

Language Environment for z/VSE

- Pieces of News, Tips and Enhancements -

(LVC – Part 1)

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Agenda (LVC - Part 1)



- Module 1.1: LE/VSE Bird view, Recap and more ... (p.5 ff.)
- Module 1.2: LE/VSE Enhancements with z/VSE 5.1 (p.14 ff.)
- Module 1.3: Tools Reference (p.25 ff.)





Module 1.1

LE/VSE Bird View, Recap and more ...

- Product Infrastructure, Capabilities (p.6)
- Language Support (p.7)
- Callable Services (p.8, 9)
- Run-Time Options (p.10)
- Assembler and HLL Programming / snapshots (p.11)
- Debugging Start Points + Approaches / snapshots (p.12,13)

. Abbreviations (used herein):

- AF: VSE/Advanced Functions (basic system control, including the supervisor and system programs)
- AR: Attention Routine (control instance to read/process console commands, resp. initiate a system service request)
- CEL: Common Execution Library (set of basic run-time services to support execution of language programs)
- HLL: High Level Language (programming language above assembler and below program generator/query languages)
- ILC: InterLanguage Communication (for applications involving routines written in different programming languages)
- LE: Language Environment (run-time environment for HLL applications)
- OLPD: Online Problem Determination (incident reporting provided via the VSE Interactive Interface(IUI) component)





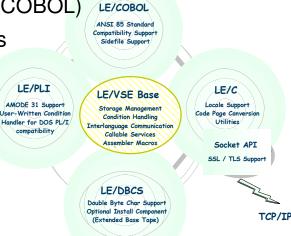
LE for z/VSE - Product Infrastructure and Capabilities

Some pieces that make out Language Environment for z/VSE ...

- Common Execution Library (CEL), complemented by ...
- Language-specific run-time libraries (LE/C, LE/COBOL, LE/PLI)
- Shared Callable Service Interface
- Common Functions (storage, condition, message handling ...)
- Numerous customization options (routine/language-specific, environmental)
- Coincident calling conventions and rules for implementing data structures, error handling and interfacing with system services, library routines and subsystems
- Choices for more efficient and flexible programming (+ simplify language coexistence)
- Compatibility for legacy applications (defined conditions/mainly COBOL)
- Interface for debugging High Level Languages (HLLs) programs
- Functions beyond former run-times (e.g. device independence)
- Various utilities (e.g. code page conversions, locales ...)
- Interfaces to various other products (AF, CICS, DB2, DLI, DT/VSE, EGL programs, SORT, TCP/IP, VSAM)

In sum: the point of intersection for z/VSE Applications





LE/PLI



Languages and HLASM Support

- LE for z/VSE is needed to run applications built with the following compilers ...
 - IBM C for VSE/ESA (C/VSE)
 - IBM COBOL for VSE/ESA (COBOL/VSE)
 - IBM PLI for VSE/VSE (PLI/VSE)



- High Level Assembler (HLASM) routines can also run with LE for z/VSE
 - * solely or in combination with HLL routines *
 - Presuming they have been prepared for communication with the run-time ...
 - Make use of certain conventions (safeguard for LE/VSE conformity)
 - Identify themselves in the application context, e.g. by indicating "I am": MAIN=YES|NO
 - Call other HLL routines in a standard manner
 - This is best followed by use of product supplied assembler macros like:
 - ★ CEEENTRY/TERM (prolog/epilog),
 - ★ CEECAA|CIB|DSA|PPA (generate infrastructure mappings),
 - CEEFETCH/CEERELES (dynamic load/release conforming routines),
 - CEEGLOB (product level information)





Callable Services



• Programmers can choose from a variety of available services ...

Area	Some Representatives	
Condition Handling:	CEE5CIB (pointer info block); CEEGPID (version/platform id)	
Date and Time:	CEEDATE (in: lilian, out: char date); CEEDYWK (day of week ← lilian)	
Dynamic Storage:	CEEGTST (allocate heap w/ID); CEECRHP (allocate additional heap);	
General:	CEE5DMP (take dump for diagnostics); CEEDLYM (delay processing)	
Initialization/Termination:	CEE5ABD (terminate with abend); CEE5GRC/SRC (get/set enclave RC)	
Locales:	CEEFTDS (format time/date->char string); CEEFMON (format monetary strings)	
Math:	CEESxABS (absolute value); CEESxDIM (positive difference between numbers);	
Message Handling:	CEEMGET (retrieve, format + store msg); CEEMOUT (dispatch user defined msg)	
National Language:	CEE5CTY (change/query country setting)	

CEEGPID

Retrieves the version ID and the platform ID of the version and platform of LE/VSE currently in use.

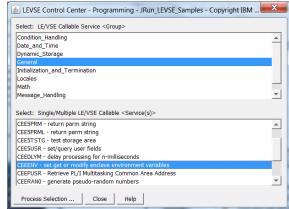




CEE5DMP

Generates a dump of the run-time environment of LE/VSE and the member language libraries.

>>_ CEE5DMP_ (_ title _, _ options _, _ fc _) ____ >







```
*PROCESS MACRO;
/* CICS MODULE: CPLIDYWK (derived from shipped/BATCH: IBMDYWK.P)
/* Function: CEEDYWK calc day of week on which Lilian date falls. **/
PLIDYWK: PROC OPTIONS(MAIN);
   %INCLUDE CEEIBMAW;
   %INCLUDE CEEIBMCT;
   DCL LILIAN INT4;
   DCL DAYNUM INT4:
   DCL 01 FC FEEDBACK:
   DCL TMP STR1 CHAR(72);
                           /* temp string/output */
   DCL TMP_STR2 CHAR(72);
                           /* temp string/output */
   LILIAN = 152385;
                           /* input as Lilian date */
   PUT SKIP LIST ( 'PLDW/CIBMDYWK: PLI/CICS application started' );
   PUT SKIP LIST ( 'PLDW/CIBMDYWK: input Lilian date: ' || LILIAN );
   /* Call CEEDYWK, calculate day of week for Lilian input */
   PUT SKIP LIST ( 'PLDW/CIBMDYWK: call CEEDYWK service to '
          || 'calculate corresponding day of the week' );
   CALL CEEDYWK ( LILIAN , DAYNUM , FC );
   IF FBCHECK( FC, CEE000) THEN /* CEEDYWK call successful */
       PUT SKIP LIST ( 'PLDW/CPLIDYWK: Lilian date: ' || LILIAN
       || ' ... falls on a ' );
SELECT (DAYNUM);
         WHEN (1) PUT LIST ( 'Sunday.' );
         WHEN (2) PUT LIST ( 'Monday.' );
         WHEN (3) PUT LIST ( 'Tuesday.' );
         WHEN (4) PUT LIST ( 'Wednesday.' );
         WHEN (5) PUT LIST ( 'Thursday.' );
         WHEN (6) PUT LIST ( 'Friday.');
         WHEN (7) PUT LIST ( 'Saturday.' );
       END /* Case of DAYNUM */;
      PUT SKIP LIST('PLCK/CPLIDYWK: *** TEST SUCCESSFUL ***');
     END:
   ELSE /* CEEDYWK call unsuccessful */
       PUT SKIP LIST ( 'PLDW/CPLIDYWK: CEEDYWK failed with msg '
         || FC.MsqNo );
       PUT SKIP LIST( 'PLDW/CPLIDYWK: *** TEST FAILED ***' );
       /* Write 1:1 to console */
       TMP STR1 = 'PLDW/CPLIDYWK: CEEDYWK failed with msq
         || FC.MsqNo:
       TMP STR2 = 'PLDW/CPLIDYWK: *** TEST FAILED ***':
       EXEC CICS WRITE OPERATOR TEXT(TMP STR1);
       EXEC CICS WRITE OPERATOR TEXT(TMP_STR2);
     END;
   /* Common at end */
   EXEC CICS SEND CONTROL FREEKB;
   EXEC CICS RETURN;
```

