



# Integration Guide

Release 7.5 SP1

May 2006



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Integration Guide, Release 7.5 SP1

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## Index



# Preface

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This manual describes how Yantra 7x integrates with other Yantra and third-party applications.

## Intended Audience

This manual is intended for use by those who are responsible for integrating Yantra 7x with other applications.

## Structure

This manual contains the following sections:

### **Chapter 1, "Introduction"**

This chapter discusses integration in general terms and provides an overview of the application integration architecture.

### **Chapter 2, "Integrating with the Yantra Distribution Center System"**

This chapter describes how to integrate Yantra 7x with the Yantra Distribution Center System (Yantra DCS); Yantra's previously released Distribution Center Solution.

### **Chapter 3, "Integrating with Third-Party Warehouse Management Systems"**

This chapter describes how to integrate Yantra 7x with third-party warehouse management systems.

## **Chapter 4, "Integrating with Stand-Alone Yantra 7x WMS"**

This chapter explains how to integrate the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System with the Yantra 7x Distributed Order Management.

## **Chapter 5, "Integrating with the Yantra 7x Carrier Server"**

This chapter explains how to integrate the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System with the Yantra 7x Carrier Server (YCS).

## **Chapter 6, "Integrating with the Loftware Print Server and Label Manager"**

This chapter explains how to integrate the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System with the Loftware Print Server and Loftware Label Manager.

## **Chapter 7, "Integrating with Material Handling Equipment"**

This chapter explains how to integrate the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System with various material handling equipment (MHE), including the Mettler Toledo Weighing Scale.

## **Chapter 8, "Integrating with Enterprise Resource Planning Systems"**

This chapter explains how to integrate the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System with Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems to utilize any additional functions that are available in the existing environment.

## **Chapter 9, "Integrating with Point of Sale Systems"**

This chapter explains how to integrate the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System with point of sale systems in stores.

## **Chapter 10, "Integrating with JMS Systems"**

This chapter explains how to configure third-party message queueing applications for BEA WebLogic JMS and IBM WebSphere MQ JMS.

## **Chapter 11, "Integrating with Financial Systems"**

This chapter explains how to integrate Yantra 7x inventory cost management interfaces with your financial system.

## Chapter 12, "Rapid Deployment Features"

This chapter explains the rapid deployment features in Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System and how to utilize these for rapid deployment of Yantra 7x.

## Yantra 7x Documentation

For more information about the Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x components, see the following manuals in the Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x documentation set:

- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Release Notes*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Installation Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Upgrade Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Performance Management Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x High Availability Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x System Management Guide*
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- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Integration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Product Concepts*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Warehouse Management System Concepts Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Platform Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Distributed Order Management Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Supply Collaboration Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Inventory Synchronization Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Product Management Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Logistics Management Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Reverse Logistics Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Platform User Guide*
- *Yantra<sup>®</sup> 7x Distributed Order Management User Guide*

- *Yantra® 7x Supply Collaboration User Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Inventory Synchronization User Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Logistics Management User Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Reverse Logistics User Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Warehouse Management System User Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Mobile Application User Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Analytics Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Javadocs*
- *Yantra® 7x Glossary*
- *Yantra® 7x Carrier Server Guide*
- *Yantra® 7x Application Server Installation Guide* (for optional component)

## Conventions

The following conventions may be used in this manual:

Convention	Meaning
. . .	An ellipsis represents information that has been omitted.
< >	Angle brackets indicate user-supplied input.
mono-spaced text	Mono-spaced text indicates a file name, an API name, or a code example.
/ or \	Slashes and backslashes are file separators for Windows, UNIX and LINUX operating systems. The file separator for the Windows operating system is "\" and the file separator for Unix and Linux systems is "/". The Unix convention is used unless otherwise mentioned.

# Introduction

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This guide describes how to integrate Yantra 7x with other Yantra components and third-party applications through services defined using the Yantra 7x Service Definition Framework. For more information about defining specific services, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

Yantra 7x provides integration with:

- The Yantra Distribution Center System
- Third-Party Warehouse Management System
- The Yantra 7x Carrier Server
- Loftware Print Server and Label Manager
- Material Handling Equipment
- Enterprise Resource Planning Systems
- Point of Sale Systems
- JMS Systems
- Financial Systems
- Interface Field Mapping Documents

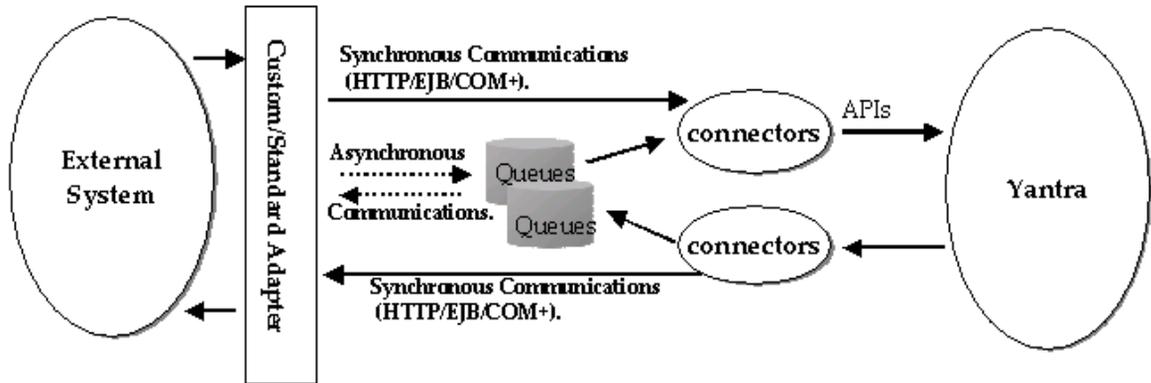
## 1.1 Application Integration Architecture

Adapters connect to external systems through the Service Definition Framework for data transformation.

[Figure 1–1, "Integration Architecture"](#) shows how the Service Definition Framework fits into the applications integration architecture of Yantra 7x,

the various adapters that perform data transformation, and the goals of the transformations. For more information on the adapter used within Yantra 7x application refer to *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

**Figure 1–1 Integration Architecture**



## 1.2 Integration with Warehouse Management Systems

Yantra 7x provides real-time integration with the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System (Yantra 7x WMS).

Yantra 7x supports integration with the Yantra Distribution Center System (Yantra DCS). The Yantra DCS application supports warehouse inventory, distribution, returns and activities. Typically, it is used in distribution centers for fulfilling large numbers of orders, with items required in quantities of a case or less. For information about integrating Yantra 7x with the Yantra Distribution Center System (Yantra DCS), see [Chapter 2, "Integrating with the Yantra Distribution Center System"](#).

Yantra 7x also supports integration with third-party warehouse management systems. For information about integrating Yantra 7x with third-party warehouse management systems, see [Chapter 3, "Integrating with Third-Party Warehouse Management Systems"](#).

## 1.3 Integration with the Yantra 7x Carrier Server

Yantra 7x provides integration with Yantra 7x Carrier Server (YCS) manages all carrier-integration related functions of Yantra 7x. The Yantra 7x applications interface with YCS to use its carrier-integration functions.

YCS is regularly updated with the latest carrier data, such as rates and special services, and hence can act as a centralized carrier-integration database and business rules manager. YCS helps companies to quickly meet the changing requirements initiated by both carriers and customers, in the most efficient way.

YCS has a data driven design. The functionality is defined in terms of the relation between data elements stored in the database. Carriers having similar functionality can be incorporated into an installation with minimal engineering effort.

YCS is now integrated into Yantra 7x. For more information about YCS, see *Yantra 7x Carrier Server Guide*.

For more information about Configuring YCS, see *Yantra 7x Carrier Server Guide*.

## 1.4 Integration with the Loftware Print Server and Label Manager

Yantra 7x provides integration with the Loftware Print Server and Loftware Label Manager for printing reports and designing custom labels. You can also design custom print services using the Yantra 7x Service Definition Framework. For more information on the print server and label manager see [Chapter 6, "Integrating with the Loftware Print Server and Label Manager"](#).

## 1.5 Integration with Material Handling Equipment

Yantra 7x provides integration with various material handling material handling equipment (MHE). The automation enabled through the integration enables increased efficiency in various processes of a warehouse. For information about integrating Yantra 7x with MHE, see [Chapter 7, "Integrating with Material Handling Equipment"](#).

## 1.6 Integration with Enterprise Resource Planning Systems

Yantra 7x provides integration with Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems. An ERP system is a packaged business software system that allows a company to automate and integrate the majority of its business processes. For information about integrating Yantra 7x with ERP Systems, see [Chapter 8, "Integrating with Enterprise Resource Planning Systems"](#).

## 1.7 Integration with Point of Sale Systems

Yantra 7x provides integration with point of sale systems used in stores for product check-outs and returns from customers. For information about integrating Yantra 7x with point of sale systems, see [Chapter 9, "Integrating with Point of Sale Systems"](#).

## 1.8 Integration with JMS Systems

In order for some service nodes to communicate with external applications, external message queueing software must be configured. For information about configuring the third-party message queueing applications, see [Chapter 10, "Integrating with JMS Systems"](#).

## 1.9 Integration with Financial Systems

To use the data captured using the Yantra 7x Inventory Cost Management feature with your financial system, you must load the Initial Inventory Cost Data and configure process-specific events.

For information about integrating Yantra 7x with financial systems, see [Chapter 11, "Integrating with Financial Systems"](#).

## 1.10 Rapid Deployment Features

This chapter explains the Yantra 7x Rapid Deployment Features (RDT) and how to utilize these for rapid deployment of Yantra 7x. For information about Rapid Deployment Features, see [Chapter 12, "Rapid Deployment Features"](#).

# Integrating with the Yantra Distribution Center System

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The Yantra Distribution Center System (Yantra DCS) is a previously released product that supports warehouse activities such as the inventory of items and the distribution of packages. Typically, Yantra DCS operates in distribution centers fulfilling large numbers of orders for items required in quantities of a case or less. It supports both real-time radio frequency (RF) transactions and paper-based transactions.

Yantra 7x provides an interface-based integration with Yantra DCS Release 6.2 SP2 for the following operations:

- [Yantra DCS Purchase Order Interface](#)
- [Yantra DCS Order Release Interface](#)
- [Yantra DCS Inventory Interface](#)

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**Important:** Yantra 7x and Yantra Distribution Center System integration requires that the Yantra DCS interface format conforms to the field size and start positions at *each* of the integration points as detailed in the tables in this chapter. For information on configuring Yantra DCS, see the Yantra DCS 6.2 documentation. In addition, you must configure Yantra 7x as described in this chapter.

**Note:** Yantra 7x is certified for Yantra DCS 6.2 Service Pack 3 hotfix 13 and above.

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## 2.1 Yantra DCS Purchase Order Interface

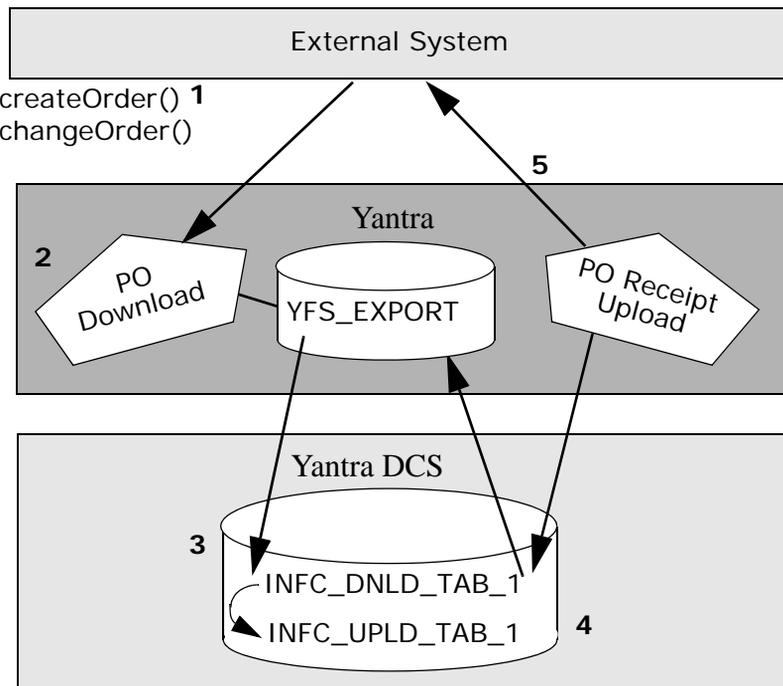
When a Purchase Order is created on Yantra 7x (either by importing Purchase Orders created by external order management systems or by using the Yantra 7x Application Consoles to create a Purchase Order) Yantra DCS integration enables you to publish that data to Yantra DCS. The integration interface uses the Purchase Order Download and Upload time-triggered transactions. For more information about these transactions, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 2.1.1 Purchase Order Workflow

Figure 2–1 illustrates the workflow for the Purchase Order Download and Purchase Order Upload time-triggered transactions that send Purchase Order data between an external system and Yantra DCS using the Yantra 7x application suite.

For step-by-step procedures, see [“Configuring the Purchase Order Time-Triggered Transactions”](#) on page 11.

Figure 2–1 Workflow for Purchase Order Transactions



1. An external Purchase Order system invokes the Yantra 7x `createOrder()` API to create a Purchase Order for a Yantra DCS receiving node. A Purchase Order is created and the order status becomes Created (1100).  
Any future modifications to the original Purchase Order by an external system are made by invoking the `changeOrder()` API.
2. The `ON_SUCCESS` event of the `createOrder()` or `changeOrder()` API invokes an action, which in turn invokes a service called `YantraWMSPODownloadService`. This service publishes data into the `YFS_EXPORT` table with `YantraWMSPODownloadService` as the flow name.
3. The Purchase Order Download time-triggered transaction takes the record from the `YFS_EXPORT` table and inserts it into the Yantra DCS interface `INFC_DNLD_TAB_1` table. Before downloading to Yantra DCS, the transaction verifies that the ship node assigned to the

Purchase Order line is a Yantra DCS ship node. If the ship node is not a Yantra DCS ship node, the transaction marks the record as processed and takes no further action.

4. The vendor sends an advance shipment notice (ASN) to Yantra DCS for shipping the items on the Purchase Order. When items are received at the receiving node, Yantra DCS uploads Purchase Order Receipt records to the Yantra DCS interface table.

The Purchase Order Receipt Upload time-triggered transaction picks up the Purchase Order Receipt records from the Yantra DCS upload interface table and calls the `receiveOrder()` API with the Receive Purchase Order transaction. The status of items received is changed to `Received (3900)`.

If the Purchase Order is to be downloaded to Yantra 7x from an external system, the `ON_SUCCESS` event of the Receive Purchase Order transaction can be configured to invoke an action to publish the Purchase Order Receipt data to the `YFS_EXPORT` table.

The data is then uploaded back to the external Purchase Order system.

### 2.1.2 Understanding Purchase Order Transactions

When deciding how to implement the Yantra DCS Purchase Order functionality, keep in mind the expected behaviors associated with the Purchase Order transactions when used in the following situations:

#### Supply Type Behavior

When the Purchase Order Status is `Created (1100)`, the quantity in the `YFS_INVENTORY_SUPPLY` table is added to the `PO_PLACED` supply type.

When the Purchase Order Status is moved to `Order Received (3900)`, the quantity in the `YFS_INVENTORY_SUPPLY` table moves from supply type `PLANNED_PO` to supply type `ONHAND`. This is the default behavior and can be reconfigured as needed.

#### Creating a Purchase Order

Yantra 7x requires that the Purchase Order number that it passes to Yantra DCS is unique across all Enterprises. While Yantra 7x permits the length of the Order number to be up to 40 characters, Yantra DCS limits the length of both the Order and the Purchase Order number to a

maximum of 13 characters. In addition, to comply with Yantra DCS requirements, Purchase Order numbers may contain any combination of numbers and upper-case alphabetic characters; lower-case alphabetic characters are not permitted.

All Purchase Order lines must use consecutive prime line numbers, with all subline numbers as = 1. The PODTL Record Type does not take in subline numbers. For more information see [Section 2.1.5.2, "PODTL - Purchase Order Download Detail"](#).

When integrating with Yantra DCS, all advance shipment notifications (Purchase Order Receipt) created and uploaded to the Yantra DCS interface table are only for the Purchase Orders that were initially downloaded from Yantra 7x.

When passing parameters to the Yantra DCS interface table, be sure that the length does not exceed that which is enabled by the Yantra DCS Purchase Order header and detail records.

Parameters are passed to the Yantra DCS when Yantra 7x downloads Purchase Orders from an external system.

Note that the date for the Estimated Time of Arrival in Yantra DCS is the Requested Delivery Date at the time of the Purchase Order creation on Yantra 7x.

### **Modifying a Purchase Order**

Only the following modifications to a Purchase Order are permitted:

- Changing the quantity
- Changing the requested delivery date
- Adding one or more lines

### **Splitting a Purchase Order**

A Purchase Order cannot be split across receiving nodes, even for the same Yantra DCS system. One Purchase Order is created for only one installation of Yantra DCS and only one of its receiving nodes. All Purchase Order lines must have the same receiving node.

### **Canceling a Purchase Order or Line**

While it isn't possible to explicitly cancel a Purchase Order or Purchase Order line, if the quantity zero (0) is passed from Yantra 7x, the

Purchase Order modification time-triggered transaction interprets it as closing the order line on Yantra DCS. For Yantra DCS, the results of canceling a line is the same as closing a line. If the ordered quantity becomes zero, Yantra 7x does not permit any further changes to the line.

If Yantra 7x receives a Purchase Order receipt from Yantra DCS on a line that has been cancelled by the external Purchase Order system (due to interface timing issues), it raises an exception in Yantra 7x.

### Receiving Goods into Inventory

The warehouse receiving the goods is identified as the Receiving Ship Node on the Purchase Order.

The specific goods that a node receives must match the description of the line items on the original Purchase Order.

Receipt overage is controlled by Yantra DCS by setting up an overage receipt percentage based on your receiving preferences for each line type downloaded. Configure the overage receipt percentage in the Yantra 7x Configurator by navigating to Applications > Supply Collaboration > Document Specific > Purchase Order > Receipt > Receiving Preference. On the Search Results panel choose .

The overage percentage is controlled in Yantra DCS. The Yantra 7x percentage is applied during receipt. This means that the receiving node for Yantra DCS cannot receive quantity in excess of the overage percentage specified. Also, by the same logic, Yantra 7x does not permit new order quantities to be modified to be below the quantity already received for that Purchase Order line.

Be sure to configure received quantity so Yantra 7x and all Yantra DCS systems work together. For example, if received quantity is configured as ONHAND in Yantra 7x, it should be configured as Allocatable in all Yantra DCS installations.

**Table 2–1 Yantra 7x and Yantra DCS Received Quantity Mapping**

Quantity Description	Yantra 7x	Yantra DCS
Available items	ONHAND	Allocatable
Items kept in reserve	HELD	Non Allocatable

In addition, a node cannot receive goods against a cancelled or closed line.

Inventory is increased in the onhand supply when Yantra 7x receives and processes the Purchase Order Receipt Upload transaction from Yantra DCS. Yantra DCS must not be configured to upload separate inventory transactions for receipts.

For more information on configuring Yantra DCS Inventory Updates, see the Yantra DCS documentation.

### 2.1.3 Configuring the Purchase Order Time-Triggered Transactions

Setting up a Purchase Order involves configuring and scheduling time-triggered transactions and configuring the pipeline that the Purchase Order should use. You also should check your Oracle database configuration.

#### To configure the Purchase Order time-triggered transactions:

1. Check that Oracle database links are created for each Yantra DCS receiving node for which you want to create a Purchase Order. Yantra 7x maintains links and views to the Yantra DCS interface table for each receiving node in the Yantra DCS system.
2. Configure the Purchase Order Download and Purchase Order Receipt Upload time-triggered transactions. For detailed information on how to configure these transactions, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

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**Note:** While the WMS Purchase Order Download time-triggered transaction does not require a ship node to be configured for downloading, you do need to configure agent criteria for each ship node from which a WMS Purchase Order Receipt Upload is to be processed.

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3. Configure the pipeline using the directions in [Section 2.1.4, "Configuring the Purchase Order Pipeline"](#).
4. Schedule the time intervals for running the Purchase Order time-triggered transactions, as described in the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

The Purchase Order Download transaction writes the POHDR and PODTL records into the Yantra DCS download interface table.

The Purchase Order Receipt Upload transaction reads the RCPHDR and RCPDTL records from the Yantra DCS upload interface table.

### 2.1.4 Configuring the Purchase Order Pipeline

The Purchase Order time-triggered transactions require a Purchase Order pipeline. If you need additional information about configuring pipelines, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

#### To configure the Purchase Order pipeline:

1. From the Yantra 7x Configurator menu, choose Business Process > Process Modeling.
2. Verify that the Purchase Order pipeline is configured with the following transactions:



3. At the bottom of the left pane, click the Services tab to open the Services tree.
4. Create a new service named `YantraWMSPoDownloadService` that is invoked synchronously, does not provide real time response, and contains the following sequence of nodes:
  - a. Start node
  - b. Database node: specify the table name property as `YFS_EXPORT`
  - c. End node
5. Create an action. Click the Invoked Services tab and add the service `YantraWMSPoDownloadService` you created in [Step 4](#).
6. Attach this action to the `ON_SUCCESS` events of the `Create Order` and `Change Order` transactions in the Purchase Order Execution

repository. If necessary, add a condition to call this action only if the receiving node is the WMS Node.

## 2.1.5 Yantra DCS Purchase Order Interface

This section provides the lists of header information for purchase order download header, download detail, receipt header, receive order sample output example and input XML mapping with order header, shipment and order line records.

### 2.1.5.1 POHDR - Purchase Order Download Header

Table 2–2, "POHDR Record Type - Purchase Order Download Header Interface Format" lists the header information required by the Purchase Order Download time-triggered transaction.

**Table 2–2 POHDR Record Type - Purchase Order Download Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	OrderLine.ReceivingNode in CreateOrder XML	5	1
record_type	'POHDR'	6	6
action_code	Always 'CH'	2	12
recv_order_type	'VN'	2	14
recv_order_no	Order.OrderNo in CreateOrder XML (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	16
recv_order_release_no	'1'	3	29
source	Order.SellerOrganizationCode in CreateOrder XML	10	32

### 2.1.5.2 PODTL - Purchase Order Download Detail

Table 2–3, "PODTL Record Type - Purchase Order Download Detail Interface Format" lists the detail, or line information, required by the Purchase Order Download time-triggered transaction.

**Table 2–3 PODTL Record Type - Purchase Order Download Detail Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	OrderLine.ReceivingNode in CreateOrder XML	5	1
record_type	'PODTL'	6	6
action_code	'CL' Only for PO Line Close. (This happens when the line ordered quantity is reduced to zero.) 'CH' for all other modifications, such as changing the quantity (to nonzero), ETA, or adding lines.	2	12
recv_order_type	'VN'	2	14
recv_order_no	Order.OrderNo in CreateOrder XML (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	16
recv_order_release_no	'1'	3	29
recv_order_line_no	OrderLine.PrimeLineNo in CreateOrder XML	5	32
item_id	OrderLine.Item.ItemID in CreateOrder XML	24	37
product_class	OrderLine.Item.ProductClass in CreateOrder XML	6	61
pack_type	Always blank	4	67
order_qty	OrderLine.OrderedQty in CreateOrder XML	9	71
pre_production	Always blank	1	80
x_doc_recv_order	Always blank	1	81
eta_date	OrderLine.RegShipDate in CreateOrder XML	8	82
unit_price	OrderLine.LinePriceInfo.UnitPrice in CreateOrder XML	11	90
country_of_origin	OrderLine.Item.CountryOfOrigin in CreateOrder XML	5	101
reference_1	Always blank	20	106
reference_2	Always blank	20	126
reference_3	Always blank	20	146

### 2.1.5.3 Sample Receive Order Output XML

Example 2–1, "Sample Receive Order Output XML" shows a sample of the XML published by the ON\_SUCCESS event of the Receive Order transaction.

