that the DD statement for TEMPIC is defined and valid in the JCL step.

### ARYA077E OPEN failure on TEMPIC ddname for update

**Explanation:** The OPEN failed for the ddname.

**User response:** Verify that the DD statement for TEMPIC is defined and valid in the JCL step.

#### ARYA078E Incremental IC merge err: name

**Explanation:** While attempting to merge the named incremental image copy into the full image copy, a page mismatch occurred. The full image copy data set (TEMPIC) hit an end-of-file condition while trying to match the current incremental page number.

**User response:** Verify the incremental image copy name is a valid and expected data set for the current process.

#### ARYA079E OPEN failure on TEMPIC ddname for input

#### **Explanation:** The OPEN failed for the ddname.

**User response:** Verify that the DD statement for TEMPIC is defined and valid in the JCL step for the current process.

#### **ARYA080E OPEN failure on full image copy:** *name*

Explanation: The OPEN failed for the dsname.

**User response:** Verify that the data set name is valid and that you are authorized to browse this data set.

### ARYA081E OPEN failure on incremental image copy: name

Explanation: The OPEN failed for the dsname.

**User response:** Verify that the data set name is valid and that you are authorized to browse this data set.

#### ARYA082W OPEN failed for auth: name

**Explanation:** While attempting to open the image copy data set, an authorization failure occurred. You are not authorized to OPEN this data set. The associated table space will not be included in the final details report.

User response: None required.

### ARYA083E OPEN failure on dsname: &V1 during mode file conversion

**Explanation:** The OPEN failed for the dsname. The dsname should not exist before conversion and the user should have permission to create the data set. The dsname is built internally based upon the values found in the mode file that is converted.

**User response:** Verify that the data set name does not exist and that you are authorized to create this data set.

### **ARYA084E** No full image copy found: variable1 - variable4

**Explanation:** A full image copy was not found with a RBA less than or equal to the RBA shown in the message. The product cannot continue processing. These values are all from ties for this table space. The variables shown are DBNAME, TSNAME, DSNUM, and RBA of log record.

**User response:** Verify the validity of the shown RBA and then check your SYSIBM.SYSCOPY table to verify the state of your image copy, database name, table space name.

### ARYA085E UNDO and REDO SQL mutually exclusive. Set only one to Y.

**Explanation:** A request was made to generate a details report generating both UNDO and REDO SQL. This is not permitted. Select only one of these options.

User response: Correct and retry.

# ARYA086E Bad commit scope value. Enter value between 000 to 999 only.

**Explanation:** The value entered for commit scope must be between 000 and 999 only.

User response: Correct and retry.

#### ARYA088W SQL bypassed, LOB data found on: variable1.variable2

**Explanation:** A LOB column was found in a table modified during the specified log range. LOBs are not currently supported and therefore, any log activity found for this table will not be generated into SQL. Variable1 represents the table owner, and variable2 is the table name.

User response: None required.

### ARYA089W SQL bypassed, catalog table(s) present.

**Explanation:** SQL cannot update catalog tables, and therefore, SQL generation is bypassed for all the catalog tables reported on by the detail report. Non-catalog tables will still be included in the generated SQL, if any.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYA091E Error in reading SYSLGRNX, return code: code

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to read the SYSLGRNX directory table. See your job log output for additional diagnostics relating to this error (look for possible text in job log output of "FEC#REPO").

**User response:** Report this error to your product administrator.

# ARYA093E LOBs not currently supported in load format.

**Explanation:** A LOB type column was found in the table while generating load cards. LOBs are not currently supported, so the load generation process fails.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA094E LOADFILE OPEN failure

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to open the DD LOADFILE.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the DD statement LOADFILE in either the DD CFIL or hardcoded in your JCL.

#### ARYA095E DDLFILE OPEN failure

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to open the DD DDLFILE.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the DD statement DDLFILE in either the DD CFILE or hardcoded in your JCL.

#### ARYA096E LOADCARD OPEN failure

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to open the DD LOADCARD.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the DD statement LOADCARD in either the DD CFIL or hardcoded in your JCL.

### ARYA097E Job run identifier must start with alphanumeric

**Explanation:** The job run identifier will be appended to a data set name as a low level qualifier. It must start with a character between A-Z.

User response: Correct and retry.

#### **ARYA098E** Object list filter value too long: value.

**Explanation:** An object list filter value was found to be too long. The bad filter value is shown in the error message for a length long enough to indicate the error (for example, 9 characters on a database name). The maximum lengths of these filters (including the trailing wildcard, if present) are listed below:

- Table Creator : 128 characters (only use 8 for pre-DB2 V8).
- Table Name : 128 characters (only use 18 for pre-DB2 V8).
- Database Name : 8 characters
- table space Name: 8 characters

User response: Correct and retry.

#### ARYA101E EDICT DD OPEN failure

Explanation: The EDICT DD failed to open.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA102W Log-forward required for detail report

**Explanation:** Data was found during the general report process that requires a log-forward process for generating the detail report. Such data could be reorg, load, or mass-delete log record(s).

User response: Re-run as a log-forward process.

### ARYA103E Page column value on line indicated is invalid.

**Explanation:** The page field value is invalid. Enter either a space, a "Y" (yes), or "'N" only.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA104E Error during sort. See SORTMSGS DD for more information.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while sorting the inline image copy. More information is available by examining the SORTMSGS DD statement in the JCL output.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA105E ISPSLIB member ARYIN4 bad record starting *name*

**Explanation:** A bad record was found in the specified member.

**User response:** Use the record identifier to locate the bad record and correct the entry.

#### ARYA106E TICSPECS DD OPEN failure.

**Explanation:** An inline image copy was found, but while attempting to read the TICSPECS DD, an OPEN failure occurred.

**User response:** Verify the existence of this DD in the JCL.

### ARYA107E No useable image copy found for tablespace *name*

**Explanation:** A full image copy was not found for the specified table space. An image copy must exist prior to the time of your earliest log records. If none can be found earlier than that time, no useable image copy exists. For example, if you INSERT many records and subsequently take an image copy of the table space, that image copy is not useable for the INSERTs because it occurred after them.

**User response:** Verify that a full image copy is available prior to the time of your earliest log record actions for the table space.

### ARYA109E Disk primary and secondary space values must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The primary and secondary space values must be between 0000 and 9999 only, without any non-numeric characters. This field is only validated if "Device Type" is not equal to "T".

User response: Correct and retry.

#### ARYA110E No temporary image copy data found.

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to run a detail report in log-forward mode. However, it was found that required data was missing. This is an internal error as proper and required parameters have not been passed to Log Analysis Tool for the temporary image copy allocation.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA113E Object type can be "T" for table, or "S" for table space only.

**Explanation:** The specified object type value was incorrect. If one of the above value is not used, the entire line must be left blank.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA114E OPEN error for DD SFMTFILE

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA115E OPEN error for DD CHFILE

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** Check for the inclusion of the DD CHFILE in either your hardcoded JCL or in the DD CFILES output.

### ARYA116E OPEN error for DD HVFILE

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** Check for the inclusion of the DD HVFILE in either your hardcoded JCL or in the DD CFILES output.

### ARYA117E Table owner: *userid*, table: *name*; not found in DB2

**Explanation:** The specified table owner and name was not found in DB2. The table may have been dropped.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA118E OPEN error for DD SQLIN

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA119E OPEN error for DD SQLTIN

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA120E OPEN error for DD SQLOUT.

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA121E Processing stops due to bad table list.

**Explanation:** A table was requested for the static program generation, but the table was not found in the input. Therefore, there is no data to further process.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the table specification in the TABLE DD statement and verify that there is data in the input data set. (The input data set here refers to the SQLOUT file from the details report, which if empty, will result in this message.)

### ARYA122E DBID is blank, but PSID and/or OBID are not; invalid.

**Explanation:** DBID must be entered if PSID and/or OBID are entered.

**User response:** Validate the JCL and that the required ID values conform to the above rules.

### ARYA123E DBID is nonblank, but PSID is blank; invalid.

**Explanation:** If DBID is not blank, there must minimally be a value entered for PSID. OBID does not have to be specified if only a table space is being filtered. If OBID is not a blank, PSID must also not be a blank.

**User response:** Validate the JCL and that the required ID values conform to the above rules.

### ARYA126E Contiguous group values must be either all blank or all numeric

**Explanation:** You specified a non-blank contiguous group value for at least one log entry, therefore all entries must have a value. That is, the logs are either

all contiguous, or they are not. If they are not, each log entry must have a non-blank value.

**User response:** Validate that your JCL conforms to these rules.

### ARYA127E No log data sets were specified, you must enter at least one.

**Explanation:** You hit "ENTER" to accept the list of specified log data sets, but none were found. If you want to bypass use of the list, hit "PF3", otherwise enter at least one log data set name. A line of spaces (from top to bottom) in the log data set column stops the list, so be sure the first line is not spaces.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

# ARYA130E IDCAMS job failure. See WTO messages in job output.

**Explanation:** The job failed while processing IDCAMS for the active log. The output from SYSPRINT has been written to your joblog in the form of WTO messages.

**User response:** See these messages for help on the cause of the failure.

### ARYA131E Existence of old IDs requires both old and current/new OBID.

**Explanation:** You requested old IDs but omitted the old OBID and/or the current/new OBID. This is not permitted. When requesting old IDs, all objects must be fully qualified with the current/new full set of DBID/PSID/OBID and old DBID/PSID/OBID.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of these rules in your JCL.

### ARYA132E Object name fields cannot be spaces

**Explanation:** The line has an object type = "T" or "S", and therefore object names representing either a table or a database/table space must not be left blank.

**User response:** Either set the entire line to spaces, or fill in these names.

### ARYA133E Object type is blank, therefore entire line must be blank.

**Explanation:** The line has an object type which is blank (or spaces), and therefore the entire line must be left blank.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA134W Warning: At least one utility record found.

**Explanation:** The detail report found the existence of a utility record(s). These records are identified by an "X" in the general report. They have been bypassed because only a log-forward process can handle these types of records and you have requested a log-backward process. If the "X" type record was the first record shown for a specific table/table space, running log-backward can yield good results.

User response: Evaluate and retry if necessary.

### ARYA135W Warning: A BSDS member could not be found.

**Explanation:** While processing the named BSDS for the group, another BSDS was found which could not be allocated. This data set does not exist as the allocation attempt failed on a "1708" reason code. You likely have old and outdated BSDS names in your configured BSDS. This is treated as a warning only and the name of any such BSDS is written to your joblog in the form of a WTO message.

**User response:** Confirm that the named BSDS is not needed for the run.

### ARYA136W Unsupported column type found: type

**Explanation:** The current function found a column type that is not currently supported. Processing cannot continue.

User response: None required.

### ARYA137E Bad partition value. Enter a valid number between 0-4096.

**Explanation:** The value entered for the partition must be between 0 and 4096. Spaces are also permissible, and equate to a value of 0.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the above rules in your JCL.

### ARYA138E A database/tablespace filter is required with a partition filter.

**Explanation:** A non-zero value was specified for the partition filter, but no database and table space filter was specified and/or a table filter was also specified.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the above rules in your JCL.

### ARYA139E Table filters are not permitted with a partition filter.

**Explanation:** A non-zero value was specified for the partition filter, but a table filter was also requested. This is not allowed. When using a partition filter,

specify only a single database/table space filter to be associated with the requested partition filter.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the above rules in your JCL.

#### ARYA141E Bad contiguous group specification. Must be 00-99 only.

**Explanation:** You specified a bad value for a contiguous group field. The only allowable values are from 00 to 99.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the above rules in your JCL for the log specification option.

# ARYA142E Valid operator values are EQ, NE, GT, GE, LT, LE, LK, NL, IC, XC, CH, NC.

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid operator field. The field can be only one of those listed above.

**User response:** Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA143E "Cond" field can only contain A, O, ), (, or blank.

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid "Cond" field. The field can either be "A" (AND), "O" (OR), or spaces to indicate there are no more conditions. If the field is not spaces, then there must be another conditional on the next line. Additionally, you may chose to nest your conditionals using up to 3 levels of parentheses. That is, any single line can contain from 1 to 3 left parentheses or right parentheses, and the total number of left and right parentheses must match.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA144E Bad advanced filter record: recid

**Explanation:** You specified an invalid advance filter record.

**User response:** If you edited the JCL, it was done incorrectly. Regenerate the JCL and do not edit it. If you did not edit the JCL, contact your product administrator to notify the vendor.

### ARYA146E Use of ARCHLOG1 only and ARCHLOG2 only are mutually exclusive

**Explanation:** You requested use of both ARCHLOG1 and ARCHLOG2 only, which is not permitted. Only one of these can be requested exclusively.

**User response:** If you wish to use either, that is the default behavior of the product and both should be set to "N".

### ARYA147E Unsuccessful OPEN of name

**Explanation:** An unsuccessful OPEN was issued for the specified dsname. Processing halts. This message will occur only if all logs (active and archive) with the same RBA range failed.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA148E Unsuccessful LOCATE of name

**Explanation:** An unsuccessful LOCATE occurred while trying to resolve the dsname. This message can occur while the product attempts to resolve the DATA component name of an active log. It can also occur during internal file allocation processing time.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the dsname in the message. If you are unable to determine the cause of the problem, contact the vendor.

# ARYA150E Valid values are "Y", "N", or "O" only for field.

**Explanation:** For the "Show Rollbacks" field, please specify only the following values: "Y" to include rollbacks in the output; "N" to exclude rollbacks from the output; "O" to show only rollbacks in the output.

User response: None required.

### ARYA151E Optional old IDs must have related new IDs.

**Explanation:** You specified a group of optional old IDs in the object list, but there were no IDs on the same line for the new IDs. This is not acceptable input. Old IDs must always correspond directly to new IDs.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the JCL regards the above rules.

### ARYA152E Mismatch found between old and new IDs.

**Explanation:** You specified a line of both old and new IDs, but the IDs do not directly match. When specifying the optional new IDs, all IDs must be specified for both old and new. That is, the old DBID, PSID, and OBID must all be stated, as well as the new DBID, PSID, and OBID.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the JCL regards the above rules.

### ARYA153E Object IDs list requested but no entries found.

**Explanation:** You requested use of object IDs, and hit ENTER to use the list, but no object IDs were found. If you wish to bypass the list, hit PF3, or enter at least one valid line of IDs.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

#### ARYA154E Old object IDs detected in REFILE; must use log-forward mode.

**Explanation:** While running in log-backward mode, old object IDs were detected in the REFILE. These occur only when old object IDs were included in the general report.

**User response:** You must run this detail report in log-forward mode, as log-backward mode does not support handling of previously dropped objects.

### ARYA155E Old object IDs on one line require them on all lines.

**Explanation:** You specified the optional old IDs on at least one line, so they must be present on all lines. Running with old IDs is considered running in dropped-object mode. Running without old IDs is considered standard mode. You cannot mix these two modes.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the JCL regards the above rules.

#### ARYA156I message\_text

**Explanation:** All debug messages will be displayed in this form. These messages are always activated to prevent unnecessary and potentially expensive re-runs in order to activate them. Unless a component of this product refers to such a message, disregard it. There is generally no useful user information here and this information is intended primarily for internal use as necessary.

User response: None required.

### ARYA157E Internal array in ARYBSDS exhausted, processing halts.

**Explanation:** You have exceeded the maximum number of stored archive and active logs allowed. The maximum allowable number is approximately 2788, and is deemed excessive. This will likely only occur in a detail report run where one of the following situations has occurred: log-backward mode and the associated general report timeframe was very long ago or log-forward mode and the earliest image copy needed was created long before the associated general report timeframe.

**User response:** Analyze your situation and take appropriate actions such as changing time frames or detail report modes (for example, change log-backward mode to log-forward).

### ARYA158E Partition filter not allowed with wildcards.

**Explanation:** You have requested a partition filter, but also used a wildcard in the database or table space name field. This is not permitted. A partition filter can only be applied to a single table space.

**User response:** Remove either the partition filter or the wildcard and retry.

### ARYA159E An invalid ID was found on the line. Enter only decimal numbers.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid ID value. Only decimal values are permitted and these can only be between 0 and 99999. No alphanumeric or hexadecimal values are allowed.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the JCL regards the above rules.

# ARYA160E Required fields from the general report panel have not been set.

**Explanation:** You are attempting to generate detail report JCL, but some required information is missing, and this information comes from your general report settings. You may be attempting to generate detail report JCL without ever having created general report JCL. This is not allowed. The detail report JCL uses output from the general report, so you can not run a detail report without first running a general report.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA170E Both table owner and name must be filled in, or both left spaces.

**Explanation:** You requested a table owner or name, but not both. Either leave these fields both blank, or fill them both in. The table name must be fully qualified.

**User response:** Validate the correctness of the above rules in your JCL.

### ARYA171E Invalid number of hex digits in DD FILTERS input: &V1.

**Explanation:** When using hexadecimal values in the advanced filters, there must be at least two digits. If there are more than two digits the total number of digits must be even.

**User response:** Correct the input in your JCL and retry.

### ARYA172E SQL stmt not valid due to: WHERE clause could not be generated.

**Explanation:** The WHERE clause could not be generated, and therefore no SQL statement could be produced. This is an internal error.

### ARYA173E • ARYA195E

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA173E Invalid or unbalanced quotes in DD FILTERS input: &V1.

**Explanation:** When using hexadecimal values in the advanced filters, the string entered must start with X followed by a single quote, valid hexadecimal digits, and end with a single quote. If you are attempting to use the LK or NL operator then put the % after the final single quote not inside the quotes.

**User response:** Correct the input in your JCL and retry.

#### ARYA175E Unable to LOAD DB2 module DSNHDECP

**Explanation:** A LOAD was issued against module DSNHDECP which was unsuccessful.

**User response:** Verify that the "Setup" options for this subsystem correctly identify a DB2 load library containing this module. Typically this module would reside in \*.SDSNLOAD or \*.SDSNEXIT type libraries.

### ARYA176E OPEN error for DD DECLFILE

**Explanation:** An OPEN attempt failed for this DD statement.

**User response:** Check for the inclusion of this DD statement in either your DD CFILES or hardcoded in your JCL step and for correct specification of the associated data set.

### ARYA177E Table owner/name fields must both be specified or both left blank.

**Explanation:** : Either a table owner field is spaces and the name is not spaces, or a table owner is not spaces and the name is spaces. These are invalid specifications. Either specify both the owner and name, or leave both blank.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA178E Invalid hexadecimal character found in DD FILTERS input: &V1.

**Explanation:** When using hexadecimal values in the advanced filters, the string entered must start with X followed by a single quote, valid hexadecimal digits (012345678ABCDEF), and end with a single quote. If you are attempting to use the LK or NL operator, then put the % after the final single quote, not inside the quotes.

**User response:** Correct the input in your JCL and retry.

#### **ARYA190E** Dictionary data missing in: name

**Explanation:** Either some or all of the needed dictionary was not found for the identified object (format is DBID/PSID/partition number). This should only occur if a "REPAIR SET TABLESPACE .. NOCOPYPEND" or "START(db) ACC(FORCE)" was run. Running such an action invalidates all types of DB2 recovery scenarios, as well as using this tool to report on the object.

**User response:** If you have not run either DB2 action, contact your product administrator. A log-backward detail report can be attempted to bypass this situation, but in some cases, only a log- forward detail report can be used (and log-forward is only case where this situation can occur). Filtering out the identified object is also a remedy.

#### ARYA191E No data to process, job processing stops.

**Explanation:** Either all of the data was filtered out because of column data filters, or there was no data to process from the results of the detail report.

**User response:** Verify the possibility of each condition, and either change your column data filters, or re-run the general/detail reports and verify the existence of reported data (at least one line of log record activity data).

### ARYA192I No SQL was executed; the table filter/restart file might be the cause.

**Explanation:** A table filter may have prevented any SQL from being executed. If the SQL did not include the named table, all SQL would have been bypassed. Another possible cause is that a restart was requested, and the SQL statement number to restart on is incorrect.

**User response:** Verify you actually needed to restart here, and that the previous failing run generated the restart file you are using here.

### ARYA195E A Mass Delete type record was found, must use log-forward mode only.

**Explanation:** A mass delete record was found in the REFILE (input file generated in the general report process). The only way to resolve such a record is to use a log-forward detail report ("Apply log forward = Y" on detail report panel).

**User response:** Either run the detail report in log-forward mode, or eliminate the related segmented table from your detail report by filtering on other specific objects. For example, filter only on table X when table Y had the mass delete action.

### ARYA196E IC,XC column data operators are mutually exclusive.

**Explanation:** While generating column data filters, you used both IC (include) and XC (exclude) on the same table. This is not permitted. Either name all the columns you wish to include, or name all the columns you wish to exclude, but do not mix these operators. It is implicit that if you are naming columns to be included that any columns not specified will be excluded. It is also implicit that if you are naming columns to be excluded, any columns not specified will be included.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA197E Invalid or unbalanced quotes in DD FILTERS input: &V1

**Explanation:** When using column filters if you have a beginning quote you need to end the string with an ending quote.

**User response:** Correct the input in your JCL and retry.

### ARYA224E INTERFACE: SQL DSN is too long; max 44 characters (non PDS).

**Explanation:** A requested data set name was too long. The SQL DSN data set can only be a maximum of 44 characters long, and no member specification is allowed.

User response: Correct and retry.

### ARYA227E INTERFACE: SQL DSN cannot be a PDS, only flat files valid.

**Explanation:** The requested SQL data set name contained a member name, indicating it was a PDS. Only sequential flat files are allowed.

**User response:** Specify the SQL DSN as a flat file and retry.

### ARYA228E INTERFACE: JCL DSN requested but not found.

**Explanation:** The requested JCL data set name could not be found. The use of this data set requires that it exists.

**User response:** Either remove the JCL DSN specification, or create it prior to invocation.

### ARYA233E INTERFACE: No REDO/UNDO SQL requested, but "SQL DSN" requested.

**Explanation:** The interface file requested no SQL generation, but specified a data set name to contain generated SQL.

**User response:** Either remove the "SQL DSN" specification, or request generation of either REDO or UNDO SQL.

# ARYA301E Invalid value, specify only one the listed values.

**Explanation:** The filter type specified was incorrect. This is an internal error as incorrect values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA302E Filter type and name must both be specified, or neither.

**Explanation:** Enter both a filter type and a filter name as specified on the panel. It is invalid to enter only a filter type or only a filter name without the other value. This is an internal error as incorrect values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA303E SYSCOLUMNS entry not found for table: table\_name

**Explanation:** An SQLCODE = +100 was found immediately when querying for column data for the named table. The log record data cannot be parsed out without this information, so processing stops.

**User response:** Examine your catalog for possible reasons for this condition (SYSIBM.SYSCOLUMNS catalog table where TBCREATOR/TBNAME equals the named table.)

### ARYA304W No DB2 logs were read.

**Explanation:** The general report will yield no report data because no logs were read. This can occur for many reasons. The use of SYSLGRNX with your filters may have eliminated all logs from processing. This cause of the message should be considered for your information only, and is not a problem. Other causes may indicate a problem which you might rectify. For example, if your BSDS options in the control file are set to use ARCHLOG2 only, and none were available on the subsystem, no logs can be processed. Other BSDS problems can also cause this warning.

**User response:** Evaluate your settings and BSDS for the DB2 subsystem. Check the BSDS data as it relates to the time range requested.

# ARYA305W Referential integrity records detected. SQL has been modified.

**Explanation:** Log record activity contained actions resulting from referential constraints. For REDO, all such records are ignored because it is implied that the originating action (that which caused the RI actions)

will also be re-done, triggering again the RI actions. For UNDO, only the order of the SQL is changed. IMPORTANT: if all tables involved in the RI constraints were not present in your results (that is, they were filtered out), the generated SQL can omit any such RI records as proper execution requires all such tables. This can lead to an empty SQLOUT DD data set, which contains all the SQL.

**User response:** Examine the SQL and your filters closely before executing any such generated SQL.

### ARYA316E "Object filters = A" requires "Generate Details = Y".

**Explanation:** When using advanced filters, the detail level report must be generated at the same time as the general report. This is because advanced filters must operate on both general and detail level data. The advanced filters specified will automatically be carried through to both levels of reporting.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA317E Using current filters is mutually exclusive with saving filters.

**Explanation:** You can either use the current advanced filters that have been previously saved to the named file, or you edit and save a new set of advanced filters, but not both.

User response: Set one of these flags to "N" and retry.

# ARYA318E If using or saving filters within a file, file name cannot be blank.

**Explanation:** If you set either flag on this panel to "Y" to use advanced filters from a file, or save advanced filters to a file, a file name must therefore be provided.

**User response:** Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA319E Unable to OPEN file for DD ARYAFN for output.

**Explanation:** This represents an internal error and should not occur.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA320E Bad input sequence on column data filters: record

**Explanation:** The identified record above represents the beginning on an input record that is likely out of sequence. This should only occur if you have manually edited the DD FILTERS input records in the generated JCL.

**User response:** Use the identified record to pinpoint the location of the failing record and determine why it

is considered out of sequence. Contact IBM Customer Support for assistance, if necessary.

# ARYA321E Bad conditional value in DD FILTERS input: conditional\_value

**Explanation:** The identified conditional above is incorrect. The conditional value may be incorrect, or it could be an "AND" condition as the last condition. An "AND" condition cannot logically be the last condition. The only acceptable values for conditionals are spaces, "A", "O", or one of those values preceded by left or right parentheses. For example, "))A" or "(O" are correct, but "()A" or "A((" or "()(" are all invalid.

**User response:** Correct and retry. Contact IBM Customer Support, if necessary.

### ARYA322E Bad operator value in DD FILTERS input: operator

**Explanation:** The identified operator above is incorrect.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA323E Both INCLUDE (IC) and EXCLUDE (XC) operators found for table.

**Explanation:** For any given table, there can only be INCLUDE or EXCLUDE type column specifications, not both. They are mutually exclusive.

**User response:** Either specify all the columns to include, or specify all the columns to exclude, but do not mix these operators. Contact IBM Customer Support, if necessary.

# ARYA325E SQL stmt not valid due to: SET clause could not be generated.

**Explanation:** The SET clause could not be generated, and therefore no SQL was produced. This is an internal error.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA326E "Advanced filters" mutually exclusive with object list/IDs.

**Explanation:** Specifying "Y" to "Advanced filters" means all objects (table space/table) will be specified there only. No other object lists or IDs are allowed when using this option.

**User response:** Either set this field to "N", or set object IDs and object lists flags to "N". Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA327E Exclude flag can be "Y" (yes) or "N" (no) or spaces (no).

**Explanation:** The exclude flag can be left blank, set to "Y" to exclude the object, or set to "N", which is the same as being left blank.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA328E All columns excluded for table: table\_name

**Explanation:** Column data filters excluded all columns of a single table. This is not allowed, as no data can be generated for that table.

**User response:** Correct the exclude filters to leave at least one column of the table included.

### ARYA330E Unable to OPEN file for DD ARYAFN for input.

**Explanation:** This represents an internal error.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA332E Log range values date-time, RBA, and LRSN are mutually exclusive.

**Explanation:** Log range values can be specified as date-time, RBAs, or LRSNs, but not a combination of any of these. Each is mutually exclusive with the other.

**User response:** Specify a single set of log range start/end values and retry. Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA333E At least one set of log range values must be provided.

**Explanation:** Log range values can be specified as date-time, RBAs, or LRSNs, and one of these range values must be set. It is invalid to omit all of these ranges, and it is invalid to provide more than one as well.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA335E Conditional value can be "A" (AND) or "O" (OR) only.

**Explanation:** The conditional value specified was neither "A" nor "O". These are the only allowable values.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA336E OPEN failure on DD MODEFILE.

Explanation: The OPEN failed for DD MODEFILE.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA339E OPEN failure for MODERPT output file

**Explanation:** An OPEN request for the specified data set failed.

**User response:** Verify the existence of the ddname in the JCL.

ARYA340E Filter file name must exist if usage is not = "N".

**Explanation:** The filter file field was left blank, but the filter file usage field was not = "N". This is an invalid combination. The filter file field identifies the name of the file used in filter file saving, and must not be left blank unless the filter file usage field is set to "N".

**User response:** Either change the usage field to "N", or specify a filter file name.

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Explanation: Informational message.

User response: None required.

### ARYA342E Fastpath option not allowed with Object filters-Advanced.

**Explanation:** The fastpath method of a combined general and detail report is mutually exclusive with advanced object filters ("Object Filters = A"). This is due to the nature of fastpath processing, which will likely result in non-full row images, and therefore, column level data is unobtainable.

**User response:** Either set this field to a value other than "P", or change your "Object Filters" setting to something other than "A".

### ARYA343E "Uniq" value of LUWID filter must be exactly 12 characters.

**Explanation:** The "Uniq" value (uniqueness value) of the LUWID must be entered as a 12 character hexadecimal display value, such as B91FF0CA0034. No characters can be omitted.

User response: Invalid values have been passed to

Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA344E Commit value of LUWID filter must be exactly 4 characters.

**Explanation:** The Commit value (commit count) of the LUWID must be entered as a 4 character hexadecimal display value, such as 000A. No characters can be omitted.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA345W Seclabels found during FASTPATH mode. DBID:&V1 PSID:&V2 OBID:&V3

**Explanation:** The fastpath method should not be used when tables that have security labels are being processed. This is due to the nature of fastpath processing, which will likely result in non-full row images, and therefore, the security label is unobtainable. The activity on this table can not be reported.

**User response:** Either change the log reading mode to a value other than "P" or change your filters to not include tables with security labels.

#### ARYA346W Row(s) removed during MLS processing DBID:&V1 PSID:&V2 OBID:&V3

**Explanation:** Multilevel security is in place and prevented row(s) from being processed.

User response: None.

### ARYA347E RBA log range request in data sharing system prohibited.

**Explanation:** The general report run specified RBAs as the log range type, but it was determine the requested subsystem is part of a data sharing group. This combination is invalid. Only date/time or LRSN log ranges are allowable in a data sharing system.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA348E Filter file is PDS, but no member specified.

**Explanation:** You specified a PDS (library) to be used as the filter file, but did not provide a member name. This is not valid.

**User response:** Either specify a sequential file or a PDS with a member name.

### ARYA349E Filter file usage is "Edit" or "Use", but file/member does not exist.

**Explanation:** All references to "file/member" below refer to either a sequential file or a member within a partitioned data set (PDS or library). You specified a usage type of "Edit" or "Use", but no filter file/member was found. "Edit" infers that you are editing a previously saved file/member. "Use" infers that you are using a previously saved file/member.

**User response:** Either of these options requires the file/member to pre-exist and have saved filters in it. You must first save filter data off to the named file/member before you can edit or use it. See help on filter file usage.

### ARYA351E Page filter IDs have no matching object IDs filter.

**Explanation:** The page filter is associated with a DBID/PSID/OBID. However, when attempting to match this set of IDs to an object filter set of IDs, no match was found. This could only happen if you edited the filter file incorrectly, as the panel-driven input would not allow such a mismatch. Page filters IDs are not permitted as standalone filters; they must be associated with a defined object ID filter. In other words, two object ID filter lines must be present to request page-level filters: one for the object itself (dbid,psid,obid), and the second for the associated page level filters (dbid,psid,obid=pages).

**User response:** Correct the input and retry, or use only the panel-driven process.

# ARYA352E General SORT failure...see SYSOUT output for step.

**Explanation:** A program invoked SORT failed. The SYSOUT output for the failing job step will contain needed diagnostics.

User response: Attempt to resolve and retry.

### ARYA353E CONCURRENT image copies not supported.

**Explanation:** An image copy was found and determined needed, but it is a CONCURRENT image copy, which is not supported (STYPE="C" from SYSIBM.SYSCOPY). Processing stops.

User response: Attempt to resolve and retry.

#### ARYA354E Input invalid for field.

**Explanation:** A field value was entered that is not valid.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA355E Quiet time report invalid with detail report.

**Explanation:** A quiet time report cannot be run with a detail report. The quiet time report does not generate the proper input for a detail report.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA356E Quiet time report must have start date/time input only.

**Explanation:** A quiet time report cannot be run with any log range values except start date and time.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA357E Quiet time threshold value bad

**Explanation:** The specified value is incorrect. The quiet time threshold must be in the format specified, with the following restrictions:  $HH \ge 00$  and HH < 24 MM  $\ge 00$  and MM  $\le 59$  SS  $\ge 00$  and SS  $\le 59$ 

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA358E ALTER COLUMN DATA TYPE found for object ID: variable1 - variable3

**Explanation:** An unsupportable condition was found for the object (DBID PSID OBID). DB2 provides very limited support for tracking column data type alterations, and therefore most attempts to materialize full row images across such an alteration cannot currently be provided.

**User response:** If possible, remove the identified table from the result set and rerun your general report creating new input for this detail report without the named table. This product can only process such an altered table if the following conditions are true: a REORG has been done after the last alter, and no needed log activity occurred prior to that REORG.

### ARYA359E Filter file member specified, but data set is not a PDS.

**Explanation:** A filter file was specified for use, but it included a member name and is not a PDS (library). Either remove the member name or specify a different file entirely.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

### ARYA400E Storage obtain failure for MMTAB.

**Explanation:** A request for storage failed for area MMTAB.

User response: If possible, increase your region size,

otherwise contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA401E Storage obtain failure for MMSP.

**Explanation:** A request for storage failed for area MMSP.

**User response:** If possible, increase your region size, otherwise contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA402E Storage obtain failure for MMIB.

**Explanation:** A request for storage failed for area MMIB.

**User response:** If possible, increase your region size, otherwise contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA403E Storage obtain failure for MRE.

**Explanation:** A request for storage failed for area MRE.

**User response:** If possible, increase your region size, otherwise contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA404E Storage obtain failure for MM buffers.

**Explanation:** A request for storage failed for the MM buffers.

**User response:** If possible, increase your region size, otherwise contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA405W No SQL generated, may be due to filters/rollbacks/other options.

**Explanation:** No SQL was generated for this run. This can occur because of your filters (for example, advanced filters at the column-level filtered out all rows), rollbacks, only catalog tables present in your output (no SQL is generated for catalog tables), or the fastpath option did not materialize full rows and therefore no SQL could be generated.

**User response:** Check for these possibilities as well as any possible warnings that may have been generated during the run.

# ARYA406E Bad input, field must start with value between A-Z.

**Explanation:** The archive fields for table creator, name , and data set suffix must all start with characters from A-Z, with no other special characters.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA408E Catalog data for LOB object not found.

**Explanation:** You requested data for a LOB column, but either the base table IDs are incorrectly specified, or the LOB column name is not valid. This can mean the LOB column name is typed incorrectly, or is a valid column of the table, but is not a LOB column.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of your input if materializing LOB column data. If this message occurs during SQL generation, contact the vendor.

# ARYA411E MASS DELETE found during log-backward process: value.

**Explanation:** A MASS DELETE matching record was found during log-backward processing. This condition can only be determined while reading the logs (if the MASS DELETE record was not part of the general report output). Processing must stop, and only a log-forward approach is allowed. Whenever running against segmented tables, there is a possibility of mass delete records (that is, DELETE FROM table with no WHERE clause).

**User response:** If this possibility exists at your site. always run in log-forward mode to prevent unnecessary job stoppage such as this. DATA CAPTURE CHANGES will also prevent mass delete type records. The value shown is the DBID/PSID/OBID identifying the table where the MASS DELETE occurred.

### ARYA412E Partition or page filters not allowed w/LOAD REPLACE log action.

**Explanation:** A "Load Replace" type utility was found during the general report run. The action-type for this record is "P", indicating "Load Replace". This type of action is not currently permitted with filters below the table level. That is, partition or page level filters are not permitted. Use of only table space or table level filters is permitted when processing a "Load Replace" type log record.

**User response:** Change your filters (remove any partition or page level filters for the table space identified in the "P" action-type record in your general report output) and retry. These filters are not allowed in either the general or detail report runs when LOAD REPLACE actions exist.

### ARYA414E RBA or LRSN value specified is not proper hexadecimal value.

**Explanation:** You requested use of either RBAs or LRSNs, but the value(s) entered are not valid hexadecimal specifications. An RBA or LRSN must only contain hexadecimal values, which can be 0-9 and A-F only. For example, a value of 00012FE560BBC is valid, but a value of 0012WXXX0345 is not.

User response: Invalid values have been passed to

Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA415E DB2 log with needed starting logpoint unavailable. Processing stops.

**Explanation:** The general or detail report run required a starting logpoint (RBA/LRSN) which was lower than any available DB2 log logpoint in the BSDS. Therefore, processing must stop. This would likely only occur in situations where the date/time specified was so old that the relevant archive logs are no longer in the BSDS. It could also occur on test systems where archive logs are not available after a very short time, or at all. This product cannot function without these needed resources (logs).

User response: Correct and retry.

#### ARYA419I Char conversions ended: Ret cde: code, Res cde: code, variable1 - variable3

**Explanation:** The product failed during character conversion from Unicode or ASCII to EBCDIC. The "Support For Unicode" product was called to do the conversion, but it failed with the shown return code and reason code. The last three variables displayed are the source CCSID, the target SBCS CCSID, and the target MBCS CCSID used in the conversion call.

**User response:** Verify these CCSIDs are defined to the "Support For Unicode" product.

### ARYA420E Invalid starting/ending RBA/LRSN value(s) provided.

**Explanation:** You must request one and only one of the following values: -a starting RBA, a starting LRSN, an ending RBA, or an ending LRSN. You cannot provide more than one of these values (they are all mutually exclusive).

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA422E Invalid input dataset type; must be "T","I","O" only.

**Explanation:** You requested an invalid data set type. The value must be one of those listed in the error message. A space is invalid here.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA426E Bad dataset line; invalid volume serial specification.

**Explanation:** You requested an invalid set of volume serial numbers. Each volume specified must be exactly 6 characters long, and separated only by commas. For example, "XT0123,XT0234,SPD001" is valid. Invalid specifications might be: "XT0,SPD001" or

#### "XT0123XT0234" or "XT0123 XT0234 SPD001".

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA437E Misc flags can only be spaces, "X", "P", or "H" values.

**Explanation:** The possible values for miscellaneous flags are spaces, "X" (bypass SYSLGRNX), "P" (ignore partial recovery logpoints), or "H" (allow high speed option).

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA438E Extract file (DD EXTFILE) is missing; processing stops.

**Explanation:** The DD named EXTFILE was not found in your report JCL. This file must be present.

**User response:** If you edited the product-generated JCL, you may have omitted this DD. Re-generate the JCL and retry. If the file is still missing from the JCL, contact your product administrator.

### ARYA439E Temp extract file (DD TEMPEXTF) is missing; processing stops.

**Explanation:** The DD named TEMPEXTF was not found in your report JCL. This is an internal error.

**User response:** This should not occur; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA440E ROWDATA validation error: value

**Explanation:** An error was detected while validating the results of full row materialization. The value listed in the message identifies the first 19 bytes of the record in the ROWDATA DD file where the error was detected. This error can occur for the following reasons:

- -for an INSERT: no post-insert row image found/pre-insert row image found
- -for a DELETE: no pre-delete row image found/post-delete row image found
- -for an UPDATE: no post-update row image found/no pre-update row image found
- -for an UPDATE: no change in pre-update and post-update row images found

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA442W No keys found for table: &V1.

**Explanation:** You requested current row images on the identified table (DBID,PSID,OBID) but no key columns were found for it. Only uniquely keyed tables are available for this type of current row materialization. An index on expression cannot be used as a unique key here. The identified table will not have current row

images displayed based on its key. That is, if a log-backward method is being utilized, the current row images based on page/rid values will be kept. If a log-forward method is being utilized, no current row image is available.

User response: None required.

### ARYA443E Current row image process found LOB column in table: *table*

**Explanation:** You requested current row images on the identified table (DBID,PSID,OBID) but a LOB column exists on that table. This is not valid. Therefore, if a log-backward method is being utilized, the current row images based on page/rid values will be kept. If a log-forward method is being utilized, no current row images are available for the table.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA444E Cannot get current rows due to CCSID translation: *table*

**Explanation:** You requested current row images on the identified table (DBID,PSID,OBID) but it required CCSID translation which failed. See joblog output for additional diagnostics (ARYA56I messages). This table will not have current row images based on key values. If a log-forward method is being utilized , no current row images are available for the table.

User response: None required.

# ARYA445E Job Identifier invalid; not previously used or currently in-use.

**Explanation:** You specified a job identifier that was not previously used in a general report, or was used, but is currently in-use. For the first case, you must run a general report prior to running any detail report, and the detail report must reflect a job identifier that was previously specified for a general report run. For the second case, you are trying to use a job identifier that is currently in-use. This means a job is running using that same job identifier, and you cannot use it now. The job identifier distinguishes files between different runs of different jobs, and these files must exist and not be in-use while generating report JCL.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA446E Filter value too long for filter type; see HELP for panel.

**Explanation:** You specified a filter value which is too long for the filter type. For example, you specified a filter type = A (authid), but the filter value provided is greater than 8 characters.

**User response:** If you edited the JCL, regenerate it and do not edit it again. Otherwise, invalid values have

### ARYA447E • ARYA458E

been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA447E ROWDATA update validation error: record

**Explanation:** An error was detected while validating during the merge phase. An update to a record was needed at a certain offset (>0) into the row, but there was no current data on that row. This is a fatal error. The value listed in the message identifies the first 19 bytes of the record in the ROWDATA DD file where the error was detected.

**User response:** Contact IBM Customer Support to report the problem. The support team will need to see the contents of the PLOGDS DD file.

### ARYA451E SYSLGRNX storage failure

**Explanation:** A failure occurred during storage obtains for the SYSLGRNX reading process. Too many table spaces were provided as input and not enough region is available for the request.

**User response:** Either bypass SYSLGRNX processing, or increase your region size. If region is currently at the maximum setting for your batch jobs, you must either reduce the number of table spaces requested or bypass SYSLGRNX utilization.

### ARYA452E Invalid parallelism/concurrency value; must be between 01-16 only

**Explanation:** The value entered for this field is incorrect.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA453E Quiet time report mutually exclusive with all others.

**Explanation:** When requesting a quiet time report, only a value of "Q" can be entered for the "Output flags" field. This setting is mutually exclusive with all other output types.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA454E Quiet time report preceded detail report; invalid.

**Explanation:** A quiet time report does not generate the appropriate input necessary to run a detail report. The MODEFILE indicates the last general report run was a quiet time report, and therefore, it is not possible to now run a detail report.

**User response:** You must run a general report without the quiet time option prior to running a detail report.

### ARYA455E Bypassing all reports mutually exclusive with requesting reports.

**Explanation:** You requested a bypass of all report types ("Output flags = B"), but added at least one other specification. This is not allowed. A value of "B" must be the only value in this field, or it must be removed to specify other report output types.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA456E Filters found to be in error; probable user-editing error.

**Explanation:** The end-of-file was found while reading your filter list, but a filter group was still in-progress. Each group of filters must end with either an INC/EXC card, or a COND card. These are referred to as "terminating records" and must be present as the last record in every filter group. See tutorial on filter file handling. Check your filters for such an omission and correct and retry. This could occur on object name filters, advanced filters, or miscellaneous filters only.

**User response:** If you did not edit the JCL, invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA457E Filter record invalid within grouping: record

**Explanation:** The identified record is in error, and probably due to user-edit error. Verify your filters. This would occur most likely from duplication of a record within a filter group or if you omitted a required record from the group. Regards the latter, if the terminating record in the group is found before all other required records, that terminating record will be displayed here (for example, COND= and INC/EXC= are terminating records). There are no optional records in any group; they must all be present, and in the specified order.

**User response:** If you did not edit the JCL, invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA458E ATTACH failure during parallelism for log reads.

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to attach a subtask for parallelism during DB2 log reading. The ATTACH failed.

**User response:** Check the joblog for more error messages from the operating system. It may be that too many subtasks were requested so check your "Log read parallelism maximum" value on the "Defaults" panel. Try lowering the value and retry. If it is not a matter of excessive subtasking, contact IBM Customer Support.
# ARYA459E OPEN failure on a DD during subtask (parallelism) processing.

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to OPEN a DD during subtask processing for DB2 log reading parallelism. This OPEN failed.

**User response:** Check the joblog for system messages (IEC130I) indicating a missing DD statement. If the problem persists, contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA460E Fatal error during subtask processing. Check joblog for messages.

**Explanation:** An error was detected by the main calling task invoking subtasks for DB2 log read parallelism.

**User response:** Check your joblog for other system messages or a dump pertaining to this failure. Resolve the failure if possible and retry, or contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA461E SORTIN DD statement missing

**Explanation:** The DD for the SORTIN statement is missing from the JCL step. This could likely only happen if the JCL has been incorrectly edited or improper JCL is used across different releases of the product.

**User response:** Regenerate your JCL from the ISPF front-end to include the SORTIN DD.

#### ARYA462E SORTOUT DD statement missing

**Explanation:** The DD for the SORTOUT statement is missing from the JCL step. This could likely only happen if the JCL has been incorrectly edited or improper JCL is used across different releases of the product.

**User response:** Regenerate your JCL from the ISPF front-end to include the SORTOUT DD.

#### ARYA463I There is no data to report.

**Explanation:** The general report found no data. This could occur for many reasons, such as due to filters, time specifications, and so on. This is an informational message only.

User response: None required.

### ARYA472E Impact report requires date/time log range only.

**Explanation:** You cannot request an impact report ("Output Mode" includes value of "I") without also specifying a log range based on start and end date/time. Log ranges of start and end RBA or LRSN are not allowed with an impact report. **User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA474E OPEN error for DD: name.

**Explanation:** OPEN failed for the identified DD name. Either the DD is missing from the JCL, or dynamic allocation for the DD failed, but was not properly identified by the product.

**User response:** If the identified DD name was hardcoded in the failing JCL step, verify the correctness of the statement and data set name. If the DD name was not provided in the JCL, contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA475E Incorrect value for volume serial number.

**Explanation:** VSAM volume serial number must be one of the following only:

- All spaces (no volume serial number specifically requested)
- A single volume serial number (6 characters; for example, VSM101)
- Up to 3 comma-separated volume serial numbers (for example, VSM101,VSM204,VSR341)

Any other format is not acceptable.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYA476E MODE file does not have all needed records.

**Explanation:** The MODE file acts as the primary resource of communications between all programs within the product. This file is uniquely identified by the value of the "Job Identifier" internal field.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYA477I Error occurred during error processing.

**Explanation:** Some problem occurred that prevented the normal processing of an error condition. This may be an expected or unexpected situation. For example, some errors can occur before enough information about the environment is available to properly handle message processing (expected situation). Other errors can occur because the environment has not been properly setup (unexpected situation). In either case, the true error message is displayed below this message.

User response: None required.

# ARYA478E "Specify Logs=Y" mutually exclusive with impact report.

**Explanation:** You requested an impact report ("Output Flags" includes value of "I"), and also requested "Specify Logs = Y". This is not a valid combination. An impact report requires all logs to the current time, and this would require use of active logs. Active logs are not allowed within the context of specifying logs and, therefore, these two options are mutually exclusive.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA479E MODE file is in an invalid state; must re-run general report.

**Explanation:** The start of the detail report determined the mode file was not in the proper state. The mode file is used as a means of communication between the general and detail report runs. You must always precede a detail report run with a general report run. You must also not re-generate any general report JCL in between running the general and detail reports. Such a re-generation changes the contents of the mode file.

**User response:** Invalid values have been passed to Log Analysis Tool; contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYA480E Including LOB data is mutually exclusive with High Speed Mode.

**Explanation:** : LOB data cannot be accessed in high speed mode. The overhead involved in processing LOB data prevents such efficiencies.

**User response:** Remove either the inclusion of LOB data, or remove "H" from your miscellaneous flags setting.

#### ARYA481E LOB log record of type DELETE/UPDATE invalid in log-backward mode.

**Explanation:** You forced a log-backward mode for detail reporting, but LOB data was found of type DELETE or UPDATE, and these types of LOB log records cannot be processed in log-backward mode.

**User response:** Change to log-forward processing "Log reading mode = F" and retry. If you set "Log reading mode= A", the product will automatically select log-forward mode.

# ARYA482E Invalid number of hex digits found in hex filter.

**Explanation:** When using hexadecimal values in the advanced filters, there must be at least two digits. If there are more than two digits the total number of digits must be even.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

**Explanation:** When using hexadecimal values in the advanced filters, the string entered must start with X followed by a single quote, valid hexadecimal NL digits, and end with a single quote. If you are attempting to use the LK or operator, then put the % after the final single quote not inside the quotes.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

# ARYA484E Invalid hexadecimal character found in hex filter.

**Explanation:** When using hexadecimal values in the advanced filters, the string entered must start with X followed by a single quote, valid hexadecimal digits (012345678ABCDEF), and end with a single quote. If you are attempting to use the LK or NL operator, then put the % after the final single quote not inside the quotes.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

# ARYA485E Invalid or unbalanced quotes found in filter value.

**Explanation:** When using column filters if you have a beginning quote you need to end the string with an ending quote.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

# ARYA486E Versioning data not available for table: &V1.

**Explanation:** This message indicates versioning information was required to format row data, but was not found in the DD TVFILE. Versioning information is required because a table's column was altered by data type, and therefore this data is needed to correlate different row formats. The message indicates the table ID (DBID,PSID,OBID) and the version number missing is the last value.

**User response:** See the tutorial section on "Table Versioning support" for more information on how to proceed.

# ARYA487E Error occurred writing informational messages to file

**Explanation:** This message indicates a fatal error occurred while trying to write out informational messages to the DD INFOM. This can be avoided by setting the "Send informational messages to file" field on the "User settings" panel to "N".

**User response:** Try to determine the cause of the failure by looking in the job log for any system-generated messages related to this failure and file DD INFOM. If unable to detect and correct the

error, contact your product administrator to notify the vendor.

#### ARYA490E Error occurred during DSPSERV CREATE services: &V1, &V2.

**Explanation:** An error was generated during DSPSERV CREATE services while processing LOB data. The variables in the message reflect the return code and reason code associated with the error.

**User response:** Check the return and reason codes in the IBM manual *Authorized Assembler Services Reference* for macro DSPSERV. If resolution cannot be determined, contact your product administrator to notify the vendor.

### ARYA491E Error occurred during ALESERV ADD services: &V1, &V2.

**Explanation:** An error was generated during ALESERV ADD services while processing LOB data. The variables in the message reflect the return code and reason code associated with the error.

**User response:** Check the return and reason codes in the IBM manual "Authorized Assembler Services Reference" for macro ALESERV. If resolution cannot be determined contact your product administrator to notify the vendor.

### ARYA492E LOB file does not exist or is currently in-use.

**Explanation:** You requested to browse the current LOB file, but it is either in-use, or does not yet exist.

**User response:** If you just submitted the batch job to materialize LOB data, please wait for that job to end. In this case, the file is still in-use. If you did not materialize any LOB data yet for viewing, then you must first do so before you can browse the LOB data. In this case, the file does not yet exist.

## ARYA493E Conversion services failed for LOB materialization.

**Explanation:** The LOB contained non-EBCDIC data, and conversion services to EBCDIC failed for the LOB.

**User response:** See your job log (or INFOM DD) messages for more information on why the conversion process failed. The LOB cannot be materialized due to this failure.

### ARYA494E No point-in-time conversion could be performed.

**Explanation:** A conversion from one type of log point to another type was requested, but no conversion could be performed. For example, you requested that a LRSN be converted to a RBA, but the returned RBA value

was all zeros. This service is only available via the product interface mechanism.

**User response:** Confirm that your input is valid and relative. The input must not be beyond the current limits of any accepted values. For example, if a date/time was provided that is beyond the current date/time, this will occur. Correct your input and retry.