Callable Services

Example: CEEDYWK - Calculate Day of Week from Lilian

The Lilian date is the number of days since 14 October 1582.



* CICS SYSLST log/output *

A000PLDW 20130918114938 PLDW/CIBMDYWK: PLI/CICS application started
A000PLDW 20130918114938 PLDW/CIBMDYWK: input Lilian date: 152385
A000PLDW 20130918114938 PLDW/CIBMDYWK: call CEEDYWK service to calculate corresponding day of the week
A000PLDW 20130918114938 PLDW/CPLIDYWK: Lilian date: 152385 ... falls on a Saturday.

* Please also note / consider *



- PLIDYWK sample is running as a CICS transaction (derived from LE/VSE supplied batch type sample program: IBMDYWK.P)
- You may wish to consider further, dependent programming enhancements like: each "Friday" call application x, each "Monday" start VSE Connector Server etc.
- Similar actions imaginable on a timely basis by combining "triggers" (like feedback from CEEDYWK service) with exploitation of VSE POWER based time event scheduling ...
- Subject and related functions are implicitly provided with LE/VSE. You do NOT need to duplicate them by writing an own routine!





Run-Time Options



Area	Major Representatives	
Conditional	ABPerc(exempt event); DEPthcondImt (nesting level); ERrcount(# conditions tolerated); TRAP(enable/disable exception handling); USrhdIr(register use handler); XUFLOW(exp.overflow);	
Diagnostic	ABTERmenc(termination type); MSGFile(destination): TERmthdact(dump level); TRACE(library);	
Environmental	ENVAR(env vars, access: getenv() or CEEENV); TEST(give Debug Tool control)	
National	COUNTRy(format for date,time,symbols,separators); NATlang(nat.language);	
Program Storage	HEAP(allocate, how managed); HEAPCHK(verify)	
Reports	RPTOpts(subject options in place); RPTStg(application storage in use)	
Storage Mgmt	ALL31(addr./run mode); ANyheap/BElowheap(LE/VSE library heap); LIBSTACK(thread/save areas); STACK(auto vars, temp work areas);	
C only	ARGPARSE(command line); ENV(op.env.); EXECOPS(cmd line Y N); REDIR(stdin/err/out);	
COBOL only	AIXBLD(complete file/index); CHeck(index/subscript/ref.range); CBLOPTS(format arg string); CBLPshpop(CICS PUSH/POP HANDLE subroutine); DEBUG(batch/USE FOR DEBUGGING); RETZero(user RC 0); RTEREUS(reusable env. for 1st); UPSI(switches for COBOL routines);	
PLI only	no dedicated, however please be aware of those with influence outlined below!	

Some beneficial settings (language dependent)... better verify the actuals!

• COBOL users: CBLOPTS (ON); CHECK(ON); STORAGE(00,NONE,NONE,32K)

• PLI users: DEPTHCONDLMT(0); ERRCOUNT(0); STORAGE(00,NONE,CLEAR,32K)
Compatibility with DOS PL/I Optimizing Compiler

Please also see: ftp://public.dhe.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zos/vse/pdf3/LE_Useful_Run_Time_Options.pdf





Programming – Overview Macro Use / Program Calls / ILC

		National distribution and the second
Area	Macro / Language Elements	Frame Conditions / HLL call options
Assembler main **	CEEENTRY(MAIN=YES),CEETERM	for use in any LE environment; CEEFETCH macro
Assembler sub *	CEEENTRY(MAIN=NO),CEETERM	for use in any LE environment; CEEFETCH macro
Assembler sub	EDCPRLG/EPIL macros	for execution in LE/C environment (bridging)
Assembler (non- LE/VSE conform)	CEEPIPI (preinitialization)	Use CDLOAD macro to load CEEPIPI table, define table entries via CEEXPITY macro for dyn. HLL load!
COBOL/VSE	CALL	Static or dynamic call options
PLI/VSE	FETCH followed by CALL *	Dynamic call

fetch() *

EZASMI macro

TCP callable functions

EXEC CICS LINK | XCTL

(preferable if switching language)

EZASOKET

Compile units must use LE/VSE Conforming

for HLASM programs / OS/390 source compatible

for HLASM, COBOL/VSE, PLI/VSE / OS/390 compat.

Prefer dynamic call (writable static)

ftp://public.dhe.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zos/vse/pdf3/LE Assembler main under CICS.pdf

Samples reference: Coding Techniques for Mixed Language Applications under LE/VSE (incl.Assembler)

Compilers

C/VSE

CICS

TCPIP Socket *

^{*} Batch + CICS environment

Note: prefer CEEFETCH macro over CEELOAD (deprecated)!

^{**} Prefer simple HLASM main coding under CICS (due to limited CICS condition handling support for MAIN=YES) ... and better consider calling an HLL subroutine for performing the "major" work!





LE/VSE Debugging – Start Points ...



