

IBM iDoctor for IBM i iDoctor Monitors Guide

IBM iDoctor for IBM i Development Team

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Abstract

Guide to running the iDoctor Monitors. Monitors provide 24x7 collection support of Job Watcher, Disk Watcher and PEX statistics for detailed performance investigation data when you need it most.

Changes

26 July 2014 – Updated for latest changes

Introduction

The purpose of this document is to demonstrate how to define and start an iDoctor Monitor. The following are some key features that I think makes Monitors a key tool in performance analysis:

1. Allows continuous 24x7 collections.
2. Collections can overlap so no activity is lost.
3. Users can define the number of historical collections retained.
4. Can be started, paused, resumed, and ended using either the iDoctor GUI or by using traditional “green screen” commands. In this document we are going to focus on using the iDoctor GUI, in appendix A there will be samples of the “green screen” commands.
5. Multiple monitors can be active at the same time.

The support for Job Watcher , Disk Watcher and PEX Monitors is available in IBM i version 7.3+.

Starting a Monitor

You first want to start the iDoctor GUI and launch one of the components that support monitors by double-clicking the desired system as shown in figure 1. If you need to add a connection to your system first, then right-click the list of connections and choose the Add Connection... menu. This example will show how to start a Job Watcher monitor.

Within Job Watcher, expand the Job Watcher icon and then (left) click Monitors in order to work with the monitors available on the current system as shown in figure 2.

