



IBM Software Group

OMEGAMON XE for CICS on z/OS and  
CICS Performance Analyzer for z/OS

***Diagnosing Performance Problems:  
A Sample Scenario***



@business on demand.

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OMEGAMON XE for CICS and CICS Performance Analyzer together make up a complete solution for monitoring, managing and eliminating performance problems. They work together cooperatively to provide you with the information to handle problems on a minute to minute basis, and to put in place long-term solutions to get the best possible value from your CICS systems.

In this presentation, we'd like to show you one way in which the products work together for a long-term resolution of a problem that caused a serious interruption to the productivity of CICS users ....

## Preface

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  - ▶ DB2
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  - ▶ z/OS, zSeries
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## Performance and Availability Management Solutions for CICS

*Managing system performance and planning capacity for the future*

### OMEGAMON XE for CICS

- Provides a real-time and historical performance management, monitoring and troubleshooting solution for CICS
- Helps you to detect performance problems early, identify cause and change system and resource parameters to avoid problems

### CICS Performance Analyzer

- Provides ongoing system management and measurement reports on all aspects of CICS application performance
- Enables deep-dive CICS performance analysis and understanding of usage trends
- Aids capacity planning and tuning
- Helps quickly identify and eliminate trends leading to online performance problems

- Plan capacity to reduce MIPS cost

- Proactively analyze performance trends to reduce down time and increase customer satisfaction

- Reduce cost of outages

- Reduce risk of missing the service level commitments

- Reduce time and cost of managing system performance and availability



For many customers, CICS is the backbone of the enterprise. Run-time system performance optimization, performance problem-determination and capacity planning are all critical if you're to meet the performance levels you need to fully support an on demand business.

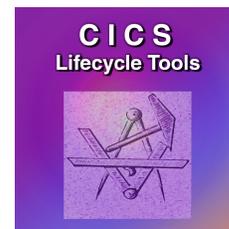
- OMEGAMON XE for CICS on z/OS helps you actively manage complex CICS systems – including CICS in an IBM Parallel Sysplex environment – to achieve high performance and to avoid costly downtime. It has a flexible easy-to-use browser interface, so it helps you clearly see and understand application and system events. You can monitor and manage CICS transactions at the big picture and granular levels, as well as interaction with other applications, within a single interface. You can detect problems quickly and take action in real time to speed problem resolution.

- Online monitors have a limited time window for you to access the data – depending on the storage you allocate for it. IBM CICS Performance Analyzer for z/OS– CICS PA for short - allows you to analyse the data at a time that suits you. CICS PA works well with OMEGAMON XE for CICS, because it can help you quickly respond to online issues identified by OMEGAMON by drilling down into CICS performance data to identify the cause of the problem.

- CICS PA helps build, manage and deploy complex CICS applications, while maintaining high levels of performance. You'll find it provides a high level of detail and flexibility to help you easily find new ways to improve CICS system performance and reduce maintenance costs. And to give you optimum control, CICS PA provides a wide range of systems management and measurement reports, easily tailored to your specific requirements. You can also combine these reports with flexible historical database facilities, a powerful tool to help in trend analysis and capacity planning.

## OMEGAMON XE for CICS, and CICS PA

- This scenario will track a situation from the OMEGAMON perspective, showing how a user would deal with a raised event during their business day
- We then go on to further analyze the situation to fully understand if we have a recurring event that will affect our transaction throughput using CICS Performance Analyzer

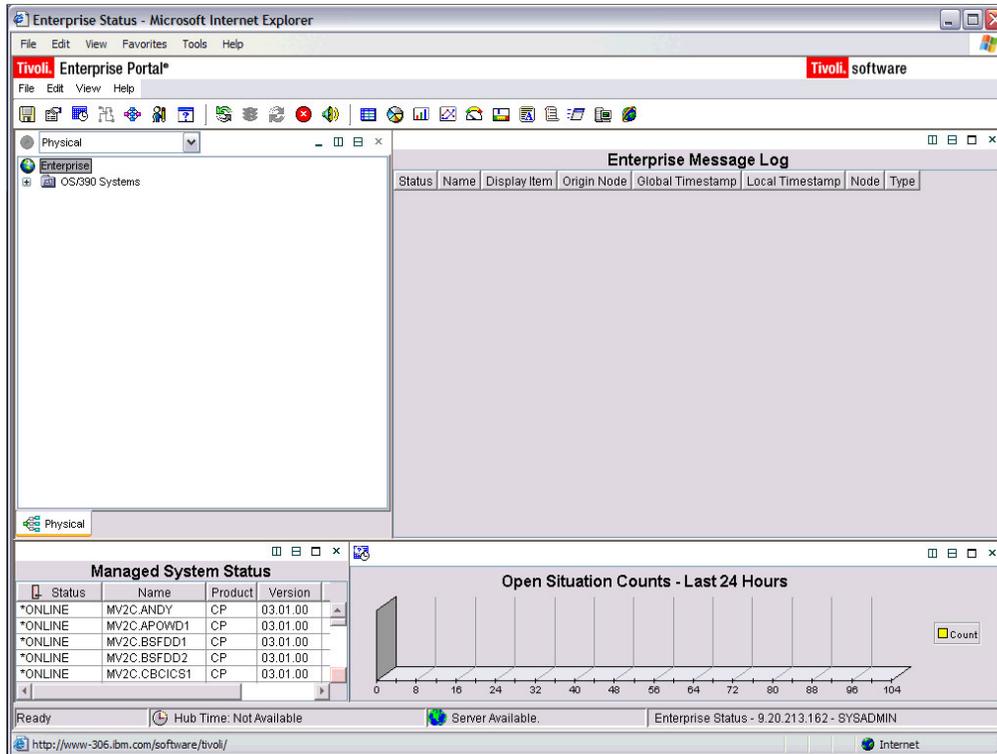


The most obvious way to use OMEGAMON and CICS PA together is to use OMEGAMON to identify performance problems in the short-term, and fix the situation, so that user can continue to be productive. Then you can use CICS PA to thoroughly understand the reasons for the problem and put in place actions to prevent that situation happening again.

But the value of CICS PA goes way beyond the resolution of immediate problems – it's an excellent solution for longer-term monitoring too. You can analyse historical data, looking for trends, so that you can reduce bottlenecks, maximize capacity and tune your CICS systems for best performance. The two products together, CICS and OMEGAMON, give you a full-spectrum solution for all of your CICS performance problems.

In this presentation, we'll show you just one of the ways in which the two products work together, for a long-term resolution of the type of problem that many of you may have seen before .... it's in two parts: the first shows a scenario with OMEGAMON tracking a VSAM record level sharing deadlock between two CICS regions – a typical situation that can have a drastic impact on the productivity of your users, who're unable to process their own transactions while the resources they need are unavailable. Here, you and OMEGAMON will resolve the situation allowing your users to be fully productive as soon as possible.