Evidence	Registered Data	CONFIG	Remarks / More Details
Area messages	CEE,CEL,EDC,IBM,IGZ -prefixed	TER(MSG) *	Language dependent console or SYSLST messages
Abend codes	U1xxx, U4xxx	n/a	Complementary part in LE/VSE messages
Traceback	Event call history log (read from bottom to top)	TER(TRACE) *	Event call history (user & LE/VSE modules): Stack frames, program and entry point address/offset, statement #, call status
Dump	Control block (CB), storage/file perspective	TER(DUMP) * TER(UADUMP) *	Storage of run-time event (on enclave basis): Parameter, registers, variables of active routines, file & condition info, process CBs
RC's (in CICS environment)	1xxxx, 3xxxx, 5xxxx, 10xxxx	n/a	if LE/VSE unable to generate msg, component in charge might pass back return code to CICS (usually presented by CICS on console)
C utility msgs and RC's	EDC-prefixed	n/a	For prelinker-, localedef-, iconv-, genxlt-, ucondef- and DSECT utility
z/VSE Console Reports	Info: Default Run-Time Options, Exit and Status	n/a	Attention Routine (AR) commands: D CEE,CEEEXIT CEESTAT CEECOPT CEEDOPT
Compile/link list of application	Complete view language element coding + build	Language specific options at compile	Often suites to verify/isolate run-time errors or "phaenomes"

Messages and Codes: http://publibz.boulder.ibm.com/cgi-bin/bookmgr/BOOKS/FL2DRE0A/3.0

• Dump and Traceback: http://publibz.boulder.ibm.com/cgi-bin/bookmgr/BOOKS/FL2DRE0A/1.3.3

^{*} Amount of diagnostic information determined by TERMTHDACT run-time option setting ! ... the higher level includes the lower (e.g. DUMP incl. TRACE and MSG)





LE/VSE Debugging Approaches - Overview



Debug Focus	Symptom Type	Frame Conditions	Further Remarks/Options	
Common Anchor Area	Commonly useful	All resources anchored here	Reg12 points to CAA	
Data Values	Data exceptions			
Stack Frame	U4083	Problem with stack linkage, all compiled procs/blocks chained, Use of Assembler routines?	Reg13 addressing most recently active stack; inspect "Machine State"	
Storage Condition	U4088, U4093	Storage or initialization issue	Enough GETVIS ?	
Termination Condition	U4094	Storage/stack ok? Pot. overlay? Use language debug features e.g. CBL SSRANGE (COBOL)	CEETRACE, Debug Tool	
Condition Information Block	CEE0374C	LE/VSE condition handler creating CIB for each event		
Generate dump		Call CEE5DMP from application		
Exempt event		Set ABPERC run-time option		
Inspect CICS trace	*EXC*	CICS transaction dump with internal (or auxtrace) available	IUI providing additional OLPD records for analysis	

Some more that may help:

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http://publibz.boulder.ibm.com/cgi-bin/bookmgr/BOOKS/FL2DRE0A/1.3.3

- MSG CEE3321C outlines the VSE perspective (with event cancel and interruption codes)
- MSG CEE3322C refers U4xxx abend codes with general type of error experienced
- MSG CEE3250C registers details about probable CICS or user abend codes
- U4xxx abend codes are complemented by reason codes with further details
- LE/VSE may raise CANCEL SVC (X'0A32') for severe problems (pointed to by PSW)!
- Collect all LE/VSE messages, traceback and dump information available (tailor for if required) !© 2013 IBM Corporation





Module 1.2

LE/VSE Functional Enhancements with z/VSE 5.1

- CEE5INF Callable Service Sample for COBOL/VSE (p.15)
- PL/I Multitasking Run-time Options and Callable Service CEEPUSR (p.16-17)
- System Programmer C Environment (p.18)
- Enhanced LE/C Support for VSAM SHR(4) Files (p.19)
- TCP Callable Functions, Socket API and IPv6 (p.20)
- Miscellaneous Enhancements (p.21)
- Documentation References (p.22)
- Hints and Tips for z/VSE 5.1 Migration (p.23)
- APARs for z/VSE 5.1 (p.24)

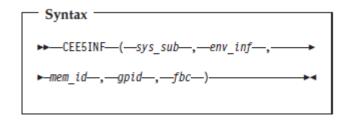




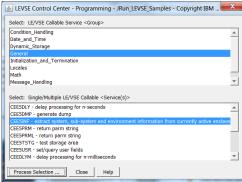


CEE5INF Callable Service Sample for COBOL

- Callable Service: « CEE5INF » (new sample for COBOL language !)
 - Extract System, Sub-System and Environment Info From Currently-Active Enclave



- Shipped sample IGZT5INF.C available in PRD2.SCEEBASE library
- In a wider scope allows the writing of « single source » COBOL/VSE programs for target "batch" and "CICS" environments! (details will follow in subject LVC, Part 2)
- Also see: z/Journal article from 12/2011:
 http://enterprisesystemsmedia.com/article/common-cobol-vse-applications-for-use-in-cics-and-batch-environments
- The new sample is accessible via « LEVSE_Control_Center V3.0 », too
 - Please see: http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zvse/downloads/tools.html#lecc
 - Invoke: JRun_LEVSE_Samples (button) -> General -> CEE5INF (to give it a try)





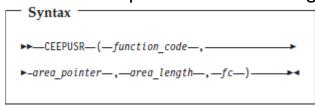




PL/I Multitasking - Complementary Callable Service -



- New Callable Service: « CEEPUSR » (PL/I only)
 - Allows to retrieve the address of a pre-allocated storage area (common task area)



- Common task area used by PL/I multitasking applications for inter-task communication
- It's size is determined by JCL SETPARM variable « TASKCOM »
 - Example: // SETPARM TASKCOM=22K => up to 3 digits with K or M suffix!
 - In above context LE/VSE will attempt to allocate the requested storage size for the user
- After allocation this area is under full responsibility of programmer (not LE!)
- Shipped sample IBMPUSR.P available in PRD2.SCEEBASE library
- This service is not available or supported under CICS!
- Please remember PTF for APAR PM17894 (PL/I VSE/ESA compiler) is prereq. for use !
- The new sample is accessible via « LEVSE_Control_Center V3.0 », too
 - Please see: http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zvse/downloads/tools.html#lecc
 - Invoke: JRun_LEVSE_Samples -> Dynamic Storage -> CEEPUSR (to give it a try)







PL/I Multitasking – Run-Time Option Considerations –



How LE/VSE Options Affect Processing Behaviour:

 Run-time option or storage reports (generated in a fetched sub-task) will report « IBMESTUB » as enclave name, instead invoking sub-task program name

```
// EXEC IBMIVPMT, SIZE=512K, PARM='RPTSTG(ON)/JCL PARM INFORMATION'
18541 PHASE IBMIVPMT IS TO BE FETCHED FROM PRD2.WBOSCH
Fetch CEE5PRML returned parms are : "JCL PARM INFORMATION"
Options Report for Enclave IBMESTUB 07/28/11 8:53:20 AM
Language Environment for z/VSE V1 R4.8
LAST WHERE SET
                        OPTION
Installation default
                          ABPERC(NONE)
Programmer default
                       ABTERMENC(ABEND)
Installation default
                        NOAIXBLD
Installation default
                          ALL31(OFF)
Installation default
                         ANYHEAP(16384,8192,ANYWHERE,FREE)
Installation default
                          BELOWHEAP(8192,4096,FREE)
Installation default
                         CBLOPTS(ON)
Installation default
                         CBLPSHPOP(OFF)
Programmer default
                          CHECK(ON)
```

- Fetchable PL/I programs executing in a multi-tasking environment use the LE/VSE system-wide default BATCH run-time options!
- To change behaviour ...
 - Override the default options by creating a CEEUOPT.OBJ member, later included at linkedit time