#### Example 2–1 Sample Receive Order Output XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Receipt EnterpriseCode="E1" OrderNo="BB_11" ReceiptNo="AMAR88891">
  <ReceiptLines>
    <ReceiptLine PrimeLineNo="2" Quantity="1.0" ReceiptHeaderKey=""
      SubLineNo="1"/>
  </ReceiptLines>
</Receipt>
```

### 2.1.5.4 RCPHDR - Purchase Order Receipt Header

Table 2–4, "RCPHDR Record Type - Purchase Order Receipt Header Interface Format" lists the header information required by the Purchase Order Receipt time-triggered transaction.

**Table 2–4 RCPHDR Record Type - Purchase Order Receipt Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	OrderLine.ReceivingNode in CreateOrder XML	5	1
record_type	'RCPHDR'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
asn_no	Advance Shipment Notice number	20	14
asn_type	Advance Shipment Notice type	2	34
reference_1	Reference number	30	191

### 2.1.5.5 RCPDTL - Purchase Order Receipt Detail

Table 2–5, "RCPDTL Record Type - Purchase Order Receipt Detail Interface Format" lists the detail, or line information, required by the Purchase Order Receipt time-triggered transaction.

**Table 2–5 RCPDTL Record Type - Purchase Order Receipt Detail Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	OrderLine.ReceivingNode in CreateOrder XML	5	1
record_type	'RCPDTL'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
asn_no	Advance Shipment Notice number	20	14
asn_type	Advance Shipment Notice type	2	34
recv_order_no	Order.OrderNo in CreateOrder XML (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	66
recv_order_line_no	OrderLine.PrimeLineNo in CreateOrder XML	5	82
received_qty	Quantity received in ASN against order line number	7	119

### 2.1.5.6 Receive Order Input XML Mapping

The `receiveOrder()` API input XML maps to Yantra DCS tables at the order header level and at the order line level as described in this section.

#### Order Header Records

The `receiveOrder()` API input XML and the Yantra DCS Order Header map as shown in [Table 2–6, "Yantra 7x and Yantra DCS Order Header Mapping"](#).

**Table 2–6 Yantra 7x and Yantra DCS Order Header Mapping**

Yantra 7x XML Parameter	Yantra DCS Parameter
orderheaderkey	Always blank
orderreleasekey	Always blank
receiptheaderkey	Always blank
receiptno	HEADER.ASN_NO
releaseno	Always blank

## Shipment Records

The `receiveOrder()` API input XML and the Yantra DCS Order map as shown in [Table 2–7, "Yantra 7x Shipment and Yantra DCS Order Mapping"](#).

**Table 2–7 Yantra 7x Shipment and Yantra DCS Order Mapping**

Yantra 7x XML Parameter	Yantra DCS Parameter
enterprisecode	EnterpriseCode
orderno	DETAIL.RECV_ORDER_NO

## Order Line Records

The `receiveOrder()` API input XML and the Yantra DCS Order Line map as shown in [Table 2–8, "Yantra 7x and Yantra DCS Order Line Mapping"](#).

**Table 2–8 Yantra 7x and Yantra DCS Order Line Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter
BreakIntoComponents	Always blank
DispositionCode	Always blank
InspectedBy	Always blank
InspectionComments	Always blank
InspectionDate	Always blank
LotNumber	Always blank
OrderLineKey	Always blank
PrimeLineNo	DETAIL.RECV_ORDER_LINE_NO
SubLineNo	1
Quantity	DETAIL.RECEIVED_QTY
ReceiptLineNo	Always blank
SerialNo	Always blank
ShipByDate	Always blank
<KitLines>	Not used

## 2.2 Yantra DCS Shipment Interface

The Yantra DCS integrates with the Yantra 7x Distributed Order Management interface of Yantra 7x. This integration enables shipment-related information to be passed between applications.

### 2.2.1 Understanding the Order Transactions

Before implementing the upload and download functionality, you should understand the following default behaviors:

- Modifications to an Order or Order Release in Yantra 7x after download to Yantra DCS are not transmitted to Yantra DCS.
- Inventory is reduced from the onhand supply when Yantra 7x receives and processes the shipment confirmation transaction from Yantra DCS. Yantra DCS must not be configured to upload separate inventory transactions for shipments.
- The SCAC and Service Code used by the Yantra 7x input XML corresponds to the SCAC field in the Yantra DCS interface. Map each carrier defined in Yantra DCS to those in Yantra 7x by creating an identical configuration in Yantra 7x Configurator > Platform > Participant Modeling. For example, if Yantra DCS uses *UPSG* as the SCAC Code for United Parcel Ground Service, in Yantra 7x for the participant called *UPS*, set the SCAC and Service Code as *UPSG*, and specify the *Service* as *Ground*.
- Yantra DCS should disable cancellation from transaction 02012 (Order Release list). Yantra 7x only recognizes cancellations with return ownership = Y when done from Yantra DCS transaction 02013 (load/shipper list).
- The Order No for Shipment Advice can be a maximum length of 13 bytes and must be upper-case characters and numbers or just numbers (lower-case characters are not allowed).

### 2.2.2 Configuring Yantra DCS Shipment Time-Triggered Transactions

Setting up a sales order involves configuring and scheduling the Send Release and WMS Shipment Confirmation time-triggered transactions and

configuring the pipeline a sales order should use. You also should check your Oracle database configuration.

**To configure the Send Release and WMS Shipment Confirmation time-triggered transactions:**

1. Check your Oracle database to ensure that links are created for each Yantra DCS ship node for which you create a Release. Yantra 7x maintains links and views to the Yantra DCS interface tables for each node.
2. Configure the Send Release and WMS Shipment Confirmation time-triggered transactions. For details on how to configure these transactions, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

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**Note:** While the Send Release time-triggered transaction does not require a ship node to be configured for downloading, you do need to configure agent criteria for each ship node from which a WMS shipment confirmation is to be processed.

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3. Configure the Sales Order Fulfillment Pipeline to download ship advice to Yantra DCS and receive shipment confirmation from Yantra DCS.

The repository has a default pipeline configured to download shipment advice to Yantra DCS and receive shipment confirmation. When modifying the pipeline, first copy the default pipeline and then modify that copy to suit your needs. For details on how to configure a pipeline, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

While configuring the pipeline, keep in mind the following characteristics of the Yantra DCS shipment-related integration:

- Order Releases to be downloaded to Yantra DCS are staged with the status *Awaiting WMS Interface* (3200.02). The Send Release transaction in the pipeline is configured to pick up these Order Releases and download them to Yantra DCS.
- After the download completes, the Order Release status moves to *Sent to Node* (3300).
- The Shipment Confirmation transaction uploads the shipment from the Yantra DCS interface table and moves the status of the Order to *Shipped* (3700).

4. Schedule the time intervals for running the Send Release and WMS Shipment Confirmation time-triggered transactions from Yantra DCS, as described in the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 2.2.3 Yantra DCS Order Release Interface

When Order Releases are going to the Yantra DCS interface, the Send Release transaction dispatches the Order Release information to Yantra DCS in open interface format if the ship node's interface is set to Yantra DCS in Yantra 7x.

#### To set the ship node as a WMS ship node:

From the Yantra 7x Configurator Applications menu, choose Platform > Participant Modeling > Organization Details > Roles & Participation Tab > Node Attributes/Primary Info Tab (on the right) > Interfaces inner panel and select the WMS Interface radio button.

This section details only those records and attributes that are supported by Yantra 7x. These record types are written by the Send Release transaction into the Yantra DCS download interface table. Yantra 7x supports the following record types:

- [ORDHDR – Order Release Order Header](#)
- [ORDDTL – Order Release Order Detail](#)
- [ORDADR – Order Release Order Address](#)
- [ORDINS – Order Release Order Instruction](#)
- [ORDBOM – Order Release Order Bill of Materials](#)
- [ORDNAM – Order Release Order Name](#)

Only the action code Add (AD) is supported by Yantra 7x.

The following tables list the field information for each record type that the Send Release time-triggered transaction can output.

#### 2.2.3.1 ORDHDR – Order Release Order Header

[Table 2–9, "ORDHDR Record Type - Order Header Interface Format"](#) lists the Order Release header information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–9 ORDHDR Record Type - Order Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'ORDHDR'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
order_no	Order Number (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	14
order_rel_no	Order Release Number	3	27
ship_to_cust_id	PersonInfoShipTo PersonID in CreateOrder XML	35	30
bill_cust_id	PersonInfoBillTo PersonID in CreateOrder XML	35	65
forward_to_cust_id	PersonInfoMarkFor PersonID in CreateOrder XML	35	100
pack_hold_flag	Always 'N'	1	135
order_type	OrderType in CreateOrder XML	1	136
order_cancel_date	ReqCancelDate in Order Release being downloaded	8	147
order_due_date	ReqDeliveryDate in CreateOrder XML	8	155
terms_code	TermsCode in CreateOrder XML	8	163
carrier_code	SCAC	4	173
priority_code	PriorityCode in CreateOrder XML	2	177
consol_rule	Always blank	2	179
cartonization_rule	Always blank	2	181
cust_order	CustomerPONo in CreateOrder XML	25	183
pack_list_type	PackList Type in ShipAdvice XML	2	208
spc_ticket_req	PersonalizeCode in CreateOrder XML	2	210
asn_flag	NotifyAfterShipmentFlag in CreateOrder XML	1	212
delivery_date	ReqDeliveryDate in Order Release being downloaded	8	216
orig_ship_date	ReqShipDate in Order Release being downloaded	8	224
samples_flag	Always blank	1	234
ship_to_customer_name	PersonInfoShipTo FirstName and LastName in CreateOrder XML	35	235

**Table 2–9 ORDHDR Record Type - Order Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
ship_to_addr1	PersonInfoShipTo AddressLine1 in CreateOrder XML	35	270
ship_to_addr2	PersonInfoShipTo AddressLine2 in CreateOrder XML	35	305
ship_to_addr3	PersonInfoShipTo AddressLine3 in CreateOrder XML	35	340
ship_to_addr4	PersonInfoShipTo AddressLine4 in CreateOrder XML	35	375
ship_to_city	PersonInfoShipTo City in CreateOrder XML	30	410
ship_to_state	PersonInfoShipTo State in CreateOrder XML	2	440
ship_to_zip_code	PersonInfoShipTo Zip Code in CreateOrder XML	9	442
ship_to_country_code	PersonInfoShipTo Country in CreateOrder XML	5	451
cross_dock_flag	Always blank	2	456
split_flag	ShipCompleteFlag in CreateOrder XML	1	488
consol_flag	Always blank	1	489
shippable_order	Always 'Y'	1	490
delivery_code	DeliveryCode in CreateOrder XML	1	517
back_order_authorized_ind	Always '01'	2	526
cal_check_req_ind	Always 'N'	1	541
inbound_flag	Always 'N'	1	550
order_create_date	OrderDate in CreateOrder XML	8	564
carrier_service	Carrier Service Code in CreateOrder XML	10	572
cust_carrier_charge_account_no	Carrier Account Number in CreateOrder XML	35	582
enterprise_code	Enterprise Code	24	639

**2.2.3.2 ORDDTL – Order Release Order Detail**

Table 2–10, "ORDDTL Record Type - Order Detail Interface Format" lists the Order Release detail information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–10 ORDDTL Record Type - Order Detail Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'ORDDTL'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
order_no	Order Number (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	14
order_rel_no	Order Release Number	3	27
order_prime_line	Order Prime Line Number	5	30
order_sub_line	Order Sub Line Number	5	35
mark_for	PersonInfoMarkFor PersonID in CreateOrder XML	35	40
item_id	ItemID in CreateOrder XML	24	75
product_class	ProductClass in CreateOrder XML	6	99
quality_status	Always blank	2	105
department_code	DepartmentCode in CreateOrder XML	6	107
hazard_flag	Always 'N'	1	119
qty_ordered	OrderedQty in CreateOrder XML	9	120
shippable_qty	Total Quantity to be shipped	9	129
nonshippable_qty	Always '0'	9	138
pack_type	Always 'EACH'	4	147
ship_together_code	ShipTogetherNo in CreateOrder XML	5	151
line_price	Unit Price from LinePriceInfo in CreateOrder XML	11	156
spl_processing_code1	Always blank	4	167
orig_req_ship_date	ReqShipDate in CreateOrder XML	8	249
act_req_ship_date	ReqShipDate in CreateOrder XML	8	257
customer_po_no	CustomerPONo in CreateOrder XML	25	269
ship_sure_model_ind	Always 'Y'	1	294
order_line_point	Always blank	5	295
line_type	Always blank	4	300

**Table 2–10 ORDDTL Record Type - Order Detail Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
carrier_code	Always blank	4	304
samples_flag	Always 'N'	1	308
customer_po_line_no	CustomerLinePONo in CreateOrder XML	13	335
customer_sku	CustomerItem in CreateOrder XML	40	386
kit_code	KitCode in CreateOrder XML	2	466

### 2.2.3.3 ORDADR – Order Release Order Address

Table 2–11, "ORDADR Record Type - Order Address Interface Format" lists the Order Release address information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–11 ORDADR Record Type - Order Address Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'ORDADR'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
order_no	Order Number (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	14
order_rel_no	Order Release Number	3	27
address_type	'FT' or 'BT'	2	30
customer_name	FirstName and LastName in CreateOrder XML	35	32
addr1	AddressLine1 in CreateOrder XML	35	67
addr2	AddressLine2 in CreateOrder XML	35	102
addr3	AddressLine3 in CreateOrder XML	35	137
addr4	AddressLine4 in CreateOrder XML	35	172
city	City in CreateOrder XML	30	207
state	State in CreateOrder XML	2	237

**Table 2–11 ORDADR Record Type - Order Address Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
zip_code	Zip Code in CreateOrder XML	9	239
country_code	Country in CreateOrder XML	5	248
wms_buffer	Always blank	30	253

### 2.2.3.4 ORDINS – Order Release Order Instruction

Table 2–12, "ORDINS Record Type - Order Instruction Interface Format" lists the Order Release instruction information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–12 ORDINS Record Type - Order Instruction Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'ORDINS'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
order_no	Order Number (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	14
order_rel_no	Order Release Number	3	27
order_prime_line	Order Prime Line Number	5	30
order_sub_line	Order Sub Line Number	5	35
instruction_type	InstructionType in CreateOrder XML	3	40
seq_no	Sequence Number of instructions	3	43
usage_type	Instruction usage	2	46
instructions_text	InstructionText in CreateOrder XML	80	48
wms_buffer	Always blank	30	128

### 2.2.3.5 ORDBOM – Order Release Order Bill of Materials

Table 2–13, "ORDBOM Record Type - Order Bill of Materials Interface Format" lists the Order Release Bill of Materials information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–13 ORDBOM Record Type - Order Bill of Materials Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'ORDBOM'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
order_no	Order Number (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	14
order_rel_no	Order Release Number	3	27
order_prime_line	Order Prime Line Number	5	30
order_sub_line	Order Sub Line Number	5	35
item_id	ItemID in CreateOrder XML	24	40
product_class	ProductClass in CreateOrder XML	6	64
quality_status	Always blank	2	70
pack_type	Always 'EACH'	4	72
bom_qty	KitQty in CreateOrder XML	9	76
pick_slip_number	Always blank	13	85
picking_line_detail_id	Always blank	13	98
scrap_factor	Always '0000000'	7	111
reference_field1	Always blank	40	118
reference_field2	Always blank	40	158
reference_field3	Always blank	40	198
reference_field4	Always blank	40	238
reference_field5	Always blank	40	278
wms_buffer	Always blank	30	318

**2.2.3.6 ORDNAM – Order Release Order Name**

This interface format is used to send orders having the following information:

- COD - This record is sent for orders having PaymentType as COD.

- Customer Phone Number - This record is sent only if the ShipTo Customer Day Phone Number is not blank.
- Importer information - This record is sent for international shipments only. This information is not sent if country code in any address (ship node or ship-to address) is blank.
- YFS accepts Import License ID and Import License Expiration Date at Order line level, whereas Yantra DCS accepts it at Order header level.
- Exporter Information - This record is sent for international shipments only.

The ship node address country code and ship-to address country code should not be blank.

[Table 2–14, "ORDNAM Record Type - Order Name Interface Format"](#) lists the Order Release name information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–14 ORDNAM Record Type - Order Name Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'ORDNAM'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
order_no	Order Number (Alphabetic characters must be upper-case)	13	14
order_rel_no	Order Release Number	3	27
name	For COD- '100' For Customer Phone Number - '300' For Importer Information - '400' <sup>1</sup> For Exporter Information - '400'	3	30
value	For COD- '103' For Customer Phone Number - '301' For Importer Information - '402' <sup>1</sup> For Exporter Information - '401'	3	33

**Table 2–14** *ORDNAM Record Type - Order Name Interface Format*

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
reference_field1	For COD - 'COD' For Customer Phone Number - PersonInfoShipTo DayPhone in CreateOrder XML For Importer information - TaxPayerId in CreateOrder XML <sup>1</sup> For Exporter Information - ExportTaxPayerId of the ShipNode	40	36
reference_field2	For COD - Always blank For Customer Phone Number - Always blank For Importer Information - ImportLicenseNo in CreateOrder XML <sup>1</sup> For Exporter Information - ExportLicenseNo of the ShipNode	40	76
reference_field3	For COD - Always blank For Customer Phone Number - Always blank For Importer information - ImportLicenseExpDate in CreateOrder XML <sup>1</sup> For Exporter Information - ExportLicenseExpDate of the ShipNode	40	116
reference_field4	Always blank	40	156
reference_field5	Always blank	40	196
wms_buffer	Always blank	30	236

**Note:** When Yantra 7x sends Order Release information to Yantra DCS, it sends only the Import License ID and Import License Expiration Date from the first order line and ignores information from the other lines. As a result, if you need to track all license information, group items by license type in separate orders. For example, put all materials that require the same type of license for hazardous material on one order and items that require the same type of license for nonhazardous chemicals on another.

## 2.2.4 Yantra DCS Shipment Confirmation

Yantra 7x picks up shipment confirmations posted by Yantra DCS in the open interface tables. The WMS Shipment Confirmation time-triggered transaction performs shipment confirmation.

This section details only those records and attributes that are supported by Yantra 7x. The WMS Shipment Confirmation transaction reads only the following record types from the Yantra DCS upload interface table:

- [PCKHDR – Shipment Confirmation Pickticket Header](#)
- [CARHDR – Shipment Confirmation Carton Header](#)
- [PCKINF – Shipment Confirmation Pick Information](#)
- [CNCDTL – Shipment Confirmation Cancel Detail](#)
- [SRLDTL - Pick Ticket Serial Record](#)

Only action codes Cancel (CA) and Ship (SH) are picked up by Yantra 7x.

This section describes the interface formats for the different shipment confirmation record types that Yantra 7x supports.

### 2.2.4.1 PCKHDR – Shipment Confirmation Pickticket Header

[Table 2–15, "PCKHDR Record Type - Pickticket Header Interface Format"](#) lists the shipment confirmation pickticket header information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–15 PCKHDR Record Type - Pickticket Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'PCKHDR'	6	6
action_code	Always 'CA' or 'SH'	2	12
pickticket_no	PickTicketNo in confirmShipment XML	20	14
ship_type	Ship Mode in confirmShipment XML	4	80
actual_ship_date	ShipDate in confirmShipment XML	8	92
carrier_code	SCAC and Service Code in confirmShipment XML	4	107
trailer_no	TrailerNo in confirmShipment XML	20	111

*Table 2–15 PCKHDR Record Type - Picketicket Header Interface Format*

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
freight_charges	FreightCharge in confirmShipment XML	13	131
manifest_no	ManifestNo in confirmShipment XML	20	144
bol_no	BOL Number	20	164
pro_no	ProNo in confirmShipment XML	20	184
master_bol_no	Parent Shipment Key	20	204
total_weight	TotalWeight in confirmShipment XML	13	224
seal_no	Seal Number	20	250
total_volume	TotalVolume in confirmShipment XML	7	296
it_number	IT number	20	303
it_date	IT Date	8	323
from_appointment_date	From appointment date	8	331
to_appointment_date	To appointment date	8	339
appointment_number	Appointment number	40	363
ship_to_addr1	ToAddress AddressLine1 in confirmShipment XML	35	483
ship_to_addr2	ToAddress AddressLine2 in confirmShipment XML	35	518
ship_to_addr3	ToAddress AddressLine3 in confirmShipment XML	35	553
ship_to_addr4	ToAddress AddressLine4 in confirmShipment XML	35	588
ship_to_city	ToAddress City in confirmShipment XML	30	623
ship_to_state	ToAddress State in confirmShipment XML	2	653
ship_to_zip	ToAddress Zip Code in confirmShipment XML	9	655
ship_to_country	ToAddress Country in confirmShipment XML	5	664

### 2.2.4.2 CARHDR – Shipment Confirmation Carton Header

Table 2–16, "CARHDR Record Type - Carton Header Interface Format" lists the carton header information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–16 CARHDR Record Type - Carton Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'CARHDR'	'6	6
action_code	'CA' or 'SH'	'2	12
picketicket_no	Not used	20	14
carton_no	Container number	11	34
weight	Used for containers other than pallets. Used as Container Gross Weight and Container Net Weight.	13	59
tracking_number	Tracking number	20	72
ucc128_code	If the third character is not '1', this is used as Container SCM.	30	92
manifest_no	Manifest number	10	122
pallet_scm	If the third character of ucc128_code is '1', this is used as Container SCM.	30	132
package_type	Container type	2	162
pallet_length	Used if the container is pallet. Specifies the pallet length.	9	164
pallet_width	Used if the container is pallet. Specifies the pallet length.	9	173
pallet_height	Used if the container is pallet. Specifies the pallet height.	9	182
pallet_gross_weight	Used if the container is pallet. Specifies the pallet gross weight.	9	191
pallet_net_weight	Used if the container is pallet. Specifies the pallet net weight.	9	200
carton_length	Used for containers other than pallet. Specifies the container length.	9	209

**Table 2–16 CARHDR Record Type - Carton Header Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
carton_width	Used for containers other than pallet. Specifies the container width.	9	218
carton_height	Used for containers other than pallet. Specifies the container height.	9	227
freight_charge	Freight Charge	7	238

### 2.2.4.3 PCKINF – Shipment Confirmation Pick Information

Table 2–17, "PCKINF Record Type-Pick Information Interface Format" lists the shipment confirmation pick information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–17 PCKINF Record Type-Pick Information Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'PCKINF'	6	6
action_code	Always 'CA' or 'SH'	2	12
pickticket_no	PickTicketNo in confirmShipment XML	20	14
carton_no	Container No	11	34
item_id	Item ID	24	45
product_class	Product Class	2	69
picked_qty	Shipped Qty	9	80
order_no	Order No	13	89
order_release_no	Release Number	3	102
order_line_no	Prime Line No	4	105
sub_line_no	Sub Line No	5	109

### 2.2.4.4 CNCDTL – Shipment Confirmation Cancel Detail

Table 2–18, "CNCDTL Record Type-Cancel Detail Interface Format" lists the cancel detail information mapped to Yantra DCS.

The CNCDTL record is created only when Orders or Shipments are cancelled or backordered from the Yantra DCS Load/Shipper screen (02013), not the Order Release List screen (02012).

**Table 2–18 CNCDTL Record Type-Cancel Detail Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'CNCDTL'	6	6
action_code	Always 'CA' or 'SH'	2	12
order_no	Order No	13	34
order_release_no	Order Release No	3	47
order_line_no	Prime Line No	5	50
sub_line_no	Sub Line No	5	55
item_id	Item ID	24	60
product_class	Product Class	2	84
cancel_quantity	BackOrder Qty	9	92

#### 2.2.4.5 SRLDTL - Pick Ticket Serial Record

Yantra 7x can accept serial numbers when an item has been configured in Yantra DCS as Serialized, and Yantra 7x's WMS Ship Confirmation agent is used. When an item is configured as Serialized in Yantra DCS and is shipped from Yantra DCS, Yantra DCS publishes SRLDTL records into the interface tables.

The WMS Ship Confirm Upload agent reads the interface records published by Yantra DCS and forms an input XML for the `confirmShipment()` API.

The SRLDTL records published by Yantra DCS are across order lines. These records do not contain line information. Yantra 7x retrieves the serial records corresponding to each shipment line by matching the following attributes from the SRLDTL record with the shipment line and making a subset of serial records for each shipment line:

- Item ID of SRLDTL with item id of Shipment line,

- Product Class of SRLDTL with product class of Shipment line,
- Pallet SCM of SRLDTL with pallet SCM on the container for the shipment line.
- Carton SCM: Based on setup in Yantra DCS, this field can have either carton SCM or container number. If the attribute length is 20, it is mapped to the Carton SCM of the shipment line. Otherwise, it is mapped to the Container Number of the shipment line.

Once a subset of the SRLDTL records is formed, Yantra 7x adds a ShipmentLine element for each SRLDTL record in the XML and reduces the quantity from the already existing ShipmentLine element.

For example, Not Used if a shipment line has five units and there are five SRLDTL records for each unit, Yantra 7x adds five ShipmentLine elements to the input XML and reduces the quantity of the original element to zero (0).

Note that the YFS\_Container\_Details table should have a serial number for each unit shipped.

Table 2–19, "SRLDTL Record Type - PickTicket Serial Record Interface Format" lists the pickticket serial record information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–19 SRLDTL Record Type - PickTicket Serial Record Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode (Not used)	5	1
record_type	SRLDTL	6	6
action_code	Not used	2	12
pickticket_no	Not used	20	14
item_id	Shipment line's item ID	24	34
product_class	Shipment line's product class	2	58
item_pseudo_no	Not used	12	60
item_serial_no	Serial number (Passed to the API)	20	72
component_item_id	Not used	24	92
component_product_class	Not used	2	116

**Table 2–19 SRLDTL Record Type - PickTicket Serial Record Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
component_pseudo_no	Not used	12	118
component_serial_no	Not used	20	130
quantity	Quantity	9	150
country_of_origin	Not used	5	159
customer_po_number	Not used	25	164
pallet_scm	CARHDR's pallet SCM.	20	189
carton_scm	If the attribute length is 20, it is mapped to the Carton SCM of the shipment line. Otherwise, it is mapped to the Container Number of the shipment line.	20	209
upc_code	Not used	12	229
upc_case_code_scanned	Not used	14	241
upc_case_code_number_of_boxes	Not used	7	255

## 2.3 Yantra DCS Inventory Interface

The Yantra DCS inventory interface can download inventory changes due to Returns in Yantra 7x to Yantra DCS. It can also read uploads of inventory changes from Yantra DCS to Yantra 7x.

### 2.3.1 Yantra DCS Inventory Upload

The Yantra 7x inventory upload picks up inventory change information from Yantra DCS and uploads the information to Yantra 7x. The WMS Inventory Upload time-triggered transaction, scheduled through `yfs.wms.inventory`, performs inventory change uploading which is read by the WMS Inventory Upload transaction.

Yantra DCS passes only one record type, TRNDTL, for an item and product class combination.

### 2.3.1.1 TRNDTL – Inventory Change Upload Record

Table 2–20, "TRNDTL Record Type-Inventory Change Upload Interface Format" lists the inventory change upload information mapped to Yantra DCS.

*Table 2–20 TRNDTL Record Type-Inventory Change Upload Interface Format*

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	ShipNode	5	1
record_type	Always 'TRNDTL'	6	6
action_code	Always 'AD'	2	12
tran_code	ReferenceField4	5	31
tran_reason_code	ReasonCode	4	41
item_id	Item ID	24	45
product_class	Product Class	2	69
pack_type	UOM	4	71
unavailable_quantity	HeldQty	8	77
available_quantity	OnHandQty	8	85
held_quantity	HeldQty	8	93
order_release_no	ReferenceField2	3	203
order_line_no	ReferenceField3	5	206
to_location	ReferenceField5	12	284
reference_field_1	ReferenceField1	30	296
reference_field_2	ReasonText	30	326

**Note:** Reference Fields 1-5 map to the reference field in the YFS\_Inventory\_Audit table.

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**Note:** For Work Orders, Yantra DCS sets the value of the Reference\_Field4 Yantra 7x Parameter to KITD for use by inventory costing.

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For more information about the Inventory Upload transaction, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 2.3.2 Yantra DCS Inventory Download

When a Return is recorded in Yantra 7x, inventory adjustments may take place depending on the configuration of Status and Supply Type. When inventory adjustments take place on ship nodes specified as InterfaceType Yantra DCS, the inventory changes are published to the WMS interface tables, if a service is configured to do so.

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**Caution:** Do not configure multiple Supply Types to be downloaded to Yantra DCS. Doing so downloads duplicate records to the INFC\_DNLD\_TAB\_1 interface table.

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#### To configure an inventory download service:

1. From the Yantra 7x Configurator menu, choose Business Process > Process Modeling. Open the General tab and choose the Details of the General process type.
2. Create a new service that is invoked synchronously, does not provide real time response, and contains the following sequence of nodes:
  - a. Start node.
  - b. API node. Choose Extended API node and configure it as follows:
    - \* Specify any name for API name.
    - \* Specify Class Name as `com.yantra.inv.business.inventory.YFSInventoryDownload`
    - \* Specify Method Name as `downloadInventory`
  - c. End node.
3. Create an action. Choose the Invoked Services tab and add the service you created in [Step 2](#).

4. Enable the INVENTORY\_CHANGE event raised by the INVENTORY\_CHANGE transaction.
5. Attach the action created in [Step 3](#) to the INVENTORY\_CHANGE event of the INVENTORY\_CHANGE transaction.
6. If necessary, add a Condition node to call the action only if AdjustmentType is RETURN. The AdjustmentType is RETURN when inventory adjustments take place due to Returns.

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**Note:** Even if a service is configured unconditionally, the ship node must be specified as InterfaceType Yantra DCS and AdjustmentType is RETURN in order for the data to be written to the interface tables.

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### Input XML Format

The following input XML is passed to the service by the event:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<YantraXML>      <XML AccountNo="" AdjustmentType=" "
                  CostCurrency="" EnterpriseCode=" " ItemID=" "
                  ItemKey="" Organization=" "
                  ProductClass="" Quantity="" ReasonCode="" ReasonText=""
                  Reference_1=""
                  Reference_2="" Reference_3="" Reference_4=""
                  Reference_5="" ShipByDate="" ShipNode=""
                  SupplyReference=" " SupplyReferenceType=""
                  SupplyType=" " UnitCost="" UnitOfMeasure=" " /> </YantraXML>
```

The `downloadInventory()` method publishes inventory to WMS only if the 'AdjustmentType' in the XML is 'RETURN' and the ship node's interface type is 'WMS\_YANTRA'. This method converts the XML into a WMS format string. A record is inserted into the 'Infc\_Dnld\_Tab\_1' table in the WMS database with interface type as 'INVD'.

### Adding Location and Reference Fields

The default XML (published by the event) does not contain location. Either Yantra 7x WMS can be configured to have a default location or this XML can be modified (to add the 'WarehouseLocation' attribute) in the service before passing it to this method. If the XML contains the 'WarehouseLocation' attribute, it is passed to Yantra 7x WMS as the location. Similarly, the 'WMSReferenceField1' and 'WMSReferenceField2'

attributes can be added to the XML for Yantra 7x WMS fields 'ReferenceField1' and 'ReferenceField2'.

### 2.3.2.1 INVCHG - Inventory Change Download Record

Table 2–21, "INVCHG Record Type - Inventory Change Download Interface Format" lists the inventory change download information mapped to Yantra DCS.

**Table 2–21 INVCHG Record Type - Inventory Change Download Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
whse	/YantraXML/XML/ShipNode	5	1
record_type	INVCHG	6	6
action_code	AD	2	12
tran_date	Transaction date in 'CCYYMMDD' format	8	14
tran_time	Transaction time in 'HHMMSS' format	6	22
tran_seq_no	001	3	28
tran_code	WIMT	5	31
tran_type	Always blank	5	36
tran_reason_code	Always blank	4	41
item_id	/YantraXML/XML/ItemID	40	5
product_class	/YantraXML/XML/ProductClass	6	5
pack_type	EACH	4	1
quality_status	Always blank	2	5
unavailable_quantity	0	7	97
available_quantity	/YantraXML/XML/Quantity	7	104
held_quantity	0	7	111
location	/YantraXML/XML/WarehouseLocation	20	118
user_id	User ID from the context	8	138

**Table 2–21 INVCHG Record Type - Inventory Change Download Interface Format**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 7x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
reference_field_1	Data maps to /YantraXML/XML/WMSReferenceField1. No data is passed, it maps to /YantraXML/XML/SupplyReference.  Note: OrderNo is passed in /YantraXML/XML/SupplyReference by the event.	30	146
reference_field_2	Data maps to /YantraXML/XML/WMSReferenceField2. No data is passed, it maps to /YantraXML/XML/SupplyType.	30	176
wms_buffer	Always blank	30	206

## 2.4 Yantra DCS Returns Interface

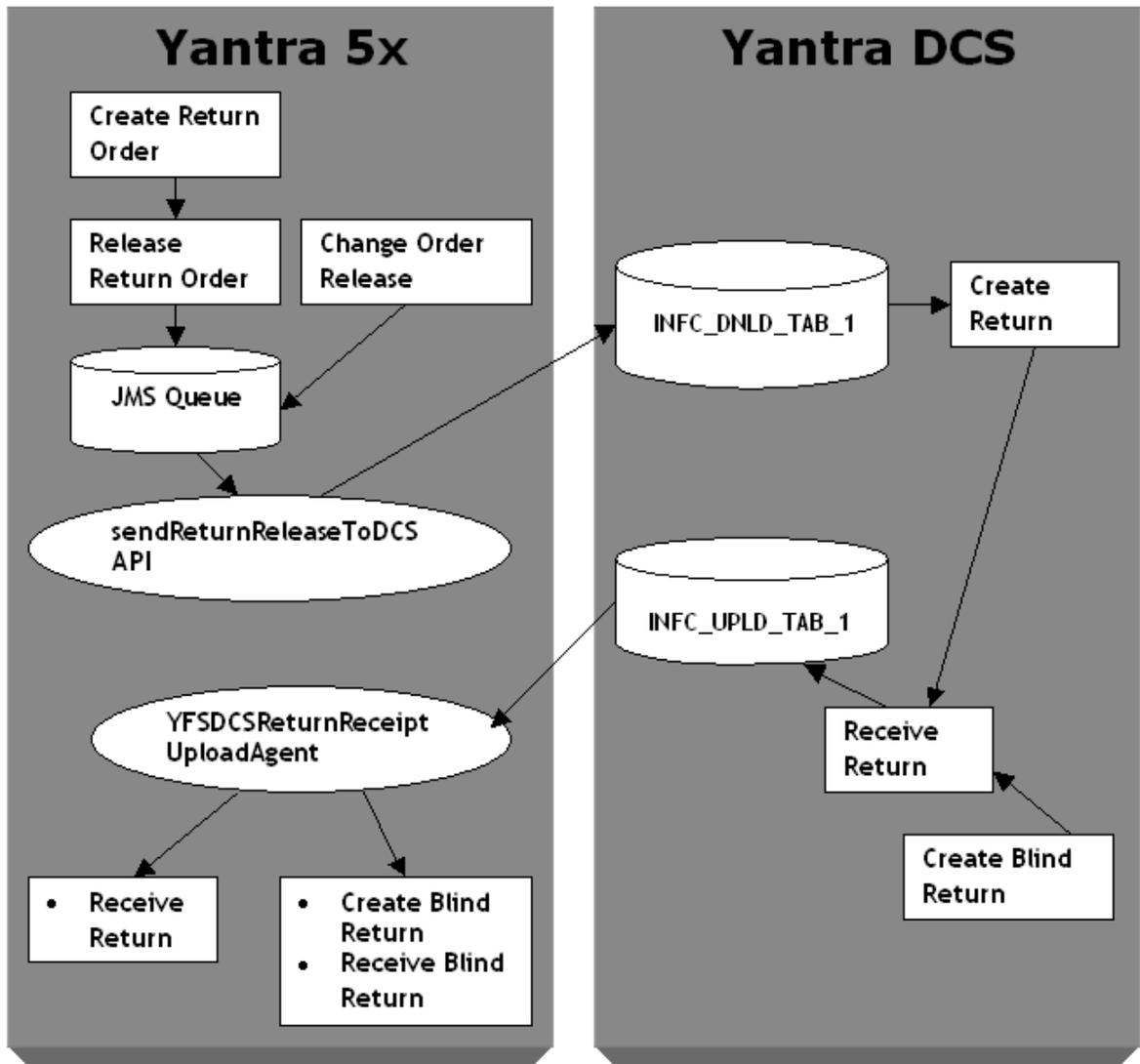
The integration of Yantra 7x with Yantra DCS enables information related to Return Order release to pass between the two applications.

The integration provides an API (sendReturnReleaseToDCS) to send the Return Order release to Yantra DCS, and a time triggered transaction (DCS Return Receipt Upload Agent) to get the return release receipt information from Yantra DCS. Additionally, this integration supports receipts against blind returns that were created on Yantra DCS.

### 2.4.1 Return Order Integration Workflow

[Figure 2–2](#) illustrates the workflow for the Return Order integration.