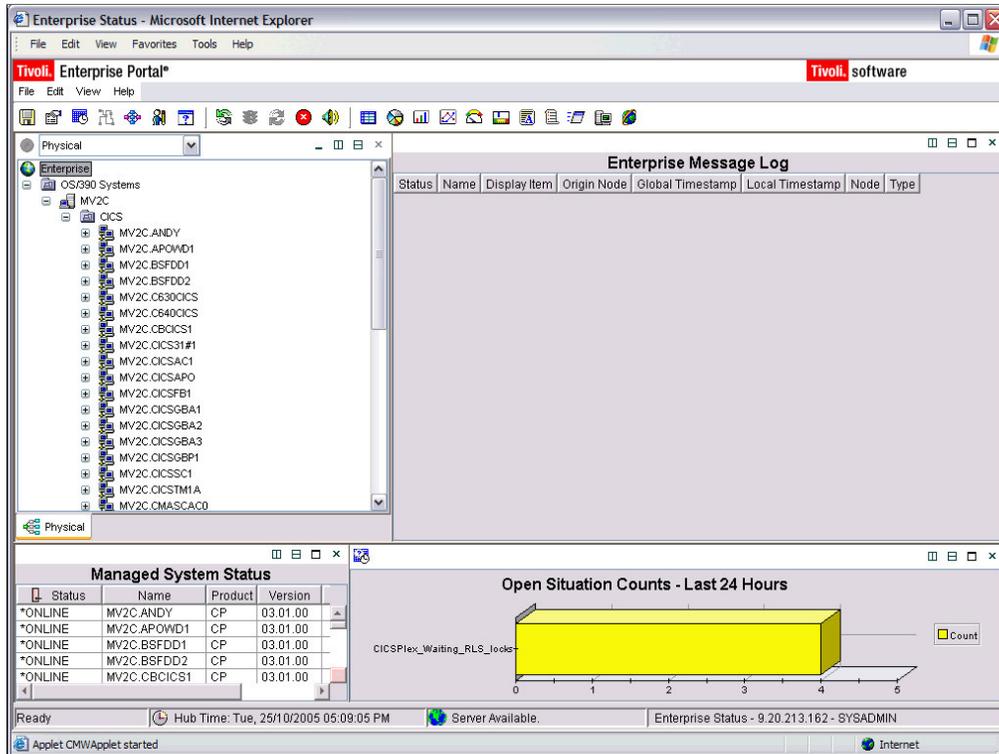
The second half shows how you can use CICS PA to do a deeper analysis of the situation to minimize the chances of similar situations happening in the future.



OMEGAMON XE for CICS on z/OS is a component that runs within the Tivoli Enterprise Portal (\*). When you start the Enterprise Portal, you see four different workspaces in the introductory screen, and the left-hand workspace presents you with a view of the Enterprise and the underlying systems (in this case z/OS). OMEGAMON can monitor many different types of system, but this presentation is CICS focused, so we'll need to expand this view to get to the detailed view of our CICS systems.

This screen shows a stable system, with no alerts or messages to indicate out-of-line situations ....

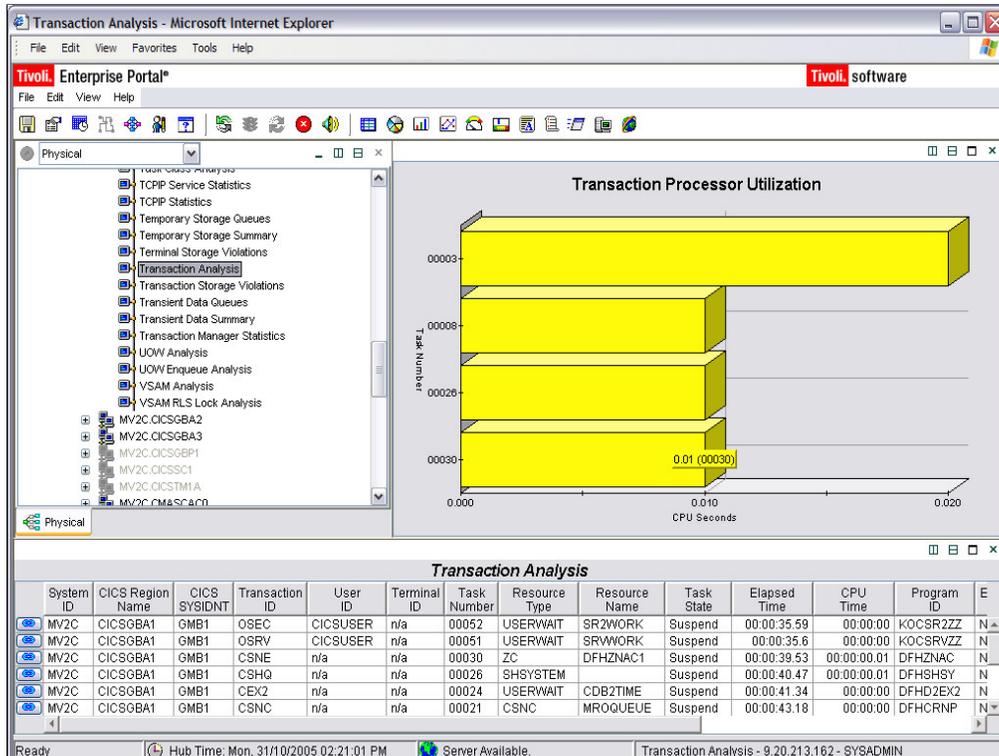
(\* Tivoli Enterprise Portal is shipped with your purchase of OMEGAMON XE for CICS on z/OS



At this stage, we've expanded the navigation panel to show the CICS regions that we're currently monitoring. We can see at a glance that we have nothing to worry about - if there were any situations currently active, we would see a red warning icon in the tree pointing to the region that has the problem

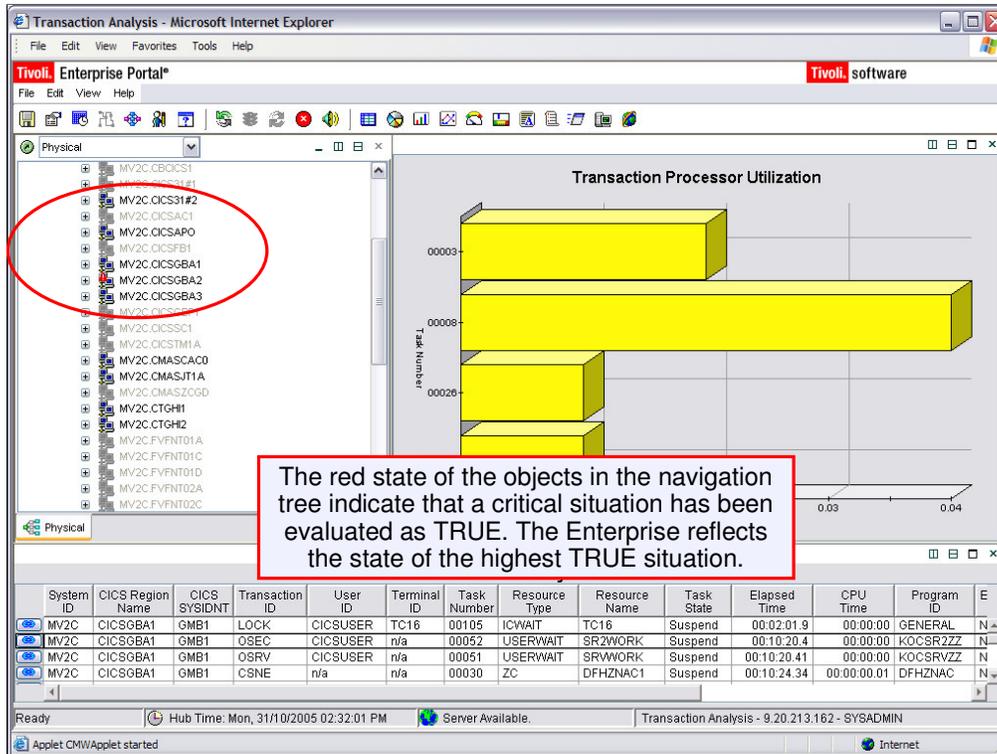
Although there are no current situations, we can see that there have been four open situations that have been triggered in the last 24 hours, and have all been dealt with.