- This CEEUOPT will only be used if the fetchable routine is executed within a multi-tasking environment
- Fetchable PL/I program tasks inherit JCL specified run-time option overrides





System Programming C (SPC) Environment



Key message:

- Subject use is intended and recommended for maintenance of existing applications!
- Significant updates in « LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Programming Guide, SC33-6688 »
 - Section: Using Functions in the SPC Environment
 - sprintf() function: no support of floating point conversion specifiers (e,E,f,g or G)
 - Section: Creating Freestanding Applications
 - Cannot do arithmetic's using long double or float variables
 - Section: Initializing a Freestanding Application
 - exit() and sprintf() functions
 - Table 36: "Parts Used for Freestanding Applications" was complemented
 - Other: Missing JCL and INCLUDE information was added

Linkage Recommendations

- To eliminate inclusion of CEESTART, use the "NOSTART" C/VSE compiler option
- EDC0XSPC include book (forces CEESTART via EDCXCEE => might be unintended!)
- **Updated SPC samples** (JCL and source books)
 - EDCJN018.Z, EDCJN019.Z
 - EDCJL089.Z, EDCJL090.Z
 - EDXJL097.A
 - EDCJL098.A, EDCJL099.A





Enhanced LE/C Support for VSAM SHR(4) Files



General Considerations

- LE/VSE C Run-Time does not ...
 - Provide support for read-integrity and write-integrity!
- Data integrity on concurrent VSAM reads and writes (use of common buffers)
 - Ensured by specifying the » **dsn= keyword** » on all calls to fopen() function
- How about supported VSAM SHR(4) files opened in update mode ?
 - It's programmer's responsibility to handle any potential control-interval concurrent-access locks!

• VSAM KSDS/RRDS SHR(4) files are supported:

- For LE/C app's to exploit VSAM SHR(4), if opened in sep. partitions / diff. access modes
- if LE/C run-time "seek" or "positioning" functions are <u>not</u> used
- or if option "noseek" is used when the file is opened (fopen / freopen functions)

• VSAM ESDS SHR(4) files are supported:

- Only RBA-based access can be used
- Also see LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Programming Guide, SC33-6688







TCP/IP Callable Functions



- The LE/VSE C Run-Time Socket API was enhanced to support IPv6.
 - New functions introduced with IPv6 support are:
 - inet_ntop, inet_pton (convert internet address format binary ⇔ text)
 - getaddrinfo, getnameinfo (socket address ⇔ node name and service location)
 - **freeaddrinfo** (free addrinfo structure returned by getaddrinfo)
 - **gai_strerror** (text string describing the error)
 - if freenameindex, if indextoname, if nameindex, if nametoindex (network interface mapping)
 - Note:
 - No TCP/IP or SSL related routine is functionally integrated into the C Run-Time library. The function call is routed to be served by the TCP/IP implementation.
- Manual LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Library Reference, SC33-6689

- Provides an **overview** of the callable TCP/IP and SSL functions.
- Manual z/VSE TCP/IP Support, SC34-2640 includes:
 - Detailed functional **description** for each TCP/IP and SSL Callable Function.



- Please refer to: Chapter: TCP/IP Support for the LE/VSE C Socket Interface.
- Also details on Linux Fast Path and IPv6/VSE.





Miscellaneous Enhancements







- LE/C Applications and Creation of VSE Librarian Members (with DATA=YES parameter)
 - "DATA=YES" will be supported as an **optional** fopen() parameter
 - Any other specification on "data=" keyword will result in the fopen() failure
 - For backward compatibility "data=no" behavior will remain the default when processing librarian members!
 - Omitting optional "data=yes" parameter will invoke the default DATA=NO behavior
- Using __last_op Codes
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Programming Guide, SC33-6688
 - Chapter 14, Table 27 ... now includes the latest __last_op codes



- It has also been updated to include the decimal values of the last op code
- New Messages ...
 - CEE3216S CEE3219S => related to IEEE exceptions (ports from LE for z/OS)
 - CEE3228S, CEE3229S => related to IEEE exceptions (ports from LE for z/OS)
 - CEE3902W => related to new CEEPUSR callable service !
- Replaced Message
 - CEE3220S => related to IEEE exceptions (ported from LE for z/OS)





z/VSE 5.1 Documentation – Summary Reference –



- Bird's eye view of new LE/VSE 1.4.8 functions
 - z/VSE V5R1.0 Release Guide, SC33-8300
- CEEPUSR Callable Service to Pre-Allocate Task Storage Area (PL/1 Multitasking)
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 Programming Reference, SC33-6685
- Use of Fetchable Programs (PL/1 Multitasking Environment)
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 Programming Guide, SC33-6684
- Major Updates to the « System Programming C » (SPC) Environment
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Programming Guide, SC33-6688
- Configuring « LE/C TCPIP Socket API Multiplexer » for IPv6/VSE (+ overview table)
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Library Reference, SC33-6689
- Function fopen() to Create VSE Librarian Members (with DATA=YES parameter)
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 C Run-Time Library Reference, SC33-6689
- New Messages: CEE3216S-CEE3219S, CEE3228S, CEE3229S, CEE3902W, CEE3220S (replaced)
 - LE/VSE V1R4.8 Debugging and Run-Time Messages Guide, SC33-6681
- In general: Languages + z/VSE

Also see: z/VSE Basics, SC24–7436

-> Chapter 8, 9 and Appendix D http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247436.html



Hints and Tips for z/VSE 5.1 Migration

- Instantly ensure service for PM67737 being present ... before relinking any COBOL program !
- LE/VSE Attention Routine Interface + Commands ...
 - LE/VSE is shipped pre-customized and activated!
 - Please <u>keep it enabled</u>, is prereq for LE/VSE option, exit & status reports!
 - System <u>USERBG.PROC</u> must be current and contain the following statement:

// PWR PRELEASE RDR,CEEWARC LE - AR INTERFACE

Run-Time Option Customization

- Use current JCL to (re-)apply run-time option changes ...
 - Skeletons: CEEWDOPT + CEEWCOPT (ICCF 62)
- Backlevel LE/VSE option modules in place will be indicated by z/VSE system!
 - U4092 RSN42 (batch) or RC11060 abend (at CICS-init time)

Supplied LE/CICS Transaction

- Don't use « CLER » for storage run-time option changes « in-flight » (scope = all transid's !)
- For changing other run-opts « CLER » may suit as preferred agent of choice (quick change)
- Supplied SVA Loadlists (\$SVACEE; \$SVAEDC/M; \$SVAIBM/M; \$SVAIGZ/M)
 - Apply those load list(s) best matching your application / environment needs!