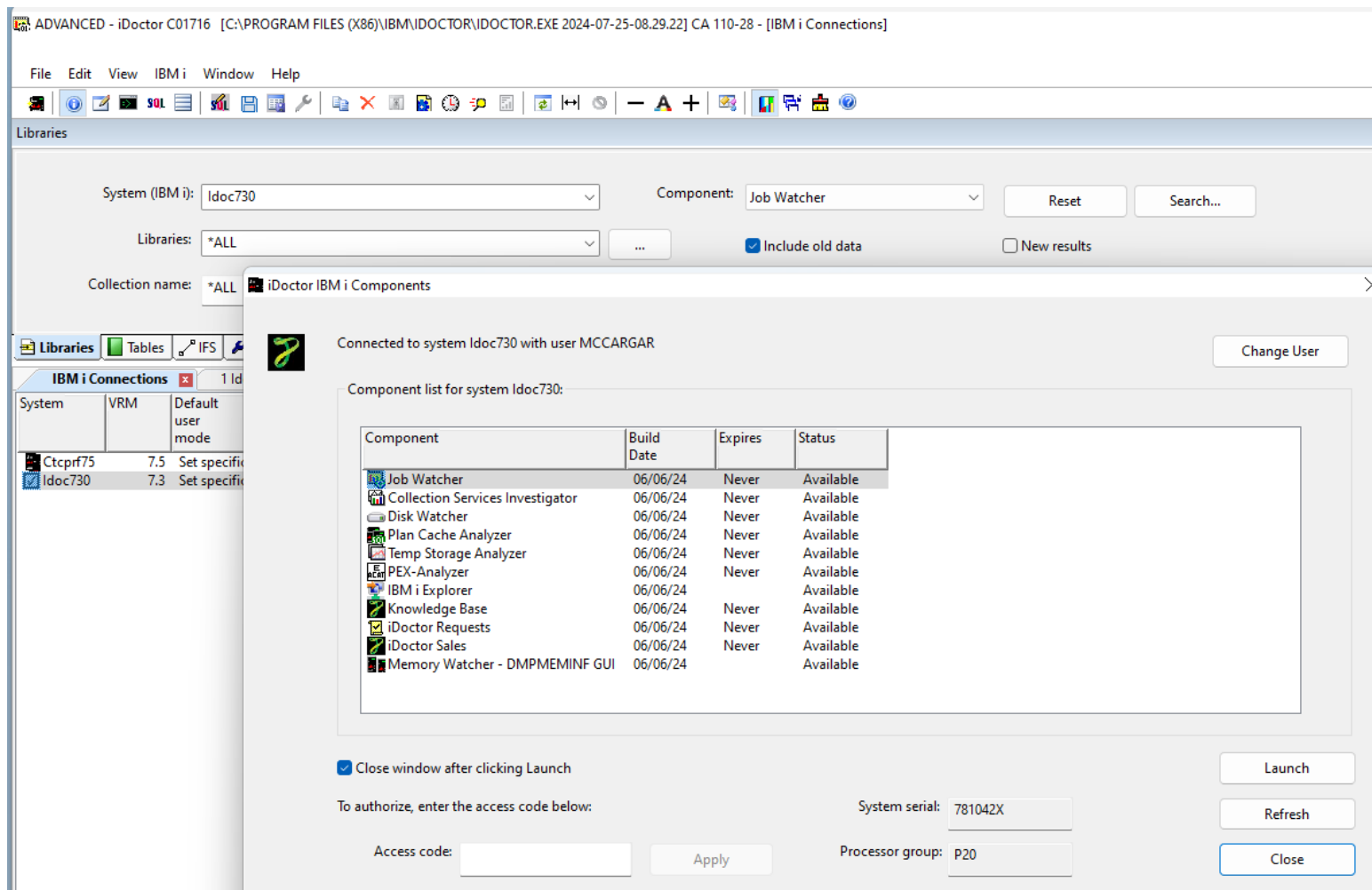


Figure 1: Starting Job Watcher

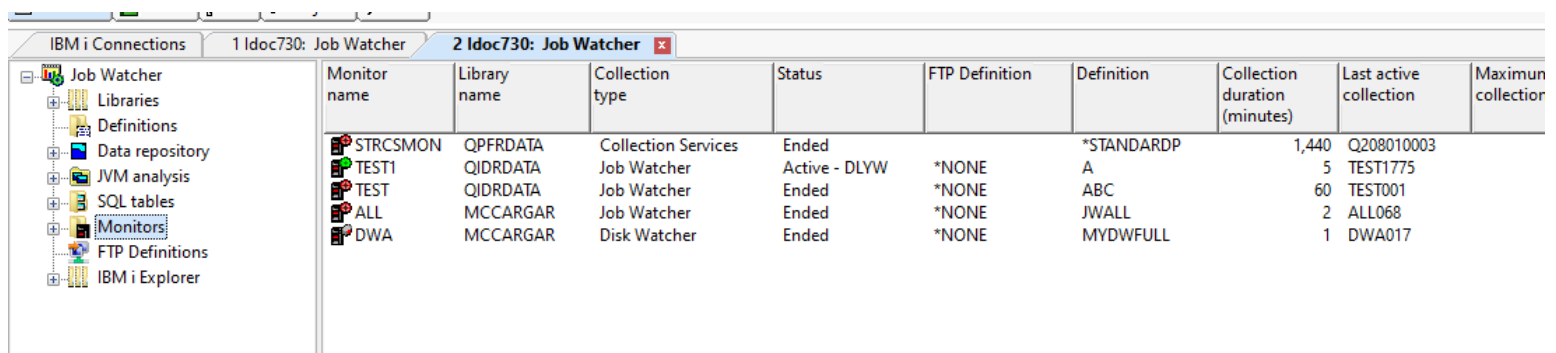


Figure 2: The Monitors Folder in Job Watcher

Any existing monitors will be listed in this window. Otherwise the window will be blank. Create a new monitor by right-clicking the Monitors folder and selecting the option, Start Monitor. Figure 3 shows an example of this menu.

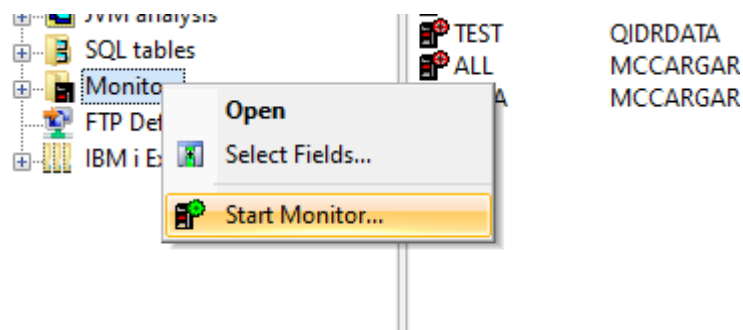


Figure 3: Starting a monitor

This interface allows you to start a Monitor. Click Next twice to get to the Options screen.