If you expand one of the CICS regions by clicking on the plus box, OMEGAMON displays a list of the different reports available ....



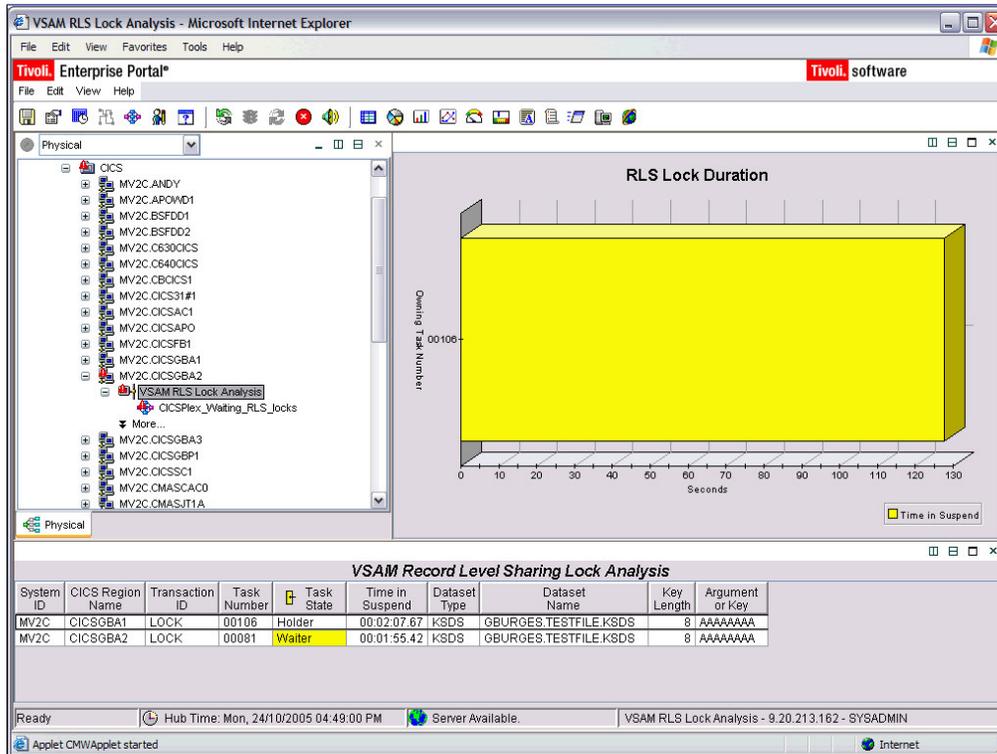
In this instance, we've selected the Transaction Analysis query for one particular system. Although there may be many transactions listed in the pane at the bottom of the screen, the graph shows only those transactions that are currently using CPU time. This way, you get an immediate visual representation of processor activity in the region.

The lower workspace, labeled Transaction Analysis, contains blue links. If you hover your pointer over a link, a pop-up will give you immediate access to additional workspaces with further information .....



The strength and flexibility of OMEGAMON XE for CICS is in the ability to set criteria for different situations. For instance, you can identify tasks waiting for specific resources by specifying the maximum acceptable wait time. When a task waits for longer than the criteria you have set in an evaluation statement, the statement is flagged as TRUE, with a severity that you can set. Triggering the situation signals an alert that will be flagged up to the highest level of the navigation tree, so that it is visible to the user. The tree is then expanded down to the region that has triggered the event. In this screen capture, you can see the region flagged, but the alerts are also flagged in parts of the tree that aren't visible in the navigation pane.

At this point, we need to investigate the alert, so we expand the region by clicking on the plus box .....



..... and we see that task 106 in CICS region CICSGBA1 is holding resource GBURGES.TESTFILE.KSDS, while task 81 in a different CICS region, CICSGBA2, is waiting for this resource to become available. OMEGAMON XE for CICS has highlighted the Waiter. Task 81 has been waiting for nearly 2 minutes – for the purpose of this presentation the evaluation criterion has been set to a maximum wait of **2.5** seconds. As well as noting the task numbers, we'll note that the transaction ID is LOCK, for later analysis.

The navigation pane highlights the alert situation – you can access other resources in the region with a problem by clicking on “More ...”

Obviously we'd like to resolve the situation, and the first stage is to take control. We need to free up task 106 so that task 81 can resume .....

The screenshot displays the Tivoli Enterprise Portal interface within a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser window. The interface is divided into several sections:

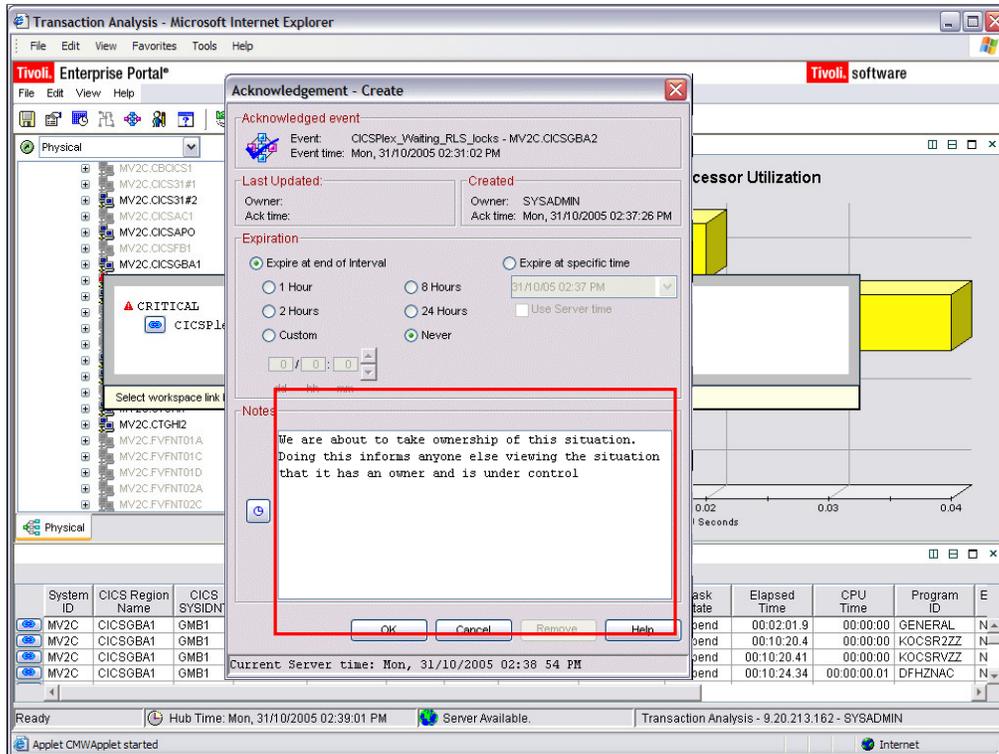
- Physical:** A tree view on the left showing a hierarchy of CICS systems, including MV2C.ANDY, MV2C.APOWD1, MV2C.BSFDD1, MV2C.BSFDD2, MV2C.C630CICS, MV2C.C640CICS, MV2C.CBCICS1, MV2C.CICS31#1, MV2C.CICSAC1, MV2C.CICSAPO, MV2C.CICSFB1, and MV2C.CICSGBA1.
- Enterprise Message Log:** A table showing the status of various messages. A critical alert is highlighted:
 