CICS Sub-System

- BMS users with map corruptions to think of LE/VSE run-opt: STORAGE=(00,00,CLEAR,0K)
- CICS SIT value RUWAPOOL=YES (to maximize storage for LE/VSE applications)
 - · Particularily useful in case of heavy EXEC CICS LINK exploitation





Recommended LE/VSE 1.4.8 APARs (Reference)



• LE/VSE 1.4.8 APAR history (recommended for installation)

	- PM88622	LE/Base	ABENDU4087 RC02 OCCURS DURING EXEC CICS RETURN	
. .	- PM86172	LE/C	FLOCATE() RETURNS RC=0 INSTEAD RC=-1 / VSAM KSDS non-existing	rec
	- PM86062	LE/Base	APPLICATION-SPEC. RUN-TIME OPTION OVERRIDES NOT HONORED	E512
	- PM81989	LE/Base	PL/I GOTO TO INTERNAL LABEL CAUSES ABEND UNDER BATCH	
	– PM77159	LECOB	EXTRN SYMPTOM FOR IGZESTUB IN LNKEDT MAP	
	- PM73461	LE/Base	ABEND0C4 IN CEECREIN FOLLOWING AN AEXY ABEND	
	- PM74318	LE/PLI	MSG IBM0122I 'ONCODE'=22 'RECORD' CONDITION / VSAM ESDS	
	- PM73473	LE/Base	MORE COMPREHENSIVE DSA CHECKING ON PL/1	
	- PM72051	LE/COB	MODULE ILBDCMM0 GOT EXTRN SYMPTOM IN LNKEDT MAP	
	- PM67737	LE/COB	CORR. R2 AFTER COBOL CALL / UNPREDICTABLE APP.FAILURES	
· · -	- PM53860	LE/Base	MSG CEE3322C AB4087 IN BATCH OR CICS / CEE2503S / UTC/GMT	E511
	- PM52953	LE/COB	FILE STATUS 35 EXPERIENCED ON VSAM ESDS FILE(REUSE)	
	- PM51783	LE/PLI	IBM0482I ONCODE=310 FIXEDOVERFLOW CONDITION	
	- PM51170	LE/C	FLOCATE(), SHR(4) Keyed-access files inadvertently disabled (errno: 12)	







Module 1.3

- Recommended Tools Levels (for use with z/VSE 5.1)
 - CEETRACE Version 1.2.0b (p.26)
 - LEVSE_Control_Center Version 3.0 (p. 27)







Latest Tool Level – CEETRACE (V1.2.0b)

http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zvse/downloads/tools.html#ceetrace

New Trace Capabilities introduced for z/VSE 5.1

- Auto Report feature ...
 - Allows specification of <entry point name> and <statement number> at which auto-generation of execution history report takes place ... or ...
 - Repeated execution history report generation after specified number of statements
- High Level Language (HLL) Statement Exit
 - Allow exit module to be called for each HLL statement (CEETRACE enabled app)
 - Sample CELHLLXT.Z supplied via LE z/VSE installation library (demonstrates count of executed HLL statements, issuing simple console message)
- Mini Dump Option
 - For unhandled conditions, a small formatted dump with Condition Information Block (CIB) and Machine State Block (MCH) info can be included in execution statement history report

New Related Configuration Options

- Via CEETRACE.INI file (AR command override possible) ...
 - AUTO_RPRT=Rnnnn | Snnnn | OFF
 - EXIT_MOD=entry point name | OFF
 - MINI_DUMP=YES | NO
- Includes on top fixes for z/VSE 5.1
 - See download file: « CEETRACE V1R2.0b-READ-ME.txt » ... for details ...





Latest Tool Level – LEVSE Control Center (V3.0)

http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zvse/downloads/tools.html#lecc

- « GUI front-end » to explore CEETRACE more easily
 - Call button on main window
- « Continued Integration » of LE/VSE Enhancements (mainly z/VSE 5.1)
 - CEETRACE feature (also see: page #27) ...
 - Auto-Report Feature, HLL Statement Exit, Mini Dump capabilities
 - Added Attention Routine Overrides for above
 - S CEE,CEETRACE= ...
 - Callable Services
 - Existent CEE5INF service: new COBOL sample IGZT5INF.C
 - New CEEPUSR service (PL/I only): sample IBMPUSR.P
 - CEE5MC2 (from z/VSE 4.3): new sample EDC5MC2.C





Language Environment for z/VSE - New Features, Tips and Abend Analysis.

(LVC – Part 2)

Mr Garry Hasler – IBM Australia, Perth, Aust. Development Lab. Email : ghasler@au1.ibm.com





http://www.ibm.com/zVSE http://twitter.com/IBMzVSE Thursday, October 24th, 2013





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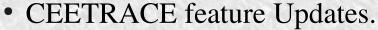




Agenda



- Environment Independent Application Execution.
 - How to use LE z/VSE callable services in a COBOL/VSE program to provide environment independent application execution.
 - Eg Execution of the same COBOL routine in both CICS and BATCH environments.
- Understanding 4083 User Abends.
 - Why do they occur?
 - What are they?
 - · How to handle them.
 - Using the 4083 Trace-Back Report.



- Environment validation HEAP storage corruption analysis.
- Using the new "auto report" function.
- Questions?







Environment Independent Application Execution.

- Some current techniques available with LE z/VSE to determine an applications current execution environment.
 - CEE5INF Extract System information from the active enclave.
 - Introduced with LE/VSE 1.4.5 (z/VSE 4.1)
 - Provides sub-system, LE enclave, language and LE z/VSE product information.
 - Information is provided as bit-flags within a full-word for each section.
 - Multiple language examples are provided in the LE z/VSE Programming Reference for how to use.
 - iscics() LE/C run-time library function. Returns "true" if executing under CICS or "false" if not running under CICS. Available only for C/VSE applications use.
 - LE-enabled assembler routines can use the CEECAASSCIC value of the CEECAASBSYS field in the active R12/CEECAA (see CEECAA.A macro).
- So how do we construct a simple COBOL/VSE routine that can execute independent of its environment?





Environment Independent Application Execution (contd).

Using CEE5INF:

- COBOL example :
 - Parameter definitions
 - Call the service to extract environment information
 - Interrogate returned parameters.
 - Direct application execution flow based upon currently active execution environment.

```
01 bit-values PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 bit-result PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 sys-inf PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 env-inf PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 mem-id PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 gpid PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 gpid PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 Environ PIC X.

88 CICS VALUE X'01'.
88 BATCH VALUE X'02'.

Call 'CEE5INF' Using sys-inf, env-inf, mem-id, gpid, fc.
```

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Environment Independent Application Execution (contd).

Using CEE5INF (contd):

- Next problem CEE5INF returns field contents as bit strings.
 - Can be easier to handle with assembler, PL/1 or C/VSE, bit more tricky with COBOL/VSE.
- LE z/VSE callable services provide this ability to COBOL easily.
 - For our situation CEESITST test bit value.
 - "sys-inf" is the bit-string we want to test
 - "bit-value" is bit number of "sys-inf" to test.
 - Bit 31 = CICS indication flag.
 - "fc" is a standard feedback code parameter.
 - "bit-result" is the test result.