# ARYA495E Number of log records tracked excessive; storage exhausted.

**Explanation:** An attempt was made to store over 60 million log records. This is considered excessive, and no more storage will be obtained.

**User response:** Reduce the number of tracked log records in a single run by narrowing your time range or reducing the number of filtered objects. If you did not provide any filters, do so now, as running against all objects in your subsystem will likely lead to such an error.

# ARYA496E DDLFILE > 32k SQL limit after whitespace compression.

**Explanation:** The DDLFILE created by this product contains DDL to create the target table(s) for the LOAD process. After whitespace was compressed, this DDL is still greater than 32K, a DB2 limit.

**User response:** Reduce the number of tables to create or the number of columns if in audit mode.

#### ARYA500E GETMAIN failure...Return code: &V1, Length: &V2.

**Explanation:** An error was generated during GETMAIN services. The return code and length of the failing GETMAIN are displayed in the message.

**User response:** Check the return code in the IBM manual "Authorized Assembler Services Reference" for macro GETMAIN. It is most likely that storage has been completely exhausted, and a smaller run is required (i.e., shorter time frame and/or more filters to further limit the result set).

#### ARYA501E IARV64 Failure

**Explanation:** An error was generated during IARV64 services. The return code and the reason code of the failing IARV64 are displayed in the message. The most common reason codes likely to be encountered are

- 4A0016200 Memory limit exceeded
- 4A0017200 Insufficient free space to satisfy request
- 4A0021200 MEMLIMIT was zero

**System action:** Program processing halts and an error message is used.

**User response:** Check the return/reason code in the IBM manual "Authorized Assemblers Service

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Reference" for macro IARV64. It may be that storage has been completely exhausted, and a smaller run is required (i.e. shorter time frame and/or more filters to further limit the result set).

# ARYA504E "Include LOB/XML" mutually exclusive with one-phase mode

**Explanation:** The "User settings" panel has field "Use 64 bit storage" set to "Y", or field "Use work files" set to "Y". These fields put you in one-phase mode. One-phase mode cannot be used when including LOB/XML data.

**User response:** Either set "Include LOB/XML" to "N", or go to the "User Settings" panel and set both one-phase mode fields to "N", and then retry.

### ARYA505E "Use 64-bit storage" mutually exclusive with "Use work files"

**Explanation:** The "User settings" panel has field "Use 64-bit storage" set to "Y", and the "Use work files" field also set to "Y". These fields are mutually exclusive.

**User response:** Set at least one of these fields to "N" and retry. See the tutorial topic on one-phase mode for more information.

## ARYA506E Base/Clone tables not supported: &V1, &V2

**Explanation:** A table was found in the result set that is either a base table of a base/clone pair, or the clone table itself. Neither is supported.

**User response:** Either remove the base/clone tables from your filter list, or explicitly exclude them from your filter list, and retry. The DBID and OBID of the failing table is included in the message (in decimal).

#### ARYA507E LOB PDS name must be specified

**Explanation:** You requested to include LOB/XML data and to generate either UNDO or REDO SQL. This combination requires specification of a LOB PDS name.

**User response:** Specify a valid PDS name to contain your LOB/XML data, or do not include LOB/XML data, or do not request any type of SQL. See the tutorial topic on LOB/XML data for more information.

### ARYA508E Cannot use LOAD option while in one-phase mode

**Explanation:** You requested to go to the LOAD data into DB2 option, but are also currently using one-phase mode. These options are mutually exclusive. You cannot use the separate LOAD detail data into DB2 panel after running a one-phase job.

**User response:** Either run a job including LOAD options in one-phase mode, or turn off one-phase mode

(via User Settings panel) and run a job in two-phase mode. Once a two-phase mode job runs, you can then use the LOAD panel separately. See tutorial topic on one-phase mode for more information.

### ARYA510E LOB data present and SQL requested using pre-V9 DB2: &V1, &V2

**Explanation:** LOB data was found in the result set, and SQL was requested, but the release of DB2 is not greater than or equal to V9. Support for LOB data in SQL requires DB2 V9 or higher. The owning LOB table is identified in the message.

**User response:** Remove the identified table using the appropriate filters, or do not request SQL generation for this run.

#### ARYA511E XML data present and SQL requested: &V1, &V2

**Explanation:** XML data was found in the result set, and SQL was requested, and XML is not supported for SQL at this time. The owning XML table is identified in the message.

**User response:** Remove the identified table using the appropriate filters, or do not request SQL generation for this run.

#### ARYA512E LOB data present and using pre-V7 DB2: &V1, &V2

**Explanation:** LOB data was found in the result set, but the release of DB2 is not greater than or equal to V7. Support for LOB data in SQL/LOAD requires DB2 V7 or higher. The owning LOB table ID identified in the message as DBID/OBID (in decimal).

**User response:** Remove the identified table using the appropriate filters, or do not request LOAD processes for this run.

### ARYA515E Maximum of 500 DB2 logs to read has been exceeded.

**Explanation:** The requested time frame results in more than 500 logs to be read. This is considered excessive, and the product cannot continue processing.

**User response:** Shorten the time frame requested and retry.

#### ARYA516E Required SYSCOPY records not found for DBID and PSID: &V1, &V2

**Explanation:** A page format log record was found, but no SYSCOPY records were found to resolve the original action causing the page format. The DBID and PSID are included in the message to identify the table space for which this occurred.

User response: It is likely the database/table space

was dropped for the identified object, and DB2 therefore deleted the rows from SYSCOPY. This object cannot be processed because the required resources (SYSCOPY data) have been eliminated.

# ARYA517E Utility type record found, but log-backward was forced.

**Explanation:** While processing the output from the general report (REFILE records), a record was found indicating a utility type action, such as a LOAD record. Such records can only be processed in log-forward mode.

**User response:** Most likely, log-backward mode was forced, but cannot be used here. Either change "Log reading mode" to a value of "F" (forward) or "A" (product will automatically determine proper mode, which will be log-forward here).

# ARYA518E "Current row by key" and LOB inclusion are mutually exclusive.

**Explanation:** You requested current row by key, and also have requested inclusion of LOB type columns. The two are mutually exclusive. Current row values cannot be accessed by key when LOB columns are present.

**User response:** Either turn off inclusion of LOB columns, or turn off the current row by key fields (i.e., set either/both of them to 'N'), and retry. The LOB inclusion field is on the general reports panel.

#### ARYA520E LOB/XML data present with LOAD or Mass Delete, not supported

**Explanation:** LOB/XML data was found in conjunction with an action such as LOAD, LOAD REPLACE, or a Mass Delete. This combination is not currently supported.

**User response:** Examine the general/summary reports to determine which objects had these types of actions, and remove them from the run using filters.

#### ARYA521E Dyn alloc err: Dsname: &V1, Ret: &V2, Res: &V3

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation attempt failed for the specified ddname. The return code and reason codes are SVC 99 standard codes and can be found in the IBM manual "Authorized Assembler Services Guide" in the chapter "Requesting Dynamic Allocation Functions". The most common codes likely to be encountered are:

- ddname unavailable or in use by another user
- · ddname associated with an already opened data set
- · data set associated with ddname not found

**User response:** If the return and reason codes provide enough information, correct the error and retry. Otherwise, contact the vendor.

# ARYA522E Override product dynamic allocation=N requires a disk unit name.

**Explanation:** You set "Override product dynamic allocation=N", but left "Disk unit name for dynamic allocations" field blank. This is an invalid combination.

**User response:** Set "Disk unit name for dynamic allocations" to a valid value if you want to use the products dynamic allocation feature. Otherwise, set "Override product dynamic allocation=Y".

# ARYA523E Invalid number was entered. Enter only decimal numbers.

**Explanation:** You have entered an invalid number. Only decimal values are permitted. No alphanumeric or hexadecimal values are allowed.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

# ARYA524E At least one line of version information is needed.

**Explanation:** You have not entered any information to be added to the table version file. Please enter the necessary fields for at least one line.

User response: Enter the versioning information.

# ARYA525E OPEN failure on dsname: &V1 during table version processing

**Explanation:** The OPEN failed for the dsname. The dsname should exist before starting this process. The dsname is built internally based on the default values found in User Settings and on the value found in the job identifier field in the Table Version Support panel.

**User response:** Verify that the data set name does exist and that you are authorized to edit this data set.

# ARYA526I Versioning information has been added to &V1. Enter more or exit.

**Explanation:** The versioning information entered has been added to the TVFILE. You can either add more versioning information or exit the panel.

User response: None.

# ARYA527E Optional VSAM fields must be spaces when overriding dyn allocation

**Explanation:** Overriding dynamic allocation means the ROWDATA VSAM data set must come from the standard naming convention only (i.e., name=userid.ROWDATA.CLUSTER) using only the "Create/Re-create ROWDATA VSAM file" panel. Optional VSAM fields here must be spaces.

**User response:** Either set "Optional data sets prefix (VSAM)" to spaces, and "Optional volume serial

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numbers (VSAM)" to spaces, or set "Override product dynamic allocation" to "N".

### ARYA530E Unsupported alter column data type found on column: &V1.

**Explanation:** An unsupported alter column data type was found during an attempt to create a static SQL program. Variable length to fixed length conversions, conversions to FLOAT, and conversions to DECIMAL are not currently supported.

**User response:** Table versioning is supported via dynamic SQL processing only at this time.

# ARYA537E Showing uncommitted units of work not allowed when resolving UOWs.

**Explanation:** You cannot show uncommitted units of work and request to resolve started units of work. By resolving started units of work, there will not be any uncommitted units of work to show.

**User response:** Either set "Show uncommitted = N" or set "Resolve started UOWs = N". Correct your input and retry.

# ARYA538E Resolve started UOWs is available only with date-time log ranges.

**Explanation:** Resolve started UOWs was specified, but either RBAs or LRSNs were provided as the log range. Only date-time specifications are allowed with Resolve started UOWs.

User response: Correct the input and retry.

# ARYA618W SQL statement not valid due to: SET clause had only non-updatable columns.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert cannot recover a table containing a GENERATED ALWAYS column when an update has been made that only changed the GENERATED ALWAYS column.

**User response:** This is a warning message indicating the generation of a particular UPDATE SQL will be skipped.

#### ARYB204I Connected to DB2 subsystem ssid

**Explanation:** Informational message identifying the DB2 subsystem to which you are connected.

User response: None

# ARYB205EError (action: action; code: code; reason:<br/>reason) occurred during connection to<br/>DB2 subsystem ssid.

**System action:** DB2 Recovery Expert cannot connect to the specified DB2 subsystem.

**System action:** Review the *action, code,* and *reason* information that is included in the message text. Correct the issues and retry connecting.

#### ARYB206I Disconnected from DB2.

**Explanation:** Informational message specifying that you have disconnected from the current DB2 subsystem.

User response: None

# ARYB207E Error (code: code, reason: reason) occurred during disconnection from DB2.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while DB2 Recovery Expert was disconnecting from the specified DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** Review the code and reason information that is included in the message text. Correct the issues and retry disconnecting.

#### ARYB208W SQL warning occurred in modulename on line linenumber. SQLCODE = sqlstatementtext.

**Explanation:** A message warns that the SQL statement in the specified module on the specified line number might not perform as expected. The text of the SQL statement is displayed.

**User response:** Review the statement and message to verify the validity of the statement. Processing continues.

#### **ARYB209E** SQL error occurred in modulename on line linenumber. SQLCODE = sqlstatementtext.

**Explanation:** A SQL error has occurred in the specified module on the specified line number. The text of the SQL statement is displayed.

**User response:** Correct the SQL statement and resubmit.

**ARYB210I** sqlstatementtext

**Explanation:** This is an informational message that displays the SQL statement.

User response: None

# ARYB211E DB2 version version.modlevel is not supported.

**Explanation:** The DB2 version that you are attempting to connect to is no longer supported.

**User response:** Update the DB2 subsystem to a supported version.

#### ARYB214E Insufficient memory for allocation.

**Explanation:** Not enough memory has been allocated for the function that you are performing.

User response: Allocate additional memory.

#### ARYB215E Can't load module modulename.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is unable to load the specified module.

#### System action:

**User response:** Verify that the module exists and the name is correct.

ARYB221E Specified timestamp value timestamp invalid.

**Explanation:** The timestamp that you specified is in an invalid format.

**User response:** Correct the timestamp value and resubmit.

**ARYB246E** Cannot open *ddstatementname* for input.

**Explanation:** The file in the specified DD statement cannot be opened.

**User response:** Verify that the file named in the DD statement is available and specified correctly.

#### **ARYB247E** *Fieldname* is required.

**Explanation:** The field that is identified in the message is a required field and it has not been specified.

User response: Specify the field.

ARYB248E Unexpected token was found: token. Possible tokens are: validtokens.

**Explanation:** An unexpected token that is named in the message is encountered. You must choose a valid token from the list of possible tokens that is provided.

User response: Specify a valid token value.

### ARYB249E Token control card is specified without a value. Value is required.

**Explanation:** A value is missing from the specified token control card.

**User response:** Specify a value for the token control card.

# ARYB250E Token control card must be specified only once.

**Explanation:** The specified token control card has been specified more than once.

**User response:** Remove all duplicate token control cards.

#### **ARYB251E** *Token1* and *token2* are mutually exclusive.

**Explanation:** The specified tokens cannot be used at the same time.

User response: Remove or change one of the tokens.

#### ARYB252I SLR cleanup module started.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message specifying that the SLR Cleanup job is running.

User response: None

## ARYB253I SLR cleanup module completed with return code = *code*.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message specifying that the SLR Cleanup job has completed.

User response: None

#### **ARYB254I** SLR cleanup module version: versioninfo.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message specifying the SLR Cleanup job version and runtime.

User response: None

### ARYB255I Unnecessary SLR records will be deleted up to *timestamp*.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message identifying the time and date before which all SLR records will be deleted.

System action:

User response: None

## **ARYB257I** Number rows are deleted from table tablename.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message identifying the number of rows that will be deleted from the specified table.

User response: None

### ARYB258I Table *tablename* is not found in repository.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message specifying that the named table cannot be found in the repository.

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User response: None

#### ARYB259I text

**Explanation:** This is an informational message. The content of the message text can vary depending on the encountered issue. Review the proceeding messages to gather more information about the instance in question.

User response: None

## ARYB260I DB2 version is *db2version*, modification level is *modlevel*.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message identifying the version and mod level of the DB2 subsystem to which you are connected.

User response: None

# ARYA900E Invalid Column Function value. Valid values: 1, 2, 3, 4.

**Explanation:** An invalid character was entered in the Column Function field.

**User response:** Specify a valid character (1, 2, 3, or 4).

## ARYA901E Invalid Permanent View value. Valid values: Y, N.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Permanent View field.

**User response:** Correct the value or cancel. Valid values are Y and N.

# ARYA902E Invalid Reset View value. Valid values are Y, N.

**Explanation:** An invalid character was entered in the Reset View field. Valid values are Y and N.

User response: Specify a valid value or cancel.

#### ARYA903E Invalid Stop Sorting value. Valid values: Y, N.

**Explanation:** An invalid character was entered in the Reset View field. Valid values are Y and N.

User response: Specify a valid value or cancel.

#### ARYA904E Invalid FORM parameter.

**Explanation:** Invalid parameter to the FORM command. The FORM command has no parameters.

**User response:** Clear the invalid parameters and re-issue the command. Or, clear the entire command.

### ARYA906E Invalid parameter for NROW. Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The parameter you specified was not numeric and is therefore invalid.

**User response:** Specify a numeric value corresponding to the number of rows to advance. The default value for NROW is 1.

### ARYA907E Invalid parameter for PROW. Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The parameter you specified was not numeric and is therefore invalid.

**User response:** Specify a numeric value corresponding to the number of rows to scroll back. The default value for PROW is 1.

# ARYA908E Invalid parameter for NROW. Too many digits.

**Explanation:** An invalid parameter for the NROW keyword was specified. More than eight digits were specified. Parsing stops at eight digits.

**User response:** A parameter of NROW must be between 1 and the number of rows in the current report display. If no parameter is specified, 1 is assumed.

# ARYA909E Invalid parameter for PROW. Too many digits.

**Explanation:** Invalid parameter to PROW specified. More than eight digits were specified. Parsing stops at eight digits.

**User response:** A parameter of PROW must be between 1 and the number of rows in the current report display. If no parameter is specified, 1 is assumed.

### ARYA910E CSETUP command not supported from FORM function.

**Explanation:** CSETUP functions are not supported while in the FORM display. CSETUP functions include CFIX, CORDER, CSIZE, CSORT, and CSETUP (CSET).

**User response:** Exit the current FORM function before issuing a CSETUP function.

# ARYA911E Invalid ICR command. Use RIGHT command.

**Explanation:** ICR is only valid with columns that are not their maximum size. You can see the column's current and maximum sizes by issuing CSIZE.

**User response:** RIGHT and LEFT commands can be used to see all parts of this column.

## ARYA912E Invalid ICL command. Use LEFT command.

**Explanation:** ICL is only allowed with columns that are not their maximum size. You can see the column's current and maximum sizes by issuing CSIZE.

**User response:** RIGHT and LEFT commands can be used to see all parts of this column.

#### ARYA913E Format mix data element not updated.

**Explanation:** Format MIX data cannot be updated when only part of the data is displayed.

User response: None required.

### ARYA914E FORM command not supported from FORM function.

**Explanation:** FORM was issued from within a FORM display. This is not supported.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA915I FORM PF keys set; NROW = next row PROW = previous row.

**Explanation:** The NROW (next row) and PROW (previous row) commands are used to move the FORM display window to another row. The UP, DOWN, LEFT, and RIGHT commands move the FORM display window within the current row. Row, as mentioned above, refers to the row from the original report display, not any reformatted FORM display row. By default, NROW advances the FORM display to the next row. If NROW n is issued, the FORM display will advance n rows. Similarly, PROW moves the FORM display window to the immediately prior row. PROW n moves the current FORM display window to the nth prior row.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYA916E Invalid CNUM parm. Valid parms are ON, OFF, or blank.

**Explanation:** CNUM was issued with an invalid parameter. Issuing CNUM with no parameter acts as an ON/OFF toggle. ON and OFF are the only parameters accepted. ON turns the CNUM display on. OFF turns the CNUM display off.

**User response:** Use a valid CNUM parameter (ON, OFF, or blank).

#### ARYA917E Report width for print too large.

**Explanation:** The report width specified is too large. The maximum report width currently supported is 32,760.

User response: Reduce the report width.

### ARYA918E FORM command not supported from CSET function.

**Explanation:** FORM was issued from within a CSET function. This is not supported. CSET functions include CFIX, CORDER, CSIZE, CSORT and CSETUP (CSET).

User response: None required.

#### ARYA920I Chars string found number times.

**Explanation:** The FIND command located the specified character string. The number of times the string was found is listed in the message.

User response: None required.

#### ARY921I Chars string not found on any lines.

**Explanation:** The FIND command could not locate the specified character string.

User response: None required.

# ARYA922I Search for CHARS string was successful.

**Explanation:** The FIND command located the specified character string.

User response: None required.

# ARYA923E Parameter not recognized: Check for misspelled keywords or embedded blanks in search string.

**Explanation:** An invalid parameter was entered for the FIND command.

**User response:** Check the parameter spelling and syntax.

#### ARYA924E Inconsistent parameters: parameter 1 and parameter 2 cannot both be specified for FIND command.

**Explanation:** Too many parameters were specified for the FIND command.

User response: Check the command syntax and retry.

# ARYA926E Parm too long: Maximum parameter length is 80.

**Explanation:** The parameter entered in the FIND command is too long. Maximum length is 80 characters.

**User response:** Shorten the parameters to less than or equal to 80 characters and retry.

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### ARYA927E Invalid COLS parm. Valid parms are ON, OFF, or blank.

**Explanation:** An invalid parameters was entered with the COLS command.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as indicated in the message text.

#### ARYA930I No columns eligible for resizing.

**Explanation:** The displayed report does not contain any columns that can be resized.

User response: None required.

#### ARYA931I No columns eligible for sorting.

**Explanation:** The displayed report does not contain any columns that can be sorted.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYA932E TBMOD failed. RC**=*return\_code*.

**Explanation:** An unexpected return code of (hex) return code occurred doing TBMOD.

**User response:** See the ISPF Services Guide under TBMOD. Review ISPTLIB allocation. Review ISPTLIB data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets.

#### ARYA933E Invalid column name: missing quote.

**Explanation:** SORT or CSORT was issued with a parameter that had an initial quotation character, but not a second closing quotation character.

**User response:** Either clear the command line and select the desired sort column(s) from the displayed selection list or correct the command on the command line.

#### ARYA934E More than 9 columns specified.

**Explanation:** SORT or CSORT was issued with too many columns specified as sort columns. A maximum of 9 sort columns can be specified.

**User response:** Either clear the command line and select the desired sort column(s) from the displayed selection list or correct the command on the command line.

#### ARYA935E Invalid column name.

**Explanation:** SORT or CSORT was issued with a column parameter that does not match any column name. A list of the correct column names is seen in the SORT selection panel.

**User response:** Either clear the command line and select the desired sort column(s) from the displayed

selection list or correct the command on the command line.

#### ARYA936E Invalid row selection character

**Explanation:** An invalid selection character was entered in the SSID selection list. The only valid selection character is S. Alternatively, simply place the cursor on the desired line and press ENTER (without a line selection character).

User response: Clear the invalid character.

#### ARYA937E Only one row selection allowed

**Explanation:** More than one SSID was selected from the SSID selection list. A maximum of one SSID can be selected.

**User response:** Clear all, or all but one row selection character.

#### ARYA938E Invalid command

**Explanation:** An invalid command was entered on the SSID selection list panel.

User response: Clear the command.

#### ARYA939E Read of control file failed

**Explanation:** Reading the control data set failed.

User response: Verify that the data set name is correct.

**Tip:** Product setup typically has a setup command, 'S' where you can see the control data set currently in use.

#### ARYC001E A description for the Combined SLB Group must be specified

**Explanation:** You must specify a valid description for the Combined SLB group definition.

User response: Specify a valid description.

# ARYC002I Add new Combined SLB Group operation canceled

**Explanation:** The operation to add a new Combined SLB group was canceled at your request.

User response: None required.

#### ARYC003I Combined SLB Group group added

**Explanation:** The listed Combined SLB group was successfully added.

**User response:** You can now define backup and DR profiles for this group.

### ARYC004E Combined SLB Group group already exists

**Explanation:** The listed Combined SLB group is already defined.

**User response:** Choose a different name for the Combined SLB group, and continue.

### ARYC005E Subsystem *ssid* is already part of a Combined SLB Group

**Explanation:** The listed subsystem *ssid* is already a part of a Combined SLB group and cannot be included in another group. You can only include a subsystem in one Combined SLB group.

**User response:** Choose a different SSID to include in this group. If the SSID must be added to this group, it must first be removed from the other group.

#### ARYC006E Error adding Combine SLB Group group, RC=rc, RSN=rsn

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while attempting to add the listed group to the repository.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

### ARYC007E A Combined SLB Group must contain at least 1 member

**Explanation:** A Combined SLB group must contain at least 1 member. You cannot add a group that has no member(s), and you cannot delete all members from a group.

**User response:** If you are adding a new Combined SLB group, include at least one SSID in the group. If you are deleting all SSIDs from a group, then delete the group instead of deleting the members.

#### ARYC008I Combined SLB Group group deleted

**Explanation:** The listed Combined SLB group was successfully deleted.

User response: None required.

#### ARYC009E Error deleting Combine SLB Group group, RC=rc, RSN=rsn

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while attempting to delete the listed group from the repository.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

### ARYC010I Combined SLB Group &CSLBGRPN successfully updated

**Explanation:** The listed Combined SLB group was successfully updated.

User response: None required.

ARYC011E Error updating Combined SLB Group group, RC=rc, RSN=rsn

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while attempting to update the listed group in the repository.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

#### ARYC012E Error adding member SSID to Combined SLB Group group, RC=rc, RSN=rsn

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while attempting to add the listed member to the Combined SLB group in the repository.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

#### ARYC013E Error deleting member SSID from Combined SLB Group group, RC=rc, RSN=rsn

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while attempting to delete the listed member from the Combined SLB group in the repository.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

#### ARYC014E Error reading SYSGROUP repository, RC=rc, RSN=rsn

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while attempting to read the SYSGROUP repository.

**User response:** Contact technical support and provide them with the information displayed in this message.

#### ARYC015E There are no Combined SLB Groups currently defined in the SYSGROUP repository

**Explanation:** While attempting to add a profile for a Combined SLB group, it was detected that there are currently no Combined SLB groups defined.

**User response:** Define a Combined SLB group before creating backup or DR profiles for the Combined SLB group.

#### ARYC016E Unable to read the Combined SLB Group from the SYSGROUP repository

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attempting to read a Combined SLB group from the SYSGROUP repository.

**User response:** Ensure that a valid SYSGROUP repository is defined and specified in the invocation CLIST.

# ARYC017E Combined SLB group delete canceled, profiles exist for the group

**Explanation:** While attempting to delete a Combined SLB group, it was determined that there are profiles that still reference this group. A list of these profiles was displayed, and a confirmation to delete them was canceled.

User response: None required.

#### ARYC018E View mode - updates not allowed because there are backups for this Combined SLB group

**Explanation:** While attempting to update a Combined SLB group, it was determined that there are backups associated with the group. You cannot add or remove SSIDs in a Combined SLB group when there are backups for the group. As a result, you are placed in the group in view mode.

**User response:** To update the Combined SLB group, you must first delete any backups for the group.

#### ARYC018E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to delete the group or "N" if you do not want to delete the group.

**Explanation:** In the process of deleting an application group you have entered an invalid value.

**User response:** Enter a "Y" to delete the group or "N" to cancel the delete request.

#### ARYC020E Specify a Combined SLB Group name or ? to display the currently defined groups

**Explanation:** To add a new profile for a Combined SLB group, you must either specify an existing group name or specify ? to view a list of groups from which to choose.

**User response:** Specify a valid Combined SLB group name or ? to view a list of groups.

# ARYC021E Group display allowed for Combined SLB profiles only

**Explanation:** The group display option is valid only for profiles that are associated with a Combined SLB group.

**User response:** Choose a profile that is associated with a Combined SLB group for the group display option.

# ARYC022W There are no Combined SLB Groups defined to the product

**Explanation:** There are currently no Combined SLB groups defined in the SYSGROUP repository.

**User response:** Define one or more Combined SLB groups before attempting to create Combined SLB profiles.

#### ARYC023E group is an invalid Combined SLB Group name

**Explanation:** The listed group name is not a valid Combined SLB group name.

**User response:** Specify a valid Combined SLB group name and retry the operation.

# ARYC024E Only one Combined SLB Group can be selected

**Explanation:** You can only select a single Combined SLB group for the operation you are attempting to perform.

**User response:** Choose one Combined SLB group and continue.

#### ARYC025E Invalid profile type selected

**Explanation:** The profile type that you selected is not valid.

**User response:** Specify one of the listed values to select a valid profile type.

#### ARYC026E Only one SSID can be selected

**Explanation:** For the operation being performed, only one SSID can be selected.

**User response:** Select a single SSID. If you want to perform the operation against multiple SSIDs, you must run the process multiple times.

# ARYC027W The excluded volume could not be discovered

**Explanation:** The excluded volume could not be discovered. This backup profile is for a Combined SLB group that contains DB2 SSIDs. The volume being excluded was not associated with any IMS SSID in the

CSLB group and could be associated with a DB2 SSID. If this volume is associated with one of the DB2 SSIDs in the group and contains a catalog, then BACKUP will fail.

**User response:** Ensure that the volume being excluded does not contain any catalogs.

#### ARYC028E Invalid value - the Source/Target Mapping field should be A for Auto Mapping or S for Stogroup Discover

**Explanation:** In the **Source/Target mapping** field, you must specify A for Auto Mapping or S for Stogroup Discovery. No other values are allowed.

**User response:** Specify A for Auto Mapping or S for Stogroup Discovery in the **Source/Target mapping** field.

# ARYC030E Invalid Combined SLB group name. An SSID or data sharing group with this name already exists.

**Explanation:** The Combined SLB group name duplicates an existing SSID or data sharing group. Subsystem names, data sharing group names, and Combined SLB group names must be unique.

User response: Change the name to a unique name.

#### ARYC031E Invalid subsystem name. A Combined SLB group with this name already exists.

**Explanation:** The subsystem name duplicates an existing Combined SLB group name. Subsystem names, data sharing group names, and Combined SLB group names must be unique.

User response: Change the name to a unique name.

#### ARYC032E Invalid IMSPLEX name. A Combined SLB group with this name already exists.

**Explanation:** The IMSPLEX name duplicates an existing Combined SLB group name. Subsystem names, data sharing group names, and Combined SLB group names must be unique.

**User response:** Change the name to a unique name.

# ARYC201E You must select the SSID to be processed for a Combined SLB backup.

**Explanation:** You must select at least one SSID to be processed for the operation you are attempting to perform.

**User response:** Select one or more SSIDs to be processed.

# ARYC202E There are no candidate SSIDs in the backup for processing

**Explanation:** For the operation being performed, it was determined that there are no SSIDs that are candidates for this process.

User response: None required.

# ARYC211E SLB Used at DR must be L for Local Site, or R for Remote Site.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the SLB to be used for disaster recovery was not valid.

**User response:** Specify L to use the local site backups, or R to use the remote site backups.

#### ARYC212E Invalid Value - Backup Method should be "B" for BCV volumes, "S" for SNAP volumes, "F" for Flash Volumes or "L" for DFSMSdss disk copy.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Backup Method field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYC210E Invalid Value - Enter a "B" to prepare JCL to perform disaster recovery to the offloaded Backup, or "P" if' you would like to generate JCL to perform recovery to a later Point in Time.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYD000E SLR bind controls not found

**Explanation:** The product control file (PCF) bind options are not defined.

**User response:** Ensure that the product control file (PCF) bind options are defined.

#### ARYD001E SLR auth indicators not found

**Explanation:** The product control file (PCF) authorization options are not defined.

**User response:** Ensure that the product control file (PCF) authorization options are defined.

# ARYD002E Product plan not defined in product control file

**Explanation:** The product plan is not defined in the product control file (PCF).

**User response:** Ensure that the product plan is defined in the product control file (PCF).

#### ARYD003E DB2 CAF CONNECT failed

**Explanation:** The DB2 Call Attach Facility CONNECT failed.

**User response:** Check the product control file settings, DB2 SSID, or the SSID status.

#### ARYD004E DB2 CAF OPEN failed

**Explanation:** The DB2 Call Attach Facility OPEN failed.

**User response:** Check the product control file settings, DB2 SSID, or the SSID status.

#### ARYD005EE Invalid object type

Explanation: You have entered an invalid object type.

User response: Correct the object type and retry.

#### ARYD006E Error allocating product control file

**Explanation:** There was an error allocating the product control file (PCF).

**User response:** Ensure that the product control file (PCF) is allocated and available.

#### ARYE002E ABEND INTERCEPTED

**Explanation:** An abnormal condition has been detected. Processing terminated.

**User response:** This error should not occur. Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYE003E DB2 Call Attach Facility Error text

**Explanation:** The message text contains information related to the error.

**User response:** If you cannot resolve this error using the information in the message, contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYE004E SSID NOT FOUND IN PCF

**Explanation:** This is an installation error.

**User response:** Ensure that you have installed the product correctly. Refer to SAMPLIB member ARYSJ003 to determine if you have installed correctly.

#### ARYE005E PRODUCT PLANS NOT DEFINED

**Explanation:** This is an installation error.

**User response:** Ensure that you have installed the product correctly.

#### ARYE006E PCF ALLOCATION FAILED

**Explanation:** This is an installation error.

**User response:** Ensure that you have installed the product correctly.

#### ARYF002E PLAN #1 NOT FOUND IN PCF

**Explanation:** The plan specified in Plan #1 in the ARYEMAC1 CLIST was not found in the product control file.

**User response:** Ensure that you have the correct name for Plan #1 in the ARYEMAC1 CLIST and that you are using the correct product control file.

### ARYF003E Subsystem ID *ssid* is not currently active.

**Explanation:** An error was encountered with the DB2 Call Attach Facility (CAF). The message displayed is the CAF error message.

**User response:** Use the information in the message to resolve the problem. Ensure that the DB2 subsystem is active and that you have specified the correct DB2 subsystem.

#### ARYF006E PCF ALLOCATION FAILED

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to allocate the product control file.

**User response:** Ensure that you are attempting to allocate the correct product control file.

#### ARYF007E DB2 SQL error messages

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert encountered an error with DB2 SQL. The message displayed is the DB2 SQL error message text.

**User response:** Use the information in the message to resolve the problem. Ensure that the DB2 subsystem is active and that you have specified the correct DB2 subsystem.

#### ARYF016E Repository update in progress.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert detected that a repository update in progress.

**User response:** Retry action after repository updated has completed.

# ARYF017E LBDR Scanned Log range tracked by IDENTIFIER no longer exists.

**Explanation:** The Log Based Dropped Recovery scanned log range associated with the selected identifier no longer exists in the LBDR repository table.

User response: Create a new LBDR scanned log range

by entering the time range of log data to scan and proceed with the dropped object recovery.

#### ARYG001I STATEMENT statement EXECUTION WAS SUCCESSFUL

**Explanation:** The statement identified in the message was executed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYG003EE STATEMENT statement EXECUTED WITH WARNING

**Explanation:** The statement identified in the message was executed and returned a "+" SQLCODE.

**User response:** Use the information found in other messages to resolve this issue.

#### ARYG004E STATEMENT statement EXECUTED WITH ERROR

**Explanation:** The statement identified in the message was executed and returned a "-" SQLCODE.

**User response:** Use the information found in other messages to resolve this issue.

#### ARYG005E PRECEDING STATEMENT TOO LONG (MAX value)

**Explanation:** The preceding statement size exceeded the DB2 SQL statement buffer size limit. The value in the message indicates the buffer size.

**User response:** Turn on the statement compression option if it is not on, otherwise, the statement is too large to execute.

#### ARYG006E INVALID SQL TERM CHARACTER

**Explanation:** The SQL terminator character supplied in the SET TERMINATOR statement is invalid. The terminator cannot be a blank, comma, double quote, "(", ")", or "\_".

**User response:** Change the terminator character and retry.

#### ARYG010E CALL ATTACH ERROR OCCURED

**Explanation:** An error occurred attempting to connect to a DB2 subsystem. Additional messages follow that describe error.

**User response:** Use the additional messages to correct the error.

#### ARYG012E MESSAGES FOLLOW:

**Explanation:** These are additional messages providing information for ARYG010E.

- ARYG000I 'SQL STATEMENTS PROCESSED ..'
- ARYG000I 'INPUT RECORDS READ .......'
- ARYG000I 'STATEMENT WARNING COUNT ...'
- ARYG000I 'STATEMENT ERROR COUNT .....'
- ARYG000I 'STATEMENTS COMPRESSED .....'
- ARYG015I 'COMMIT STATEMENT EXECUTED'
- ARYG015I 'ROLLBACK STATEMENT EXECUTED'

**User response:** Use the information found in these and other messages to resolve the problem.

#### ARYG016E SQL code error text returned by DB2

**Explanation:** An SQL statement returned a non-zero return code and this is the message text for the SQLCODE.

**User response:** Use the information in this message to resolve the problem.

#### ARYG017E PRODUCT PLAN 4 NAME NOT DEFINED FOR DB2 SUBSYSTEM

**Explanation:** The product plan is not defined in product control file for the DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** Correct the plan name, the DB2 subsystem name, and ensure that the DB2 subsystem and plan are defined in the product control file.

#### ARYJ000E INTERNAL ERROR

**Explanation:** This represents an internal error and should not occur.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYJ006E CANCEL REQUESTED

**Explanation:** Recovery Plan Services interrupted at user's request.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYJ010E UNABLE TO READ JOB CARDS

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation of and access to the data set and member containing JOB cards has failed.

**User response:** Correct the data set name and member, or enable access.

#### ARYJ021E UNRECOVERABLE OBJECT

**Explanation:** None of the available recovery methods support this combination of object type, image copies, conflicting utilities, DDL changes for the requested Point-In-Time.

**User response:** Choose a different Point-In-Time or exclude this object to recover the remaining selected objects.

#### ARYL013E BSDS NOT FOUND IN PCF

**Explanation:** The BSDS entry for the selected DB2 subsystem in the Product Control File is blank.

**User response:** Update the PCF with a valid BSDS for this SSID.

#### ARYJ023E BSDS ALLOCATION FAILED

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation of the BSDS specified in the PCF for this SSID has failed.

**User response:** Update the PCF with a valid BSDS for this SSID.

#### ARYJ024E BSDS OPEN FAILED

**Explanation:** Access to the BSDS specified in the PCF for this SSID has failed.

**User response:** Update the PCF with a valid BSDS for this SSID.

#### ARYJ031I PLAN VALID WITH NO CHANGES

**Explanation:** No significant difference found between the old and new recovery plans.

**User response:** Proceed with the previously generated recovery plan.

#### ARYJ032IE PLAN VALID WITH MINOR CHANGES

**Explanation:** Additional image copies created since initial generation.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYJ033I PLAN IS INVALID

**Explanation:** The selected recovery plan has different objects, uncataloged image copies, or conflicting utilities.

User response: Regenerate recovery plans.

### ARYJ040I The object is not eligible for data recovery.

**Explanation:** The object is not eligible for data recovery. These objects (for example DATABASE) do not directly relate to database data.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ0411 Recreating the clone table would conflict with the existing base table.

**Explanation:** An EXCHANGE DATA command has been executed and would interfere with the existing base table data if it were to be restored using this method.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ042I The method uses only DDL with no data recovery.

**Explanation:** This method is only used to drop existing objects. For example if a recovery of an object was requested to before the point in time which it existed, the DDL only plan would be generated to drop it.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

## ARYJ043I The method does not support this object type.

**Explanation:** The method does not support this object type. Methods that are supported are listed in the Recovered Objects folder and have a green check mark.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ044I The index is dependent on data recovery.

**Explanation:** The index is a COPY YES index and will be recovered using a data recovery method (for example, DSN1COPY, or Recover).

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ0451 The method does not allow recreated tables.

**Explanation:** The specified method will not work with a table that was re-created because it was dropped or an older version of the table was selected for recovery.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ046I The method does not support this point in time.

**Explanation:** This method cannot be used recover the object to the specified point in time. The specified point in time may be before the object was created.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

#### ARYJ047I DSN1COPY does not support NOREUSE data sets.

**Explanation:** You cannot use the DSN1Copy recovery method to recover NOREUSE data sets.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

#### ARYJ048I Redo/Undo SQL does not support GENERATED ALWAYS columns.

**Explanation:** You cannot use the REDO/Undo SQL recovery method to recover a table with GENERATED ALWAYS columns.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

#### ARYJ049I Redo/Undo SQL does not support non-EBCDIC identifiers.

**Explanation:** You cannot use the Redo/Undo SQL recovery method to recover a table with non-EBCDIC identifiers.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ050I Redo/Undo SQL does not support distinct types.

**Explanation:** You cannot use the Redo/Undo SQL recovery method to recover a table with distinct types.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ051I Redo/Undo SQL does not support the first data set of a non-partitioned space.

**Explanation:** You cannot use the Redo/Undo SQL recovery method to recover the first data set of a non-partitioned space.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ052I Table space method supersedes recovering all tables.

**Explanation:** All tables of a tablespace were chosen for recovery. The recovery of the tablespace will be presented instead of recovery of each individual table.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ053I Redo SQL does not support a recreated table from a previous table space version.

**Explanation:** You cannot use the Redo SQL recovery method to recover a recreated table from a previous version of the tablespace. A previous version is one that has been dropped and recreated.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ054I This method is not enabled in the product control file.

**Explanation:** This recovery method has not been enabled in the product control file.

**User response:** To enable this method, update the product control file using the Tools Customizer.

# ARYJ055I Last image copy before point in time unavailable.

**Explanation:** This recovery method requires an incremental image copy before the specified point in time. No usable image copy was found. This might be due to an unrecoverable event found between the image copy and the specified point in time.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method and resubmit the JCL.

### ARYJ056I Last image copy after point in time unavailable.

**Explanation:** This recovery method requires an incremental image copy after the specified point in time. No usable image copy was found. This might be due to an unrecoverable event found between the image copy and the specified point in time.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time. the JCL.

### ARYJ0571 Full image copy before point in time unavailable.

**Explanation:** This recovery method requires a full image copy before the specified point in time. No usable image copy was found. This might be due to an unrecoverable event found between the image copy and the specified point in time.

#### ARYJ058I • ARYJ068I

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ058I Full image copy after point in time unavailable.

**Explanation:** This recovery method requires a full image copy after the specified point in time. No usable image copy was found. This might be due to an unrecoverable event found between the image copy and the specified point in time.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ059I LOG NO event between current and point in time.

**Explanation:** A LOG NO event such as a REORG or LOAD LOG NO was executed between the current point in time and the selected recovery point in time.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ060I Log processing not allowed with this method.

**Explanation:** The selected recover method does not include any log processing component. The selected point in time to recover the object(s) to would require log processing.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ061I Log processing required with this method.

**Explanation:** The selected recovery method requires a log processing component. The selected point in time to recover the object(s) to would not require log processing, but it must for this method.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ0621 Log processing not supported for NOT LOGGED intervals.

**Explanation:** The selected method requires log processing and a NOT LOGGED interval was discovered within the required processing range. This means that the tablespace was altered and logging was turned off.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ063I Full image copy has been deleted from SYSIBM.SYSCOPY.

**Explanation:** The selected method requires an image copy. The record of one was found in the SLR, but not in the system catalog.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

## ARYJ064I Concurrent copy excluded from this method.

**Explanation:** This method type cannot use a concurrent image copy as a resource.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ065I Concurrent copy required with this method.

**Explanation:** This method requires a concurrent image copy as a resource.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ066I Redo/Undo SQL requires DB2 V9 for LOB column support.

**Explanation:** DB2 V9 is required to use the Redo/Undo SQL recovery method with LOB column support.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ0671 RECOVER does not support COPY NO indexes.

**Explanation:** The selected index is defined COPY NO and the selected plan uses the recover utility. The recover utility requires that indexes be defined COPY YES.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ068I This method must provide the lowest total cost.

**Explanation:** This method must calculate to the lowest recovery cost before it is presented.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

#### ARYJ069I Redo/Undo SQL does not support IMPLICITY HIDDEN columns.

**Explanation:** This method must calculate to the lowest recovery cost before it is presented.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ070I System Backup Recovery Services is disabled in the PCF.

**Explanation:** This method must calculate to the lowest recovery cost before it is presented.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

## ARYJ071I System backup usable for object restore was not found.

**Explanation:** A system backup usable for object restores was not found prior to the specified recovery point.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

#### ARYJ072I Load does not support XML columns.

**Explanation:** The table being recovered contains a XML column. This recovery method uses the LOAD utility so it cannot be used for recovery.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

# ARYJ073I Load does not support LOB table spaces.

**Explanation:** The table being recovered contains a LOB column. This recovery method uses the LOAD utility so it cannot be used for recovery.

**User response:** Select an alternative recovery method or choose a different recovery point in time.

### ARYJ079I Recover with backout requires DB2 10 or higher.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the Recover with Backout plan could not be produced when DB2 Recovery Expert is running on a DB2 version prior to DB2 10 NFM.

User response: Upgrade to DB2 10 NFM.

# ARYJ081I SQL UNDO/REDO not allowed for table or index spaces with versioning.

**Explanation:** This message will be displayed when the objects chosen contain SYSTEM TIME TEMPORAL

data. Plans with SQL UNDO/REDO were not generated,

**System action:** It is not possible to update the history table associated with the SYSTEM TIME temporal data via SQL.

**User response:** Choose an image copy point in time for recovery. The plans generated do not require a SQL UNDO/REDO component.

#### ARYJ100E UTILID user-id.job-name NOT AVAILABLE

**Explanation:** The default utility-id (*user-id.job-name*) has been used by a stopped utility that has not yet been terminated.

**User response:** You should terminate the stopped utility before proceeding with this recovery.

#### ARYJ101E SPACE NOT ACCESSIBLE

**Explanation:** Either the object does not have the required access level, or DB2 has assigned a restrictive status or lock. The Status and Lockinfo columns provide more detailed information.

**User response:** Review and resolve the conflicts before proceeding with this recovery.

#### ARYJ110E PARSING ERROR

**Explanation:** This represents an internal error and should not occur.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support .

#### ARYJ111E INVALID TYPE

**Explanation:** This represents an internal error and should not occur.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYJ112E SPACE NOT ACCESSIBLE

**Explanation:** This represents an internal error and should not occur.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYJ120E Unknown variable in mask – DSN: dsnmask

**Explanation:** There is an unknown variable in the mask.

**User response:** Reenter this information using only known variables.

#### ARYJ121E • ARYL004E

#### ARYJ121E GDG must be at end of mask – DSN: dsnmask

**Explanation:** The &GDG variable can only be specified at the end of the data set mask.

**User response:** Move the &GDG variable to the end of the data set mask.

#### ARYJ122E IC DSN exceeds 44 char – DSN: dsn

**Explanation:** Image Copy DSN exceeded the character limit.

**User response:** Edit the data set mask to make sure the resulting data set is not greater than 44 characters.

#### ARYJ122W IC mask may exceed 44 char – Mask: dsnmask

**Explanation:** When the specified DSN MASK *dsnmask* is resolved, it may be greater than 44 characters and generate an invalid data set name.

**User response:** If the resulting data set name is greater then 44 characters, edit the data set mask to make it shorter.

#### ARYJ123E Invalid character in IC DSN – DSN: dsn

**Explanation:** An invalid character is in the Image Copy DSN. Valid characters are A through *Z*, 0 through 9, and \$ # @.

**User response:** Reenter the information using only valid characters.

#### ARYJ124E Invalid qualifier detected – DSN: dsn

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert detects an invalid qualifier.

User response: Enter a valid qualifier.

#### ARYJ125E Qualifier exceeds 8 bytes – DSN: dsn

**Explanation:** The qualifier is invalid. Only 8 bytes are allowed between each period.

**User response:** Ensure that the qualifier is 8 bytes or less.

#### ARYJ125W Qualifier may exceed 8 bytes - DSN: dsn

**Explanation:** The qualifier is invalid. When the data set mask is resolved, it may exceed 8 bytes.

**User response:** Ensure that the qualifier is 8 bytes or less.

#### ARYJ126E IC DSN already exists – DSN: dsn

**Explanation:** The generated data set name already exists.

**User response:** Either delete the existing data set or change the data set mask so a different data set name is generated.

ARYJ127E Local secondary duplicates local primary/Recover site primary duplicates local primary/Recover site primary duplicates local secondary/Recover site secondary duplicates local primary/Recover site secondary duplicates local secondary/Recover site secondary duplicates recover site primary

**Explanation:** The same data set mask cannot be used for more than one image copy specification.

**User response:** Change the data set masks so they are unique.

#### ARYL000E DB2 ZPARM member could not be read

**Explanation:** An error was encountered trying to read the DB2 ZPARM member.

**User response:** Ensure that the product control file information is correct for the DB2 SSID.

#### ARYP909E @ACCESS error

**Explanation:** An error was encountered trying to access the product control file.

**User response:** Ensure that the product control file is available.

#### ARYL002E Unknown error

Explanation: An unknown error was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYL003E DB2 LOADLIB processing error

**Explanation:** A DB2 LOADLIB processing error was encountered.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 load libraries are available.

#### ARYL004E DB2 ZPARM member load failed

**Explanation:** The LOAD of the DB2 ZPARM member failed.

**User response:** Ensure that the DB2 SSID ZPARM member is available.

#### ARYL005E BSDS reader RC=24 - process error

**Explanation:** The bootstrap data set reader has encountered an error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYL006E BSDS reader RC=20 - allocate error

**Explanation:** The bootstrap data set reader has encountered an error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYL007E BSDS reader RC=16 - GENCB error

**Explanation:** The bootstrap data set reader has encountered an error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYL008E BSDS reader RC=16 - GENCB error

**Explanation:** The bootstrap data set reader has encountered an error.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYL009E Error during subsystem information retrieval

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving subsystem information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYL010E APF AUTH REQUIRED:** *library\_name*

**Explanation:** One or more product libraries are not APF authorized.

**User response:** Ensure that the product libraries are APF authorized.

#### ARYL011E All data sets are APF authorized.

**Explanation:** Informational message that all data sets are APF authorized.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYL013E Product version migrate is in progress

**Explanation:** Schema level repository is being migrated and access to the product is denied.

**User response:** Try again later after SLR data migration is completed.

#### ARYP001I Received shutdown request.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the server has received a shutdown request.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### **ARYP002I** Servername server started.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the server with the specified name was started. Possible server names are DB2 Recovery Expert Web or DB2 Recovery Expert XML Socket Policy File.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYP003I Starting the socket selector thread (thread *number*).

**Explanation:** The server is starting a separate thread to manage activity on the socket. You can track this thread by its *number*.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYP004I Starting the command listener thread (thread *number*).

**Explanation:** Server is starting a separate thread to handle commands. You can track this thread by its *number*.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYP006I The socket selector thread is terminating.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the socket selector thread is finishing its work and will cease managing activity on the socket.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### **ARYP007I** Received "stop" command: commandtext.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the server has received a "stop" command. The full command text is specified in the variable *commandtext*.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYP008I Received modify command: commandtext

**Explanation:** Indicates that the server has received a modify command. The full command text is specified in the variable *commandtext*.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYP009S • ARYP027E

## ARYP009S The servername server is terminating due to hard stop request.

**Explanation:** The server has received a "force" command and will stop without waiting for queued events to be handled.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARYP010I** The servername server is terminating.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the server *servername* will be stopped. Possible server names are DB2 Recovery Expert Web or DB2 Recovery Expert XML Socket Policy File.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYP012I Received shutdown request.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the server has received a shutdown request while waiting to handle queued events.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYP013I Servername secured server listening on port number using the protocolname protocol.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the specified server is listening on the specified port number using the specified protocol. The option *secured* if present indicates that SSL encryption has been used.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYP017E The maximum number of listen attempts has been reached.

**Explanation:** The maximum number of listen attempts has been reached on the port specified in the server configuration.

**User response:** Set free port in the server configuration or stop already running server (that uses same port) before starting this one.

# **ARYP019E** Could not match *requested-uri-string* to existing routes.

**Explanation:** The server could not match the *requested-uri-string* to existing routes. Client must use different routes to interact with the server.

**User response:** Use the actual version of the client to interact with the server. Contact your product administrator for additional information.

# ARYP020E The variable *controller-name* is not registered as a valid controller name.

**Explanation:** The client sent an unknown name for the RESTful controller. The route is only partially recognized.

**User response:** Use the actual version of the client to interact with the server. Contact your product administrator for additional information.

# ARYP021E Requested HTTP Method has not been implemented.

**Explanation:** The client has sent a HTTP request that is not implemented on the server.

**User response:** Use the actual version of the client to interact with the server. Contact your product administrator for additional information.

#### ARYP023E Not authorized to access this resource.

**Explanation:** The use of the RESTful controller requires authorization that was not passed.

**User response:** Change authorization credentials and retry.

# ARYP024E HTTP Method Override *method-name* is not supported for this request.

**Explanation:** Specified an unknown override method. An 'x-http-method-override' request header option can be specified as GET, PUT or DELETE.

**User response:** Avoid using this option. Contact IBM Software Support for additional information.

# ARYP026E Request body is required and must be provided.

**Explanation:** The HTTP request body is missing and must be provided.

**User response:** Use the actual version of the client to interact with the server. Contact your product administrator for more information.

#### ARYP027E The configuration file configuration-file-name is invalid; the root element element-name is not server-config.

**Explanation:** The configuration file is invalid.

**User response:** Change the configuration root element to the variable specified in *server-config* or use a valid configuration file.