Figure 2–2 Workflow for Return Order Integration



1. An external Return Order system invokes the createOrder() API on Yantra 7x to create a Return Order for a Yantra DCS receiving node. A Return Order is created and the order status becomes Created (1100).

2. When the Return Order is released, the ON\_RELEASE\_CREATION\_OR\_CHANGE event of the releaseOrder API can be configured to invoke the service YantraSendReturnReleaseToDCSService, which inserts a message containing the return release key into the JMS Queue. For more information about configuring Return Order integration with Yantra DCS, see [Section 2.4.3, "Configuring Return Order Integration with Yantra DCS"](#).

The return release is modified by invoking the changeRelease API. After the return release modification, if the ON\_SUCCESS event is configured to invoke YantraSendReturnReleaseToDCSService, a message containing the release key is inserted into the JMS queue.

3. The sendReturnReleaseToDCS API picks up the return release key from the JMS Queue, fetches the release details, and inserts a message containing the release details into the Yantra DCS interface table INFC\_DNLD\_TAB\_1.
4. An agent on Yantra DCS picks up the return release data from INFC\_DNLD\_TAB\_1 and creates a return on Yantra DCS.
5. Alternatively, a blind return can be directly created on Yantra DCS using the Yantra DCS user interface.
6. Once the return is received, Yantra DCS agents insert the receipt details into the interface table INFC\_UPLD\_TAB\_1.
7. The DCS Return Receipt Upload Agent picks up the receipt details from the interface table INFC\_UPLD\_TAB\_1 and calls the receiveOrder API to mark the Return Order as received.

For blind returns, before calling the receiveOrder API, the DCS Return Receipt Upload Agent first calls the createOrder API to create a Return Order, or the changeOrder API to change the order that already exists for this blind return on Yantra 7x.

### 2.4.2 Determining the Enterprise Code for Blind Return during Upload

For blind RMA the system determines the enterprise code as follows:

1. If the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is blank, the primary organization of the owner of the ship node is taken as the enterprise code.

2. If the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is not blank, the system checks the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1.
  - If the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is a valid organization with an Enterprise role, the system uses the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 as the enterprise Code.
  - If the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is not a valid organization with an Enterprise role, the system throws an error.

### 2.4.3 Configuring Return Order Integration with Yantra DCS

This section describes the various configurations for Return Order Integration with Yantra DCS.

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**Note1:** The setup for the Disposition Code should be identical in both Yantra 7x and Yantra DCS.

**Note2:** Inventory updates during return receipt upload should be turned off. Inventory adjustments for return receipts should be done through the inventory adjustment interface with Yantra DCS. Whenever inventory is updated in Yantra DCS, inventory is updated in Yantra 7x through this interface.

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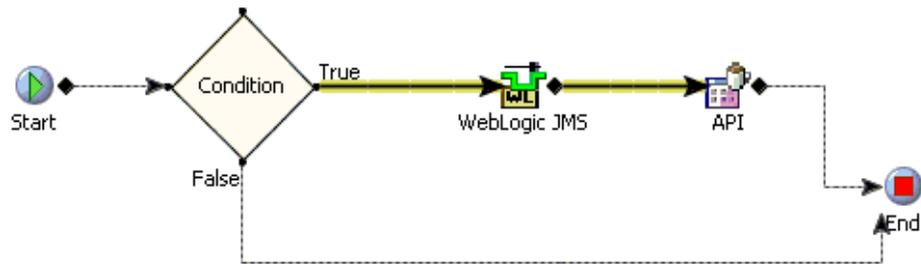
---

#### 2.4.3.1 Configuring return release download to Yantra DCS

Configuring return release download to Yantra DCS involves creating a new JMS Queue, service, and action.

To configure return release download to Yantra DCS:

1. Create a synchronous service, say `YantraSendReturnReleaseToDCSService` under Reverse Logistics Services. This service puts the Return Order release key into a JMS queue, say `RMADownloadQueue`, if the ship node is a Yantra DCS node.



**Note:** The "Condition" mentioned in the figure should be configured with ship node interface type = 'WMS\_YANTRA'.

For the API component in the service,

- Choose the General tab.
- Select the Yantra 7x Standard API option button.
- From the API Name dropdown list, select sendReturnReleaseToDCS.

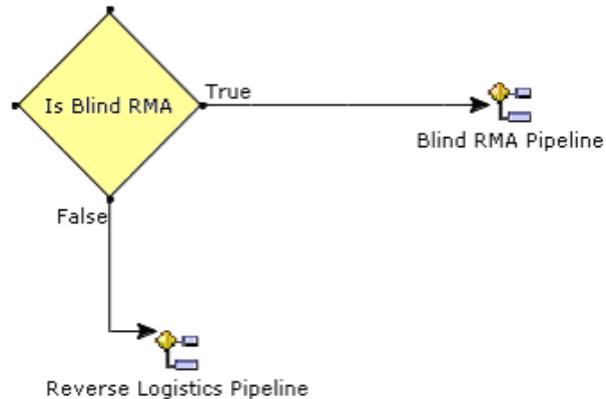
When the integration server configured in the JMS receiver runs, the sendReturnReleaseToDCS API picks up the order release key from the JMS queue and inserts the return release details in the Yantra DCS interface table.

2. Navigate to ReverseLogistics Repository > Actions and create an action, say SendReturnReleaseToDCS. This action should invoke YantraSendReturnReleaseToDCSService. Configure ON\_RELEASE\_CREATION\_OR\_CHANGE event of the SCHEDULE RETURN transaction and ON\_SUCCESS event of the changeRelease API to invoke this action (in the case of Reverse Logistics, the SCHEDULE RETURN transaction also does the release).

### 2.4.3.2 Configuration for Receiving Blind RMA

Return Receipts for Blind RMAs created at the warehouse and the receipt details are uploaded as regular return receipts. The receipt upload agent creates the Return Order with a '03' order type in Yantra 7x.

Based on the pipeline determination condition given below, the Blind RMA Pipeline is used for Blind RMA Return Order fulfillment.



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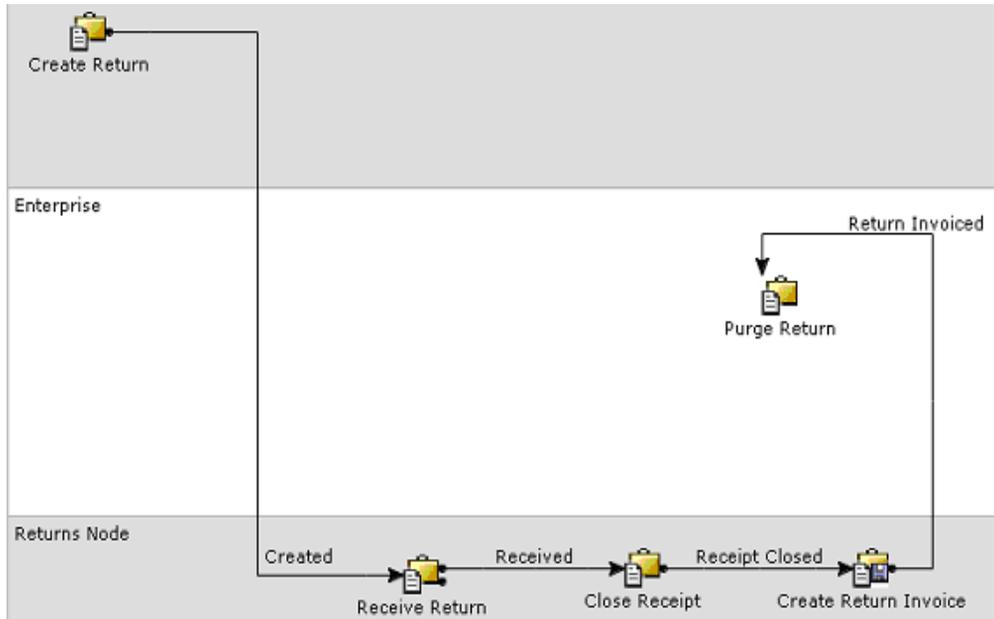
**Note:** The condition "Is Blind RMA" mentioned in the figure is configured as OrderType='03'.

---

---

Return releases are not created for these return orders. However, a receipt is recorded against the Return Order.

The Blind RMA Pipeline should be configured according to the following pipeline:



## 2.4.4 Return Order Interface Data Mapping

This section describes the Return Order Interface Data Mapping.

### 2.4.4.1 Return Order Release Download Data Mapping

The Return Order Release Download Data Mapping are listed in this section.

#### 2.4.4.1.1 RMAHDR - Return Release Download Header

[Table 2–22, "RMAHDR Record Type - Return Release Download Header Interface Mapping"](#) lists the header information required by the Return Release Download API.

**Table 2–22 RMAHDR Record Type - Return Release Download Header Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
WHSE	OrderRelease/@ReceivingNode	5	1
RECORD-TYPE	"RMAHDR"	6	6
ACTION-CODE	"CH" or "CL" based on modification or closure	2	12
RMA-NUMBER	OrderRelease/Order/@OrderNo	15	14
RMA-RELEASE-NO	OrderRelease/@ReleaseNo	3	29
RMA-TYPE	OrderRelease/Order/@OrderType	2	32
EXPECTED-NO-OF-CASES	N/A	5	34
EXPECTED-NUMBER-OF-PALLETS	N/A	5	39
EXPECTED-NUMBER-OF-UNITS	N/A	7	44
TRAILER-NO	N/A	20	51
FREIGHT-COLLECT-FLAG	OrderRelease/Order/@TermsCode	1	71
EXPECTED-DATE	OrderRelease/Order/@OrderDate	8	72
CARRIER-CODE	OrderRelease/Order/@SCAC	4	80
INVOICE-NUMBER	N/A	20	84
SHIP-TO-CUST-ID	OrderRelease/OrderLine/@ShipToID	10	104
BILL-TO-CUST-ID	OrderRelease/Order/@BillToID	10	114
ENTRY-DATE	OrderRelease/Order/@OrderDate	8	124
SHIP-TO-NAME	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @FirstName + @LastName	25	132
BILL-TO-SHORT-NAME	OrderRelease/Order/PersonInfoBillTo/@Fi rstName + @LastName	12	157
SHIP-TO-ADDR-1	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @AddressLine1	30	169
SHIP-TO-ADDR-2	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @AddressLine2	30	199

**Table 2–22 RMAHDR Record Type - Return Release Download Header Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
SHIP-TO-ADDR-3	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @AddressLine3	30	229
SHIP-TO-CITY	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @City	30	259
SHIP-TO-STATE-CODE	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @State	2	289
SHIP-TO-ZIP	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @ZipCode	9	291
SHIP-TO-COUNTRY-CODE	OrderRelease/PersonInfoShipTo/ @Country	5	300
CLAIM-NO	N/A	20	305
PICKTICKET-NO	N/A	20	325
REASON-CODE	N/A	4	345
PRO-NUMBER	N/A	20	349
REFERENCE-FIELD-1	OrderRelease/Order/ @EnterpriseCode	20	369
REFERENCE-FIELD-2	N/A	20	389
REFERENCE-FIELD-3	N/A	20	409
REFERENCE-FIELD-4	N/A	20	429
REFERENCE-FIELD-5	N/A	20	449
REFERENCE-FIELD-6	N/A	20	469
REFERENCE-FLAG-1	N/A	1	489
REFERENCE-FLAG-2	N/A	1	490
REFERENCE-FLAG-3	N/A	1	491
REFERENCE-FLAG-4	N/A	1	492

**Table 2–22 RMAHDR Record Type - Return Release Download Header Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
REFERENCE-FLAG-5	N/A	1	493
REFERENCE-FLAG-6	N/A	1	494
WMS-BUFFER	Defaulted with blank spaces	30	495

#### 2.4.4.1.2 RMADTL - Return Release Download Detail

Table 2–23, "RMADTL Record Type - Return Release Download Detail Interface Mapping" lists the detail or line information required by the Return Release Download API.

**Table 2–23 RMADTL Record Type - Return Release Download Detail Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
WHSE	OrderRelease/@Receiving Node	5	1
RECORD-TYPE	"RMADTL"	6	6
ACTION-CODE	"CH" or "CL" based on modification or closure	2	12
RMA-NUMBER	OrderRelease/Order/@OrderNo	15	14
RMA-RELEASE-NO	OrderRelease/@ReleaseNo	3	29
RMA-LINE-NO	OrderRelease/OrderLine/@PrimeLineNo	5	32
RMA-SUB-NO	Default value '0'	5	37
ITEM-ID	OrderRelease/OrderLine/Item/@ItemID	24	42
PRODUCT-CLASS	OrderRelease/OrderLine/Item/@ProductClass	2	66
QUALITY-STATUS	Defaulted in INTERFACE_DEFAULTS	2	68
PACK-TYPE	Defaulted in INTERFACE_DEFAULTS	4	70
EXPECTED-QUANTITY	OrderRelease/OrderLine/OrderStatuses/OrderStatus/@StatusQuantity	9	74
RMA-REASON-CODE	OrderRelease/OrderLine/@ReturnReason	4	83
DISPOSITION-CODE	N/A	2	87
CREDIT-FLAG	OrderRelease/Order/@TermsCode	1	89

**Table 2–23 RMADTL Record Type - Return Release Download Detail Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
PSEUDO-SERIAL-NUMBER	N/A	20	90
INVOICE-NUMBER	N/A	20	110
PICKTICKET-NO	N/A	20	130

**2.4.4.1.3 RMACMT- Return Release Download Comments**

Table 2–24, "RMACMT Record Type - Return Release Download Comments Interface Mapping" lists the comment information required by the Return Release Download API.

**Table 2–24 RMACMT Record Type - Return Release Download Comments Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
WHSE	OrderRelease/@Receiving Node	5	1
RECORD-TYPE	"RMACMT"	6	6
ACTION-CODE	"CH" or "CL" based on modification or closure	2	12
RMA-NUMBER	OrderRelease/Order/@OrderNo	15	14
RMA-RELEASE-NO	OrderRelease/@ReleaseNo	3	29
RMA-LINE-NO	OrderRelease/OrderLine/@PrimeLineNo or '0' for header level comment	5	32
RMA-SUB-NO	Default value '0'	5	37

**Table 2–24 RMACMT Record Type - Return Release Download Comments Interface Mapping**

Yantra DCS Parameter	Yantra 5x Parameter	Field Size	Start Position
COMMENT-SEQ-NO	OrderRelease/Order/Instructions/ Instruction/@SequenceNo OR OrderRelease/Orderline/Instructions/ Instruction/@SequenceNo	5	42
COMMENT-TYPE	Maps to appropriate DCS Comment Type	2	47
COMMENT-TEXT	OrderLine-> InstructionText OR Order -> InstructionText- '0' as return line number	80	49

#### 2.4.4.2 Return Receipt Upload Data Mapping

The Return Receipt Upload Data Mapping are listed in this section.

##### 2.4.4.2.1 Data mapping to create Return Order for blind return

Table 2–25, "Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to createOrder API for blind return" lists the interface attribute mapping to create return orders if they do not exist in Yantra 7x.

**Table 2–25 Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to createOrder API for blind return**

Yantra 7x	Yantra DCS
Order/DocumentType	Default value for Return Document '0003'
Order/OrderDate	RARHDR.RECEIVED-DATE
Order/OrderNo	RARHDR.RMA_NUMBER
Order/OrderType	Default Value '03'
Order/SCAC	RARHDR. CARRIER-CODE
Order/TermsCode	RARHDR. FREIGHT-COLLECT

**Table 2–25 Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to createOrder API for blind return**

Yantra 7x	Yantra DCS
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ FirstName	RARHDR. CUSTOMER-NAME
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ AddressLine1	RARHDR. ADDRESS-1
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ AddressLine2	RARHDR. ADDRESS-2
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ AddressLine3	RARHDR. ADDRESS-3
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ City	RARHDR. CITY
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ State	RARHDR. STATE
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ ZipCode	RARHDR. ZIP
Order/PersonInfoShipTo/ Country	RARHDR. COUNTRY-CODE
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ FirstName	RARHDR. CUSTOMER-NAME
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ AddressLine1	RARHDR. ADDRESS-1
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ AddressLine2	RARHDR. ADDRESS-2
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ AddressLine3	RARHDR. ADDRESS-3
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ City	RARHDR. CITY
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ State	RARHDR. STATE

**Table 2–25 Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to createOrder API for blind return**

Yantra 7x	Yantra DCS
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ ZipCode	RARHDR. ZIP
Order/PersonInfoBillTo/ Country	RARHDR. COUNTRY-CODE
Order/EnterpriseCode	RARHDR.REFERENCE-1, if the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is a valid Organization with Enterprise role.  If the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is blank, this will be the primary enterprise of the receiving node's organization.  If the value of RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 is not a valid enterprise code, the system throws an error.
OrderLine/ReceivingNode	RARHDR.WHSE
Order/Instructions/ InstructionText	RARCMT.COMMENT-TEXT (if RARCMT.RMA-LINE-NO=0)
Order/Instructions/ InstructionType	RARCMT.COMMENT-TYPE (if RARCMT.RMA-LINE-NO=0)
Order/Instructions/ SequenceNo	RARCMT.SEO_NUMBER (if RARCMT.RMA-LINE-NO=0)
OrderLine/PrimeLineNo	RARDTL.RMA-LINE-NO
OrderLine/OrderedQuantity	RARDTL.QUANTITY
OrderLine/Item/ItemID	RARDTL.ITEM_ID
OrderLine/Item/ProductClass	RARDTL.PRODUCT_CLASS
OrderLine/SubLineNo	Default Value '0'
OrderLine/Item/UnitofMeasure	Default Value 'EACH'
OrderLine/ReturnReason	RARDTL.RMA-REASON-CODE
OrderLine/Instructions/Instruction /InstructionText	RARCMT.COMMENT-TEXT

**Table 2–25 Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to createOrder API for blind return**

Yantra 7x	Yantra DCS
OrderLine/Instructions/Instruction /InstructionType	RARCMT.COMMENT-TEXT
OrderLine/Instructions/Instruction /SequenceNo	RARCMT.SEQ-NUMBER

**2.4.4.2.2 Data mapping to record return receipts**

Table 2–26, "Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to receiveOrder API for return receipt" lists the interface attribute mapping to record return receipts on Yantra 7x.

**Table 2–26 Return Receipt Upload Interface mapping for input XML to receiveOrder API for return receipt**

Yantra 7x	Yantra DCS
Receipt/ReceiptNo	RARHDR.WORKSHEET-NO
Receipt/EnterpriseCode	RARHDR.REFERENCE-1 if the receipt is not against a blind RMA. Otherwise the enterprise code is same as that of the blind RMA.
Receipt/ReleaseNo	RARHDR.RMA-RELEASE-NO
ReceiptLine/InspectedBy	RARDTL.USERID
ReceiptLine/InspectionComments	RARDTL.RMA-REASON-CODE
ReceiptLine/DispositionCode	RARDTL.DISPOSITION-CODE
ReceiptLine/InspectionDate	RARHDR.RECEIVED-DATE
Receipt/OrderNo	RARDTL.RMA-NUMBER
ReceiptLine/PrimeLineNo	RARDTL.RMA-LINE-NO
ReceiptLine/Quantity	RARDTL.QUANTITY
ReceiptLine/SerialNo	RARDTL.SERIAL-NO
ReceiptLine/SubLineNo	Default Value '1'

## 2.4.5 Assumptions and Limitations

The assumptions and limitations in the integration of Yantra 7x with Yantra DCS for returns interface are listed below:

- The integration to Yantra DCS is at return release rather than return creation. This is done to support returns that may require a manual credit check or approval before it is accepted (released).

To send a return order to Yantra DCS whenever a return is created, you can model a service to call Return Release upon creation, based on a return type.

- The Return Order number in Yantra 7x is unique across all enterprises.
- All Return Order lines must use consecutive prime line numbers, with all sub line numbers as '0'. The RMADTL record always sets the RMA\_SUB\_NO as '0'.
- Only one release is supported for each receiving node of the Return Order. To apply this, enable the document type level rule 'Consolidate New Releases' for the 'Reverse Logistics' document type. This allows the new lines added to the Return Order to be included in the existing release.
- Receipt is allowed only for items included in the Return Order. To receive an item that is not in the return, a line with that item should be added into the return release and downloaded into Yantra DCS again.
- Inventory updates during return receipt upload should be turned off. Inventory adjustments for return receipts should be done through the inventory adjustment interface with Yantra DCS. Whenever inventory is updated in Yantra DCS, inventory is updated in Yantra 7x through this interface.
- The following modifications are allowed on a Return Order:
  - Order Level
    - ADD\_LINE: A new line can be added to the Return Order. This line is added in the created status. Based on the 'Consolidate New Releases' setting in the 'Reverse Logistics' document type level, this new line is added into the existing release during the release process and the entire release is downloaded to Yantra DCS.

- Order Line Level
  - Modifications are not allowed in the Return Order line level.
- Order Release Level
  - ADD\_LINE: A new release line can be added.
  - CANCEL: Yantra recommends that you disallow cancellation once the return release is sent to Yantra DCS. This is because the return receipt upload agent throws an exception if the return is being received or has already been received in Yantra DCS while it is getting cancelled on Yantra 7x.
  - ADD\_QUANTITY: A release line quantity can be added.
  - The other modifications allowed are Add Note, Change BillTo, Change Carrier, Change Carrier Account No, Change Carrier Service Code, Change Freight Terms, Change Delivery Code, Change MarkFor, Change ReqShipDate, and Change ShipTo.
- Receipt overage is not allowed in Yantra DCS. A new return line must be created on Yantra 7x and downloaded to Yantra DCS upon release.
- Return Orders with Kit items should be created as blind returns on Yantra DCS. They cannot be created for sales orders in Yantra 7x.
- Return Orders with Kit items should contain return lines for kit components.
- Return Orders can be created for multiple sales orders and can be received in Yantra DCS.
- The return receipt upload agent does not upload instructions to Yantra 7x if the instruction text is blank.
- The configuration assumptions for Yantra DCS are:
  - The creation of a return in Yantra DCS is enabled only for blind returns.
  - For blind returns on Yantra DCS, a new function should be configured to "Create Blind RMA" with RMA\_Type='03' defaulted and protected. This ensures that blind RMAs are always created with RMA\_Type = '03'.
  - The ability to receive an overage item or a different item on a return is disabled.

For more information about configuring Yantra DCS Inventory updates, see the *Yantra 5x Configuration Guide*.



# Integrating with Third-Party Warehouse Management Systems

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Yantra 7x enables you to integrate with external third-party warehouse management systems in order to identify external ship nodes, manage external inventory and distribution of items, and coordinate external warehouse activities.

Yantra 7x, Release 7.5 SP1 provides complete functionality for Distributed Order Management and Warehouse Management systems without the need for integration. For more information about the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System, see the *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Concepts Guide*.

This chapter describes how Yantra 7x provides integration with software that controls inventory and directs activities from shipping to receiving for third-party warehouse management systems.

## 3.1 Third-Party Warehouse Management Systems

Yantra 7x provides XML-based integration to third-party warehouse management systems (WMS). To integrate Yantra 7x with third-party warehouse management systems, configure them using services, as indicated in the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*. In addition, use the following APIs when necessary:

- `getUnprocessedExportDataEx()` – Retrieves unprocessed data from export tables.
- `getUnprocessedImportDataEx()` – Retrieves unprocessed data from import tables.

### 3.1.1 Third-Party Shipment Advice

When creating shipment advice data for third-party software, use services to stage your data. For more information about using services, see the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 3.1.2 Third-Party Inventory Change

Yantra 7x enables XML-based integration with third-party warehouse management inventory control systems through services or through system APIs. The following APIs enable integration with third-party systems for inventory change:

- `getInventorySnapShot` – Obtains total number of items in inventory at all ship nodes.
- `getInventoryMismatch` – Detects or corrects mismatches between the global inventory picture on Yantra 7x and the global inventory picture on the external system.
- `adjustInventory` – Applies corrections to the global inventory picture in Yantra 7x. This could also be used to correct a mismatch when the `getInventoryMismatch` API is used to detect the mismatches.

## Integrating with Stand-Alone Yantra 7x WMS

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### 4.1 Installing Integration Pack for Receipt and Inventory Change Upload Interfaces on a WMS Instance

To install the receipt and inventory change upload components on the WMS instance:

1. Set the environment variable `YFS_HOME` to point to the Yantra installation directory.
2. Change the directory to `<YFS_HOME>/bin`, and run the following command:

```
ant -f wms_integration_pack_installer.xml
```

3. After you run the above command, check the contents of the `wms_integration_pack_fc_installer.xml.restart` file located in the `<YFS_HOME>/database/FactorySetup/install/` directory. In the `wms_integration_pack_fc_installer.xml.restart` file make sure that the "Completed" attribute of the `TaskInfo` element is set to "Y". If this is set to "N", fix the integration pack installation problems, and repeat [Step 2](#).

### 4.2 Installing Integration Pack for Receipt and Inventory Change Upload Interfaces on a DOM Instance

To install the receipt and inventory change upload components on the DOM instance:

**Note:** If your DOM instance is on a release that is prior to Release 7.5 SP1, you must copy the following files located in the runtime directory of the WMS instance to the runtime directory of the DOM instance.

- `<YFS_HOME>/bin/omp_integration_pack_installer.xml`
- `<YFS_HOME>/database/FactorySetup/install/omp_integration_pack_fc_installer.xml`
- `<YFS_HOME>/database/FactorySetup/IntegrationPack/IP_OMP_*.xml`

1. Set the environment variable `YFS_HOME` to point to the Yantra installation directory.
2. Change the directory to `<YFS_HOME>/bin`, and run the following command:

```
ant -f omp_integration_pack_installer.xml
```

3. After you run the above command, check the contents of the `omp_integration_pack_fc_installer.xml.restart` file located in the `$YFS_HOME/database/FactorySetup/install/` directory. In the `omp_integration_pack_fc_installer.xml.restart` file make sure that the "Completed" attribute of the `TaskInfo` element is set to "Y". If this is set to "N", fix the integration pack installation problems, and repeat [Step 2](#).

## 4.3 Uploading Receipts

Yantra 7x supports integration between DOM and WMS for uploading receipts and receipt adjustments. To integrate DOM and WMS, you must configure a common JMS queue. You must also model the node on both instances. For the DOM instance, model the node as a non-WMS integrated node.

Uploading receipt has the following integration touch points:

- WMS Components

- Uploading the Receipt Information
- Uploading the Receipt Adjustment Information
- DOM Components
  - Loading the Receipt Information from a Node
  - Loading the Receipt Adjustment Information from a Node

### 4.3.1 Uploading the Receipt Information

To upload the receipt details from WMS to DOM, use the ReceiptUpload-751 service.

#### 4.3.1.1 The ReceiptUpload-751 Service

This service is invoked from the WMS instance.

The receiveOrder API is invoked during the receiving process. When the receiving process for a case or pallet is complete, and the user closes the case or pallet, or when receiving for a loose SKU is complete, one of the ON\_CASE\_RECEIPT, ON\_PALLET\_RECEIPT, and ON\_SKU\_RECEIPT event of the RECEIVE\_RECEIPT transaction is raised.

The ReceiptUpload-751 service then translates the API output and serves as an input to the receiveOrder API. This is published as a message to the JMS queue of the web server of the DOM instance.

This service invokes the getReceiptLinesList API. The getReceiptLinesList API has been modified to use an additional flag called RelevantItemLinesOnly. If this flag is set to "Y", the API returns the relevant lines exploding the hierarchical information of LPNs as necessary, satisfying the input criteria.

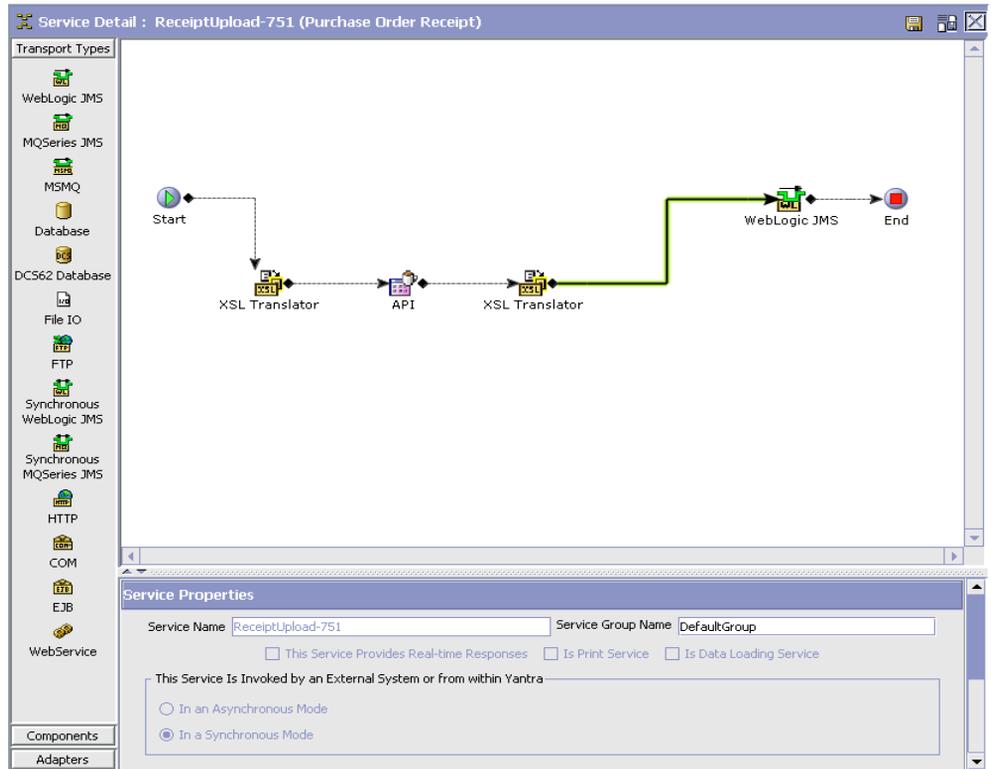
This flag is relevant only if:

- a. Either the case identifier or pallet identifier is passed in the input.
- b. The case identifier or pallet identifier that is passed is not shipped out of warehouse.

### 4.3.1.2 Configuring the ReceiptUpload-751 Service

To configure the ReceiptUpload-751 service:

1. From the Applications menu of the Yantra 7x Configurator, select Platform.
2. From the tree in the application rules side panel, double-click Process Modeling.
3. Click the Order tab. In the Process Types swimlane, right-click the Purchase Order Receipt process type, and click Model Process. The Repository Details window and work area are displayed for the Order process type.
4. Click the Service Definitions tab.
5. Expand the DefaultGroup branch.
6. Right-click ReceiptUpload-751, and select Details. The Service Detail window appears in the work area.