Status	Name	Display Item	Origin Node	Global Timestamp	Loc
Open	CICSPlex_Waiting_RLS_locks		MV2C.CICSGBA2	24/10/05 16:47:35	24/1
Started	CICSPlex_Waiting_RLS_locks			24/10/05 16:47:05	24/1
Stopped	CICSPlex_Waiting_RLS_locks			24/10/05 16:46:45	24/1
- Managed System Status:** A table showing the status of various systems:
 

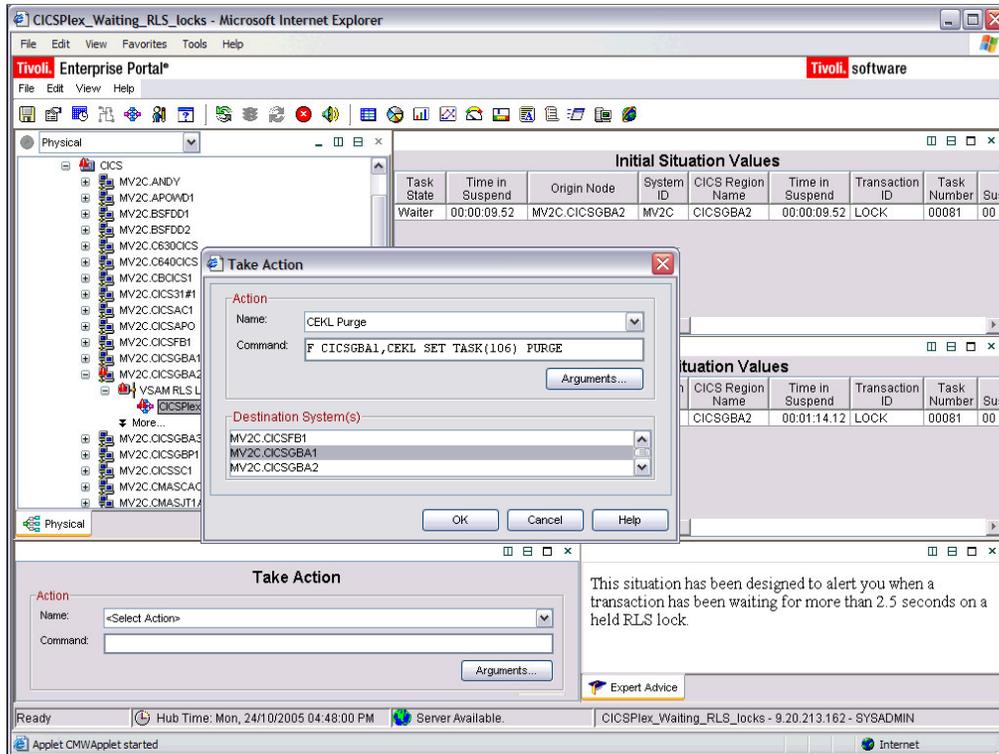
Status	Name	Product	Version	
*ONLINE	MV2C.ANDY	CP	03.01.00	24/1
*ONLINE	MV2C.APOWD1	CP	03.01.00	24/1
*ONLINE	MV2C.BSFDD1	CP	03.01.00	24/1
*ONLINE	MV2C.BSFDD2	CP	03.01.00	24/1
*ONLINE	MV2C.CBCICS1	CP	03.01.00	24/1
- Open Situation Counts - Last 24 Hours:** A 3D bar chart showing the count of open situations. The x-axis represents the count (0.0 to 3.0), and the y-axis represents the situation name. A single yellow bar is visible for 'CICSPlex\_Waiting\_RLS\_locks' with a count of 1.0.

At the bottom of the interface, there is a status bar showing 'Ready', 'Hub Time: Mon, 24/10/2005 04:48:00 PM', 'Server Available.', and 'Enterprise Status - 9.20.213.162 - SYSADMIN'.

We can intervene in the situation by positioning the cursor over one of the highlighted symbols. This pops up a window identifying the situation that has been triggered. Now, by right-clicking on the message, you'll see a context menu that allows you to acknowledge or close the alert ....



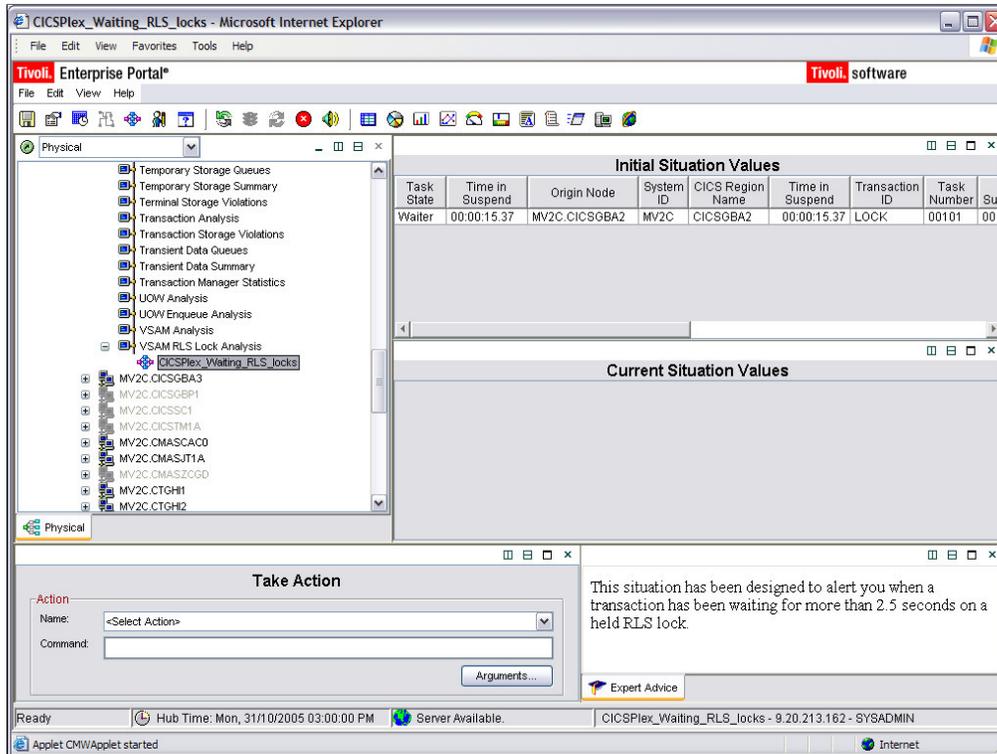
Here, we've used the context menu to create an acknowledgement for the situation, showing that a user has taken control and will take remedial action to correct it. We can make comments to create a record of planned actions or any other information that will be useful in later analysis. In reality we'd note tasks numbers (106 and 81), and the transaction id, LOCK.