# **ARYP028E** An error occurred while opening the configuration file configuration-file-name error-text.

**Explanation:** Opening the configuration file ended with the error that is specified in the variable *error-text*.

**User response:** Check that the configuration file exists and can be accessed. Contact your product administrator for additional information if necessary.

#### **ARYP029S** Server-name server is not configured.

**Explanation:** The configuration section for this server was not found in the configuration file.

**User response:** Add a configuration section to the server configuration file or contact your product administrator.

#### ARYP030E Unexpected symbols in URL: string

**Explanation:** This error can occur while accessing a help page.

**System action:** This error can occur while accessing a help page. The help page was not found.

**User response:** Use the actual version of the client to interact with the server. Contact your product administrator for more information.

#### ARYP031E Invalid parameters in URL.

**Explanation:** This error can occur while accessing a help page. The page was not found.

**User response:** Use the actual version of the client to interact with the server. Contact your product administrator for more information.

#### **ARYP032I** HTTP session number established.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the new HTTP session with the specified number has been established to the server.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARYP033I HTTP session** *number* **ended normally**.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the HTTP server session with the specified *number* ended normally.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYP034I HTTP session number upgraded to protocol-name protocol.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the HTTP server session with the specified *number* has been upgraded to the specified *protocol-name*.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYP035I HTTP session *number* downgraded to HTTP 1.1 protocol.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the HTTP server session with specified *number* has been downgraded to HTTP 1.1 protocol.

**User response:** No action is required.

**ARYP036E** Websocket exception occurred: session *number*; status code = '*statuscode*'.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the HTTP server session working on the websocket protocol has produced an exception with the specified status code while reading the data from the socket.

**User response:** Contact IBM Software Support if it occurs frequently or if it affects the ability to run the product successfully.

# ARYP037I Sending websocket 'operation' frame to client with HTTP session number.

**Explanation:** The server is sending the specified websocket frame to the client.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYP038I Received websocket operation frame from client with HTTP session number.

**Explanation:** The server has received the specified websocket frame from the client.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARYP909E Out of memory error occurred. Please exit from the application.

**Explanation:** An error was received from the DB2 Recovery Expert server or agent.

**User response:** Consult the user guide for the explanation of the error messages received from the DB2 Recovery Expert server or agent. If you are unable to determine the reason for the failure from the user guide, contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYQ001E Storage allocation failure, increase the region size.

**Explanation:** There was a failure detected when storage was requested by the program. The region size can be specified on the JOB card in the JCL or enforced by various system exit routines.

**User response:** Increase the region size and resubmit the job.

#### ARYQ002I Termination complete.

**Explanation:** The program has ended, either normally or abnormally.

User response: No action is required.

## ARYQ003W External abend. Error retry is not possible.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. However, the abend location was not within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program. This is usually attributed to an abend in a called service routine. Since the exact circumstances are not known leading up to the unexpected abend, no safe error retry processing can be attempted and the abend is percolated leading to the program abnormally ending.

**User response:** Collect all available diagnostic information, including the job log, any dumps taken and a printed copy of the LOGREC starting at least 5 minutes prior to the time of the abend. Any additional environmental information will also be useful such as release and maintenance levels for the operating system and the selected DB2 subsystem. Contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ004I ABENDED xxxx at offset X"xxxx"

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program. The failing instruction offset and the abend code is reported.

**User response:** Collect all available diagnostic information, including the job log, any dumps taken and a copy of LOGREC starting at least 5 minutes prior to the time of the abend. Any additional environmental information will also be useful such as release and maintenance levels for the operating system and the selected DB2 subsystem. Contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ005I Diagnostic SDUMP in progress.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program. A SVC dump is being attempted.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ006I Diagnostic SDUMP complete.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program. A SVC dump was successfully captured.

**User response:** Collect all available diagnostic information, including the job log, any dumps taken and a copy of LOGREC starting at least 5 minutes prior

to the time of the abend. Any additional environmental information will also be useful such as release and maintenance levels for the operating system and the selected DB2 subsystem. Contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ007W Diagnostic SDUMP suppressed by DAE.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program. However, the system Dump Analysis and Elimination facility has suppressed the dump due to a duplicate dump already captured.

**User response:** Determine the status and location of the original dump and contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ008E Diagnostic SDUMP failed.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program. However, an attempt to capture a SVC dump failed.

**User response:** Investigate the reasons why the dump has failed and correct the source of the failure.

#### ARYQ009I Diagnostic SDUMP in progress.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program.

**User response:** Collect all available diagnostic information, including the job log, any dumps taken and a copy of LOGREC starting at least 5 minutes prior to the time of the abend. Any additional environmental information will also be useful such as release and maintenance levels for the operating system and the selected DB2 subsystem. Contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ010I Diagnostic SDUMP complete.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred. The abend location was within the boundaries of error recovery established for the program.

**User response:** Collect all available diagnostic information, including the job log, any dumps taken and a copy of LOGREC starting at least 5 minutes prior to the time of the abend. Any additional environmental information will also be useful such as release and maintenance levels for the operating system and the selected DB2 subsystem. Contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ011I Quiet Time Cleanup program starting. Version xx.yy.zzz

**Explanation:** This message confirms the Quiet Time Cleanup program has started and is running.

User response: No action is required.

ARYQ012I Current date and time: yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss

**Explanation:** This message reports the date and time that the Quiet Time Cleanup program started running.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYQ013I DB2 SSID selected: ssid

**Explanation:** This message reports the selected DB2 subsystem identifier specified on the JCL EXEC card parameter of the Quiet Time Cleanup job.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARYQ014I** Retention period (Days) : *xxxx*

**Explanation:** This messages reports the retention period that was specified on the JCL EXEC card parameter of the Quiet Time Cleanup job. Entries in the Quiet Time tables that are older than the specified number of days will be displayed if REPORT mode was selected or will be deleted if DELETE mode was selected. A valid value range is 0 - 9999 days.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ015I Execution Mode : report/delete

**Explanation:** This message reports the execution mode specified on the JCL EXEC card parameter of the Quiet Time Cleanup job. A valid selection is either REPORT or DELETE. Entries in the Quiet Time tables that are older than the specified number of days will be displayed if REPORT mode was selected or will be deleted if DELETE mode was selected.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ016I Initialization complete.

**Explanation:** This message reports that the Quiet Time Cleanup program has successfully completed the first phase of execution. Working storage has been allocated, error recovery has been established, and user input parameters have been validated.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ017I Requires APF authorization.

**Explanation:** The program requires APF authorization to continue processing and it has been determined that APF authorization has not been granted. The program terminates.

**User response:** Add the library from where the program is loaded to the system APF list.

## ARYQ018I Missing execution mode. Assume default REPORT.

**Explanation:** The user input parameter "MODE", which is the 3rd positional parameter on the job JCL EXEC PARM card was omitted. The default of REPORT is assigned.

**User response:** Specify a valid mode input parameter, either REPORT or DELETE on the job JCL EXEC PARM card.

## ARYQ019E Invalid or missing required input parameters.

**Explanation:** One or more positional user input parameters on the JOB JCL EXEC PARM card of the Quiet Time Cleanup job were omitted.

**User response:** Specify a valid and active DB2 SSID for the first positional parameter; a valid Retention Period for the second positional parameter in the range 0 - 9999 days; and either REPORT or DELETE for the third positional parameter on the job JCL EXEC PARM card.

#### ARYQ020E Invalid or missing DB2 subsystem ID.

**Explanation:** The user input parameter "SSID", which is the 1st positional parameter on the job JCL EXEC PARM card of the Quiet Time Cleanup job was omitted.

**User response:** Specify a valid and active DB2 SSID for the first positional parameter.

#### ARYQ021E Invalid or missing retention period.

**Explanation:** The user input parameter "Retention Period", which is the 2nd positional parameter on the job JCL EXEC PARM card of the Quiet Time Cleanup program was omitted.

**User response:** Specify a valid retention period in the range 0 - 9999 days for the second positional parameter.

# ARYQ022E Invalid or missing execution mode, REPORT or DELETE.

**Explanation:** The user input parameter "Execution Mode", which is the 3rd positional parameter on the JOB JCL EXEC PARM card of the Quiet Time Cleanup program was omitted.

#### ARYQ023I • ARYQ035I

**User response:** Specify either REPORT or DELETE for the third positional parameter.

ARYQ023I Attempting Connect to DB2: ssid planname

**Explanation:** This message specifies that an attempt is being made to connect to the indicated DB2 Subsystem using the indicated PLAN NAME.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ024E Error connecting to DB2: ssid

**Explanation:** The Quiet Times Cleanup program was unable to establish an active connection with the indicated DB2 subsystem. This usually happens when the DB2 SSID specified is either invalid or the DB2 subsystem is not active.

**User response:** Check that a valid DB2 SSID was specified as the first positional parameter on the JOB JCL EXEC PARM card of the Quiet Times Cleanup job and that the DB2 subsystem is started and fully operational.

#### ARYQ025I Performing SQL processing.

**Explanation:** The Quiet Times Cleanup program has successfully connected to DB2 and is now processing the SELECT and/or DELETE SQL statements.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYQ026I The following rows were deleted from table ARYQTG.

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. This is a report heading. Following the heading will be a list of abbreviated rows that will be deleted from the ARYQTG Quiet Time table based on the retention periods specified.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYQ027I The following rows were selected from table ARYQTG.

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. This is a report heading. Following the heading will be a list of abbreviated rows that will be selected from the ARYQTG Quiet Time table based on the retention periods specified.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ028E Error deleting row from ARYQTG.

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. A failure occurred when a SQL delete statement was issued for the indicated row for the ARYQTG Quiet Time table.

**User response:** Investigate the accompanying SQL error codes and correct the source of the problem.

## ARYQ030I The following rows were selected from table ARYQT.

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. A SQL select statement was executed and the qualifying rows are being displayed.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYQ031I Error deleting row from ARYQT.

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. A failure occurred when a SQL delete statement was issued for the indicated row for the ARYQT Quiet Time table.

**User response:** Investigate the accompanying SQL error codes and correct the source of the problem.

#### **ARYQ032E SQL error**, **SQLCODE** = ?*xxxx*

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. A failure occurred when a SQL statement was issued for either a select or delete. The literal *?xxxx* will be substituted by the actual SQLCODE that is returned from DB2 when the SQL statement was executed.

**User response:** Investigate the accompanying SQL error codes and correct the source of the problem.

#### ARYQ033I Now disconnected from DB2: xxxx

**Explanation:** A previously established active connection with the indicated DB2 subsystem has been successfully terminated.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYQ034E Error disconnecting from DB2: xxxx

**Explanation:** An attempt to end an active connection with a DB2 subsystem has failed.

**User response:** Collect all available diagnostic information, including the job log, any dumps taken and a copy of LOGREC starting at least 5 minutes prior to the time of the abend. Any additional environmental information will also be useful such as release and maintenance levels for the operation system and the selected DB2 subsystem. Contact IBM Software Support for further instructions.

#### ARYQ035I Activity summary report:

**Explanation:** This is a report heading. Following the heading will be a report showing the number of rows deleted from the ARYQTG and ARYQT Quiet Time tables based on the retention period specified.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYQ036I Number of rows deleted from ARYQTG = *xxxx*.

**Explanation:** This message reports the number of rows deleted from the ARYQTG Quiet Time table based on the retention period specified.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYQ037I Number of rows deleted from ARYQT = xxxx.

**Explanation:** This message reports the number of rows deleted from the ARYQT Quiet Time table based on the retention period specified.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYQ038W MODE = REPORT, no rows were deleted.

**Explanation:** This message informs the user that no rows will be deleted from the ARYQTG and ARYQT Quiet Time tables because the operating mode REPORT was either explicitly specified or assigned by default.

**User response:** If this was the intention then no further user action is required. If Quiet Time table cleanup was desired, rerun the job and specify DELETE as the third positional parameter on the JOB JCL EXEC PARM card and rerun the job.

#### **ARYQ040I** < qualifying ARYQTG table row entry>

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. It shows a qualifying row entry selected from the ARYQTG table.

**User response:** This is an informational message only. No further user action is required. The user can inspect each row listed to determine which rows will be deleted if the program should run in REPORT mode. The user can see each row deleted when the program runs in DELETE mode.

**ARYQ041I** < qualifying ARYQT table row entry>

**Explanation:** This message is only written to SYSPRINT. It shows a qualifying row entry selected from the ARYQT table.

**User response:** This is an informational message only. The user can inspect each row listed to determine which rows will be deleted if the program should run in REPORT mode. The user can see each row deleted when the program runs in DELETE mode.

#### ARYQ042E Open failed for SYSPRINT.

**Explanation:** An attempt to open the SYSPRINT DD failed. The program terminates.

**User response:** Check the SYSPRINT DD card in the JCL and correct the error. Some DD parameters might be invalid for your installation.

ARYQ043I GRPID--+-GRPNUM--+T+-FILTER NAME-

**Explanation:** This is a report formatting message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYQ044I	GRPID+-START TIMESTAMP+-
	END TIMESTAMP+-

Explanation: This is a report formatting message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYM640E Allocation Error - The ISPFILE DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated - Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPFILE DD allocation failed. The DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated for this TSO session. The process did not complete successfully.

**User response:** Free the ISPFILE DD. You must exit the product and re-enter, then rebuild the job.

#### ARYS641E Allocation Error - An error was encountered allocating the ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD - Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD allocation failed. The process did not complete successfully.

**User response:** Verify TSO session parameters are set correctly for your site prior to allocation of these DD statements.

# ARYR001E Invalid value entered - Please enter a valid value from the list displayed.

**Explanation:** You entered an invalid selection in the Option line.

User response: Correct the invalid value and retry.

# ARYR002E AUTOTGT is only valid for BCV type profiles.

**Explanation:** You used the AUTOTGT primary command, but the backup is a SNAP type backup. The AUTOTGT command searches for any BCVs that have a current relationship with the source volumes listed in the profile. If a BCV is found that is currently

#### ARYR003I • ARYR015E

established to a source volume, it will be placed in the first open target UCB slot. The AUTOTGT command is only available for BCV type profiles.

**User response:** Clear the invalid command from the Option line.

ARYR003I Log Suspend is required for Flash or DFSMSdss type profiles. The value of the issue Log Suspend field has been changed to "Y"

**Explanation:** Log Suspend must be set to Y for Flash or DFSMSdss type backup profiles.

User response: None required.

ARYR004E Invalid Subsystem ID (SSID) entered. The SSID must be defined in the "Setup" section of the product before it can be used.

**Explanation:** The subsystem listed in the message has not been configured using the product setup screen.

**User response:** From the product main menu, enter 0 to set up the subsystem. Refer to the configuration documentation for information about the setup parameters.

ARYR005E Invalid Command Entered. The command is not supported on this screen. Enter a "?" to get a list of the valid commands.

**Explanation:** An invalid command was entered in the Option line.

**User response:** Clear the invalid command from the command line. Enter ? and press Enter to get a list of valid primary commands.

#### ARYA006E Bad date format or value

Explanation: A date format or value incorrect.

**User response:** Use the specified formats and/or verify the correctness of YYYYMMDD values.

### ARYR007E Invalid value entered - Please enter a valid value.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

User response: Enter Y or N and press Enter.

# ARYR008E Invalid Command Entered. The command is not supported on this screen.

**Explanation:** An invalid command was entered in the Option line.

**User response:** Check the command syntax and resubmit.

ARYR009E	Bootstrap #01 cannot be equal to
	bootstrap #02.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Bootstrap data set names must be unique.

**User response:** Enter a unique name for one of the boot strap data sets.

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**Explanation:** This message appears upon starting the DB2 Recovery Expert ISPF screens.

User response: None required.

ARYR011E Cannot offload from a backup that is not on disk.

**Explanation:** You cannot generate offload JCL for this backup because it is no longer on DASD volumes.

**User response:** The backup must be on DASD volumes in order to be offloaded.

# ARYR012E Invalid value. Must be H for HSM or R for ARY

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered when specifying offload options.

**User response:** Enter "H' to use IBM's HSM product to offload the backup to tape. In order to use HSM, you must have created the proper HSM dump classes and configured them properly. Enter "R" to have DB2 Recovery Expert manage the offload process.

#### ARYR014E Invalid value. Backup method should be (B)cv, (S)nap, (F)lash, (D)b2, or dfsmsdss(L)

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the Backup method.

**User response:** Enter B for BCV, S for Snap, F for Flash, D for DB2, or L for DFSMSdss.

### ARYR015E Invalid value. Must be H for HSM or A for DB2 Recovery Expert.

#### **Explanation**:

**User response:** Invalid value entered. Enter H to use IBM's HSM product to offload the backup to tape. In order to use HSM, you must have created the proper HSM dump classes and configured them properly.

Enter A to have DB2 Recovery Expert manage the offload process.

ARYR016E Only one DB2 type profile can be created for each DB2 SSID. Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name already exists for this DB2 SSID. Please cancel from this profile edit session.

**Explanation:** Only one profile that specifies a backup method of "DB2" can be created per DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** Please edit and/or use the profile name specified in the message.

# ARYR018E Any volume that contains a data user catalog or active log user catalog cannot be excluded.

**Explanation:** The Exclude line command was entered next to a volume that contains a data user catalog or active log user catalog. This volume cannot be excluded from a system backup.

**User response:** Clear the line command from the selected volume.

#### ARYR019W This volume has already been excluded.

**Explanation:** Since this volume has already been excluded, the exclude command cannot be performed.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYR020E No source volumes were found in the entered range.

**Explanation:** The entered UCB range was scanned and no valid online disk volume serials were found.

**User response:** Enter another range or contact your DASD administrator.

ARYR021I There were no Backup System history records found in the product repository. The Restore System utility cannot be run without running a Backup System utility first.

**Explanation:** You selected the System Restore and Offload option from the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu, but no backup history records have been found.

**User response:** None required.

#### ARYR022E No offload options were specified for this backup profile. Update the Backup Profile and add Offload Options before trying again.

**Explanation:** No offload options were specified for this backup profile. Offload options must be set before attempting an offload.

**User response:** Update the Backup Profile and add Offload Options before attempting to offload again.

#### ARYR023E Invalid Entry - The Recover RBA/LRSN field is not a valid hexadecimal string. Please enter a valid RBA / LRSN to recover to.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Recover to RBA/LRSN field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text, or enter Y in the Select Timestamp Recovery Point field to locate an appropriate RBA or LRSN.

#### ARYR024E Invalid Entry - Enter a "Y" if you would like to enter a date/time and have it converted to an LRSN for you.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Select Timestamp Recovery Point field.

**User response:** Enter Y in the Select Timestamp Recovery Point field to locate an appropriate RBA or LRSN. Enter N to use the listed RBA/ LRSN as the recovery point.

## ARYR025W This volume has not been excluded so the undo will not be performed.

**Explanation:** The U(ndo) line command was entered next to a volume, but since this volume has not been excluded, the undo command will not be performed.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR026E Invalid Entry - Only one recovery point can be selected from the list for the Restore System Utility. Please select only one line or select none and enter a recovery point RBA/LRSN.

**Explanation:** Two or more recovery points were selected for restoration.

**User response:** Select one recovery point, or enter the RECOVER subsystem command to specify an RBA/LRSN.

# ARYR027E Invalid Value - Enter "S" to choose this recovery point.

**Explanation:** An invalid line command was entered next to the recovery point.

**User response:** Enter S to choose the recovery point for restoration, or enter another valid line command from the list on the screen.

#### ARYR028E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you would like to edit the generated JCL after the job has been built.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Edit Generated Job field.

**User response:** Enter Y to edit the generated JCL after the job is built. Enter N to return to the Backup Profile Display without editing the job after it is built.

# ARYR029E A fully qualified dataset name is required to save the generated JCL.

**Explanation:** The data set name is missing from the Build job in Dataset field.

**User response:** Enter a fully qualified data set name in the Build job in Dataset field to hold the generated JCL.

#### ARYR030E Invalid Dataset/Member/Alias - The Dataset, Member name, or Alias entered does not meet the MVS Dataset naming standards.

**Explanation:** The data set, member name, or alias entered is not valid for z/OS data set names. The first character must be capitalized alphabetic (A-Z,@,\$,#) and the remaining characters must be capitalized alphanumeric (A-Z,0-9,@,\$,#).

**User response:** Correct the data set, member name, or alias.

ARYR031I No Profiles were found that match your selection criteria. Press enter to create a new profile or change the selection criteria.

Explanation: No profiles match your selection criteria.

**User response:** Press Enter to create a new profile, or change your selection criteria to get a different list.

#### ARYR032E Error opening VSAM repository dataset. DSN=data set name RETCODE= return code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred upon opening the ARY VSAM repository data set. The data set and return code are listed in the message. Possible cause of this message is the data set was not found.

**User response:** A WTO is issued for this message listing the file that is in error. Check to ensure the data set exists and is accessible.

#### ARYR033E Error writing to VSAM repository dataset. DSN = data set name RETCODE = return code

**Explanation:** An error occurred upon attempting to write to the ARY VSAM repository data set. The data

set and return code are listed in the message.

**User response:** A WTO is issued for this message listing the file that is in error. Check to ensure the data set exists and is accessible.

#### **ARYR034E** Error reading from VSAM repository dataset. DSN = data set name RETCODE = return code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred upon attempting to read the ARY VSAM repository data set. The data set and return code are listed in the message. Possible cause is the data set was not found.

**User response:** A WTO is issued for this message listing the file that is in error. Check to ensure the data set exists and is accessible.

ARYR035E Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified profile is not found in the ARY VSAM repository.

**User response:** A WTO is issued for this message listing the file that is in error. Check to ensure the repository exists and is accessible.

#### ARYR036E The entered value must be numeric.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in a numeric field.

**User response:** Enter a valid numeric value.

#### ARYR037E You are not authorized to enter any line commands for this profile. The Creator of the profile is restricting all activity.

**Explanation:** The creator of the selected profile specified that no other user is to view, update, or export the selected profile.

**User response:** Choose a different profile to work with.

ARYR038E You are not authorized to update or delete this profile. Enter a "V" if you would like to View this profile.

**Explanation:** The creator of the selected profile specified that no other user is to update or delete the selected profile.

**User response:** Enter V to view the profile, or choose a different profile to work with.

#### ARYR039E Invalid Line Command Entered.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the line command area.

**User response:** Enter one of the valid line commands listed at the bottom of the screen.

#### ARYR040E Invalid profile name specified.

**Explanation:** An error occurred upon attempting to save a profile. The profile name or creator cannot contain an asterisk (\*).

**User response:** Remove the asterisk from the profile name and continue.

#### ARYR041E A problem was encountered in allocating the files necessary for ISPF file tailoring. Please try again

**Explanation:** An error occurred when dynamically allocating the ISPF work files ISPFILE, ISPWRK1, or ISPWRK2.

**User response:** Retry the operation. Contact IBM Customer Support if the problem persists.

#### ARYR042E Invalid Dataset DSORG - The job can only be built into a sequential file or a PDS/PDSE. VSAM and other data types are not supported for job generation.

**Explanation:** The data set organization of the file you entered is not supported for job generation. The data set must be a sequential or a partitioned data set.

**User response:** Specify a data set of the proper type.

#### ARYR043E Dataset not found - Dataset data set name was not found in the MVS catalog. Please enter a valid dataset that is cataloged.

**Explanation:** The data set name entered in the Build job in Dataset field does not exist.

**User response:** Enter an existing cataloged data set name in the Build job in Dataset field.

### ARYR044E The dataset could not be allocated or opened.

**Explanation:** The dynamic allocation of the specified data set failed.

**User response:** Verify that the data set exists and is available for allocation.

ARYR045E Field Required - The dataset entered is a partitioned dataset and the member name is required.

**Explanation:** A required field was not specified. The data set entered is a PDS (partitioned data set) and a member in this PDS must be referenced.

**User response:** Enter a valid member name for PDS access.

# ARYR046E Dataset must be a partitioned dataset because multiple members will be generated.

**Explanation:** The data set entered is a sequential data set. Because multiple members will be generated, you must specify a PDS in this field.

**User response:** Enter an existing cataloged PDS data set name in the Build job in Dataset field.

#### ARYR047E The member name entered for the Restore job cannot be the same as the Restore System Utility member. Please enter a different member for one of the jobs.

**Explanation:** When building a restore job, a duplicate member name was entered for one of the member names. This is not allowed.

**User response:** Enter three unique member names to hold the output from the restore system job build.

# ARYR048E A member name is not allowed on a non-partitioned dataset.

**Explanation:** A member name was included for the specified data set, but the data set is sequential, not a PDS.

**User response:** Remove the member name or use a PDS.

# ARYR049E The specified dataset could not be opened for I/O.

**Explanation:** A VSAM open error occurred while attempting to open the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM repository.

**User response:** Verify that the VSAM data set is accessible.

#### ARYR050E Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name already exists in the repository. Please enter a unique profile name or creator and press enter.

**Explanation:** When creating a new profile, a profile name was used that duplicates another profile name created by the same user ID.

#### ARYR051E • ARYR062E

**User response:** Enter a unique profile name or creator and press Enter.

ARYR051E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you would like to delete profile profile\_creator.profile\_name or an "N" if you do not want to delete it.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Delete confirmation field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

 
 ARYR052I
 Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name has been successfully deleted.

**Explanation:** The profile named in the message text was successfully deleted.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR053I Object does not exist.

**Explanation:** The profile does not exist. It may have already been deleted.

User response: None required.

ARYR054E Invalid Value - Please enter the Unit Device (SYSDA, DISK, etc.) that you want used when generating a job.

**Explanation:** A value was not entered for the work file unit devices.

**User response:** Specify a valid unit device that DB2 Recovery Expert can use when generating utility JCL.

#### ARYR055E The entered device type is not recognized by OS/390 as a valid device type.

**Explanation:** An invalid device type was entered in the Work File Unit Type field.

**User response:** Enter a valid device type or CART for tape devices.

#### ARYR056E The VOLSER qualifier should always be part of the dataset name to ensure that each dataset name is unique.

**Explanation:** When specifying data set names for offloaded backups, the VOLSER qualifier was not selected. The VOLSER qualifier should always be part of the data set name to ensure that each data set name is unique.

**User response:** Add the VOLSER qualifier to the data set name.

#### ARYR057E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "N" if you want to Restore both Data and Logs or a "Y" if you want to restore only the data.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Restore Only field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

# ARYR058E If restoring both Data and Logs you cannot select a timestamp recovery point.

**Explanation:** You cannot select a timestamp recovery point if you have specified to restore both data and logs.

**User response:** DB2 Recovery Expert changes the Select Timestamp Recovery Point field to N and makes the field read only. To select a timestamp recovery point, change the Restore Only Data field to Y.

# ARYR059E A timestamp recovery point cannot be selected for a non data sharing DB2 subsystem.

**Explanation:** You cannot select a timestamp recovery point when the subsystem you are restoring is not a data sharing subsystem.

**User response:** None required; DB2 Recovery Expert changes the Select Timestamp Recovery Point field to N.

#### ARYR060E Invalid Entry - The Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN field is not a valid hexadecimal string. Please enter a valid RBA/LRSN

**Explanation:** The Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN field is an invalid hexadecimal string.

User response: Enter a valid RBA or LRSN.

ARYR061E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "F" if you would like to perform a Full Backup (Data and Logs) or a "D" if you want to perform a Data only backup.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Backup Type field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

## ARYR062E Invalid Value - The number of backup generations must be numeric.

**Explanation:** A non-numeric value was entered in the Backup Generations field.

**User response:** Enter a numeric value in the specified range for the backup type.

ARYR063E Invalid Value - Backup Method should be "B" for BCV volumes, "S" for SNAP volumes, "F" for Flash Volumes, "D" for DB2 or "L" for DFSMSdss Disk copy

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Backup Method field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Issue Log Suspend field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR065E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to perform validations or a "N" if you do not want to perform validations.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Validate DB2 Volumes field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR066E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to add offload options, a "N" if you do not want to add offload options or "U" to update offload options.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter "Y" if you wish to have have the DASD backups offloaded to tape. Enter "N" if you do not want to offload the backups to tape. Enter "U" to update previous offload options.

#### ARYR067E Invalid Value - The number of backup generations for a BCV target must be numeric and must be between 1 and 8.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Backup Generations field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR068E Invalid Value - Enter a "U" to allow other users to Update your profile, a "V" to allow other users to just View your profile or "N" to disallow other users from viewing or updating your profile.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Share Option field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

**ARYR069I Profile** *profile*)\_*creator.profile\_name* **saved** 

**Explanation:** The profile named in the message was successfully saved.

User response: None required.

## ARYR070E An error occurred trying to allocate a repository dataset data set name.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when allocating the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM repository data set.

**User response:** Check the system log for additional error information.

## ARYR071E At least one Volume Mapping must be entered.

**Explanation:** No volume mappings have been created for the profile. At least one volume mapping is required for successful execution of the backup job.

**User response:** Enter a volume mapping, or type CAN in the option line to exit the profile.

#### ARYR072E The Source Volume must not be blank.

**Explanation:** The value in the Source Volume field was removed, but the target volumes are still in place.

**User response:** If you intended to remove the source volume and its mapping, use the D line command in the Cmd area. Otherwise, enter a source volume.

#### ARYR073E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to enable Object Restore or a "N" if you do not want to enable Object Restore.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Enable Obj Restore field.

**User response:** Enter Y for Yes or N for No.

### ARYR074E The volume must start with an alphabetic or a national character.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered as the first character of the volumes field. The first character must be alphabetic or a national character, and the remaining

ARYR064E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to perform a Log Suspend or a "N" if you do not want to perform a Log Suspend.

characters must be alphabetic or numeric.

**User response:** Change the first character of the volume.

## ARYR075E The volume must only contain alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** An invalid character was entered in the volumes field.

**User response:** The first character must be alphabetic and the remaining characters must be alphanumeric. Change the invalid value to an alphanumeric character.

# ARYR076E The Target Unit must only contain valid hexadecimal characters.

**Explanation:** A non-hexadecimal value was entered in the Target Unit field.

**User response:** Re-enter the Target Unit field using valid hexadecimal characters.

#### ARYR077E The Profile Creator is a required field. Please enter a valid profile creator.

**Explanation:** When creating a new profile, the Profile Creator field was left blank.

**User response:** Enter a profile creator in the Profile Creator field.

#### ARYR078E The Profile Name is a required field. Please enter a unique profile name.

**Explanation:** When creating a new profile, the Profile Name field was left blank.

**User response:** Enter a unique profile name in the Profile Name field.

ARYR079E Invalid Value - Enter a "U" to allow other users to Update your profile, a "V" to allow other users to just View your profile or "N" to disallow other users from viewing or updating your profile.

**Explanation:** When creating a new profile, an invalid value was entered the Update Option field.

**User response:** Correct the value as described in the message text.

ARYR080E Invalid Value - The number of backup generations for a SNAP, Flash, or DFSMSdss type target must be numeric and must be between 1 and 99.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the number of backup generations for a SNAP, Flash, or DFSMSdss target. The value must be numeric and must be between 1 and 99.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR081E The End Unit must be greater than the Start Unit.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the End Unit. The end unit specified for a target range must be greater than the start unit.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

# ARYR082E The new Source Volume entered is a duplicate of an existing Source Volume.

**Explanation:** A source volume was added to the volume mapping, but the source volume is already listed in the volume mapping.

**User response:** Remove the duplicate value or use the D line command to delete the volume mapping.

#### ARYR083E The unit of the new Source Volume entered is a duplicate of an existing Target Unit.

**Explanation:** A source volume is also specified as a target unit. The same device cannot be specified as both a source volume and target unit.

**User response:** Change either the source volume or the target unit.

# ARYR084E The new Target Unit entered is a duplicate of an existing Source Volume.

**Explanation:** A target unit was added to the volume mapping, but the target unit is also listed as a source volume in the mapping. The same device cannot be specified as both a source volume and target unit.

**User response:** Change either the source volume or the target unit.

# ARYR085E The new Target Unit entered is a duplicate of an existing Target unit.

**Explanation:** A target unit was added to the volume mapping, but the unit is already listed in the volume mapping as a target unit.

**User response:** Remove the duplicate value or use the D line command to delete the volume mapping.

#### ARYR086E The Source Volume's device type is not the same as the Target Unit's device type.

**Explanation:** The source and target volume must be of the same volume type (such as both 3390 mod 9s).

User response: Choose a target unit of the same

volume type as the source unit.

## ARYR087E The beginning target value must be less than the end target value.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the Beginning Target Range field is less than the value in the Ending Target Range field. This is not valid.

User response: Correct the range and retry.

## ARYR088E The Source Volume and the Target Unit are not on the same storage array.

**Explanation:** The source volume and its specified target unit are not located on the same storage array. The source volume and target unit must be on the same array.

**User response:** Select a different target unit that is on the same array.

ARYR089E Invalid value - the Source/Target Mapping field should be A for Auto discover/pool mapping, S for Stogroup discover/pool mapping, or M for Manual mapping.

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been specified in the **Source/Target Mapping** field in the Enter New Backup Profile Options panel. The value specified should be A for Auto discover/pool mapping, S for Stogroup discover/pool mapping, or M for Manual mapping.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR090E Invalid Device Number (CUU) entered.

**Explanation:** An invalid device number (CUU) was entered.

**User response:** Check with your systems programmer for a valid list of device numbers.

# ARYR091E Number of BCV devices must be numeric and between 1 and 9999 inclusive.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the number of BCV devices. The number of BCV devices entered must be numeric and between 1 and 9999.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

### ARYR092E The Enter By Generation field must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Enter by Generation field.

**User response:** Correct the value and press Enter.

#### ARYR093E The Setup Job field must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Setup Job field.

**User response:** Enter Y to build JCL to run profile setup only. Enter N to build JCL for backing up the systems.

# ARYR094E The Backup Repository field must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Backup Repository field.

**User response:** Enter Y to include job steps to back up the DB2 Recovery Expert VSAM repository as the last step of the job. Enter N to omit these steps.

#### ARYR095E Invalid value. Enter "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter Y for Yes or N for No.

#### ARYR096E Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name is currently being used by another user or process.

**Explanation:** The profile listed in the message is being used by another user or another process.

User response: Please try again later.

#### ARYR097E The Start MVS Device Number must be less than or equal to the Stop MVS Device Number.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the start MVS device number must be less than or equal to the stop MVS device number.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

ARYR098E Flash Query error, Return Code: return\_code, Reason Code reason\_code.

Explanation: An error occurred doing a Flash Query.

**User response:** Please refer to the Flash Query manual for a description and resolution to the error.

#### ARYR099E Auto mapping is not valid for DB2 type targets, BCV type targets or phased SNAP type targets.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Target Mapping field. Auto mapping is not valid for DB2 type targets, BCV type targets or phased SNAP type targets.

**User response:** Change the value in the Target Mapping or Backup Method field.

#### ARYR100E An error occurred trying to allocate the ARYR Parmlib - Check the PARMLDSN and PARMLMBR in the startup CLIST and try again.

**Explanation:** The PARMLIB data set could not be allocated. There may be an error in the PARMLIB's data set name or member in the startup CLIST.

**User response:** Ensure the PARMLDSN and PARMLMBR parameters are correctly specified in the CLIST. Ensure the PARMLIB data set exists and is available.

# ARYR101E The CUU selection field must only contain valid hexadecimal characters.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the CUU selection field.

User response: Enter a valid hexadecimal value.

# ARYR102E The SYM# selection field must only contain valid hexadecimal characters.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the CUU selection field.

User response: Enter a valid hexadecimal value.

### ARYR103E The BCV Only selection field can only be "Y" or "N".

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

ARYR104E The VOLSER selection field must start with an alphabetic character or a national character.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the VOLSER selection field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

### ARYR105E The VOLSER selection field must only contain alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the VOLSER selection field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

### ARYR106E This is a partial System Backup, it cannot be used for recovery.

**Explanation:** This is a partial system backup. It cannot be used for a system-level DB2 recovery. It can only be used to recover individual objects.

User response: None required.

# ARYR107E The source unit must only contain valid hexadecimal characters.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the source unit.

**User response:** Enter a valid source unit.

# ARYR108E The beginning source unit must be less than the end source unit.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the source and/or the end unit. The beginning source unit must be less than the ending source unit.

**User response:** Correct the invalid beginning or ending source unit.

# ARYR109E The target range entered overlaps a previously entered target range.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the target range. The target range overlaps a previously entered target range.

**User response:** Correct the value in the Start Unit or End Unit fields, or remove the target range from the list.

#### ARYR111E The start unit must also be specified.

**Explanation:** No value was entered in the Start Unit field.

**User response:** Enter a start unit value in the Start Unit field.

#### ARYR112I Debug Mode is now Activated.

**Explanation:** DEBUG mode is currently ON. To turn off DEBUG mode, type DEBUG in the option line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR113I Debug Mode is now Deactivated.

**Explanation:** DEBUG mode is currently OFF. To turn on DEBUG mode, type DEBUG in the option line of the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu.

User response: None required.
ARYR114I XDC Mode is now Activated.

**Explanation:** XDC mode is currently ON.

**User response:** None required.

#### ARYR115I XDC Mode is now Deactivated.

Explanation: XDC mode is currently OFF.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR116E The end unit must also be specified.

**Explanation:** No value was entered in the End Unit field.

**User response:** Enter an end unit value in the End Unit field.

#### ARYR117E Allocation Error - The ISPFILE DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated - Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPFILE DD allocation failed. The DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated for this TSO session. The process did not complete successfully.

#### User response:

#### ARYR118E Allocation Error - An error was encountered allocating the ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD - Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD allocation failed. The process did not complete successfully.

**User response:** Verify TSO session parameters are set correctly for your site prior to allocation of these DD statements.

## ARYR119E Field Required - The dataset entered is a partitioned dataset and the member name is required.

**Explanation:** A required field was not entered. The data set entered is a PDS (partitioned data set) and a member in this PDS must be referenced.

**User response:** Enter a valid member name for PDS access.

ARYR120I A repository file has not been allocated for Subsystem Setup. No information regarding setup steps taken will be logged. Enter a DB2 subsystem and press enter to continue or PF3 to exit.

**Explanation:** The repository file to save information about subsystem setup has not been allocated. Please refer to the documentation for installing and

configuring DB2 Recovery Expert for information on creating and allocating this file.

**User response:** You may proceed with the setup, but no information will be saved for later use.

ARYR121E	Invalid reply - Please enter a "Y" if you
	would to re-analyze this subsystem or
	"N" to retrieve the information stored in
	the repository.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Re-analyze DB2 Subsystem Info field.

**User response:** Enter Y to re-analyze the subsystem. Enter N to view the previous history and analysis.

ARYR122E Invalid command - Please enter a "C" to create a new MVS user catalog, "A" to add an alias to the catalog, "D" to view a list of aliases assigned to this catalog or "U" to change the name of the entered catalog, or "V" to view the aliases assigned to the catalog.

Explanation: An invalid line command was entered.

**User response:** Enter C to create a new MVS user catalog. Enter A to add an alias to the listed catalog. Enter D to view the aliases for the listed catalog. Enter U to change the name of the entered user catalog. Enter V to view the aliases assigned to the catalog.

#### ARYR123E Invalid command - Please enter an "V" to view all the aliases assigned to this catalog, or "D" to view all the datasets assigned to the catalog.

Explanation: An invalid line command was entered.

**User response:** Enter A to view the aliases assigned to the listed catalog. Enter D to view the data sets assigned to the listed catalog.

#### ARYR124E Invalid command - Please enter an "R" to rename all the BSDS or Active log datasets in the list or "M" to move all the datasets.

**Explanation:** An invalid command was entered on the heading line.

**User response:** Enter R to rename all of the BSDS or active log data sets listed. This will be done by specifying a new highlevel qualifier. Enter M to move all of the BSDS or active log data sets listed.

#### ARYR125E Invalid command - Please enter an "R" to rename the dataset or "M" to move the dataset to another volume.

**Explanation:** An invalid line command was entered.

#### ARYR126E • ARYR136E

**User response:** Enter R to rename this data set or M to move it to a different MVS volume.

#### ARYR126E Invalid reply - Please enter a "U" to enter targets by unit or "S" to enter targets by stogroup.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter U to enter targets by unit or S to enter targets by stogroup.

ARYR127E Invalid command - Please enter "D" to display all datasets using this alias, "M" to mergecat this alias into another catalog, or "R" to rename all DB2 object datasets using this alias.

Explanation: An invalid line command was entered.

**User response:** Enter D to display all the data sets using the alias. Enter M to perform a MERGECAT to move this alias from one MVS usercat into another. Enter R to rename all the DB2 object data sets using this alias.

#### ARYR128E Invalid command - Please enter "D" to display all datasets on this volume, or "M" to move datasets from this volume to another.

Explanation: An invalid line command was entered.

**User response:** Enter the D line command to display all the MVS data sets on this volume, or M to move data sets from this volume to another.

#### ARYR129E Invalid Entry - An MVS User Catalog has already been created for this entry.

**Explanation:** The C command is not valid on this line because the MVS user catalog specified already exists and cannot be created.

User response: None required.

ARYR130E Invalid Entry - This option is not allowed until the MVS User Catalog has been created. Create the usercat before attempting to view the aliases or data sets.

**Explanation:** The entered command requires that you first specify the MVS user catalogs to be used for both logs and data for this DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

### ARYR1311 Catalog Not Found - Press Enter to create this MVS user catalog.

**Explanation:** The entered MVS catalog was not found.

**User response:** Press enter to be taken to a screen that will help you create a MVS user catalog with this name.

#### ARYR132I Subsystem Information was updated in the System Backup and Restore subsystem setup repository.

**Explanation:** The analysis and subsystem setup information was saved in the product repository for future use. You may leave DB2 Recovery Expert and reenter this subsystem SSID when you return to continue working on the setup of this subsystem.

User response: None required.

ARYR133E Option not allowed - The command you entered is not allowed until the new MVS User Catalogs to be used by this subsystem have been entered above and created. Please enter the required catalog information above before entering this command.

**Explanation:** The entered command requires that you first specify the MVS user catalogs to be used for both logs and data for this DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

ARYR134E	Subsystem subsystem_ID is currently
	inactive. It must be active for this
	function. Please start the system and try
	again.

**Explanation:** The DB2 subsystem must be active to perform the requested function.

User response: Start the DB2 subsystem and try again.

ARYR135E Option not allowed - Dataset Renaming or moving is not allowed while DB2 is active. Please shut all DB2 Subsystems down that will have data sets renamed or moved.

**Explanation:** The DB2 subsystem must down to perform BSDS or active log renaming or moving.

**User response:** Shut down the subsystem before renaming or moving these data sets.

ARYR136E Option not allowed - The MVS User catalog used for the DB2 active logs and boot straps is not allowed to the same catalog used for the DB2 Data.

Explanation: The specified MVS user catalogs must

not be the same data set name. The active logs and BSDS data sets should use one MVS catalog, and all other DB2 data sets should use another.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR137E Invalid command - Please enter an "V" to view all the volumes assigned to this copy pool.

**Explanation:** An invalid command was entered. The only valid command is V to view all the volumes assigned to this copy pool.

**User response:** Enter V to view all the volumes assigned to this copy pool.

### ARYR138E The stogroup entered is a duplicate of a previously entered stogroup.

**Explanation:** The stogroup entered is a duplicate of a previously entered stogroup.

User response: Clear the duplicate stogroup.

#### ARYR139E The stogroup entered does not exist.

**Explanation:** The stogroup entered does not exist.

**User response:** Clear the stogroup and enter a valid existing stogroup. Or, press Enter again and the stogroup will be accepted. If the stogroup does not exist, it is assumed that it will be created before executing the backup.

#### ARYR140E A User Catalog name must be specified.

**Explanation:** The user catalog name must be specified in order to create a new MVS user catalog.

User response: None required.

### ARYR141E The User Catalog specified already exists.

**Explanation:** The specified user catalog name already exists.

User response: Specify a new data set name.

### ARYR142E A Volume or SMSCLASS must be specified.

**Explanation:** Either the User Catalog Volume or SMS Storage Class field must be specified to create a MVS user catalog.

User response: Specify one of the required fields.

### ARYR143E The Volume must start with an alphabetic character.

**Explanation:** The specified volume is not valid. It must start with an alphabetic character.

User response: Correct the invalid volume.

### ARYR144E The Volume must only contain alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** The specified volume is not valid. It must contain only alphanumeric characters.

User response: Correct the invalid volume.

### ARYR145E The Volume name supplied is not a valid volume at your MVS installation.

**Explanation:** The volume name supplied is not a valid volume at your MVS installation.

**User response:** Check with your systems programmer for a valid list.

### ARYR146E The data parameter for tracks or cylinders must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** Specify either C for cylinders or T for tracks.

### ARYR147E The data parameter for tracks and cylinders must be T or C.

Explanation: An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** Specify either C for cylinders or T for tracks.

### ARYR148E The data parameter for primary quantity must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** The primary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR149E The data parameter for primary quantity must be numeric.

Explanation: An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** The primary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR150E The data parameter for secondary quantity must be specified.

**Explanation:** A parameter is missing.

**User response:** The secondary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

#### ARYR151E • ARYR164E

### ARYR151E The data parameter for secondary quantity must be numeric.

Explanation: An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** The secondary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR152E The data parameter for buffers must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** The buffers value must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR153E The data parameter for buffers must be numeric.

Explanation: An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** The buffers value must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR154E The index parameter for tracks or cylinders must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** You must specify either C for cylinders or T for tracks.

### ARYR155E The index parameter for tracks or cylinders must be T or C.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** You must specify either C for cylinders or T for tracks.

### ARYR156E The index parameter for primary quantity must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** The primary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR157E The index parameter for primary quantity must be numeric.

Explanation: An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** The primary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR158E The index parameter for secondary quantity must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** The secondary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR159E The index parameter for secondary quantity must be numeric.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was specified.

**User response:** The secondary quantity must be specified and it must be numeric.

#### ARYR160E The RBA/LSRN selected must be greater than or equal to the RBA/LRSN of the Backup selected.

**Explanation:** The Recover To RBA/LRSN specified is at a point prior to the RBA/LRSN of the selected backup. This is not allowed.

**User response:** Specify a recovery point RBA/LRSN equal to or greater than the listed RBA/LRSN, or choose an earlier backup.

### ARYR161E This profile's data has been corrupted. It must be re-created.

**Explanation:** The profile you selected has been corrupted and is not usable.

**User response:** Delete the profile and re-create it with a different name.

## ARYR162E Subsystem *subsystem ID* needs to be defined in the "SETUP" area of the product.

**Explanation:** The subsystem listed in the message has not been configured using the product setup screen.

**User response:** From the DB2 Recovery Expert main menu, enter 0 to set up the subsystem. Refer to the documentation for configuring DB2 Recovery Expert setup parameters for more information.

#### ARYR163E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you want to backup the repository datasets during a backup, or "N" if you do not want to backup the repository datasets during a backup.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Backup Repository field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

### ARYR164E Your selection of targets do not match any of the unmapped source volumes.

**Explanation:** The target range of volumes entered are not the same type as the source volumes, or the target range entered is not on the same Symmetrix array as the source volumes.

**User response:** Enter a target range of the same volume type and/or on the same Symmetrix array.

### ARYR165E A DB2 subsystem ID must be specified with the Restore Command.

**Explanation:** When entering the RESTORE primary command, a DB2 subsystem ID was not specified.

**User response:** Add the subsystem ID after the RESTORE command.

### ARYR166E The DB2 subsystem entered is not found in any recovery point.

**Explanation:** The RESTORE primary command was entered, but the specified DB2 subsystem does not have any DB2 Recovery Expert recovery points. A valid DB2 Recovery Expert backup has not yet been performed.

**User response:** A valid DB2 Recovery Expert backup must be performed before recovery is possible. If you believe this message is in error, contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYR167I A recovery point has been selected.

**Explanation:** The RESTORE primary command was entered and DB2 Recovery Expert selected a valid recovery point.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYR168E No recovery point that matches the selection criteria was found.

**Explanation:** The RECOVER ssid primary command was entered, but a recovery point was not found.

**User response:** Enter an RBA/LRSN greater than or equal to the recovery point listed on the display for the subsystem.

#### ARYR169E A volume cannot be excluded if it was manually added. The volume can just be deleted.

**Explanation:** This volume was inserted as an inclusion volume. It should not be excluded, but can be deleted.

**User response:** If you want to eliminate the volume from the profile, use the D line command to delete the volume from the list.

### ARYR170E The index parameter for buffers must be specified.

Explanation: A parameter is missing.

**User response:** The buffers value must be specified and it must be numeric.

### ARYR171E The index parameter for buffers must be numeric.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** The buffers value must be specified and it must be numeric.

#### ARYR172E The SMS Storage Class name specified is invalid, it must only contain alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** The SMS Storage Class specified is invalid. It must only contain alphanumeric characters. These include A-Z and 0-9.

User response: Correct the invalid value.

### ARYR173E At least one ALIAS needs to be specified.

**Explanation:** At least one alias name needs to be specified. The alias name is a highlevel that will be tracked in this user catalog data set.

User response: Specify an alias name.

## ARYR174E The Alias name specified is invalid, it must only contain alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** The alias name specified is invalid. It must only contain alphanumeric characters. These include A-Z and 0-9.

**User response:** Correct the invalid value.

#### ARYR175E The Action field should be E - Edit, O -Online Submission or B - Batch Submission.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Action Field.

**User response:** Enter E to edit the shown information. Enter O to execute the shown information online. Enter B to execute the shown information in batch.

### ARYR176E The specified alias already exists in your MVS installation.

**Explanation:** The entered alias name already exists in your MVS installation.

**User response:** If you wish to have this alias tracked by this user catalog, you must perform a MERGECAT to move the alias from another user catalog to this one.

#### ARYR177E Error allocating SYSIN dataset.

**Explanation:** The entered alias name already exists in your MVS installation.

**User response:** If you wish to have this alias tracked by this user catalog, you must perform a MERGECAT to move the alias from another user catalog to this one.

#### ARYR178E Open failed for SYSIN dataset.

**Explanation:** An error occurred opening the SYSIN data set.

**User response:** Check the system log for any further information.

#### ARYR179E Allocate failed for TEMPFILE.

**Explanation:** An error occurred allocating the TEMPFILE data set.

**User response:** Check the system log for any further information.

#### ARYR180E Open failed for TEMPFILE.

**Explanation:** An OPEN failed on the temporary ISPF file tailoring data set.

**User response:** Retry the operation. Contact IBM Customer Support if the problem persists.

#### ARYR181E Error allocating SYSPRINT dataset.

**Explanation:** An error occurred trying to allocate the SYSPRINT data set.

**User response:** Retry the operation. Contact IBM Customer Support if the problem persists.

#### ARYR182E Open failed for SYSPRINT.

**Explanation:** An error occurred trying to open the SYSPRINT data set.

**User response:** Retry the operation. Contact IBM Customer Support if the problem persists.

### ARYR183E A volume and storage class cannot both be specified.

**Explanation:** When entering values for the target pool, you can enter either target units in ranges or you can specify SMS storage groups. However, you cannot enter a combination of the two. When entering the target pool selection, you can switch back and forth between target unit or SMS storage groups; when switching, the previous list will be deleted. However, once the profile has been setup, you will no longer be able to switch between the two.

**User response:** If the incorrect target pool type was specified, recreate the profile.

#### ARYR184E An error occurred during file tailoring.

Explanation: An error occurred during file tailoring.

**User response:** Retry the operation. Contact IBM Customer Support if the problem persists.

ARYR185E Invalid Value - The number of offline generations must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The number of offline generations must be numeric.

**User response:** Specify offline generations as a numeric value.

### ARYR186I System restore will be performed from the offloaded backup.

**Explanation:** This backup is no longer on DASD and therefore the system restore will be performed from the backup that has been offloaded to tape.