7. Click the green connector that connects the XSL Translator and the WebLogic JMS. The JMS Sender properties displays as shown.

The screenshot shows the 'Properties: JMS Sender' dialog box. It has four tabs: 'Runtime', 'Header', 'Reconnect', and 'Jms Security Properties'. The 'Runtime' tab is active, showing the following fields and options:

- Queue Name: DefaultAgentQueue
- Time To Live (seconds): 0
- Provider URL: t3://localhost:7002
- Initial Context Factory: Weblogic
- QCF Lookup: AGENT\_QCF
- Radio buttons:  Persistent,  Non Persistent
- Checkboxes:  Needs Compression,  Commit of this message depends on parent transaction,  Enable JMS Security

8. In the Runtime tab, make sure that the "Commit of this message depends on parent transaction" box is checked.

For field value descriptions, refer to the Service Builder Nodes and Parameters appendix of the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 4.3.2 Uploading the Receipt Adjustment Information

To upload receipt adjustment details from WMS to DOM, use the AdjustReceiptUpload-751 service.

#### 4.3.2.1 The AdjustReceiptUpload-751 Service

This service is invoked from the WMS instance.

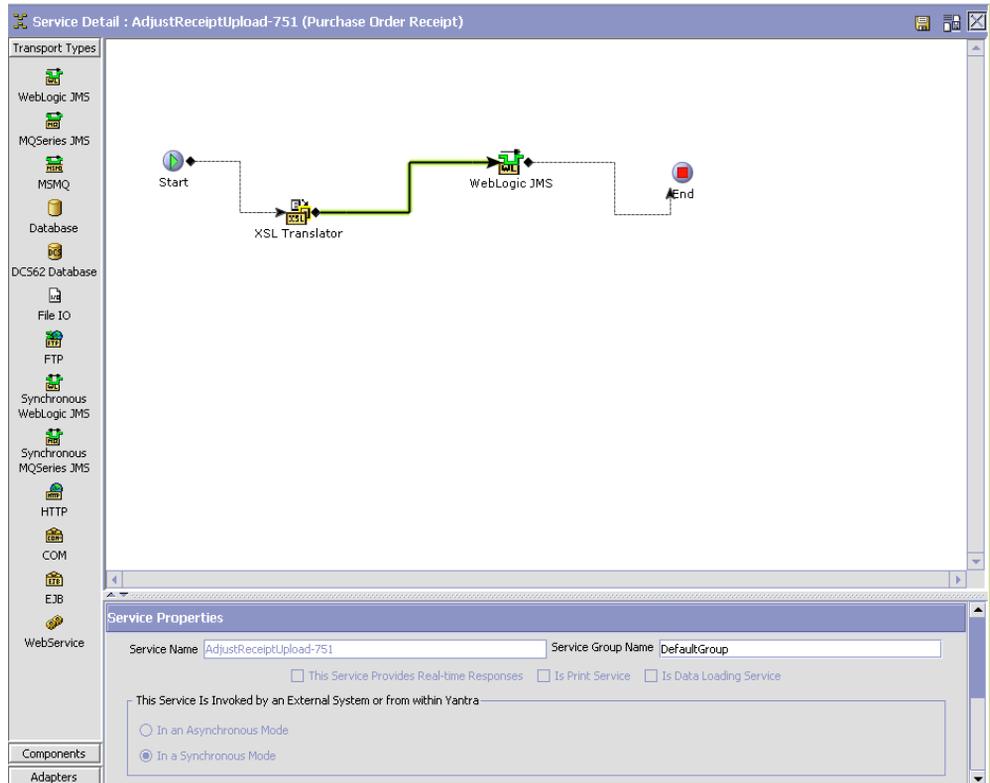
The unreceiveOrder API is invoked during the unreceiving process. When the unreceiving process is complete, the ON\_SUCCESS event of the UNRECEIVE\_RECEIPT transaction is raised.

The AdjustReceiptUpload-751 service then translates the API output and serves as an input to the unreceiveOrder API. This is published as a message in the JMS queue of the web server of the DOM instance.

#### 4.3.2.2 Configuring the Updated Receipt Adjustment Information from a Node

To configure the AdjustReceiptUpload-751 service:

1. From the Applications menu of the Yantra 7x Configurator, select Platform.
2. From the tree in the application rules side panel, double-click Process Modeling.
3. Click the Order tab. In the Process Types swimlane, right-click the Purchase Order Receipt process type, and click Model Process. The Repository Details window and work area are displayed for the Order process type.
4. Click the Service Definitions tab.
5. Expand the DefaultGroup branch.
6. Right-click AdjustReceiptUpload-751, and select Details. The Service Detail window appears in the work area.



7. Click the green connector that connects the XSL Translator and the WebLogic JMS. The JMS Sender properties displays as shown.



8. In the Runtime tab, make sure that the "Commit of this message depends on parent transaction" box is checked.

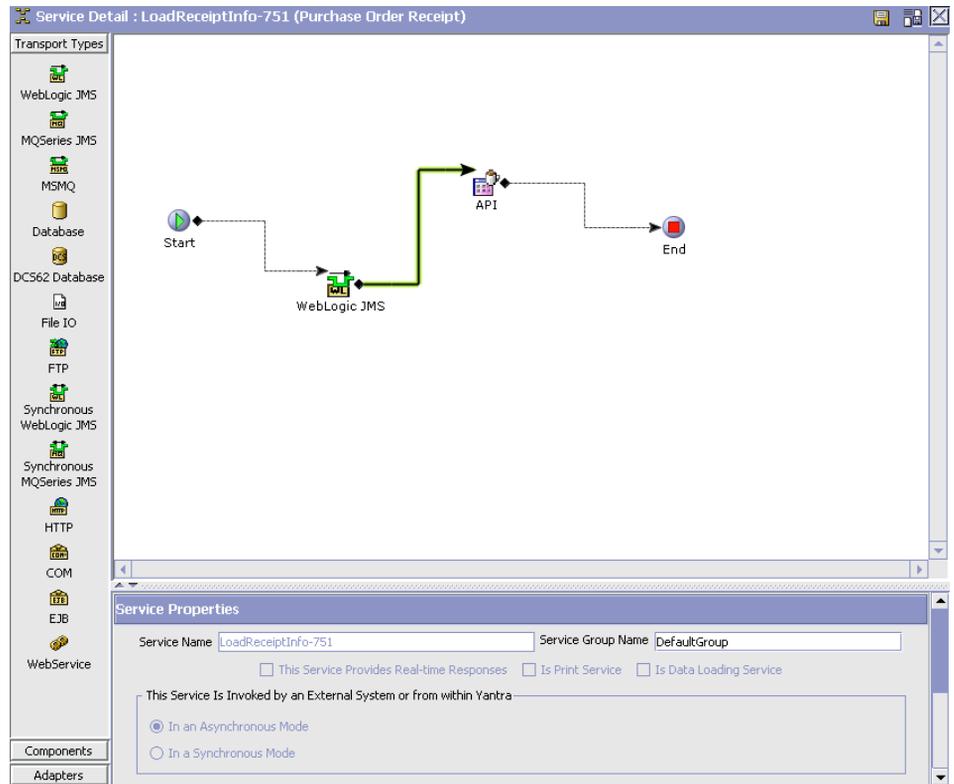
For field value descriptions, refer to the Service Builder Nodes and Parameters appendix of the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 4.3.3 Loading the Receipt Information from a Node

The LoadReceiptInfo-751 service is used at the DOM instance to retrieve receipt details from the node.

To retrieve receipt details, set up the LoadReceiptInfo-751 service for DOM instance.

1. From the Applications menu of the Yantra 7x Configurator, select Platform.
2. From the tree in the application rules side panel, double-click Process Modeling.
3. Click the Order tab. In the Process Types swimlane, right-click the Purchase Order Receipt process type, and click Model Process. The Repository Details window and work area are displayed for the Order process type.
4. Click the Service Definitions tab.
5. Expand the DefaultGroup branch.
6. Right-click LoadReceiptInfo-751, and select Details. The Service Detail window appears in the work area.



### 4.3.3.1 The LoadReceiptInfo-751 service

This service is invoked from the DOM instance.

**Note:** Although we have used Weblogic JMS as an example, Yantra 7x also supports the use of Websphere MQ JMS.

#### From WebLogic JMS to API

The LoadReceiptInfo-751 service reads the message from the JMS queue and invokes the receiveOrder API.

To configure the service:

1. In the Service Detail : LoadReceiptInfo-751 window, click the green connector that connects the WebLogic JMS and the API. The JMS Receiver properties displays as shown.

The screenshot shows the 'Properties: JMS Receiver' dialog box with the following fields and values:

Field	Value
Sub Service Name	ReceiptInfo
Queue Name	DefaultAgentQueue
Provider URL	t3://localhost:7002
Initial Context Factory	Weblogic
QCF Lookup	AGENT_QCF
Initial Threads	1
Service To Execute On EOF Message	
Root Node Name Of EOF Message	
Transactional	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Non Transactional	<input type="radio"/>
Selector	FlowName='ReceiptUpload-751'
Enable JMS Security	<input type="checkbox"/>

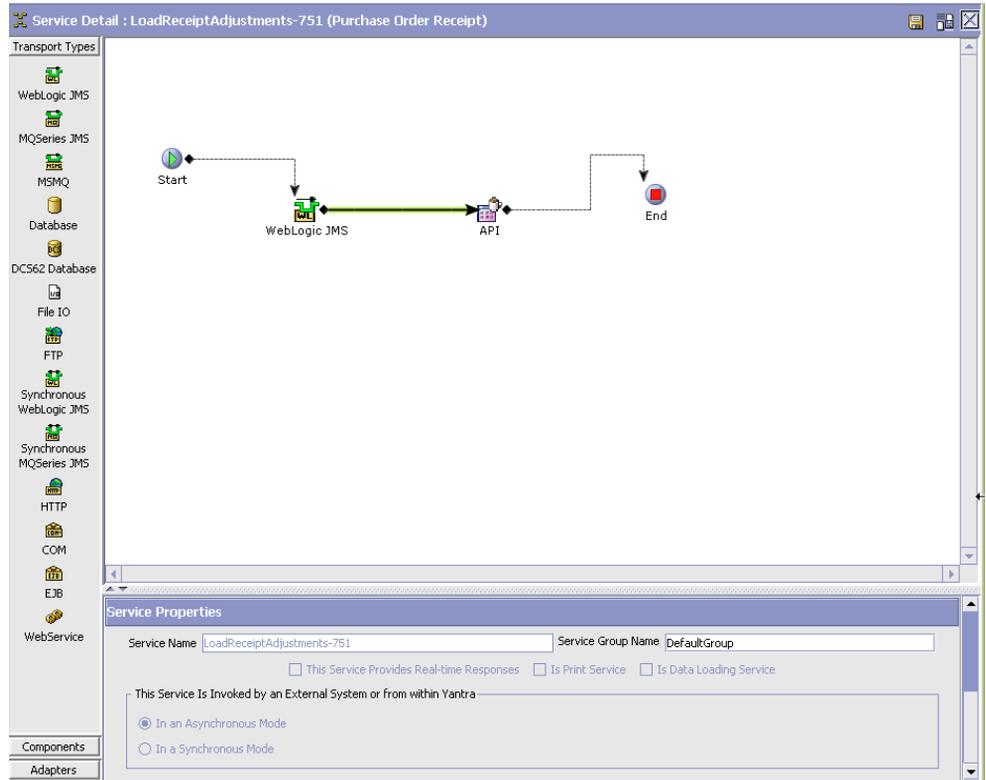
For field value descriptions of the fields, refer to the Service Builder Nodes and Parameters appendix of the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### 4.3.4 Loading the Receipt Adjustment Information from a Node

The LoadReceiptAdjustments-751 service is used at the DOM instance to retrieve receipt details from the node.

To retrieve receipt details, set up the LoadReceiptAdjustments-751 service for the DOM instance.

1. From the Applications menu of the Yantra 7x Configurator, select Platform.
2. From the tree in the application rules side panel, double-click Process Modeling.
3. Click the Order tab. In the Process Types swimlane, right-click the Purchase Order Receipt process type, and click Model Process. The Repository Details window and work area are displayed for the Order process type.
4. Click the Service Definitions tab.
5. Expand the DefaultGroup branch.
6. Right-click LoadReceiptAdjustments-751, and select Details. The Service Detail window appears in the work area.



#### 4.3.4.1 The LoadReceiptAdjustments-751 service

This service is invoked from the DOM instance.

**Note:** Although we have used Weblogic JMS as an example, Yantra 7x supports the use of Websphere MQ JMS as well.

#### From WebLogic JMS to API

The LoadReceiptAdjustments-751 service reads the message from the JMS queue and invokes the unreceiveOrder API.

To configure the service:

1. In the Service Detail : LoadReceiptAdjustments-751 window, click the green connector that connects the WebLogic JMS and the API. The JMS Receiver properties displays as shown.

The screenshot shows the 'Properties: JMS Receiver' dialog box with the 'Jms Security Properties' tab selected. The fields are as follows:

Field	Value
Sub Service Name	ReceiptAdjustments-751
Queue Name	DefaultAgentQueue
Provider URL	t3://localhost:7002
Initial Context Factory	Weblogic
QCF Lookup	AGENT_QCF
Initial Threads	1
Service To Execute On EOF Message	

Additional options include 'Transactional' (selected) and 'Non Transactional' radio buttons, and a green plus icon in the top right corner.

For field value descriptions, refer to the Service Builder Nodes and Parameters appendix of the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

## 4.4 Uploading Inventory Changes at a Node

Yantra 7x provides inventory integration between DOM and WMS that are running on two different instances. To synchronize inventory between separate DOM and WMS instances, you must configure a common JMS queue. You must also model the node on both instances. For a DOM instance, model the node as a non-WMS integrated node.

The uploading process is performed in two phases:

- [Uploading the Updated Inventory Information](#)
- [Loading Inventory Information from a Node](#)

### 4.4.1 Uploading the Updated Inventory Information

To keep inventory information between DOM and WMS instances in synchronization, use the `InventoryChangeUpload-751` service.

#### 4.4.1.1 The `InventoryChangeUpload-751` Service

Inventory information needs to be transmitted to the DOM instance for all adjustment types other than RECEIPT, RETURN, and SHIPMENT. (Inventory for these adjustment types would typically be transmitted by means of receipt or shipping interfaces). The `InventoryChangeUpload-751` service is invoked from the WMS instance

on the SUPPLY\_CHANGE event of the INVENTORY\_CHANGE transaction, which is raised whenever inventory changes at a node.

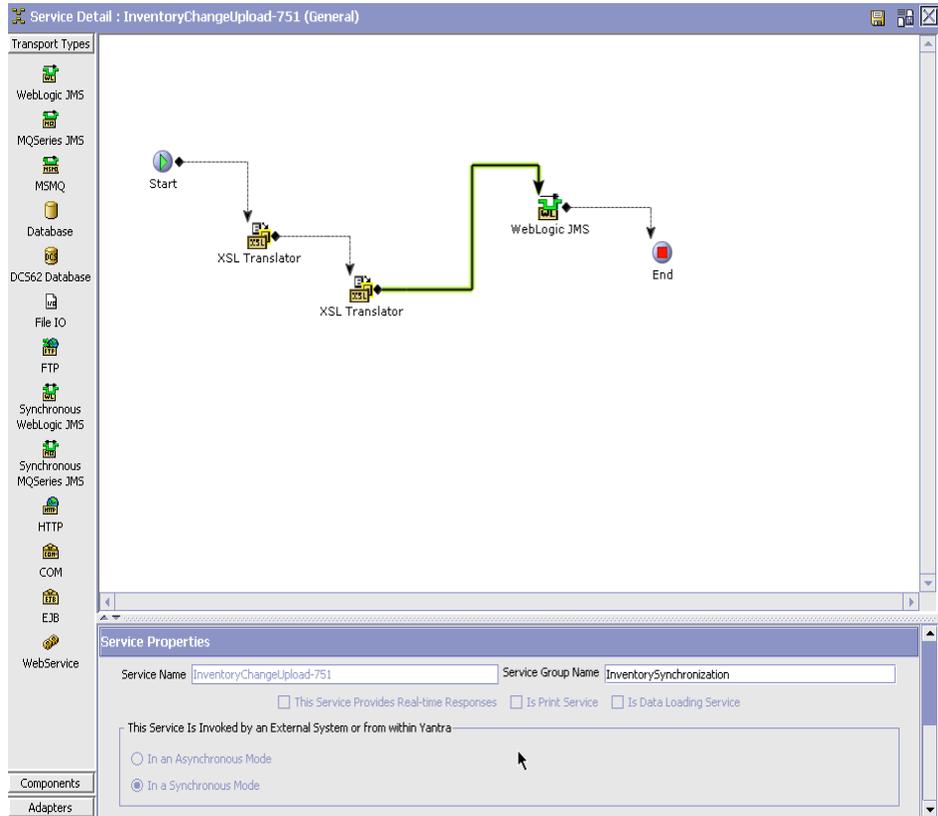
This service then translates the output of the SUPPLY\_CHANGE event and creates an input XML for the adjustInventory API. This input XML is published as a message to the JMS queue of the web server of the DOM instance.

The new "doesAdjustmentTypeRequiresTransmission" condition is used to determine which inventory changes require transmission. This condition returns true if the adjustment type is any value other than RECEIPT, RETURN, and SHIPMENT.

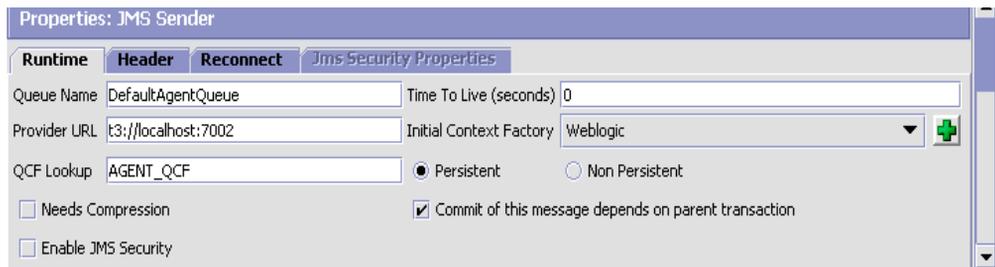
#### **4.4.1.2 Configuring the Updated Inventory Information from a Node**

To configure the service:

1. From the Applications menu of the Yantra 7x Configurator, select Platform.
2. From the tree in the application rules side panel, double-click Process Modeling.
3. Click the General tab. In the Process Types swimlane, right-click the General process type, and select Model Process. The Repository Details window and work area displays for the General process type.
4. Click the Service Definitions tab.
5. Expand the InventorySynchronization branch.
6. Right-click InventoryChangeUpload-751, and select Details. The Service Detail window appears in the work area.



7. Click the green connector that connects the XSL Translator and the WebLogic JMS. The JMS Sender properties displays as shown.



8. In the Runtime tab, make sure that the "Commit of this message depends on parent transaction" box is checked.

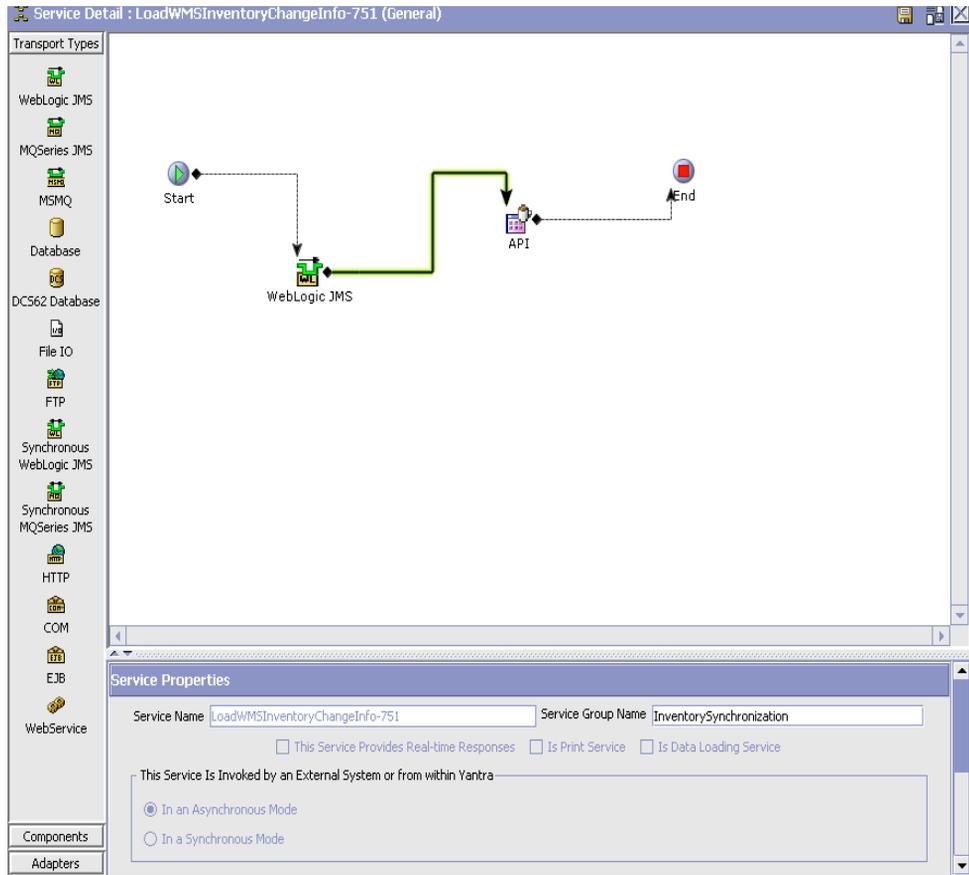
For field value descriptions, refer to the Service Builder Nodes and Parameters appendix of the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

#### 4.4.2 Loading Inventory Information from a Node

In order to reconcile the inventory picture between DOM and WMS, the inventory picture at the WMS instance must be loaded to the DOM instance.

To reconcile the inventory picture, set up the LoadWMSInventoryChangeInfo-751 service for the DOM instance.

1. From the Applications menu of the Yantra 7x Configurator, select Platform.
2. From the tree in the application rules side panel, double-click Process Modeling.
3. Click the General tab. In the Process Types swimlane, right-click the General process type, and select Model Process. The Repository Details window and work area displays for the General process type.
4. Click the Service Definitions tab.
5. Expand the InventorySynchronization branch.
6. Right-click LoadWMSInventoryChangeInfo-751, and select details. The Service Detail window appears in the work area.



### 4.4.2.1 The LoadWMSInventoryChangeInfo-751 service

This service is invoked from the DOM instance.

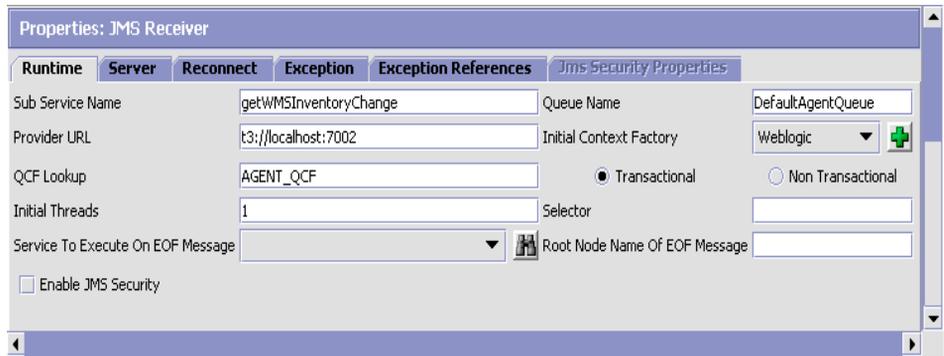
**Note:** Although we have used Weblogic JMS as an example, Yantra 7x also supports the use of Websphere MQ JMS.

#### From WebLogic JMS to API

The LoadWMSInventoryChangeInfo-751 service reads the message from the JMS queue and invokes the adjustInventory API.

To configure the service:

1. In the Service Detail : LoadWMSInventoryChangeInfo-751 window, click the green connector that connects the WebLogic JMS and API. The JMS Receiver properties displays as shown.



For field value descriptions, refer to the Service Builder Nodes and Parameters appendix of the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

## 4.5 Uploading the Inventory Snapshot

Yantra 7x provides the ability to upload inventory snapshots for integrating WMS and DOM that are running on different instances. This involves loading the inventory picture from a WMS instance to a DOM instance.

The inventory snapshot service running on a DOM instance searches for an XML file in the following format:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<Inventory YantraMessageGroupID="OPTIONAL" ShipNode="REQUIRED"
ApplyDifferences="" CompleteInventoryFlag="" ReasonCode=""
ReasonText="">
  <Items>
    <Item InventoryOrganizationCode="REQUIRED"
ItemID="REQUIRED" ProductClass="" UnitOfMeasure="" >
      <Supplies>
        <Supply Currency="" ETA="" Quantity=""
Segment="" SegmentType="" ShipByDate="" SupplyType=""
SupplyReference="" SupplyReferenceType=""
SupplyLineReference="" AvailabilityType="">
```

```

                <Tag BatchNo="" LotNumber=""
LotAttribute1="" LotAttribute2="" LotAttribute3=""
LotKeyReference="" ManufacturingDate="" RevisionNo="" />
            </Supply>
        </Supplies>
    </Item>
</Items>
</Inventory>

```

An inventory snapshot component is then used to generate the XML files at the WMS instance.

### 4.5.1 Generating Inventory Snapshot Files

Multiple XML files are generated by running the inventory snapshot component at a WMS instance where data is fetched from the `YFS_Inv_SnapShot_VW` view.

To run the inventory snapshot component on a WMS instance:

1. Go to the `<YFS_HOME>/bin` directory.
2. Run this command:

```

ant -f runInventorySnapshot.xml DFilePath <FilePath>
-DShipNode=<ShipNode> -DReasonCode=<ReasonCode>
-DReasonText=<ReasonText> -DNoOfGroups=<NoOfGroups>
-DItemsPerGroup=<ItemsPerGroup> -logfile <logfile>

```

**Table 4–1 Parameters Passed for Inventory Snapshot**

Field	Description
FilePath	The absolute path of the directory where the generated XML files are stored.
ShipNode	The ship node for which the XML file is generated.
ReasonCode	The reason code that is defined by the user.
Reason Text	The reason code text that is that is defined by the user.
NoOfGroups	The number of item tags in each XML file. The recommended value is 200.
ItemsPerGroup	The number of item tags in the items tag element. The recommended value is 100.

---

---

**Note:** The time taken to generate XML files with the above mentioned values of NoOfGroups and ItemsperGroup is 3 minutes and 15 seconds for five hundred thousand SKUs, when 512 M heap is used.

If total number of "item" elements in the XML file (NoOfGroups \* ItemsPerGroup) are more than 20,000, the time taken to generate these XML files increases exponentially. For example, the time taken for generating a single file with 30,000 "item" elements is approximately 37.5 minutes.

---

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These generated XML files can be shared by both WMS and DOM instances through NFS mounts or can also be transferred through FTP to the DOM instance.

For more information about uploading inventory snapshot components on a DOM instance, refer to the *Yantra 7x Inventory Synchronization Configuration Guide*.



# Integrating with the Yantra 7x Carrier Server

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Yantra 7x Carrier Server (YCS) manages all carrier-integration related functions of Yantra 7x. The Yantra 7x applications interface with YCS to use its carrier-integration functions.

YCS is regularly updated with the latest carrier data, such as rates and special services, and can act as a centralized carrier-integration database and business rules manager. YCS helps you to quickly meet the changing requirements initiated by both carriers and customers, in the most efficient way.

YCS has a data-driven design. The functionality is defined in terms of the relations between data elements stored in the database. Carriers having similar functionality can be incorporated into an installation with minimal engineering effort.

YCS is now integrated into Yantra 7x. For more information about YCS and how to configure it, see the *Yantra 7x Carrier Server Guide*.

## 5.1 APIs Invoked During Yantra 7x Carrier Server Integration

The APIs invoked during Yantra 7x WMS integration with YCS are:

### APIs Invoked During YCS Integration with UPSN

- openManifest API
- shipCarton API
- deleteCarton API
- closeManifest API

### APIs Invoked During YCS Integration with FedEx

- openManifest API
- shipCarton API
- deleteCarton API
- closeManifest API

### APIs Invoked During YCS Integration with Airborne

- shipCarton API
- deleteCarton API

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with YCS using the following APIs:

- **openManifest API:** The openManifest API is used to open a manifest for a carrier server. This API calls the openManifest API in YCS. For field level mapping details between these APIs, see the section on ["Field Level Mapping Between the openManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the openManifest API on YCS \(Input XML\)"](#).
- **addContainerToManifest API:** The addContainerToManifest API is used to add a container to a manifest. This API calls the shipCarton API in YCS. For field level mapping details between these APIs, see the section on ["Field Level Mapping Between the addContainerToManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the shipCarton API on YCS \(Input XML\)"](#) and ["Field Level Mapping Between the addContainerToManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the shipCarton API on YCS \(Output XML\)"](#).
- **removeContainerFromManifest API:** The removeContainerFromManifest API is used to delete a carton from a manifest. This API calls the deleteCarton API on the YCS. For field level mapping details between these APIs, see the section on ["Field Level Mapping Between the removeContainerFromManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the deleteCarton API on YCS \(Input XML\)"](#).
- **closeManifest API:** The closeManifest API is used to close a manifest. This API calls the closeManifest API on the YCS. For field level mapping details between these APIs, see the section on ["Field Level Mapping Between the closeManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the closeManifest API on YCS \(Input XML\)"](#).

**Note:** For the FedEx carrier, YCS supports label prints when a container is added to a manifest if the FedEx Printer is configured on the FedEx Carrier Server.

For the UPSN carrier, YCS supports label prints when a container is added to a manifest or a manifest is closed.

For the Airborne carrier, YCS supports label prints when a container is added to a manifest.

For more information about Label Prints, see the *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System User Guide*.

**Field Level Mapping Between the openManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the openManifest API on YCS (Input XML)**

*Table 5–1 Mapping to YCS openManifest API*

Field Name	Comments	Platform
Carrier	Required	YFS_Manifest.SCAC
ManifestNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_no (as entered by the user. If not entered, posted with one upsequence number generated)
PickupSummaryNumber	Required for UPSN	YFS_MANIFEST.pickup_summary_no (as entered by the user)
ShipperAccountNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.shipper_account_no(as entered by the user)
PickupDate	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_date (as entered by the user)

No output XML is generated for the openManifest API. A confirmation message is displayed on success, while an error message is displayed in the event of a failure.

**Field Level Mapping Between the addContainerToManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the shipCarton API on YCS (Input XML)**

*Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)*

Field Name	Comments	Platform
<b>UPSPLD</b>		
Carrier	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT.scac
<b>PackageLevelDetail</b>	<b>The Package Level Detail Record (0100) - is written for every package shipped. This is a mandatory record for both domestic and international shipments.</b>	
ManifestNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_no (open manifest as obtained by packShipment API for a given shipnode and carrier)
ShipId	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.container_no.
PickupDate	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_date
ShipperAccountNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.shipper_account_no
BookNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.pickup_summary_no (substring 0-7)
PageNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.pickup_summary_no (substring 8-10)
ShipmentNumber	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT.shipment_no
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	<spaces>
SPFVersion	Required	Default 0505
Acctnumber	Conditional	Computed based on YFS_FREIGHT_TERMS.charges_paid_by. It can be YFS_SHIPMENT.Custcarrier_Account_No/YFS_SCAC_Ex.account1.
CompanyName	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.company corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
ConsigneeAttn	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.first_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.middle_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.last_name corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CAddr1	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.address_line1 corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CAddr2	Optional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.address_line2 corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CAddr3	Optional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.address_line3 corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CCity	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.city corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CStateProv	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.state corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CPostalCode	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.zip_code corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CPhone	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.day_phone corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
ShipmentChgType	Required	Computed based on YFS_FREIGHT_TERMS.charges_paid_by and corresponding YFS_SCAC_Ex entry. Possible values are COL,TPB, PRE.
CWTInd	Conditional	Set to '0' (zero) to indicate Not HunderedWeight.

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
ServiceType	Required	YFS_SCAC_AND_SERVICE.electronic_code corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.scac and YFS_SHIPMENT.carrier_service_code.
PackageType	Required	"02" to indicate Package.
DeliveryZone	Optional	<spaces>
ActualWeight	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.container_gross_weight after applying the carrier locale weight UOM.
PkgpublishedDimWt	Required	Computed
UOMWeight	Optional	Weight UOM of the Ship Node
UOMDim	UOM Dim	Dimension UOM of the Ship Node
CODAmount	Required	0
CODFundsInd	Conditional	<spaces>
Currencycode	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT.currency.
CallTag_ARSIInd	Required	0 - to indicate no call tag.
Calltag_ARSSchedulePickDate	Optional	<spaces>
MerchandiseDescription	Conditional	<spaces>
SatDeliveryInd	Required	"0" for not opting for this service.
SaturdayPickupInd	Required	"0" for not opting for this service.
OversizePackageInd	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.oversized_flag is Y, then indicator is passed as 1, or else 0.
DeclaredValueInsurance	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.declared_value

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
ResInd	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.company corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key is nonblanks, it is assumed to be 0 to indicate commercial or else 1 for residential.
DCISType	Conditional	<spaces>
CustomerRefNumberType1	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerRefNumber1	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerRefNumberType2	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerRefNumber2	Optional	<spaces>
ShipmentReferenceNoType1	Optional	<spaces>
ShipmentReferenceNo1	Optional	<spaces>
ShipmentReferenceNoType2	Optional	<spaces>
ShipmentReferenceNo2	Optional	<spaces>
CODControlNumber	Optional	<spaces>
CallTag_ARSNumber	Optional	<spaces>
CODInd	Required	<spaces>
CODCurrencycode	Conditional	<spaces>
IncrementalPIdInd	Required	<spaces>
DocInd	Required	Default to '3' to indicate non document/package.
ShipperEIN	Optional	<spaces>
ShipperCountry	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.country corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.shipnode_key's YFS_SHIP_NODE.shipnode_address_key.
SenderName	Optional	<spaces>
ConsigneeTagID	Optional	<spaces>

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
ConsigneeCountry	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.country corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
CalculatedRatesInd	Required	<spaces>
SourceTypeCode	Required	Default to '20' to indicate host access.
<b>AccessorialRecord</b>	<b>AccessorialRecord (0200) is valid for both domestic and international shipments. This record is written only when UPS special services are used.</b>	
ShipperCreditCardNo	Required	<spaces>
ShipperCreditCardExpDate	Required	<spaces>
AdditionalHandlingInd	Required	Default to '0'.
ExtendedDestInd	Required	<spaces>
HazMat	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT.hazardous material is Y, then indicator is 1, else 0.
HoldForPickupInd	Required	Default to '0' (do not hold for pickup).
ModifyInd	Required	Default to '0'.
OCAIndicator	Required	Default to '0'.
VoidInd	Required	0
PackageLength	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.container_length
PackageWidth	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.container_width
PackageHeight	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.container_height
SpecialInstructions	Optional	<spaces>

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
VerbalConfirmationName	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.first_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.middle_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.last_name corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
VerbalConfirmationPhone	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.day_phone corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
EarliestDeliveryTime	Optional	<spaces>
ShipmentCreditCardNumber	Conditional	<spaces>
ShipmentCreditCardExpDate	Conditional	<spaces>
ConsigneeNumber	Optional	<spaces>
ConsigneeCreditCardNo	Required	<spaces>
ConsigneeCreditCardExpDate	Required	<spaces>
DCISNumber	Optional	<spaces>
ConsigneeFaxDestinationInd	Optional	<spaces>
ConsigneeFax	Optional	<spaces>
ExperssCODTrackingNumber	Required	<spaces>
CustomerReferenceNumberTy pe3	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerReferenceNumber3	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerReferenceNumberTy pe4	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerReferenceNumber4	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerReferenceNumberTy pe5	Optional	<spaces>
CustomerReferenceNumber5	Optional	<spaces>
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	YFS_Shipment_Container.Tracking_No

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
<b>AlternatePartyRecord</b>	<b>AlternateParty Record (0300) is valid for both domestic and international shipments. For domestic, this record is written only when freight term is 'Third Party Billing'. For International shipments, this record is written for Importer and Exporter Address.</b>	
AlternatePartyType	Required	For domestic shipments: This field is set to '03'/'04'. For international shipments: This field is set to '02' always.
ID_AcctNumber	Conditional	YFS_SCAC_EX.account1
PODReplyType	Conditional	<spaces>
APCompanyName	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.company corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.
APAttention	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.first_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.last_name corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.
APAddr1	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.address_line1 corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.
APAddr2	Optional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.address_line2 corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.
APAddr3	Optional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.address_line3 corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.
APCity	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.city corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
APStateProv	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.state corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key. <b>Note:</b> This field value can only contain a maximum of 5 characters.
APPostalCode	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.zip_code corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key.
APcountry	Required	YFS_PERSON_INFO.country corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key. If International it is hardcoded to 'US'.
Filler1	Required	
APPhone	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.day_phone_no corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.enterprise_code's billing_address_key
APFaxDestInd	Conditional	<spaces>
APFax	Optional	<spaces>
LangCode	Optional	<spaces>
CreditCardNo	Required	<spaces>
CreditCardExpDate	Required	<spaces>
TaxId	Optional	<spaces>
AddrType	Required	<spaces>
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	YFS_Shipment_Container.Tracking_No
<b>AdvisoryInformationRecord</b>	<b>AdvisoryInformationRecord (0400) is required for E-mail or Fax Shipment Notification.</b>	
AdvisoryInfoLevel	Required	Default to 'P'.

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
SNFaxDestInd1	Conditional	If YFS_PERSON_INFO.day_fax_no != "" set this field to 0. US, PR, CA, and VI Fax/Phone only 1 Fax/Phone to all other countries.
SNFaxNumber1	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.day_fax_no corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
SNLangCode	Optional	<spaces>
SNCompName1	Optional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.company corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
SNAttnName1	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.first_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.middle_name + YFS_PERSON_INFO.last_name corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
SNContactPhone1	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.day_phone corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
SNFaxDestInd2	Conditional	<spaces>
SNFaxNumber2	Conditional	<spaces>
SNLangCode2	Optional	<spaces>
SNCompanyName2	Optional	<spaces>
SNAttnName2	Conditional	<spaces>
SNContactPhone2	Conditional	<spaces>
AltrofileAccessNumber	Required	<spaces>
SNTYPEDestination1	Required	<spaces>
SNEmailAddrDest1	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.email_id corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
SNTYPEDestination2	Required	Set to '0'
SNEmailAddrDest2	Conditional	<spaces>

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
SNMemo	Optional	<spaces>
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	YFS_Shipment_Container.Tracking_No
<b>InternationalRecord</b>	<b>InternationalRecord (0500) is required if Importer, Exporter, Shipper To Consignee, or Commodity information is provided and whenever shipper and consignee countries are not the same. This record is written once for one shipment. If a shipper has 3 packages, only one 0500 record is written, whereas three 0100 records are written.</b>	
RecordType	Required	0500
InvoiceDate	Optional	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_date (manifest no from YFS_SHIPMENT).
WaybillPrintInd	Conditional	0
InvoiceLineTotals	Required	YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.quantity * YFS_ORDER_LINE * unit_price (for all lines in the container).
InvoiceCurrencyCode	Conditional	YFS_SHIPMENT.currency
ShipmentInsuranceDeclaredValue	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_date (manifest no from YFS_SHIPMENT).
ConsolidatedClearQty	Required	0
UltimateDestCountry	Conditional	YFS_PERSON_INFO.country corresponding to YFS_SHIPMENT.to_address_key.
Filler		<spaces>
SEDCODE	Optional	<spaces>
ShipmentSEDCASNum	Optional	<spaces>
InvoiceNumber	Optional	YFS_SHIPMENT.shipment_no
PONumber	Optional	<spaces>

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
DescriptionOfGoods	Required	YFS_ITEM.nmfc_code. Item_ Id taken from CONTAINER_ DETAILS.item_id with YFS_ SHIPMENT_ CONTAINER.container_no (leadpackage) as criteria.
SpecialInstructions	Optional	<spaces>
PartiesToTrans	Conditional	<spaces>
TermsOfShipment	Optional	<spaces>
PaymentTerms	Optional	<spaces>
Filler		<spaces>
FreightCharges	Required	0
InsuranceCharges<	Required	0
DiscountRebate	Required	0
OtherCharges	Required	0
WaybillNumber/BrokerageID	Conditional	YFS_SHIPMENT.shipment_no
COCode	Optional	<spaces>
OtherDocCode	Optional	<spaces>
ReasonForExport	Optional	<spaces>
InvoiceSubTotal	Required	<spaces>
TotalInvoiceAmount	Required	<spaces>
BrokerCode	Optional	<spaces>
DestinationControl	Conditional	<spaces>
ShipmentCommodityOrigin	Conditional	<spaces>
Filler3	Required	
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	<spaces>

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
<b>CommodityRecord</b>	<b>CommodityRecord (0600) contains commodity information that is used for rating and customs clearance purposes. It is required if the shipment travels within the European Union and contains "Goods Not in Free Circulation". One 0600 record is written for each line in the shipper. If a shipper on Yantra 7x WMS has 4 records in the YFS_SHIPMENT_DTL table, four 0600 records are written.</b>	
RecordType	Required	0600
InvoiceLineNumber	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_LINE.prime_line_no for the corresponding YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS record.
CommodityCode	Optional	YFS_ITEM.harmonized_code of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.item_id (catalog org and uom).
PartNumber	Optional	YFS_ITEM.item_id of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.item_id (catalog org and uom).
LineOriginCountry	Required	YFS_ITEM.country_of_origin of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.item_id (catalog org and uom).
LineCurrencyCode	Optional	YFS_SHIPMENT.currency
ECCN	Optional	YFS_ITEM.eccn_no of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.item_id (catalog org and uom).
LineUnitAmtPrice	Required	YFS_ORDER_LINE.line_price of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.order_line_key * YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.quantity. If its shipment container, we compute by getting item object from shipment and shipment container.

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
LineQuantity	Required	sum(YFS_CONTAINER_DETAIL.quantity) for every unique item.
LineQtyUOM	Required	YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.uom
LineLicenseInfo	Conditional	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.export_license_no
LineLicenseExpDate	Conditional	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.export_license_exp_date
LineMerchDesc1	Required	YFS_ITEM.item_desc of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.item_id (catalog org and uom).
LineMerchDesc2	Optional	<spaces>
LineMerchDesc3	Optional	<spaces>
CertOfOriginNo	Optional	YFS_SHIPMENT.shipment_no
CertOfOriginCode	Conditional	<spaces>
AgreementType	Optional	<spaces>
CommodityRemarks	Optional	<spaces>
QuantityScheduledUnits	Conditional	YFS_CONTAINER_DETAIL.quantity
Marks&Numbers	Optional	<spaces>
CommodityWeight	Required	YFS_ORDER_LINE.item_weight of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.order_line_key * YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.quantity. If its shipment conatiner, we compute by getting the item object from shipment and shipment container.
NumberOfPackagesPerCmmdty	Conditional	<spaces>

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
SEDLineAmt	Required	YFS_ORDER_LINE.line_price of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.order_line_key * YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.quantity. If its shipment conatainer, we compute by getting the item object from shipment and shipment container.
COType	Required	Defaulted to 0.
SEDIInd	Required	Defaulted to 0.
LineExtendedAmt	Required	YFS_ORDER_LINE.line_price of YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.order_line_key * YFS_CONTAINER_DETAILS.quantity. If its shipment conatainer, we compute by getting the item object from shipment and shipment container.
Filler		<spaces>
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	YFS_Shipment_Container.Tracking_No
AdditionalCommentsRecord	<b>AdditionalCommentsRecord (0700) contains additional statements and information for an international shipment.</b>	
RecordType	Required	0700
DeclarationStatement	Optional	<spaces>
AdditionalComments	Optional	<spaces>
Filler1		<spaces>
PackageTrackingNumber	Required	<spaces>
<b>SpecialServicesRecord</b>	<b>SpecialServicesRecord contains SpecialService child elements for each of the special service the shipment/order have.</b>	
Service	Optional	YFS_SPECIAL_SERVICE_REF.service_code

**Table 5–2 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Input XML)**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
ExtraFieldsRecord	ExtraFieldsRecord contains statements and information extra fields.	
LableFormatValue	Optional	<spaces>
ReferenceNotes	Optional	YFS_SHIPMENT.shipment_no+YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.container_Scm.
SunDeliveryInd	Optional	<spaces>
ThermalLabelPrinterID	Optional	Determined by calling getPrinterId.

**Field Level Mapping Between the addContainerToManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the shipCarton API on YCS (Output XML)**

**Table 5–3 Mapping to YCS shipCarton API (Output XML)**

Field Name	Platform
TotalErrors	The total number of errors returned by theCarrier Server
ErrorCode	The error code returned by the Carrier Server
ErrorDescription	The description of the error code returned by the Carrier Server.
CODReturnTrackingNo	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.COD_Return_tracking_No
TrackingNumber	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.tracking_no
TotalSurchargeAmt	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.special_services_surcharge
NetCharge	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.actual_freight_charge
BilledWeight	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.applied_weight
PrintBuffer	The print buffer returned by the Carrier Server.
DeliveryDay	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.delivery_day
UPS_Routing_Code	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.UPS_Routing_Code

### Field Level Mapping Between the removeContainerFromManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the deleteCarton API on YCS (Input XML)

**Table 5–4 Mapping to YCS DeleteCarton API**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
Carrier	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT.scac
MeterNo	Required only for FedEx	YFS_SCACEx.portal_account_2
TrackingNumber	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT_CONTAINER.tracking_no of the package that is being unpacked or removed from the manifest.

No output XML is generated for the removeContainerFromManifest API. A confirmation message is displayed on success, while an error message is displayed in the event of a failure.

### Field Level Mapping Between the closeManifest API on Yantra 7x WMS and the closeManifest API on YCS (Input XML)

**Table 5–5 Mapping to closeManifestAPI**

Field Name	Comments	Platform
Carrier	Required	YFS_SHIPMENT.scac
ManifestNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.manifest_no (as generated on the Platform for the ship node and carrier combination)
PickupSummaryNumber	Required for UPSN	YFS_MANIFEST.pickup_summary_no (as keyed in from the user)
ShipperAccountNumber	Required	YFS_MANIFEST.shipper_account_no

No output XML is generated for the closeManifest API. A confirmation message is displayed on success, while an error message is displayed in the event of a failure.

## 5.2 Integration Dependencies

Yantra 7x WMS integration with YCS is dependent on the following:

- YCS APIs are called only if SCAC Integration is required for the Shipment. This is set up at Node/SCAC level.

# 6

## Integrating with the Loftware Print Server and Label Manager

---

This chapter deals with the specific settings required for a successful integration of Yantra 7x WMS with Loftware Print Server (LPS) and Loftware Label Manager (LLM), and the configuration of custom prints using the same.

For more information about installing and configuring Loftware Print Server, see *Yantra 7x Installation Guide*.

For more information about server requirements and installation guidelines of Loftware Label Manager, see *Loftware Print Server User's Guide* and *Loftware Label Manager User's Guide*.

For more information about configuring printers, see *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*.

Yantra 7x WMS provides the following Standard Labels:

- UCC 128 Container Shipping Label
- VICS Bill Of Lading
- Packing Slip
- Batch Sheets
  - Item Pick Batch Sheet
  - Cart Manifest Batch sheet
- Count Sheet
- UPS Carrier Label
- UPS Pickup Summary

**Important:** The factory shipped Cart Manifest Print is based on the following assumptions:

1. Each cart location is assumed to have 1 slot, when the number of locations in the cart is greater than 8,
2. Each cart location is assumed to have 2 slots, when the number of locations in the cart is less than or equal to 8.

For example, if the cart locations in the cart are named as A, B, C, ... H, then the Cart Manifest Print will have locations like A1, A2, B1, B2, C1, C2, ... H1, H2.

Thus, the task type "Number of containers allowed per location in the equipment" should always be set at 1 or 2.

For other configurations of the Cart, the Print has to be customized.

To print these standard labels, Yantra 7x WMS provides services associated with events. By default, the events are disabled. Enable the events if you want to print the standard labels. Refer to [Table 6–1 "Services provided in Yantra 7x WMS"](#) for a list of services provided in Yantra 7x WMS.

**Table 6–1 Services provided in Yantra 7x WMS**

Service Name	Event	Description
PrintShippingLabel	ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_CONTAINER_PACK_COMPLETE	Prints a UCC-128 Shipping Label for a container
PrintShipmentContainerLabels	Reprint Request from console	Prints UCC-128 Container Labels for Containers in the Shipment
PrintShipmentBOL	CONFIRM_SHIPMENT.ON_SUCCESS	Print a VICS BOL for Shipment

**Table 6–1 Services provided in Yantra 7x WMS**

<b>Service Name</b>	<b>Event</b>	<b>Description</b>
PrintTaskList	Reprint Request from console	Prints a BatchSheet (CartManifest or ItemPickBatch Sheet) or a CountSheet, based on the ActivityGroup for the Batch. If the Batch belongs to the ActivityGroup COUNT, the CountSheet will be printed.
PrintLoadBOL	RECEIVE_IN_TRANSIT_UPDATES.ON_SUCCESS	Prints a VICS BOL for Load
PrintWave	PRINT_WAVE.ON_SUCCESS	Prints PickList (BatchSheets), Container Labels and pre-generates PackLists for Shipments in the Wave
PrintPackList	ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_SHIPMENT_PACK_COMPLETE	Prints a PackList
PickListPrint	PRINT_PICKLIST.ON_SUCCESS	Prints PackLists for Shipments in the PickList
PrintTaskSheets	COMPLETE_TASK.TASK_COMPLETED	Creates a Batch for successor Tasks of the completed task and Prints a BatchSheet for the same
PrintMoveTickets	RELEASE_MOVE_REQUEST.ON_SUCCESS	Creates a Batch for the MoveRequest and prints a BatchSheet for the same
PrintPostPickContainers	POST_PICK_CONTAINERIZATION.ON_SUCCESS	Prints UCC-128 Shipping Labels for containers created as part of Post Pick Containerization

## 6.1 Designing Custom Labels

Use Software Label Manager to design a label (creates an .lwl file). For more information about creating new labels using Software Label Manager, see *Software Label Manager User's Guide*.

**Note:** Yantra 7x WMS requires the repeating fields in a label to have names in the format of <fieldname>\_<integer>. The integer in the field name will take values like 1, 2, 3.

The Software Label Manager, used for designing labels, may be installed on any compatible PC. For more information about server requirements and installation guidelines, see *Software Print Server User's Guide*.

**Note:** While designing a custom label, it is recommended that you use the '.LST' file in order to maintain uniformity in label field names across different labels. For more information about LST file(s), see *Software Label Manager User's Guide*.

### Displaying Page Numbers

To display Page Numbers and Total Number of Pages in the print output, the following fields need to be added to the Label (.lwl file):

- PageNo
- TotalPages

This ensures that the page numbers are displayed in the format Page X of N.

### File Naming Convention

Yantra 7x WMS requires the following naming convention be followed while creating the labels (.lwl files) using Software Label Manager:

1. The first page of the label file created should be named in the format <filename>.lwl
2. The middle page of the label file created should be named in the format <filename>\_Mid.lwl

3. The last page of the label file created should be named in the format `<filename>_Last.lwl`

The first page of the label and the last page of the label are always single pages. The middle page on the other hand is used n number of times in accordance with the total number of label pages to be printed.

For example, if a label print is six pages, the first page and last page make two pages, and the middle page (`<filename>_Mid.lwl`) is repeated four times.

Copy the custom labels to Runtime > Template > Label > Extn directory.

### Creation of Mapping XML File

The `GenLabelMappingXML.java` tool is used to generate Mapping XML for a label designed using Software Label Manager. The output XML contains all the field names of the label. XPath bindings for the label fields have to be specified.

To generate a Mapping XML for a label, use the command given below to execute the `GenLabelMappingXML` tool:

```
java -classpath <classpath>
com.yantra.tools.labelxmlmapping.GenLabelMappingXML
<parameter1> <parameter2>
```

Ensure that the classpath has the following jar files:

- `ycpbe.jar`
- `yfcbe.jar`
- `log4j-1.2.11.jar`
- `xercesImpl.jar`

`<parameter1>`

This should be the file name of the `.tab` file generated when the label (`.lwl`) file is saved in Software Label Manager.

The full path, excluding the extension should be specified.

`<parameter2>`

This should be the file name of the XML file generated by the tool.

The full path, excluding the extension should be specified.

For example, to generate a Mapping XML for the label BOL.lwl, the .tab file name will be BOL.tab

In this example, the command used to execute the tool is:

```
java -classpath
ycpbe.jar;yfcbe.jar;log4j-1.2.11.jar;xercesImpl.jar
com.yantra.tools.labelxmlmapping.GenLabelMappingXML
<path-of-the-file>/BOL <path-of-file>/BOLMap
```

### XML File Settings

In the Mapping XML file generated using the GenLabelMappingXML.java tool:

- Each Label Field has a corresponding LabelField element
- Label Fields which are repeating are present in the RepeatingField element.
- Each of the Repeating Fields has a MaxFirstPage, MaxMidPage, and MaxLastPage, which denote the number of times the field is repeated in the First page, Middle Pages, and Last Page respectively.
- To repeat the same set of values of the field in all the pages, the RepeatValuesOnEachPage attribute should be set to "Y" in the RepeatingField element.

The following is an example of a Mapping XML file:

#### *Example 6–1 Illustration of a Mapping XML*

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<LabelFieldMap>
  <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@AddressLine1"
LabelFieldName="FromAddressLine1" RepeatingElement=""/>
  <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@AddressLine2"
LabelFieldName="FromAddressLine2" RepeatingElement=""/>
  <LabelField
Binding="concat(/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@FirstName,
' ',/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@LastName)"
LabelFieldName="FromName" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
  <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@City"
LabelFieldName="FromCity" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
```

```

    <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@State"
LabelFieldName="FromState" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@Country"
LabelFieldName="FromCountry" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/SellerOrganization/CorporatePersonInfo/@ZipCode"
LabelFieldName="FromZip" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/@ShipmentNo" LabelFieldName="ShipmentNo"
RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/@ActualShipmentDate"
LabelFieldName="ShipmentDate" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Date" />
    <LabelField Binding="concat(/Shipment/ToAddress/@FirstName, '
', /Shipment/ToAddress/@LastName)" LabelFieldName="ToName"
RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ToAddress/@AddressLine1"
LabelFieldName="ToAddressLine1" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ToAddress/@AddressLine2"
LabelFieldName="ToAddressLine2" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ToAddress/@City" LabelFieldName="ToCity"
RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ToAddress/@State"
LabelFieldName="ToState" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ToAddress/@ZipCode"
LabelFieldName="ToZip" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ToAddress/@Country"
LabelFieldName="ToCountry" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField
Binding="concat(/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@FirstName, '
', /Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@LastName)"
LabelFieldName="BillToName" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@AddressLine1"
LabelFieldName="BillToAddressLine1" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@AddressLine2"
LabelFieldName="BillToAddressLine2" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@City"
LabelFieldName="BillToCity" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@State"
LabelFieldName="BillToState" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />
    <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@ZipCode"
LabelFieldName="BillToZip" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text" />

```

```

        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/AlternateParty/@Country"
LabelFieldName="BillToCountry" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/Carrier/@ScacDesc" LabelFieldName="SCAC"
RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/BillingInformation/@ShipmentChargeType"
LabelFieldName="FreightTerms" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="concat(/Shipment/MarkForAddress/@FirstName, '
',/Shipment/MarkForAddress/@LastName)" LabelFieldName="MarkFor"
RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/Instructions/Instruction[@InstructionType='SHIP']/@Instru
ctionText" LabelFieldName="SpecialInstruction" RepeatingElement=""
DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/OrderLine/@CustomerPONo"
LabelFieldName="CustomerPONo" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine"
DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/@ItemID"
LabelFieldName="ItemId" RepeatingElement="" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/OrderLine/Item/@CustomerItem"
LabelFieldName="CustItemId" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine"
DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/OrderLine/Item/@ItemDesc"
LabelFieldName="ItemDesc" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/@UnitOfMeasure"
LabelFieldName="UOM" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/@OrderedQty"
LabelFieldName="OrdQty" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/@Quantity"
LabelFieldName="Quantity" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/@BackOrderedQty"
LabelFieldName="BOQty" RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine" DataType="Text"/>
        <LabelField Binding="" LabelFieldName="Line" RepeatingElement=""
Sequence="Y" DataType="Text"/>
        <RepeatingFields>
            <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="CustomerPONo" MaxFirstPage="12"
MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
            <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="ItemId" MaxFirstPage="12"
MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
            <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="CustItemId" MaxFirstPage="12"

```

```

        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
    <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="ItemDesc" MaxFirstPage="12"
        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
    <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="UOM" MaxFirstPage="12"
        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
    <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="OrdQty" MaxFirstPage="12"
        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
    <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="Quantity" MaxFirstPage="12"
        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
    <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="BOQty" MaxFirstPage="12"
        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
    <RepeatingField LabelFieldName="Line" MaxFirstPage="12"
        MaxLastPage="12" MaxMidPage="12"/>
</RepeatingFields>
</LabelFieldMap>

```

The map file (XML) generated for a label (LWL) must be edited to associate the XML data to the fields required on the label.

---



---

**Note:** XPath Functions can be used in the binding, provided the XPath Binding for a RepeatingField represents a Nodeset.

---



---

**4. Sequence:**

Sequence="Y" setting is to be used in instances where a labelfield represents a sequence of numbers. For example, serial numbers in a table.

**5. DataType:**

Set up the relevant DataType for the LabelField. Valid values are Text, Date, and DateTime.

**6. Repeating Element:**

Specify the RepeatingElement for the XPath Binding.

If no Repeating Element is specified, the element containing the attribute is used as the RepeatingElement by default.

In this example, the ShipmentLine is the RepeatingElement:

```

<LabelField
Binding="/Shipment/ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine/OrderLine/It

```

```
m/@ItemDesc" LabelFieldName="ItemDesc"  
RepeatingElement="ShipmentLine" DataType="Text" />
```

### Relocation of XML Mapping File

The edited XML map file needs to be copied over into the Yantra 7x Runtime Template folder:

1. Copy the relevant XML Mapping File from the folder where it has been generated.
2. Paste the copied XML Mapping File to Runtime > Template > Label > Extn directory.

## 6.2 Defining Custom Print Services

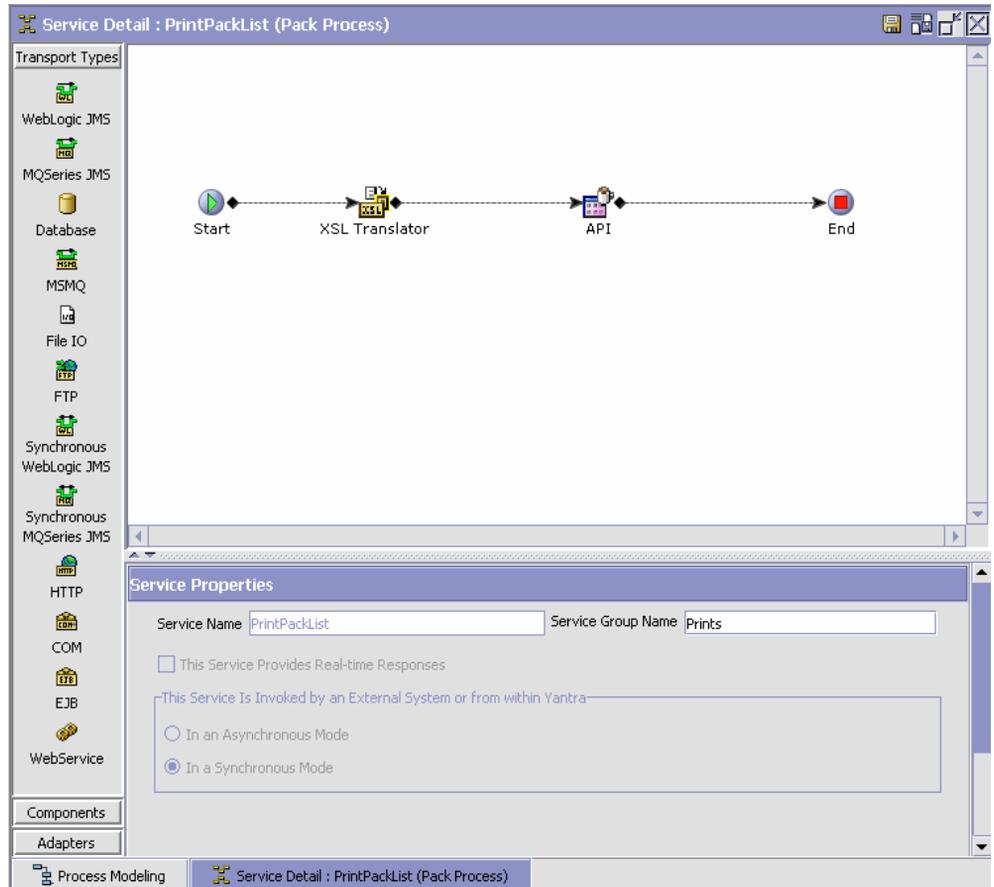
This section illustrates the services required for printing a Pack List. The services explained herein are supplied by default within the Yantra 7x framework. The examples provided here may be used as a reference point to create custom Prints.