Having acknowledged the situation, we can click directly on the link and we'll get a window that allows us to take direct control of the situation .... We'll see diagnostic data reflecting the situation values, the cause of the problem, expert advice, and the Take Action option to resolve the issue.

In this slide, the "advice" is simply an explanation of the way the situation was defined for this presentation. In a real alert, the Expert Advice could be to suggest that the operator "kills" transaction 106 holding the lock and then investigate the application to determine why it is holding the resource for so long. OMEGAMON XE for CICS comes with supplied advice but you can also build up your own additional advice based on your experience with your own systems.

Here, we've selected the Take Action option from the drop down associated with the alert and then selected Take Action which has given us a pop-up where we entered the CICS region name, the number of the task we want to purge (106), and the destination system. We now press OK and the task is gone.....



..... and the next time the situation executed, OMEGAMON XE discovered that the criteria it is monitoring are no longer true so it turned the alert flag off, and all the alert flags disappear from the screen. However, you'll see that the situation remains visible until the operator closes the event, or if the criteria for another event become TRUE, and another situation fires.

After the transaction has been killed, the customer's transaction recovery procedures will need to be invoked to advise the user of the transaction's outcome

....

## OMEGAMON XE for CICS, and CICS PA - what can we do to prevent this happening again ?

- We dealt with our alert online using OMEGAMON and resolved the problem.
- Now we're going to use CICS PA reports to do more in-depth analysis of these locks to see if they are occurring frequently.



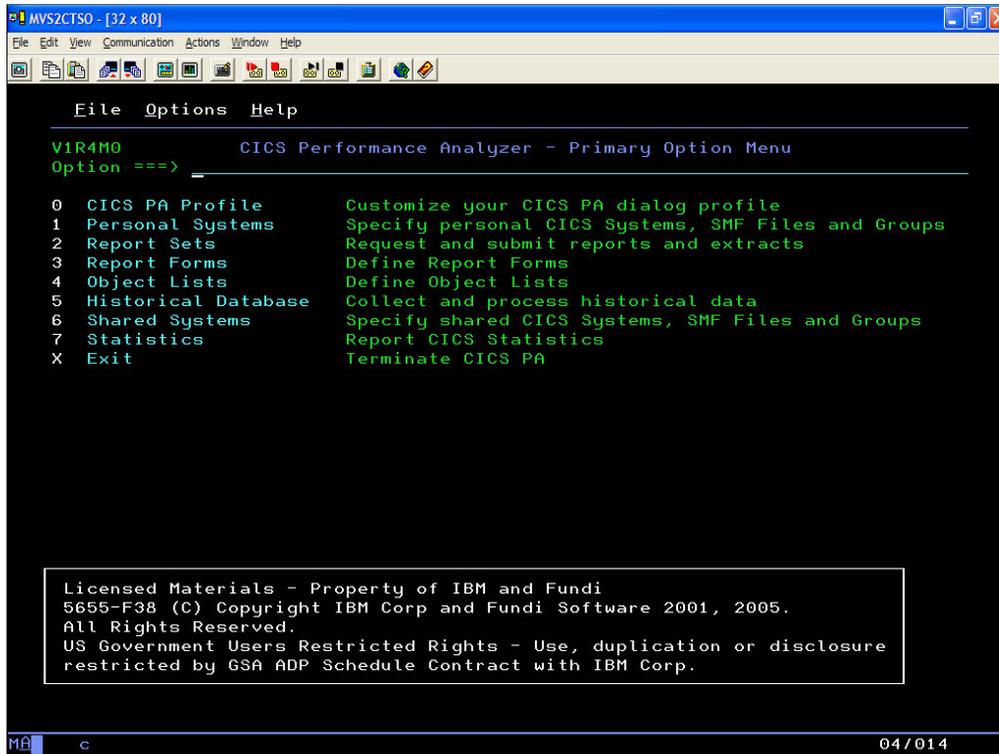
So, with OMEGAMON XE for CICS you can see how positively you can deal with out-of-line situations when they occur. You're immediately warned of the situations as they occur, and you're given all the context information you need to deal with the situation.

But, after handling them, you may wonder why these situations occur, and what causes them. CICS PA gives you the ability to analyse data over the long-term to find out if there are underlying circumstances that you can change to minimize the type of problem that we've just seen.

The screenshot shows a Java Program Analysis workspace in Tivoli Enterprise Portal. The workspace contains a tree view of CICS regions (MV2C.CICSGBA1, MV2C.CICSGBA2, MV2C.CICSGBA3) and various analysis tools. A terminal window displays the CICS Performance Analyser primary option menu, which includes options like CICS PA Profile, Personal Systems, Report Sets, Report Forms, Object Lists, Historical Database, Shared Systems, and Statistics. Below the workspace is a table listing Java programs and their configurations.

System ID	CICS Region Name	Program	JVMProfile	Status	Times Used	CEDF Status	Dynamic Status	Execution Set	Remote System	Remote Program Name	Transaction ID	Execution Key	I Lo
MV2C	CICSGBA3	ABCD	DFHJVMPR	Disabled	0	Notapplic	Dynamic	Notapplic	GMB2	FREDERIC	CSMI	Notapplic	Not
MV2C	CICSGBA3	BREMOVE	DFHJVMPR	Enabled	0	CEDF	Notdynamic	Fullappi				Userexckey	Bel
MV2C	CICSGBA3	CICSEJDI	DFHJVMPR	Enabled	0	CEDF	Notdynamic	DPLsubset				Userexckey	Bel
MV2C	CICSGBA3	CICSEJOS	DFHJVMPR	Enabled	0	CEDF	Notdynamic	Fullappi				CICSexckey	Bel
MV2C	CICSGBA3	CICSEJPT	DFHJVMPR	Enabled	0	CEDF	Notdynamic	Fullappi				Userexckey	Bel

In OMEGAMON XE for CICS, it's straightforward to configure a workspace so that CICS Performance Analyser can be used at the same time. In this example we are using the Java Program Analysis workspace to display a list of all the Java Programs in the system and have configured the 3270 emulator to have a TSO session active showing the main menu for CICS Performance Analyser.