Combine this and the previous code section into a paragraph for processing during program initialization

```
Move 31 to bit-value.

Call 'CEESITST' Using sys-inf, bit-value, fc, bit-result.

If bit-result = 1 then
Set CICS to True

Else
Set BATCH to True

End-if.
```





Environment Independent Application Execution (contd).

- Using CEE5INF (contd):
 - Now we can use the "CICS" or "BATCH" flag to control our programs execution.
 - For example :

```
If BATCH then
DISPLAY ' --> Running in BATCH Environment. ' UPON CONSOLE.
Perform 0200-BATCH
Goback
End-if.

If CICS then
EXEC CICS WRITE OPERATOR TEXT(ENV-MSG)
TEXTLENGTH(MSG-LEN) END-EXEC
Perform 0300-CICS
EXEC CICS RETURN END-EXEC
End-if.
```

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Environment Independent Application Execution Summary.

Points to remember:

- Always determine execution environment (using CEE5INF) first.
- Split application into two paths. CICS and BATCH.
- Ensure both pathways (ie entire program) adhere to the CICS environment limitations.
 - Eg restricted verbs (see CICS/TS Application Programmers Guide) etc.
 - Consider enabling and using the WORD(CICS) COBOL/VSE compiler option.
 - » See section 1.2.4.3.2 CICS Reserved Word Table (IGYCCICS) in the COBOL/VSE and VisualAge COBOL MLE for VSE Installation and Customization Guide (SC26-8071-01).
 - Abend with message IGZ011C may be issued in CICS environment otherwise.
- Compile the COBOL routine with RENT and DATA(31) options.
- Translate the program using the CICS translator with XOPTS(COBOL3).
- Ensure your link-edit step includes the CICS language independent interface stub DFHELII.
 - Do not over-ride the compiler and link-editor determined entry-point or AMODE/RMODE!
- A complete sample COBOL program code and build JCL is available from the z/VSE Web site
 - ftp://public.dhe.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zos/vse/download/COBJOURN.txt
- The article associated with using the above sample can be found here:
 - http://enterprisesystemsmedia.com/article/common-cobol-vse-applications-for-use-in-cicsand-batch-environments





Why do 4083 Abends Occur?

- Language Environment structure is dependent upon correctly chained DSAs.
- Without correct DSA chaining application execution issues can occur :
 - Handling of non-severe (informational or warning) conditions by languages compromised.
 - Unable to produce a comprehensive "Trace-Back" Report in CEE5DMP output.
 - Integrity of stack storage (automatic storage) is now compromised (NAB).
 - Any earlier registered condition handlers unable to be called.
 - Unable to identify active members (languages) or routines on the current stack etc, etc...
- What drives the 4083 abend?
 - Initially something (an unhandled condition) must cause Language Environment to verify the current DSA chain.
 - This can be, but not limited to:
 - Any unhandled condition (eg program-check, I/O error etc).
 - A dump request is made that requires a trace-back report.
 - A language function (verb or built-in function) requires active stack members information.
 - When the currently active DSA chain is examined, if any issues are found, a 4083 abend is issued with the corresponding reason code depending upon the error found in the DSA chain.
- Applicable only to BATCH. Is not issued under CICS.





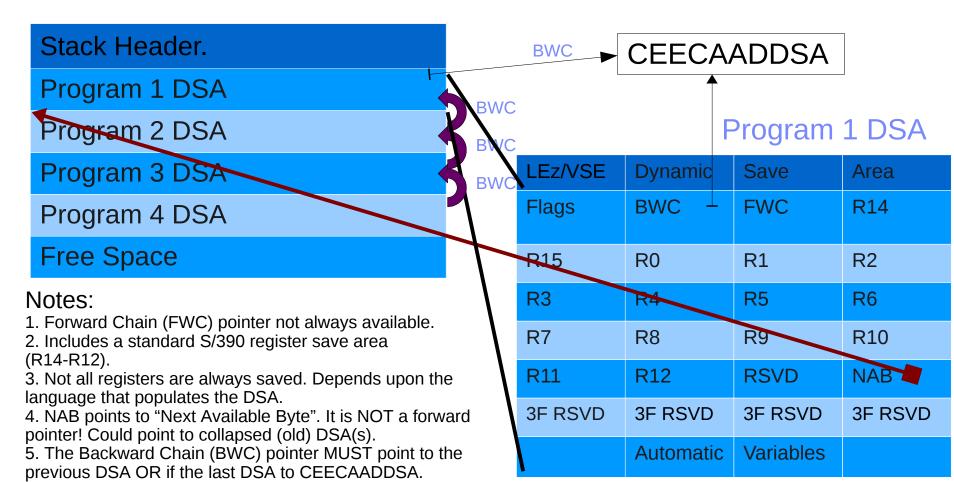
- What are "4083" (Back-Chain In Error) Abends?
 - First we need to have a basic understanding of LE z/VSE Stack Storage.
 - What is User Stack Storage?:
 - Created automatically upon entry to LE-enabled applications (eg prolog code).
 - Driven by LE conforming compilers and LE provided assembler macros.
 - Dependent upon CAA address-ability in R12 and an initialized LE z/VSE environment.
 - Contains Dynamic Save Areas (DSA). Also known as "Stack Frames".
 - Conforms to the LE z/VSE DSA layout.
 - Includes standard S/390 linkage register save area.
 - See member CEEDSA.A in your LE z/VSE Installation Sub-library.
 - Contains automatic storage (local variables) for the application. For example :
 - Eg C/VSE : int i; PL/I : DCL i fixed;
 - Is NOT used for COBOL/VSE working-storage!
 - » But! The LE/COBOL run-time and LE itself rely upon stack storage.
 - Initial allocation size, location and initial value are controlled via STACK/ALL31 and STORAGE run-time options.







- What are "4083" (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - What does an LE z/VSE Stack Frame / DSA look like ?







- What are "4083" (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - Common reason codes:
 - X'03' Save area chains should end with a save area pointed to by CEECAADDSA (dummy DSA). Instead it is terminated with a zero back-chain pointer.

Common Causes:

- Non-LE-conforming "main" assembler routine used.
- Assembler routine involved not conforming to standard S/390 linkage conventions.
- Non-LE conforming HLL language. Eg DOS/VS COBOL not link-edited with the LE z/VSE run-time.

Diagnosis items to consider:

- R15 in invalid DSA points to entry code of possible culprit for the incorrect back-chain value.
- Storage overlay of DSA from an earlier routine could also be responsible.