### Creating Service Definitions

Prints are required to be configured as services to be invoked from an event or the console (UI).

To configure a Print Pack List service:

1. From the Platform Configurator tree, choose Process Modeling > Container > Pack Process. The Pack Process window is displayed.
2. Choose Service Definitions Tab. From Pack Process Repository > Prints, choose PrintPackList.
3. The Service Details: PrintPackList (Pack Process) window is displayed.



For more information about configuring Service Details, see *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

The Input XML to the service definition is transformed into the input of the `PrintDocumentSet()` API using an XSL Translator.

For more information about the input to `PrintDocumentSet()` API and the description of the XML attributes, refer to the JavaDocs.

The following is an example of a typical XSL that generates the input to the `PrintDocumentSet()` API:

### Example 6–2 XSL Translator Input to PrintDocumentSet() API

```

<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform" version =
"1.0">
<xsl:output indent="yes"/>
<xsl:template match="Print | Shipment">
<PrintDocuments>
<xsl:attribute name="PrintName">
<xsl:text>packList</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
<xsl:attribute name="FlushToPrinter">
<xsl:text>Y</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
<PrintDocument>
<xsl:attribute name="BeforeChildrenPrintDocumentId">
<xsl:text>PACKLIST</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
<xsl:attribute name="DataElementPath">
<xsl:text>xml:/Shipment</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
<xsl:choose>
<xsl:when test="name()='&quot;Print&quot; ">
<xsl:copy-of select="PrinterPreference"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="LabelPreference"/>
</xsl:when>
<xsl:when test="name()='&quot;Shipment&quot; ">
<PrinterPreference>
<xsl:attribute name="PrinterId"/>
<xsl:attribute name="UsergroupId"/>
<xsl:attribute
name="UserId"><xsl:text>xml:/Shipment/@Modifyuserid</xsl:text></xsl:attribut
e>
<xsl:attribute name="WorkStationId"/>
<xsl:attribute
name="OrganizationCode"><xsl:text>xml:/Shipment/ShipNode/@NodeOrgCode</xsl:t
ext></xsl:attribute>
</PrinterPreference>
<LabelPreference>
<xsl:attribute name="EnterpriseCode">
<xsl:text>xml:/Shipment/@EnterpriseCode</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
<xsl:attribute name="BuyerOrganizationCode">
<xsl:text>xml:/Shipment/@BuyerOrganizationCode</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>

```

```

<xsl:attribute name="SellerOrganizationCode">
<xsl:text>xml:/Shipment/@SellerOrganizationCode</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
</LabelPreference>
</xsl:when>
</xsl:choose>
<KeyAttributes>
<KeyAttribute>
<xsl:attribute name="Name"><xsl:text>ShipmentKey</xsl:text></xsl:attribute>
</KeyAttribute>
</KeyAttributes>
<InputData>
<xsl:attribute name="FlowName">
<xsl:text>GetPackListData</xsl:text>
</xsl:attribute>
<Shipment>
<xsl:choose>
<xsl:when test="name()='Print'">
<xsl:copy-of select="Shipment/@*" />
</xsl:when>
<xsl:when test="name()='Shipment'">
<xsl:copy-of select="@*" />
</xsl:when>
</xsl:choose>
</Shipment>
<Template>
<Api Name="getShipmentDetails">
<Template>
<Shipment>
<SellerOrganization>
<CorporatePersonInfo/>
</SellerOrganization>
<Carrier/>
<MarkForAddress/>
<BillingInformation>
<AlternateParty/>
</BillingInformation>
<Instructions>
<Instruction/>
</Instructions>
<FromAddress/>
<ToAddress/>
<ShipmentLines>
<ShipmentLine CountryOfOrigin="" FifoNo="" ItemDesc="" ItemID=""
OrderHeaderKey="" OrderLineKey="" OrderNo="" OrderReleaseKey=""

```

```
PrimeLineNo="" ProductClass="" Quantity="" ReleaseNo="" Segment=""
SegmentType="" ShipmentKey="" ShipmentLineKey="" ShipmentLineNo=""
SubLineNo="" UnitOfMeasure="" BackOrderedQty="" ShipmentSubLineNo="">
<Order/>
<OrderLine>
<Item/>
<OrderStatuses>
<OrderStatus OrderHeaderKey="" OrderLineKey="" OrderLineScheduleKey=""
OrderReleaseKey="" OrderReleaseStatusKey="" PipelineKey="" ReceivingNode=""
ShipNode="" Status="" StatusDate="" StatusDescription="" StatusQty=""
StatusReason="" TotalQuantity="">
<OrderStatusTranQuantity StatusQty="" TotalQuantity="" TransactionalUOM=""
/>
<Details ExpectedDeliveryDate="" ExpectedShipmentDate="" ShipByDate=""
TagNumber="">
</Details>
</OrderStatus>
</OrderStatuses>
</OrderLine>
</ShipmentLine>
</ShipmentLines>
<Containers>
<Container>
<ContainerDetails>
<ContainerDetail>
<ShipmentLine>
<OrderLine>
<Item/>
</OrderLine>
</ShipmentLine>
</ContainerDetail>
</ContainerDetails>
</Container>
</Containers>
<ShipNode>
<ShipNodePersonInfo/>
</ShipNode>
</Shipment>
</Template>
</Api>
</Template>
</InputData>
</PrintDocument>
</PrintDocuments>
</xsl:template>
```

```
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

The Input XML to the above XSL translator should belong to either of the following formats:

```
<Shipment ShipmentKey="" />
```

OR

```
<Print><Shipment ShipmentKey="" /><LabelPreference
EnterpriseCode="" /><PrinterPreference UserId=""
UsergroupId="" /></Print>
```

The former input XML is passed when the service is invoked from an event, while the latter is passed when the service is invoked from the console (UI).

The following is an example of the XML generated after the XSL Translation using the above mentioned XSL:

### **Example 6–3 XML Generated After XSL Translation**

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<PrintDocuments PrintName="packList" FlushToPrinter="Y">
<PrintDocument Localecode="xml:/Shipment/ShipNode/@Localecode">
<InputData APIName="getShipmentDetails">
<Shipment ShipmentKey="">
</Shipment>
<Template>
<Shipment>
<ShipNode>
<ShipNodePersonInfo/>
</ShipNode>
</Shipment>
</Template>
</InputData>
</PrintDocument>
<PrintDocument BeforeChildrenPrintDocumentId="PACKLIST"
DataElementPath="xml:/Shipment">
<PrinterPreference PrinterId="" UserId="xml:/Shipment/@Modifyuserid"
UsergroupId="" WorkStationId=""
OrganizationCode="xml:/Shipment/ShipNode/@NodeOrgCode"/>
<LabelPreference EnterpriseCode="xml:/Shipment/@EnterpriseCode"
BuyerOrganizationCode="xml:/Shipment/@BuyerOrganizationCode"
SellerOrganizationCode="xml:/Shipment/@SellerOrganizationCode" />
<KeyAttributes>
```

```

<KeyAttribute Name="ShipmentKey"/>
</KeyAttributes>
<InputData FlowName="GetPackListData">
<Shipment ShipmentKey="" />
<Template>
<Api Name="getShipmentDetails">
<Template>
<Shipment ShipmentKey="" ShipmentNo="" ActualShipmentDate=""
ExpectedShipmentDate="">
<SellerOrganization OrganizationCode="">
<CorporatePersonInfo AddressLine1="" AddressLine2="" FirstName=""
MiddleName="" LastName="" City="" State="" Country="" ZipCode="" />
</SellerOrganization>
<Carrier Scac="" ScacDesc="" />
<MarkForAddress/>
<BillingInformation ShipmentChargeType="" />
<Instructions>
<Instruction InstructionType="" InstructionText="" />
</Instructions>
<ToAddress/>
<ShipmentLines>
<ShipmentLine ItemDesc="" ItemID="" OrderHeaderKey="" OrderLineKey=""
OrderNo="" OrderReleaseKey="" PrimeLineNo="" Quantity="" ReleaseNo=""
ShipmentKey="" ShipmentLineKey="" ShipmentLineNo="" SubLineNo=""
UnitOfMeasure="" BackOrderedQty="" ShipmentSubLineNo="">
<Order OrderHeaderKey="" OrderNo="">
<PersonInfoBillTo AddressLine1="" AddressLine2="" FirstName="" MiddleName=""
LastName="" City="" State="" Country="" ZipCode="" />
</Order>
<OrderLine CustomerPONo="" OrderLineKey="" OrderedQty=""
OriginalOrderedQty="" Status="" StatusQuantity="" SubLineNo="" >
<Item CustomerItem="" />
<OrderStatuses>
<OrderStatus OrderLineKey="" OrderReleaseStatusKey="" Status=""
StatusQty="" TotalQuantity="" />
</OrderStatuses>
</OrderLine>
</ShipmentLine>
</ShipmentLines>
<ShipNode NodeOrgCode="" />
</Shipment>
</Template>
</Api>
</Template>
</InputData>

```

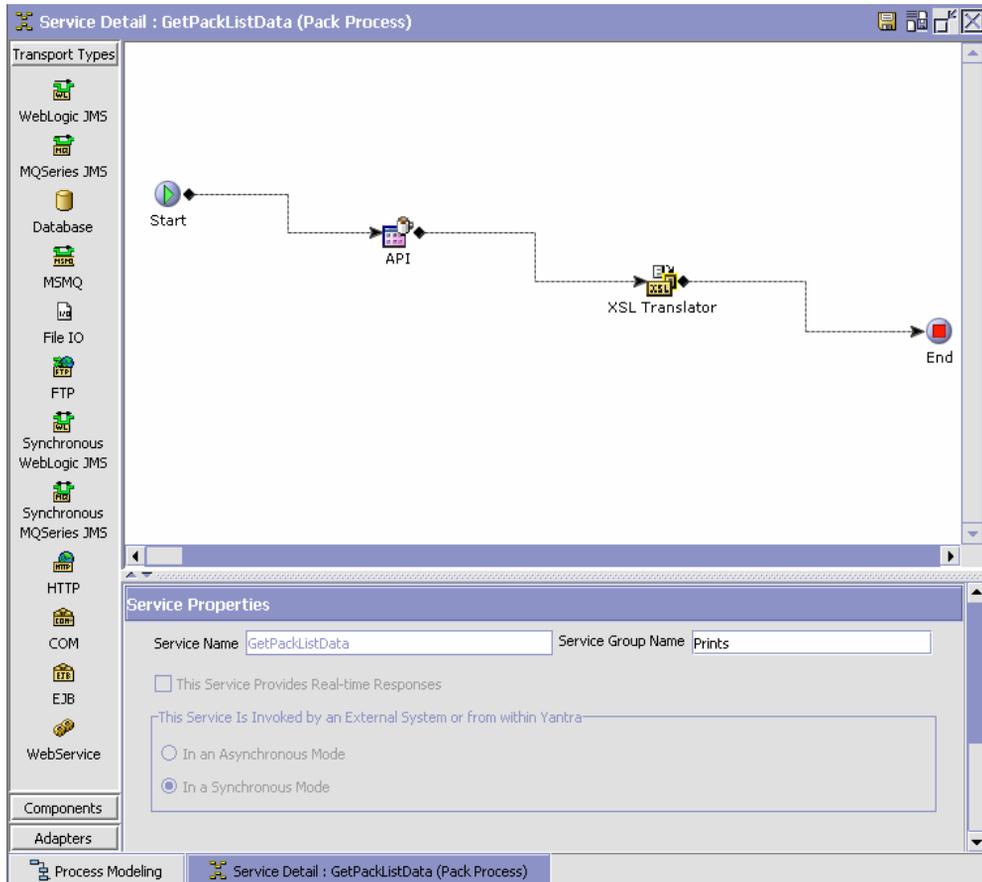
```
</PrintDocument>  
</PrintDocuments>
```

This XML prints a Packing Slip (PACKLIST) as specified by the `BeforeChildrenPrintDocumentId` attribute in the `PrintDocument` node.

The data required to print the packlist is obtained by invoking the `GetPackListData` service as specified by the `FlowName` attribute in the `InputData` node.

To configure the `GetPackListData` service definition:

1. From the Platform Configurator tree, choose Process Modeling > Container > Pack Process. The Pack Process window is displayed.
2. Choose Service Definitions Tab. From Pack Process Repository > Prints, choose `GetPackListData`.
3. The Service Details: `GetPackListData` (Pack Process) window is displayed.



For more information about configuring Service Details, see *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

The `GetPackListData` service calls the `GetShipmentDetails()` API and the output is transformed using the XSL Translator.

The XSL translator (as reproduced below) calculates the backordered quantity for the shipment lines returned by the `GetShipmentDetails()` API:

**Example 6–4 XSL Translator Output from `GetShipmentDetails()` API**

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
```

```

<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl = "http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform" version =
"1.0">
<xsl:output indent="yes"/>
<xsl:template match="/Shipment">
<Shipment>
<xsl:choose>
<xsl:when test="not(@ActualShipmentDate) or
(@ActualShipmentDate=&quot;;&quot;)">
<xsl:attribute name="ActualShipmentDate"><xsl:value-of
select="@ExpectedShipmentDate"/></xsl:attribute>
</xsl:when>
<xsl:otherwise>
<xsl:attribute name="ActualShipmentDate"><xsl:value-of
select="@ActualShipmentDate"/></xsl:attribute>
</xsl:otherwise>
</xsl:choose>
<xsl:message>ActualShipmentDate<xsl:value-of
select="@ActualShipmentDate"/></xsl:message>
<xsl:for-each select="@*">
<xsl:if test="not(name()= &quot;ActualShipmentDate&quot;)">
<xsl:attribute name="{name()}"><xsl:value-of select="."/></xsl:attribute>
</xsl:if>
</xsl:for-each>
<xsl:copy-of select="SellerOrganization"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="Carrier"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="ShipNode"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="ToAddress"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="MarkForAddress"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="BillingInformation"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="Instructions"/>
<xsl:copy-of select="Containers"/>
<ShipmentLines>
<xsl:for-each select="ShipmentLines/ShipmentLine[@ShipmentSubLineNo='0']">
<ShipmentLine>
<xsl:variable name="qty"
select="sum(OrderLine/OrderStatuses/OrderStatus[@OrderLineKey=current()/@Ord
erLineKey and substring(@Status,1,4)='1300']/@StatusQty)"/>
<xsl:attribute name="OrderedQty">
<xsl:value-of
select="sum(OrderLine/OrderStatuses/OrderStatus[@OrderLineKey=current()/@Ord
erLineKey and not(substring(@Status,1,4)='1400']/@StatusQty)"/>
</xsl:attribute>
<xsl:attribute name="BackOrderedQty">
<xsl:value-of select="$qty"/>
</xsl:attribute>

```

```
<xsl:copy-of select="@*" />
<xsl:copy-of select="OrderLine" />
</ShipmentLine>
</xsl:for-each>
</ShipmentLines>
</Shipment>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

### **Associating Services to Events**

Once a service has been created for a print, it should be associated to an appropriate event. For more information about Service Association, see *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*.

# 7

## Integrating with Material Handling Equipment

---

Yantra 7x WMS can integrate with various material handling equipment (MHE).

The automation enabled through the integration enables increased efficiency in various processes of a warehouse, like Receiving, Picking, Packing, Putaway or Replenishment, Outbound QC, VAS, Manifesting, Weighing, Item Measurements, and Trailer Loading.

### 7.1 Integration Overview

The material handling equipments that Yantra 7x WMS can integrate with include:

- Pick-to-Light
- Put-to-Light
- Carousels or Automated Storage & Retrieval System (ASRS)
- Automatic Guided Vehicle (AGV)
- Inbound Sorter
- Pack Sorter
- Shipping Sorter
- Cube-a-Scan
- Weighing Scale

## 7.2 Integrating with Pick-to-Light System

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with pick-to-light systems after the Yantra 7x WMS allocates and creates pick/move tasks.

1. For tasks that are in the pick-to-light zone, details regarding shipment/batch/carton (reference tag) level that indicate item and quantity to pick are sent to the system.

### APIs Involved

- createTask()
- changeTask()
- createBatch()
- getTaskList()
- cancelTask()

### Events Raised

The following event is raised by the createTask() API:

- CREATE\_TASK.TASK\_CREATED

The following events are raised by the changeTask() API:

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_CHANGED
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_PUT\_ON\_HOLD
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_RELEASED\_FROM\_HOLD

The following event is raised by the createBatch() API:

- CREATE\_BATCH.BATCH\_CREATED

The following event is raised by the cancelTask() API:

- CANCEL\_TASK.TASK\_CANCELED

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

2. References are scanned in the pick-to-light system and appropriate slots are lit indicating quantity to pick.
3. Upon pick completion, status information is sent from the pick-to-light system to the Yantra 7x WMS. All serial/tag number level

information required for pick completion is also passed back to the Yantra 7x WMS.

### APIs Involved

- registerTaskCompletion()
- registerBatchCompletion()
- changeTask()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the registerTaskCompletion() and registerBatchCompletion() APIs:

- COMPLETE\_TASK.TASK\_COMPLETED
- COMPLETE\_BATCH.BATCH\_COMPLETED

The following events are raised by the changeTask() API:

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_CHANGED
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_PUT\_ON\_HOLD
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_RELEASED\_FROM\_HOLD

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 7.3 Integrating with Put-to-Light System

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with put-to-light systems after the Yantra 7x WMS allocates and creates pick/move tasks, after wave release.

1. For tasks that are in the put-to-light zone, details regarding shipment/order level that indicate item and quantity to pick are sent to the system. Yantra 7x WMS is configured to create the required number of shipments in a wave, to match the number of slots.

### APIs Involved

- getShipmentDetails()
- createTask()
- changeTask()
- createBatch()

- `getTaskList()`
- `cancelTask()`

### Events Raised

The following event is raised by the `createTask()` API:

- `CREATE_TASK.TASK_CREATED`

The following events are raised by the `changeTask()` API:

- `CHANGE_TASK.TASK_CHANGED`
- `CHANGE_TASK.TASK_PUT_ON_HOLD`
- `CHANGE_TASK.TASK_RELEASED_FROM_HOLD`

The following event is raised by the `createBatch()` API:

- `CREATE_BATCH.BATCH_CREATED`

The following event is raised by the `cancelTask()` API:

- `CANCEL_TASK.TASK_CANCELED`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

2. Item Ids are scanned in the put-to-light system, and appropriate slots are lit indicating quantity to be placed.
3. Container numbers are associated to each slot, and the container is closed. This information is sent back to the Yantra 7x WMS.

### APIs Involved

- `registerTaskCompletion()`
- `registerBatchCompletion()`
- `addToContainer()`
- `changeTask()`

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the `registerTaskCompletion()` and `registerBatchCompletion()` APIs:

- `COMPLETE_TASK.TASK_COMPLETED`
- `COMPLETE_BATCH.BATCH_COMPLETED`

The following events are raised by the `addToContainer()` API:

- `CREATE_CONTAINER.ON_SUCCESS`
- `ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_SUCCESS`
- `ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_CONTAINER_PACK_COMPLETE`
- `ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_CONTAINER_PACK_PROCESS_COMPLETE`
- `ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_SHIPMENT_PACK_COMPLETE`
- `ADD_TO_CONTAINER.ON_SHIPMENT_PACK_PROCESS_COMPLETE`

The following events are raised by the `changeTask()` API:

- `CHANGE_TASK.TASK_CHANGED`
- `CHANGE_TASK.TASK_PUT_ON_HOLD`
- `CHANGE_TASK.TASK_RELEASED_FROM_HOLD`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

4. Quantities at the shipment level (each slot) are taken to appropriate packing locations to complete packing steps.

## 7.4 Integrating with Carousel or Automated Storage and Retrieval System

Yantra 7x WMS can integrate with Carousels or Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems (ASRS) during these instances:

- [Integration When a Product is Being Putaway](#)
- [Integration When a Product is Being Retrieved](#)
- [Integration When a Product is Being Counted](#)

### 7.4.1 Integration When a Product is Being Putaway

When a product is being putaway, Yantra 7x WMS integrates with Carousels or Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems (ASRS) as follows:

1. The first step task brings the product to the drop-off location attached to the carousel/ASRS location. Upon completion of this task

secondary step tasks are created. These secondary tasks based on task type and zone are sent to the carousel system.

### APIs Involved

- createTask()
- createBatch()

### Events Raised

The following event is raised by the createTask() API:

- CREATE\_TASK.TASK\_CREATED

The following event is raised by the createBatch() API:

- CREATE\_BATCH.BATCH\_CREATED

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

2. User scans item for putaway into carousel system, which retrieves appropriate location/bin to the user station. Product is placed in the bin.
3. Upon the location/bin being placed in appropriate slot, the task completion information is sent to WMS. All serial/tag number level information required for pack completion is also passed back to WMS

### APIs Involved

- registerTaskCompletion()
- registerBatchCompletion()
- changeTask()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the registerTaskCompletion() and registerBatchCompletion() APIs:

- COMPLETE\_TASK.TASK\_COMPLETED
- COMPLETE\_BATCH.BATCH\_COMPLETED

The following events are raised by the changeTask() API:

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_CHANGED

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_PUT\_ON\_HOLD
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_RELEASED\_FROM\_HOLD

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 7.4.2 Integration When a Product is Being Retrieved

When a product is being retrieved, Yantra 7x WMS integrates with Carousels or Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems (ASRS) as follows:

1. Tasks created to retrieve product from the carousel/ASRS are sent from Yantra 7x WMS.

### APIs Involved

- createTask()
- createBatch()

### Events Raised

The following event is raised by the createTask() API:

- CREATE\_TASK.TASK\_CREATED

The following event is raised by the createBatch() API:

- CREATE\_BATCH.BATCH\_CREATED

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

2. User initiates retrieval on carousel system and selects task for retrieval. On retrieval, system sends completion of task from bin/location to drop-off location at user station.

### APIs Involved

- registerTaskCompletion()
- registerBatchCompletion()
- changeTask()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the registerTaskCompletion() and registerBatchCompletion() APIs:

- COMPLETE\_TASK.TASK\_COMPLETED
- COMPLETE\_BATCH.BATCH\_COMPLETED

The following events are raised by the changeTask() API:

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_CHANGED
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_PUT\_ON\_HOLD
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_RELEASED\_FROM\_HOLD

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

3. Secondary step tasks are automatically created by Yantra 7x WMS to putaway quantity to final destination location

### 7.4.3 Integration When a Product is Being Counted

When a product is being counted, Yantra 7x WMS integrates with Carousels or Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems (ASRS) as follows:

- User on Yantra 7x WMS is given location to count.
- This is entered on carousel system for location retrieval.
- Count is executed on Yantra 7x WMS.

## 7.5 Integrating with Automatic Guided Vehicle

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with Automatic Guided Vehicles (AGV) to execute putaway or pick. These interfaces are task based integrations.

### APIs Involved

- createTask()
- changeTask()
- createBatch()
- getTaskList()
- cancelTask()

### Events Raised

The following event is raised by the createTask() API:

- CREATE\_TASK.TASK\_CREATED

The following events are raised by the changeTask() API:

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_CHANGED
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_PUT\_ON\_HOLD
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_RELEASED\_FROM\_HOLD

The following event is raised by the createBatch() API:

- CREATE\_BATCH.BATCH\_CREATED

The following event is raised by the cancelTask() API:

- CANCEL\_TASK.TASK\_CANCELED

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

Upon completion of task the confirmation is sent back to Yantra 7x WMS.

### APIs Involved

- registerTaskCompletion()
- registerBatchCompletion()
- changeTask()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the registerTaskCompletion() and registerBatchCompletion() APIs:

- COMPLETE\_TASK.TASK\_COMPLETED
- COMPLETE\_BATCH.BATCH\_COMPLETED

The following events are raised by the changeTask() API:

- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_CHANGED
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_PUT\_ON\_HOLD
- CHANGE\_TASK.TASK\_RELEASED\_FROM\_HOLD

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 7.6 Integrating with Inbound Sorter

Inbound Sorters are typically used when expected LPN information is available on WMS.

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with inbound sorters as follows:

1. A shipment/ASN captures expected quantities. User indicates start of receipt of the ASN when container/truck pulls into the dock door. Information for the ASN is sent to sorter system along with lane sorting information, if applicable.

### APIs Involved

- startReceipt()
- getShipmentDetails()
- getActivityDemand()

### Events Raised

The following event is raised by the startReceipt() API:

- START\_RECEIPT.ON\_START\_RECEIPT

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

2. LPNs are sorted to respective destination zones based on QC profiling and product characteristics.
3. Yantra 7x WMS is notified when LPN reaches destination.

### APIs Involved

- receiveOrder()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the receiveOrder() API:

- RECEIVE\_RECEIPT.ON\_SUCCESS
- RECEIVE\_RECEIPT.ON\_SKU\_RECEIPT
- RECEIVE\_RECEIPT.ON\_CASE\_RECEIPT
- RECEIVE\_RECEIPT.ON\_PALLET\_RECEIPT
- RECEIVE\_ORDER.INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE

- RECEIVE\_ORDER.INVENTORY\_COST\_WRITEOFF
- RECEIVE\_ORDER.INVENTORY\_VALUE\_CHANGE

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

4. Putaway task is automatically generated on Yantra 7x WMS.

## 7.7 Integrating with Pack Sorter

Pack sorters are used when loose items are picked and need to be sent to pack stations.

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with pack sorters as follows:

1. A tag indicating the shipment is associated with the pick before placing on the conveyor system.
2. Data is published to sorter on wave release with association of shipment to a pack location.

### APIs Involved

- releaseWave()
- getShipmentDetails()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the releaseWave() API:

- RELEASE\_WAVE.ON\_SUCCESS
- RELEASE\_WAVE.SHORTAGES\_DETECTED

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

3. Information from outbound sorter regarding cartons diverted or quantity diverted can update a status value in the pipeline.

### APIs Involved

- changeShipmentContainer()
- changeShipmentStatus()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the changeShipmentContainer() API:

- CHANGE\_CONTAINER.ON\_SUCCESS
- CHANGE\_CONTAINER\_STATUS.ON\_SUCCESS

The following event is raised by the changeShipmentStatus() API:

- CHANGE\_SHIPMENT\_STATUS.ON\_SUCCESS

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 7.8 Integrating with Shipping Sorter

Outbound Sorters are typically used during high volume pick, pack ship operations.

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with outbound sorters as follows:

1. For pre-pick containerization, carton level information is sent after wave release. For loose items, data interfaced after post-pick containerization is completed.
2. Wave release level information is sent to sorter containing lane information.

### APIs Involved

- releaseWave()
- getShipmentDetails()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the releaseWave() API:

- RELEASE\_WAVE.ON\_SUCCESS
- RELEASE\_WAVE.SHORTAGES\_DETECTED

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

3. Information from outbound sorter regarding cartons diverted or quantity diverted can update a status value in the pipeline.

### APIs Involved

- changeShipmentContainer()

**Events Raised**

The following events are raised by the `changeShipmentContainer()` API:

- `CHANGE_CONTAINER.ON_SUCCESS`
- `CHANGE_CONTAINER_STATUS.ON_SUCCESS`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 7.9 Integrating with Cube-a-Scan

Cube-a-scan is typically used during inbound operations to determine the dimensions or properties of an item/SKU.

Yantra 7x WMS integrates with cube-a-scan by updating the item details in the Yantra 7x WMS.

**APIs Involved**

- `modifyItem()`

**Events Raised**

The following events are raised by the `modifyItem()` API:

- `ITEM_DEFINITION.AFTER_MODIFY_ITEM`
- `ITEM_DEFINITION.AFTER_DELETE_ITEM`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 7.10 Integrating with Weighing Scale

A Weighing Scale is an equipment that returns the weight of a container placed on it. Weighing scales are typically used in manifest stations for parcel shipments. For more information about setting up a weighing scale, see *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*.

### 7.10.1 Integrating with Mettler Toledo Weighing Scales

Yantra 7x WMS supports out-of-the-box integration with the Mettler Toledo PS Weighing Scale, which is compatible with various shipping systems including UPS, FedEx, and DHL.

For more information about installing Mettler Toledo Weighing Scale, see *Yantra 7x Installation Guide*.

For more information about configuring Mettler Toledo Weighing Scale on Yantra 7x WMS, see *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*.

### 7.10.2 Integrating with Other Weighing Scales

Additional weighing scale connectors can be built by implementing the `YCPWeighingScaleConnector` interface available in the package `com.yantra.ycp.ui.io` in the Java Archive File `ycpbe.jar`.

The following is a sample code for implementing the `YCPWeighingScaleConnector` interface:

#### **Example 7–1 Sample Code for Implementing YCPWeighingScale Interface**

```
public class CustomScaleConnector implements YCPWeighingScaleConnector {

    private YFCSerialIO sio;
    /* This assumes that the weighing scale is connected through serial port.
    You will need to write custom code to support other ports such as USB.*/
    private YFCPortConfig config;

    public CustomScaleConnector() {
    }

    public void init(YFCElement configEle) {
        sio = new YFCSerialIO();
        String portId = configEle.getAttribute("PortId");
        config = new YFCPortConfig(portId);
    }

    public double getWeight() {
        sio.openConnection(config);
        sio.write("W"); // command to get weight from the scale
        sio.waitForResponse(20, 1000); // sleep 20ms. every time and timeout out
        after 1 sec.
        String response = sio.read();
        return processResponse(response);
    }

    private double processResponse(String response) {
```

```

        double weight = -1;
        // process the response appropriately
        return weight;
    }

    public void resetScale() {
        // send reset command if required
    }
}

```

During initialization, the `init` method is called once by the `YCPWeighingFactory` interface.

At `init` time, a config XML is passed to the `CustomScaleConnector`. This XML is stored in Yantra 7x config database (in Device Configuration) with the class name `CustomScaleConnector`.