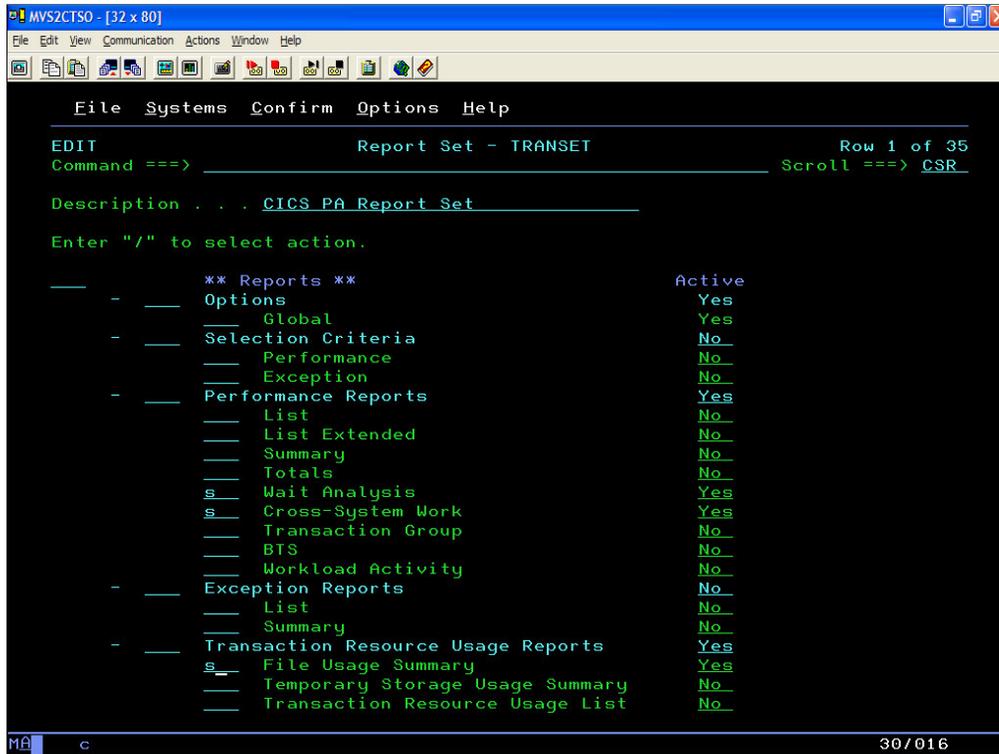
CICS PA has an easy to use TSO ISPF dialog interface (here we're looking at the CICS PA primary option menu panel) that can be used to create the command language and JCL that is used to run the reporting and analysis programs in batch. It has extensive online help facilities and a powerful command language for selecting, sorting and customizing the report formats and data extracts. It also has an Historical Database capability including reporting and data export functions to DB2 and to CSV files along with an CICS Statistics SMF data viewer and reporter function using the CICS PA ISPF dialog.

This section of the presentation shows some of the CICS PA reports that can be used to analyze the CICS Monitoring Facility data that has been collected during the situation alert shown earlier. The objective here is to perform a more in depth analysis of the problem and assess its impact in the overall performance of our CICS systems and applications.

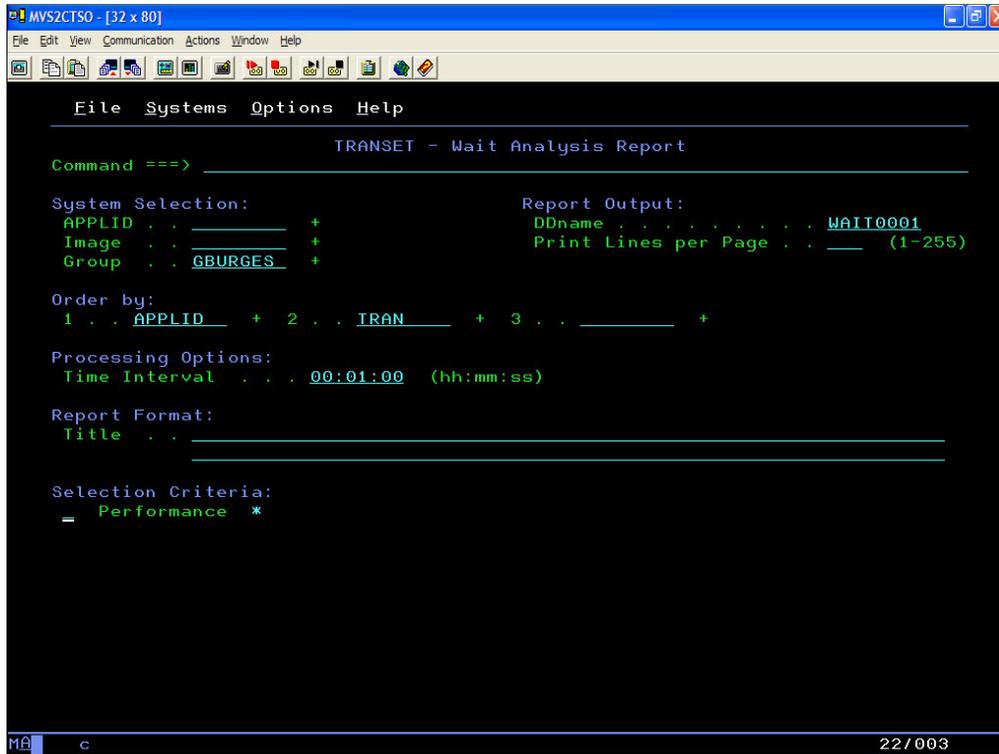
Option 2 here takes us to the Report Sets screen ....

```
MVS2CTSO - [32 x 80]
File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help
File Systems Confirm Options Help
Report Sets Row 1 to 1 of 1
Command ==> NEW_ Scroll ==> PAGE
Report Sets Data Set . . : CBAKER.CICSPA.RSET2
/ Name Description Changed ID
TRANSET CICS PA Report Set 2005/10/25 15:50 CBAKER
***** Bottom of data *****
MÂ c 04 / 018
```

..... Where we can see that there is only one existing report set, called TRANSET. Our first activity is to define a report set for our situation, and the definition will give us an overview of exactly what type of reports and extracts we want to create from the SMF data. To create a new report set, all we need do is enter the command 'NEW' on the command line.....

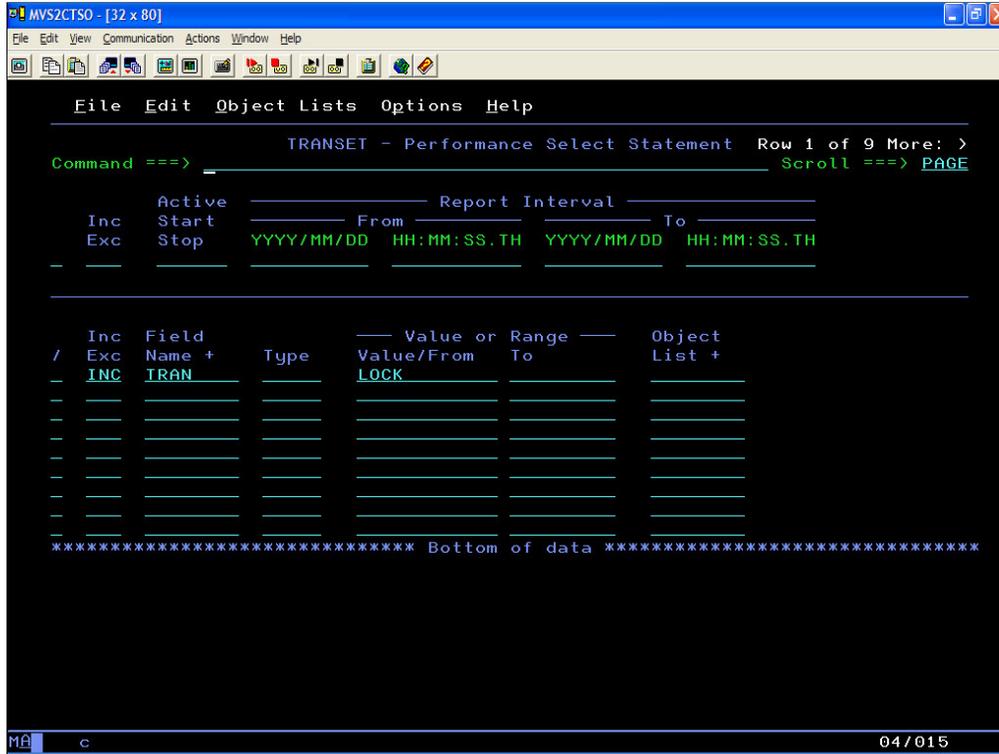


.... which takes us to the report set selection panel. The categories shown on this panel are collapsible so that we don't need to scroll up and down. In this example, we are interested in the Performance Reports and Transaction Resource Usage Reports. We've selected the Wait Analysis and Cross-System Work reports to view our transaction activity (because we saw in OMEGAMON XE for CICS that the situation crossed two CICS regions) and the File Usage Summary report to determine the actual filenames used by our transactions, so that we can find which one caused the problem.