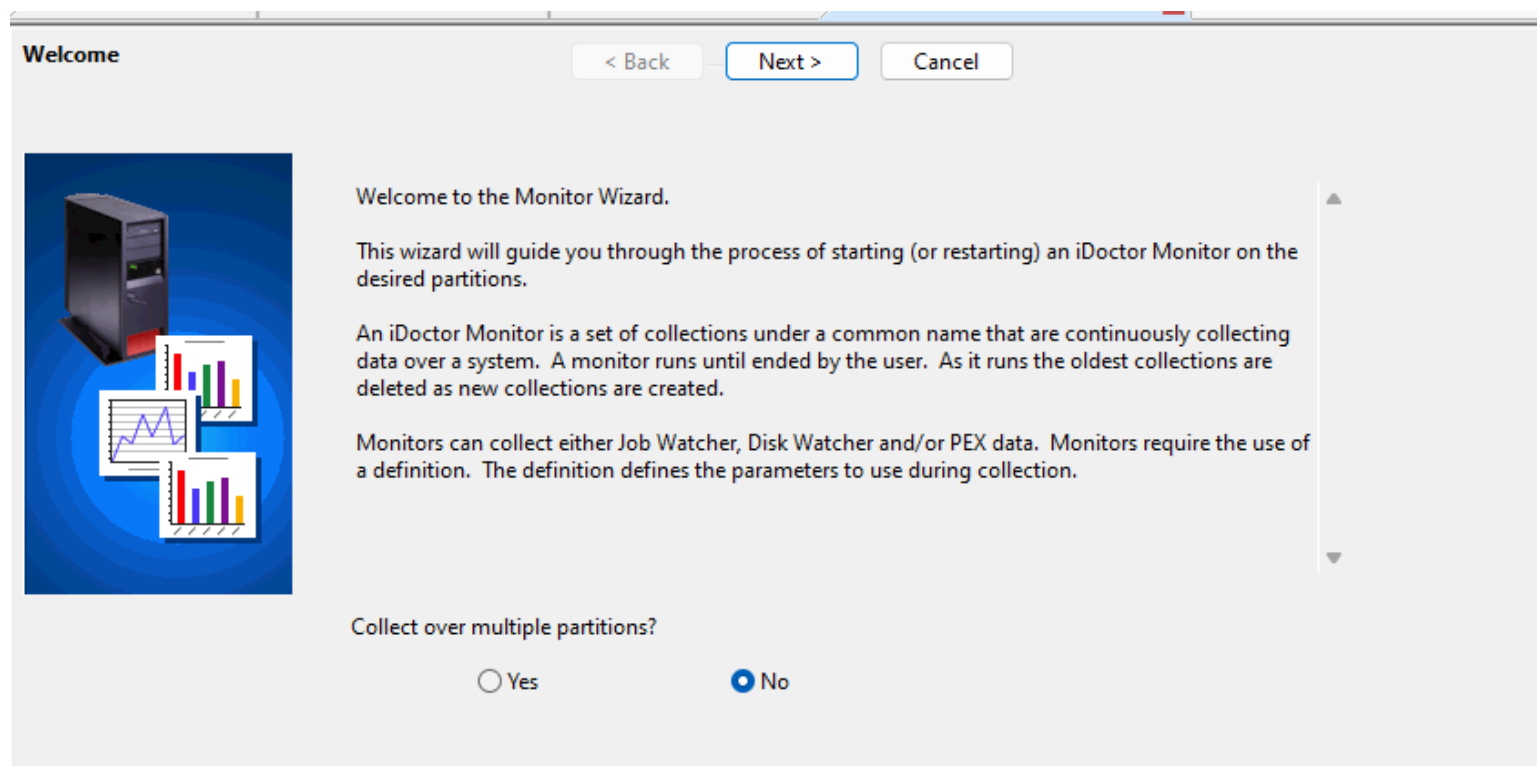


Figure 4: Welcome screen

When starting a monitor we must provide some required parameters as shown in figure 5.