User response: None required.

### **ARYR187E** The new dataset name *data\_set\_name* already exists.

**Explanation:** The alias entered will rename the data set to a data set name that already exists in your MVS installation.

**User response:** Either choose another alias, or delete or rename the data set that already exists with this name.

#### ARYR188E A new User Catalog must be entered and must already exist before adding an alias.

**Explanation:** The MVS user catalog must be specified and created before you can add an alias to it.

**User response:** Create or specify the new MVS user catalog, then add the alias.

### ARYR189E An error occurred trying to retrieve the Active and Archive Log datasets

**Explanation:** An error occurred trying to retrieve the active and archive log data sets.

User response:

#### ARYR190E Invalid Value - Enter a "Y" to display the subsystem Log RBAs captured by the ARY RBA Capture utility or "N" to bypass RBA display.

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been entered for Display Timestamp / RBA Captured Data.

**User response:** Enter Y to display the subsystem log

RBAs captured by the RBA capture utility or N to bypass the RBA display.

#### ARYR191E Option not allowed - The ARY RBA repository file has not been allocated or the utility has not been run to capture log RBA data

**Explanation:** The ARY RBA repository file has not been allocated or the utility has not been run to capture log RBA data.

**User response:** Create the RBA repository file and run the RBA capture utility. Refer to the user documentation about configuring the RBA capture utility for more information.

#### ARYR192E Invalid Value - Enter a "Y" to display the Archive Log RBA information with their respective timestamps.

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been entered for Display Archive Logs times / RBAs.

**User response:** Enter Y to display the Archive Log RBA information with their respective timestamps.

#### ARYR193E Invalid Value - Enter a "Y" to display the Checkpoint RBA information with their respective timestamps.

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been entered for Display Checkpoint times / RBAs.

**User response:** Enter Y to display the Checkpoint RBA information with their respective timestamps.

#### ARYR194E Invalid Value - Enter a "Y" to enter a recovery timestamp and have the DB2 LRSN generated for you or "N" to bypass timestamp to LRSN Utility.

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been entered for Timestamp to DB2 LRSN Utility field.

**User response:** Enter Y to enter a recovery timestamp and have the DB2 LRSN generated for you or N to bypass the timestamp to LRSN utility.

#### ARYR195E Invalid Selection - You can enter the display timestamp screen or the Timestamp to LRSN utility, but not both. Please deselect one of the options.

Explanation: You cannot use both utilities.

User response: Deselect one of the options.

#### ARYR196W There are no RBA capture times found in the repository for this DB2 subsystem.

**Explanation:** No RBA capture times were found for the selected SSID.

**User response:** Change the RBA value and retry the operation.

ARYR197E There were no RBA capture records for this DB2 Subsystem found in the repository for the time ranges requested.

**Explanation:** There were no RBA capture records for the selected DB2 subsystem in the repository for the time ranges requested.

**User response:** Change the time range and retry the operation.

#### ARYR198I The RBA capture records display list was truncated because the capture times were greater than the backup times of another backup made after this one.

**Explanation:** The RBA capture records list was truncated because the capture times were greater than the capture times of a backup taken after this one.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR199E Invalid return code attempting to read DSNZPARMs to acquire boot strap and checkpoint information. Check setup for this subsystem to verify the information entered for this subsystem is correct.

**Explanation:** An invalid return code was received attempting to read DSNZPARMs to acquire boot strap and checkpoint information.

**User response:** Check setup for this subsystem to verify that the information entered for this subsystem is correct.

### ARYR200E Invalid characters in new alias. It must be alphanumeric.

**Explanation:** The Alias entered is not a valid MVS alias.

**User response:** It must start with an alphabetic character and contain only letters and numbers.

### ARYR201E New alias must not have embedded blanks.

**Explanation:** The alias entered must not contain any embedded blanks.

User response: Edit the alias and remove the blank(s).

### ARYR202E The only & variable supported is &SSID.

**Explanation:** The only replaceable variable supported is &SSID. This variable will be replaced by the subsystem identifier to create the new alias name.

**User response:** Change the variable to the supported type.

#### ARYR203E &SSID cannot be specified twice.

**Explanation:** The variable can only be specified once.

**User response:** Remove one occurrence of the variable.

ARYR204E Alias alias is not in the specified Usercat *user\_catalog*. If you wish to use this alias, you need to add it to the usercat first.

**Explanation:** The specified alias must exist in the specified MVS user catalog first.

**User response:** You can add the alias to the usercat by using the A command next to the usercat in the New MVS User Catalogs section of the Subsystem Setup Information screen.

#### ARYR205E The old and new alias cannot be equal. Please specify a new alias that is different from the old alias.

Explanation: The old and new aliases cannot be equal.

User response: Enter a different new alias.

#### ARYR206E The alias cannot be renamed if it contains LOG data. You can rename log files in the Boot Strap and Active Log Dataset sections.

**Explanation:** The alias listed cannot be renamed because it contains DB2 log or boot strap data set data.

**User response:** You can rename DB2 log/BSDS data sets from their respective sections on the Subsystem Setup Information panel.

ARYR207E Invalid Value - The value for Encryption Type must be "S" for Substitution, "C" for Cipher, "A" for AES, "1" for AES192, "2" for AES256, "F" for AES Fast or "T" for TDES.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the type of FDR encryption to use.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

### ARYR208E If RSA encryption is selected, an RSA Label must be entered.

**Explanation:** If RSA encryption is selected, an RSA Label must be entered. An RSA label can be defined in the Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF).

**User response:** Enter a valid value for the label. An RSA label can be from 1 to 64 characters in length and must be specified as follows: the first character must be alphabetic or a national character and the remaining characters must be alphabetic, numeric, a national character or a period.

### ARYR209E The first character of the Label must be alphabetic or a national character.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the first character of the RSA Label.

**User response:** Enter a valid value for the label. An RSA label can be from 1 to 64 characters in length and must be specified as follows: the first character must be alphabetic or a national character and the remaining characters must be alphabetic, numeric, a national character or a period.

### ARYR210E A new MVS user catalog for data needs to be specified.

**Explanation:** The new MVS user catalog for DB2 object data must be specified before you can perform this action.

**User response:** Create the new MVS user catalog for DB2 object data.

### ARYR211E A new MVS user catalog for logs needs to be specified.

**Explanation:** The new MVS user catalog for DB2 logs and BSDS data must be specified before you can perform this action.

**User response:** Create the new MVS user catalog for DB2 log/BSDS data.

#### ARYR212E This alias contains both data and logs, the logs must be renamed using a different alias before a mergecat can be performed.

**Explanation:** The selected alias contains both DB2 log and object data.

**User response:** The log and/or boot strap data sets using this alias must be renamed before the mergecat can be performed.

### ARYR213E Cannot mergecat alias information into the same user catalog.

**Explanation:** The current user catalog for this alias is the same user catalog specified in the New section above. The mergecat function moves all data sets using an alias from one MVS user catalog to another. The target MVS user catalog is specified in the New MVS User catalog section above.

**User response:** Enter the correct MVS target user catalog in the New MVS User catalog section.

#### ARYR214E The Action field should be E - Edit, or B - Batch Submission.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Action field.

**User response:** The valid values for Action include: "E" - Edit the control cards before execution. "B" -Generate JCL to run the job in Batch.

### ARYR215E The new volume specified is not a valid device.

**Explanation:** The new volume specified is not valid or might be offline.

**User response:** Enter a valid volume name or vary the volume online.

#### ARYR216E All characters after the first character must be alphabetic, numeric, a national character or a period.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the RSA Label.

**User response:** Enter a valid value for the label. An RSA label can be from 1 to 64 characters in length and must be specified as follows: the first character must be alphabetic or a national character and the remaining characters must be alphabetic, numeric, a national character or a period.

#### ARYR217E This command requires a current analysis to show which data sets are in use by DB2.

**Explanation:** The command entered requires a current analysis to be performed.

**User response:** Enter the REANALYZE command from the Subsystem Setup Information screen to perform the analysis.

## ARYR218E Entering a target volume requires a current analysis to determine which data sets are in use by DB2.

**Explanation:** The command entered requires a current analysis to be performed.

**User response:** Enter the REANALYZE command from the Subsystem Setup Information screen to perform the analysis.

#### ARYR219W No datasets were selected to be moved.

**Explanation:** There were no data sets that satisfied the selection criteria. No data sets will be moved.

User response: None required.

### ARYR220E The Volume must start with an alphabetic character.

**Explanation:** The volume entered must start with an alphabetic character from A through Z.

**User response:** Correct the invalid volume name.

### ARYR221E The Volume must only contain alphanumeric characters.

**Explanation:** The volume entered must contain only alphanumeric characters, A through Z and 1 through 9.

**User response:** Correct the invalid volume name.

### ARYR222E The DB2 Object Data field must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the DB2 Object Data field. Valid values are "Y" and "N". Specifying "Y" will move all object data sets (table space and index) for the DB2 subsystem being analyzed to the target volume(s).

User response: Correct the invalid value.

### ARYR223E The Other Data field must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Other Data field. Valid values are "Y" and "N". Specifying "Y" will move all non-DB2 data sets not related to the DB2 subsystem being analyzed to the target volume(s). You cannot move VSAM data sets for other DB2 subsystems or MVS user catalogs via this interface.

**User response:** Correct the invalid value.

### ARYR224E The new volume entered must not be the same as the old volume.

**Explanation:** The entered volume is the same name as the source volume.

**User response:** Enter a different target volume name.

ARYR225E Invalid Value - Please enter a "1" to see a display of DB2 RBA data, "2" to send a modify command to current utility, "3" to build a job to clean up the RBA captured repository, "4" to build the RBA capture utility JCL/proc or "5" to exit DB2 RBA

Explanation: An invalid selection was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid selection as listed in the message text.

ARYR226E Option not available - An RBA Capture Repository file has not been added to the startup clist. If a repository file has been created, add it to the ARY startup clist and try this option again.

**Explanation:** The selection entered requires that you create the RBA capture utility repository.

**User response:** Please refer to the installation chapter of the user guide for more information about the RBA capture utility.

#### ARYR227E Option not available - There is no RBA Capture Utility currently running on this MVS LPAR.

**Explanation:** The RBA capture utility must be running before entering this selection.

**User response:** Please refer to the installation chapter of the user guide for more information about the RBA capture utility.

### ARYR228E A volume of "-NONE-" or "MIGRAT" cannot be moved.

**Explanation:** A volume of "-NONE-" indicates DB2 datasets that could not be located. The can be viewed via the "D" command, but cannot be viewed. A volume of "MIGRAT" indicates DB2 datasets that have been migrated by DFSMSHSM and cannot be moved.

User response: Clear the invalid line command.

## ARYR229E Recovery Resources must be "A" for all resources, "S" for SLB, or "I" for image copies.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Recover Resources field.

**User response:** Enter A for all resources (system-level backups and image copies), S for system-level backups only, or I for image copies only.

#### ARYR230I Valid line commands for New MVS User Catalogs are: C-Create User Catalog, A-Add Alias to User Catalog, D-Display Datasets in User Catalog, U-Update User Catalog Name, V-View Aliases associated with the User Catalog.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a ? is entered in the line command area to get help on valid line commands. The following line commands are valid in this line command area: Enter C to create a new MVS user catalog. Enter A to add an alias to the listed catalog. Enter D to view the aliases for the listed catalog. Enter U to change the name of the entered user catalog. Enter V to view the aliases assigned to the catalog.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR2311 Valid line commands for Existing MVS User Catalogs are: D-Display Datasets in User Catalog, V-View Aliases associated with the User Catalog.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a ? is entered in the line command area to get help on valid line commands. The following line commands are valid in this line command area: Enter A to view the aliases assigned to the listed catalog. Enter D to view the data sets assigned to the listed catalog.

User response: None required.

ARYR232I Valid line commands for All BSDS or Active Log Datasets are: R-Rename all the Datasets, M-Move all the Datasets.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a ? is entered in the line command area to get help on valid line commands. The following line commands are valid in this line command area: Enter R to rename all of the BSDS or Active Log data sets listed. Enter M to move all of the BSDS or Active Log data sets listed.

User response: None required.

ARYR233I Valid line commands for individual BSDS or Active Log Datasets are: R-Rename the Dataset, M-Move the Dataset.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a ? is entered in the line command area to get help on valid line commands. The following line commands are valid in this line command area: Enter R to rename this data set. Enter M to move it to a different MVS volume.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR234I Valid line commands for Aliases are: D-Display Datasets associated with Alias, M-Mergecat Datasets from one User Catalog to another, R-Rename the Alias.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a ? is entered in the line command area to get help on valid line commands. The following line commands are valid in this line command area: Enter D to display all the data sets using the alias. Enter M to perform a MERGECAT to move this alias from one MVS usercat into another. Enter R to rename all the DB2 object data sets using this alias.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR235I Valid line commands for Volumes are: D-Display Datasets on the Volume, M-Move all datasets on the volume.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a ? is entered in the line command area to get help on valid line commands. The following line commands are valid in this line command area: Enter the D line command to display all the MVS data sets on this volume, or M to move data sets from this volume to another.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR236E If you select a recovery point of Last Copy, Last Incremental or Last Full Copy you cannot specify a Recovery Resource of SLB.

**Explanation:** If you select a recovery point of last copy, last incremental or last full copy, you cannot specify a system-level backup as a recovery resource.

**User response:** Either change the recovery point or change the recovery resource.

#### ARYR237E You are not authorized to use application profile profile\_creator.profile\_name; - build process aborted.

**Explanation:** The Update option for the indicated profile is either View or No, and your user ID does not match the creator ID of the profile. Your user ID must match the creator ID of the profile with an update option of View or No. The job cannot be built

**User response:** Examine the profile in question. If you are not authorized to use the profile, select a different profile to use.

#### ARYR238E The application profile profile\_creator.profile\_name has been deleted.

**Explanation:** The application profile included in the job has been deleted. The job cannot be built.

User response: Recreate the application profile.

#### ARYR239E Build of application profile profile\_creator.profile\_name has resulted in no selected objects.

**Explanation:** The build of application profile *profile\_creator.profile\_name* produced no selected objects.

**User response:** Check the profile to make sure an object is selected or the object mask(s) specified are correct.

#### ARYR250E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to take a Local Primary Offload or "N" if you do not want to perform offload.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a "Y" if you want to take a local primary (LP) offload or "N" if you do not want to perform offload.

#### ARYR251E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to take a Local Backup Offload or "N" if you do not want to perform offload.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

ARYR252E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to take a Recovery Primary Offload or "N" if you do not want to perform offload.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR253E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to take a Recovery Backup Offload or "N" if you do not want to perform offload.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR254E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you want to encrypt the offload data, "U" to update the encryption options or "N" if you do not want to perform encryption.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR255E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you want to use KEYPASSWORD for encryption else enter "N".

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR256E Invalid Value - The value for ICOUNT must be numeric and must be between 1 and 10000.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR257E Invalid Value - The value for KEYPASSWORD type must be "C" for CLRAES128 or "D" for CLRTDES.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR258E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you want to use RSA for encryption else enter "N".

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR259E Invalid Value - The value for RSA type must be "C" for CLRAES128, "D" for CLRTDES or "E" for ENCTDES.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR260E Either KEYPASSWORD or RSA encryption should be selected, but not both.

**Explanation:** Y was specified in both the Keypasswd and the RSA field. This combination is not allowed.

**User response:** Enter Y in either the Keypasswd or RSA field.

ARYR261E One encryption method, either KEYPASSWD or RSA, should be selected.

**Explanation:** N was specified in both the Keypasswd and the RSA field.

**User response:** Enter Y in either the Keypasswd or RSA field, or type CAN in the Option line to exit.

## ARYR262E A Local Backup offload can not be selected unless a Local Primary offload is selected.

**Explanation:** A local backup offload was specified, but a local primary offload must be selected first.

**User response:** Enter Y in the Local Primary field, then enter Y in the Local Backup field.

## ARYR263E A Recovery Backup offload can not be selected unless a Recovery Primary offload is selected.

**Explanation:** A recovery backup offload was specified, but a recovery primary offload must be selected first.

**User response:** Enter Y in the Recovery Primary field, then enter Y in the Recovery Backup field.

## ARYR264E An offload unit and an offload symbolic data set name must be entered when selecting this type of offload.

**Explanation:** An offload unit and an offload symbolic dataset name must be entered when selecting this type of offload.

**User response:** Enter valid values as described in the message text.

#### ARYR265E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to update the dataset name specification otherwise enter "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Update DSN Specification field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

#### ARYR266E The unit type must be specified.

**Explanation:** In order to update the data set name specification, you must specify the unit type.

**User response:** Enter a valid unit type in the Unit Type field.

#### ARYR267E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want the dataset to be Cataloged otherwise enter "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Catalog field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

## ARYR268E The entered device type is not recognized by OS/390 as a valid device type.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Unit Type field.

User response: Enter a valid device type.

#### ARYR269E When using Disk type devices, expiration date and retention period are not valid.

**Explanation:** A disk device was specified for the unit type, but values were also entered in the Expiration date and/or Retention period fields. This is not a valid combination.

**User response:** Remove the values from the Expiration date or Retention period fields, or change the unit type to a tape devices.

#### ARYR270E If a Tape device is selected, either retention period or expiration date can be specified.

**Explanation:** You selected a tape device without specifying retention period or expiration date.

**User response:** Select either a retention period or expiration date.

## ARYR271E The retention period and expiration date fields cannot be entered at the same time.

**Explanation:** You entered both a retention period or expiration date. Only one of those is permitted.

**User response:** Select either a retention period or expiration date.

### ARYR272E The entered value for Retention Period must be numeric.

**Explanation:** A non-numeric value was entered for Retention Period.

User response: Enter a numeric retention period.

### ARYR273E The entered value for Expiration Date must be numeric.

**Explanation:** A non-numeric value was entered for Expiration Date.

**User response:** Enter a numeric expiration date period.

### ARYR274E The day in the expiration date must be in the range of 1 to 366.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Expiration date field. The day portion of the value is incorrect.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR275E The year in the expiration date must be in a range of 1999 and higher.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Expiration date field. The year portion of the value is incorrect.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

## ARYR276E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to display the dataset otherwise enter "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Show DSN field.

**User response:** To display the data set name as generated using the current qualifiers, enter Y in the Show DSN field and press Enter.

### ARYR277E The specified qualifier code is not a supported value.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Qualifier code field.

**User response:** Enter one of the valid qualifier code numbers listed at the bottom of the panel.

#### ARYR278E The GDG limit must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The GDG limit must be numeric.

**User response:** Enter a numeric value between 1 and 255 as the GDG limit.

### ARYR279E The GDG limit value must be either blank or a number in the range of 1-255.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the GDG Limit field.

**User response:** Enter a numeric value between 1 and 255 as the GDG limit.

### ARYR280W The symbolic dataset name generation field is full.

**Explanation:** The symbolic input area is out of space. The maximum number of characters allowed is 159.

**User response:** Reduce the number or type of symbolics in the generated data set name.

#### ARYR281E • ARYR293E

### ARYR281E Truncation has occurred in building the dataset qualifier.

**Explanation:** The data set name for the image copy is too long as constructed.

**User response:** Shorten the data set name by using less or shorter qualifiers.

## ARYR282E Invalid starting position entered. Enter a numeric value for the starting position in the symbolic to substring.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Enter Starting Position field.

**User response:** Enter a valid numeric as specified in the message text.

## ARYR283E Invalid substring length entered. Enter a numeric value greater than 1 to substring the symbolic.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Enter Substring Length field.

**User response:** Enter a valid numeric as specified in the message text.

### ARYR285E Invalid dataset node detected - first character not alphabetic or national.

**Explanation:** The first character of the entered substring resolved to an invalid character. Data set nodes must begin with alphabetic or national characters.

**User response:** Change the starting character to a valid character.

#### ARYR286E Dataset truncation may occur.

**Explanation:** When resolved, the data set name may be too long. The maximum number of characters allowed for data set names is 44.

**User response:** Shorten the data set name so it resolves to less than 44 characters.

### ARYR287E Invalid dataset node detected length greater than 8 characters.

**Explanation:** The substring entered caused a data set node to be greater than eight characters.

**User response:** Shorten the substring to less than eight characters.

### ARYR288E Invalid dataset node detected - 2 consecutive periods.

**Explanation:** The qualifier string contains two consecutive periods as resolved. Data set names cannot contain two consecutive periods.

**User response:** Change the qualifier string so that two periods do not appear consecutively.

### ARYR289E Invalid characters detected in dataset node.

**Explanation:** The first character must be alphabetic or national and the remaining seven characters must be alphabetic, numeric, national, or a hyphen.

User response: Correct the data set name.

ARYR290E Invalid starting position entered. Enter a numeric value for the starting position in the symbolic to substring.

**Explanation:** An invalid starting position was entered.

**User response:** Enter a numeric value for the starting position in the symbolic to substring.

## ARYR291E Invalid substring length entered. Enter a numeric value greater than 1 to substring the symbolic

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the substring length.

**User response:** Enter a numeric value greater than 1 to substring the symbolic.

#### ARYR292E Invalid substring starting position entered. Enter a starting position that is within the range of generated symbolic.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the substring starting position.

**User response:** Enter a starting position that is within the range of the generated symbolic.

ARYR293E Invalid substring length. Length exceeds end of data. Enter a length where the starting position plus length are less than or equal to the maximum length of data.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Enter Substring Length field.

**User response:** Enter a length where the starting position plus length are less than or equal to the maximum length of data.

### ARYR294E Recovery point must be a value from 1 through 6.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Recovery Point field.

**User response:** Enter a valid recovery point as listed in the message text.

#### ARYR295E Site must be "Z", "L", or "R".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the Site field.

**User response:** Enter L for local site, R for recovery site, or Z to use the site specified in the ZPARM member for this DB2 subsystem.

#### ARYR296E Reuse must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the Reuse field.

**User response:** Enter Y to specify that the IBM RECOVER utility is to logically reset and reuse DB2-managed data sets without deleting and redefining them. If you enter N, DB2-managed data sets are deleted and redefined.

### ARYR297E Edit Rebuild Indexes Options must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Edit Rebuild IX Options field.

**User response:** Enter Y in this field to set options for REBUILD INDEX.

#### ARYR298E Value must be between 01 and 99.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

User response: Enter a numeric between 01 and 99.

#### ARYR299E Reuse must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Reuse existing datasets field.

**User response:** Enter Y in this field to specify that DB2-managed data sets will be logically reset and reused without deleting and redefining them. Enter N to specify that DB2-managed data sets will be deleted and redefined to reset them.

### ARYR310W Line commands were cleared for a cursor sensitive screen command.

**Explanation:** Line commands were cleared for a cursor sensitive screen command.

User response: None required.

ARYR311E An invalid line command was entered.

**Explanation:** An invalid line command was entered.

User response: Enter a valid line command.

ARYR312E You are not authorized to enter any line commands for this profile. The creator of the profile is restricting all activity.

**Explanation:** The creator of the selected profile specified that no other user is to view or update the selected profile.

**User response:** Choose a different profile to work with.

#### ARYR313E You are not authorized to update or delete this profile. Enter a "V" if you would like to view this profile.

**Explanation:** A profile was selected that has restricted access. The creator of the selected profile specified that no other user is to update or delete the selected profile.

**User response:** Enter V if you would like the view the profile.

### ARYR314E If RSA encryption is not selected the RSA label should not be specified.

**Explanation:** Keypassword was selected for the encryption type, but a value was entered in the Label field for RSA.

**User response:** Enter Y in the RSA field to specify RSA, or remove the value from the Label field.

#### ARYR315E The Profile Creator is a required field. Please enter a valid creator.

**Explanation:** When creating a new profile, the Profile Creator field was left blank.

**User response:** Enter a profile creator in the Profile Creator field.

#### ARYR316E The Profile Name is a required field. Please enter a unique name.

**Explanation:** When creating a new profile, the Profile Name field was left blank.

**User response:** Enter a unique profile name in the Profile Name field.

ARYR317E Invalid Value - Enter a "U" to allow other users to update your profile, a "V" to allow other users to just view your profile or "N" to disallow other users from viewing or updating your profile.

Explanation: When creating a new profile, an invalid

#### ARYR318E • ARYR330E

value was entered the Update Option field.

**User response:** Correct the value as described in the message text.

ARYR318E Invalid Value - Enter a value of "Y" to enter a new Target Pool selection, enter a "U" to update the Target Pool selection, a value of "N" indicates that a Target Pool selection does not exist.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the Target Pool field. If a target pool already exists, this value will be set to Y.

**User response:** Correct the value as described in the message text.

**ARYR319I Profile** "profile\_creator.profile\_name" **saved**.

**Explanation:** The profile named in the message was successfully saved.

User response: None required.

ARYR320E Invalid Value - The only valid values are "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Process RI field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

### ARYR321E Invalid Value - The only valid values are "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Process Indexes field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Delete field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR323I Profile "profile\_creator.profile\_name" has been successfully deleted.

**Explanation:** The profile named in the message text was successfully deleted.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYR324E Required Field - Please enter a Profile Creator.

**Explanation:** When renaming a profile, the new profile creator was not specified.

**User response:** Enter the new profile creator in the Creator field.

ARYR325E Required Field - Please enter a Profile Name.

**Explanation:** When renaming a profile, the new profile name was not specified.

**User response:** Enter the new profile name in the Profile Name field.

#### ARYR326E Duplicate Profile - Please change the Profile Creator or Profile Name to make it unique.

**Explanation:** The combination of profile name and profile creator entered is identical to another profile.

**User response:** Enter a different profile creator or name to make the profile unique.

#### ARYR327I Profile was successfully renamed.

**Explanation:** The profile was successfully renamed.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR328E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want to resolve Recover/Rebuild pending objects else enter "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending Objects field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR329E Invalid value - Enter "Y" to add tablespaces or "N" to not add tablespaces.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was added in the Add Tablespaces field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

### ARYR330E Invalid value - Enter "Y" to add indexes or "N" to not add indexes.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was added in the Add Indexes field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR322E Invalid Value - Please enter a "Y" if you would like to delete profile "profile\_creator.profile\_name" or an "N" if you do not want to delete it.

#### ARYR331E Invalid line command entered.

Explanation: An invalid line command was entered.

**User response:** Enter A to add objects to the profile, D to delete objects from the profile, or E to explode a list of all objects in a detail line.

### ARYR332E Invalid Value - The only valid values are "Y", "N" or "B".

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid value listed in the message text.

### ARYR333E Application profile contains no objects to view.

**Explanation:** This application profile is empty; there is nothing to view.

User response: Press PF3 to exit the profile.

#### ARYR334E Requested object not found.

**Explanation:** The selected object was not found in this DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** Check to see if it has since been dropped.

#### ARYR335E An excluded object cannot be exploded.

**Explanation:** This object has been explicitly excluded from the profile. The Explode operation cannot be performed upon it.

**User response:** To continue, clear the line command from the excluded object.

#### ARYR336W There are no spaces that meet the wildcard selection criteria. Press Enter to accept the wildcard anyway or change the selection criteria.

**Explanation:** There are currently no table spaces or index spaces in this DB2 subsystem that meet the specified wildcard that you have entered. This might be acceptable if you know there will be objects that match it in the future.

**User response:** Press Enter to accept the wildcard as is, or change your selection criteria.

#### ARYR337E Requested object not found.

**Explanation:** The requested object was not found.

**User response:** Change the selection criteria and retry the process.

#### ARYR338I Object queue has been modified.

**Explanation:** The selected objects have been added to the queue of objects to be restored.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR339E Invalid line command entered.

Explanation: Invalid line command has been entered.

**User response:** Please check the list of valid line commands.

#### ARYR340W Object already exists.

**Explanation:** The selected object already has been included in this application profile.

User response: Select a different object.

ARYR341E Cannot specify both Process RI and Process Clones, change one of the values to "N".

**Explanation:** A Y was entered in both the Process RI and Process Clones field; this is an invalid combination. RI is not allowed on clone objects.

User response: Change one or both values to N.

#### ARYR342E No objects meet wildcard criteria.

**Explanation:** You entered the Explode line command next to an object detail line that contains wildcard selection criteria. However, no objects exist on the DB2 subsystem that meet the wildcard criteria. The object or objects may have been dropped.

User response: Press Enter to continue.

#### ARYR343E Object already excluded.

**Explanation:** The specified object has already been excluded in a previous exclude selection.

**User response:** To continue, clear the line command from the excluded object.

### ARYR344E Invalid Value - The only valid values are "Y" and "N.".

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been detected by the SCMD processor.

User response: Please specify either "Y" or "N".

#### ARYR345E Invalid line command entered.

**Explanation:** An invalid line command has been detected.

User response: Please enter one of the listed values.

#### ARYR346E • ARYR376E

## ARYR346E An encryption type or key must be specified when selecting offloads to be encrypted.

**Explanation:** You have selected to encrypt an offload and neglected to specify an encryption type or key.

User response: Enter a valid encryption type or key.

#### ARYR360E An APF authorization failure occurred.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert requires that all the load libraries in the start up CLIST for ISPLLIB LIBDEF be APF authorized. Certain product functions will not work without this requirement. If a data set name is listed in this message help, it is the first one in the ISPLLIB LIBDEF concatenation detected as not being APF authorized.

**User response:** Refer to the installation instructions for more information. If additional assistance is needed, contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYR369E Invalid value. Delete Aged Backup should be Yes or No.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Delete Aged Backup field.

**User response:** Enter Y to have the product automatically delete any offload files when it is removed from the ARY repository. For example, if you specify two offload generations and the third backup is offloaded, the first (or oldest) offloaded backup would be removed from the DB2 Recovery Expert repository. If this option is Y, then DB2 Recovery Expert will also delete the offload files from the MVS catalog.

#### ARYR370E Invalid value - Enter "D" to select DFSMSDSS as the offload vendor, enter a "F" to select FDR as the offload vendor or "I" to use FDRInstant.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Data Mover field.

**User response:** Enter D to use DFSMSdss to perform the offload of volumes. Enter F to use FDR to perform the offload of volumes. Enter I to use FDRInstant to perform the offload of volumes. You must have a license for FDR to use it as the data mover.

### ARYR371E Invalid value - Enter a "Y" to stack tapes otherwise enter "N"

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Stack Backups on Tape field.

**User response:** Enter Y to direct DB2 Recovery Expert to stack multiple volume backups (or offloads) onto one tape. Most tape cartridges will hold multiple volume backups. You can specify how many volume backups to stack on each tape under the options for

each backup type (local primary, local backup, remote primary, and remote backup).

#### ARYR372E The RBA/LRSN entered must be greater than or equal to the RBA/LRSN of the Backup selected.

**Explanation:** The value in the Roll Forward to RBA/LRSN field is at a point prior to the RBA/LRSN of the selected backup. This is not allowed.

**User response:** Specify a roll forward RBA/LRSN equal to or greater than the listed RBA/LRSN.

### ARYR373E Invalid value - The tape stack limit must be numeric.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Tape Stack Limit field. The tape stack limit controls how many volume offloads will be stacked onto one tape before the next tape mount is requested.

**User response:** Calculate approximately how many volume backups will fit onto one tape. There are performance concerns also. When performing data set restore from offloaded backups that have been stacked to tape, there will be a time delay while the tape is forwarded to the correct location to perform the restore.

### ARYR374E Invalid value - the Perform Offload field must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Perform Offload field.

**User response:** Enter Y if you wish to make this type of backup. You may wish to make multiple backups for use at a disaster recovery site. If each backup is going to disk, make sure you have enough tape units to satisfy the request. If you take all four backup types, and have specified Max Tasks of 1, then you will need FOUR tape units.

### ARYR375E No mapping information found for this DB2 subsystem.

**Explanation:** No volume information was found for this subsystem.

**User response:** Enter the VOLUME command or make sure the DB2 subsystem has been properly configured for the DB2 system backup utility within SMS and HSM.

#### ARYR376E Invalid Value - Enter an "O" to generate the job online or "B" to build the job in Batch.

Explanation: An invalid value was entered.

**User response:** Enter O to build the JCL online. Enter B to generate JCL that will build the recovery job in batch.

#### ARYR377E The member name selected for the generated job cannot be the same as the member name used for the generation job (which was specified in the dataset shown at the text at the beginning of this window)

**Explanation:** The same member name was used for the output of the job to build the JCL as for the built JCL.

**User response:** You must enter different member names for location of the JCL to perform the batch job generation and the location where the batch job will place its generated JCL.

#### ARYR378E Invalid value - Update Recovery Options should be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Update Recovery Options field.

User response: Enter Y to update recovery options.

### ARYR379E Invalid value - Compress Data should be Yes or No.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Compress Data field.

**User response:** Enter Y to have DFSMSdss or FDR compress the volume backup while it is being copied to tape. If you have hardware tape compression, you should set this value to N.

### ARYR380E Gather index statistics must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Gather Index Statistics field.

**User response:** Enter Y to have the index rebuild utility collect inline object statistics (RUNSTATS values).

#### ARYR381E Report messages must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Report Messages field.

**User response:** Enter Y to have the index rebuild utility generate a report on the collected statistics values.

#### ARYR382E Update catalog tables must be "A", "P", "S" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Update catalog tables field.

**User response:** Enter these values to have the REBUILD INDEX utility record the following values in the Statistics tables: A - All values; P - Access path values; S - Space-related values; N - Update none of the

above (Only valid when Report = Y)

#### ARYR383E Update history tables must be "A", "P", "S" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Update history tables field.

**User response:** Enter these values to have the REBUILD INDEX utility record the following values in the Statistics history tables: A - All values; P - Access path values; S - Space-related values; N - Update none of the above (Only valid when Report = Y)

### ARYR384E Collect all distinct values must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Collect all distinct values field.

**User response:** Enter Y to have the REBUILD INDEX utility collect distinct counts for each index key.

### ARYR385E Invalid value - Edit Recovery Options should be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Edit Recovery Options field.

**User response:** Enter Y to update the recovery options for this application profile.

**Note:** All recovery options changed here will automatically be saved into the application profile.

### ARYR386E At least one DUMP Class needs to be specified.

**Explanation:** No dump classes were specified for an HSM offload.

**User response:** You must specify at least one HSM dump class in order to perform an offload. The HSM dump class is a construct that can be created in the HSM setup screen.

### ARYR387E This volume is offline. You cannot move datasets from it while it is offline.

**Explanation:** The specified volume is offline. Data sets cannot be moved from offline volumes.

**User response:** Bring the volume online before attempting to move the listed data sets to different volumes.

#### ARYR388E If restoring both Data and Logs you cannot choose to resolve Recover/Rebuild pending objects.

**Explanation:** You cannot choose to resolve Recover Pending and Rebuild Pending objects if you have specified to restore both data and logs. **User response:** None required; DB2 Recovery Expert changes the Resolve Recover/Rebuild Pending Objects field to N.

#### ARYR389E Invalid Value - The only valid value for a Disaster Recovery Profile is "B" to build the job in Batch.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Build Online or Batch field.

**User response:** Enter B to build the job in batch.

#### ARYR390E The entered value must be numeric.

**Explanation:** A non-numeric value was entered in a numeric field.

User response: Enter a numeric value.

### ARYR392E The maximum value for the drain wait is 1800 seconds.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Drain Wait field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value that is less than or equal to the maximum of 1800 seconds.

### ARYR393E The maximum value for the number of retries is 255.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Retry field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value that is less than or equal to the maximum of 255.

### ARYR394E The maximum value for the retry delay is 1800 seconds.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Retry Delay field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value that is the range of 1 to 1800 seconds.

#### ARYR395E The valid values for Maxro are a blank, "DEFER", or a number.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the Maxro field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as specified in the message text.

#### ARYR396E Sharelevel has valid values of "R"eference, and "C"hange.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Sharelevel field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as specified in the message text.

### ARYR397E The valid values for Long Log are "C"ontinue, "T"erm, and "D"rain.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the Longlog field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as specified in the message text.

ARYR398E Online Rebuild Index must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Online Rebuild Index field.

**User response:** Enter Y to specify an online REBUILD INDEX. This option is valid for DB2 V9 and later.

#### ARYR399E Edit Online Rebuild Index Options must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Edit Online Rebuild Index Options field.

**User response:** Enter Y to edit options for an online REBUILD INDEX utility. This option is only valid for DB2 V9 and later.

ARYR400E	Invalid Value - Enter a "C" if you would
	like System Backup to copy your
	archive logs, "1" if you will be using
	Local Archive Log 1, or "2" if you will
	be using Local Archive Log 2 logs at the
	DR.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Archive Logs used at DR field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

ARYR401E Invalid Value - Enter a "1" if you want to copy only Archive Log 1, "2" if you want to copy only Archive Log 2, "B" if you want to copy both Archive Log 1 and 2, or "C" to create both Archive Log 1 and 2 from Local Archive Log 1.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Copy Localsite Logs field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

#### ARYR402E Invalid Value - Enter a valid nbr of days of Archive Logs you will need at the DR site. Valid values are 0 thru 999.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Archive Logs needed at DR (days) field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

#### ARYR403E Invalid Value - Enter a valid nbr of hours back of Archive Logs you will need at the DR site. This field can be added to the nbr of days needed. Valid Values are 0 thru 999.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Archive Logs needed at DR (hours) field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

#### ARYR404E Please Enter Required Field - A new Archive Log 1 prefix is required for copying Local Logs for the DR site.

**Explanation:** No archive log prefix was entered in the DR Archive Log Prefix 1 field. This field is required.

**User response:** Enter the archive log prefix that the new archive logs will have at the recovery site.

#### ARYR405E Please Enter Required Field - A new Archive Log 2 prefix is required for copying Local Logs for the DR site.

**Explanation:** No archive log prefix was entered in the DR Archive Log Prefix 2 field. This field is required.

**User response:** Enter the archive log prefix that the new archive logs will have at the recovery site.

#### ARYR406E Please Enter Required Field - A valid unit is required for copying Local Logs for the DR site.

**Explanation:** No unit device was entered in the Unit for copying Archive Logs field. This field is required.

**User response:** Enter a valid unit device to be used to copy the archive logs.

#### ARYR407E Invalid Unit - Unit entered must be a tape or disk device that will be used for copying local logs for the DR site.

**Explanation:** An invalid unit device was entered in the Unit for copying Archive Logs field.

**User response:** Enter a valid unit device to be used to copy the archive logs.

#### ARYR408E Invalid Value - Please enter the nbr of days back that you would like your image copies cataloged at the DR site.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Catalog x days of Image Copies at DR field.

**User response:** Enter a valid numeric that specifies how many days of image copies back from current are to be cataloged at the recovery site.

#### ARYR409E Invalid Value - Please enter an "L" if you will be using Local site backups at the DR or "R" if you will be using Recovery site backups at the DR.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Image Copies (or SLB) used at DR field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR410E In order to process Disaster Recovery via the archive log method, we need to know the archive logs that will be needed at the DR site. You must enter either nbr of days or nbr of hours or both days and hours of logs you need available for disaster recovery.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Archive Logs needed at DR field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR411E This DB2 subsystem is a member of a Datasharing group. A symbolic of &SSID is required in the Archive Log Prefix in order for the new logs symbolic to be unique across subsystems.

**Explanation:** If the subsystem is a member of a data sharing group, you must have &SSID somewhere in the archive log prefix.

**User response:** Enter &SSID in the archive log prefix.

ARYR412E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to force a check point before issuing the archive log command - It is recommended that you check point if the current active logs contain the information from the last image copy of the DB2 catalog and directory. Enter an "N" to bypass this step.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Force a checkpoint before Archiving field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR413W Setting the force check point without issuing the archive log command has no meaning. This option will be ignored at run time.

**Explanation:** A Y was entered in the Force a checkpoint before Archiving field, but the Force the Active Log to Archive field was set to N. This combination is not allowed; the checkpoint cannot be generated without an archive log process.

**User response:** If you want to force a checkpoint, make sure the Force the Active log to Archive field is set to Y.

#### ARYR414E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like to archive the current active logs on each subsystem, or an "N" to bypass archiving of the active logs.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Force the Active log to Archive field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR415E The entered value must be numeric.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in a numeric field.

**User response:** Enter a valid numeric value.

ARYR416E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you would like this DR profile to only process the capturing of new archive logs. Enter an "N" if you would like all phases of the DR process built.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Only run Archive Log Update Process field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR417E Invalid Value - Please enter an "S" if you would like to process only this DB2 subsystem, an "A" to process all subsystems in the datasharing group or "L" to process only subsystems in the datasharing group that are currently running on this MVS LPAR.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Process Datasharing Subsystems field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

ARYR418E Invalid Value - Please Enter an "S" if you are using copies made from a System Backup utility or "I" if you will be using native DB2 image copies to recover your data at the DR site.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Recovery Method field.

**User response:** Enter an "S" if you have backups made with the backup system utility with offloaded dumps or "I" if the subsystem will be recovered with native DB2 image copies.

### ARYR419I Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name has been successfully updated.

**Explanation:** The profile listed in the message has been successfully updated in the repository with the changes you made.

User response: None required.

ARYR420E Updating Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name has encountered an unrecoverable error. Check the system log for additional information and correct the problem.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error was encountered updating your profile in the VSAM repository dataset.

**User response:** Please check the system log for additional MVS messages related to this error. Correct the error and try the update again.

#### ARYR421E A DASD device is only allowed if Copy Archive Logs to DASD option is set to 0 days/hours.

**Explanation:** A DASD device is entered in the Unit for Copying Archive Logs field, and a value greater than 0 has been specified for the number of days in the Copy Archive Logs to DASD field. This combination is not valid; the Copy Archive Logs field specifies the number of days to be copied *from tape* at the recovery site.

**User response:** Either change the Copy Archive Logs to DASD field to 0, or enter a tape device in the Unit for Copying Archive Logs field.

### ARYR422W There are no registered systems defined to the product.

**Explanation:** A list of subsystems that were defined in setup was requested, however there are no registered systems defined to the product.

**User response:** Subsystems must be defined in setup to use DB2 Recovery Expert. Refer to the user documentation for information on subsystem setup.

### ARYR423E Invalid value - Edit Recovery Options should be "Y" or "N"

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Edit Recovery Options field.

**User response:** Enter Y in this field to update the recovery options to be used for the Recover Pending and Rebuild Pending job.

#### ARYR424I Backup Scope has changed, the volume mappings may also need to be changed to reflect the Backup Scope change.

**Explanation:** The backup scope has been changed; therefore, the volume mappings may also need to be changed.

User response: Change volume mappings as follows:

- If the scope changed from Full to Data only, the log volumes may need to be removed. One method of removing volumes is to clear out all the mappings using the CLEAR primary command, and then enter the VOLUME primary command to bring in only data volumes.
- If the scope changed from Data Only to Full, you may need to add the log volumes. One method is to enter the VOLUME primary command, which will add the log volumes

#### ARYR425E The Recover/Rebuild Pending Member name can not be the same as the other member names.

**Explanation:** The Recover/Rebuild Pending Member name that you specified is the same as another member name.

**User response:** Change the Recover/Rebuild Pending Member name.

#### ARYR426E No Clone found for object.

**Explanation:** No clone was found for the object being recovered.

User response: Specify a different clone object.

### ARYR427E An error occurred while reading the Control File.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while reading the Control File.

**User response:** Verify that control file was created correctly.

### ARYR428E The SSID is a required field. Please enter a valid SSID.

**Explanation:** The SSID field was not specified.

User response: Enter a valid SSID.

#### ARYR430E Invalid Value - Enter an "O" to generate the report online or "B" to generate the report in Batch.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Build Online or Batch field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR431E Invalid value - Enter a "Y" to validate the Image Copy Dataset, otherwise enter "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Validate IC Datasets field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

## ARYR432E The Image Copy Dataset can only be validated when building the report in batch.

**Explanation:** A Y was entered in the Validate IC Datasets field, but the Build Online or Batch field contains O for online build. Image copy data sets can only be validated when building the health check report in batch.

**User response:** If you want to validate image copy data sets, enter B in the Build Online or Batch field and Y in the Validate IC Datasets field.

#### ARYR433E This backup does not support object restore. You must set the option to support object restore in the backup profile before creating the backup.

**Explanation:** The backup selected does not support the restoring of individual objects from the backup.

**User response:** Objects cannot be recovered from this backup. You must set the "Enable Obj Restore" option to "Y" in the backup profile before creating the backup to enable this support.

### ARYR434E At least one backup type must be selected with a Y.

**Explanation:** No backup type is selected. At least one backup type is required.

**User response:** At least one backup type must be selected with a Y. Select the Local Primary, Local Backup, Remote Primary or Remote Backup with a Y.

### ARYR435E The start unit is a duplicate of the end unit.

**Explanation:** The start unit is a duplicate of the end unit.

**User response:** Change either the start unit or the end unit.

#### ARYR436E A target pool must be specified.

**Explanation:** A target pool must be specified to use automapping.

User response: Enter a Y in the Update Target Pool

#### ARYR437E • ARYR447E

field; then enter either ranges of target units or stogroups.

ARYR437E Your region size must be greater than 1000K.

**Explanation:** Your region size must be greater than 1000K.

**User response:** Increase your region size and try again.

ARYR438E The SSID of the application profile selected does not match the SSID of the backup profile selected.

**Explanation:** You selected an application profile that has a different SSID then the system backup you selected. The application profile must have the same SSID as the backup selected.

**User response:** Select a different application profile that has the same SSID as the system backup.

#### ARYR439E Invalid value - Edit Image Copy Options should be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Edit Image Copy Options field.

**User response:** Enter Y in this field to update the image copy options to be used when creating image copies from the selected system backup.

### ARYR440E Invalid value - The maximum tapes value must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The maximum tapes value must be numeric.

User response: Enter a numeric value.

### ARYR441E Invalid value - The maximum tapes value must be between 1 and 256.

**Explanation:** The maximum tapes value must be between 1 and 256.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

### ARYR442E Invalid Entry - The Date entered is invalid.

Explanation: An invalid date was entered.

**User response:** Enter a valid date in the form of CCYYMMDD.

### ARYR443E Invalid entry - Enter Cancel or End to return to System Restore.

**Explanation:** An invalid primary command was entered.

User response: Please correct and retry the operation.

ARYR444E Invalid value - The tape stack limit must be between 1 and 999.

**Explanation:** The tape stack limit must be between 1 and 999.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

ARYR445E Invalid Value - Enter a "G" if the time you are entering is machine time (GMT) or enter an "L" if you are entering a Local Time.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Timestamp is in GMT or Local Time field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as listed in the message text.

#### ARYR446E Invalid Value - The number of offload generations must be numeric and must be between 1 and 99.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the number of offload generations.

User response: Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR447E Invalid Value - The number of tasks must be numeric and must be between 1 and 99.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the number of tasks. The number of tasks controls how many tasks DB2 Recovery Expert will run simultaneously to offload the backup to tape. It will control how quickly the offload operation completes.

**User response:** Enter a valid value for the number of tasks.

**Note:** You must have enough tape units to satisfy the mount requests that will result. For example, if you specify 4 tasks, and are making both Local Primary and Remote Primary copies, you must have EIGHT tape units available. If you specify 2 tasks and are making Local Primary and Remote Primary copies, you must have FOUR tape units available.

#### ARYR448E A DB2 backup method is not valid for a DB2 Version 7 subsystem. The backup method has been changed to Flash.

**Explanation:** A DB2 backup method is not valid for a DB2 Version 7 subsystem. The backup method has been changed to Flash.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR449E "From Offload" is only valid when recovering an object from a system-level backup.

**Explanation:** An I was entered in the Recovery Resources field to select image copies as a recovery resource, and Y was entered in the From Offload field.

**User response:** Change the Recovery Resources field to A(ll) or S(LB), or change the From Offload field to N.

### ARYR450E Image copies can not be created from an offloaded backup created using FDR.

**Explanation:** Image copies cannot be created from an offloaded backup when the backup was created using FDR.

**User response:** Select a different backup from which to make image copies.

#### ARYR451E The Backup Type should be LP for Local Primary, LB for Local Backup, RP for Remote Primary or RB for Remote Backup.

**Explanation:** An invalid backup type was entered in the Backup Type field.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as described in the message text.

#### ARYR452E Invalid Value - Please Enter a "Y" if you want the image copies to be registered in SYSCOPY otherwise enter "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered in the Register in SYSCOPY field.

**User response:** If you want the image copies created by ARY to be registered in SYSCOPY, enter Y.

#### ARYR453E A work volume must be specified.

**Explanation:** No value was entered in the Work Volume field.

**User response:** A work volume must be specified. Enter the volume serial number of a volume that can be used as a work volume.

#### ARYR454E Image copies cannot be created from a System Backup that did not have Object Collection set to Yes.

**Explanation:** An "I" was entered next to a system backup that did not have object restore enabled when the backup was taken. No image copies can be created from this system backup.

**User response:** Select a different backup with object restore enabled.

#### ARYR455E JCL generation failed.

Explanation: Object restore job generation failed.

User response: Possible reasons and responses are:

- No objects found in application profile: Verify that the job profile contains objects.
- The application profile not found in repository: Verify that the application profile is listed on the Application Profile Display. If it is listed, contact IBM Customer Support.
- User is not authorized to use the application profile: Ensure that the share option for the application profile allows access.
- An error occurred connecting to DB2: Ensure that the DB2 subsystem is up, the plan is bound, and that you have authority to execute the plan.

### ARYR456E The work volume is invalid or not online.

**Explanation:** The work volume that was entered is either invalid or not online.

**User response:** Ensure that the correct work volume is entered and that the volume is online.

#### ARYR457E If the work volume(s) are SMS-managed an SMS storage class must also be specified.

**Explanation:** The work volume(s) entered are SMS-managed work volumes.

**User response:** Enter the SMS storage class for the work volume(s) in the Work Storage Class field(s).

### ARYR458E Only one application profile can be selected.

**Explanation:** An S was entered next to more than one application profile. Only one application profile can be selected at a time.

**User response:** Enter S next to the profile you want to use to make image copies, and deselect the other profiles.

#### ARYR459E • ARYR471E

#### ARYR459E A storage class must not be specified if the work volume(s) are not SMS-managed.

**Explanation:** A non SMS-managed work volume(s) were entered in the Work Volume field(s).

**User response:** Remove SMS storage classes from the Work Storage Class field(s).

#### ARYR460E A duplicate volume was entered.

**Explanation:** The same volume serial was entered more than once in the Work Volume fields.

**User response:** Ensure that each work volume is only specified once in the Work Storage Class fields.

#### ARYR461E The specified work volume(s) cannot be a mixture of SMS-managed and non-SMS-managed.

**Explanation:** A mixture of SMS-managed and non-SMS managed volumes was entered in the Work Volume fields.

**User response:** Ensure that the work volumes are either all SMS-managed or all non-SMS managed.

### ARYR462E The requested backup was in use by another process. Please try again later.

**Explanation:** The backup was not available for rename or delete processing.

User response: Retry the process again later.

#### ARYR464E The first character of the DB2 subsystem id must be alphabetic or a national character.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the DB2 subsystem ID. A DB2 subsystem ID can be from 1 to 4 characters in length and must be specified as follows: the first character must be must be an alphabetic or a national character and the remaining characters must be alphabetic, numeric or a national character.

**User response:** Correct the invalid value.

#### ARYR465E All characters after the first character must be alphabetic, numeric or a national character.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the DB2 subsystem ID. A DB2 subsystem ID can be from 1 to 4 characters in length and must be specified as follows: the first character must be must be an alphabetic or a national character and the remaining characters must be alphabetic, numeric or a national character.

User response: Correct the invalid value.

#### ARYR466E From Offload must be "Y" or "N".

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the From Offload field.

**User response:** Enter Y to indicate that any data sets that need to be restored from a system backup should be done using an offload copy of the system backup. Enter N to have the data sets restored using the system backup on disk.