In this presentation, we'll just show how to specify one of the three reports we selected. Here we've selected the Wait Analysis Report, and we've selected the CICS systems for the report using a Group name. Although not shown in this presentation, we can define to CICS PA a group of CICS regions (and DB2, MQ, and Logger subsystems) and submit report requests using a group name. CICS PA will then automatically create the appropriate system selection criteria without the need to specify each system individually in each report request.

In this example, we've requested that the data be ordered by transaction ID within Applid and we've also used Performance Selection Criteria (which will take us to the next slide) to further filter the performance data for our report.....



All the CICS PA reports and extracts can be filtered using Selection Criteria. You can specify Global Selection Criteria that applies to all the reports and extracts in a report set or Local Selection Criteria that applies to a single report or extract.

In our particular scenario, we're selecting a particular transaction ID, LOCK, because that's the one that we saw in the transaction alert, but we could also select the CMF performance data using any field or combinations of fields. e.g. to include data only for a particular transaction id, user id, or only for a specific period of time.

Having completed our Wait Analysis Report request, we would go through a similar process for the Cross-System Work Report request and the File Usage Summary Report request using the same Group name for our CICS system selection and using Selection Criteria to filter the CMF performance data to the specific transaction that is of interest.

We are now ready to submit our report set for execution .....

```

MVS2CTSO - [32 x 80]
File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help
File Systems Confirm Options Help
EDIT Report Set - TRANSET Row 1 of 35
Command ==> Scroll ==> CSR
Description . . . CICS PA Report Set
Enter "/" to select action.

run - ** Reports ** Active
- ___ Options Yes
- ___ Global Yes
- ___ Selection Criteria No
- ___ Performance No
- ___ Exception No
- ___ Performance Reports Yes
- ___ List No
- ___ List Extended No
- ___ Summary No
- ___ Totals No
- ___ Wait Analysis Yes
- ___ Cross-System Work Yes
- ___ Transaction Group No
- ___ BTS No
- ___ Workload Activity No
- ___ Exception Reports No
- ___ List No
- ___ Summary No
- ___ Transaction Resource Usage Reports Yes
- ___ File Usage Summary Yes
- ___ Temporary Storage Usage Summary No
- ___ Transaction Resource Usage List No

```

..... and to do this we simply type RUN on the command line, or in any of the active report categories, and this creates the JCL and CICS PA command language required for the reports and extracts that we have requested in our report set ready for execution.....

```

MVS2CTSO - [32 x 80]
File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help
File Edit Edit_Settings Menu Utilities Compilers Test Help
EDIT          CBAKER.SPFTEMP1.CNTL          Columns 00001 00072
Command ==>                               Scroll ==> PAGE
000027 //SYSIN DD *
000028 * Report Set =TRANSET
000029 * Description=CICS PA Report Set
000030 * Reports for Group=GBURGES
000031     CICSPA IN(SMFIN001),
000032     APPLID(IYK2ZFFV1,
000033     IYK2ZFFV2,
000034     IYK2ZFFV3),
000035     LINECNT(60),
000036     FORMAT(':', '/',),
000037     PRECISION(4),
000038     CROSS(OUTPUT(CROS0001),
000039     EXTERNAL(CPAXW001),
000040     SELUOW(PERFORMANCE(
000041     INC(TRAN(LOCK,
000042     LINK))))),
000043     PRINTMULTIPLE,PRINTSINGLE,NOWRITE),
000044     RESUSAGE(OUTPUT(FILE0001),
000045     SELECT(PERFORMANCE(
000046     INC(TRAN(LOCK))))),
000047     TRANSUMM(FILE),
000048     FILESUMM(BYTRAN,TOTAL)),
000049     WAITANAL(OUTPUT(WAIT0001),
000050     SELECT(PERFORMANCE(
000051     INC(TRAN(LOCK))))),
000052     INTERVAL(00:01:00),
000053     BY(APPLID,TRAN)
000054 /*
MÁ c 04/015

```

The JCL created by the report request can be saved to be run again. Typically it's hidden from the customer when they run the report.

If you selected the Edit JCL option, you can see the reports and options you chose to include in this report set. You can then review and modify the JCL if required and then submit the job for execution or you can save the JCL in a JCL library that can then be used as part of any Job Scheduling or Automation process.

Simply press Enter to submit the request ..... and to view the CICS PA output you can use SDSF or ISPF option 3.8, Outlist Utility.

IBM Software Group													IBM		
Cross-System Work Report															
VIR4M0 CICS Performance Analyzer Cross-System Work															
CROS0001 Printed at 11:23:00 11/02/2005 Data from 15:02:24 10/24/2005 to 16:58:46 10/24/2005													Page 1		
Tran	Userid	SC	TranType	Term	LUName	Request Type	Program	Fcty T/Name	Conn NETName	UOW Seq	APPLID	R Task T	Stop Time	Response Time	A B
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T169	IYCWT169	AP:	GENERAL	T/T169	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT169	1	IYK2Z2FV2	115 T	15:11:48.050	32.5170	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	115 T	15:13:21.977	31.1209	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	119 T	15:14:30.257	54.6545	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	124 T	15:20:28.159	32.2999	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	126 T	15:21:39.152	32.4154	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	139 T	15:39:55.933	220.846	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	145 T	15:44:23.287	239.740	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T170	IYCWT170	AP:	GENERAL	T/T170	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT170	1	IYK2Z2FV1	106 T	15:52:01.735	448.871	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T171	IYCWT171	AP:	GENERAL	T/T171	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT171	1	IYK2Z2FV2	129 T	15:14:25.050	32.1299	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T171	IYCWT171	AP:	GENERAL	T/T171	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT171	1	IYK2Z2FV2	081 T	15:34:33.430	894.431	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T171	IYCWT171	AP:	GENERAL	T/T171	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT171	1	IYK2Z2FV2	144 T	15:35:10.963	37.5284	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T171	IYCWT171	AP:	GENERAL	T/T171	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT171	1	IYK2Z2FV2	162 T	15:41:05.046	31.8238	Y
LOCK	CICSUSER	TO	U	T171	IYCWT171	AP:	GENERAL	T/T171	GBIBMIYA.IYCWT171	1	IYK2Z2FV2	164 T	15:42:16.052	31.8847	Y

This is an example of the Cross-System Work report created from the CMF performance data that was captured at the time of the poor response time. This report correlates the CMF performance data from across multiple CICS regions and shows in which CICS regions our transaction executed. We can use this report to identify in which CICS region the transaction originated, if it was transaction-routed to another CICS region and where to. We can determine in which CICS region the application part of the transaction executed and if the application accessed (using CICS function shipping) any other remote CICS resources, such as files, temporary storage, etc, and in which CICS region those resources were located.