Options < Back Next > Cancel

Monitor name:

Library name: ASP limit: %

Max duration: 1.00 - 1440.00 minutes

Max size: 1 - 9999999 megabytes

Max collections: 2 - 999

Run JW active summary ☐ Run analyses automatically ☐

Resubmit JW on failure ☐

Max resubmits:

Description:

Definition:

Job Watcher ☒ Actions

Disk Watcher ☐

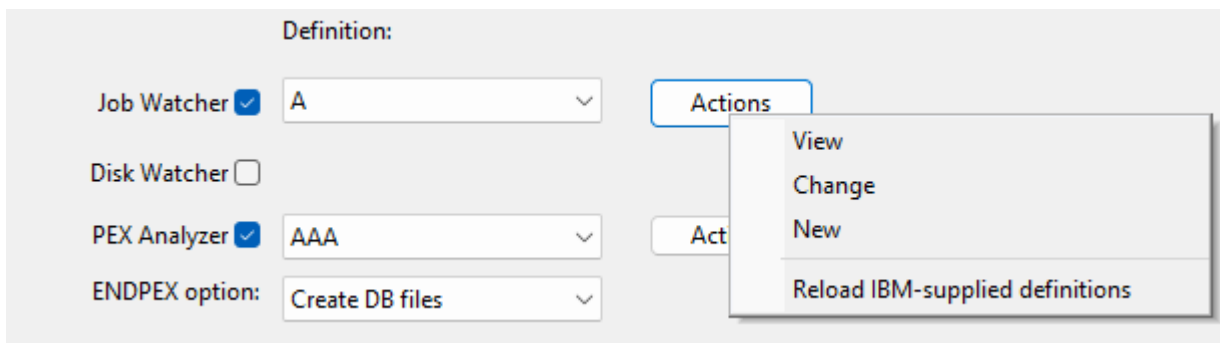
PEX Analyzer ☐

Figure 5: Monitor Wizard –Options

The following is a description of each of these required parameters:

- **Monitor name:** This is the name we give our monitor and our collection members will also start with this name when creating a new collection.
- **Library:** This is the library where we want to create our JW collection data.
- **ASP limit:** This value provides the capability to control the maximum amount of ASP usage allowed before the monitor will end. The ASP is based on the library's ASP. The default value shown is 90% and any changes made will update data area QMONASPLMT in QIDRWCH and be shown on this screen as the default value during future uses.
- **Max duration:** How long do we want each collection to run for?
 - **Note:** Definitions do not contain any parameters that determine when the collection will end. This is controlled by the STRJW command which is called by the monitor commands.

- **Max size:** This parameter indicates the maximum size (disk space) for each collection in the monitor. If the amount of data collected exceeds this value in a collection, the collection will end prematurely and there will be gaps in the monitor data. The next monitor won't start until the Max duration is reached.
- **Max collections:** How many collections do you want keep? The JW monitor allows you to keep up to 999 historical collections. You will want to set this value high enough, so the data is available when needed but not too high that you are consuming a lot disk space unnecessarily.
- **Run JW active summary:** This indicates if for Job Watcher collections, they should be summarized as data is being collected. This provides some additional options in the GUI (See the Active jobs menu from the Job Watcher icon) but uses additional system resources to do this.
- **Run analyses automatically:** This option if checked will automatically run all “default” iDoctor analyses on each collection created by the monitor. The default analyses are the most commonly used analyses and can be identified by using the Analyses -> Analyze collection... menu on a collection and looking at the “Run all default” column in the window. Keep in mind that in some cases this runs SQL statements that could be resource intensive (CPU/disk) so you may not want to do this on production systems.
- **Resubmit JW on failure:** If the Job Watcher monitor detects that new collections are not being created, this option will allow additional attempts to create collections to happen. In some situations, like if a system save is occurring (which can cause the STRJW command to fail) using this option will minimize gaps in the data collected.
- **Max resubmits:** Use this option to indicate how many times additional Job Watcher collections will attempt to be created on each iteration of the monitor. **Note:** This option only applies when the “Resubmit JW on failure” is checked.
- **Description:** You can give your monitor a description here.
- **Definition:** This is the name of the definition we are going to use and one row exists for each type checked to include. The definition provides all of the parameters used when running collections in the monitor. Clicking the Actions button provides several options as shown in the figure below:



- **View** – Display the definition shown in the drop down list.
- **Change** – Allows you to modify the definition within the Add Job Watcher Definition Wizard
- **New** – Allows you to create a new definition using the Add Job Watcher Definition Wizard.
- **Reload** – Rebuilds the list of IBM-supplied definitions. This may be necessary if the Q* definitions aren't showing correctly because there were removed.