- What are "4083" (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - Common reason codes:
 - X'02' Traversal of the back chain resulted in a program check.

```
Sample Stack linkage in storage. Also referred to as "DSA" or "Automatic storage".
Stor Addr Flags
                                    R14
                                             R15
                            FWD
                                                                                 ....!.O.!....6.).....!.O.!.Y
005A01E8 10000000 F0F00000 005A0400 8058DEF6 805DBC30 00000000 005A03F0 005A01E8
                                                                                 ....*...*...K
005A0208 80420144 005C3A20 005C3B58 005A0278 005C3BCA 00421840 80000000 805521D2
005A0228 804257B8 80448F78 005C0260 005A0400
                                                                                 .....'h.!..
                                           00000000 00432213 10007D88 005A0018
Flags = Reserved full word (4-bytes). Do not use - used by LE z/VSE languages internally.
BWD = Backward Pointer - Address of previous "DSA" or our callers stack storage.
FWD = Forward Pointer - Address of previously called (by us) program stack storage. Not always provided/available.
R14 = This programs caller execution return point (usually points immediately after BALR/BSM/BASSM/BASR instruction).
R15 = Target programs entry point address - where execution has been transferred to upon entry.
```

Common Causes:

- Non-LE conforming or an assembler routine involved not conforming to standard S/390 linkage conventions.
- Automatic storage increased (eg copybook of an array) without increasing (ie re-compilation/assembly) DSA size.
- Non-LE conforming HLL language. Eg DOS/VS COBOL not link-edited with the LE z/VSE run-time.

Diagnosis items to consider:

- R15 in invalid DSA points to entry code of possible culprit for the invalid back-chain address.
- Storage overlay of DSA could also be responsible.





- What are "4083" (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - Common reason codes:
 - X'01' A save area loop exists. The save area points to itself or another save area incorrectly points to a higher save area.

```
Sample Stack linkage in storage. Also referred to as "DSA" or "Automatic storage".
Stor Addr Flags
                                              R15
005A01E8 10000000 005A01E8 005A0400 8058DEF6
                                                                                   ....!.O.!....6.).....!.0.!.Y
                                            805DBC30 00000000 005A03F0 005A01E8
005A0208 80420144 005C3A20 005C3B58 005A0278
                                             005C3BCA 00421840 80000000 805521D2
005A0228 804257B8 80448F78 005C0260 005A0400
                                                                                   .....'h.!..
                                             00000000 00432213 10007D88 005A0018
Flags = Reserved full word (4-bytes). Do not use - used by LE z/VSE languages internally.
BWD = Backward Pointer - Address of previous "DSA" or our callers stack storage.
FWD = Forward Pointer - Address of previously called (by us) program stack storage. Not always provided/available.
R14 = This programs caller execution return point (usually points immediately after BALR/BSM/BASSM/BASR instruction).
R15 = Target programs entry point address - where execution has been transferred to upon entry.
```

Notes: It is not possible for LE to detect all possible forms of DSA chain loops. In situations where a loop exists but is not detected an indefinite CPU loop during condition handling processing may occur.

Common Causes:

- Non-LE conforming assembler or an assembler routine involved not conforming to standard S/390 linkage conventions.
- Non-reentrant dynamically loaded subroutine recursively called multiple times.

Diagnosis items to review:

- R15 in invalid DSA points entry code of possible culprit for the back-chain corruption.
- Check for non-reentrant dynamically introduced non-LE HLL or assembler routines that could be called multiple times.
- Verify correct save area prolog code is used.





- How to Handle 4083 (Back-Chain In Error) Abends?
 - Introduced initially with LE z/VSE 1.4.4. (z/VSE 3.1) is the "4083 Trace-back Report".
 - A trace-back report of all consecutively accessible valid DSAs on the stack.
 - Depending upon the initial cause, a further 1 or 2 formatted dumps are provided :
 - A formatted dump of the LE z/VSE Condition Information Block (CIB).
 - With z/VSE 4.3 and onwards if the original condition (prior to the 4083) is a program-check, then a formatted dump of the "Machine State" information will be produced.
 - Ok, but how do I use all this information?
 - Focus on finding the original condition not the 4083 abend itself.
 - Start with the 4083 abend trace-back report. Look for calls from your LE conforming programs (eg COBOL/VSE) to a non-LE conforming routine (shown as empty in the "Program Unit" and/or "Entry" columns).

```
CEE5DMP V1 R4.8: 4083 TraceBack of all Valid DSA Chains on the Active Stack
                                                                                   09/10/13 2:28:59 PM
Information for enclave COBVSE1
  Information for thread 8000000000000000
 Traceback:
    DSA Addr Program Unit PU Addr
                                     PU Offset Entry
                                                               E Addr
                                                                        E Offset
                                                                                     Statement Service
                                                                                                        Status
    015E4420 IGZEOUT
                            00488700 +01148BB8 IGZEOUT
                                                               00488700 +01148BB8
                                                                                                        Call
    0045E018
                            00423A00 +00000000
                                                               00423A00 +00000000
                                                                                                         Call
    0047E538 COBVSE1
                            00420078 +00000AF6 COBVSE1
                                                               00420078 +00000AF6
                                                                                          706
                                                                                                         Call
End of CEE5DMP report.
```





- How to Handle 4083 (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - Ok, but how do I use the other dump information provided?
 - Using the formatted dump of the LE z/VSE Condition Information Block (CIB) :

```
CIB for : 015E5B28
 +000000
          CIB Eye.. CIB
                              CIB Back. 00000000
                                                  CIB Frwd. 00000000
                                                                     CIB Size. 010C
                                                                                         CIB Ver.. 0008
                                                                     59C3C5C5
 +000010
          CIB Plat. 00000000
                              Reserved. 00000000
                                                  CIB Cond. 00030C81
                                                                               00000000
                                                                                         CIB Mach. 015E5870
          CIB OLDc. 00000000 00000000 00000000
                                                 CIB Flq1. 00
 +000028
                                                                     CIB Flq2. 00
                                                                                         CIB Flq3. 00
                                                                     CIB HDrs. 00000000
                                                  CIB HDen. 00000000
 +000037
          CIB Flq4. 00
                              CIB HDsf. 00000000
                                                                                         CIB RMsf. 00423B5C
          CIB RMpt. 00423B18 CIB RSmh. 00000000
                                                                     00000000
                                                                               0000000
 +000048
                                                                                         0000000 00000000
                                                  Reserved. 00000000
                              00000000 00000000
                                                                     00000000
                                                                               00000000
 +000064
                    00000000
                                                  00000000 00000000
                                                                                         0000000 00000000
 +000088
                    0000000
                              00000000
                                                  CIB Vsr.. 00000000
                                                                     0000000
                                                                                         CIB Vsto. 00000000
         CIB Vpsa. 00000000 CIB Mcb.. 00000000 CIB Mrn.. 00000000
 +00009C
                                                                     0000000
                                                                                         CIB Mflg. 00
                              CIB flq5. 40
                                                                                         CIB flq8. 00
 +0000AD
         Reserved. 000000
                                                  CIB flq6. 00
                                                                     CIB flq7. 00
 +0000B4 CIB ABcd. 00000020 CIB ABrc. 00000001 CIB ABrm. ..... CIB Pl... 00000000
                                                                                         CIB SV2.. 00000000
         CIB_SV1.. 00423B5C CIB_Int.. 00423B16
                                                                                         CIB Fun.. 00000000
 +0000CC
                                                 CIB Qdat. 00000000
                                                                     CIB FdBk. 00000000
          CIB Toke. 00000000
                              CIB Mid.. 00000000
 +0000E0
                                                  CIB Stat. 00000000
                                                                     CIB Rtcc. 00000000
                                                                                         CIB Ppav. 00000000
          CIB ABte. .....
  +0000F4
                              CIB Sdwa. 00000000
```