### ARYR467E Update catalog tables None is not valid with Report messages No.

**Explanation:** Update catalog tables = None is not valid when Report messages is set to No.

**User response:** You can change the Update catalog tables option to another value, such as All, Path, or Space, or you can change the Report messages option to Yes.

### ARYR468E MAXRO, LONGLOG and DELAY are not valid with ShareLevel reference.

**Explanation:** The MAXRO, LONGLOG and DELAY options are not valid when the SHRLEVEL option is set to REFERENCE.

**User response:** You can either blank out the MAXRO, LONGLOG and DELAY options or change the SHRLEVEL option to CHANGE.

#### ARYR469E The Recover to RBA/LRSN must be equal to the RBA/LRSN of the Backup which is *backup\_RBA*.

**Explanation:** The Recover to RBA/LRSN must be equal to the RBA/LRSN of the backup RBA, which is listed in the messages.

User response: Change the Recover to RBA/LRSN.

### ARYR470E The GDG symbolic can only be used once in a dataset mask.

**Explanation:** The GDG symbolic can only be used once in a data set mask. The second GDG symbolic is removed from the mask.

User response: Enter a different symbolic.

### ARYR471E When a GDG symbolic is used it must be the last symbolic specified.

**Explanation:** The GDG symbolic must be the last symbolic in the data set mask.

**User response:** Ensure that the GDG symbolic is the last symbolic in the string.

### ARYR472I A reanalysis should be performed to refresh the displayed information.

**Explanation:** A reanalyze should be performed to update the displayed information. One of the following functions was selected:

- Rename/Move Boot Strap Datasets
- Rename/Move Active Log Datasets
- Merge Catalog entries
- Rename an Alias
- Moved datasets

**User response:** If the batch job for this function has been submitted, once the batch job has completed, a reanalyze should be performed to reflect the recent changes. If DB2 is not started, it must be started before performing the reanalyze.

#### ARYR473E No alias with this name was found on this system. The dataset with this highlevel may be cataloged in the master catalog.

**Explanation:** No alias with the specified name was found on this system.

**User response:** Check the master catalog to see if data sets starting with the high level qualifier are already cataloged in the master catalog. If so, determine if the data sets exist.

## ARYR474E This command is not supported for data sets with no alias or data sets cataloged in the master catalog.

**Explanation:** There is no alias entry for this data set. The entered command is not supported in this case

**User response:** Clear the command from the line command area.

### ARYR475E "Like" fields must not have imbedded blanks, all profiles will be displayed.

**Explanation:** When specifying the fields for filtering you have included a blank space. As a result all the profiles are displayed.

User response: Remove the blank from the filter field.

#### ARYR476E Invalid value. The Source Stogroup selection field should be either Y, U, or N.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the **Source Stogroup** selection field is invalid. You must specify either a Y to enter a new **Source Stogroup** selection, a U to update the **Source Stogroup** selection, or an N to specify that a **Source Stogroup** selection does not exist.

User response: Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR480E Invalid value. The Update Image Copy Options should be either Y or N.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the Update Image Copy Options field is invalid. You must specify either a Y to update the image copy options or a N which indicates that you will not update the image copy options.

User response: Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR481E Invalid value. Valid values for the Local Primary Image Copy field are Y or N.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the Local Primary Image Copy field is invalid. You must specify either a Y to take a local primary image copy or a N if you do not want to take an image copy.

User response: Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR482E Invalid value. Valid values for the Local Backup Image Copy field are Y or N.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the Local Backup Image Copy field is invalid. You must specify either a Y to take a local backup image copy or a N if you do not want to take an image copy.

User response: Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR483E Invalid value. Valid values for the Recovery Primary Image Copy field are Y or N.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the Recovery Primary Image Copy field is invalid. You must specify either a Y to take a recovery primary image copy or a N if you do not want to take an image copy.

**User response:** Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR484E Invalid value. Valid values for the Recovery Backup Image Copy field are Y or N.

**Explanation:** The value entered in the Recovery Backup Image Copy field is invalid. You must specify either a Y to take a recovery backup image copy or a N if you do not want to take an image copy.

User response: Enter a valid value.

#### ARYR485E A Local Backup Image Copy cannot be selected unless a Local Primary Image Copy is selected.

**Explanation:** You cannot create a local backup image copy without also creating a local primary image copy.

**User response:** In addition to the Y specified in the Local Backup Image Copy field, specify a Y in the Local Primary Image Copy field.

#### ARYR486E A Recovery Backup Image Copy cannot be selected unless a Recovery Primary Image Copy is selected.

**Explanation:** You cannot create a recovery backup image copy without also creating a recovery primary image copy.

**User response:** In addition to the Y specified in the Recovery Backup Image Copy field, specify a Y in the Recovery Primary Image Copy field.

#### ARYR487E An image copy unit and an image copy symbolic data set name must be entered when selecting this type of image copy.

**Explanation:** The unit and symbolic data set name specified for the image copy are invalid.

**User response:** Specify a valid unit and symbolic data set name for the image copy.

### ARYR488E Invalid value has been specified for the fast replication method.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid fast replication method. Valid fast replication methods can be either an S for EMC Snap fast replication or a D for DFSMSdss fast replication.

**User response:** Specify a valid fast replication method. You can specify an S for EMC Snap fast replication or a D for DFSMSdss fast replication.

### ARYR489E Invalid value has been specified for the fast replication update option.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid fast replication update option. You can specify a Y to update using fast replication or N if you do not want to do a fast replication update.

**User response:** Specify a valid fast replication update value.

### ARYR490E Invalid value has been specified for the Sharelevel field.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the sharelevel. You can specify a R for sharelevel reference or C for sharelevel change.

**User response:** Specify a valid sharelevel value.

### ARYR491E Invalid value has been specified for the Scope field.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the scope. You can specify an A for all or a P for pending.

User response: Specify a valid value for scope.

### ARYR492E Invalid value has been specified for the Register VSAM Copy field.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the **Register VSAM Copy** field. You can specify a Y to register a VSAM copy or an N to not register the VSAM copy.

User response: Specify a valid value.

### ARYR493E Invalid value has been specified for the Stack tapes field.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the **Stack tapes** field. You can specify a Y to stack tapes or an N to not stack the tapes.

User response: Specify a valid value.

### ARYR494E Invalid value has been specified for the stack limit.

**Explanation:** You have specified a value that is not numeric for the stack limit.

User response: Specify a valid numeric value.

### ARYR495E Invalid value has been specified for the Number of tasks field.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the **Number of tasks** field. The value that you specify must be numeric and must be between 1 and 99.

User response: Specify a valid value.

### ARYR496E Invalid value - All parts in one copy should be Y or N.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the **All parts in one copy** field. You can specify a value of Y to include all parts in one copy or an N to indicate separate copies.

User response: Specify a valid value.

### ARYR497E Invalid value has been specified for the Edit Image Copy Options field.

**Explanation:** You have specified an invalid valid for the **Edit Image Copy Options** field. You can specify a value of Y to edit the image copy options or an N to not edit the image copy options.

User response: Specify a valid value.

### ARYR498E At least one image copy type must be selected.

**Explanation:** You must select at least one image copy type. The types that are available are Local Primary Image Copy or Remote Primary Image Copy.

User response: Select at least one image copy type.

### ARYR499E An invalid value has been specified for the number of VSAM generations.

**Explanation:** You value specified for the **Number of VSAM generations** field is invalid. The value specified must be numeric and be between the numeric values of 1 and 9999.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for the number of VSAM generations.

### ARYR500E An invalid value has been specified for the Use SLBs for recovery field.

**Explanation:** You value specified for the **Use SLBs for recovery** field is invalid. The value specified must be a Y to specify that a system level backup will be used for recovery or an N to specify that a system level backup is not available for use as a backup.

**User response:** Specify a valid value.

### ARYR501E An invalid value has been specified for the Use ICs for recovery field.

**Explanation:** You value specified for the **Use ICs for recovery** field is invalid. The value specified must be a Y to specify that an image copy will be used for recovery or an N to specify that an image copy is not available for use as a backup.

User response: Specify a valid value.

### ARYR502E An invalid value has been specified for the Use VSAM ICs for recovery field.

**Explanation:** You value specified for the **Use VSAM ICs for recovery** field is invalid. The value specified must be a Y to specify that a VSAM image copy will be used for recovery or an N to specify that a VSAM image copy is not available for use as a backup.

**User response:** Specify a valid value.

### ARYR503E At least one of the types of recovery resources must be selected.

**Explanation:** You must select at least one of the types of recovery resources. The recovery resource fields from which you can select are the **Use SLBs for recovery**, the **Use ICs for recovery** field, and the **Use VSAM ICs for recovery** fields. You may select all three if they are available to use for recovery.

**User response:** Select one or more of the types of recovery resources.

### ARYR504E At least one object could not be recovered.

**Explanation:** At least one object could not be recovered.

User response: Recreate the recovery resource.

#### ARYR505E A VSAM Image Copy symbolic data set name must be entered when selecting this type of Image Copy.

**Explanation:** A VSAM Image Copy symbolic data set name must be specified when selecting this type of Image Copy.

**User response:** Specify a VSAM Image Copy data set name.

#### ARYR506E Offload options must be specified when the number of backup generations is set to 0.

**Explanation:** When the number of backup generations is set to 0 a valid backup does not exist on disk and so the backup must be offloaded to be valid.

**User response:** Specify the offload options or change the number of backup generations.

#### ARYR507E Source stogroups must be specified.

**Explanation:** When creating this type of automap profile, at least one source storage group must be specified.

**User response:** Update the profile and add at least one source storage group.

#### ARYR508E Stogroup mapping is not valid for DB2 type targets, BCV type targets, or phased SNAP type targets.

**Explanation:** The Source/Target mapping option Stogroup discover/auto mapping is not valid when creating DB2, BCV, or phased SNAP backup profiles.

**User response:** Change the value of the Source/Target mapping field to M when creating DB2, BCV, or phased SNAP backup profiles.

#### ARYR509E The range you selected is too large, please reduce the selection range and try again.

**Explanation:** The Target Range specified on the Enter Target Selection Range panel is too large.

**User response:** Reduce the Target Selection Range and try again.

#### ARYR511E Recovery from image copies is not allowed when an external subsystem is specified.

**Explanation:** Coordinated DB2 and IMS disaster recovery can only be performed when the selected recovery method is using System Backup (SLB) disaster recovery.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** You must update either or both of the DB2 and IMS disaster recovery profiles to use SLB or remove the external subsystem and turn off coordinated recovery.

#### ARYR517I ISPF client passwords were reset.

**Explanation:** The ISPF client passwords are no longer saved. Users will have to enter their passwords the next time they access the ISPF client.

System action: None

User response: None

ARYR600E Invalid value - Enter Y if you want to use multiple jobs for performing an offload and restore, or N if you want to use a single job.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was specified for the Use Multiple Jobs option.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify either a Y if you want to use multiple jobs for performing an offload, or N if you want to use a single job.

### ARYR601E Invalid value - The number of jobs must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the maximum number of jobs that can be submitted to an LPAR is not valid. This value is specified when setting up the Multijob Options for offload and restore processing.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a number between 01 and 99.

### ARYR602E Invalid Value - The number of jobs must be between 01 and 99.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the maximum number of jobs that can be submitted to an LPAR is not valid. This value is specified when setting up the Multijob Options for offload and restore processing.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a number between 01 and 99.

### ARYR603E Invalid value - The number of tasks must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the maximum number of tasks that can be used per job submitted to an LPAR is not valid. This value is specified when setting up the Multijob Options for offload and restore processing.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a number between 01 and 99.

### ARYR604E Invalid Value – The number of tasks must be between 1 and 99.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the maximum number of tasks that can be used per job submitted to an LPAR is not valid. This value is specified when setting up the Multijob Options for offload and restore processing.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a number between 01 and 99.

#### ARYR605E Invalid Value – Update Multijob Options value must be Y or N.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the Update Multijob option is not valid.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify Y (Yes) to update the Multijob options or N (No) if you do not want to update the options.

#### ARYR606E You must specify both RECON Copy 1 and RECON Copy 2.

**Explanation:** A value was not specified for both the RECON Copy 1 field and the RECON Copy 2 field.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify valid data set names for both the RECON Copy 1 and RECON Copy 2 fields.

#### ARYR607E Invalid Value – The value for the Use Multijob for DR Restore option must be Y, N, or U.

**Explanation:** The value specified for the Use Multijob for DR Restore option is not valid.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify Y (Yes) to use multiple jobs for performing the DR restore, N (No) if you do not want to use multiple jobs, or U (Update) to update the multiple job options.

#### ARYR608E The first character of the Multijob Prefix must be an alphabetic or national character.

**Explanation:** The first character specified for the Multijob Prefix option must begin with either an alphabetic character or a national symbol (#, @, or \$) so

that when the multijob job name is generated it will be a valid z/OS job name.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Specify an alphabetic character or a national symbol (#, @, or \$) as the first character for the Multijob Prefix option.

### ARYR700E The specified dataset could not be found in the MVS catalog.

**Explanation:** The specified data set could not be found in the MVS catalog.

**User response:** Ensure that the data set name is correct.

#### ARYR701E An unexpected return code from VSAM was encountered while doing an add operation to the control file. RC1=return\_code RC2=return\_code\_2.

**Explanation:** A VSAM error occurred while attempting to perform an add operation to the specified DB2 control dataset.

**User response:** The RC1 and RC2 (VSAM return codes) are provided for investigation. Refer to the z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets documentation for more information.

### ARYR702E A DB2 subsystem ID has to be entered for processing.

**Explanation:** There was no valid value entered for DB2 subsystem ID.

**User response:** Enter a valid subsystem ID and continue.

### ARYR704E The specified dataset could not be opened for I/O.

**Explanation:** A VSAM open error occurred while attempting to open the data set specified for the DB2 control data set.

**User response:** Verify that the VSAM data set is accessible and continue.

## ARYR705E An unexpected return code from VSAM was encountered while doing a read of the control file. RC=*return\_code*.

**Explanation:** A VSAM READ error occurred while attempting to access the data set specified for the DB2 control data set.

**User response:** The return code (VSAM return code) is provided for investigation. Refer to the z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets documentation for more information.

ARYR706I The control file record for subsystem subsystem\_ID has been successfully updated.

**Explanation:** The control file named in the field DB2 Control Dataset has been successfully updated to include the specified changes and definitions for the specified DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

ARYR707E An unexpected return code from VSAM was encountered while doing an update operation of the control file. RC1=return\_code\_1 RC2=return\_code\_2

**Explanation:** A VSAM update error occurred while attempting to update the data set specified for the DB2 control data set.

**User response:** The RC1 and RC2 (VSAM return codes) are provided for investigation. Refer to the z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets documentation for more information.

#### ARYR708I The control file record for DB2 subsystem subsystem\_ID has been successfully added.

**Explanation:** The control file named in the field DB2 Control Dataset has been successfully updated to include the new record, based on the specified definitions for the specified DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR709E Invalid value. Valid options are 1 and 2.

**Explanation:** An invalid panel option was entered.

**User response:** Valid options are 1 and 2.

### ARYR720E File tailoring open returned a file tailoring already in progress condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring for utility customization failed. There was file tailoring session already in progress. File tailoring sessions cannot be performed concurrently.

User response: None required.

## ARYR721E File tailoring open returned the output file already in use condition -- ENQ failed.

**Explanation:** An attempt to open the DB2 control data set failed with an ENQ error. The data set is already open for output.

**User response:** Verify that you are the only user attempting to access this file.

#### ARYR722E • ARYR732E

## ARYR722E File tailoring open returned the skeletal file or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because either the tailoring skeleton file or output file is not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR723E File tailoring open returned a severe error condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on open.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR724E File tailoring open returned an unknown code -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on open.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR725E File tailoring close returned a file not open condition -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a file-not-open condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible, and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

### ARYR726E File tailoring close returned an output file in use condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because an output-file-in-use condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible, and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

#### ARYR727E File tailoring close returned a skeletal file or output file not allocated condition

Explanation: An attempt to close file tailoring failed

because either a tailoring skeleton file or output file was not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible, and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

### ARYR728E File tailoring close returned a severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

ARYR729E File tailoring close returned an unknown code -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on close.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

#### ARYR730E File tailoring close returned a output member exists in the output library and NOREPL was specified.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because the close process could not replace the pre-existing tailored member in the output file.

**User response:** Change the output member name to a new name or ensure that the output library allows for member replacement.

### ARYR731E File tailoring include returned a skeleton does not exist condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because the tailoring process could not locate a required tailoring skeleton.

**User response:** Ensure that all required files are allocated to perform file tailoring.

### ARYR732E File tailoring include returned a skeleton in use -- ENQ failed condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to access a tailoring skeleton failed with an ENQ error (member in use).

**User response:** Verify that all required tailoring files are allocated, and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently.

#### ARYR733E File tailoring include returned a data truncation or skeleton library or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because either the tailoring skeleton file or output file is not allocated.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR734E File tailoring include returned a severe error condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on an include operation.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR735E File tailoring include returned an unknown condition -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on an include operation.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR739E The server port number must be numeric.

**Explanation:** An invalid number was detected for the server port number.

**User response:** Specify the port number as a numeric value in the range of 1 to 65,535.

#### ARYR740E Invalid port number. Valid port numbers range from 1 to 65535.

Explanation: An invalid port number was detected.

**User response:** Specify a valid port number that is within the range of 1 to 65,535.

#### ARYR756E Coordinated Application Profile is incomplete. One DB2 Application Profile and one IMS Application Profile must be associated with the Coordinated Application Profile.

**Explanation:** The Coordinated Application Profile that you are creating is incomplete. At least one DB2 Application Profile and one IMS Application Profile must be associated with the Coordinated Application Profile.

User response: Edit the Coordinated Application

Profile and associate either a DB2 Application Profile or an IMS Application Profile. If neither has been assigned, you must assign one of each.

### ARYR800E Insufficient storage size. Region size of at least 30000 is required.

**Explanation:** Your region size must be greater than 30000.

System action: None.

**User response:** Increase your region size and try again.

### ARYR802E The *PRDSHDR* DB2 control file does not exist.

Explanation: The DB2 control file does not exist.

System action: None

**User response:** Verify the existence of the DB2 control file data set.

# ARYR803I No profiles were found that match your selection criteria. Press enter to create a new profile or change the selection criteria.

**Explanation:** No profiles were found that match the values that you entered in the Creator or Name fields as search criteria.

System action: None.

User response: Retry with different search criteria.

#### ARYR804I Operation completed successfully.

**Explanation:** The operation performed completed successfully.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR805I No subsystems were found.

Explanation: No DB2 subsystems were found.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that one or more DB2 subsystems have been defined in the DB2 control file data set.

### ARYR806I No objects were found that match your selection criteria.

**Explanation:** No objects were found that match your filter criteria.

System action: None.

User response: Retry with different filter criteria.

#### ARYR807E • ARYR816E

#### ARYR807E Application profile or group profileorgroupname already exists. Enter a unique profileorgroupname name and press enter.

**Explanation:** The profile or group that you are trying to create already exists.

System action: None.

**User response:** Retry creating the profile or group using a different name.

#### **ARYR808E Profile** profilename was not created.

**Explanation:** The profile that you are attempting to create was not created

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified all information correctly.

## ARYR809I No selected objects were found in this profile. Press enter to add new selected objects.

**Explanation:** No objects that you selected were found in this profile.

System action: None.

**User response:** Press enter to add a new object or select another object. You can also press CANCEL to exit the profile.

### ARYR810E Invalid CNUM parm. Valid parms are ON, OFF, or blank.

**Explanation:** CNUM was issued with an invalid parameter. Issuing CNUM with no parameter acts as an ON/OFF toggle. ON and OFF are the only parameters accepted. ON turns the CNUM display on. OFF turns the CNUM display off.

System action: None.

**User response:** Reissue CNUM using a valid CNUM parameter. Valid parameters are ON, OFF, or blank.

### ARYR811E Invalid COLS parm. Valid parameters are ON, OFF, or blank.

**Explanation:** An invalid parameter was entered with the COLS command.

System action: None.

**User response:** Enter a valid value as indicated in the message text.

### ARYR812I The FIND command requires specification of a target string.

**Explanation:** The FIND command was used without specifying a target string.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Retry FIND command specifying a target string.

#### ARYR813E The RFIND key works only after a FIND character string is entered. Explanation: System Response: User Response:

**Explanation:** RFIND is not available for use until after a FIND command with specified criteria has been issued.

System action: None.

**User response:** Retry the RFIND after issuing a FIND command that has search criteria specified.

### ARYR814E An unknown column columnname was specified.

**Explanation:** The column specified on the line command is unknown.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid column name to continue.

### ARYR815E SORT is not supported for the specified column.

**Explanation:** The SORT command is not supported for the specified column .

System action: None.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYR816E Max Sort Columns exceeded. Sorting first 9 columns.

**Explanation:** More columns were selected for sorting than are supported. Nine columns can be selected. Under certain circumstances the limit is less than nine, due to internal constraints. For example, sorting a date field can be implemented by three sorts of partial column fields. In that case, the column would count as three toward the maximum of nine, not one.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify the allowable maximum number of sort columns.

### ARYR817E Invalid column selection. Set cursor to valid column.

**Explanation:** An invalid column selection was detected.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Enter a valid column selection to continue.

#### ARYR818E Invalid command parameters.

Explanation: Invalid line command was issued.

System action: None.

**User response:** Enter a valid line command to continue.

## ARYR819E Invalid place for moved column. Cannot move source column to the new position.

**Explanation:** Unable to move the selected column to the desired new position.

System action: None.

**User response:** Chose a different location for the new position of the column.

### ARYR820E Not enough space for scrolling unfixed columns.

**Explanation:** Fixing the columns requested would cause at least one unfixed column to not be displayed.

System action: None.

**User response:** Shrink the requested fixed area by either:

- Requesting fewer fixed columns.
- Unfixing one or more fixed columns.
- CANCEL out of CFIX and invoke CSIZE to shrink one or more fixed columns enough so that all unfixed columns have the space to display.

### ARYR821E Operation not valid for specified column.

Explanation: Operation against column is not allowed.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

#### ARYR822E Unable to hide fixed columns.

Explanation: The fixed column cannot be hidden.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

### ARYR823E Invalid value entered for column size: non-numeric data.

**Explanation:** A value that is not numeric was entered for the column size. Column size must be a number between the values that are specified in the MIN and MAX fields.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Retry entering a valid number for the column size.

#### ARYR824E Invalid value entered for column size: out of range.

**Explanation:** A value was entered for the column size that is out of the minimum to maximum range. The value specified must be a number between the values that are specified in the MIN and MAX fields. MIN is the smallest acceptable value. MAX is the largest acceptable value.

System action: None.

**User response:** Retry entering a valid number that falls within the MIN and MAX range.

### ARYR825E SIZE is not supported for the specified column.

**Explanation:** The SIZE command cannot be used on the specified column.

System action: None.

**User response:** Choose another column to size with the SIZE command.

### ARYR830E File tailoring open returned a file tailoring already in progress condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring for utility customization failed. There was a file tailoring session already in progress. File tailoring sessions cannot be performed concurrently.

System action: None.

**User response:** Wait until the first session completes before starting the next file tailoring session.

## ARYR831E File tailoring open returned the output file already in use condition -- ENQ failed.

**Explanation:** An attempt to open the DB2 control data set failed with an ENQ error. The data set is already open for output.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you are the only user attempting to access this file.

#### ARYR832E File tailoring open returned the skeletal file or output file not allocated. Condition = condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because either the tailoring skeleton file or the output file is not allocated.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated prior to performing file tailoring.

#### ARYR833E File tailoring open returned a severe error condition. Explanation: System Response: User Response:

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on open.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR834E File tailoring open returned an unknown code -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on open.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR835E File tailoring close returned a file not open condition -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a file not open condition was encountered on close.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

### ARYR836E File tailoring close returned an output file in use condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because an output file in use condition was encountered on close.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible and that there are no other

tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

## ARYR837E File tailoring close returned a skeletal file or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to close file tailoring failed because either a tailoring skeleton file or output file was not allocated.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently with your session.

### ARYR838E File tailoring close returned a severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on close.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR839E File tailoring close returned an unknown code -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on close.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

#### ARYR840E File tailoring close returned an output member exists in the output library and NOREPL was specified.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because the close process could not replace the pre-existing tailored member in the output file. System Response: User Response:

System action: None.

**User response:** Change the output member name to a new name or ensure that the output library allows for member replacement.
### ARYR841E File tailoring include returned a skeleton does not exist condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because the tailoring process could not locate a required tailoring skeleton.

System action: None.

**User response:** Assure that all required files are allocated to perform file tailoring.

### ARYR842E File tailoring include returned a skeleton in use -- ENQ failed condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to access a tailoring skeleton failed with an ENQ error which indicate the requested member is being used.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required tailoring files are allocated and that there are no other tailoring sessions running concurrently.

### ARYR843E File tailoring include returned a data truncation or skeleton library or output file not allocated condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because either the tailoring skeleton file or output file is not allocated.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR844E File tailoring include returned a severe error condition.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on an include operation.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

# ARYR845E File tailoring include returned an unknown condition -- severe error.

**Explanation:** An attempt to perform file tailoring failed because a severe error condition was encountered on an include operation.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that all required files are allocated and accessible prior to performing file tailoring.

### ARYR846E Allocation Error - An error was encountered allocating the ISPFILE DD. Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPFILE DD allocation failed. The DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated for this TSO session. The process did not complete successfully.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

### ARYR847E Allocation Error - An error was encountered reading the ISPFILE DD. Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPFILE DD allocation failed. The DD is already allocated and cannot be deallocated for this TSO session. The process did not complete successfully.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

# ARYR849E Invalid Value. The number of VSAM generations must be numeric and must be between 1 and 9999.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was detected for VSAM generations

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid value between 1 and 9999 to continue.

### ARYR852E Invalid Command. Please enter a valid command.

Explanation: An invalid line command was entered.

System action: None.

**User response:** Enter a valid line command to continue.

# ARYR853E Invalid Line Command. Please enter a valid line command.

**Explanation:** An invalid line command has been detected.

System action: None.

**User response:** Refer to acceptable line commands on the panel. Select a valid line command to continue.

# ARYR854E Invalid Selection. Please enter a valid option.

**Explanation:** An invalid selection was entered.

System action: None.

### ARYR855E • ARYR867E

**User response:** Provide a valid selection to continue.

#### ARYR855E Invalid Value.

**Explanation:** An invalid valid was entered or the input field is empty.

System action: None.

**User response:** Provide an appropriate value to continue.

### ARYR856I Move is pending. Enter A(After) or B(Before).

**Explanation:** A move operation has not completed.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify an A (After) or a B (Before) to continue.

#### ARYR857E Result not found.

**Explanation:** The FIND operation has completed and the value specified was not found.

System action: None.

**User response:** None required.

#### ARYR858I No item(s) selected.

**Explanation:** No item(s) were selected on selection panel.

System action: None.

User response: Select one or more items to continue.

### ARYR859I No LBDR Scanned Log Ranges were found. Press enter to create new LBDR Scanned Log Range.

**Explanation:** No previously recorded LBDR scanned log ranges have been recorded.

System action: None.

**User response:** Press enter to create a new LBDR scanned log range.

### ARYR860E You do not have access rights to this profile.

**Explanation:** This profile was created with no access rights extended to any user other than the creator. Therefore only the creator may modify this profile.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Verify with the creator and see if UPDATE rights should be given to this profile.

### ARYR861E You only have rights to view this profile.

**Explanation:** This profile was created with only view access extended to any user other than the creator. Therefore only the creator may modify this profile.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify with the creator and see if UPDATE rights should be given to this profile.

#### ARYR862E Profile was not deleted.

Explanation: The profile was not deleted.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have permission to delete the profile.

#### ARYR863E Profile was not opened.

Explanation: The profile was not opened.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have permission to rename the profile.

#### ARYR864E Profile was not opened. Explanation: System Response: User Response: None required.

Explanation: The profile was not opened.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have permission to open the profile.

#### ARYR865E Profile was not closed.

**Explanation:** The profile was not closed.

System action: None.

User response: Verify that the profile is in fact open.

#### ARYR866II LBDR Scanned Log Range was deleted.

**Explanation:** The LBDR scanned ranged marked for deletion has been deleted.

System action: None.

**User response:** This message is informational and requires no user action.

#### ARYR867E You cannot select more than one profile.

**Explanation:** Selection of more than one profile is not permitted.

System action: None.

**User response:** Select only one profile to continue.

### ARYR868E Validation was successful for plan planname. (Note that this is not a guarantee of successful execution.)

**Explanation:** The selected recovery plan that was generated was successfully validated.

System action: None.

**User response:** Proceed with the previously generated recovery plan. Validation does not guarantee successful execution.

### ARYR869E Invalid value. Please enter data set name.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was entered for the data set name.

System action: None.

**User response:** Provide a valid data set name to continue.

### ARYR870E Error during data set creation.

**Explanation:** An error was encountered during data set creation.

System action: None.

**User response:** Refer to errors in SDSF logs to determine why data set creation failed.

### ARYR871E Cannot open the data set *datasetname*.

Explanation: Unable to open specified data set.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that the data set exists and is currently allocated.

### ARYR872E Invalid value. Please enter member name.

**Explanation:** An invalid value was specified for the member name.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must supply a valid member name to continue processing.

#### ARYR874E Profile was not copied.

**Explanation:** Profile failed to copy due to a memory allocation failure.

System action: None.

**User response:** Increase the TSO region size.

#### ARYR875E Profile was not exported.

**Explanation:** An error has occurred while exporting an application profile.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified a valid export data set name and that the data set is not currently in use.

### ARYR876E Profile was not imported.

**Explanation:** An error has occurred while importing an application profile.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified a valid import data set name and that the data set contains valid profile information.

#### ARYR877E Cannot establish connection to server.

**Explanation:** Unable to establish a connection to the server.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that you have specified the correct server and port information. Server and port information are specified using the User Settings selection (0) from the main ISPF panel.

#### ARYR878E DB2 subsystem was not found.

Explanation: The DB2 subsystem was not found.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify that the DB2 subsystem is available for your use and was specified correctly.

### **ARYR879E** Recover job group completed with MAXCC = MAXCCcode

**Explanation:** The recover job group completed with a specified return code.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

### **ARYR881E** Error on file filename I/O Handler: iohandlername.

**Explanation:** An error occurred that is documented in the message.

System action: None.

**User response:** Correct the error described in the message and retry.

### ARYR882E • ARYR897I

### ARYR882E Update is only valid for wildcard selections.

**Explanation:** Wildcards may only be edited in object list.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Wildcards may only be edited in the object list.

ARYR883E You cannot submit this job because some jobs were saved to data set with errors.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while saving the recovery plan job.

System action: None.

**User response:** Use SUBMIT to Recover Job Group or try to edit the jobs and resubmit the jobs.

### ARYR886E The start timestamp must be less than the end timestamp.

**Explanation:** The start timestamp that was specified is not less than the end timestamp.

System action: None.

**User response:** To continue specify a valid start timestamp that is less than the end timestamp.

### ARYR887E The start timestamp must be less than the current DB2 location timestamp.

**Explanation:** The start timestamp that was specified is not less than the current DB2 location timestamp.

System action: None.

**User response:** To continue specify a valid start timestamp that is less than the current DB2 location timestamp.

### ARYR888E The end timestamp cannot be more than the current DB2 location timestamp.

**Explanation:** The end timestamp that was specified cannot be more than the current DB2 location timestamp.

System action: None.

**User response:** To continue specify a valid end timestamp that is not more than the current DB2 location timestamp.

# ARYR889E The data set *datasetname* is not partitioned.

**Explanation:** The data set listed in the message is not a partitioned data set.

System action: None.

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**User response:** Specify a partitioned data set to continue.

#### **ARYR890E** The member membername is not found.

**Explanation:** The member listed in the message was not found.

System action: None.

**User response:** Verify member name and resubmit with correct member name to continue.

## ARYR891E The data set *datasetname* is not sequential.

**Explanation:** The data set listed in the message is not a sequential data set.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a sequential data set and resubmit to continue.

### ARYR894E Quiet Time Analysis is not allowed for Log Based Dropped Object Recovery profiles.

**Explanation:** You have requested Quiet Time Analysis on a Log Based Dropped Object Recovery profile. Quiet Time Analysis is not allowed for Log Based Dropped Object Recovery profiles.

System action: None.

User response: None required.

# ARYR895E No included objects were found in this profile.

**Explanation:** The application profile that you have selected does not include any objects.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must add one or more objects to the application profile.

#### ARYR896R

**Explanation:** Only one selection is allowed.

System action: None.

**User response:** Selection of more than one item is not permitted. Select only one item to continue.

### ARYR897I No profiles were found that match your selection criteria. Please change your selection criteria or exit from this screen and create a new application profile.

**Explanation:** No profiles were found that match your selection criteria.

System action: None.

**User response:** Change your selection criteria or exit from this screen and create a new application profile.

### ARYR940E Invalid selection character. "F" and "U" are valid.

**Explanation:** An invalid selection character was detected.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid value of "F" or "U" to continue.

### ARYR941E Invalid place for moved column.

**Explanation:** An invalid location has been specified as the new location for a column that you are moving.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a number that is not greater than the number of columns.

# ARYR942E Invalid value entered for column size: non-numeric data.

**Explanation:** An invalid value that is not numeric has been entered for the column size. The number must be between the values in the MIN and MAX fields.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must enter a valid numeric value that falls within the range of values specified in the MIN and MAX fields.

### ARYR943E Invalid value entered for column size: out of range.

**Explanation:** An invalid value has been entered for the column size. The value specified is out of the MIN and MAX field range.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must enter a valid numeric value that falls within the range of values specified in the MIN and MAX fields. MIN is the smallest acceptable value. MAX is the largest acceptable value.

## ARYR944E Total fixed column sizes cannot exceed screen size.

**Explanation:** The values entered would result in the sum of the fixed column sizes to exceed the screen size. This is not allowed. Fixed columns are always displayed, and so must fit on the screen.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must either change the fixed column sizes so that the total is less than the screen size or cancel to return to the previous panel.

### ARYR945E New configuration makes column size invalid.

**Explanation:** At least one unfixed column cannot be displayed based on the requested column sizes. The cursor is positioned on the value where the problem was detected. The unfixed area on the screen would be too small to show the column where the cursor is placed.

### System action: None.

**User response:** To correct the problem do one of the following:

- Make the column where the cursor is pointing smaller so that it can fit in the available unfixed area.
- Set the unfixed area to its maximum size (width)
- Set the fixed area smaller
- Cancel to return to the previous panel

## ARYR946E Column does not fit in unfixed area in new configuration.

**Explanation:** The unfixed column where the cursor is positioned cannot be displayed based on the requested column sizes. The unfixed area on the screen would be too small to show this column.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must shrink the fixed area by either unfixing columns or making fixed columns smaller. The column where the cursor is positioned cannot be partially displayed (min-max) so its size cannot be changed.

# ARYR947E New configuration makes this column size invalid.

**Explanation:** Fixing the requested columns would shrink the available area for unfixed columns so that some may not display. The cursor is placed on a row that represents one such column. Therefore, the requested configuration is not allowed.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** To change column sizes, cancel out of the CFIX function and invoke the CSIZE function. Either cancel to exit CFIX with no change or blank out one or more FIX selections until an allowable fixed size is reached.

# ARYR948E Invalid fixed selections. Would not leave enough space for this column.

**Explanation:** At least one unfixed column cannot be displayed based on the requested fixed selections for the columns. The cursor is positioned on the row that represents one such unfixed column, whose minimum displayable size would not fit in the available screen area.

### ARYR949E • ARYR959E

#### System action: None.

**User response:** You must shrink the requested fixed area by either:

- Requesting fewer fixed columns.
- Unfixing one or more fixed columns.
- Cancel out of CFIX and invoke CSIZE in order to shrink one or more fixed columns enough so that all unfixed columns have the space they require.

### ARYR949E Duplicate Cmd values entered.

**Explanation:** Duplicate values have been specified in the Cmd line.

System action: None.

User response: Re-enter the Cmd values.

#### ARYR950E Invalid sort number. Enter a valid digit.

**Explanation:** An invalid character was entered in the sort column. Valid characters are the digits 1, 2, 3,... up to 9, or the number of sortable columns, whichever is less.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid sort number.

#### ARYR951E Same sort number entered twice.

**Explanation:** The same sort number was entered for more than one column. The screen is positioned to the second instance. Sort sequence numbers must be unique.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a valid sort number.

### ARYR952E Sort sequence skips a number.

**Explanation:** The selected sorting sequence skips a number. This is not allowed. The screen is positioned to a selection whose number is lacking an immediate predecessor. The sort sequence is completely rebuilt from the Cmd (and Dir) information. Any previously existing sort sequence is entirely replaced. It is not added to or extended by the new entries.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a valid sort sequence that does not skip a number.

### ARYR953E Invalid sort direction entered. Must be A or D (ascending/descending)

**Explanation:** The selected sorting direction is invalid. Only an A (ascending) or D (descending) can be specified. A blank indicates ascending (default).

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a valid sorting direction.

#### ARYR954E Dir not valid without Ord.

**Explanation:** The selected sorting direction is invalid. Only an A (ascending) or D (descending) can be specified. A blank indicates ascending (default).

#### System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a valid sorting direction.

#### ARYR955E Fix columns cannot exceed screen size.

**Explanation:** More columns were selected to be fixed than will fit on the screen.

System action: None.

**User response:** Remove the (F) selection character from one or more columns.

#### ARYR956E Invalid entry. Must be numeric.

**Explanation:** The entry for this field must be a numeric value.

System action: None.

User response: Specify a numeric value.

#### ARYR957E Invalid entry for permanent column.

**Explanation:** You have made an invalid entry for a permanent column.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid entry for the permanent column.

#### ARYR958E Invalid entry for fixed column.

**Explanation:** You have made an invalid entry for a fixed column.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid entry for the fixed column.

#### ARYR959E Invalid entry for unfixed column.

**Explanation:** You have made an invalid entry for a unfixed column.

System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid entry for the unfixed column.

### ARYR960E Invalid Column Function value. Valid values: 1, 2, 3, 4

**Explanation:** An invalid column function value was detected.

#### System action: None.

**User response:** Specify a valid value of 1, 2, 3 or 4 to continue.

### ARYR961E Invalid Permanent View value. Valid values: Y, N

**Explanation:** An invalid Permanent View value was detected.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a valid value of Y or N to continue.

# ARYR962E Invalid Reset View value. Valid values are Y, N

**Explanation:** An invalid Reset View value was detected.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a valid value of Y or N to continue.

#### ARYR963E Invalid Stop Sorting value. Valid values: Y, N

**Explanation:** An invalid Stop Sorting value was detected.

System action: None.

**User response:** You must specify a valid value of Y or N to continue.

#### ARYR970E TBCREATE failed. RC=returncode

**Explanation:** TBCREATE was issued to create a view. It failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

System action: None.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the *ISPF Services Guide*.

### ARYR971E TBOPEN failed. RC=returncode

**Explanation:** TBOPEN was issued to open a view. It failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

System action: None.

User response: Review ISPTLIB allocation and data

set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the *ISPF Services Guide*.

#### ARYR972E TBCLOSE failed. RC=returncode

**Explanation:** TBCLOSE failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

### System action: None.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the *ISPF Services Guide*.

#### **ARYR973E TBDELETE failed. RC**=*returncode*

**Explanation:** TBDELETE failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

System action: None.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the *ISPF Services Guide*.

### ARYR974E TBMOD failed. RC=returncode

**Explanation:** A TBMOD produced a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

System action: None.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the *ISPF Services Guide*.

#### ARYR975E TBGET failed. RC=returncode

**Explanation:** TBGET failed with a (hex) return code as indicated in the message.

System action: None.

**User response:** Review ISPTLIB allocation and data set characteristics. Review security controlled access to ISPTLIB data sets. For information about return codes, refer to the *ISPF Services Guide*.

#### ARYR976E View table in use.

**Explanation:** A view input library is in use. Views are read from the ISPTLIB data set(s) and saved to the ISPTABL data set. To save and use report customizations that are created via the CSET command, ISPTABL and ISPTLIB must be allocated. The TBSTATS service has indicated that ISPTLIB is not allocated. Only temporary views will be available.

System action: None.

User response: Issue the CSET command and access

### ARYR977E • ARYS011E

online help for details on the online report customization options available through the CSET command. In addition, review the ISPTLIB and ISPTABLE allocations. For information about ISPTLIB and ISPTABL, refer to the ISPF user guides for your version of ISPF. Refer to the configuration chapter of this user guide for the recommended method of allocating ISPTLIB and ISPTABL.

### ARYR977E View library not allocated.

**Explanation:** A view input library has not been allocated. Views are read from the ISPTLIB data set(s) and saved to the ISPTABL data set. To save and use report customizations that are created via the CSET command, ISPTABL and ISPTLIB must be allocated. The TBSTATS service has indicated that ISPTLIB is not allocated. Only temporary views will be available.

### System action: None.

**User response:** Issue the CSET command and access online help for details on the online report customization options available through the CSET command. In addition, review the ISPTLIB and ISPTABLE allocations. For information about ISPTLIB and ISPTABL, refer to the ISPF user guides for your version of ISPF. Refer to the configuration chapter of this user guide for the recommended method of allocating ISPTLIB and ISPTABL.

### ARYS001I DB2 Recovery Expert Starting.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert job has been started.

User response: None required.

### ARYS002I DB2 Recovery Expert complete. RC=return code.

**Explanation:** The ARY job has completed. The highest return code is listed in the message.

**User response:** The response depends on the return code: RC = 0 -- Successful completion RC = 4 -- Successful with warnings. The warning messages will end in "W" and can be reviewed in the SYSPRINT DD. RC > 4 -- Error. The error messages will end in "E" and can be reviewed in the SYSPRINT DD.

### ARYS003I Control Cards:

**Explanation:** This message is a header message used to indicate that the successive messages list the control cards.

User response: None required.

**ARYS004I** blank or message text

**Explanation:** This message can be blank (for spacing purposes) or can contain a general information message.

User response: None required.

### ARYS005E The first control card must be "BACKUP" or "RESTORE".

**Explanation:** An error occurred when validating the control card. The first control card must be the BACKUP or RESTORE control card.

**User response:** Ensure that the first control card on the SYSIN DD begins with either BACKUP or RESTORE.

#### ARYS007E Error opening SYSIN DD.

**Explanation:** An attempt to open the data set defined for the SYSIN DD failed. A WTO is also issued with this message.

**User response:** The JCL must specify a SYSIN DD. Check the JCL for the presence of the SYSIN DD. Rebuild the job if necessary.

### ARYS008E Invalid profile creator creator name specified. Profile creator must be 8 bytes or less.

**Explanation:** The profile creator name is more than 8 characters.

**User response:** Correct the profile creator name and retry.

### ARYS009E Invalid profile name profile name specified. Profile name must be 30 bytes or less.

**Explanation:** The profile name is more than 30 characters.

User response: Correct the profile name and retry.

# ARYS010E Invalid profile name specified. It must be in the format "CREATOR. NAME".

**Explanation:** The profile name and/or creator name specified is invalid. The profile must be in the format profile creator.profile name.

User response: Correct the profile name.

#### ARYS011E Invalid token name specified.

**Explanation:** One of the options on the backup control cards is invalid. The option is listed in the message.

**User response:** Correct the invalid option and resubmit.

### ARYS012E Unmatched quotes found in input.

**Explanation:** A control card is missing a quote from a required set of quotes.

**User response:** Correct the control cards to add a matching quote and resubmit.

ARYS013I Backup profile profile creator.profile name was read from the repository.

**Explanation:** The backup profile listed in the message was successfully read.

User response: None required.

### ARYS014E Backup profile profile creator.profile name was not found in the repository.

**Explanation:** The backup profile listed in the message probably has been renamed or deleted.

**User response:** Check for the presence of the profile. Rename or recreate the backup profile if necessary.

# ARYS015E Fatal error fetching backup profile profile creator.profile name from the repository.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred when attempting to retrieve the backup profile from the ARY repository.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS016E Call attach error connecting to DB2 SSID subsystem ID. Check installation and authorization.

**Explanation:** ARY cannot connect to the specified subsystem. The call attach facility has failed.

**User response:** Confirm that the DB2 subsystem is active and that authorizations are properly granted.

### ARYS017E DB2 SSID subsystem ID was not found in the Backup/Recovery control file.

**Explanation:** The subsystem ID listed in the message was not found in the ARY control file.

**User response:** Ensure that the subsystem was defined in DB2 Recovery Expert using the Setup option from the main menu. Refer to the configuration documentation for information.

### ARYS018E DB2 SSID subsystem ID will not be backed up in this execution.

**Explanation:** There was an error with the listed subsystem ID. DB2 Recovery Expert cannot back up the subsystem.

User response: Check the SYSPRINT DD for error

messages explaining why the SSID could not be backed up.

# ARYS019E You are not authorized to execute backup profile profile creator.profile name.

**Explanation:** The user ID under which the backup job is being built does not have sufficient RACF authority.

**User response:** Check with your systems administrator to ensure the proper authorizations. Refer to the installation documentation for information about configuring RACF authority for DB2 Recovery Expert.

### ARYS021E The following volumes are being used by Subsystem *subsystem* ID but are not being backed up:

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert validation processing found volumes that are in use by the specified subsystem that were not included in the backup profile. The backup will not be taken.

**User response:** Update the profile and use the VOLUME command to find all volumes associated with the subsystem.

### ARYS022E Profile profile creator.profile name is currently being used by another user or process.

**Explanation:** The profile is being used by someone else. DB2 Recovery Expert must have exclusive use of the profile during the backup and restore processes.

**User response:** Clear the contention on the backup profile and resubmit the job.

# ARYS023E Subsystem subsystem ID is currently being backed up or recovered by another process.

**Explanation:** Another backup of this subsystem is running. Only one DB2 Recovery Expert backup can be running at a time.

**User response:** You can resubmit the job when the other backup has completed.

# ARYS024E Failed to initialize ARY Command processor.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred when attempting to start the DB2 Recovery Expert command processor.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYS025E The job steplib is not APF authorized.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert step libraries are not APF authorized. APF authorization for the step libraries is required.

**User response:** APF authorize the step libraries. Refer to the installation documentation for more information.

#### ARYS026E Error loading module module name.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred when attempting to load the listed module.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS029E Last command = command name Error = error message.

**Explanation:** An error occurred in the DB2 Recovery Expert command processor. The errant command and any associated message are listed in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS030E Source volser volume serial is not a valid online MVS volume.

**Explanation:** The source volume listed in the message is now offline. DB2 Recovery Expert requires the source volume to be online to perform the backup.

**User response:** Contact your systems programmer for help bringing the volume online.

### ARYS031E Source volser volume serial is not on an EMC Symmetrix array.

**Explanation:** The listed source volume is not on an EMC Symmetrix array. The source volume cannot be backed up or restored.

**User response:** Move the data on the volume to a EMC Symmetrix array and update the profile.

#### ARYS032E Target unit target unit is not a valid MVS UCB unit.

**Explanation:** The target unit specified is not valid on this z/OS system.

**User response:** Contact your systems programmer to determine the resolution.

### ARYS033E Target unit target unit is not on an EMC Symmetrix array.

**Explanation:** The listed target unit does not reside on an EMC Symmetrix.

**User response:** Move the target unit to a Symmetrix or change the profile to specify a target unit located on the Symmetrix.

### ARYS034E Source volser volume serial is not on the same EMC Symmetrix array as target unit target unit.

**Explanation:** The source volume and its specified target unit are not located on the same Symmetrix array. The source volume and target unit must be on the same array.

**User response:** Edit the backup profile and select a different target unit that is on the same array.

### ARYS035E Source volser volume serial is not on the same device type as target unit target unit.

**Explanation:** The listed source volume is not the same device type as its associated target unit. The source volume and target unit must be of the same device type.

**User response:** Update the profile and specify a target unit of the same device type.

# ARYS036E Target unit target unit is not an EMC BCV device.

**Explanation:** The backup profile specified a BCV type backup, but the target unit is not a BCV device.

**User response:** Edit the backup profile and select a different target unit that is a BCV device.

#### ARYS037E The profile contains blank target units.

**Explanation:** The backup profile contains source volumes that do not have target volumes mapped to them.

**User response:** Update the backup profile and specify a target volume for each source volume.

#### ARYS038I Performing profile setup...

**Explanation:** This informational message states that profile setup is under way.

User response: None required.

#### ARYS039I Volume map validation complete.

**Explanation:** This informational message states that the volume validation has completed.

User response: None required.

# ARYS041W BCV Establish Bypassed due to previous error.

**Explanation:** No more establishes will be performed due to the previous error.

User response: None required.

### ARYS047W MVS UCB Scan Bypassed due to previous error.

**Explanation:** No more UCB scans of source or target units will be performed due to the previous error.

#### User response: None required.

### ARYS048E MVS UCB Scan failed for Source volume source volume.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS052E MVS UCB Scan failed for BCV Unit unit name.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### **ARYS054E MVS UCB Scan failed for** *unit\_type unit\_name*.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS057I MVS UCBSCAN will continue because Continue on Errors Flag has been set.

**Explanation:** A UCB scan failed for a unit, but DB2 Recovery Expert has determined the information through another means.

User response: None required.

# ARYS061E EMC FC01 Call failed on unit device name with return codes.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS065W BCV Re-Establish Bypassed due to previous error.

**Explanation:** No more BCV re-establishes will be performed due to the previous error.

User response: None required.

### ARYS072W Target Unit target unit is also being used in backup profile profile creator. profile name.

**Explanation:** The listed target unit is also being used as a target unit in the listed profile name. At backup time, if this target unit has been used by the other profile, the backup will fail.

User response: Select a different target unit.

### ARYS073E Error error occurred executing DB2 command command on subsystem ssid.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while executing the listed DB2 command on the subsystem. The command and the DB2 error associated with its execution will be displayed.

**User response:** Check that the user who submitted the job has the proper DB2 authority to issue the listed command.

# ARYS074I Target target unit is still synchronizing to source volume source volume.

**Explanation:** The listed target unit has been established to the listed source volume, but the target volume is still in the process of synchronizing. A backup cannot be taken until this process is completed.

User response: None required.

# ARYS075I Performing DB2 source volume validation...

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is in the process of ensuring all the volumes in the DB2 subsystem are included in the backup profile.

User response: None required.

### ARYS076I DB2 source volume validation complete. All DB2 volumes are in this profile.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert validated all volumes in the DB2 subsystem and all have been included in the backup profile.

User response: None required.

# ARYS078E Profile setup is needed. Place "SETUP" control card after the profile name.

**Explanation:** The profile requires profile setup before a backup can be taken.

**User response:** Add the SETUP card to the job as follows and resubmit the job: //SYSIN DD \* BACKUP profile creator."profile name" SETUP

# ARYS079I Profile setup is complete. Remove the "SETUP" control card to run the backup.

**Explanation:** The profile has been successfully set up.

**User response:** Remove the SETUP control card and run the backup.

### ARYS080I Backup with timestamp timestamp, generation generation number was saved in the repository.

**Explanation:** The information from the backup listed in the message has been successfully saved in the DB2 Recovery Expert repository.

User response: None required.

### ARYS081I Backup with timestamp timestamp, generation generation number was removed from the repository.

**Explanation:** The listed backup has been removed from the DB2 Recovery Expert repository.

User response: None required.

### ARYS082I Performing BCV splits to create backup...

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is splitting the BCVs required to create the backup.

User response: None required.

### ARYS0831 Performing Snap Volumes to create backup...

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is snapping the volumes to create the backup.

User response: None required.