When done with this screen click Next to move on to the Scheduling screen..

Scheduling

< Back Next > Cancel

You may optionally schedule the start and end times of the monitor. If these options are not used the monitor will start now and run until manually stopped.

When a monitor is held, the current collection the monitor is running will end and no more data will be collected until it is released. You could use these options to avoid collecting data at certain times of the day.

Start: [Configure...] Immediate

End: [Configure...] None

Hold: [Configure...] None

Release: [Configure...] None

Figure 6: Monitor Wizard – Scheduling

To automate when the monitor(s) run there is also a built in function to create job scheduled entries to:

- **Scheduled start time:** When to start the monitor.
- **Scheduled end time:** When to end the monitor.

- **Scheduled hold time:** By scheduling a hold time you can temporarily stop the monitor from starting additional collections. This will also end any collections currently running.
- **Scheduled release time:** Schedule a release time to restart the monitor. The collection name will be incremented, to not overwrite any historical collections.

The example shown in figure 7 is the Schedule monitor start time window. This window will be the same whether you are scheduling the start, end, hold or release of a Job Watcher monitor. You can see from figure 7 you have the option to create an entry to run the job schedule entry once, weekly or daily. Examples of each of these options are included in the following pages.

☒ Schedule the monitor start time

Note: Date and time values are based on the server's clock, not your PC's clock.

Frequency: Once

Scheduled date:

July 2024							August 2024						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
30	1	2	3	4	5	6					1	2	3
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30	31
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Today: 7/26/2024

Current time: 11:01:27 AM Idoc730

Scheduled monitor start time: 11:00:51 AM

OK Cancel

Figure 7: Scheduling interface

Restarting a Job Watcher monitor after an IPL requires the use of the STRJWMON command. Also remember to start the Job Watcher subsystem **STRSBS SBSD(QSYS/QIDRJW)**

If you select the option to run the scheduled entry Weekly the window will look like that shown in figure 8. Pick the day of the week and time you want to the scheduled entry to run. As you probably would expect you can only pick one day of the week.

 Schedule monitor start time

Schedule monitor start time

☒ Schedule the monitor start time

Note: Date and time values are based on the server's clock, not your PC's clock.

Frequency: Daily

Current time: 11:02:28 AM Idoc730

Scheduled monitor start time: 11:00:51 AM

OK Cancel

Figure 9: Schedule Monitor – Daily

You can view JW monitor scheduled entries by using the iDoctor GUI and clicking the Job Watcher icon and using the menu “Work with iDoctor scheduled jobs”.
Or you can use the “green screen” command WRKJOBSCDE.

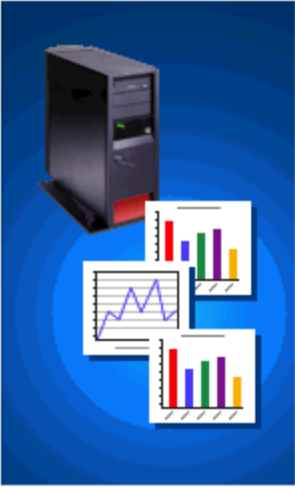
On the last page of the Wizard, the options selected are presented to the user for final confirmation before the monitor is started or scheduled.

Finish

< Back

Finish

Cancel



Here is a summary of your selections.