The config XML format used for the Mettler Toledo Weighing Scale is as follows:

```

<DeviceParamsXML>
    <Attributes>
        <Attribute Name="ClassName" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="PortId" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="BaudRate" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="DataBits" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="StopBits" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="Parity" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="FlowIn" Value="" />
        <Attribute Name="FlowOut" Value="" />
        <!-- other extended attributes specific to weighing scale
connector implementations -->
        <Attribute Name="" Value="" />
    </Attributes>
</DeviceParamsXML>

```

The config XML can be configured using the Device Configuration of Type 'Weighing Scale' in the Yantra 7x Configurator. For more information see *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*.

**NOTE:** The implementation of the `YCPWeighingFactory` interface must ensure that an instance can be reused across invocations. The `YCPWeighingFactory` interface calls `init` once during initialization, and subsequently reuses the initialized instance.

For more details about integrating Yantra 7x WMS with other weighing scales, see JavaDoc referring to the `com.yantra.ycp.ui.io` package.

# Integrating with Enterprise Resource Planning Systems

---

An Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system is a packaged business software system that allows a company to automate and integrate the majority of its business processes. This enables the company to share common data and practices across the entire enterprise, and to produce and access information in a real-time environment.

Yantra 7x WMS can integrate with ERP to utilize any additional functions that are available in the existing environment.

For example, Yantra 7x WMS can integrate with an ERP to enable users to:

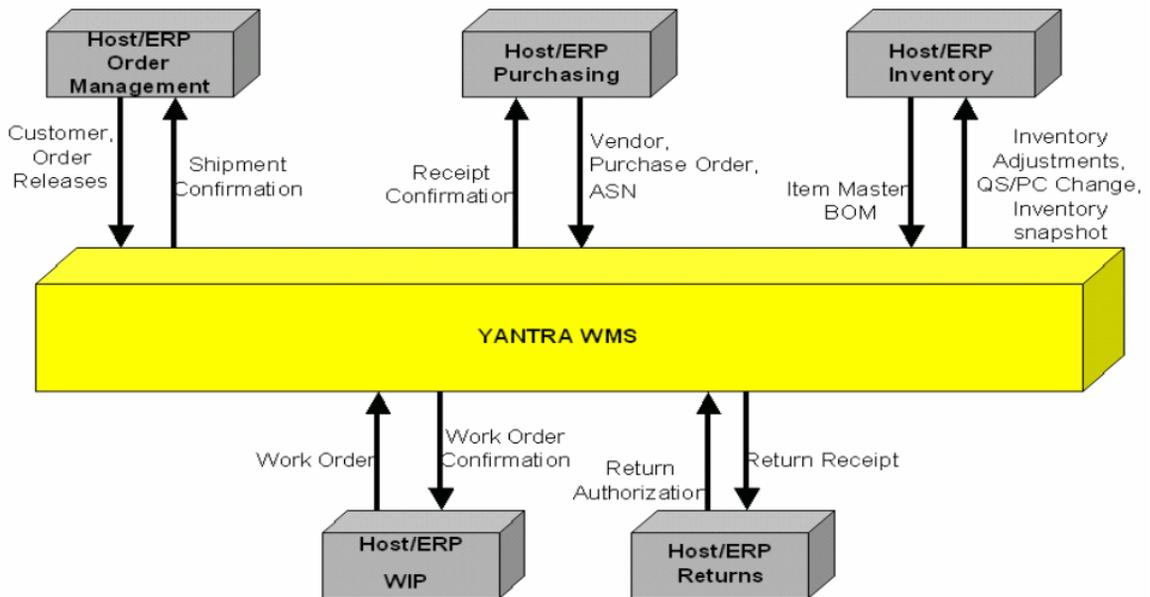
- Enter information in one system and ensure the accessibility and accuracy of the same information across the other application, if necessary, without duplication of data entry.
- Maintain the data entry and ownership at one point, the source module. Synchronize reference (common) data based on the static or dynamic nature of the data, and/or, as deemed necessary in a business environment.
- Perform the necessary business functions involving data sharing and transfer without having to be aware of the system links, the transfer mechanism and the programming details.
- Define and maintain the implementation setup of the integration to suit specific business needs. Typically, the user-definable parameters will correspond to the modules installed, the active interfaces, frequency of data synchronization and real time or batch data transfer options.

## 8.1 Integration Overview

Yantra 7x WMS can be integrated with one or more of the following components of an ERP system:

- Order Management
- Purchasing
- Inventory
- WIP
- Returns

## 8.2 Integration Data Flow Diagram



## 8.3 Integration Protocol

### 8.3.1 Data exchange from the ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Yantra 7x provides APIs to integrate Yantra 7x WMS with ERP applications, and transfer data from the ERP to Yantra 7x WMS. These APIs may be invoked from the Yantra 7x Service Definition Framework.

The data exchange from the ERP application to Yantra 7x WMS can be carried out using Yantra 7x Service Definition Framework in two modes:

- Asynchronous Mode (DB, JMS, MSMQ)
- Synchronous Mode (HTTP, EJB, LOCAL)

For more information about configuring these modes to facilitate the integration, see the Programming Transactions chapter in the *Yantra 7x Customization Guide*.

### 8.3.2 Data exchange from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

Yantra 7x APIs raise Events, which can be configured to transfer data from Yantra 7x WMS to the ERP application.

For more information about configuring Events, see the Programming Transactions chapter in the *Yantra 7x Customization Guide*.

## 8.4 Integration Specification Details

### 8.4.1 ERP Integration – Order Management

Yantra 7x WMS can be integrated with ERP to exchange the following information:

- Customer profile from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Shipment or order release from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Shipment confirmation back to ERP from Yantra 7x WMS

#### 8.4.1.1 Customer Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Vendor information is downloaded from ERP system to Yantra 7x WMS.

### APIs Involved

- createCustomer()
- modifyCustomer()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.1.2 Shipment/Order Release download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Order releases or Shipment requests are downloaded from ERP system to Yantra 7x WMS.

### APIs Involved

- createShipment()
- consolidateToShipment()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.1.3 Shipment Confirmation upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP system

Order releases or Shipment requests are uploaded from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP system.

### APIs Involved

- confirmShipment()

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the confirmShipment() API:

- CONFIRM\_SHIPMENT.ON\_SUCCESS
- CREATE\_CONFIRM\_SHIPMENT.ON\_SUCCESS
- SHIP\_SHIPMENT.ON\_SHIP\_CONFIRM\_POST\_VOID
- SHIP\_ORDER.ON\_SHIP\_CONFIRM\_POST\_VOID
- INVENTORY\_CHANGE.ON\_CHANGE
- INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE.INVENTORY\_VALUE\_CHANGE

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 8.4.2 ERP Integration – Purchasing

Yantra 7x WMS can be integrated with ERP to exchange the following information:

- Vendor profile from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Purchase Order information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Purchase Order closure information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- ASN information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Receipt information sent back from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

### 8.4.2.1 Vendor Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Vendor information is downloaded from ERP system to Yantra 7x WMS.

#### APIs Involved

- createVendor()
- modifyVendor()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.2.2 Purchase Order Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Purchase Orders are created on ERP system and downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS. PO modifications are also downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS.

#### APIs Involved

- createOrder()
- changeOrder()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.2.3 Purchase Order Closure Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

When a PO or PO line is closed on ERP system, it is downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS.

#### APIs Involved

- shortOrder()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.2.4 ASN Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

When an ASN is created on ERP system, it may be downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS.

#### APIs Involved

- `confirmShipment()`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.2.5 Receipt Upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP System

Receipt information may be uploaded as and when receipt is made or when receipt is closed.

#### APIs Involved

- `closeReceipt()` or
- `receiveOrder()`

#### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the `closeReceipt()` API:

- `RECEIPT_COMPLETE.ON_RECEIPT_COMPLETE`

The following events are raised by the `receiveOrder()` API:

- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_SUCCESS`
- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_SKU_RECEIPT`
- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_CASE_RECEIPT`
- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_PALLET_RECEIPT`
- `INVENTORY_COST_CHANGE.INVENTORY_COST_CHANGE`
- `RECEIVE_ORDER.INVENTORY_COST_WRITEOFF`
- `RECEIVE_ORDER.INVENTORY_VALUE_CHANGE`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.3 ERP Integration - Inventory

Yantra 7x WMS can be integrated with ERP to exchange the following information:

- Item information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Item information sent from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP
- Inventory modification information sent from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP
- Inventory snapshot information sent from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

#### 8.4.3.1 Item Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

New items are created on ERP system and then downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS. Typically, ERP system is the master. However, several attributes of item required for warehouse operations are maintained in WMS after download of item information from ERP.

##### APIs Involved

- createItem()
- modifyItem()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### 8.4.3.2 Item Attributes Upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

Some of the item attributes such as item dimensions and weight may be maintained in Yantra 7x WMS and then uploaded to ERP systems.

##### APIs Involved

- modifyItem()

##### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the modifyItem() API:

- ITEM\_DEFINITION.AFTER\_MODIFY\_ITEM
- ITEM\_DEFINITION.AFTER\_DELETE\_ITEM

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.3.3 Inventory Change Upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

Inventory changes from Yantra 7x WMS are uploaded to ERP system.

#### APIs Involved

- `adjustInventory()`

#### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the `adjustInventory()` API:

- `INVENTORY_CHANGE.INVENTORY_CHANGE`
- `INVENTORY_CHANGE.SUPPLY_CHANGE`
- `INVENTORY_COST_CHANGE.INVENTORY_VALUE_CHANGE`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.3.4 Inventory Snapshot Upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

Inventory snapshot information may need to be uploaded from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP system.

#### APIs Involved

- `getInventoryMismatch()`
- `getInventorySnapshot()`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 8.4.4 ERP Integration - WIP

Yantra 7x WMS can be integrated with ERP to exchange the following information:

- Bill of Materials (BOM) information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Work Order information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Manually created work order information sent from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP
- Work Order confirmation information sent from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP
- Work Order closure information sent from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

#### 8.4.4.1 BOM Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Bill of Materials (BOM) information may be maintained on ERP system and downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS.

##### APIs Involved

- modifyItem()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### 8.4.4.2 Work Order Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Work Orders may be downloaded from ERP system to Yantra 7x WMS for execution.

##### APIs Involved

- createWorkOrder()

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### 8.4.4.3 Work Order Demand Upload for Manually Created Work Orders from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

When work orders are created manually in Yantra 7x WMS, work order information needs to be uploaded to ERP system so that component items are allocated on ERP system.

##### APIs Involved

- createWorkOrder()
- cancelWorkOrder()
- modifyWorkOrder()

##### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the createWorkOrder() API:

- CREATE\_WORK\_ORDER.ON\_SUCCESS

The following events are raised by the cancelWorkOrder() API:

- CANCEL\_WORK\_ORDER.ON\_SUCCESS
- CANCEL\_WORK\_ORDER.WORK\_ORDER\_ACTIVITIES\_COMPLETED

The following events are raised by the modifyWorkOrder() API:

- `MODIFY_WORK_ORDER.ON_SUCCESS`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.4.4 Work Order Confirmation Upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

When a work Order is confirmed, information needs to be uploaded to ERP system indicating quantity of work order confirmed or built.

With some ERP systems, this data may not be uploaded as and when quantity built. Instead, only work order closure is uploaded to ERP system, indicating total quantity built for the work order.

#### APIs Involved

- `confirmWorkOrderActivity()`

#### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the `confirmWorkOrderActivity()` API:

- `CONFIRM_WORK_ORDER.ON_SUCCESS`
- `CONFIRM_WORK_ORDER.WORK_ORDER_ACTIVITIES_COMPLETED`
- `CONFIRM_WORK_ORDER.LPN_ACTIVITIES_COMPLETED`
- `CONFIRM_WORK_ORDER.SKU_ACTIVITIES_COMPLETED`
- `CONFIRM_WORK_ORDER.SNO_ACTIVITIES_COMPLETED`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.4.5 Close Work Order from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

When all quantities for a work order is completed or the remaining quantity is canceled, data needs to be published to ERP system indicating that work order is complete.

#### APIs Involved

- `changeWorkOrderStatus()`

#### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the `changeWorkOrderStatus()` API:

- `CHANGE_WORK_ORDER_STATUS.ON_SUCCESS`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 8.4.5 ERP Integration – Returns

Yantra 7x WMS can be integrated with ERP to exchange the following information:

- Return Order information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Return Order closure information from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS
- Receipt information sent back from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP

### 8.4.5.1 Return Order Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

Return Orders are created on ERP system and downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS. Return Order modifications are also downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS.

#### APIs Involved

- `createOrder()`
- `changeOrder()`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.5.2 Return Order Closure Download from ERP to Yantra 7x WMS

When a return is closed on host system, it is downloaded to Yantra 7x WMS. Typically, one return is one receipt. Hence, when a receipt is closed, return may be marked as Closed without a separate integration from host system.

#### APIs Involved

- `shortOrder()`

For more information about the APIs, see *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### 8.4.5.3 Receipt Upload from Yantra 7x WMS to ERP System

Typically, return information is uploaded only when receipt is closed.

#### APIs Involved

- `closeReceipt()` or

- `receiveOrder()`

### Events Raised

The following events are raised by the `closeReceipt()` API:

- `RECEIPT_COMPLETE.ON_RECEIPT_COMPLETE`

The following events are raised by the `receiveOrder()` API:

- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_SUCCESS`
- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_SKU_RECEIPT`
- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_CASE_RECEIPT`
- `RECEIVE_RECEIPT.ON_PALLET_RECEIPT`
- `RECEIVE_ORDER.INVENTORY_COST_CHANGE`
- `RECEIVE_ORDER.INVENTORY_COST_WRITEOFF`
- `RECEIVE_ORDER.INVENTORY_VALUE_CHANGE`

# Integrating with Point of Sale Systems

---

Yantra 7x enables you to integrate with point of sale systems used in stores for product check-outs and returns from customers. When a sales transaction is posted to Yantra 7x WMS from a point of sale (POS), the location from which inventory has to be deducted may not be known, and hence not passed. Yantra 7x WMS, under such circumstances, deducts the inventory from one or more locations that are configured for the purpose of adjustment (that is, for an Adjustment Reason Code). Depending on the availability at each location, the location is appropriately adjusted and then the next location is considered, if required. If a virtual location is one of the locations in the sequence, the inventory availability at the location is not checked and such a location is allowed to go negative.

For more information about the Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System, see the *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Concepts Guide* document.

This chapter describes how Yantra 7x provides integration with point of sale systems.

## 9.1 API Invoked During Point of Sale Integration

The API invoked during the integration of Yantra 7x WMS with Point Of Sale Systems is: `adjustLocationInventory()`.

This API adjusts location inventory. In point of sale systems, it is typically called with an inventory reason code associated with an adjustment sequence, without a Location ID. It can also be called with both the Location ID and the inventory reason code associated with an adjustment sequence. The transaction does not go through if the Location ID is not

passed and the inventory reason code passed does not have an adjustment sequence associated with it.

If the `adjustLocationInventory` API is called with an inventory reason code associated with an adjustment sequence and the Location ID is not passed:

- Inventory is deducted consecutively from the locations or zones specified in the adjustment sequence.
- Within a zone, inventory is deducted according to the pick sequence of the locations in the zone. For locations having the same pick sequence number, inventory is deducted in the alphabetical order of the Location ID.
- Inventory in non-virtual locations is deducted only to the extent of the available quantity of loose SKU (inventory in LPN is not considered). Available inventory is deducted consecutively from the configured locations until a virtual location, if configured in the adjustment sequence, is reached. The balance of the demanded quantity is then adjusted from this virtual location. If any other locations have been configured in the adjustment sequence after the virtual location, they are ignored.
- The transaction does not go through if there is insufficient inventory in the locations or zones specified in the adjustment sequence and a virtual location has not been configured in the adjustment sequence.

When the `adjustLocationInventory` API is called with a Location ID and an inventory reason code associated with an adjustment sequence, the inventory is adjusted in the specified location and the adjustment sequence is ignored. The transaction does not go through if there is insufficient inventory at the specified location.

When the `adjustLocationInventory` API is called for serialized items, the location sequence associated with an inventory reason code is always ignored.

- If the `adjustLocationInventory` API is called with a Location ID, inventory is deducted from that location. The transaction does not go through if the serial number is not found in the specified location.
- If the `adjustLocationInventory` API is called without a Location ID, inventory is deducted from any location where the serial number is

found. The transaction does not go through if the specified serial number is not found in any location of the node.



# 10

## Integrating with JMS Systems

---

In order for some service nodes to communicate with external applications, external message queueing software must be configured. This appendix explains how to configure the following third-party message queueing applications:

- [BEA WebLogic JMS](#)
- [IBM WebSphere MQ](#)

### 10.1 BEA WebLogic JMS

This section explains how to configure BEA WebLogic JMS as the messaging system for Yantra 7x. For information specific to using WebLogic, see the documentation provided by BEA.

#### 10.1.1 Configuring WebLogic JMS

**To configure WebLogic JMS:**

1. Invoke the WebLogic console by entering the URL for Application Consoles. For example, `http://<IP address of machine where weblogic is installed>:<port>/console`.
2. Log in as Administrator.
3. In the left-hand panel, click Services > JDBC > Connection Pools.
4. If message persistence or paging is required, right-click Connection Pools and choose configure a new JDBCConnectionPool.
5. Configure the new jdbc pool with the following values:
  - Name - Any name, for example, `MyJDBCPool`

- URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@<IPAddress>:1521:<SID>
  - DriverClassName - oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver
  - Properties -
    - \* user=<username>
    - \* password=<password>
6. Select the Targets tab. In the left-hand panel, select one or more servers. (Several choices may appear if your server is in a clustered environment.) Then click the right arrow button to move the servers you have selected to the panel on the right.
  7. In the left-hand panel, right-click JMS > ConnectionFactories to configure a new Connection Factory.
 

The JNDIName must match the QCFlookup value in the Yantra 7x Configurator for the WebLogic JMS Transport Type.
  8. Select the Targets tab. In the left-hand panel, select one or more servers. (Several choices may appear if your server is in a clustered environment.) Then click the right arrow button to move the selected server to the window on the right.
  9. If message persistence or paging is required, right-click Stores, and configure a new JMSJDBCStore or Filestore.
    - a. If you choose JDBCStore, using the Connection Pool drop-down list, select your connection pool.
    - b. Right-click Servers and configure a new JMS server.
    - c. Select the store from the drop-down list.
  10. Select the Targets tab. In the left-hand window, select *one* server. (Several choices may appear if your server is in a clustered environment; you can select only one of them.) Then click the right arrow button to move the selected server to the window on the right.
  11. Within the newly configured JMS server, click Destinations and configure all required JMS Queues. Now all of the JMS queues are configured.
 

When configuring services that use WebLogic JMS, use the JNDI Name value from the WLS configuration as the message queue name.
  12. Restart the WebLogic server for these new settings to take effect.

13. Edit the `startIntegrationServer.sh` (or `cmd`) startup script located in the `<YFS_HOME>/bin/` directory and change the `<serverName>` to the name of the server configured for the services that need to be started.
14. Launch the integration server by running the startup script you edited in [Step 13](#).
15. If you need to run multiple servers, repeat [Step 13](#) and [Step 14](#) for each additional server.

## 10.1.2 WebLogic Time-Out Considerations for Transacted Sessions

When using WebLogic JMS as a messaging system to receive messages in transactional mode and no messages are received for a period of time equal to the WebLogic transaction time-out value (defaults to 3600 seconds), the following error message appears in the integration server. After this error message appears, no messages can be processed and you must relaunch the adapter in order to process any messages that recently arrived.

```
<date-time> [Thread-6] ERROR services.jms.JMSConsumer -Could not successfully
process message
weblogic.jms.common.TransactionRolledBackException:
  at weblogic.rmi.internal.BasicOutboundRequest.sendReceive
    (BasicOutboundRequest.java:85)
  at weblogic.rmi.internal.BasicRemoteRef.invoke(BasicRemoteRef.java:135)
  at weblogic.rmi.internal.ProxyStub.invoke(ProxyStub.java:35)
  at $Proxy2.dispatchSyncNoTranFuture(Unknown Source)
  at weblogic.jms.dispatcher.DispatcherWrapperState.dispatchSyncNoTran
    (DispatcherWrapperState.java:341)
  at weblogic.jms.client.JMSSession.receiveMessage(JMSSession.java:347)
  at weblogic.jms.client.JMSConsumer.receive(JMSConsumer.java:333)
  at weblogic.jms.client.JMSConsumer.receive(JMSConsumer.java:279)
  at com.yantra.interop.services.jms.JMSConsumer.run(JMSConsumer.java:204)
  at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:512)
```

For help with choosing an appropriate transaction time-out value for your system, see your WebLogic documentation.

## 10.2 IBM WebSphere MQ

This section explains how to configure a service for Yantra 7x using IBM WebSphere MQ as the transport. For information specific to using WebSphere MQ, see the documentation provided by IBM.

These directions assume that the following have been successfully installed:

- WebSphere MQ software
- WebSphere MQ Java classes
- WebSphere MQ JMS support pack

### 10.2.1 Creating the Queue Manager and Queues

**To create the Queue Manager and Queues:**

1. Log in as the WebSphere MQ user or as a user belonging to the mqm user group.
2. Navigate to the directory where WebSphere MQ has been installed. Typically the location is as follows:
  - If you are using UNIX - /opt/mqm/bin
  - If you are using Windows - <WebSphere MQ Install Directory>\bin
3. Execute the dspmq command to find out which queue managers, if any, exist.
  - If a suitable queue manager exists, start it using the strmqm <qmgr> command. The queue manager can be stopped by using the endmqm <qmgr> command.
  - If no queue manager exists, use the crtmqm <MYQMGR> command to create one.
4. Execute the runmqsc command to send commands for creating queues. For examples of these commands, see below:

```
runmqsc MYQMGR
DEFINE QLOCAL ('getATP');
DEFINE QLOCAL ('createOrder');
END
```

---



---

**Important:** WebSphere MQ converts all characters to upper case, which causes errors. To use mixed case names, enclose them within single quotation marks, for example, `DEFINE QLOCAL ('getATP')`.

---



---

## 10.2.2 Configuring a Queue Manager to Client Connection

In order to send messages to a WebSphere MQ queue on another computer, the QManager must be configured for the server and the client computer.

When a new queue is created in WebSphere MQ, the following default values are assigned to it:

- **MAXDEPTH** - Maximum number of messages that a queue can hold. Defaults to 5000.
- **MAXMSGL** - Maximum size of a message. Defaults to 4 MB.

These settings may need to be adjusted depending on the load and speed of the third-party application that submits the messages, as opposed to the third-party application that retrieves the messages.

### To create JMS bindings:

1. On the server computer, create a QueueManager <QManagerName>.
2. On the server computer's command line, run the following executable:

```
<MQInstallDir>/bin/runmqldr -m <QManagerName> -t TCP -p <PORT>
```

3. On the client computer, edit the `JMSAdmin.config` properties file to contain the following lines:

```
INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY=com.sun.jndi.fscontext.RefFSContextFactory
PROVIDER_URL=file: /<pathOfTheProviderURL>
```

4. On the client computer, create a `.scp` command file that contains the following parameters:

```
def qcf( <QCFName> ) qmgr(<QManagerName>) transport(CLIENT) host(<ipaddress
of Server> ) channel(SYSTEM.DEF.SVRCONN) port( <PORT> )
def q(getATP) qu(getATP)
def q(reply_getATP) qu(reply_getATP)
```

```
def q(createOrder) qu(createOrder)
end
```

5. On the client computer, pass the `.scp` file to the WebSphere MQ JMSAdmin class using the following syntax:

```
java com.ibm.mq.jms.admin.JMSAdmin < intsetup.scp
```

This creates a `.bindings` file in the directory specified for the provider URL. All the JAR files in `<MQ_HOME>/java/lib/` directory should be listed in your CLASSPATH environment variable.

### To remove JMS bindings:

1. To unbind the queues from JNDI, create a `.scp` command file and pass it into the WebSphere MQ JMSAdmin program. The following are example commands:

```
del qcf(ivtQCF)
del q('getATP')
del q('reply_getATP')
del q('createOrder')
end
```

### Archive Files

Since this configuration uses the client transport, the `com.ibm.mqbind.jar` file is not necessary. However, the client does use the following MQ-specific JAR files:

- `/mqclient/java/lib/com.ibm.mq.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/com.ibm.mqjms.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/connector.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/fscontext.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/jms.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/jndi.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/jta.jar`
- `/mqclient/java/lib/providerutil.jar`

## 10.2.3 Configuring Yantra 7x to Use WebSphere MQ Queues

When configuring Yantra 7x to use WebSphere MQ queues, see the WebSphere MQ node in the *Yantra 7x Platform Configuration Guide*.

### To configure a service definition:

1. Log in to Yantra 7x as the user that belongs to the mqm user group (otherwise the WebSphere MQ adapter does not launch).
2. Use the Configurator to configure the service. While configuring a WebSphere MQ service, enter the following:
  - The initial Context Factory  
`com.sun.jndi.fscontext.RefFSContextFactory`, and
  - A provider URL as `file: /<pathOfTheProviderURL>`

---



---

**Note:** The values for the Context Factory and the Provider URL must match those in the `JMSadmin.config` file.

---



---

3. Edit the `startIntegrationServer.sh` (or `cmd`) startup script located in the `<YFS_HOME>/bin/` directory and change the `<serverName>` to the name of the server configured for the services that need to be started.
4. Launch the integration server by running the startup script you edited in [Step 3](#).
5. If you need to run multiple servers, repeat [Step 3](#) and [Step 4](#) for each additional server.

## 10.2.4 Accessing WebSphere MQ Using WebSphere's JNDI Namespace

You can configure the WebSphere MQ queues for access by WebSphere's JNDI namespace rather than the typical file URL. This section describes how to make that configuration.

## 10.2.5 Before You Begin

For information on the version of WebSphere MQ which includes MQ JMS client software see the *Yantra 7x Installation Guide*.

If needed, see the IBM Technical Tip "*Setting up MQ Java Message Service (JMS) Support in WebSphere Application Server*".

To configure WebSphere MQ:

1. You should set the shared library path for UNIX and LINUX systems as follows:

```
set <Shared_Library_Path_Name>=<mqjava_install_path>/lib
```

where the <Shared\_Library\_Path\_Name> is the shared library path environment variable for your operating system. For example:

- In AIX it is LIBPATH.
- In HP-UX it is SHLIB\_PATH.
- In Sun and Linux it is LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH.

2. Modify the <mqjava\_install\_path>/bin/JMSAdmin.config file as follows:

```
INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY=com.ibm.websphere.naming.WsnInitialContextFactory
PROVIDER_URL=CORBALoc:://<WAS_admin_IP_address>:<WAS_bootstrap_port>
```

3. Create an ivtsetup.scp command file that contains the following parameters:

```
def qcf( <QCFName> ) qmgr(<QManagerName>) transport(CLIENT) host(<ipaddress
of Server> ) channel(SYSTEM.DEF.SVRCONN) port( <PORT> )
def q(JNDINameOfQueue) qu(QueueName)
```

In the following example, a QueueConnectionFactory is created with the JNDI name ivtQCF. This QueueConnectionFactory is configured to access the Queue Manager SYSTEM.TEST. Using the 'CLIENT' (network based) transport on the computer 127.0.0.1, through port 1414 (WebSphere MQ default), through the server connection channel named SYSTEM.DEF.SVRCONN (WebSphere MQ default).

Next, a queue object is created with the JNDI name getATP, which is configured to work with the getATP queue on QueueManager SYSTEM.TEST. (Of course, you must ensure that you have created this queue on the queue manager as well.)

Finally, an end command is issued to shut down JMSAdmin.

Note that the `.scp` file can have any name, but the convention is `ivtsetup.scp` (`ivt`=installation verification test).

```
def qcf(ivtQCF) qmgr(SYSTEM.TEST) transport(CLIENT) host(127.0.0.1)
CHANNEL(SYSTEM.DEF.SVRCONN) port (1414)

def q(getATP) qu(getATP) QMGR(SYSTEM.TEST)
end
```

4. Set the `PATH` and `CLASSPATH` in the JMSAdmin script as follows:

```
MQJAVA_PATH=<path to ma88 installation>
PATH=$MQJAVA_PATH
CLASSPATH=$MQJAVA_PATH/lib:$MQJAVA_PATH/lib/com.ibm.mq.jar:$MQJAVA_
PATH/lib/com.ibm.mqjms.jar:$MQJAVA_PATH/lib/jms.jar:$WAS_HOME/lib/ns.jar
```

5. Pass the `.scp` file to the WebSphere MQ JMSAdmin class using the following syntax:

```
java com.ibm.mq.jms.admin.JMSAdmin < intsetup.scp
```

### 10.2.5.1 Inside Yantra 7x Configurator

Configure a service that contains a WebSphere MQ node. Ensure that the link properties of the node match the Initial Context Factory, Provider URL, and the JNDI name specified for the desired queue.

The WebSphere MQ and WebSphere JAR files are also required for the IntegrationAdapter program and whatever client is putting the messages into the queue(s).

### 10.2.5.2 Inside WebSphere Admin Console

In order to put messages into the WebSphere MQ queues from inside of Yantra 7x, as the Release agent needs to do or for services invoked by Actions and Events, follow the instructions in *IBM Technical Tip "Configuring MQ JMS support in the WebSphere J2EE Environment"*.

If you are running on an IBM AIX system, include the following line in the script that launches the IntegrationAdapter:

```
export LDR_CNTRL=MAXDATA=0x30000000
```



## Integrating with Financial Systems

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To use the data captured using the Yantra 7x Inventory Cost Management feature with your financial system, you must:

- [Load Initial Inventory Cost Data](#)
- [Configure Process-Specific Events](#)

### 11.1 Load Initial Inventory Cost Data

Yantra 7x provides an API to load the initial inventory value of an item at a ship node for a given quantity. The `loadInventoryNodeCost` API supports multiple items to be given in the input with inventory cost data for each ship node under that.

The `loadInventoryNodeCost` API validates the Quantity passed with the actual inventory supply information available for that item/ship node. This API only considers the supply types which are specified as on-hand and cost maintained. For details about the input XML attributes, see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

This API is called for the initial load of cost data at system start up time. This API should not be used after going into production with the Inventory Costing Management feature implemented.