# ARYS084I Backup of profile profile creator.profile name has been created.

**Explanation:** The backup based on the information in the listed profile has been successfully created.

**User response:** None required.

# ARYS085I Performing BCV establish on next generation of BCVs.

**Explanation:** The backup has been successfully created.

User response: None required.

### ARYS089E An Error has occurred obtaining ZPARM information from DB2 Subsystem *ssid*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when attempting to obtain the DSNZPARMS load module for the listed SSID.

**User response:** Check that the SETUP information was entered correctly for the SSID you are attempting to back up.

# ARYS091E Error splitting BCV BCV device name from Standard unit standard unit.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when splitting the BCV device from the standard unit. This message appears with ARY0141E, which provides the reason for the failure.

**User response:** Refer to the EMC TimeFinder OS/390 and z/OS Product Set Message and Code Guide to resolve the error.

# ARYS092E Error calling SymDevice on Standard volser standard unit.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when attempting to access the listed Symmetrix device.

**User response:** Refer to the EMC TimeFinder OS/390 and z/OS Product Set Message and Code Guide to resolve the error.

ARYS093E Standard Volser volser (Unit unit name) has an active file level snap session.

**Explanation:** The SNAP session must complete or be stopped before completing the operation.

**User response:** Refer to the configuration instructions for information about how to configure DB2 Recovery Expert to automatically clean old SNAP sessions.

# **ARYS094I** Volser volser (Unit: unit) is still online | offline.

**Explanation:** This informational message appears while DB2 Recovery Expert is checking the volume status. The volume listed in the message is either online or offline. DB2 Recovery Expert will continue to check the volume status until the required status is set.

User response: None required.

# ARYS0951 Waiting seconds seconds for volumes to go online | offline...

**Explanation:** This informational message appears while DB2 Recovery Expert is checking the volume status. DB2 Recovery Expert is waiting the specified amount of time for the volume to go online or offline. The amount of seconds (listed in the message) that DB2 Recovery Expert will wait is set in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB.

User response: None required.

### ARYS096E Volumes are pending online | offline. Make sure they are not in use on any MVS system.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert has been waiting for a volume to go online or offline. The amount of wait time has exceeded the wait time specified in the

### DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB.

**User response:** If DB2 Recovery Expert is waiting for the volume to go offline, it may be in use by some other z/OS or VM system; check with your systems programmer. You might need to configure DB2 Recovery Expert to route the offline/online commands to all members of the sysplex. This is controlled by the ROUTE\_ALL\_ON\_CONSOLE\_CMDS parameter in the PARMLIB member. Refer to documentation for configuring the PARMLIB member for information about the parameter.

### ARYS097W At least one SYM device in this backup does not support "Consistency" commands.

**Explanation:** One or more of the devices in the backup is not at the required code level to support Enginuity Consistency Assist (ECA). To use ECA, certain microcode levels are required; refer to software and hardware requirements.

**User response:** None required; DB2 Recovery Expert will manage log suspends without using ECA.

## ARYS098E Repository dataset data set name cannot reside on source volume volser.

**Explanation:** During validation checking, DB2 Recovery Expert determined that its repository is located on one of the volumes that is being backed up. This is not allowed. The backup will not be taken.

**User response:** Move the repository data sets to a volume that is not being backed up, and retry the backup.

# ARYS099E Call to fetch active and archive logs has failed. RC=return code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while reading the BSDS for the subsystem being backed up.

**User response:** Ensure that the information entered for the subsystem is correct in the DB2 Recovery Expert setup section of the ISPF interface.

### ARYS100E BCV Query command failed. R15 = register contents. Return code = return code. Reason Code = reason code.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS102W Source volume volume contains both object | object usercat data and active log | active log usercat data.

**Explanation:** IBM Customer Support detected log data sets on the same volume as object data sets. The backup will continue but the backup will be marked as

"Mixed Data", and any restores done from this backup must include data and logs. The message lists the type of mixed data found on the volume.

User response: None required.

# ARYS103W All recoveries of this backup must include log recovery.

**Explanation:** IBM Customer Support detected log data sets on the same volume as object data sets. The backup will continue but the backup will be marked as "Mixed Data", and any restores done from this backup must include data and logs.

User response: None required.

### ARYS104E Source volser volser is currently established to BCV unit target unit which is not in this profile.

**Explanation:** This listed source volume is established to the listed target unit. However, the target unit is not included in the backup profile. DB2 Recovery Expert cannot establish another BCV to this source unit until the currently established BCV has been split. Since the currently established BCV is not specified in this profile, it cannot be split. The backup will not be taken.

**User response:** Use EMC Timefinder utilities to split this BCV from the source volume if you still want to back up the source volume.

# ARYS105E Target BCV target unit is not currently paired to Volser source unit.

**Explanation:** The target unit listed in the message is not paired to the source unit that is in the profile. The backup will not be taken.

**User response:** Run the setup process on this profile to correct the error.

### ARYS106E Target BCV target\_unit is currently established to Unit source\_unit which is not in this profile.

**Explanation:** The BCV target unit specified is currently established to a source volume that is not included in this profile.

**User response:** Use the EMC Timefinder utilities to split this BCV from its currently established standard unit.

### ARYS107E Source volser source volume is a BCV.

**Explanation:** The source volume listed in the message is a BCV. For a BCV backup profile, the source volume cannot reside on a BCV volume.

User response: Either use a SNAP backup profile or

### ARYS108E • ARYS121E

copy the data to a non-BCV volume and update the profile.

ARYS108E	Error saving profile
	profile_creator.profile_name.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred when attempting to save the backup profile.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS109E Target BCV target unit is expected to be split from source volume source volume and is not.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert expected to find a different BCV established to the specified source volume specified. The current generation is out of sync.

User response: Run profile setup on the profile.

### ARYS110E Target BCV target unit is expected to be established to source volume source volume and is not.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert expected the listed target BCV to be established to the source unit.

User response: Run profile setup on the profile.

### ARYS111E Target BCV target unit is still synchronizing to source volume source volume. Backup not available.

**Explanation:** The specified BCV generation has not fully synchronized with the listed source volume. The backup will not be taken.

**User response:** You might want to configure IBM Customer Support to retry the synchronization or to issue a WTOR. This is controlled by the WAIT\_FOR\_VOLUME\_SYNC parameter in the PARMLIB member. Refer to configuration instructions for the PARMLIB member for information about the parameter.

# ARYS112E SSID ssid was not found on this MVS LPAR.

**Explanation:** The DB2 subsystem ID listed in the message is not found.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS113E Unknown error determining datasharing status of SSID *ssid*.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYS116E Abnormal termination has been detected. Resuming log activity on SSID ssid.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred while the DB2 logs were suspended. Logging will be resumed.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS117E Error saving backup information in the repository datasets.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS118E Check target UCBs and vary them offline before submitting the backup.

**Explanation:** When performing a system backup using Flash or Snap profiles that use UCB numbers as targets, DB2 Recovery Expert will issue this error message if the UCB volumes are online during the backup.

**User response:** This is done to prevent you from accidentally overwriting target volumes. If you want DB2 Recovery Expert to overwrite the target volumes you need to vary the volumes offline and then run the backup.

### ARYS119E BCV hold | release | establish | reestablish failed on unit target unit. Additional information.

**Explanation:** The BCV process failed on the listed target unit. Additional information is provided in the message text as to the cause of the error.

**User response:** Note the error message contents and contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS120E Invalid generation specified. It must be numeric between 1 and 99 inclusive.

**Explanation:** An invalid generation number was found in the control card for the restore.

User response: Correct the control card and resubmit.

# ARYS121E Backup profile creator.profile name generation generation was not found in the repository.

**Explanation:** The profile and/or its backups were not found in the repository. Either the profile name was mistyped or the backups have been deleted.

**User response:** Ensure the profile creator and name are correct. Contact IBM Customer Support if necessary.

### ARYS122E Fatal error fetching backup profile creator.profile name generation generation from the repository.

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS123I Backup profile creator.profile name generation generation was read from the repository.

**Explanation:** The backup information for the listed generation was successfully read.

User response: None required.

### ARYS124E R15 = register contents. Return code = return code. Reason reason code.

**Explanation:** This message is used in conjunction with other messages to report return code, reason code, and register contents for debugging purposes.

User response: None required.

### ARYS125E Source volume source volume contains log data. This profile specifies "Data Only".

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert detected that the specified source volume contains log data, but the backup profile specified data only.

**User response:** Either separate the log and object data or change the profile to a full backup to include all data and log volumes.

### ARYS126E Waiting seconds seconds for background splits to complete...

**Explanation:** The BCV volumes are still in the process of being split. IBM Customer Support will wait the number of seconds specified in the PARMLIB for the split to complete.

User response: None required.

#### ARYS128I Requesting wait status from operator...

**Explanation:** The target BCV is still synchronizing to the source volume. The WAIT\_FOR\_VOLUME\_SYNC parameter in the IBM Customer Support PARMLIB is set to prompt with a WTOR if any BCVs are not fully synchronized to their standard volumes. IBM Customer Support is issuing a WTOR to ask if it should continue waiting or quit.

User response: Reply to the WTOR.

### ARYS129E Reply was to "NOT WAIT". Backup will terminate.

**Explanation:** The target BCV was synchronizing to the source volume. DB2 Recovery Expert issued a WTOR to ask if it should continue waiting or quit. The reply was N to not wait. The backup will be terminated.

User response: None required.

# ARYS130I Reply was to "WAIT". Waiting 30 seconds for BCVs to synchronize.

**Explanation:** The target BCV was synchronizing to the source volume. IBM Customer Support issued a WTOR to ask if it should continue waiting or quit. The reply was Y to wait. DB2 Recovery Expert will wait 30 seconds and re-issue the WTOR if necessary.

User response: None required.

## ARYS131E DB2 version must be at least version V710 to execute.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert detected that the DB2 subsystem is at a version prior to DB2 V7. You can only use DB2 Recovery Expert on subsystems that are DB2 V7 or later.

User response: None required.

### ARYS132E User is not authorized to execute a System Backup Utility | Restore System Utility for DB2 SSID ssid.

**Explanation:** The TSO user ID attempting to execute a DB2 Recovery Expert system backup or system restore does not have sufficient authority to do so.

**User response:** Refer to the installation instructions for information about how to set up RACF authority for a TSO user ID.

### ARYS133I BCV | Snap unit device name is still online.

**Explanation:** The listed volume is still online. DB2 Recovery Expert will continue attempting to take the volume offline.

User response: None required.

### ARYS134I Splitting current generation of BCVs.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is in the process of splitting the current generation of BCVs.

User response: None required.

## ARYS135I Profile profile creator.profile name has been marked as "Setup Needed".

**Explanation:** This message appears after a BCV restore is complete. The setup process must be re-run in order to re-establish a generation of BCVs.

**User response:** Run profile setup on the profile.

### ARYS136I Disconnecting user catalogs.

**Explanation:** In preparation for a restore, DB2 Recovery Expert is disconnecting the user catalogs.

User response: None required.

### ARYS137I Varying volumes online | offline.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is in the process of varying volumes online or offline.

User response: None required.

### ARYS138I Restoring volumes.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is in the process of varying volumes online or offline.

User response: None required.

# ARYS140E SYM of volume volume serial is lower than 5x67. It must be at least 5x67.

**Explanation:** The device listed in the message is not at the appropriate microcode level. DB2 Recovery Expert requires all devices to be at microcode 5x67 or higher. Refer to software and hardware requirements for specifics.

**User response:** Contact EMC to update your Symmetrix devices to the latest microcode version.

### ARYS141E EMC ECA\_Qry | ECA\_SET | BCV\_InSplit failed. Error message text.

**Explanation:** An EMC command failed. Additional information is provided in the message text as to the cause of the error.

**User response:** Note the error message contents and Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS142E EMC ECA\_Clr failed on unit volume serial. Error message text.

**Explanation:** An EMC command failed on the listed unit. Additional information is provided in the message text as to the cause of the error.

**User response:** Note the error message contents and contact IBM Customer Support.

## ARYS143E Open | Closed ECA window already exists on volser *volume\_serial*..

**Explanation:** One of the source volumes has an existing hold on the I/O (ECA window).

**User response:** If the window is closed, you can set CLEAN\_OLD\_CONSIST\_WINDOWS to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member and resubmit the job.

# ARYS144E Target Unit target unit is a volume in an existing backup for profile profile creator.profile name.

**Explanation:** The target unit listed in the message is listed in another profile as a backup volume. Therefore, this unit cannot be used as a target unit.

**User response:** Update the profile and select a different target unit.

ARYS145E Subsystem subsystem ID is still online. The Subsystem must be taken offline before running this job.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert has detected that the DB2 subsystem you are attempting to restore is online. The subsystem must be offline before running the restore.

**User response:** Issue the -STOP DB2(subsystem ID) command to take the subsystem offline.

# ARYS146I Removing volser volume serial from this restore. It contains only log data.

**Explanation:** The volume being restored contains only log data, but you specified to restore data only. This volume will not be restored.

User response: None required.

### ARYS148I Sym Device volume serial does not support "Consistency" functionality.

**Explanation:** The device listed in the message is not at the proper microcode level to support ECA. Refer to the software and hardware requirements section for software requirements for ECA support.

User response: None required.

# ARYS149E EMC ECA\_Clr failed on SYM Device volume serial. Error message text.

**Explanation:** An EMC command failed. Additional information is provided in the message text as to the cause of the error.

**User response:** Note the error message contents and contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS151E Snap target *target unit* is an established BCV.

**Explanation:** The target unit associated with the SNAP source volume is an established BCV.

**User response:** Choose a different target unit of the same device type.

### ARYS152I Suspending | Resuming log activity to subsystem subsystem ID.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is issuing either the SET LOG SUSPEND or SET LOG RESUME command to manage log activity.

User response: None required.

# ARYS153I Enque of user cat user catalog failed. Will retry in 2 seconds...

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert requires exclusive use of the listed user catalog while performing the restore. It will wait again and retry in 2 seconds.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYS154E** Enque of user cat user catalog failed.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert requires exclusive use of the listed user catalog while performing the backup. Another z/OS system might be accessing this catalog.

**User response:** You might need to set ROUTE\_ALL\_ON\_CONSOLSE\_CMDS to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member. This setting will disconnect the catalog from the master catalog on all z/OS systems in the sysplex.

ARYS155E BCV target unit is still restoring to standard unit volume serial.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert needs to wait for the restore to complete before continuing with the next process.

User response: None required.

### ARYS156E Backup contains volumes with both log and object data. You must specify RESTORE-LOGS.

**Explanation:** The control card is missing the RESTORE-LOGS keyword.

**User response:** Add the RESTORE-LOGS keyword to the control cards for this restore.

#### ARYS157I Release of unit *device name* bypassed. Unit is not held.

**Explanation:** Because the unit is not being held, the BCV or standard volume listed in the message does not need to be released.

User response: None required.

### ARYS158I Hold of unit *device name* bypassed. Unit is already held.

**Explanation:** The BCV or standard volume listed in the message is already being held.

User response: None required.

# ARYS159E Target unit *device name* has an active SNAP session. Wait till complete.

**Explanation:** The listed target unit has either a current active SNAP session or too many old completed SNAP sessions to start a new one.

**User response:** You might need to set CLEAN\_OLD\_SNAP\_SESSIONS to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member to remove the old SNAP sessions.

### ARYS160E Source volser *volume serial* has an active SNAP session. Wait till complete.

**Explanation:** The listed source volume has either a current active SNAP session or too many old completed SNAP sessions to start a new one.

**User response:** You might need to set CLEAN\_OLD\_SNAP\_SESSIONS to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member to remove the old SNAP sessions.

# **ARYS161E EMC PathGroups call failed for unit** *device name.*

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYS162I Parmlib used for this execution.

**Explanation:** This informational message states that the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member will be utilized in setting default values for the job.

User response: None required.

# ARYS163I Closed ECA Window is being cleared from Volser volume serial.

**Explanation:** An Enginuity Consistency Assist (ECA) window was found on this volume but was not active (no I/O is being held). The ECA window was cleared.

**User response:** None required.

## ARYS165E ECA Window has timed out. Backup is not consistent.

**Explanation:** The backup operation could not complete in the specified time to hold the I/O on the volumes. The DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member setting of CONSIST\_TIME\_OUT\_SECONDS controls how long the I/O can be held before this error occurs.

**User response:** Try making the value for CONSIST\_TIME\_OUT\_SECONDS higher.

### ARYS168E Background splits wait limit exceeded.

**Explanation:** The number of times DB2 Recovery Expert has checked to see if a background split has completed has exceeded the WAIT\_RETRIES wait limit specified in the PARMLIB member.

**User response:** Increase either the BCV\_WAIT\_SECONDS or WAIT\_RETRIES in the BCV\_SPLIT\_PARAMETERS section of the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member.

### ARYS169I BCV unit *unit\_name* is not ready. Waiting 2 seconds to retry BCV Establish | Re-establish.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is attempting to establish or re-establish the unit listed in the message, but the device is not ready. DB2 Recovery Expert will retry until the BCV is established or the number of retries exceeds the wait limit.

User response: None required.

### ARYS170I Standard unit volume serial is not ready. Waiting 2 seconds to retry BCV restore.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is restoring a BCV, but the standard device is not ready. DB2 Recovery Expert will retry until the BCV is established or the number of retries exceeds the wait limit.

User response: None required.

# **ARYS171E Restore failed on unit** volume serial. Error message text.

**Explanation:** The restore command failed. Additional information is provided in the message text as to the cause of the error.

**User response:** Note the error message text and contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS172E Error obtaining last checkpoint RBA for subsystem *ssid*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert could not find the last checkpoint RBA for the listed subsystem.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### **ARYS173E** Allocate failed for data set name.

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation of the specified file has failed. DB2 Recovery Expert needs to allocate the specified file to complete the operation. This message will be followed by additional messages stating the reason the file could not be allocated.

**User response:** Use the issued message to determine why the allocate failed and the appropriate remedy.

### **ARYS174E Open failed for DSN** *data set name.*

**Explanation:** The specified data set could not be opened. A z/OS error message on the open failure will also be issued.

**User response:** Use the z/OS error message to determine the error and the appropriate response.

**ARYS175E Get/Put failed for DSN** *data set name*. **RC** = *return code*. **Reason** *reason code*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred attempting to read or update the header page of DSNDB01 database during restore.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYS176I HPGRBLP has been updated with RBA/LRSN *rba/lrsn*.

**Explanation:** This message informs you the RBA that was placed in the HPGRBLP area of database DSNDB01. This RBA tells the IBM RESTORE SYSTEM utility where to start the log restore process.

User response: None required.

# ARYS177I TimeFinder version 05.05 or higher is required for "Consistency" functions.

**Explanation:** The listed version of EMC Timefinder software is required to hold the I/O on the source volumes during backup. Log suspend will be issued instead.

**User response:** If you do not wish to have DB2 logging suspended during a backup, upgrade to the required level of EMC Timefinder software.

ARYS178I TimeFinder snap version 05.03 or higher is required for "Consistency" functions.

**Explanation:** The listed version of EMC Timefinder software is required to hold the I/O on the source volumes during backup. Log suspend will be issued instead.

**User response:** If you do not wish to have DB2 logging suspended during a backup, upgrade to the required level of EMC Timefinder software.

### ARYS180I Ready of unit volume serial bypassed. Unit is currently in a ready state.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was preparing to place the BCV device in a ready state, but has detected that the unit is currently in the ready state.

User response: None required.

### ARYS1811 Not Ready of unit volume serial bypassed. Unit is currently in a not ready state.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was preparing to place the BCV device in a not ready state, but has detected that the unit is currently in the not ready state.

**User response:** None required.

**ARYS183E** Ready | Not Ready failed on unit device name. Error message text.

**Explanation:** An error occurred during a call to the EMC API.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS184I Microcode does not support Protected Restore. Snap restore will be performed.

**Explanation:** All EMC Symmetrix arrays involved in the restore must be at microcode level 5x70 or higher to support a protected BCV restore. This type of restore preserves the backup on the BCV. A SNAP restore will be performed instead. DB2 Recovery Expert will issue SNAP commands to copy the BCV devices back to their respective source volumes to complete the restore.

User response: None required.

### ARYS185E Bad return code from EMC Snap API. RC = return code.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert invoked the EMC SNAP API but the SNAP API issued a return code of 8. There may be several reasons for this return code.

**User response:** The EMC SNAP messages are written to the ARYSNAPO DD. Examine the messages to determine the error. Contact IBM Customer Support if necessary.

### ARYS186W Error saving backup report to repository.

**Explanation:** After completing the backup, DB2 Recovery Expert attempted to save a backup report to its repository. The backup is still valid.

**User response:** Examine the z/OS error messages issued to determine the reason the backup report could not be saved.

ARYS187W Profile profile creator.profile name has been marked "Setup Needed".

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert determined the next run of the profile needs the "SETUP" card added. This is the expected behavior for a one generation BCV profile. If the profile contains more than one generation, possible causes may be that BCVs are not established to the expected standard volumes, or there was an error during a backup and the BCV profile needs to undergo profile setup.

**User response:** Add the SETUP control card to the backup job and resubmit the job.

# ARYS1881 Parmlib not Specified in JCL, default values will be used.

**Explanation:** No PARMLIB library was specified in the PARMLDSN variable of the startup CLIST. DB2 Recovery Expert will use the default values for the variables that are listed in the PARMLIB member.

User response: None required.

# ARYS189E Parmlib parsing produced errors. Utility cannot continue with Parmlib Errors.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when processing the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member. The backup or restore cannot proceed. A possible reason for this error is an invalid keyword was encountered.

**User response:** Check the job output for the error encountered.

### ARYS190W Volume volume serial is not included in this backup. It contains only ARCHIVE log data.

**Explanation:** The listed volume contains archive logs for this DB2 SSID, but is not included in the backup. This condition is acceptable if you do not want to back up the archive logs of this DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** If you want to back up the archive logs, add the listed volume to the backup profile and resubmit the job.

### ARYS191E Target unit target unit is on hold. Parmlib option RELEASE\_HELD\_VOLUMES is N.

**Explanation:** During volume validation, DB2 Recovery Expert determined that the target unit listed in the message is being held. Due to the setting in the PARMLIB member, the volume will not be released for use and the job has been terminated.

**User response:** Either release the hold on this volume or change the setting of RELEASE\_HELD\_VOLUMES to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member and resubmit the job.

### ARYS192E Target unit target unit is "Not Ready". Parmlib option MAKE\_READY\_NOTREADY\_DEVICES is N.

**Explanation:** During volume validation, DB2 Recovery Expert determined that the target unit listed in the message is in a not ready state. Due to the setting in the PARMLIB member, the volume will not be made ready for use and the job has been terminated.

**User response:** Either release the hold on this volume or change the setting of

MAKE\_READY\_NOTREADY\_DEVICES to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member and resubmit the job.

ARYS193E Target BCV target unit is still synchronizing to source volume volume serial. Use "FORCE-SPLIT" option.

**Explanation:** The listed unit is still synchronizing from the last submitted restore job.

**User response:** Either wait for the synchronization to complete, or change the setting of FORCE\_SPLIT to Y in the DB2 Recovery Expert PARMLIB member and resubmit the job. This will force the split of the BCV pair established by the previous restore job.

### ARYS194I Background splits are complete.

**Explanation:** This message appears when a BCV split has completed.

User response: None required.

### ARYS195I Establishing current generation of BCVs...

**Explanation:** This message appears at the beginning of the process of establishing a current generation of BCVs.

User response: None required.

### ARYS196W 32K Tablespace data base.table space does not have a CISIZE of 32K. Consistency is not guaranteed.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert requires that DB2 data sets defined with a page size of 32 KB must have their control interval size defined as 32 KB as well. The table space listed in the message does not have a CI size of 32k and therefore may become inconsistent during restore.

**User response:** To guarantee consistency of the listed table spaces, you must alter their CI size to 32K and run the IBM REORG utility on them. See "DB2 32 KB table space requirements" on page 5 for further information.

### ARYS197W Make sure DSNZPARM DSVCI is "NO" and reorganize the above list of tablespaces.

**Explanation:** This message is used with ARY0196W to provide further information about the issue.

**User response:** Refer to the DB2 32KB table space requirements for further information.

ARYS198I Backup via Snap Volume Std Vol volume serial Dev standard device to Dev SNAP device.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the standard device listed has been backed up to the SNAP device.

User response: None required.

**ARYS199I** Restore via Snap Volume Dev standard device to Standard Dev standard device Vol volume serial.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the SNAP device listed has been restored to the standard device.

User response: None required.

**ARYS200E** *message text.* 

**Explanation:** This message is used to display various message text associated with errors.

**User response:** Review the message text and other related messages to determine the problem.

ARYS201I Parmlib Override on command\_name command - parameter\_name Value: parameter\_value.

**Explanation:** The designated PARMLIB value was specified in the PARMLIB member and has been used to override the default value when calling EMC Snap.

User response: None required.

#### ARYS202I BSDS update process starting.

**Explanation:** The BSDS for the specifying DB2 SSID is being updated with the new Active log data set names that have been renamed.

User response: None required.

ARYS203I -----SSID ssid - BSDS bsds Opened---.

**Explanation:** The BSDS named for the SSID specified has been opened for update.

User response: None required.

ARYS204I -----SSID ssid - BSDS bsds Closed---.

**Explanation:** The BSDS named for the SSID specified has been closed.

User response: None required.

#### ARYS205I *dsn* record updated.

Explanation: The specified record has been updated

User response: None required.

**ARYS206I** Old Name = old\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified data set name has been updated

User response: None required.

### **ARYS207I** New Name = *new\_name*

**Explanation:** The specified old data set name has been changed to this name

User response: None required.

#### ARYS208I BSDS update process ended. Return code = return\_code.

**Explanation:** The BSDS update process is complete with the specified return code.

User response: None required.

### ARYS209I Keyword NEWHIGHLEVEL must follow the BSDSNAME and ACTIVENAME keywords.

**Explanation:** The keywords passed to the BSDS update process must be in a specific order. The NEWHIGHLEVEL keyword must not precede a BSDSNAME or ACTIVENAME keyword.

**User response:** Change the order of the keywords and rerun the job.

**ARYS210I BSDS** *change\_type old\_name* **not updated**.

**Explanation:** The specified BSDS data set name was not changed.

User response: None required.

ARYS211I DB2 Volume validation will not be bypassed because setup has never been run.

**Explanation:** DB2 Volume validation must be run at least one time for each backup profile.

User response: None required.

### ARYS212I DB2 Volume validation is being bypassed.

**Explanation:** As requested. The process to validate that all DB2 volumes are included in the backup will be bypassed.

User response: None required.

ARYS213I -----SSID ssid - ARY Control File Opened-----.

**Explanation:** The specified control file has been opened for update

User response: None required.

ARYS214I ------SSID ssid -ARY Control File Closed------.

**Explanation:** The specified control file has been closed.

User response: None required.

### ARYS215I SSID *ssid* is not data sharing. No group BSDS records will be updated.

**Explanation:** The SSID specified is not a member of a data sharing group. No updates are needed to rename the BSDS names for other members.

**User response:** None required.

# ARYS216I Offloaded Backup with timestamp timestamp was removed from the repository.

**Explanation:** The specified offloaded backup has been removed from the repository. This is a normal process when a new offload is taken. Only a user specified number of offloaded backups is maintained in the repository.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYS217I** User catalog user\_catalog unallocated.

**Explanation:** The specified user catalog has been unallocated. This is a required process during a system restore. The ICF catalog data sets are automatically reallocated the next time a data set belonging to that catalog is accessed.

User response: None required.

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# ARYS218E Source Unit *unit\_name* is a volume in an existing backup for profile profile\_creator.profile.name.

**Explanation:** The specified source unit is being used as a backup unit in a system-level backup.

User response: If the unit is now being used as a

### ARYS219E • ARYS232W

source unit, you must delete the backup specified on the system restore screen before proceeding.

### ARYS219E Bad date specified. Date must be in format MM/DD/YYYY

Explanation: An invalid date has been specified.

**User response:** Change the control cards to specify the date in the format MM/DD/YYYY.

### ARYS220E Bad time specified. Time must be in format HH:MM:SS.

Explanation: An invalid time has been specified.

**User response:** Change the control cards to specify the time in the format HH:MM:SS.

### ARYS221I DB2 Alias Rename Process starting...

**Explanation:** The process to rename the DB2 alias has started.

**User response:** None required.

ARYS222E DB2 Alias Rename Process complete. RC = return\_code.

**Explanation:** The process to rename the DB2 alias has completed with the specified return code.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYS223I Rename of dataset data\_set\_name complete.

**Explanation:** The specified data set has been successfully renamed.

**User response:** None required.

#### ARYS224I Rename of dataset *data\_set\_name* failed. Messages follow:

**Explanation:** The process to rename the specified data set has failed. This message will be followed by addition diagnostic information indicating why the data set rename has failed.

**User response:** The additional information specified should identify why the process has failed. The user ID used to submit the job might not have the MVS authorities needed to perform the rename.

### **ARYS225I Tablespace** *database.tablespace* **partition** *partition* **has been stopped**|**started**.

**Explanation:** The specified table space has been either stopped or started. The table space needs to be stopped before it can be restored. It will be started automatically after a successful restore process.

User response: None required.

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#### ARYS226I Indexspace index\_creator.index\_name partition partition has been stopped | started.

**Explanation:** The specified index space has been either stopped or started. The index space needs to be stopped before it can be restored. It will be started automatically after a successful restore process.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYS227I** New dataset name is *data\_set\_name*.

**Explanation:** The new name of the renamed DB2 data set name is specified in this message.

User response: None required.

ARYS228I Processing tablespace | index database\_name.tablespace\_name | index\_creator.indexspace\_name partition number partition...

**Explanation:** The process to restore the specified DB2 object is starting.

User response: None required.

ARYS229I	tablespace   index
	database_name.tablespace_name
	<i>index_creator.indexspace_name</i> <b>partition</b>
	partition has been successfully renamed.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 object has been successfully renamed.

User response: None required.

### ARYS230E Rename of tablespace | index database\_name.tablespace\_name | index\_creator.indexspace\_name partition partition has failed.

**Explanation:** The rename process of the specified DB2 object has failed. Messages indicating the reason for the failure will precede this message.

User response: None required.

ARYS231I	Stogroup stogroup_name has been	
	updated to new vcat vcat_name.	

**Explanation:** The specified storage group has been updated with the VCAT specified.

User response: None required.

### ARYS232W Dataset *data\_set\_name* could not be located. Rename will be bypassed.

**Explanation:** The data set specified could not be located to be renamed. This could be normal if the DB2 object was created with the DEFER option.

User response: None required.

ARYS233W Dataset *data\_set\_name* is migrated and will be bypassed

**Explanation:** The specified data set was migrated and will not be renamed.

**User response:** Recall the data set and rerun the process.

ARYS234I Volser volume\_serial was removed from Stogroup stogroup\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified volume serial was removed from the storage group.

User response: None required.

ARYS2351 Volser volume\_serial was added to Stogroup stogroup\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified volume serial was added to the storage group.

**User response:** None required.

**ARYS236W Dataset** *data\_set\_name* **was not found.** 

**Explanation:** The specified data set was not found in the MVS catalog. It will not be processed.

**User response:** This could be normal if the object was created with the DEFER option.

# ARYS237E Volser *volume\_serial* contains DB2 data but was not found or is not online.

**Explanation:** The specified VOLSER contains a data set for the analyzed DB2 but is not online to the MVS system.

**User response:** Have a systems operator vary the specified VOLSER online.

#### ARYS238E Source volser volume\_serial is not Flashcopy capable

**Explanation:** The specified volser is not capable of Flashcopy operations.

**User response:** Make sure the specified volser is a unit that resides in an array that is capable of executing Flashcopy commands.

### ARYS239E Target unit *target\_unit* is not Flashcopy capable.

**Explanation:** The specified target unit is not capable of Flashcopy operations.

**User response:** Make sure the specified target unit resides in an array that is capable of executing Flashcopy commands.

### ARYS240I Performing fast replication to create backup...

**Explanation:** The fast replication process to create a system backup is commencing.

User response: None required.

ARYS2411 Backup via backup type from source volser volume\_serial to unit target\_unit has completed

**Explanation:** The specified source volser is being copied to the specified target unit.

User response: None required.

ARYS242I Restore via restore type from backup unit target\_unit to volser volume\_serial has completed

**Explanation:** The specified volser is being restored.

User response: None required.

ARYS243E Flash copy of source volser volume\_serial to target unit target\_unit failed. RC = return\_code RS = reason\_code

**Explanation:** The specified Flashcopy operation failed. This message will be followed by additional diagnostic information.

**User response:** The source and target volumes of a Flashcopy operation must be equal in size.

### ARYS244E Checksum for unit target\_unit restored to volser volume\_serial failed. Volume has changed since backup

**Explanation:** The checksum operation for the specified backup unit has failed. This indicates the backup unit has been possibly changed outside of the product.

**User response:** If you still want to perform the system restore, change the PERFORM\_CHECKSUM PARMLIB value to N.

ARYS245E FCQUERY call failed for unit target\_unit RC = return\_code RS = reason\_code

**Explanation:** The command to query the Flashcopy relationships for the specified unit has failed.

**User response:** Make sure the TSO ID used to submit the job has the appropriate MVS authorities to perform the query command.

### ARYS248E • ARYS264I

### ARYS248E Task task\_name - Error invoking program. Please check file DD\_name for problem determination.

**Explanation:** An error has occurred invoking either DFSMSdss or FDR to perform a volume backup or a data set restore.

**User response:** Please check the indicated DD (file) for more information on the failure.

ARYS249I Task task\_name - Offload process starting for unit target\_unit (Source volser volume\_serial).

**Explanation:** The process to offload the specified unit has started.

User response: None required.

ARYS250E Online | Offline request failed for unit target\_unit. RC = return\_code RS = reason\_code.

**Explanation:** Offline or Online request failed for the specified unit.

**User response:** Make sure the specified unit is not in use by any other MVS process.

ARYS254I Task task - Offload process for unit target\_unit (Source volser volume\_serial) is complete.

**Explanation:** The volume offload process for the specified volume is complete.

User response: None required.

ARYS255E Check sum type: type - Old = old\_value -New = new\_value

**Explanation:** This message is produced if a check sum fails at system restore time. This means that the backup disk has changed since the backup was performed.

**User response:** Determine if the change made to the backup disk is acceptable. If the backup is valid, the check sum function can be turned off using the PARMLIB entry PERFORM\_CHECKSUM.

**ARYS256E** Task task - message data\_set\_name hex\_value.

**Explanation:** Dynamic allocation has failed for the specified data set.

**User response:** Make sure the unit specified for DASD\_ALLOCATION\_UNIT in the PARMLIB is valid for your site.

ARYS257E Task task - Process abended. PSW =program\_status\_word - Return Code = return\_code - Reason Code = reason\_code.

Explanation: The process has abended.

User response: Please contact IBM Customer Support.

**ARYS258I** SSID ssid checkpointed at RBA/LRSN rba l lrsn.

**Explanation:** A DB2 checkpoint process has completed for the specified DB2 subsystem.

User response: None required.

### ARYS259I Waiting for checkpoint to complete on SSID *ssid*.

**Explanation:** The product is waiting for a DB2 system checkpoint process to complete.

User response: None required.

ARYS260E Task task - Invalid DSN generated for backup\_type DSN = data\_set\_name - Check DSN Mask

**Explanation:** The data set mask to offload a volume is invalid.

**User response:** The data set mask in the offload options should generate a unique name for each volume serial. It should have the &VOLSER variable in it and some other time or date variable to make it unique for each offload process.

**ARYS262E** Task task - message\_text.

**Explanation:** This message is used to display various message text associated with errors.

**User response:** Review the message text and other related messages to determine the problem.

ARYS263I Task task - Unit unit\_name offloaded to device dataset data\_set\_name.

**Explanation:** The specified unit was offloaded to the specified data set name.

User response: None required.

# ARYS264I Unit *unit\_name* was offloaded by a previous offload job. Use RE-OFFLOAD card to offload again.

**Explanation:** The specified backup unit was already offloaded by a previous offload job.

**User response:** If you wish to replace that previous offload with a new offload backup, rerun the job with the RE-OFFLOAD keyword.

### ARYS265E Generation generation has not been offloaded. Offload it or run with the BYPASS-OFFLOAD keyword.

**Explanation:** This backup process will replace a system backup on disk that has not been offloaded to tape yet.

**User response:** Since you have specified offload options in the system backup profile, it is assumed each system backup should be offloaded to tape before it is replaced. You can offload the backup by going to the system restore screen and selecting to offload it from there, or you can specify the BYPASS-OFFLOAD keyword if you do not want to offload the backup.

ARYS266I No Tablespaces found for this Pattern. Database: database\_name Tablespace: table\_space\_name TS Creator: creator\_name

**Explanation:** The wildcard mask specified in an objects profile did not result in any matches during the JCL build process.

User response: None required.

ARYS267E Tablespace excluded because it is a TEMP or WORK database. Type TS | IX Database database\_name, Spacename Partition partition.

**Explanation:** The specified table space has been excluded from the object restore JCL because it is a temporary work space.

User response: None required.

ARYS268E Tablespace excluded because it was created with DEFINE NO and the underlying file has not yet been created. Type type Database database Spacename space name Partition partition.

**Explanation:** The specified table space has been excluded from the object restore JCL because the space was created using DEFINE NO and the underlying data set has not yet been created.

User response: None required.

ARYS269I No Indexes found for this Pattern. Database: database name IX\_Name: index name IX\_Creator: index creator.

**Explanation:** The wildcard mask specified in an objects profile did not result in any matches during the JCL build process.

User response: None required.

ARYS272E Space no longer exists. Type TS | IX Database database\_name, Spacename

**Explanation:** The specified object no longer exists. It will not be processed.

**User response:** The object might have existed when the application profile was created. Remove it from the profile.

ARYS275I message\_text

**Explanation:** This message is used to display informational text generated during processing.

User response: None required.

ARYS277I Task task - Volser volume\_serial was restored from file\_name file seq nbr file\_sequence\_number

**Explanation:** The specified volume serial was restored from an offloaded backup.

User response: None required.

### ARYS278I Task task - Unit unit\_name was initialized with volser volume\_serial

**Explanation:** The specified unit was initialized with the specified volume serial.

User response: None required.

ARYS279I Task task - Unit unit\_name with old volser volume\_serial was clipped to volser volume\_serial.

**Explanation:** The specified unit was clipped to a new volume serial name.

**User response:** None required.

ARYS280E An error has occurred obtaining SMS information for copy\_pool|storage\_group copy\_pool\_name|storage\_group\_name.

**Explanation:** An error has occurred trying to obtain SMS information for the specified object.

**User response:** Either the object no longer exists or its SMS definition is invalid. Please check with your systems programmer.

# ARYS281E Requested storage needed for SMS call is not available.

**Explanation:** The MVS storage requested was not available.

**User response:** Increase the region size on the job and rerun.

### ARYS282E • ARYS299E

### ARYS282E Storage used for SMS call could not be released.

**Explanation:** The MVS storage used for SMS calls could not be released.

User response: Please contact IBM Customer Support.

ARYS283I HSM backup with token token\_name message.

**Explanation:** The message indicates a HSM backup (by its token) and states if it is on DASD or tape.

User response: None required.

### ARYS284E Performing HSM DUMP of copypool copy\_pool

**Explanation:** The specified SMS copy pool is being offloaded (dumped) to tape.

User response: None required.

ARYS285E HSM Command failed. RC = return\_code RC = return\_code.

Explanation: The specified HSM command has failed.

**User response:** Please check the system or DFSMSHSM job log for more information.

### ARYS286E Source volser *volume\_serial* is in an active Flashcopy relationship.

**Explanation:** The specified source volume serial is in a current Flashcopy relationship. This message is issued on a restore when a backup of the source unit has not completed.

**User response:** Re-submit the job when the Flashcopy session is complete.

### ARYS287E Target unit *target\_name* is in an active Flashcopy relationship.

**Explanation:** The specified target unit is in a current Flashcopy relationship. This message is issued when the previous backup to this unit has not completed.

**User response:** Resubmit the job when the Flashcopy session is complete.

### ARYS288E Dataset for *object* did not exist at the time of system backup.

**Explanation:** The data set for the specified object did not exist at the time of the system backup. The object could be defined DEFER YES.

**User response:** None required.

ARYS291I object was successfully restored.

**Explanation:** The specified object was successfully restored from the system backup.

User response: None required.

ARYS292E No backups for profile profile\_creator.profile\_name were found in repository.

**Explanation:** No system backups for the specified profile were found.

**User response:** It is possible they were deleted or replaced by a more recent backup since the JCL was generated. Please generate the object JCL again.

# ARYS293E *object* no longer exists or was dropped and re-created since the backup.

**Explanation:** The specified object no longer exists in this DB2 subsystem or it was dropped and re-created since the backup.

**User response:** A dropped object (or a re-created object) cannot be restored.

ARYS294I	Module <i>module_name</i> returning with
	<b>RC=</b> <i>return_code</i> .

**Explanation:** The specified module has completed with the specified return code.

**User response:** A previous error message gives more detail on the specific error that occurred.

### ARYS296E No suitable target could be found for source volser: *source\_volser*.

**Explanation:** A target cannot be found for the listed source volume.

**User response:** Update the backup profile and ensure the source volume is mapped to a valid target volume.

ARYS298E No objects were found in Profile profile\_creator.profile\_name DB2 subsystem ssid.

**Explanation:** The application profile was empty or resulted in no objects being resolved from the wildcards.

User response: Add objects to the application profile.

# ARYS299E There are no Objects to process due to prior errors, the Build Process was terminated.

**Explanation:** The JCL build process has been terminated because no objects can be successfully restored.

**User response:** None required.

ARYS303E File tailoring open | close | include error, RC=return\_code.

**Explanation:** A file tailoring error has occurred.

**User response:** Make sure there is enough space on the target data set to hold the JCL being generated.

### ARYS304I Build JCL will be written to *data\_set\_name*.

**Explanation:** Object recovery JCL will be written to the specified data set.

User response: None required.

ARYS305I Build JCL member member\_name successfully written.

**Explanation:** The object recovery JCL was successfully written to the specified member.

User response: None required.

### ARYS306E No recovery information was found in SYSCOPY for object:

**Explanation:** No recovery information was found in SYSCOPY for the specified object and no system-level backup was found that is capable of restoring the object.

**User response:** No recovery resources exist for the object. It is recommended you back up the system on which this object resides, or take an image copy of this object.

## ARYS307E Required full image copy *IC\_data\_set* could not be found for object:

**Explanation:** The specified image copy was not found in the MVS catalog for the specified object. The object will not be recoverable using this image copy.

**User response:** Recovery to the specified point may not be possible. Either choose a different recovery point or catalog the missing image copy.

### ARYS308E A valid starting point could not be found for the RECOVER utility for object:

**Explanation:** Recovery of DB2 objects requires finding an appropriate copy or appropriate log records to recover the object. A starting point might be a system backup, and image copy, or log records used to recreate the object. If a "non-logged" event is found at a certain point in time before a starting point is found, the object cannot be restored to the point in time requested.

**User response:** Either back up the object or choose a different restore point.

### ARYS309E Recovery point could not be found for object:

**Explanation:** The recovery point is the stopping point of a recovery. If you chose to restore the object to the latest image copy, and none was found, this error could occur.

User response: Chose a different recovery point.

#### ARYS311E An Alter has been done on the object:

**Explanation:** A DDL ALTER has been performed against the specified object. It cannot be restored.

**User response:** It is recommended that you take another system backup or an image copy of this object.

### ARYS312W This index has been rebuilt which prohibits recovery. Index will be rebuilt for object:

**Explanation:** The specified index has been rebuilt since its last copy. It will be rebuilt again since it cannot be restored from the previous system backup or image copy.

User response: None required.

### ARYS313E Space is not recoverable to desired point. A CHECK DATA with LOG NO prohibits recovery for object:

**Explanation:** The specified object cannot be recovered because a LOG NO utility has been run since the last system backup or image copy.

**User response:** It is recommended that you take another system backup or an image copy of this object.

### ARYS315E Space is not recoverable to desired point. A LOAD REPLACE with LOG NO prohibits recovery for object:

**Explanation:** The specified object cannot be recovered because a LOAD REPLACE utility with LOG NO has been run since the last system backup or image copy.

**User response:** It is recommended that you take another system backup or an image copy of this object.

### ARYS316E Space is not recoverable to desired point. A REORG with LOG NO prohibits recovery for object:

**Explanation:** The specified object cannot be recovered because a REORG utility with LOG NO has been run since the last system backup or image copy.

User response: It is recommended that you take

another system backup or an image copy of this object.

### ARYS317E Space is not recoverable to desired point. A LOAD RESUME with LOG NO prohibits recovery for object:

**Explanation:** The specified object cannot be recovered because a LOAD RESUME utility with LOG NO has been run since the last system backup or image copy.

**User response:** It is recommended that you take another system backup or an image copy of this object

# ARYS319W The following Index has been excluded due to the exclusion of the associated tablespace:

**Explanation:** The specified index will not be recovered in the JCL stream because its associated table space could not be recovered.

User response: None required.

## **ARYS320I** Tablespace | Indexspace has been stopped | started.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 object has been either stopped or started.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYS321E** *Tablespace* | *Indexspace* **was not restored**.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 object was not restored. A previous error will detail why this object could not be restored.

User response: None required.

### ARYS322I Dataset data\_set\_name was restored via method

**Explanation:** The specified data set was restored via DFDSS, FDR, or SNAP data set.

User response: None required.

# ARYS323E Dataset data\_set\_name failed restore\_type restore.

**Explanation:** The specified data set failed restore using the specified method.

**User response:** A previous error message will indicate the reason for the failure.

**ARYS324I** Tablespace | Indexspace dbname.spacename

**Explanation:** This message indicates the index space or table space that was referenced in a previous error message

**User response:** None required.

**ARYS326E** Error cataloging dataset *data\_set\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data set has been restored to the specified volumes, but the MVS catalog operation has failed.

**User response:** Please review the IDCAMS catalog output shown to determine the cause of the error.

## ARYS327E Task task - Generated DSN data\_set\_name already exists.

**Explanation:** The data set mask specified in the offload options has been resolved to a data set name that already exists.

**User response:** Please change the data set mask in the offload options so each generated data set name will be unique. A suggestion is to add the timestamp variable.

ARYS329E	Task task - No space for dataset
	data_set_name <b>Needs</b> number_of_tracks
	tracks.

**Explanation:** No space could be found on a source volume to restore the specified data set. The amount of space needed is shown.

**User response:** Either add volumes to the target storage group, compress the volumes to free up space, or delete some unneeded data sets from the volume.

#### **ARYS330I** Volume: volume Tracks: number\_of\_tracks.

**Explanation:** The specified data set has been restored to this volume. The amount of space the data set is on this volume is also displayed.

User response: None required.

### ARYS3311 Copy Pending status has been reset for the selected object types.

**Explanation:** COPY PENDING status has been reset for the listed objects.

User response: None required.

ARYS332I Resetting copy pending status for TABLESPACE | INDEXSPACE | INDEX object\_name.

**Explanation:** COPY PENDING will be reset for the listed object.

User response: None required.

**ARYS333E** *function* **failed for member** *member\_name* **RC** = *return\_code*.

**Explanation:** VDEFINE or VDELETE has failed for the ISPF member listed in the message.

**User response:** The necessary ISPF libraries are missing from the agent JCL.

ARYS335I Dataset *data\_set\_name* has been renamed to *data\_set\_name*.

**Explanation:** The specified data set has been renamed.

User response: None required.

ARYS336E Backup backup\_name timestamp timestamp has not been offloaded.

**Explanation:** The specified backup has not yet been offloaded.

**User response:** The target units of this backup cannot be reused until it has been offloaded.

### ARYS337E Offload it or run with the BYPASS-OFFLOAD keyword.

**Explanation:** This is a continuation of message ARYS336E.

**User response:** You can also choose to specify the BYPASS-OFFLOAD keyword and rerun the job.

### ARYS338W Backup backup timestamp timestamp has been deleted and replaced by this backup.

**Explanation:** The target units for the specified backup has been replaced by this backup. The specified backup will be removed from the repository.

User response: None required.

### ARYS339I Backup backup timestamp timestamp was marked as no longer on disk.

**Explanation:** The specified backup has been offloaded to disk and will be replaced by this backup. It will be marked as no longer on disk in the repository.

User response: None required.

ARYS340E message\_text

**Explanation:** This message is used to display various message text associated with errors.

**User response:** Review the message text and other related messages to determine the problem.

# ARYS341E Error fetching system backup information. Check the agent JCL.

**Explanation:** The system backup could not be fetched from the repository.

**User response:** Please check the agent JCL to make sure all the required data sets have been specified. These libraries are:

//ARYBPROF DD DISP=SHR, DSN=datalevel.PROFILES //ARYSBACK DD DISP=SHR, DSN=datalevel.SYSBACK //ARYSBOBJ DD DISP=SHR, DSN=datalevel.SYSBACK.OBJS //ARYSBVOL DD DISP=SHR, DSN=datalevel.SYSBACK.VOLS //ARYSBSSD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=datalevel.SYSBACK.SSIDS

Where *datalevel* is the high level used to create these data sets during install.

## ARYS342E ARY System Backup and Restore control record not found.

**Explanation:** The control record for the ARY system backup and restore utility was not found.

**User response:** Refer to the installation section on how to create this record.

ARYS343E	FCWithdraw failed on target unit
	unit_name <b>RC</b> = return_code <b>RS</b> =
	reason_code <b>.</b>

**Explanation:** The FCWithdraw operation failed on the specified target unit.

**User response:** Make sure the TSO ID that submitted the job has the authority necessary to execute the FCWithdraw command.

# ARYS344W Data set collection has ended with warning conditions:

**Explanation:** The process to collect information about where data sets resided at the time of the system backup has completed with warning conditions. These will be listed after this message.

User response: None required.

#### ARYS345W Error creating catalog entry for data\_set\_name. FDRInstant will not be used.

**Explanation:** An error has occurred creating a data set required by FDRInstant. FDRInstant will not be used. FDR will be used to perform the volume offload.

**User response:** Make sure the appropriate steps have been taken at your shop to create data sets that start with FDR.USE.\*

### ARYS346I Source Volser: volume\_serial Target Unit: target\_unit Remaining Tracks: number\_of\_tracks.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message showing the total number of tracks that need to be copied inside the array from source to target volumes.

### ARYS348E • ARYS361I

**User response:** None required.

### ARYS348E These DB2 datasets reside on this volume:

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 data sets reside on a volume that has not been included in the system backup.

**User response:** You must include the specified volume in the system backup profile.

### ARYS349I Dataset: *data\_set\_name*.

**Explanation:** This is a continuation of ARYS348I and will list a data set.

User response: None required.

### ARYS350I Remaining tracks to be copied: number\_of\_tracks.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message showing the total number of tracks that need to be copied inside the array from source to target volumes

User response: None required.

### ARYS351E An error has occurred obtaining DB2 location for subsystem *ssid*. Make sure the correct BSDS files are specified.

**Explanation:** The DB2 location is needed to construct the HSM copy pool names for the DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** The BSDS names for the DB2 SSID are most likely incorrect. Enter the Setup section of the product and check the BSDS names there.

## ARYS352E The following object *objectname* was selected but no longer exists.

**Explanation:** The object no longer exists. It will not be processed.

**User response:** The object might have existed when the application profile was created but it now no longer exists. The object should be removed from the profile.

#### **ARYS353E Unable to stop** *table\_space* | *index\_space*.

**Explanation:** The product was unable to stop the specified DB2 object.

**User response:** Make sure the DB2 object is not being used by any DB2 process.

## ARYS354I Waiting for table\_space | index\_space to stop...

**Explanation:** The product is waiting for the specified object to enter the STOPPED state.

User response: None required.