Submit job options

You have selected to start a monitor with the following options:

Partition list:

Idoc730

Monitor name: RUN

Library: QJWDATA

Maximum collection duration: 60 minutes

Maximum collection size: 4096 megabytes

Maximum historical collection: 5

Collection overlap: 30 seconds

Collection types to include:

Job Watcher - Definition: Q5SEC

Job Watcher Remote Command String:

```
QSYS/SBMJOB CMD(QIDRWCH/STRJWMON MONITOR(RUN) COLLIB(QJWDATA) DFNNNAME
(Q5SEC) MAXSIZE(4096) COLNS(5) STRGAP(60) OVRLAP(30) ) JOB(QSTRJWMON) RTGDTA(*JOB)
JOB(QIDRGUI/QIDRBCH) JOBQ(QGPL/QIDRJW) OUTQ(*CURRENT) MSGQ(*NONE) USER
(*CURRENT) SYSLIB(*CURRENT) CURLIB(*CURRENT) INLLIB(*CURRENT) SPLFACN(*CURRENT)
ALWMLTTHD(*NO)
```

Figure 12: Monitor Wizard - Finish

In the example in figure 12, I have configured the monitor RUN to collect the data in library QJWDATA. I am using the iDoctor supplied JW definition Q5SEC. You will also notice that the monitor will start immediately. By clicking on the Finish button the monitor will start and submit the first Job Watcher collection.

Next refresh the screen by pressing F5 or use the View -> Refresh selected menu.

IBM i Connections								
1 Idoc730: Job Watcher								
2 Idoc730: Job Watcher								
Job Watcher	Monitor name	Library name	Collection type	Status	FTP Definition	Definition	Collection duration (minutes)	Last active collection
Libraries	RUN	QJWDATA	Job Watcher	Active - DLYW	*NONE	Q5SEC	60	RUN001
Definitions	STRCSMON	QPFRDATA	Collection Services	Ended		*STANDARDP	1,440	Q2080101
Data repository	TEST1	QIDRDATA	Job Watcher	Ended	*NONE	A	5	TEST1778
JVM analysis	TEST	QIDRDATA	Job Watcher	Ended	*NONE	ABC	60	TEST001
SQL tables	ALL	MCCARGAR	Job Watcher	Ended	*NONE	JWALL	2	ALL068
Monitors	DWA	MCCARGAR	Disk Watcher	Ended	*NONE	MYDWFULL	1	DWA017
FTP Definitions								
IBM i Explorer								

Note the name of the last active collection; as each new collection is started the name will increment.

Note the name of the last active collection; as each new collection is started the name will increment.

As a Monitor runs, the collections it contains are ended by the Monitor job. The monitor will also check for the existence of file/member QAPYJWRUNI. This may cause messages to show up in the message queue, but this is **normal** and is not cause for concern.

Working with Job Watcher Monitors

Once we have a JW monitor created there are a number of options available to manage the monitor and the data it creates. Right-click a monitor to work with the options available for it. Double-click a monitor to drill in and work with the collections it contains. Figure 14 shows an example of these options and a description of each. The following is a description of these options:

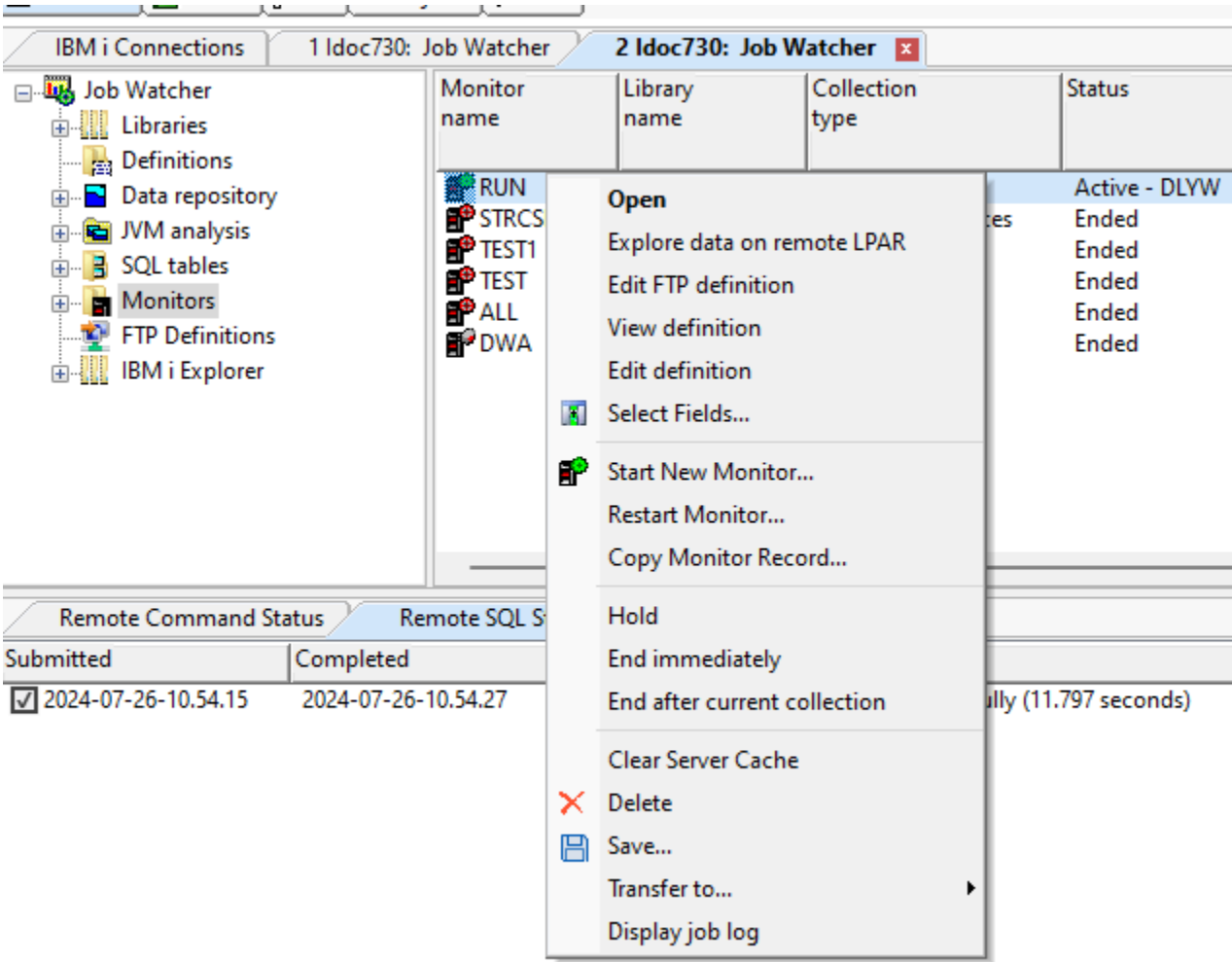


Figure 14: Job Watcher Monitor options

The following options are available when right clicking on one or more monitors in the list:

Popup Menu	Description
Open	This option allows you to view the collections that are contained within the selected monitor.
Explore data on remote LPAR	This option only applies if an FTP definition was used when created the monitor. It allows you to view data sent to the remote system defined by the FTP definition.
Edit FTP Definition	Use this option to change the FTP definition's settings.
View Definition	Views the definition associated with the monitor. Note: This shows its current settings, which may have been changed since the monitor started.
Select Fields...	This option lets you modify the columns shown for the list of collections within the monitor.
Start New Monitor	Opens the Start iDoctor Monitor Wizard in order to create a new monitor.
Restart Monitor	Opens the Start iDoctor Monitor Wizard to restart the selected monitor. This option is only enabled if 1 monitor is selected and it is NOT already running.
Copy Monitor Record	This duplicates the monitors information into a new entry, but does not copy any data.
Hold or Release	This option allows the selected monitor to be held (or released if it is held). If held the active collection will be ended immediately and no more collections will be started until the monitor is released. When a monitor is released it will begin collecting data again.
End immediately	This option will end the monitor and all active collections defined within immediately.
End after current collection	This option will end the monitor once the current collection running completes.
Clear Server Cache	This can be used to ensure that collections cached is cleared before showing the list of collections in the monitor. In some rare cases this might fix issues with the list of collections showing incorrect results.
Delete	This option will remove the monitor and all collections contained within them from the system.
Save	Provides the capability to save all collections within the monitor to a save file.
Transfer to	This option allows a user to save and then transfer a collection to another system, to the PC or IBM (Ecurep/testcase.)
Display job log	Displays the job log for the selected monitor. This option is only enabled if 1 monitor is selected and the job log exists.