The following query can be executed to get the initial onhand supply quantity:

```
SELECT B.ORGANIZATION_CODE, B.ITEM_ID, B.UOM, B.PRODUCT_CLASS, A.SHIPNODE_KEY  
SHIP_NODE, SUM(QUANTITY) QUANTITY  
FROM YFS_INVENTORY_SUPPLY A, YFS_INVENTORY_ITEM B  
WHERE A.INVENTORY_ITEM_KEY = B.INVENTORY_ITEM_KEY  
AND SUPPLY_TYPE IN (  
SELECT SUPPLY_TYPE FROM YFS_INVENTORY_SUPPLY_TYPE
```

```
WHERE ONHAND_SUPPLY = 'Y' AND COSTING_REQUIRED = 'Y')  
GROUP BY B.ORGANIZATION_CODE, B.ITEM_ID, B.UOM, B.PRODUCT_CLASS, A.SHIPNODE_KEY
```

## 11.2 Configure Process-Specific Events

In order to interface with your financial system and use Yantra 7x Inventory Costing data, you must configure the applicable events for the following processes:

- Receipt
- Sales Order Creation
- Shipment Confirmation
- Invoice
- Work Order Confirmation
- Inventory Adjustment
- Return Order
- Callback from Financial System for Inventory Value Adjustment

### 11.2.1 Receipt Process

From the General Process Type, configure the following events for the INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE Transaction ID:

- [INVENTORY\\_COST\\_CHANGE](#)
- [INVENTORY\\_COST\\_WRITEOFF](#)

#### 11.2.1.1 INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE

##### When is this event raised?

This event is raised for any order receipt such as a purchase order, return order and so on. For example, at the time of purchase order receipt this event is raised from the inventory management module for each receipt line containing details of a single receipt line to generate G/L level postings in a financial application. One event is published for each purchase order line as a receipt is recorded against it. If a purchase order line is received in multiple receipts, multiple events are raised.

For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### **What are the expected updates on Financial System?**

This event can be used to update general ledger entries for accounts payable accruals and inventory value accounts.

#### **11.2.1.2 INVENTORY\_COST\_WRITEOFF**

##### **When is this event raised?**

When doing a receipt against an item or node that has a negative on-hand balance, Inventory Value and Average Cost calculations need to be modified. The application generates this second event to accompany the standard inventory cost change event (***INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE***). This second event publishes the delta between recalculated inventory value and the write off amount details. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

##### **What are the expected updates on Financial System?**

This event can be used to update general ledger entries for variance and inventory value accounts.

### **11.2.2 Sales Order Creation Process**

The unit cost for an order line is stored as the unit cost stored for the item master. If the unit cost was manually entered at the item level in the product master tables, the order line uses the manually entered unit cost. If no manual entry was made, the order line uses the computed unit cost stored at the item level. If no such cost was stored, the cost is reflected as \$0.00 on the sales order line and the ORDER\_CREATE.ON\_ZERO\_UNIT\_COST event is triggered.

If the item definition is not stored in Yantra 7x, the getItemDetails user exit may be implemented to return unit cost from an external source. For more information about the getItemDetails user exit see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

## 11.2.3 Shipment Confirmation Process

From the General Process Type, configure the following events for the INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE Transaction ID:

- [INVENTORY\\_VALUE\\_CHANGE](#)

### 11.2.3.1 INVENTORY\_VALUE\_CHANGE

#### When is this event raised?

When a sales order is shipped this event is raised from the inventory management module for each shipment line with the inventory value change information for the fulfillment location. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### What are the expected updates on Financial System?

This event can be used to update general ledger entries for cost of goods sold, inventory value, and variance accounts.

## 11.2.4 Invoice Process

Using the CREATE\_ORDER\_INVOICE.0003 Transaction ID for returns or the CREATE\_SHIPMENT\_INVOICE.0001 Transaction ID for shipments, configure the following events for the Invoice process:

- [ON\\_INVOICE\\_CREATION](#)

### 11.2.4.1 ON\_INVOICE\_CREATION

#### When is this event raised?

During invoice creation, this event is raised for each invoice created. This event publishes the details about the invoice created. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### What are the expected updates on Financial System?

This can be used to post sales and account receivables general ledger entries.

## 11.2.5 Work Order Confirmation Process

From the General Process Type, configure the following events for the INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE Transaction ID:

- [INVENTORY\\_COST\\_CHANGE](#)
- [INVENTORY\\_COST\\_WRITEOFF](#)
- [INVENTORY\\_VALUE\\_CHANGE](#)

### 11.2.5.1 INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE

#### When is this event raised?

During work order processing, when the production of a kit parent item is reported, this event is raised from the inventory management module for the parent with the inventory cost change information for the production location. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### What are the expected updates on Financial System?

This event can be used to update general ledger entries on the financial system.

### 11.2.5.2 INVENTORY\_COST\_WRITEOFF

#### When is this event raised?

When reporting production of a kit parent item that has a negative on-hand balance at the production location, Inventory Value and Average Cost calculations need to be modified. The application generates this second event to accompany the standard inventory cost change event (**INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE**). This second event publishes the delta between recalculated inventory value and the write off amount details. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### What are the expected updates on Financial System?

This event can be used to update general ledger entries on the financial system.

### 11.2.5.3 INVENTORY\_VALUE\_CHANGE

#### When is this event raised?

When reporting production of a kit, this event is raised for each kit component. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### What are the expected updates on Financial System?

This event can be used to update general ledger entries for cost of goods sold, inventory value, and variance accounts.

## 11.2.6 Inventory Adjustment Process

From the General Process Type, configure the following events for the INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE Transaction ID:

- [INVENTORY\\_VALUE\\_CHANGE](#)

### 11.2.6.1 INVENTORY\_VALUE\_CHANGE

#### When is this event raised?

When an inventory adjustment is done for an item at a fulfillment location this event is raised from the inventory management module with the inventory value change information for the fulfillment location. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

#### What are the expected updates on Financial System?

This event can be used to update variance and inventory value accounts in the financial system.

## 11.2.7 Return Order Process

From the General Process Type, configure the following events for the INVENTORY\_COST\_CHANGE Transaction ID:

- [INVENTORY\\_VALUE\\_CHANGE](#)

### 11.2.7.1 INVENTORY\_VALUE\_CHANGE

**When is this event raised?**

At the time of return order receipt this event is raised from the inventory management module for each return receipt line with the inventory value change information for the return location. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**What are the expected updates on Financial System?**

This event can be used to update variance and inventory value accounts in the financial system.

## 11.2.8 Callback from Financial System for Inventory Value Adjustment

This interface is implemented as a call to the `updateInventoryCost` API in Yantra 7x. This should be used whenever the Accounts Payable application generates a variance between expected PO cost and the actual cost on the Payables Invoice. The variance amount should be passed back to Yantra 7x to be reflected in the inventory value. Yantra 7x then tries to adjust the inventory value and re-compute the average cost. If the total on-hand is less than the purchase quantity (due to subsequent shipments or issues), the total variance is prorated and applied to the remaining on-hand inventory. An additional event is raised to adjust the difference in the financial system. For details about the input attributes for the interface see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**What are the expected updates on Yantra 7x:**

Inventory value is adjusted by the variance amount. Average cost is recomputed. If the total on-hand is less than what has to be adjusted, the total variance is prorated and applied on the remaining on-hand inventory. The amount not applied is passed back to the financial application so that it can be stored in an appropriate variance account.

Using the `INVENTORY_COST_UPDATE` Transaction ID, configure the following events for the Callback from Financial System process:

- [COULD\\_NOT\\_APPLY\\_INV\\_VALUE\\_CHANGE](#)

### 11.2.8.1 COULD\_NOT\_APPLY\_INV\_VALUE\_CHANGE

### **When is this event raised?**

The amount not applied on Yantra 7x is passed back to the financial application by raising this event which publishes the variance amount details. For details about the data published by the event see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

### **What are the expected updates on Financial System?**

This event can be used to update the appropriate variance account on the financial system.

## Rapid Deployment Features

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This chapter explains the Yantra 7x Rapid Deployment Features (RDT) and how to utilize these for rapid deployment of Yantra 7x.

The rapid deployment features include:

- [Interface Field Mapping Documents](#)
- [Initial Data Loading](#)

In addition to these rapid deployment features, Yantra 7x provides a mechanism to create a new Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System node from an existing node.

For more information about Copying an Existing Node to a New Node, Onboarding an Enterprise to a Node, Offboarding an Enterprise from a Node, and Deleting the Current Node, refer to *Yantra 7x Warehouse Management System Configuration Guide*.

### 12.1 Interface Field Mapping Documents

An Interface Field Mapping Document is a document that specifies the integration mapping between Yantra 7x and an external system. Typically, it is a Microsoft Excel document based on the input and output XMLs of Yantra 7x APIs or custom APIs written at the implementation phase of a project.

This feature describes the methodology to generate a Microsoft Excel compatible XML spreadsheet file from the input/output XML file of an API, which can be used to create the Interface Field Mapping Document.

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**Note:** The Interface Field Mapping Template generation tool can only be used in Microsoft Windows environment.

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### 12.1.1 Generating Interface Field Mapping Template Documents

Yantra 7x provides a tool to generate Interface Field Mapping Template documents from input/output XMLs.

The input XML for this generation could be a Input/Output XML from a Yantra-exposed API or an XML for a custom API, which allows the generation of Interface Field Mapping Template documents for custom APIs created during implementation.

The tool generates the Interface Field Mapping Template document as a Microsoft Excel XML spreadsheet document, which can be opened in Microsoft Excel and modified to specify the mapping details.

#### 12.1.1.1 Generating Interface Field Mapping Template Documents Using the Generation Tool

To generate the XML spreadsheet use the following command line tool:

```
generateExcelXML {INXML} {INXSL} {OUTXML} {HTML} {TITLE}
```

where,

- INXML – Name of the XML file for which the XML spreadsheet should be generated
- INXSL – Name of the XSL file which will be used to generate the XML spreadsheet
- OUTXML – Name of the XML spreadsheet file to be generated
- HTML – Name of the HTML file which contains the description of the Input XML attributes.
- TITLE - The title that is displayed after you generate the XML spreadsheet. [Figure 12–1](#) shows the PO Download title.

This tool is located in <Yantra\_Install>/bin directory. This can also be used to generate XML spreadsheets for custom APIs.

### 12.1.1.2 Using Interface Field Mapping Template Documents

The XML spreadsheet generated using the command line tool can be opened and edited using Microsoft Excel (Versions 2002 and above).

The XML spreadsheet provides the Attribute Name, Mapping, and Remarks for each attribute.

**Figure 12–1 A Sample XML Spreadsheet**

PO Download			
Attribute Name	Mapping	Remarks	
<a href="#">/Order/@OrderNo</a>			
<a href="#">/Order/@EnterpriseCode</a>			
<a href="#">/Order/@Amount</a>			

Clicking on an attribute name launches the relevant datatype and description. These integration field mappings may be modified as applicable and saved.

## 12.2 Initial Data Loading

Yantra 7x provides a initial data-loading tool for loading configuration data from legacy or ERP systems. The Initial Data Loading (IDL) tool utilizes the bare minimum information required by the warehouse to be functional.

### 12.2.1 Initial Data-Loading Services

The Initial Data Loading (IDL) tool works based on Yantra 7x Service Definition Framework (SDF).

The IDL tool provides services to create the following configuration data:

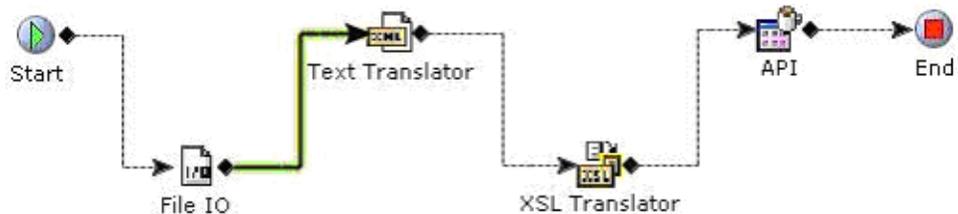
- Items
- Shipping Cartons
- Locations

- SKU Dedications
- Location Inventory

To use the services provided for IDL, the configuration data to be loaded from the legacy or ERP systems should be made available in a comma delimited flat file.

The IDL tool uses services to convert the data into the XML format, required by the corresponding APIs to create or modify the relevant information in the warehouse.

**Figure 12–2 Sample Service as displayed in Yantra 7x Configurator**



To begin the initial data loading process, the integration server should be started with the following command:

```
startIntegrationServer.sh <servername>
```

For more information about running the Yantra 7x Integration Server, refer to the *Yantra 7x Installation Guide*.

The `RDTConfigDataFormat.xls` file located in the `<runtime>/template/RDTConfigSchemas/` folder contains the data sequence and the headers required for the corresponding service provided in the IDL module of the RDT.

All Yantra 7x services follow the predefined sequence specified in the `RDTConfigDataFormat.xls` file for calling the components:

- The File IO Receiver is used to read the data from the delimited flat file
- The Text Translator component is used to convert the delimited data to XML format
- The XSL Translator component is used to convert the XML into a format that is the input to an API, and

- The API component is used to call the business API for creating or modifying the data.

Each service reads the input data line by line from the delimited flat files. Thus, all the details required for a configuration should be provided in a single line, separated by commas, and in a fixed sequence. The first item in each line is the header, and it is fixed for each service. If the first item is anything other than the header then that row is not considered for processing.

### **Error Handling in Initial Data Loading (IDL) Tool:**

The error handling for Initial Data Loading services is undertaken at two levels:

- a. When there is an error in translating the flat file into an xml file as per the defined schema, the file is pushed to the working directory and an error file indicating the error is added to the error directory. The error may now be fixed and the modified flat file reprocessed.
- b. When the API throws an exception for a record, it is sent to the default exception queue where it can be viewed in the exception console by searching for exceptions in initial status. The input xml may now be modified by providing the right input, and reprocessed using the reprocess button.

#### **12.2.1.1 Item Configuration Data-Loading**

This service modifies the attributes of an existing item for which inventory is stored in the warehouse. It calls the `modifyItem()` API.

[Table 12–1, "Format for Item Configuration Data Loading Service"](#) explains the format of the headers and the sequence of items to be provided for this service. For more information, see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**Table 12–1** *Format for Item Configuration Data Loading Service*

<b>Attribute</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Sequence</b>	<b>Data Type</b>	<b>Size</b>
ITEMHEDR	The item header identifier	1	String	6
ItemID	The unique identifier for an item that belongs to a catalog organization	2	String	40
OrganizationCode	The code of the organization whose product information is being stored	3	String	24
UnitOfMeasure	The unit of measure for item quantity	4	String	40
GlobalItemID	The unique global identifier used to cross reference an item with another catalog organization	5	String	128
Description	A localized description	6	String	200
ProductLine	The product line of an item	7	String	100
KitCode	The kit code of an item. Value 'LK' indicates a logical kit, while PK indicates a physical kit	8		
ItemGroupCode	The code of the item group. This is used to identify whether the item is a Product, Provided Service, Provided Service Option, Delivery Service, or Delivery Service Option	9	String	20
UnitCost	The cost of one unit of the item	10	Decimal	19
CostCurrency	The currency in which the item's cost is defined	11	String	20
CountryOfOrigin	The item's country of origin or manufacture	12	String	40
ItemType	The generic type of the item	13	String	40
UnitWeight	The weight of one unit of the item	14	Decimal	14
WeightUOM	The unit of measure in which the item's weight is defined	15	Decimal	14
UnitHeight	The height of one unit of the item	16	Decimal	14
UnitLength	The length of one unit of the item	17	Decimal	14
UnitWidth	The width of one unit of the item	18	Decimal	14

**Table 12–1 Format for Item Configuration Data Loading Service**

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
SerializedFlag	This indicates whether the item is serialized	19	Boolean	1
TagControlFlag	This indicates whether the item is tag controlled	20	Boolean	1
TimeSensitive	This indicates whether the item is time sensitive	21	Boolean	1
IsFifoTracked	This indicates whether the item is FIFO tracked	22	Boolean	1
IsSerialTracked	This indicates whether the item is serial tracked	23	Boolean	1
HarmonizedCode	The harmonized code of the item	24	String	40
NMFCCode	The NMFC code of the item	25	String	40
VelocityCode	The velocity code of the item	26	String	40
ECCNNo	The ECCN number of the item	27	String	40
HazmatClass	The hazardous material classification of the item	28	String	40
CommodityCode	The commodity code of the item	29	String	40
StorageType	The storage type of the item	30	String	40
AddName1	The name of the first additional attribute	31	String	20
AddValue1	The value of the first additional attribute	32	String	2000
AddName2	The name of the second additional attribute	33	String	20
AddValue2	The value of the second additional attribute	34	String	2000
LotNumber	The lot number of the item. This indicates whether this attribute can be used as a Tag Identifier or a Tag Descriptor. Valid values are: 01 - Use as Tag Descriptor 02 - Use as Tag Identifier 03 - Not used	35	String	2

**Table 12–1** *Format for Item Configuration Data Loading Service*

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
LotAttribute1	The lot attribute of the item. This indicates whether this attribute can be used as a Tag Descriptor. Valid values are: 01 - Use as Tag Descriptor 03 - Not Use	36	String	2
LotAttribute2	The lot attribute of the item. This indicates whether this attribute can be used as a Tag Descriptor. Valid values are: 01 - Use as Tag Descriptor, 03 - Not used.	37	String	2
CaseQuantity	The quantity of one case of the item	38	Decimal	14
CaseWeight	The weight of one case of the item	39	Decimal	14
CaseLength	The length of one case of the item	40	Decimal	14
CaseWidth	The width of one case of the item	41	Decimal	14
CaseHeight	The height of one case of the item	42	Decimal	14
PalletQuantity	The quantity of one pallet of the item	43	Decimal	14
PalletWeight	The weight of one pallet of the item	44	Decimal	14
PalletLength	The length of one pallet of the item	45	Decimal	14
PalletWidth	The width of one pallet of the item	46	Decimal	14
PalletHeight	The height of one pallet of the item	47	Decimal	14
DimensionUOM	The unit of measure that define the dimensions of the item	48	String	40

The schema files used by each component of the service and the API called by the service are as follows:

- **Service Name:** Items
- **Service Group:** Load Data
- **Text Translator:** ModifyItemSchema
- **XSL Translator:** ModifyItem
- **API:** modifyItem

- **Server Name:** ItemLoader

### 12.2.1.2 Shipping Carton Data-Loading

This service creates shipping cartons (modelled as items) that are stored in the warehouse. It calls the `createItem()` API.

[Table 12–2, "Format for Shipping Carton Data Loading Service"](#) explains the format of the headers and the sequence of items to be provided for this service. For more information, see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**Table 12–2** *Format for Shipping Carton Data Loading Service*

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
ITEMHEDR	The item header identifier	1	String	6
ItemID	The unique identifier for an item that belongs to a catalog organization	2	String	40
OrganizationCode	The code of the organization whose product information is being stored	3	String	24
UnitOfMeasure	The unit of measure for item quantity	4	String	40
UnitWeight	The weight of one unit of the item	5	Decimal	14
UnitHeight	The height of one unit of the item	6	Decimal	14
UnitLength	The length of one unit of the item	7	Decimal	14
UnitWidth	The width of one unit of the item	8	Decimal	14
MaxCntrWeight	The maximum weight of the carton	9		

The schema files used by each component of the service and the API called by the service are as follows:

- **Service Name:** ShippingCartons
- **Service Group:** Load Data
- **Text Translator:** ShippingCartonSchema
- **XSL Translator:** ShippingCarton
- **API:** createItem
- **Server Name:** ShippingCartonLoader

### 12.2.1.3 Location Data-Loading

This service creates locations in a zone within a node in the warehouse. These locations specify the physical space where inventory will be stored. It calls the `createLocation()` API.

[Table 12–3, "Format for Location Data Loading Service"](#) explains the format of the headers and the sequence of items to be provided for this service. For more information, see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**Table 12–3 Format for Location Data Loading Service**

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
LOCAHDR	The location header identifier	1	String	8
LocationId	The unique identifier for the location. This in conjunction with NODE_KEY identifies a unique location in the node	2	String	40
Node	The node to which the location belongs to.	3	Key	24
LocationType	The system defined classification of location to aid association of locations of certain types for certain other operations with WMS. The supported types are: INTRANSIT (Mobile locations), STAGING, VIRTUAL, REGULAR and DOCK. For example, all equipment locations should be of type INTRANSIT. If LocationType is passed blank or passed unallowed values then default LocationType is taken as REGULAR	4	String	40
Zoneld	The zone to which the location belongs. This in conjunction with the node key identifies a unique zone within the node.	5	String	40
AisleNumber	The aisle number of the location. Locations belong to zones, which have travel aisle's between them. A zone could belong to multiple aisles and multiple zones could belong to an aisle. But a location in a zone belongs to one and only one aisle.	6	Integer	9

**Table 12–3 Format for Location Data Loading Service**

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
LevelLocation	The level number of the location. This indicates the height of the location (y-co-ordinate of the location from the floor) classified as levels. Level attribute of the location is used in arriving at locations nearest to the dedicated locations algorithm used in put away. Typically, the level attribute is contained within the location ID.	7	Integer	9
BayNumber	The bay number of the location. Typically, the aisle, level and bay put together gives the physical location of the location in the node if they are based on coordinate system. Bay attribute of the location (x-coordinate from the beginning of the aisle) is used in arriving at locations nearest to the dedicated locations algorithm used in put away. Typically, the bay attribute is contained within the location ID.	8	Integer	9
MoveInSequenceNumber	The move in sequence number of the location. This is used by task management for location suggestion while moving in inventory (put away). The put away location selection algorithm uses this information to select locations amongst a list of locations based on its move in sequence.	9	Integer	9
MoveOutSequenceNumber	The move out sequence number of the location. This is used by task management for location suggestion while moving out inventory (picking). The pick location selection algorithm uses this information to select locations amongst a list of locations based on its move in sequence.	10	Integer	9
InStagingLocationId	The in staging location id indicates the Drop off location (For moves coming into a location, they may be dropped here)	11	String	40

**Table 12–3** *Format for Location Data Loading Service*

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
OutStagingLocationId	The out staging location id indicates the Out Drop off Location (Location where moves originated at this location, may be dropped).	12	String	40
VelocityCode	The velocity code of the location classifies items as A, B or C class items based on whether they are fast selling, not so fast selling and low selling item. These item classifications are typically followed by all enterprises to optimize certain operations such as sourcing and stocking. The reason we have locations preferring certain velocity codes is that, we could have locations closer to dock stocking A class items, and locations furthest away from the dock stocking C class items. Velocity code is a preference on the location and not a constraint. If A class items fill up all locations meant for A class items, then they can go in to B and then C. Similarly C can go to B and then A for lack of space in the respective locations preferred for a specific velocity code. B class items go into C and then into A. If VelocityCode is passed blank or passed unallowed values then default VelocityCode is taken Last VelocityCode in the alphabetic sequence in common code of type VELOCITY_CODE.	13	String	40
LocationSizeCode	The location size code defines the capacity of a location. All locations having the same size (dimensions and ability to hold the same weight) are classified under the same size code. This maps to the primary key attribute of the YFS_LOCATION_SIZE_CODE table.	14	String	40

**Table 12–3 Format for Location Data Loading Service**

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
StorageCode	Storage code is an attribute of the location that allows the warehouse to store items that have the same storage profile as that of the location. For example, hazardous inflammable items need locations close to fire extinguishers. In this case the locations will be marked as having a storage code, which is suitable for storing Inflammable items. This ensures that only inflammable items get to these locations.	15	String	40
X Co-ordinate	X Co-ordinate for a location in the warehouse	16	Number	14
Y Co-ordinate	Y Co-ordinate for a location in the warehouse	17	Number	14
Z Co-ordinate	Z Co-ordinate for a location in the warehouse	18	Number	14

The schema files used by each component of the service and the API called by the service are as follows:

- **Service Name:** Locations
- **Service Group:** Load Data
- **Text Translator:** LocationSchema
- **XSL Translator:** Location
- **API:** createLocation
- **Server Name:** LocationLoader

#### 12.2.1.4 SKU Dedication Data-Loading

This service modifies the attributes of a location, and is basically used to dedicate a location as a dedicated location. A dedicated location is one that stores inventory for a particular item only. It calls the `modifyLocation()` API.

Table 12–4, "Format for SKU Dedication Data Loading Service" explains the format of the headers and the sequence of items to be provided for this service. For more information, see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**Table 12–4** *Format for SKU Dedication Data Loading Service*

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
SKUDEDIC	The SKU Dedication header identifier	1	String	8
LocationId	The identifier for the location. This in conjunction with NODE_KEY identifies a unique location in the node	2	String	40
Node	The node to which the location belongs to	3	Key	24
EnterpriseCode	The code of the enterprise to which the location is dedicated	4	String	40
ItemId	The item identifier of the SKU	5	String	40
UnitOfMeasure	The unit of measure of the SKU	6	String	40
ProductClass	The product class of the SKU	7	String	40
SegmentType	SKUs are sometimes custom made. This field stores the customization details.	8	String	40
Segment	SKUs are sometimes custom made. This field stores the customization details. When inventory is customized for a specific order, it needs to be tracked separately so that it can be allocated to that order	9	String	40

The schema files used by each component of the service and the API called by the service are as follows:

- **Service Name:** SkuDedications
- **Service Group:** Load Data
- **Text Translator:** SkuDedicationsSchema
- **XSL Translator:** SkuDedication
- **API:** modifyLocation
- **Server Name:** SkuDedicationLoader

### 12.2.1.5 Location Inventory Data-Loading

This service adds the inventory for the previously created items and locations in the warehouse. It calls the `adjustLocationInventory()` API.

Table 12–5, "Format for Inventory Data Loading Service" explains the format of the headers and the sequence of items to be provided for this service. For more information, see the *Yantra 7x Javadocs*.

**Table 12–5** *Format for Inventory Data Loading Service*

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
ALOCINVN	The inventory header identifier	1	String	8
EnterpriseCode	The Inventory Organization Code. This indicates the Enterprise whose product information is being stored.	2	String	24
Node	The Business key or unique identifier for a ship node.	3	String	24
Caseld	The identifier for a case. This gives the LPN information for adjustment.	4	String	40
LocationId	The identifier for a location. This forms unique key of this table in conjunction with NODE_KEY. Indicates the location from where the inventory is being adjusted. LocationId becomes mandatory, if Caseld/PalletId is not passed.	5	String	40
PalletId	The identifier for a pallet. This gives the LPN information for adjustment.	6	String	40
InventoryStatus	The inventory status gives the status of the inventory. Only one level InventoryStatus transitions happen for the inventory for positive adjustments. Negative adjustments will not take care of InventoryStatus transitions. If not passed, status will be taken as blank.	7	String	10
SegmentType	The segment type for particular enterprise or organization. SegmentType becomes mandatory if Segment is passed.	8	String	40

**Table 12–5 Format for Inventory Data Loading Service**

Attribute	Description	Sequence	Data Type	Size
Segment	The segment for particular enterprise or organization. Segment becomes mandatory if SegmentType is passed.	9	String	40
Quantity	This gives the adjustment quantity for the inventory. The negative quantity specifies negative adjustment and positive quantity denotes positive adjustment. Quantity becomes mandatory if SerialDetail does not provide quantity for adjustment.	10	Decimal	14
ItemID	The item identity for the inventory	11	String	40
UnitOfMeasure	The unit of measure for the item	12	String	40
ProductClass	The product class for the item	13	String	40
LotNumber	The lot number for the inventory	14	String	40
LotAttribute1	The lot attribute for the inventory	15	String	40
LotAttribute2	The lot attribute for the inventory	16	String	40
ShipByDate	The date by which the inventory has to be shipped	17	Date	10
SerialNo	The unique identifier for each serial	18	String	40
ReasonCode	The reason code for the inventory transaction. The business significance of this reason code is that inventory bins will be tied to this reason code, which will be used to adjust inventory (for inventory synchronization purposes) on host systems. This is mandatory if inventory is getting updated. Some Yantra APIs doing inventory adjustments expect some adjustment reason codes to be configured in the system. These are RECEIPT used by Receiving, PACK used by Packing functions and SHIP used by Shipment. PACK should have a bin associated while RECEIPT and SHIP should not have bin location associations.	19	String	40

The schema files used by each component of the service and the API called by the service are as follows:

- **Service Name:** Inventory
- **Service Group:** Load Data
- **Text Translator:** AdjustLocationInventorySchema
- **XSL Translator:** AdjustLocationInventory
- **API:** adjustLocationInventory
- **Server Name:** InventoryLoader

### 12.2.1.6 Hazmat Data-Loading

Yantra 7x supports the Hazmat Data-Load tool, which works based on the Yantra 7x Service Definition Framework (SDF) to load the Hazmat data to the `YFS_HAZMAT_COMPLIANCE` table.

Use this tool to load, modify, or delete the Hazmat data as specified by the Department Of Transportation (DOT). Based on the action passed, the tool appropriately loads, modifies, or deletes the Hazmat data from the `YFS_HAZMAT_COMPLIANCE` table.

#### 12.2.1.6.1 Initially Loading the Hazmat Data

To initially load the Hazmat data:

1. Using any standard Web browser, download the CFR49 Hazmat data file `172101ascii.zip` from <http://hazmat.dot.gov/enforce/forms/ohmforms.htm#101>.
2. Extract the `cfm.dat` file that is stored in the `172101ascii.zip` file to the `<YFS_HOME>/bin` directory.
3. The Hazmat Data-Load tool requires the data file must be in a readable format to be processed by the Yantra 7x SDF. To convert the downloaded data file into this format, run the `prepareHazmatData.xml` script located in the `<YFS_HOME>/bin` directory. This script takes three input parameters: `runtime`, `datafile`, and `operation` (the valid values for which are `CHG` and `DEL`. Use the `CHG` operation to load or modify the Hazmat data, and the `DEL` operation to delete data). For example:

```
ant -f prepareHazmatData.xml -Druntime=D:/Yantra/Danube
-Ddatafile=cfm.dat -Doperation=CHG
```

4. After running the `prepareHazmatData.xml` script, each record in the data file is appended with the `HAZMATDATA` string and the operation passed, which can now be processed by the Yantra 7x SDF.
5. Start the integration server by passing the `<servername>` as `HazmatDataLoader`.

For more information about starting the integration server, see the *Yantra 7x Installation Guide*.

### 12.2.1.6.2 Maintaining the Hazmat Data

To insert, modify, or delete the Hazmat data as specified by DOT:

1. Using any standard Web browser, the Hazmat data details can be found at: <http://hazmat.dot.gov/regs/hmtentries.htm>
2. The Hazmat data listed in the `hmtentries.htm` file needs to be in a readable format to be processed by the Yantra 7x SDF. Therefore, create two different Hazmat data files, one for additions or modifications, and another file for deletions. Ensure that the Hazmat data file format that you created exist in the `<YFS_HOME>/bin` folder and is of the same format as the `cfr.dat` file that is stored in the `172101ascii.zip` file.
3. Repeat [Step 3](#) through [Step 5](#).

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