An important piece of information from this report is that the two highlighted transactions (the ones that triggered the analysis) are not the only transactions with long response times, so the problem is greater than was apparent from the original occurrence ....

IBM Software Group		IBM	
<h1>Wait Analysis Report</h1>			
VIR4M0		CICS Performance Analyzer Wait Analysis Report	
WAIT0001 Printed at 11:23:00 11/02/2005		Data from 15:11:15 10/24/2005 to 16:56:27 10/24/2005	
Page		1	
-----			
APPLID=IK22FV1 Tran=LOCK			
Summary Data			
		Time	Count
		Total	Average
# Tasks			13
Response Time	1608.6077	123.7391	
Dispatch Time	1.5424	0.1186	121 9.3 0.1% of Response
CPU Time	0.4230	0.0325	121 9.3 27.4% of Dispatch
Suspend Wait Time	1607.0653	123.6204	121 9.3 99.9% of Response
Dispatch Wait Time	0.1136	0.0087	108 8.3 0.0% of Suspend
Resource Manager Interface (RMI) elapsed time	0.0110	0.0008	26 2.0 0.0% of Response
Resource Manager Interface (RMI) suspend time	0.0000	0.0000	0 0.0 0.0% of Suspend
-----			
Suspend Detail			
		Total	Average
ICDELAY Interval Control (IC) wait time	1239.9434	95.3803	77.2%  *****
RLSWAIT RLS File I/O wait time	318.4543	24.4965	19.8%  ***
N/A Other Wait Time	48.6477	3.7421	3.0%
JCIOWTT Journal I/O wait time	0.0067	0.0005	0.0%
IRIOWTT MRO link wait time	0.0065	0.0005	0.0%
GVPWAIT Give up control wait time	0.0055	0.0004	0.0%
DSPDELAY First dispatch wait time	0.0007	0.0001	0.0%
DSCHMDLY Redispatch wait time caused by change-TCB mode	0.0004	0.0000	0.0%
			Count
			Total
			Average
			7 0.5
			13 1.0
			24 1.8
			6 0.5
			22 1.7
			20 1.5
			13 1.0
			16 1.2
-----			
24			

This is the Wait Analysis report created from the CMF performance data that was captured at the time of the poor response time, when the original alert was raised.

The summary section of the Wait Analysis report shows an overall analysis of the transaction performance including Response time, Dispatch and CPU time, Suspend time, and so on. In our scenario it shows that transaction ID LOCK spent the major portion of the response time suspended by the CICS dispatcher.

The detail section of the Wait Analysis report gives a more detailed analysis of the type of CICS waits that have contributed to our transaction suspend time. In this report we can see that our transaction has spent the majority of its suspend time in either an Interval Control wait or RLS File I/O wait. The application is not releasing the record (we can see this from the long delay in the File I/O wait time) so we'll need to investigate why the application is behaving in that way.

On the next slide you'll see an example of the Transaction File Usage Summary report which can help us identify the filenames that were used by our transaction, to help the application programmers in their further investigation of the problem.....

IBM Software Group											IBM	
File Usage Summary Report												
VIR4M0 CICS Performance Analyzer Transaction File Usage Summary												
FILE0001 Printed at 11:23:00 11/02/2005 Data from 15:05:40 10/24/2005 to 15:52:01 10/24/2005 APPLID IYK22FV1 Page 1												
Tran	#Tasks	***** FC Calls *****					***** I/O Waits *****		***** AccMeth			
LOCK	0	Get	Put	Browse	Add	Delete	Total	File	RLS	CFDT	Requests	
*****												
File	#Tasks	Get	Put	Browse	Add	Delete	Total	File	RLS	CFDT	Requests	
TESTKSDS	12	16.0119	.0003	.0000	.0000	.0000	16.0122	.0000	15.9835	.0000	.0000	
		Max	32.3834	.0034	.0000	.0000	.0000	32.3834	.0000	32.3817	.0000	
	Count	Avg	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
		Max	2	1	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	
*****												
VIR4M0 CICS Performance Analyzer Transaction File Usage Summary												
FILE0001 Printed at 11:23:00 11/02/2005 Data from 15:05:40 10/24/2005 to 15:52:01 10/24/2005 APPLID IYK22FV2 Page 2												
Tran	File	#Tasks	***** FC Calls *****					***** I/O Waits *****		***** AccMeth		
LOCK	TESTKSDS	7	Get	Put	Browse	Add	Delete	Total	File	RLS	CFDT	Requests
		Elapse	Avg	22.9281	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	22.9281	.0000	22.9016	.0000
		Max	32.4540	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	32.4540	.0000	32.4533	.0000	
		Count	Avg	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
		Max	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	
												2
												2

This is the Transaction File Usage Summary report created from the CMF performance and resource data that was captured at the time of the poor response time. It gives more detail on the filenames used by our transaction and in our scenario we can see that our transaction ID, LOCK, accessed just the one filename TESTKSDS and the type of file request(s) that were issued, in our case it was EXEC CICS READ (or Get) requests, and we can see that the average and maximum time these requests took is very high ....

In our particular scenario shown here, we created VSAM RLS lock waits for which we had defined an OMEGAMON situation alert and here we can see through the CICS PA reports its overall effect on the transaction response time. .... This information will give the application development team a flying start to analysing why the LOCK application is creating a performance problem when GETting the VSAM file TESTKSDS.

In a more realistic CICS Production environment where the transaction workload would be significantly higher we can see how various CICS PA reports can be used to report and analyse the impact of this situation on our overall CICS system performance – and shortcircuit a lot of the painstaking analysis work that the application teams would normally have to perform to improve the situation.

## Summary

- We've now dealt with a single situation that was raised during the day to day operation of our systems
- We investigated the problem further to fully understand the nature of the issue and what its impact has been on our operations
- Having completely analyzed the problem, we are in a position to recommend further investigation by the Application team, supported by valuable diagnostic information.

For more information ...

<http://www-306.ibm.com/software/tivoli/products/omegamon-xe-cics/>  
<http://www.ibm.com/cics/>



So to summarize:-

OMEGAMON XE for CICS on z/OS provides the ability to rapidly identify bottlenecks, deadlocks and excessive waits for CICS resources such as VSAM files, and to resolve the situation immediately – and we used it to deal, quickly and efficiently, with an out-of-line situation that was impacting our business.

CICS Performance Analyzer V1.4 provides us with the ability to further investigate single or multiple events that occur in our systems, and to identify improvements to our overall system performance. We used it to drill down and investigate the underlying causes of the problem so that we could prevent it happening again.

References:-

*Using IBM Tivoli OMEGAMON XE for CICS on z/OS SC32-9424-00*

*CICS Performance Analyzer for z/OS User's Guide, SC34-6307*

*CICS Performance Analyzer for z/OS Report Reference, SC34-6308*

*CICS Performance Analyzer for z/OS, SG24-6063 - Redbook*