### ARYS355W Build of application profile has resulted in no selected objects.

**Explanation:** The build of the application profile produced no selected objects.

**User response:** Check the profile to make sure an object is selected or the object mask(s) specified are correct.

ARYS356I Task task\_name - Copying source volser source volser to target volser target volser.

**Explanation:** The DFSMSdss copy from the source volume to the target volume is being performed by the specified subtask.

User response: None required.

### ARYS358E Source volume *volser* contains user catalog data. This volume cannot be excluded.

**Explanation:** The source volume that you selected for exclusion contains user catalog data that needs to be included in the backup. The volume must be included in the backup.

**User response:** Edit the backup profile and ensure the volume is not excluded.

### **ARYS359E SNAP group operation** *operation* **failed**.

**Explanation:** The listed SNAP operation failed. The error messages from the SNAP operation will follow this message.

**User response:** Examine the error messages from the SNAP. Make sure that the user who submitted the job has the proper authority to issue the SNAP command.

### ARYS360W The following migrated datasets were found, backup will continue.

**Explanation:** This message is used with message ARYS361I and describes HSM migrated data sets that were encountered during the backup.

**User response:** None required; depending on the settings in the PARMLIB member, IBM Customer Support may either recall the data sets or not recall the data sets and mark the backup as partial.

#### ARYS361I message\_text.

**Explanation:** This message is used with message ARYS360W and lists HSM migrated data sets that were encountered during the backup.

User response: None required.

# ARYS362W Backup marked as partial, and can only be used for object restore.

**Explanation:** The settings in the PARMLIB member dictate that migrated data sets will not be recalled. However, object restore was enabled; therefore the backup will be saved and marked as partial.

User response: None required.

# ARYS363W Backup cannot be used for system restore. Deleting backup.

**Explanation:** The settings in the PARMLIB member dictate that migrated data sets will not be recalled. In addition, object restore was not enabled for this profile. Since the backup cannot be used for system restore or object restore, the backup is stopped and deleted.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYS364I Recalling migrated datasets.

**Explanation:** DB2 data sets that have been migrated by DFSMShsm are being recalled.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYS365I Waiting for recalled datasets.

**Explanation:** The backup is waiting for data sets to be recalled.

User response: None required.

# ARYS366I Waiting number of minutes minutes for recalled datasets.

**Explanation:** The backup is waiting the specified number of minutes for data sets to be recalled.

**User response:** None required.

### ARYS367W Invalid SMS return code for volume volser, rc=return\_code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred when attempting to determine the SMS storage group for a volume.

**User response:** Make sure the volume serial is online, is included in an SMS storage group, and is properly configured in SMS.

# ARYS368I Volser *volume\_serial* was restored in a previous restore job. It will be bypassed.

**Explanation:** This message may appear when a restore job is re-run using the RESTART parameter. The volume listed in the message was successfully restored during the previous run and will not be restored again.

User response: None required.

# ARYS369E Volser *volume\_serial* was restored in a previous restore job. It will be bypassed.

**Explanation:** This message may appear when a restore job is re-run using the RESTART parameter. The volume listed in the message was successfully restored during the previous run and will not be restored again.

User response: None required.

### ARYS370I Performing target volume validation...

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that target volume validation is in progress.

User response: None required.

ARYS371I Target volume validation complete.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that target volume validation is complete.

User response: None required.

# ARYS372E All source volumes could not be matched to an appropriate target volume.

**Explanation:** One or more of the source volumes could not be matched to a target volume. The backup is stopped.

**User response:** Ensure that there are enough targets specified for the desired number of backup generations. The target units/volumes must match the size of the source volumes. Also, make sure the specified target units are not in use for a system backup of another subsystem. This will make them ineligible for pairing with volumes in this profile.

### ARYS373E No target volumes were found, check the target pool volumes entered for this profile.

**Explanation:** The target volumes were not specified in the profile, or the storage groups specified did not contain any valid volumes.

**User response:** Ensure that valid ranges of target units or storage groups are specified in the backup profile.

### ARYS374I Task task\_name - Restoring source volser source\_volser from backup volser backup\_volser.

**Explanation:** This informational message lists the source volume being restored and the backup volume being used to restore it.

User response: None required.

### ARYS375E • ARYS399E

### ARYS375E ShadowImage action mode of source volser source\_volser to target unit target\_unit failed.

**Explanation:** The specified Shadow Image operation has failed.

**User response:** Ensure the user ID has the proper authorization to execute the command. Also, make sure the specified volumes reside on a storage array that is capable of executing ShadowImage commands and is properly licensed.

ARYS376E Return Code = return\_code - Reason Code = reason\_code

**Explanation:** This message displays the return and reason codes affiliated with a prior message.

**User response:** Examine the return and reason codes. Determine and correct the source of the problem.

ARYS377E ShadowImage delete of pair source volser and target volser failed. RC = return\_code. RS = reason\_code.

**Explanation:** The specified ShadowImage operation has failed.

**User response:** Ensure the user ID has the proper authorization to execute the command. Also, make sure the specified volumes reside on a storage array that is capable of executing ShadowImage commands and is properly licensed.

### ARYS378E Invalid Subsystem ID subsystem\_ID entered. The SSID must be defined in the Setup section of the product.

**Explanation:** The subsystem listed in the message has not been configured using the product setup screen.

**User response:** From the product main menu, enter 0 to set up the subsystem. Refer to the configuration documentation for information about the setup parameters.

# ARYS379E An SSID was not passed to the Health Check program.

**Explanation:** The subsystem ID for the health check is not specified or was not found.

**User response:** Ensure that an SSID parameter is passed to the Health Check program.

# ARYS380E A Start RBA/LRSN was not passed to the Health Check program.

**Explanation:** A starting RBA or LRSN for the health check is not specified or was not found.

User response: Ensure that a start RBA/LRSN

parameter is passed to the Health Check program.

# ARYS381E An End RBA/LRSN was not passed to the Health Check program.

**Explanation:** An ending RBA or LRSN for the health check is not specified or was not found.

**User response:** Ensure that an End RBA/LRSN parameter is passed to the Health Check program.

### ARYS382E An LCB was not passed to the Health Check program.

**Explanation:** An internal error has occurred; a list control block was not passed to the Health Check program.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

ARYS383E An invalid SSID was specified, it must be between 1 and 4 characters in length.

**Explanation:** An invalid DB2 subsystem ID was specified.

**User response:** Verify that the subsystem ID selected is a valid SSID and is online.

# ARYS384E An invalid RBA/LRSN was specified, it must be 12 chars in length and contain valid hexadecimal chars.

Explanation: An invalid RBA or LRSN was specified.

**User response:** Correct the starting or ending RBA or LRSN.

### ARYS386E An invalid Image Copy Check option was specified, the valid options are "Y" or "N"

**Explanation:** The image copy check option is invalid.

**User response:** Enter Y or N for the IC-CHECK parameter in the control cards.

# ARYS399E This profile is in incremental status already.

**Explanation:** The backup profile contains the **START-INCREMENTAL** keyword, but the backup profile has previously been submitted and an incremental relationship established.

**User response:** Remove the **START-INCREMENTAL** keyword from the backup profile.

### ARYS400E This profile not in incremental status.

**Explanation:** The backup profile contains the **END-INCREMENTAL** keyword, but the backup profile has not previously been submitted with a **START-INCREMENTAL** keyword. No incremental relationship has been established.

**User response:** Remove the **END-INCREMENTAL** keyword from the backup profile.

## ARYS401E The current backup generation is not in incremental status.

**Explanation:** For a system backup that has enough target volumes for multiple generations, only one generation can be in incremental status. This message is produced when END-INCREMENTAL was specified when the next backup generation is not for a generation that is in incremental status.

**User response:** You can only enter the END-INCREMENTAL card when the backup generation you are about to replace is in incremental status.

# ARYS402E There are not enough target volumes specified based on the number of source volumes and generations.

**Explanation:** There are not enough target volumes specified in the profile to backup all source volumes for the specified number of generations.

**User response:** Edit the backup profile and either add more target volumes or specify less backup generations.

## ARYS403E An input card cannot extend beyond two input cards.

**Explanation:** An input control card contains a continuation character on the second line of the card. This is not allowed. Only 2 lines are allowed for a control card.

**User response:** Ensure the control card does not extend past two lines. Remove the continuation character from the second line.

#### **ARYS404I** *message\_text.*

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that a process is starting or completing.

User response: None required.

### ARYS406E The work volume *work\_volser* cannot be the same volume that the object resides on.

**Explanation:** The object being copied is located on the volume that is also specified as a work volume. This is not allowed.

**User response:** Edit the application profile and change the work volume(s) to different work volume(s).

### ARYS407E A work volume must be specified with an input card.

**Explanation:** No work volume was found in the control cards.

**User response:** Add a work volume(s) by updating the Edit Image Copy Options from the Build Image Copy Job panel.

### ARYS408E Task subtask\_name - Image copy of object object\_name has failed

**Explanation:** The subtask named in the message failed. The image copy for the specified object was not created. There will be one or more additional messages that provide more detail about the error.

**User response:** Review additional error messages to determine course of action.

### ARYS409I Task task\_name - Image copy created for object\_name.

**Explanation:** This informational message states that the image copy for the listed object has been successfully created.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYS410I** Task subtask\_name- Type: image\_copy\_type DSN: data\_set\_name.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the image copy was successfully created. It lists the image copy type as local primary (LP), local backup (LB), remote primary (RP), or remote backup (RB), and displays the associated data set name.

User response: None required.

### ARYS4111 Task task\_name- Unit: unit Fileseq: file\_sequence\_num Cataloged: Yes | No.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the image copy was successfully created. It lists the type of device the image copy was written to; if the image copy was written to tape, the file sequence number of the image copy on the tape volser; and indicates whether the image copy data set was cataloged.

User response: None required.

#### **ARYS412I** Task subtask\_name- Volser(s): vols\_sers.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the image copy was successfully created. If the image copy was not cataloged, this message displays the volume serial name(s) where the image copy resides.

### ARYS413I • ARYS427E

**User response:** None required.

#### ARYS413I Task subtask\_name- Start\_RBA: starting\_rba Pit\_RBA: ending\_rba.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the image copy was successfully created. It lists the starting RBA and the ending RBA of the image copy.

User response: None required.

### ARYS414I Task subtask\_name- Registered in SYSCOPY: Yes | No Number of Pages: number\_of\_pages.

**Explanation:** This informational message indicates that the image copy was successfully created. It indicates whether the image copy is recorded in SYSIBM.SYSCOPY, and the number of pages (in size) of the image copy data set.

User response: None required.

# ARYS415E Image copies cannot be created from an offloaded backup created using FDR.

**Explanation:** The offloaded backup from which the image copies were to be made was created using FDR. Image copies cannot be created from FDR offloaded backups.

**User response:** If you want to create image copies from a system backup on tape, you must use DFSMSdss to create the tape copy of the system backup. You can also try selecting an another offloaded backup that was not created using FDR, or use a backup that is still on disk.

## ARYS420E Space is not recoverable to desired point.

**Explanation:** A MODIFY RECOVERY utility was performed on the space. The space cannot be recovered.

**User response:** Select a recovery point before the MODIFY RECOVERY utility was performed.

### ARYS421E An ICTYPE=copy type STYPE= type row in SYSCOPY with RBA *rba* was found and prohibits processing for object:

**Explanation:** A MODIFY RECOVERY utility was performed on the space. The space cannot be recovered. *copy type* is the type of operation (M for MODIFY RECOVERY); *type* is a subtype, (when *copy type* = M and the MODIFY RECOVERY utility was executed to delete SYSCOPY and/or SYSLGRNX records, the value is R).

**User response:** Select a recovery point before the MODIFY RECOVERY utility was performed.

# ARYS422W Indexspace index creator.index name is not defined COPY YES. This object will be bypassed.

**Explanation:** The index space listed in the message was defined with COPY NO. The index space will not be copied.

User response: None required.

ARYS423E The following object was selected but does not exist in the Backup:

**Explanation:** The specified object was in the application profile, but the selected system backup did not contain information for it. An image copy will not be created for this object.

**User response:** Take a new system backup that includes the object, then select the new system backup for image copy processing.

## ARYS424E The following object was dropped and recreated after the Backup:

**Explanation:** The object was dropped after the system backup was taken and then recreated; therefore, the object cannot be recovered using the SLB selected.

User response: None required.

# ARYS425E A DB2 control file DD was not passed to the Health Check program.

**Explanation:** A DB2 control file containing information on all the DB2 subsystems registered was not passed to the Health Check program.

**User response:** If Health Check was executed in batch, make sure a DB2PARMS DD card is present in the JCL. If Health Check was executed online, contact IBM Customer Support.

**ARYS426E** message text **RC**=return code, **RS**=reason code.

**Explanation:** This message is used to provide additional error message explanation. It contains the message text, return code and reason code.

User response: None required.

### ARYS427E An error occurred obtaining SMS Copypool information.

**Explanation:** When configuring a DB2 subsystem to work with the BACKUP SYSTEM utility, an error occurred attempting to obtain information about the SMS copypools.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

## ARYS429E Backup unit *nnnn* is no longer valid. *reasoncode*

**Explanation:** The specified space efficient backup volume is no longer valid. The reason is stated in the message.

**User response:** One of the following instances caused this message to be issued:

• The space efficient pool filled up

After a system backup is taken on a SE volume, when DB2 updates a track, the original version of that track is written to the pool of disk space that is associated with the SE volumes. If this pool of disk space becomes filled, the system backup on the space efficient volumes will become invalided. To free up space in the pool, users can either delete the system backup or take another backup using the same set of space efficient volumes. Each time the volumes are used, the space used to hold the original version of changed tracks from the previous backup will be freed.

• Some other process cleared the relationship between this volume and the source volume

The SE volumes may need to be re-initialized before being re-used by IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS431E Space is not recoverable to the desired point. A space defined as LOG NO prohibits recovery of the object.

**Explanation:** The table space or index space listed is not recoverable to the desired point. The specified space is defined as LOG NO. It can only be restored to the point of a copy.

User response: Redefine the table or index space.

# ARYS432E *inputcardvariable* is invalid in combination with LAST-BACKUP card.

**Explanation:** You cannot specify TIME, DATE, or GENERATION if LAST-BACKUP follows the IMAGE-COPY card. You also cannot specify TIME or DATE if LAST-BACKUP follows the GENERATION card.

**User response:** Remove the invalid TIME, DATE, or GENERATION parameters from the control cards.

# ARYS433E The LAST-BACKUP card must follow IMAGE-COPY or GENERATION card.

**Explanation:** The LAST-BACKUP card must follow either the IMAGE-COPY card or the GENERATION card.

User response: Correct the order of the control cards.

### ARYS434I Temporary data set *datasetname* has been deleted.

**Explanation:** The listed VSAM dataset is no longer needed and has been deleted. Since the user chose not to register VSAM copy, it is no longer needed and was deleted.

User response: None.

ARYS435I Task taskname - Registered in datasetname Total Tracks: numberoftracks

**Explanation:** This message provides information about the image copy data set that is produced.

User response: None.

ARYS436I	Task taskname - DSN: datasetname to
	<b>DSN:</b> <i>datasetname</i>

**Explanation:** This message will provide information about the image copy data set produced.

User response: None.

# ARYS437E Spacename cannot be copied because it is in *currentstatus* status.

**Explanation:** The specified table space or index space cannot be image copied because it is in an invalid status.

**User response:** Correct the status condition and resubmit the job.

# ARYS438E Copy data set *datasetname* was not found for *recoveryjob*.

**Explanation:** A recovery from a VSAM copy has been generated, but the image copy data set is missing.

**User response:** Regenerate the recovery JCL for this object as the JCL generation will detect the missing VSAM copy and generate recovery in another manner.

ARYS439I VSAM copy DSN datasetname was deleted.

**Explanation:** The specified VSAM data set was deleted because it was the oldest VSAM copy for this object and was outside of the specified number of generations to keep.

User response: None.

### ARYS440I Objectname is not in copy pending status and not be copied due to Scope Pending status.

**Explanation:** The image copy options specified to only copy object in COPY PENDING status. The specified

object was not processed because it was not in COPY PENDING status.

**User response:** Change the Scope Pending status of the object.

ARYS441W Image copy datasetname not found. Searching for prior recovery asset for object: objectname.

**Explanation:** While generating recovery JCL for the specified object, the specified image copy data set was not found in the ICF catalog. A recovery for the specified object might still be possible using a prior recovery asset.

**User response:** Check to see if the image copy data set was specified correctly and saved in the ICF catalog.

### ARYS442I The COPY PENDING status has been reset for *objectname*.

**Explanation:** The specified object was in COPY PENDING status and the status has been cleared because a successful image copy has been taken.

User response: None.

### **ARYS443E** Fast replication failed for data set *datasetname.*

**Explanation:** Fast replication (either SNAP or Flash) has failed for the specified data set.

**User response:** Check the output for other specific message that indicate the reason for the failure.

# ARYS444E No image copy options have been set for this application profile.

**Explanation:** The application profile did not contain any valid options to produce image copies.

**User response:** Update the application profile and specify the image copy options that you want to be used.

# ARYS446I The *objectname* was image copied from this system backup on a previous job.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that restart processing is occurring and the specified object name already has an image copy created for it. As a result the object will be bypassed and not copied in the current job.

User response: None.

# ARYS448E Object was in a restricted state at the time of the system backup. It will not be included recovery.

**Explanation:** The object was in a restricted state at the time of the system backup. It will not be included in the recovery and it will be listed in the Restricted Objects Report. An object is considered in a restricted state if its status is CHKP, GRECP, LPL, RBDP, RECP, UTUT, or WEPR.

**User response:** Change the status of the object to a non-restricted state.

# ARYS449E Object was in a restricted state at the time of the system backup. It will not be image copied.

**Explanation:** The object was in a restricted state at the time of the system backup. It will not be included in the image copy and it will be listed in the Restricted Objects Report. An object is considered in a restricted state if its status is CHKP, GRECP, LPL, RBDP, RECP, UTUT, or WEPR.

**User response:** Change the status of the object to a non-restricted state.

# ARYS4511 Volume *volname* was found in storage group but has been excluded in the profile.

**Explanation:** The specified volume was found in a source storage group but it will not be copied because it has been specifically entered as a volume to be excluded from the system backup.

**User response:** If you do not want this volume excluded, update the backup profile and remove the volume from the list of excluded volumes.

### ARYS452I DB2 volume validation is turned off. Volumes discovered on the last SETUP run will be backed up.

**Explanation:** This system backup profile has **Validate DB2 Volumes** set to "N". This means that DB2 volumes discovered when the profile was first setup will be backed up.

**User response:** You can either add the SETUP control card or update the profile and change **Validate DB2 Volumes** to Y if you want DB2 Recovery Expert to discover the DB2 volumes.

# ARYS455E Error fetching volumes from storage group stogroupname.

**Explanation:** This error can occur when a storage group that does not exist has been specified in the system backup profile or when some unidentifiable SMS problem causes the volume fetch to fail.
**User response:** Correct the storage group that has been specified in the system backup profile. If the storage profile is correct, verify that no other SMS problem could be causing the volume fetch to fail.

# ARYS457E Target unit targetunitname is online with volume volumeserialnumber. It must be offline for this type of backup.

**Explanation:** When performing a system backup using Flash or Snap profiles that use UCB numbers as targets, IBM Customer Support will issue this error message if the UCB volumes are online during the backup.

#### System action:

#### User response:

### ARYS467E INCLUDE-ARCHIVE\_VOLS conflicts with PARMLIB option ARCHIVE-WARNINGS.

**Explanation:** A system level backup cannot execute if the backup control cards include the keyword INCLUDE-ARCHIVE-VOLS and the setting for the ARCHIVE\_WARNINGS parameter is N.

User response: Either remove the

INCLUDE-ARCHIVE-VOLS keyword from the backup control cards in the system level backup job JCL, or set the ARCHIVE\_WARNINGS parameter to Y in the ARY#PARM member.

### ARYS641E Allocation Error - An error was encountered allocating the ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD - Process not completed.

**Explanation:** The ISPWRK1 or ISPWRK2 DD allocation failed. The process did not complete successfully.

**User response:** Verify TSO session parameters are set correctly for your site prior to allocation of these DD statements.

#### ARYS9902E ARY@ZTGT Processing Ended - RC=n.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred. Processing ended with the listed return code.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

## ARYS9918E At least one USERCAT statement is REQUIRED.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred. At least one USERCAT statement is required.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

ARYS9920E Device nnnn (volser) is inaccessible.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred. The device listed in the message is not accessible.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

### ARYS9926E USERCAT BCS Component contains Structural Errors.

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred. The user catalog BCS component contains structural errors.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYS9934E Volume Metadata Errors on VOL(volser) UNIT(ucb).

**Explanation:** An internal error occurred. The volume and unit listed in the message encountered errors.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

# ARYT001E The specified user ID *userid* is not defined or does not have an OMVS segment defined.

**Explanation:** You specified a user ID that is not defined or does not have an OMVS segment defined.

**User response:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to authenticate the specified user. Either specify a valid user ID, or if the user ID is valid, see your security administrator to have an OMVS segment defined for the user ID.

# **ARYT002I** Cancelled request with ID *id* and type *type*.

Explanation: DB2 Recovery Expert

cancelled the request identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYT003E Unable to cancel request with ID *id* and type *type*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert was unable to cancel the request identified in the message.

**User response:** If you are trying to cancel a request that submitted an MVS job, the job name or ID was not known, and the job could not be cancelled. Review the message log to determine the name and ID of the job that was submitted, and use native JES facilities to review the job's status and cancel it.

If you are trying to cancel a different type of request, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYT004E • ARYT016I

# ARYT004E A cancel request was received for a non-existent request (ID *id*).

**Explanation:** You attempted to cancel a non-existent request.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARYT005I** Cancelling request with ID *id* and type *type*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is cancelling the request identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT006S The product is not properly configured to authenticate users.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is not properly configured to authenticate users.

**User response:** An error occurred while authenticating a remote user request. The error code indicates that the installation configuration required to allow this authentication has not been completed. See "DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS agent" for more information about how to complete the required configuration.

# ARYT007I Completed processing request with ID *id* and type *type*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert completed processing the request identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT008E The configuration file filename is invalid; the root element element is not <agent-config>.

**Explanation:** The configuration file identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** The contents of the specified configuration file are invalid. Correct the file contents to specify *<a gent-config>* as the root XML element.

# ARYT009I No server address was configured; listening for server advertisements.

**Explanation:** No specific server address was configured, so the DB2 Recovery Expert client is listening for server advertisements.

User response: No action is required.

# **ARYT010E** An error occurred while opening the configuration file *filename message text*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the configuration file identified in the message. Additional error information is also contained within the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error that occurred. Specify a valid configuration file which is not in use by any other process.

# ARYT011E The maximum number of connection attempts has been reached.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert has repeatedly attempted to connect to the server and the maximum number of connection attempts has been reached.

**User response:** The agent is not able to connect to the server specified in the configuration file. Review the configuration file to ensure that the correct server host name (or IP address) is specified by the <server-address> configuration parameter. Ensure that the server has been started and is properly running. Ensure that the <server-port> value in the agent configuration file matches the <agent-listener-port> value in the server configuration file.

# ARYT012I Performing discovery of available locations.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is looking for available locations.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYT013I DB2 Recovery Expert agent is terminating.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is terminating.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYT014I** Connected to server *hostname* on port *port number*.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent has connected to the identified server and port number.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYT015I** Attempting connection to server *hostname* on port *port number*.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is attempting to connect to the identified server and port number.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYT016I** Discovered data sharing group group name.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent has discovered the identified data sharing group.

User response: No action is required.

#### **ARYT017I Discovered subsystem** subsystem-id.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent has discovered the identified subsystem.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYT018I The agent is ready to process requests.

Explanation: The agent is ready to process requests.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT019I DB2 Recovery Expert agent started.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert agent started.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT020I Starting the socket selector thread (thread *thread id*)

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is starting the identified socket selector thread.

User response: No action is required.

### **ARYT021I** Processing request with ID *id* and type *type*.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is processing a request with the identified ID and type.

User response: No action is required.

## **ARYT022I** Reading request with ID *id* and type *type*.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is reading a request with the identified ID and type.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYT023I Received shutdown request.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent has received a shutdown request.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYT024I Request thread timed out waiting for work.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent request thread has timed out waiting for work.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYT025I The socket selector thread is terminating.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent socket selector thread is terminating.

User response: No action is required.

ARYT026E Location *location name* is not known to the agent.

**Explanation:** The location name specified on a received request does not match any DB2 subsystem ID or data sharing group attachment name known to the agent.

**User response:** Ensure that a valid location is specified in the client. If a valid location is specified, ensure that the DB2 subsystem is operational.

### ARYT027S An invalid request type \"request-id\" was received.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent received an invalid request type.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYT028E** An error occurred while authenticating user *user-id*.

**Explanation:** An unexpected return code was returned by the pthread\_security\_np() callable service.

**User response:** Ensure that the configuration required to use this service has been completed. See DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide for more information on the required agent configuration. Check the agent job log for additional messages which may be generated.

### ARYT029E Location *location name* has not been configured for use with DB2 Recovery Expert.

**Explanation:** The specified location name is recognized by the agent, but an error occurred while accessing the product control file for the location's configuration information.

**User response:** Use sample job ARYSJ001 to establish the required configuration parameters.

# ARYT031I Starting the command listener thread (thread *thread-id*).

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is starting the command listener thread.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARYT032IReceived \"stop\" command:<br/>command-text.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent received a STOP command.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYT033I • ARYT045E

#### ARYT033I Received \"modify\" command: command-text.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent received a MODIFY command.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARYT034S DB2 Recovery Expert agent is terminating due to hard stop request.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert agent is terminating due to a user /MODIFY FORCE command.

User response: No action is required.

# **ARYT035E** An error occurred while opening *file-name: message-text*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the specified file and there is also error information in the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose why the specified file could not be opened.

### **ARYT036E** An error occurred while writing *file-name: message-text*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while writing to the specified file and there is also error information in the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose why the specified file could not be written.

# **ARYT037I** Associating with advertised server server name (description \"description\)

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is associating with the identified server.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYT038W An XML error occurred while parsing a server advertisement.

**Explanation:** An XML error occurred while parsing a server advertisement.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYT039W The request was cancelled.

**Explanation:** The request was cancelled due to a user or administrator request.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYT040E An I/O abend Sabend-code-reason-code occurred on filename.

**Explanation:** An abend occurred while trying to write to the identified file.

**User response:** Review the abend and reason codes to determine the error that occurred while writing the file.

#### **ARYT041I** Authenticating user user-id.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is authenticating the identified user.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT042E The specified job has invalid job cards.

Explanation: The specified job has invalid job cards.

**User response:** Specify valid job cards in the job. The job cards must not exceed 72 characters in length, and must include a job name on the JOB statement.

### ARYT043E The specified SYSOUT data set (job / step / proc-step / dd) was not found.

**Explanation:** The specified SYSOUT data set was not found. Only output data sets with a "held" output class can be accessed by the agent.

**User response:** Use native JES facilities to determine whether or not the specified data set is available, and its status. Check the agent job log and the system log for additional messages which may have been generated.

# ARYT044E The connection to the server has been lost.

**Explanation:** The agent has detected that the network connection to the server has been terminated. This could be due to shutdown of the server by the administrator, a problem in the server, or a network problem. All work that the agent was performing at the time of the lost connection was cancelled.

**User response:** If the server shutdown was unexpected, see the server job output to diagnose why the job ended. The agent will attempt to reconnect to the server, up to the limit specified by the <server connect retry max> configuration parameter.

# ARYT045E Location SSID has not been configured properly for use with the product.

**Explanation:** SSID is found in the control file but it is not configured correctly.

**User response:** Remove the current SSID from the control file and then add it back with the correct configuration information.

### ARYT046E Cannot overwrite data set *dataset-name* because of mismatched data set organization.

**Explanation:** Cannot overwrite the data set *dataset-name* because of a mismatched data set organization.

**User response:** There are several ways to address this error message:

- Overwrite the data set using the same organization as an existing data set.
- Use a different name for the data set that has not been used previously.
- Delete the existing mismatched data set through the ISPF interface and then use that name with any organization you want.

# **ARYT047E** The name of data set is not valid: *dataset-name*

**Explanation:** Provided *dataset-name* has incorrect format.

**User response:** Check input for compliance with the z/OS data set naming convention.

## **ARYT048E** The name of the member is not valid: *membername*

**Explanation:** Unable to write to the specified member because the name of the member is not valid.

**User response:** Specify a valid member name and retry.

# ARYT049E This product is not properly configured to authenticate using passtickets.

**Explanation:** User interface is attempting to use passticket strategy for authentication but the product was not configured properly.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

# ARYT050E A MVS internal error or environmental occurred while attempting to access resource resourcenamerc/rsn.

**Explanation:** Specified error occurs while attempting to use passticket strategy for authentication. Additional diagnostic information is provided by the *rc/rsn* code explanation.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

# ARYT051E Unexpected error occurred in the security product while attempting to access resource resourcenamerc/rsn.

**Explanation:** The specified error occurs while attempting to use passticket strategy for authentication.

Additional diagnostic information is provided by the *rc/rsn* code explanation.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

ARYT052E System is unable to verify access to the resource resourcenamerc/rsn.

**Explanation:** The specified error occurs while attempting to use passticket strategy for authentication. Additional diagnostic information is provided by the *rc/rsn* code explanation.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

### ARYT053E This product is not configured properly to access the resource PTKTDATA.passticket-app-id.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent issued this message because it is unable to access the named resource. The resource name *passticket-app-id* is controlled by passticket-app-id in the agent configuration file.

**User response:** Verify that you have set up passticket verification correctly. For more information on setting up passtickets see the section *Authenticating the current ISPF user* in the *DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS User Guide*.

# ARYT054E No interfaces are enabled for multicasting.

**Explanation:** Agent was not able to join any multicast group in order to listen for server announcements.

**User response:** Check if multicast configuration was set up properly. If you did not edit the configuration file, contact your product administrator.

# ARYT055E No interfaces are enabled for multicasting.

**Explanation:** Agent was not able to join any multicast group in order to listen for server announcements.

**User response:** Check if multicast configuration was set up properly. If you did not edit the configuration file, contact your product administrator.

# ARYT055I Attempting to enumerate network interfaces.

**Explanation:** Agent is attempting to enumerate network interfaces to listen for server announcements.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARYT056I Discovered interface <stack:name> with IP address ipaddressindex.

**Explanation:** Agent discovered specified network interface which will be used to listen for server announcements.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT057I Multicast group *multicastaddress* was joined successfully.

**Explanation:** Agent joined successfully to the specified multicast group to listen for server announcements.

User response: No action is required.

### **ARYT058I** Attempting to join multicast group *multicast-address* at default interface.

**Explanation:** Agent is attempting to join the multicast group at the default network interface since enumerating network interfaces is disabled.

User response: No action is required.

# **ARYT059I** Attempting to join multicast group *multicast-address* at default interface.

**Explanation:** Agent is attempting to join the multicast group at the default network interface since enumerating network interfaces is disabled.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYT1029E An error occurred while exporting the JCL

**Explanation:** An error occurred while exporting the JCL. DB2 Recovery Expert cannot overwrite the data set *[data set name]* because of a mismatched data set organization.

**User response:** There are several ways to address this error message:

- Overwrite the data set using the same organization as an existing data set.
- Use a different name for the data set that has not been used previously.
- Delete the existing mismatched data set through the ISPF interface and then use that name with any organization you want.

# ARYU001E The specification context references an unrecognized request type *type*.

**Explanation:** The specification context references an unrecognized request type that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU002EE An error occurred while accessing the saved user preferences.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while accessing the saved user preferences.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

#### ARYU003II Received multicast

Explanation: Received multicast.

User response: No action is required.

## ARYU004E An I/O error occurred while receiving a server multicast message.

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while receiving a server multicast message.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU005E An error occurred while listening for server multicast messages.

**Explanation:** In order for agents and clients to discover this server, they must be configured with the same multicast-address value.

**User response:** Check the multicast-address value and make sure that it is configured properly. Valid values are IP addresses in dotted-decimal notation, in the range from 224.0.1.0 to 238.255.255, inclusive.

# ARYU006E A malformed server multicast message was received.

**Explanation:** An incorrect server multicast message was received.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYU007I Read network data

Explanation: Read network data.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYU008E An I/O error occurred while processing data received from the server.

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while processing data received from the server.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU009E An unexpected network read error occurred; the connection is in an unrecognized state.

**Explanation:** An unexpected network read error occurred; the connection is in an unrecognized state.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYU010I Disconnecting from the server.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert agent is disconnecting from the server.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYU011W Disconnecting from the server due to an unexpected error.

**Explanation:** The connection to the server has been lost.

**User response:** Check the server and the client network connections.

# ARYU012E An I/O error occurred while disconnecting from the server.

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while disconnecting from the server.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU013E An I/O error occurred while reading data from the server.

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while reading data from the server.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

#### ARYU014I Writing network data

Explanation: Writing network data.

User response: No action is required.

## ARYU015E An I/O error occurred while writing data to the server.

**Explanation:** An I/O error occurred while writing data to the server.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU016I Sending a request with tag <tag>, sequence sequence, and type type.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is sending a request with the identified tag, sequence, and type.

User response: No action is required.

# **ARYU017I** Received a report with tag *tag* and type *type*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received a report with the identified tag and type.

User response: No action is required.

ARYU018I Received an acknowledgment with sequence sequence and ID *id*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received an acknowledgment with the identified sequence and ID.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARYU019E Received an unexpected acknowledgment with sequence sequence and ID *id*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received an unexpected acknowledgment with the identified sequence and ID.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU020E Received a negative acknowledgment with sequence sequence.

Explanation: A request to the server failed.

User response: Check the server logs for more details.

# ARYU021I Received an unexpected negative acknowledgment with sequence sequence.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received an unexpected negative acknowledgment with the identified sequence.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYU022I** Received a response with tag *<tag>*, type *type*, and ID *id*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received a response with the identified tag, type, and ID.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYU023E Received an unexpected response with tag <tag>, type type, and ID id.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received an unexpected response with the identified tag, type, and ID.

### ARYU024E • ARYU037E

### ARYU024E The client has lost its connection with the server.

**Explanation:** The client has lost its connection with the server.

**User response:** Check the network connection of the client and the server.

### ARYU025E An unexpected error occurred: unknown report ticket type *type*.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error has occurred with the identified ticket type.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU026E An unexpected error occurred: duplicate registration for XML tag <tag> (class1 and class2).

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred with a duplicate registration for the identified XML tag.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU027E An unexpected window initialization error occurred.

**Explanation:** An unexpected window initialization error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU028E An error occurred while creating a hex formatter.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while creating a hex formatter.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU029E An error occurred while parsing a formatted value.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while parsing a formatted value.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU030E An error occurred initializing the application look-and-feel.

**Explanation:** An error occurred initializing the application look-and-feel.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU031E An error occurred while initializing the help system.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while initializing the help system.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU032E An error occurred while shutting down the help system.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while shutting down the help system.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU033E You must enter the host name or IP address of the DB2 Recovery Expert server.

**Explanation:** You did not enter the host name or IP address of the DB2 Recovery Expert server.

**User response:** Enter a valid host name or IP address and port number of an online DB2 Recovery Expert server into the login field.

#### ARYU034E The specified port number is invalid.

Explanation: You entered an invalid port number.

**User response:** Enter a valid host name or IP address and port number of an online DB2 Recovery Expert server into the login field.

## **ARYU035I** Connecting to server *hostname* on port *portnumber*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert *client* is connecting to the identified server and port.

**User response:** Wait until the client finishes the connection process or click **Exit** to terminate the connection request.

**ARYU036I Connected to server** *hostname* **on port** *portnumber*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert client has connected to the identified server and port.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYU037E The specification context contains no valid request IDs.

**Explanation:** The specification context contains no valid request IDs.

### ARYU038E The internal state of the specification is invalid ("token").

Explanation: The specification contains invalid data.

**User response:** If the specification was exported, ensure that the specification was not changed.

### ARYU039E An error occurred while cancelling the request.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while cancelling the request.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU040E An error occurred while deleting the message.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while deleting the message.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU041W Pattern help topic not found for object node type "*type*".

**Explanation:** Pattern help topic not found for object node type.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU042E An error occurred while retrieving the recovery history events.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the recovery history events.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU043E An error occurred while retrieving the quiet times.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the quiet times.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU044E An error occurred while retrieving the object definition levels.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the object definition levels.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

#### **ARYU045E** The date value *date* is invalid.

**Explanation:** You entered a date value that is not in the proper format.

**User response:** Ensure that the date value is properly formatted. Check the online help for the valid format.

### ARYU046E An error occurred while connecting to the server.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while connecting to the server.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU047W No database locations are known to the DB2 Recovery Expert server.

**Explanation:** The server has no locations.

**User response:** Check to see if any agents are connected.

#### ARYU048E The format of the log RBA is invalid.

**Explanation:** You entered the log RBA in an invalid format.

**User response:** Ensure that the entered RBA value is properly formatted.

### ARYU049E The format of the LRSN is invalid.

**Explanation:** You entered the LRSN in an invalid format.

**User response:** Ensure that the entered RBA value is properly formatted.

### ARYU050E The "to" date/time must be later than the "from" date/time.

**Explanation:** You entered a "to" date/time that is earlier than the "from" date/time.

**User response:** Ensure that the "from" date/time value is less than the "to" date/time value.

# ARYU051E The "to" RBA must be greater than the "from" RBA.

**Explanation:** You entered a "to" RBA that is less than the "from" RBA.

**User response:** Ensure that the "from" RBA value is less than the "to" RBA value.

### ARYU052E • ARYU064E

### ARYU052E The "to" LRSN must be greater than the "from" LRSN.

**Explanation:** You entered a "to" LRSN that is less than than the "from" LRSN.

**User response:** Ensure that the "from" LRSN value is less than the "to" LRSN value.

#### ARYU053E An unrecognized time range type value time-range-type was encountered.

**Explanation:** An unrecognized time range type value was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU054IValidation was successful for plan<br/>plan-name. Note that this is not a<br/>guarantee of successful execution.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert successfully validated the identified recovery plan.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYU055E Validation was unsuccessful for recovery plan "plan-name".\n\n

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert did not successfully validate the identified recovery plan.

**User response:** Check the server logs for more information.

### ARYU055W Validation warnings for recovery plan plan-name.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert successfully validated the identified recovery plan with warnings.

**User response:** Review the message text for more information about the warning(s).

#### **ARYU056E** The tri-state value value is invalid.

**Explanation:** The tri-state value identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU057E The recovery site value recovery-site is invalid.

**Explanation:** The recovery site identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU058E The rebuild scope value *rebuild-scope* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The rebuild scope value identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYU059E** The copy scope value *copy-scope* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The copy scope value identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU060E The in-stream data set delimiter value delimiter is invalid. It must be exactly two non-blank characters.

**Explanation:** The in-stream data set delimiter value that you specified is invalid. It must be exactly two non-blank characters.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU061E The specified JCL is invalid. At least one line exceeds 72 characters.

**Explanation:** The specified JCL is invalid. At least one line exceeds 72 characters.

**User response:** Ensure that all the lines in the JCL are 72 characters or less.

#### **ARYU062E** The job status value *status* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The job status value identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU063E The job cards must be no more than 4 lines long.

**Explanation:** You specified job cards that have more than 4 lines.

**User response:** Ensure that the job card is no longer than 4 lines.

## ARYU064E The specified job cards are invalid. At least one line exceeds 72 characters.

**Explanation:** You specified job cards that have at least one line that exceeds 72 characters.

**User response:** Ensure that all the lines in the job card are 72 characters or less.

# ARYU065E The specified job cards are invalid. The job name exceeds 8 characters.

**Explanation:** You specified job cards that are invalid because the job name exceeds 8 characters.

**User response:** Ensure that the job name is 8 characters or less.

# ARYU066E The specified job cards are invalid. The job name could not be determined.

**Explanation:** You specified job cards that are invalid because the job name could not be determined.

**User response:** The job card is improperly formatted. Ensure that the job name is in the correct location.

#### **ARYU067E** The job group type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The job group type value that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYU068E** The location type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The location type value that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARYU069E** The message status value *status* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The message status value that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYU070E** The message type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The message type value that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU071E The timestamp value timestamp is invalid.

**Explanation:** The timestamp value that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** Ensure that the entered timestamp is properly formatted.

**ARYU072E** The log point value *log-point* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The log point value that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** Ensure that the entered logpoint is properly formatted.

#### ARYU073E The LRSN value *lrsn* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The LRSN value that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** Ensure that the entered LRSN value is properly formatted.

#### **ARYU074E** The log RBA value *log-rba* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The log RBA value that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** Ensure that the entered RBA value is properly formatted.

# **ARYU075E** The point-in-time type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The point-in-time type value that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU076E The point-in-time description value is invalid.

**Explanation:** The point-in-time description that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# **ARYU077E** The recovery job group type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The recovery job group type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU078E The recovery plan log processing flag value *flag* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The recovery plan log processing flag that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# **ARYU079E** The recovery resource type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The recovery resource type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU080E The resource severity value severity is invalid.

**Explanation:** The resource severity that is identified in the message is invalid.

### ARYU081E • ARYU096E

# ARYU081E The specification share option value share-option is invalid.

**Explanation:** The specification share option that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYU082E** The specification type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The specification type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYU083E** The time range type value *time-range-type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The time range type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU084E The time range preceding interval type value *interval-type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The time range preceding interval type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARYU085E** The utility type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The utility type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# **ARYU086E** The predicate operator value *operator* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The predicate operator that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU087E A protocol error occurred: received unexpected element *element*.

**Explanation:** A protocol error has occurred. DB2 Recovery Expert received an unexpected element that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU088E A protocol error occurred: received unrecognized report element element.

**Explanation:** A protocol error has occurred. DB2 Recovery Expert received an unexpected report element that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYU089E A protocol error occurred: received unrecognized response element element.

**Explanation:** A protocol error has occurred. DB2 Recovery Expert received an unexpected response element that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU090S An internal protocol error occurred: invalid state *state*.

**Explanation:** An internal protocol error has occurred the invalid state is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYU091E** The job group type value *type* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The job group type that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU092E The recovery plan validation status value *status* is invalid.

**Explanation:** The recovery plan validation status that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU093S The specification state is invalid; unrecognized result object class class encountered.

**Explanation:** The specification state is invalid; an unrecognized result object class that is identified in the message was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU094S Connection decryption key not initialized.

**Explanation:** The connection decryption key was not initialized.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU095S Connection encryption key not initialized.

**Explanation:** The connection encryption key was not initialized.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYU096E Decryption error.** (message-text)

**Explanation:** There was a decryption error. See the error message text for more information.

#### **ARYU097E** Encryption error. (message-text)

**Explanation:** There was an encryption error. See the error message text for more information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYU098E** Failed to create cipher. (message-text)

**Explanation:** Failed to create cipher. See the error message text for more information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU099S Settings decryption key not initialized.

**Explanation:** The settings decryption key was not initialized.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYU100S Settings encryption key not initialized.

**Explanation:** The settings encryption key was not initialized.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU101S The UTF-8 encoding is not supported on this platform.

**Explanation:** The UTF-8 encoding is not supported on this platform.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYU102E The base64 data is invalid.

**Explanation:** The base64 data is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU103E XML document creation failed. (message-text)

**Explanation:** XML document creation failed. See the message text for more information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU104E XML document parsing failed. (message-text)

**Explanation:** XML document parsing failed. See the message text for more information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU105E An XML syntax error was detected; no element was found at the root of the document.

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected; no element was found at the root of the document.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYU106E An XML schema violation was detected; expected root element element-expected, but found element-found instead.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. DB2 Recovery Expert expected the identified root element but found the other identified element instead.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU107E XML document generation failed. (message-text)

**Explanation:** XML document generation failed. See the message text for more information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYU108S The UTF-8 encoding is not supported on this platform.

**Explanation:** The UTF-8 encoding is not supported on this platform.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU109E An XML schema violation was detected; value *value* is not a valid integer value.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The identified value is not a valid integer value.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU110E An XML schema violation was detected; value *value* is not a valid boolean value.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The identified value is not a valid boolean value.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU111S Object instantiation failure. (*message-text*)

**Explanation:** Object instantiation failure. See the message text for more information.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYU112E An XML schema violation was detected; element element child child-number has the wrong type.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected; the element that is identified in the message has the wrong type.

### ARYU113E • ARYU126E

### ARYU113E An XML schema violation was detected; element name *element* is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected; the element that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYU114E An XML schema violation was detected; element element value value is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected; the element that is identified in the message is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYU115E An XML schema violation was detected; required element element child child-element is not present.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected; the required element that is identified in the message is not present.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYU116E An XML schema violation was detected; required element *element* attribute *attribute* is not present.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected; a required element that is identified in the message is not present.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU117S An unexpected error occurred: no message text is available.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred: no message text is available.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYU118I** The JCL was exported to *file-name*.

**Explanation:** The JCL was exported to the file that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU119I Are you sure that you want to discard the changes that you have made?

**Explanation:** This message ensures that you want to discard the changes that you have made.

**User response:** Confirm that you want to discard the changes that you have made or cancel the changes.

### ARYU120I The JCL has changed. Do you want to save the changes?

**Explanation:** This message identifies that the JCL has changed and ensures that you want to save the changes.

**User response:** Confirm whether you want to save the changes.

ARYU121E You are not authorized to open specification. Do you want to make a copy instead?

**Explanation:** You are not allowed to access or edit the specification, but you are allowed to make a copy.

User response: Make a copy.

ARYU122EI You are not authorized to rename *specification*.\n\n. Do you want to make a copy instead?

**Explanation:** You are not allowed to access or edit the specification, but are allowed to make a copy.

User response: Make a copy.

```
ARYU123E An error occurred while opening specification.
```

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU124W The size of the result file is *number* bytes. Do you want to view the entire file?

**Explanation:** The size of the file is greater than the file size trigger in the options menu.

**User response:** Confirm whether you want to view the entire file.

# ARYU125I The job results were exported to *file-name*.

**Explanation:** The job results were exported to the file that is identified in the message.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYU126E An error occurred while exporting the job results.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while exporting the job results.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU127E An error occurred while retrieving the job results.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the job results.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

#### ARYU128E An unexpected error occurred.

Explanation: An unexpected error occurred.

User response: Contact DB2 Recovery Expert

### ARYU129I The list of passwords has been reset.

Explanation: The list of passwords has been reset.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYU130W Help is not available for the current filter type.

**Explanation:** Help is not available for the current filter type.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYU131W You cannot close until the specification has been completely saved.

**Explanation:** You must finish saving before closing the window.

**User response:** An advisor window can not be closed while a save is occurring. Cancel the save or wait for the save to complete before attempting to close the window.

#### ARYU132I specification was saved.

**Explanation:** The specification that is identified in the message was saved.

User response: No action is required.

## ARYU133W Changes made to the specification during this session may be lost.

**Explanation:** Changes that you made to the specification during this session may be lost.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYU134I The specification has changed. Do you want to save the changes?

**Explanation:** The specification has changed and you are asked if you want to save the changes.

**User response:** Confirm whether you want to save the changes.

### ARYU1351 A task is in progress for this specification. You must either save the specification or cancel the task. Do you want to save the specification?

**Explanation:** There is a task in progress for this specification, so you must either save the specification or cancel the task.

**User response:** Specify whether you want to save the specification.

# **ARYU136I** Are you sure that you want to delete *specification*?

**Explanation:** Confirmation message for deleting the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Specify whether you want to delete the specification.

**ARYU137I** From-specification was copied as to-specification.

**Explanation:** Confirmation message for copying the specification that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

# **ARYU138I** From-specification was copied as to-specification.

**Explanation:** Confirmation message for copying the specification that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYU139I** specification was exported to file-name.

**Explanation:** Confirmation message for exporting the specification that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYU140W The specification refers to an unrecognized location. You must select a different location in order to continue.

**Explanation:** The specification being opened uses either a location that is not currently available to the server or that is invalid.

**User response:** You are prompted to select a valid location.

## ARYU141W You must close all open advisor windows before exiting.

**Explanation:** All advisor windows should be closed before attempting to exit from Recovery Expert or before disconnecting from the server.

**User response:** You must close all open advisor windows before exiting.

### ARYU142W • ARYU155E

# ARYU142W The list of objects displayed has been truncated due to the filter limit specified.

**Explanation:** The number of objects exceeds the filter limit.

**User response:** Increase the specified filter limit to increase the number of objects returned or edit the filter in an effort to reduce the number of objects returned.

# ARYU143E An error occurred while exporting the JCL.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while exporting the JCL.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU144E An error occurred while opening *specification*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU145E An error occurred while determining the task start time.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while determining the task start time.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU146E An error occurred while cancelling a request.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while cancelling a request.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU147E An error occurred while opening a new log analysis advisor.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening a new Log Analysis Advisor.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

#### ARYU148S An unexpected internal error occurred.

**Explanation:** An unexpected internal error occurred.

User response: Contact DB2 Recovery Expert.

# ARYU149E An error occurred while copying the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while copying the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU150E An error occurred while deleting the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while deleting the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU151E An error occurred while exporting the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while exporting the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU152E An error occurred while importing the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while importing the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU153E An error occurred while renaming the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while renaming the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU154E An error occurred while closing the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while closing the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU155E An error occurred while saving the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while saving the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU156E An error occurred while listing the specifications.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while listing the specifications.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU157E An error occurred while listing the available database locations.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while listing the available database locations.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU158E An error occurred while retrieving the status of the location.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the status of the location.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU159E An error occurred while listing the objects.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while listing the objects.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU160E An error occurred while retrieving the properties of the object.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the properties of the object.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU161E An error occurred while resuming the state of the specification.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while resuming the state of the specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU162E An error occurred while validating the selected point in time.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while validating the selected point in time.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU163E An error occurred while generating recovery plans.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while generating recovery plans.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU164E An error occurred while running the recovery plan.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while running the recovery plan.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU165E An error occurred while validating the recovery plan.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while validating the recovery plan.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU166E An error occurred while generating JCL for the recovery plan.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while generating JCL for the recovery plan.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU167E An error occurred while generating JCL for the quiet time analysis.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while generating JCL for the quiet time analysis.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU168E An error occurred while performing the quiet time analysis.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while performing the quiet time analysis.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU169E An unexpected error occurred while making a copy of a specification.

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred while making a copy of a specification.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU170E • ARYU183E

#### **ARYU170E** Caused by: message-text (class-name)

**Explanation:** This message gives more details about a preceding message.

**User response:** See the message text for more information.

#### **ARYU171E** Caused by: (class-name)

**Explanation:** This message gives more details about a preceding message.

**User response:** See the message text for more information.

ARYU1721 *file-name* already exists. Do you want to replace it?

**Explanation:** This message identifies that the file already exists and ensures that you want to replace it.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYU173I** XML: S->C: *xml-trace* 

Explanation: XML trace message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYU174I XML: C->S: xml-trace

Explanation: XML trace message.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYU175E The specified job cards are invalid. The job name is not all uppercase characters.

**Explanation:** You have specified a job name that is not in uppercase characters. Job names are required to be in uppercase characters.

**User response:** Change your job name to uppercase characters and retry.

### ARYU175I DB2 Recovery Expert client started.

Explanation: DB2 Recovery Expert client started.

User response: No action is required.

### **ARYU176I** Build date client *date*.

**Explanation:** The build date of the client.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYU177I DB2 Recovery Expert client terminating.