Appendix A - Monitor Commands

The following commands are found in the library QIDRWCH and can be entered from an IBM i command line or also submitted to batch using the SBMJOB command.

Add Job Watcher definition – ADDJWDFN (found in QSYS)

Start Job Watcher – STRJW (found in QSYS)

Start Job Watcher monitor – STRJWMON

```
Start a Job Watcher Monitor (STRJWMON)

Type choices, press Enter.

Monitor name . . . . . _____ Name
Monitor library name . . . . . _____ Name, *SAME
Definition name . . . . . _____ Name, *SAME
Maximum historical collections 3 _____ 2-999, *SAME
Collection duration (minutes) . 60 _____ 1-1440, *SAME
Collection size (megabytes) . . 4096 _____ 1-9999999, *SAME
Resubmit collections . . . . . *NO _____ *YES, *NO
Max consecutive resubmits . . . 5 _____ 1 to 99
Run default analyses . . . . . *NO _____ *YES, *NO
Run active col summary . . . . . *NO _____ *YES, *NO
Text 'description' . . . . . *SAME _____

Hold date . . . . . *NONE _____ Date, *CURRENT, *NONE
Hold day . . . . . *NONE _____ *NONE, *ALL, *MON, *TUE...
Hold time . . . . . *NONE _____ Time, *NONE
Release date . . . . . *NONE _____ Date, *CURRENT, *NONE
```

Hold Job Watcher monitor - HLDJWMON

```
Hold a Job Watcher Monitor (HLDJWMON)

Type choices, press Enter.

Monitor name . . . . . _____ Name
```

Release Job Watcher monitor – RLSJWMON

```
Release a Job Watcher Monitor (RLSJWMON)

Type choices, press Enter.

Monitor name . . . . . _____ Name
```

End Job Watcher monitor - ENDJWMON

End a Job Watcher Monitor (ENDJWMON)

Type choices, press Enter.

Monitor name		Character value
Ending option	*IMMED	*IMMED, *DELAYED
Run default analyses	*NO	*YES, *NO

Delete Job Watcher monitor - DLTJWMON

```
                                Delete a Job Watcher Monitor (DLTJWMON)

Type choices, press Enter.

Monitor name . . . . . _____ Name
```

The delete Job Watcher monitor command will delete the monitor as well as any Job Watcher collection data collected by this monitor. If the monitor is active the ENDJWMON command will be first issued automatically to end the monitor.

PEX Monitors use commands:

STRPAMON, RLSPAMON, HLDPAON, ENDPAMAON, DLTPAMON

Disk Watcher Monitors use commands:

STRDWMON, RLSDWMON, HLDDWMON, ENDDWMON, DLTDWMON

Appendix B – Automatically restarting a monitor after an IPL

In order to automatically restart an iDoctor Monitor after an IPL, it is necessary to add the required commands to the system startup program. To determine the system startup program, use this command:

```
DSPPSYVAL SYSVAL(QSTRUPPGM)
```

The STRJWMON, STRDWMON, STRPAMON commands are used to start or restart the desired monitor. These commands offer a parameter value of *SAME for most parameters which allows you to simply reuse the parameters the monitor had when it was initially created.

An example of one of the commands is:

```
QSYS/SBMJOB CMD(QIDRWCH/STRJWMON MONITOR(MYMON) COLLIB(MYLIB) DFNNNAME(DFN1)  
COLNS(*SAME) STRGAP(*SAME) MAXSIZE(*SAME) OVRLAP(*SAME) TEXT(*SAME) )  
JOB(QSTRJWMON) RTGDTA(*JOB) JOB(QIDRGUI/QIDRBCH) JOBQ(QGPL/QIDRJW)  
OUTQ(*CURRENT) MSGQ(*NONE)
```

This SBMJOB command will restart the Job Watcher monitor MYMON in library MYLIB using definition DFN1. The job will be named QSTRJWMON. A command like this one will need to be added to the system startup program.

For more information on changing the IPL startup program: <https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/changing-ipl-start-program>

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