Explanation: DB2 Recovery Expert client terminating.User response: No action is required.

### ARYU178W You cannot close until the specification has finished opening.

**Explanation:** An advisor window cannot be closed while a specification is being opened. Cancel the opening or wait for the opening to complete before attempting to close the window.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYU179E An error occurred while issuing the command.

**Explanation:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYU180E DB2 command command-text failed with return code = return-code and reason code = reason-code.

**Explanation:** A DB2 error with the specified return and reason codes occurred while issuing the specified command.

**User response:** See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the return and reason codes.

#### ARYU181W The request was interrupted.

**Explanation:** A task that was running was interrupted. This is usually caused by a specification being closed before a task is completed.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYU182I System-level recovery is not performed directly from this user interface. After generating JCL for the recovery plan, additional instructions for completing the recovery will display.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that the process for running a system-level recovery is different from other types of recovery. Rather than simply submitting one or more jobs from the DB2 Recovery Expert user interface, system-level recovery requires additional manual steps. After generating JCL, the System Recovery Instructions dialog box displays, describing the required steps.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYU183E The from date/time must be earlier than the current date/time.

**Explanation:** This message indicates that you specified an from date and time that is later than the current date and time.

**User response:** Specify a from date and time that is earlier than the current time and retry.

#### ARYU184E No agents online.

**Explanation:** The DB2 Recovery Expert server attempted to communicate with an agent, but there are no agents currently running.

**User response:** Run the agent JCL to start an agent on the LPAR where the DB2 subsystem to which you want to connect resides.

# ARYU185E An error occurred while retrieving the list of backups.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the list of backups.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU186E An error occurred while retrieving the properties of the backup.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving the properties of the backup.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU188E The backup type value is invalid. Valid values are B(cv), S(NAP), F(lash), D(B2), and L (DFSMSdss).

**Explanation:** The backup type value is invalid. Valid values are:

- Specify F for FlashCopy
- S for SNAP backup
- Enter B for BCV backup
- Enter D for DB2 backup
- Enter L to specify DFSMSdss backup

User response: Enter a valid backup type value.

# ARYU189E An error occurred while generating JCL for the system restore job.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while generating JCL for the system restore job

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU190E An error occurred while deleting a backup.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while deleting a backup.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU191E An error occurred while generating offload JCL for the backup.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while generating offload JCL for the backup.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU192E An error occurred while running the offload JCL for the backup.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while running the offload JCL for the backup.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU193E An error occurred while running the system restore job.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while running the system restore job.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU194E An error occurred while retrieving data from the RBA Capture Utility.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving data from the RBA Capture Utility.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

### ARYU195E An error occurred while running the RBA timestamp to LRSN conversion utility.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while running the RBA timestamp to LRSN conversion utility.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU196E An error occurred while generating object restore DDL.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while generating object restore DDL.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU197E An error occurred while running the object restore DDL.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while running the object restore DDL.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

# ARYU198E An error occurred while running the object restore recovery JCL.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while running the object restore recovery JCL.

**User response:** This message provides context for an error reported by a subsequent message.

## ARYU199E An XML schema violation was detected; value *date* is not a valid date value.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The identified value is not a valid date value.

**User response:** Contact IBM Software Support customer support.

# ARYU200I Are you sure that you want to delete the selected backup?

**Explanation:** You must confirm that you want to delete the selected object in order to delete it.

**User response:** Click **OK** to delete the selected object or **Cancel** to cancel the deletion and return to the previous window.

ARYU200E Protocol verification has failed. The server reported a version of server-version and the client expected server-version or higher.

**Explanation:** A protocol error occurred; the server version of DB2 Recovery Expert is not compatible with the client version being run.

**User response:** Upgrade the DB2 Recovery Expert server to match the version specified in the error message.

### ARYU202E The specification has an unknown type.

**Explanation:** A specification was read but the program could not decipher its type.

**User response:** Contact IBM Software Support customer support.

# ARYU203E The recover to RBA/LRSN must be greater than RBA/LRSN of the selected backup.

**Explanation:** The Recover To RBA/LRSN specified is at a point prior to the RBA/LRSN of the selected backup. This is not allowed.

**User response:** Specify a recovery point RBA/LRSN equal to or greater than the listed RBA/LRSN, or choose an earlier backup.

# ARYU204I Are you sure that you want to delete the selected job?

**Explanation:** You must confirm that you want to delete the selected job in order to delete it.

**User response:** Click **OK** to delete the selected job or **Cancel** to cancel the deletion and return to the previous window.

### ARYU205I A specification must be saved at an active location, you must select a different location in order to continue.

**Explanation:** The location that you selected to save the specification is inactive.

**User response:** Choose an active location to save the specification.

ARYU206I DB2 subsystem subsystem id has been restarted and has issued the following WTOR: {1} CONDITIONAL RESTART RECORD INDICATES TRUNCATION AT RBA {2}. REPLY Y OR N. Do you wish to reply Yes to this request?

**Explanation:** Before the final job of a system restore runs, a message informs you that the DB2 subsystem restarted and issued the following WTOR.

**User response:** Reply to the WTOR. To complete the final job, you must reply Y.

ARYU240W The Include RI related objects option is switched off. If you do not include referential integrity related objects in generated recovery plans the restore may fail.

**Explanation:** From either the ISPF interface or the web browser interface, you have set the referential integrity recovery option to N.

**User response:** If you do not want to include the objects related by referential integrity then you do not need to do anything. This is a warning message and processing will continue. If you want to include the related objects you must set the recovery option back to Y using either the ISPF or web browser interface. Using the ISPF interface, set the recovery option **Include RI related objects** Y. Using the web browser interface select the **Include RI related objects** check box to include the additional objects in the recovery.

ARYU241W The Allow LOAD from full IC for recreated tables option is set to Y. This type of plan, when used for recreated tables, may fail in some cases.

**Explanation:** This is an informational message. It is informing you that the **Allow LOAD from full IC for recreated tables** option has been checked and the

**LOAD from full IC** recovery plan has been selected to recover recreated tables. In some cases, using this plan may fail.

**User response:** None is required if you want to go forward with using the **LOAD from full IC** recovery plan to recover recreated tables. Otherwise select another recovery plan.

**ARYV013I** Listening on port *port-number*.

**Explanation:** Identifies the port number that the server is listening to.

**User response:** None required.

ARYV014I The network connection has been disconnected.

**Explanation:** The network connection has been disconnected.

User response: None required.

#### ARYV015I Session session-id ended normally.

**Explanation:** The session that is identified in the message ended normally.

**User response:** None required.

#### **ARYV016I** Session session-id established.

**Explanation:** The session that is identified in the message has been established.

User response: None required.

## ARYV017E The maximum number of listen attempts has been reached.

**Explanation:** The server cannot open the client or agent port in order to listen for incoming requests.

**User response:** Ensure that the desired ports are specified in the server configuration file. Ensure that the specified ports are not in use by any other application.

#### ARYV018E Session session-id has ended abnormally.

**Explanation:** The session that is identified in the message has ended abnormally.

User response: Contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYV019E Invalid data received from client.

**Explanation:** This error can occur if an incorrect port has been specified in the agent/server configuration or a client is attempting to connect at an incorrect port.

**User response:** Check the port configuration in all the configuration files and verify that the client is

connecting at either the client-listener-port and/or the HTTP port (depending on the type of client being used).

ARYX014E An XML schema violation was detected; value \"value\" is not a valid boolean value.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected and the value that is identified in the message is not a valid boolean value.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support .

### ARYX015E An XML schema violation was detected; value \"value\" is not a valid double value.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected and the value that is identified in the message is not a valid double value.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYX016E An XML schema violation was detected; value \"value\" is not a valid integer value.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected and the value that is identified in the message is not a valid integer value.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX017E An XML syntax error was detected at offset offset; expected \"expected-value\", found \"found-value\".

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected at the offset that is identified in the message. The expected value and found value are also identified in the message.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX018E An XML schema violation was detected; required element \"element\" attribute \"attribute\" is not present.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The required element that is identified in the message is not present.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file

contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support

ARYX019E An XML schema violation was detected; required element \"element\" child \"child-element\" is not present.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The required element that is identified in the message is not present.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARYX020E** Memory allocation failed (number bytes).

**Explanation:** A memory allocation has failed.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX021E An XML schema violation was detected; element \"element\" child \"child-number\" has wrong type.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The element that is identified in the message has the wrong type.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX022E An XML syntax error was detected; character reference \"character-reference\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected. The character reference that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYX023E An XML syntax error was detected; entity reference \"entity-reference\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected. The entity reference that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX024E An XML syntax error was detected; more than one element was found at the root of the document.

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected; more than one element was found at the root of the document.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX025E An XML syntax error was detected; no element was found at the root of the document.

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected; no element was found at the root of the document.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX026E An XML syntax error was detected; text was found at the root of the document.

**Explanation:** An XML syntax error was detected; text was found at the root of the document.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX027E A severe error occurred during XML parsing; an unknown exception occurred.

**Explanation:** A severe error occurred during XML parsing; an unknown exception occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYX028E The command line option \"option\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** The command line option that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** Correct the command line option and retry the operation. See the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment information in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for valid options.

# ARYX029EThe command line option \"option\"value \"value\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** The command line option that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** Correct the command line option and retry the operation. See the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment information in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for valid options.

# ARYX030E The required command line option \"option\" was not specified.

**Explanation:** The required command line option that is identified in the message was not specified.

User response: Correct the command line option and

retry the operation. See the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment information in the DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide for valid options.

# ARYX031E A value is required for the command line option \"option\".

**Explanation:** You did not enter a value for the command line option that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Specify a value for the command line option and retry the operation. See the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment information in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for valid options.

# ARYX032E Too many values were specified for the command line option \"option\".

**Explanation:** You entered too many values for the command line option that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Specify only one value for the command line option and retry the operation. See the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment information in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for valid options.

ARYX033E The command line option \"option \" does not accept any values.

**Explanation:** You entered a value for the command line option that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Correct the command line option and retry the operation. See the DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment information in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for valid options.

### ARYX034S A severe error occurred during command line processing; an unknown exception occurred.

**Explanation:** A severe error occurred during command line processing; an unknown exception occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX035E The operation completed successfully.

Explanation: The operation completed successfully.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYX036E The address family is not supported by the protocol family (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The address family is not supported by the protocol family.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX037E The operation is still in progress (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The operation that is identified in the message is still in progress.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYX038E Permission is denied** (*socket-return-code*).

**Explanation:** Permission is denied.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYX039E** The network is down (socket-return-code).

Explanation: The network is down.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX040E No buffer space is available (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** No buffer space is available.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX041E Too many sockets have been opened (socket-return-code).

Explanation: Too many sockets have been opened.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX042E The protocol is not supported (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The protocol is not supported.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX043E The WSAStartup routine was not called (socket-return-code).

Explanation: The WSAStartup routine was not called.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX044E The protocol is the wrong type for the socket (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The protocol is the wrong type for the socket.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX045E The socket type is not supported (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The socket type is not supported.

### ARYX046E • ARYX062E

ARYX046E	The destination network is unreachable
	(socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The destination network is unreachable.

**User response:** Ensure that the correct host name or IP address was specified.

ARYX047E The socket handle is invalid (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The socket handle is invalid.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX048E The address is already in use (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The address is already in use.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### **ARYX049E** The function call was interrupted (*socket-return-code*).

Explanation: The function call was interrupted.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYX050E** The requested address is not available (socket-return-code).

Explanation: The requested address is not available.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX051E The connection was aborted (*socket-return-code*).

**Explanation:** The connection was aborted.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX052E The connection was refused by the partner (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The connection was refused by the partner.

**User response:** Ensure that the correct port number was specified, and that the partner application has been started and is available.

# ARYX053E The connection was reset by the partner (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The partner application terminated the network connection.

**User response:** If this is unexpected, diagnose the other application's failure. Otherwise, no action is required.

ARYX054E The network message is too long (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The network message is too long.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX055E The network dropped the connection when reset (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The network dropped the connection when reset.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX056E An invalid parameter was specified (socket-return-code).

Explanation: An invalid parameter was specified.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX057E The socket is not connected (socket-return-code).

Explanation: The socket is not connected.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX058E The operation is not supported (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The operation is not supported.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX059E The socket has been closed (socket-return-code).

**Explanation:** The socket has been closed.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

- **ARYX060E** The socket is already connected (socket-return-code).
- Explanation: The socket is already connected.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX061S An unknown error occurred (socket-return-code).

Explanation: An unknown error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX062E A socket error occurred on \"socket-operation\": message-text

**Explanation:** A socket error occurred on the operation that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

ARYX063E A socket select error occurred: message-text

**Explanation:** A socket select error occurred. Additional message text is also displayed.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

### ARYX064E An XML schema violation was detected; expected root element \"element-expected\", but found \"element-found\" instead.

Explanation: An XML schema violation was detected.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX066E An XML schema violation was detected; element \"element\" value \"value\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The element that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYX067E An XML schema violation was detected; element name \"element\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The element name that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX068E An XML schema violation was detected; element name \"element-found\" is invalid (expected \"element-expected\").

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The element name that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX071E An error occurred while invoking the subsystem interface (RC =*return-code*).

**Explanation:** The specified return code was returned by the MVS subsystem interface when trying to query job status or results.

**User response:** See *MVS Using the Subsystem Interface* for more information about the return code.

### ARYX072E An error occurred while invoking the SYSOUT API (SSOBRETN = return-code, SSS2REAS = reason-code).

**Explanation:** The specified return code was returned by the MVS subsystem interface when trying to query job status or results.

**User response:** See *MVS Using the Subsystem Interface* for more information about the return code.

### ARYX074E An abend occurred: abendcode

**Explanation:** This message indicates that a system and/or a user abend has occurred. Additional diagnostic information may be present in the message when applicable.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX075E An abend occurred: system-code/user-code

**Explanation:** This message indicates that a system and/or a user abend has occurred. Additional diagnostic information may be present in the message when applicable.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX076E An XML schema violation was detected; element \"element\" attribute \"attribute\" value \"value\" is invalid.

**Explanation:** An XML schema violation was detected. The element that is identified in the message is invalid.

**User response:** If the error occurred while reading the agent or server configuration file, correct the file contents. Otherwise, contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX077E A DB2 attachment facility error occurred: function = function-code, RC = return-code, reason = reason-code.

**Explanation:** A DB2 attachment facility error occurred.

**User response:** An error occurred while performing a DB2 attachment function. See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the return and reason codes.

# ARYX078E An error occurred while opening the DB2 load libraries: RC = *return-code*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the DB2 load libraries.

**User response:** Ensure that the correct list of load libraries for the DB2 subsystem is configured in the product control file, using sample job ARYSJ001. See

### ARYX079E • ARYX092E

*DFSMS Macro Instructions For Data Sets* for more information about the return code.

ARYX079E An error occurred while attaching the DB2 attachment facility subtask: RC = return-code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while attaching the DB2 attachment facility subtask.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYX080S The DB2 attachment facility subtask ended unexpectedly: RC = return-code.

**Explanation:** The DB2 attachment facility subtask ended unexpectedly.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX081E An SQL error occurred: SQL code = sql-code, SQL state = sql-state

Explanation: An SQL error occurred.

**User response:** See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the SQL code and SQL state values.

#### ARYX082E The input DB2 command is too long.

**Explanation:** The input DB2 command is too long.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYX083E An error occurred while making an IFI function-code call: IFCARC1 = return-code, IFACRC2 = reason-code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while making an IFI call.

**User response:** See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the SQL code and SQL state values.

### ARYX084E Insufficient data was returned from an IFI call.

**Explanation:** Insufficient data was returned from an IFI call.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX085E A dynamic allocation error occurred: info code = *info-code*, error code = *error-code*.

**Explanation:** A dynamic allocation error occurred.

**User response:** See *MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for more information about the specified info and error codes.

#### **ARYX086E** A dynamic concatenation error occurred: info code = *info-code*, error code = *error-code*.

**Explanation:** A dynamic concatenation error occurred.

**User response:** See *MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for more information about the specified info and error codes.

ARYX087E A dynamic free error occurred: info code = info-code, error code = error-code.

**Explanation:** A dynamic free error occurred.

**User response:** See *MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for more information about the specified info and error codes.

ARYX088E An invalid dynamic allocation parameter was specified: code = parm-code.

**Explanation:** An invalid dynamic allocation parameter was specified.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX089E The specified user ID *user-id* and password are invalid.

**Explanation:** You entered a user ID and password that are invalid.

**User response:** Correct the user ID and password and retry the operation.

# **ARYX090E** The specified password for user ID *user-id* has expired.

**Explanation:** The specified password for the user ID that is identified in the message has expired.

**User response:** Use native facilities to change your password, then retry the operation.

ARYX091E Access for the specified user ID *user-id* has been revoked.

**Explanation:** Access for the specified user ID that is identified in the message has been revoked.

**User response:** See your security administrator to get your user ID reinstated.

ARYX092E An error occurred while performing authentication: SAF RC = saf-return-code, RC = return-code, RSN = reason-code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while performing authentication.

## **ARYX093S An unexpected error occurred** (*file-name*, *line-number*).

- Explanation: An unexpected error occurred.
- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.
- ARYX094S An unexpected error occurred with token \"token, \" (file-name, ).
- Explanation: An unexpected error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

- ARYX095S An unexpected error occurred with tokens \"token\" and \"token\" (file-name, line-number).
- Explanation: An unexpected error occurred.
- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX096S An unexpected error occurred with tokens \"token, token \" and \"token\" (file-name, line-number).

**Explanation:** An unexpected error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX097S An unexpected error occurred with tokens \"token, token, token, \" and \"token\" (file-name, line-number.

- Explanation: An unexpected error occurred.
- User response: Contact IBM Software Support.
- ARYX098E A thread error occurred on \"thread-operation\": message-text
- Explanation: A thread error occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX101E An event error occurred on \"event-operation \": message-text

**Explanation:** An event error occurred.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

ARYX104E A mutex error occurred on \"mutex-operation\": message-text

Explanation: A mutex error occurred.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

ARYX109E	A semaphore error occurred on
	\"semaphore-operation\": message-text

Explanation: A semaphore error occurred.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

ARYX110I The network connection has been disconnected.

**Explanation:** The network connection has been disconnected.

User response: No action is required.

ARYX111E An SQL error occurred with SQL code = sql-code and SQL state = sql-state. SQL message text follows: message-text

**Explanation:** An SQL error occurred and SQL message text is displayed.

**User response:** See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the SQL code and SQL state values.

**ARYX112E** An SQL error occurred with SQL code = sql-code and SQL state = sql-state.

**Explanation:** An SQL error occurred.

**User response:** See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the SQL code and SQL state values.

**ARYX113E** An SQL error occurred with SQL code = sql-code and SQL state = sql-state.

Explanation: An SQL error occurred.

**User response:** See *DB2 Messages and Codes* for more information about the SQL code and SQL state values.

ARYX114E A dynamic allocation query error occurred: info code = *info-code*, error code = *error-code*.

**Explanation:** A dynamic allocation query error occurred.

**User response:** See *MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for more information about the specified info and error codes.

 
 ARYX115E
 An input command error occurred on \"command-operation\": message-text

Explanation: An input command error occurred.

#### ARYX116I Received input command: command.

**Explanation:** Received input command.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYX117E Excessive data was encountered in the ASN.1 data stream.

**Explanation:** Excessive data was encountered in the ASN.1 data stream.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYX118E Insufficient data was encountered in the ASN.1 data stream.

**Explanation:** Insufficient data was encountered in the ASN.1 data stream.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX119E An unsupported ASN.1 feature was encountered.

**Explanation:** An unsupported ASN.1 feature was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX120E Invalid DES-encrypted data was encountered.

**Explanation:** Invalid DES-encrypted data was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYX121E Invalid DES-encrypted data was encountered (pad = pad-value).

**Explanation:** Invalid DES-encrypted data was encountered.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYX122I Build date** *component* = *date*.

**Explanation:** Identifies the build date of the component that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYX123W The action was cancelled.

**Explanation:** The operation was cancelled due to user or administrator request.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYX124E The task is not running APF-authorized.

**Explanation:** The task is not running APF-authorized. The DB2 Recovery Expert load library, and the load libraries for all of the DB2 subsystems accessed, must be APF-authorized.

**User response:** See *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for more information about the agent and the required configuration steps.

#### ARYX125E An error occurred while retrieving product configuration data: RC = return-code.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while retrieving product configuration data.

**User response:** Ensure that a product control file has been created and loaded using sample jobs ARYSJ000 and ARYSJ001, and that it is allocated to the DB2PARMS DD.

ARYX126E A DLL error occurred on \"dll-operation\": message-text

**Explanation:** A DLL error occurred on the operation that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYX127S An error occurred while opening log file \"file-name\".

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the log file that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

### ARYX128E An error occurred while submitting the job: RC = *return-code*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while submitting the job.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYX129I** Job *job-id* was submitted.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message was submitted.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYX130E An ICSF cryptographic error occurred: API = apiname, RC = returncode, REASON = reason.

**Explanation:** The Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility fails on *apiname*. For additional diagnostic information see the return code and reason as explained in the message text.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

#### ARYX133I Location: LINE = <line number>, COL = <column-number>, system\_id = <system-id>

**Explanation:** This message provides additional information about the XML schema violation. It shows *<line number>, <column-number>,* and *<system-id>* where the error has occurred.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to correct invalid XML if this is available or contact support.

# ARYX136W ICSF cryptographic services are not available.

**Explanation:** The warning specifies that the Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility is not available.

**User response:** No action is required since native encryption methods will be used instead of ICSF.

# ARYX137W The specified resource resourcename is not protected by RACF.

**Explanation:** The warning specifies the profile *resourcename* that is used for authentication is not protected by RACF.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

## ARYX138E The user *userid* is not authorized to access the resource *resourcename*.

**Explanation:** An error occurs because the specified user is not authorized to access the resource *resourcename*.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

### ARYX139E An error occurred while authorizing user userid: SAF RC = saf-rc, RC = returncode, RSN = reason.

**Explanation:** An error occurs while authorizing user. For additional diagnostic information see the recode code and reason explanation.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

# ARYX140E An error occurred while opening the configuration file *filename message-text*.

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the configuration file identified in the message. Additional error information is also contained within the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error that occurred. Specify a valid configuration file that is not in use by any other process.

# **ARYX141E** A SSL error occurred on socket-operation: *message-text*.

**Explanation:** A SSL socket error occurred on the operation that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error that occurred.

**ARYX157E** Catalog Search Interface: error RC = return-code, RSN = reason-code

**Explanation:** The call to the Catalog Search Interface has ended with an error.

**User response:** Use the specified *return-code* and *reason-code* to diagnose the error using the *Catalog Search Interface User's Guide*.

### ARYX158E Catalog Search Interface: Invalid mask = mask

**Explanation:** An invalid filter key was provided to the Catalog Search Interface. This may indicate an invalid data set name in the catalog that is being searched.

User response: Fix filter key and try again.

### **ARYX159E** Unable to load module.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the Catalog Search Interface program can not load the specified module *module*.

**User response:** Check that the program is installed properly.

ARYX160E A dynamic allocation query error occurred: info code = *info-code*, error code = *error-code*, DD name = *dd-name*.

**Explanation:** A dynamic allocation query error occurred with the specified information code, error code, and DD name.

**User response:** See the *MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Guide* for more information about the specified information and error codes.

**ARYX161I SSL connection closed (RC =** *return-code*): *message-text*)

**Explanation:** Indicates that the SSL connection has been closed.

**User response:** No action is required. Use the specified message text to diagnose the reason.

### ARYX162W [SSL] *key-database-directory* can be read by any user in the same group as the owner.

**Explanation:** This message warns that the key database directory can be read by any user in the same group as the owner.

**User response:** No action is required. You can change directory permissions to be more secure if it is necessary.

# ARYX163W [SSL] *key-database-directory* can be read by any user.

**Explanation:** This message warns that the key database directory can be read by anyone.

**User response:** No action is required. You can change directory permissions to be more secure if it is necessary.

### ARYX164W [SSL] key-database-directory can be modified by any user in the same group as the owner.

**Explanation:** This message warns that the key database directory can be modified by any user in the same group as the owner.

**User response:** No action is required. You can change directory permissions to be more secure if it is necessary.

ARYX165W [SSL] *key-database-directory* can be modified by any user.

**Explanation:** This message warns that the key database directory can be modified by any user.

**User response:** No action is required. Change directory permissions to be more secure if it is necessary.

ARYX166W [SSL] *key-database-directory* is not owned by *user-name*.

**Explanation:** This message warns that the key database directory is not owned by the current user.

**User response:** No action is required. Change directory permissions to be more secure if it is necessary.

## ARYX168I ICSF cryptographic services are available.

**Explanation:** Indicates that ICSF (cryptographic services) are available.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYX183E The number of file descriptors (sockets) has exceeded maximum = number

**Explanation:** The active program holds too many file or socket descriptors and exceeded system maximum *number* .

**User response:** Contact your system administrator or IBM Software Support.

ARYX184E [SSL] User user-name does not have the necessary permissions to read the key database database-name.

**Explanation:** User *user-name* does not have the necessary permissions to read the specified key database *database-name*.

**User response:** Check the necessary permissions for the key database file. The file must be readable by the user or group that is attempting to access it.

# ARYY001S The agent at *host-address* has unexpectedly disconnected.

**Explanation:** The agent at the host-address that is identified in the message has unexpectedly disconnected.

**User response:** Check the agent's log for any errors and contact IBM Software Support if needed.

### ARYY002I Received command acknowledgment.

Explanation: Received command acknowledgment.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYY003I Received command response.

Explanation: Received command response.

**User response:** No action is required.

**ARYY005E** Location location-name does not exist on machine-name.

**Explanation:** The location that is identified in the message does not exist.

**User response:** Verify that the identified subsystem or data sharing group exists on the identified machine.

### ARYY008E The configuration file *file-name* is invalid; the root element *element* is not *<server-config>*.

**Explanation:** The contents of the specified configuration file are invalid.

**User response:** Correct the file contents to specify *<server-config>* as the root XML element.

# ARYY009E An error occurred while opening the configuration file *file-name*. *message-text*

**Explanation:** An error occurred while opening the configuration file that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Review the message text for more information about the error that occurred. Specify a valid configuration file which is not in use by any other process.

#### **ARYY009E** Message with ID = *id* does not exist.

**Explanation:** The message with the ID that is identified in the message does not exist.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYY011E A task is in progress for .

**Explanation:** The specification could not be deleted or renamed because it has an active related job to be viewed by the user.

**User response:** Either wait for the job to end, or open the specification and cancel the job before deleting the specification.

ARYY012E Received an acknowledgment with sequence = sequence-id and ID = request-id from an agent session with ID = session-id.

**Explanation:** Received an acknowledgment that is identified in the message from an agent session.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARYY013E Received a data message from an agent session with ID = session-id.

**Explanation:** Received a data message from an agent session with the ID that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY014E Received a negative acknowledgment with sequence = from an agent session with ID = session-id.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received a negative acknowledgment from an agent session that is identified in the message.

**User response:** No action is required.

### ARYY015E Received a report with type = type from an agent session with ID = session-id.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received a report from an agent that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY016I Received request with sequence = sequence-id and type = type from client session session-id.

**Explanation:** Recovery Expert received a request from the client session that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY017I Received a response with ID = *id*, type = *type*, and final indicator = *indicator* from an agent session with ID = *session-id*.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received a response from an agent session that is identified in the message.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### **ARYY019E** specification is already open.

**Explanation:** The specification that is identified in the message is already open.

**User response:** Switch to the specification's active window rather than trying to open the specification a second time.

**ARYY020E** specification is in use by user-id at host-address.

**Explanation:** The specification is in use by a user that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Contact the specified user to coordinate use of the specification, or use a different specification.

**ARYY021E** specification is not open.

**Explanation:** The specification that is identified in the message is not open.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYY022I DB2 Recovery Expert server started.

Explanation: DB2 Recovery Expert server started.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY023I (CT request-id) Task started.

Explanation: Task started.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYY024E** (CT request-id) Error: message-text

**Explanation:** Message text identifies the error and the request ID.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

### ARYY025I • ARYY040I

ARYY025I (CT request-id) Task ended.

**Explanation:** Task ended.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARYY026I (CT request-id) Started processing request with sequence = sequence-id and type = type.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert started processing the request that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY027I (CT request-id) Completed processing request with sequence = sequence-id and type = type.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert completed processing the request that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYY028E (CT request-id) Task does not exist.

Explanation: Task does not exist.

User response: IBM Software Support.

# ARYY029I DB2 Recovery Expert server is terminating normally.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert server is terminating normally.

**User response:** No action is required.

# ARYY030E DB2 Recovery Expert server is terminating due to prior errors.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert server is terminating due to prior errors.

**User response:** See preceding messages to determine why the server is terminating.

ARYY031E An invalid request type \"request-id\" was received.

**Explanation:** An invalid request type that is identified in the message was received.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYY032E Invalid data was received from an agent: *data*.

**Explanation:** Invalid data that is identified in the message was received from an agent.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYY033I DB2 Recovery Expert is terminating. Please end your session.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is terminating.

User response: End your session.

ARYY034E An invalid report type \"report-id\" was received.

**Explanation:** An invalid report type that is identified in the message was received.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYY035I (AT request-id) Task started.

Explanation: Task started.

**User response:** No action is required.

**ARYY036I** (AT request-id) Error: message-text.

**Explanation:** Message text identifies the error and the request ID.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose the error.

ARYY037I (AT request-id) Task ended.

Explanation: Task ended.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARYY038I (AT request-id) Sent request. agent-info {id=agent-id}; request-info {type=request-type,sequence=sequence-id}

Explanation: Request sent.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY039I (AT request-id) Received ack. agent-info {id=agent-id}; nack-info {sequence=sequence-id, id=request-id}

Explanation: Acknowledgment received.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY040I (AT request-id) Received ack. agent-info {id=agent-id}; ack-info {sequence=sequence-id}

**Explanation:** Negative acknowledgment received.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY041I (AT request-id) Received response. agent-info {id=agent-id} ; response-info {id=request-id, final =indicator}

Explanation: Response received.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYY042I (AT request-id) Agent disconnected unexpectedly. agent-info {id=agent-id}

Explanation: Agent disconnected unexpectedly.

**User response:** Review the agent job output to determine why it disconnected unexpectedly.

#### ARYY043I Task was cancelled.

Explanation: Task was cancelled.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYY044S The agent for location *location-name* has unexpectedly disconnected.

**Explanation:** The agent for the location that is identified in the message has unexpectedly disconnected.

**User response:** Review the agent job output to determine why it disconnected unexpectedly.

#### ARYY045E Specification already exists.

**Explanation:** The specification already exists.

**User response:** Specify a different specification owner or name.

### **ARYY046E** The length of the \"parameter \" configuration parameter exceeds number.

**Explanation:** The length of the configuration parameter that is identified in the message exceeds the maximum allowable length.

**User response:** Specify a value for the configuration parameter which does not exceed the maximum allowable length.

### ARYY047E Specification authorization error.

Explanation: Specification authorization error.

**User response:** Specify a different specification owner, or contact the owner of the specification in order to complete the task.

### ARYY048I (ACP) Received command command.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert received the command that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY049I (ACP) command -- Begin output.

**Explanation:** This is the beginning of the output from the command that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYY050I (ACP) command -- End output.

**Explanation:** This is the end of the output from the command that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYY051E (ACP) command not recognized.

**Explanation:** The command that is identified in the message is not recognized.

**User response:** Specify a command that is supported by the server. See *The DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment* in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for supported administrative commands.

# ARYY052E (ACP) command -- Unique specification ID not specified.

Explanation: The command is not properly formatted.

**User response:** See "The DB2 Recovery Expert for z/OS client/server environment" for supported administrative commands.

#### ARYY053E (ACP) command -- Session ID required.

**Explanation:** The command is not properly formatted.

**User response:** See *The DB2 Recovery Expert client/server environment* in the *DB2 Recovery Expert User Guide* for supported administrative commands.

# ARYY054I The administrator has requested that this session be ended. Please end your session.

**Explanation:** The administrator has requested that this session be ended.

User response: End your session.

**ARYY055I** Sending report with type = type to client with session id = session-id.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert is sending the report that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY056E Protocol verification has failed. The client reported a version of version-number and the server expected version-number or higher.

Explanation: This error occurs if there is a mismatch

between the client version and the server version and the mismatch would cause unpredictable results.

**User response:** Please verify that the version of the server and the client is the same.

### ARYY057E Specified interface stack-name (IP address ipaddress, index index can not be configured for multicasting.

**Explanation:** Attempt to configure specified network interface for multicasting fails.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

# ARYY058I No interfaces are available for multicasting.

**Explanation:** There are no network interfaces in the system available for multicasting.

User response: Contact your product administrator.

ARYY059I Attempting to configure multicasting at interface *ip-stack-name@interface-name* (IP address IP address, index. Multicasting group address *multicast-address*.

**Explanation:** Server is attempting to configure specified network interface to send announcements for multicast group *multicast-address*.

User response: No action is required.

ARYY060I Attempt to configure multicasting at default interface. Multicasting group address multicast-address.

**Explanation:** Server is attempting to configure default network interface to send announcements for multicast group *multicast-address*.

User response: No action is required.

# ARYY061I Multicasting has been configured successfully.

**Explanation:** Indicates that multicasting has been configured successfully.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYY062I Attempting to send multicast packet.

**Explanation:** Server is attempting to send multicast announcement.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYY063I Multicast packet sent successfully.

**Explanation:** Server multicast announcements sent successfully.

User response: No action is required.

### ARYY064I Attempting to enumerate network interfaces.

**Explanation:** Server is attempting to enumerate network interfaces to send multicast announcements.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYY065I Discovered number interfaces.

**Explanation:** Server discovered a number of network interfaces represented by *number* which can be used to send server announcements.

**User response:** No action is required.

ARYY066I (AT agent-task-id) Received raw packet. agent-info {id=agent-id}

**Explanation:** Specifies that the server has received a raw packet from the agent.

User response: No action is required.

ARYZ001E A callable services abend *abend-code* has occurred.

**Explanation:** A callable services abend has occurred.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYZ002E GPRS** register-register: value value value .

Explanation: An abend has occurred.

**User response:** No action is required. Preceding and/or following messages provide more information about the abend that occurred.

### ARYZ003E Active module not found.

**Explanation:** The active module was not found.

**User response:** No action is required. Preceding and/or following messages provide more information about the abend that occurred.

### ARYZ004E Active module = module-name, load point = address, offset = offset.

Explanation: An abend has occurred.

**User response:** No action is required. Preceding and/or following messages provide more information about the abend that occurred.

#### **ARYZ005E PSW** = *psw-contents*.

**Explanation:** An abend has occurred.

**User response:** No action is required. Preceding and/or following messages provide more information about the abend that occurred.

ARYZ007E Callable service invocation failed with return code = return-code and reason code = reason-code.

**Explanation:** A callable service invocation failed with a return code and reason code that are identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support

ARYZ008E ARYCSI SQL code = sql-code, reason code = reason-code.

**Explanation:** An SQL error has occurred.

**User response:** See "DB2 Messages and Codes" for more information about the specified SQL code and SQL state values. Ensure that the product packages have been bound at the connected location.

### **ARYZ009E** The data set *data-set-name* does not exist on volume volume.

**Explanation:** The specified image copy or log data set is recorded as being cataloged on the specified volume, but it does not exist on that volume.

**User response:** Regenerate recovery plans. You may need to take a new image copy with the COPY utility to replace the missing data set.

## **ARYZ010E** The data set *data-set-name* is not cataloged.

**Explanation:** The specified image copy or log data set is recorded as being cataloged, but it is not cataloged.

**User response:** Regenerate recovery plans. You may need to take a new image copy with the COPY utility to replace the missing data set.

# ARYZ011E The image copy data set *data-set-name* does not exist on volume *volume*.

**Explanation:** The specified image copy data set is recorded as being cataloged on the specified volume, but it does not exist on that volume.

**User response:** Regenerate recovery plans. You may need to take a new image copy with the COPY utility to replace the missing data set.

### ARYZ012E The image copy data set *data-set-name* is not cataloged.

**Explanation:** The specified image copy data set is recorded as being cataloged, but it is not cataloged.

**User response:** Regenerate recovery plans. You may need to take a new image copy with the COPY utility to replace the missing data set.

#### ARYZ013E None of the image copies are enabled.

**Explanation:** Image copy options node does not specify a valid image copy. At least one of the image copy traditional types must be specified.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

# ARYZ014E Image copy type <type-string> already specified.

**Explanation:** Duplicated image copy of specified type found..

**User response:** Pass data without duplicated image copies.

# ARYZ015E The log data set *data-set-name* does not exist on volume *volume*.

**Explanation:** The specified DB2 log data set is recorded as being cataloged on the specified volume, but it does not exist on that volume.

User response: Regenerate recovery plans.

# ARYZ016E The log data set *data-set-name* is not cataloged.

**Explanation:** The specified log data set is recorded as being cataloged, but it is not cataloged.

User response: Regenerate recovery plans.

#### ARYZ017E No objects to recover were found.

**Explanation:** There are no recovery plans available for the selected objects.

**User response:** Attempt to resolve this issue using the information available in the documentation under "No recovery plans generated". If unable to do so, contact IBM Software Support .

## **ARYZ018E** The following objects are unrecoverable: *object-list*

**Explanation:** The objects in the list are unrecoverable.

**User response:** Attempt to resolve this issue using the information available in the documentation under "No recovery plans generated". If unable to do so, contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYZ019E objectname doesn't exist.

**Explanation:** The object was not found in DB2 and may have been either typed incorrectly or dropped from DB2.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the object name and its existence in the specified DB2 subsystem.

#### **ARYZ021E** Specification already exists.

**Explanation:** The specification that is identified in the message already exists.

**User response:** Specify a different specification owner or name.

### **ARYZ022E** Specification does not exist.

**Explanation:** The specification that is identified in the message does not exist.

**User response:** Specify the owner and name of a specification that does exist.

### **ARYZ023E** You are not authorized to delete *specification*.

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to delete the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** See the owner of the specification to delete the specification.

# **ARYZ024E** You are not authorized to open *specification*.

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to open the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** See the owner of the specification to receive permission to open and use it.

## **ARYZ025E** You are not authorized to save *specification*.

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to save the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Specify a different owner when saving the specification.

ARYZ027E Job job-number (beginning with \"jcl-text ...\") has invalid job cards.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message has invalid job cards.

**User response:** Specify valid job cards in the job. The job cards must not exceed 72 characters in length, and must include a job name on the JOB statement.

**ARYZ030I** Invoking callable service service-name.

**Explanation:** Invoking a callable service that is identified in the message.

User response: No action is required.

ARYZ031I Returned from callable service service-name.

**Explanation:** Returned from a callable service that is identified in the message.

**User response:** No action is required.

**ARYZ032E** You are not authorized to rename *specification*.

**Explanation:** You are not authorized to rename the specification that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Contact the owner to rename the specification.

**ARYZ033E** A file read error occurred on *file-name*: *message-text*.

**Explanation:** A file read error has occurred on the file that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose why the specified file could not be read.

#### **ARYZ034E** The job *job-name I job-id* was abandoned.

**Explanation:** The specified job did not end in a timely fashion after it was cancelled.

**User response:** Use native JES facilities to check the status of the job, and take further actions if necessary.

### **ARYZ035E** The job *job-name l job-id* **abended** *abend-code*.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message abended.

**User response:** Use native JES facilities to check the status and review the output of the job to diagnose the error.

**ARYZ036E** The job *job-name I job-id* was cancelled.

**Explanation:** The job was cancelled due to a user request.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYZ037E** The job *job-name / job-id* did not run.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message did not run.

User response: Use native JES facilities to check the
status and review the output of the job to diagnose the error. Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYZ038E** The job *job-name | job-id* ended with a JCL error.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message ended with a JCL error.

**User response:** Use native JES facilities to check the status and review the output of the job to diagnose the error. Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYZ039E** The job *job-name l job-id* ended with MAXCC = *max-cc*.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message ended with an error.

**User response:** Use native JES facilities to check the status and review the output of the job to diagnose the error. Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYZ040W The job job-name / job-id ended with MAXCC =max-cc.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message ended with a warning.

**User response:** Use native JES facilities to check the status and review the output of the job to diagnose the warning. Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYZ041I The job *job-name l job-id* ended with MAXCC =max-cc.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message ended successfully.

User response: No action is required.

**ARYZ042E** The job *job-name I job-id* is running.

**Explanation:** The job that is identified in the message should have ended, but is still running.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYZ043E A severe error occurred while running job *job-name I job-id*.

**Explanation:** A severe error occurred while running job that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

**ARYZ044E** A file open error occurred on *file-name*: *message-text*.

**Explanation:** A file open error occurred on the file that is identified in the message.

**User response:** Use the specified message text to diagnose why the specified file could not be opened.

#### ARYZ045E The subsystem cannot be recovered because no system backups exist prior to the selected point in time.

**Explanation:** The subsystem cannot be recovered because no system backups exist prior to the selected point in time.

**User response:** Use the BACKUP SYSTEM utility to take a subsystem-level backup of the DB2 subsystem.

## ARYZ046E The specified timestamp is not within the scope of the log.

**Explanation:** You specified a timestamp that is not found within the log, most likely one in the future.

**User response:** Specify a timestamp prior to the current point in time.

ARYZ047E The specified log RBA is not within the scope of the log.

**Explanation:** You specified a log RBA that is not within the scope of the log.

**User response:** Specify a log RBA which is within the scope of the DB2 log.

## ARYZ048E The specified LRSN is not within the scope of the log.

**Explanation:** You specified an LRSN that is not within the scope of the log.

**User response:** Specify an LRSN that is within the scope of the DB2 log.

#### ARYZ049E ARYCSI SQL code = sql-code, reason code = reason-code. SQL message text follows: .

Explanation: An SQL error occurred.

**User response:** See "DB2 Messages and Codes" for more information about the specified SQL code and SQL state values. Ensure that the product packages have been bound at the connected location.

ARYZ050E The job *job-name I job-id* was deleted by JES or cancelled by the operator before execution.

**Explanation:** The job *job-name / job-id* was deleted by JES or cancelled by the operator before execution.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYZ051W Use of a SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy during recovery could result in SQL errors or duplicate rows in the table.

**Explanation:** A warning is displayed by the product if SHRLEVEL CHANGE copy is used during recovery.

User response: No action is required.

#### ARYZ052E Objects required for IBM Database Relationship Analyzer support have not been defined properly.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert views and/or tables required for IBM Database Relationship Analyzer support have not been defined.

**User response:** Verify that IBM Database Relationship Analyzer is installed and required DB2 Recovery Expert objects are defined using SAMPLIB member ARYDDLG.

#### ARYZ053E Objects required for IBM DB2 Automation Tool support have not been defined properly.

**Explanation:** DB2 Recovery Expert views and/or tables required for IBM DB2 Automation Tool support have not been defined.

**User response:** Verify IBM DB2 Automation Tool is installed and required DB2 Recovery Expert objects are defined using the Tools Customizer.

## ARYZ054I Discovered available backups for subsystem subsystem-id

**Explanation:** Discovered available backups for subsystem *subsystem-id*.

User response: No action is required.

## ARYZ055I System Restore and Backup Services is not configured properly.

**Explanation:** This message is always accompanied with another message regarding the specific configuration issue. In most cases, the agent JCL is missing a DD statement required for system restore and backup services.

**User response:** Check the agent JCL and add any missing DD statements required for supporting system restore and backup services.

## ARYZ056E Scanned log range with IDENT = *id* does not exist.

**Explanation:** The scanned log range was not found in DB2 and may have been either typed incorrectly or dropped from DB2.

User response: Verify the correctness of the scanned

log range *id* and its existence in the specified DB2 subsystem.

## ARYZ057E *user-id* is not authorized to delete scanned log range with IDENT = *id*.

**Explanation:** The *user-id* specified in the message text is not authorized to delete the scanned log range that is also identified in the message.

**User response:** Choose another authorized user to delete the specified scanned log range.

# ARYZ058E The combination of objects and patterns specified did not result in any valid list of objects.

**Explanation:** The list of objects and patterns specified in the include list and the list of objects and patterns specified in the exclude list yield no actual objects that can be included in the application profile.

**User response:** Modify the objects and patterns specified in the include list and the exclude list.

#### ARYZ059E Mask *dsn-maks* could not be resolved to an valid DSN. Encountered invalid character at *offset*.

**Explanation:** An error occurs when resolving the data set name using the *dsn-maks* specified at *offset*.

User response: Specify a valid DSN mask and retry.

#### ARYZ060E The following objects are not eligible for quiet time analysis: *object-list*

**Explanation:** The objects in the list are not eligible for quiet time analysis.

**User response:** Attempt to resolve this issue by generating quiet times for the specified objects. If unable to do so, contact IBM Software Support.

ARYZ061E Too many DBRM libraries have been specified. Maximum is *max-number*.

**Explanation:** The number of bind DBRM libraries that is specified in the user options XML exceeds the maximum value specified in *max-number*.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## **ARYZ062E** Set of recovery plans not found (SET\_ID = *set-id*).

**Explanation:** The recovery plan set was not found in DB2 and may have been either typed incorrectly or dropped from DB2.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the recovery plan *set-id* and its existence in the specified DB2 subsystem.

## ARYZ063E Recovery plan not found (SET\_ID = set-id; PLAN\_ID = plan-id).

**Explanation:** The recovery plan was not found in DB2 and may have been either typed incorrectly or dropped from DB2.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the recovery plan and its existence in the specified DB2 subsystem.

## **ARYZ064E** The length of the *<string>* parameter exceeds *<number>*.

**Explanation:** The length of the string parameter that is identified in the message exceeds the maximum allowable length.

**User response:** Specify a value for the string parameter which does not exceed the maximum allowable length.

## ARYZ065E Callable service invocation failed with return code = *rc*.

**Explanation:** A callable service invocation failed with a return code that is identified in the message.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

#### **ARYZ066E** A **#CIO error occurred**: *message-text*.

**Explanation:** An error described in the variable *message-text* occurs while invoking the #CIO service.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

## ARYZ067E Coordinated profile <creator>.<name> does not exist.

**Explanation:** The coordinated profile was not found in the catalog and may have been either typed incorrectly or dropped from the catalog.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the coordinated profile *<creator>.<name>* and its existence in the specified catalog.

## ARYZ068E Saved *number* quiet times for the coordinated profile.

**Explanation:** The specified number of quiet times were discovered for the coordinated profile and saved to the coordinated profile catalog.

**User response:** No action is required.

#### ARYZ069E No common quiet times were found.

**Explanation:** No entries were made in the coordinated profile catalog because no common quiet times were found for coordinated profile.

**User response:** Attempt to resolve this issue by generating quiet times for objects specified in the

coordinated profile. If unable to do so, contact IBM Software Support.

ARYZ070E Required parameter parameter-name was not found.

**Explanation:** Required input parameter was not found.

**User response:** Define values for all required input parameters.

ARYZ071I Retrieved <number> quiet times for <profile>.

**Explanation:** The number of quiet times as specified in the variable *<number>* were added to the Quiet Times Report for the profile *<profile>*.

User response: No action is required.

ARYZ072E Parameter cparameter-name has invalid
format: cparameter-value

Explanation: The specified input parameter is invalid.

**User response:** Specify a valid value for *<parameter-name>* and retry.

#### ARYZ073E Application profile <owner>.<name> is not associated with a coordinated profile.

**Explanation:** An error occurs while retrieving an application profile that is supposed to be associated with a coordinated profile.

**User response:** Verify the correctness of the application profile creator and name and its existence in the coordinated profile catalog.

#### ARYZ074I Coordinated application recovery has been disabled as *<dd-name>* DD is not allocated.

**Explanation:** Coordinated application recovery has been disabled because a valid *<dd-name>* statement is not allocated .

User response: No action is required.

ARYZ075E <owner>.<name> already exists on <ssid>.

**Explanation:** The specification already exists in the specified DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** Specify a unique name for the specification.

#### ARYZ076E • ARYZ090E

ARYZ076E All operations with <owner>.<name> are valid only on <ssid>.

**Explanation:** The specification *<owner>.<name>* can only be used on the specified DB2 subsystem.

**User response:** Access the specified DB2 subsystem to work with this specification.

## ARYZ078E The page number is out of range of the source number.

**Explanation:** The number specified for a paging request is out of range.

User response: Contact IBM Software Support.

ARYZ079I Data set <dataset-name> has been deleted.

**Explanation:** Specifies that the *<dataset-name>* has been deleted.

User response: No action is required.

ARYZ082E The log point <hex-value> has unknown type.

**Explanation:** Cannot determine the log point type because the log point value specified has the wrong format.

**User response:** Check the input. If you have not edited any field, contact IBM Software Support.

#### ARYZ083E Operation is not permitted: Specification <owner>.<name> is part of application group <parentowner>.<parent.name>.

**Explanation:** A request has been made to include the specified application profile *<owner>.<name>* in an application group *<parent-owner>.<parent.name>*. However the application profile is already included in the another application group. An application profile can only be a member of a single application group.

**User response:** Select a different application profile or a different application group.

#### ARYZ084E Application group specification <owner>.<name> contains an incorrect reference type.

**Explanation:** Application group can contain only specifications that have the same object-collection type.

**User response:** Exclude named specification from the application group and try again.

#### ARYZ085E Application collection specification <owner>.<name> already included in another application-group <parent-owner>.<parent-name>.

**Explanation:** Indicates that the selected application collection specification *<owner>.<name>* is included in another application group *<parent-owner>.<parent-name>*. An application collection specification can be a part of only one application group.

**User response:** Exclude named specification from the application group and try again.

## ARYZ086E Application group specification contains duplicate object collections.

**Explanation:** The application profiles that are included in the application group contain duplicate objects. The same object has been included for recovery in more than one application profile.

**User response:** Change the application profiles that you are including in the group or change the objects that are scheduled to be recovered in the application profile.

ARYZ087E	Failed on parsing object card
	<object-card>.</object-card>

**Explanation:** Parsing of the specified object card failed.

**User response:** Check your input. If you have not edited any field, contact IBM Customer Support.

#### ARYZ088E The following dropped objects are not eligible for redirected recovery: <dropped-objects-list>.

**Explanation:** Specified list of dropped objects is not eligible for redirected recovery.

**User response:** Choose other objects to recover with redirected recovery.

## ARYZ089E Only one automatic image copy can be specified.

**Explanation:** Automatic image copy has been specified more than one time.

**User response:** Reduce the number of automatic image copies.

## ARYZ090E An automatic image copy must be of Local Primary type.

**Explanation:** You have specified that the automatic image copy be a type other than Local Primary.

User response: Be sure that a VSAM image copy of a

type other than Local Primary is not marked as automatic.

ARYZ091E Number of volumes should be in the range from <min-work-volumes-number> to <max-work-volumes-number>.

**Explanation:** Number of work volumes must be in the specified range.

**User response:** Specify valid value for the number of work volumes.

## ARYZ092E <*cobject-name>* cannot be translated using the provided masks.

**Explanation:** Error indicates that the specified object cannot be translated using the provided masks.

**User response:** Specify other masks or exclude the object from input.

#### ARYZ093E The product configuration does not allow saving a specification at the data sharing member level.

**Explanation:** The product has not been configured to allow saving a specification at the data sharing member level.

**User response:** Use a data sharing group to save the specification.

#### ARYZ099E Operation is not permitted: Specification <application-profilename> is part of application group <application-groupname>.

**Explanation:** A request has been made to include the specified application profile in an application group. However the application profile is already included in the another application group. An application profile can only be a member of a single application group.

**User response:** Select a different application profile or a different application group.

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