The hi-lighted CIB information tells us:

- 1. CIB_Cond (Condition) = X'00030C81' : H'0003' = "Severe". H'0C81' = 3201.
 - X'59C3C5C5': X'59' = flags, X'C3C5C5' = "CEE" --> CEE3201S Operation Exception.
- 2. CIB_ABcd (Abend Code) = X'20' = Message OS03 --> A program check has occurred. (z/VSE Messages and Codes Vol 1 section VSE/AF Cancel Codes)
- 3. CIB_SV1 (Save Area 1) = X'00423858'. This is the DSA that was found to be invalid. Will need system dump to verify.
- 4. CIB_Int (Interrupt) = PSW interrupt address (X'00423B16').





- How to Handle 4083 (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - Ok, but how do I find out why the CEE3201S program-check occurred?
 - Start by using the provided Machine State dump:

```
Machine State: 015E5878
  +000000
          MCH req0. 0047E6A4 MCH req1. 0000077E MCH req2. 00420B3C
                                                                     MCH req3. 00480AB0
                                                                                        MCH req4. 00420452
                             MCH reg6. 0048041C MCH reg7. 00000000
                                                                     MCH reg8. 0047FD8F
                                                                                        MCH reg9. 00423A00
  +000014
          MCH reg5. 40000000
          MCH regA. 00420190 MCH regB. 004208B4 MCH regC. 00440F78
                                                                     MCH regD. 00423B5C
  +000028
                                                                                        MCH regE. 70423A82
  +00003C
          MCH regF. 00000000
                             MCH psw.. 07DD3000
                                                 004\overline{2}3B18
                                                                     MCH ilc.. 0002
                                                                                         MCH intc. 0001
          MCH Rsvd. 00000000 MCH Fltp. 00000000
  +00004C
                                                 00000000 4BC5E125
                                                                     0B6BE000
                                                                               4E000000
                                                                                         000266CA 40404040
  +00006C
                    40404040
                             MCH Rsvd. 00000000
                                                 00000000
                                                           00000000
                                                                     00000000
                                                                               00000000
                                                                                         0000000 00000000
                              0000000 0000000
                                                           00000000
  +00008C
                    00000000
                                                 00000000
                                                                     00000000
                                                                               00000000
                                                                                         0000000 00000000
                    00000000
                              0000000 00000000
                                                 00000000
                                                           00000000
                                                                               0000000
  +0000B0
                                                                     00000000
                                                                                         MCH Bear. 00423AD2
```

The hi-lighted information tells us:

- 1. MCH_psw indicates AMODE(24) and the instruction following the failing operation (X'00423B18')
- 2. MCH_ilc (X'0002') states failing instructions length (instruction length code).
- 3. MCH_intc (interrupt code) shows X'01' or Operation Exception (Equiv. of LE Message CEE3201S). Therefore, failing instruction address = MCH_psw MCH_ilc

Or: X'00423B18' - X'0002' = X'00423B16' (same as that provided in the CIB_int field earlier).





- How to Handle 4083 (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - Ok, but how do I put all this information together?
 - Start with the 4083 Trace-Back report review statement number of last successful call.
 - Then check compiler listing for target routine name.

```
Traceback:
    DSA Addr
             Program Unit PU Addr
                                       PU Offset
                                                  Entry
                                                                 E Addr
                                                                           E Offset
                                                                                        Statement Service
                                                                                                            Status
    015E4420
             IGZEOUT
                             00488700
                                      +01148BB8
                                                  IGZEOUT
                                                                 00488700
                                                                           +01148BB8
                                                                                                             Call
    0045E018
                             00423A00
                                       +00000000
                                                                 00423A00
                                                                           +00000000
                                                                                                             Call
    0047E538 COBVSE1
                             00420078
                                                                                              706
                                                                                                             Call
                                      +00000AF6 COBVSE1
                                                                 00420078
                                                                           +00000AF6
End of CEE5DMP report.
COBOL/VSE compiler listing for COBVSE1:
 000706
                     CALL 'ASMPROG'.
                                                                                       EXT
```

Next we check the LNKEDT map for the start location of ASMPROG.

ENTRY	AT	FACTOR	OFFSET	OFFSET
COBVSE1	420078	420078	000000	000000
DOSCOB	421C80	421C80	001C08	001C08
IGZ5INF	422BC8	422BC8	002B50	002B50
ASMPROG	423A00	423A00	003988	003988

• Now using the earlier calculated failing instruction address (X'00423B16') we can calculate the failing instructions offset into ASMPROG : X'00423B16' - X'00423A00' = X'116'.





- How to Handle 4083 (Back-Chain In Error) Abends (contd)?
 - In the ASMPROG HLASM listing we look for offset X'116'.

Loc	Object C	ode	Addr1	Addr2	Stmt	Source	Stater	ment	HLASM R6.0
			00116		126	EXIT	DS	ОН	
000116	0000				129		DC	H'00'	
000118	17FF				131		XR	R15,R15	
Save-ar	ea corru	pting	code :						
000000			00000	001BC	36	ASMPROG	CSECT		
000000	90EC D00	С		0000C	37		STM	14,12,12(13)	SAVE CALLERS REGS
000004	189F				38		LR	R9,R15	GET BASE REGISTER
		R:9	00000		39		USING	ASMPROG, R9	USE R9 AS BASE
000006	17FF				40		XR	R15,R15	Initialise
80000	50F0 916	0		00160	41		ST	R15, SAVAREA+4	BACK-CHAIN Save-area
0000C	41F0 915	С		0015C	43		LA	R15, SAVAREA	GET ROUTINES SAVE AREA ADDR
000010	50FD 000	8		80000	44		ST	R15,8(R13)	FORWARD-CHAIN SAVE AREA
000014	18DF				45		LR	R13,R15	R13 IS ROUTINES SAVE AREA

In summary:

The DC H'00' instruction at offset X'116' was executed which resulted in an Operation Exception. So we can see that the U4083 abend is a subsequent issue to the real failure. The Operation Exception was the real problem but because of a non-LE conforming assembler program corrupting the DSA chain (ASMPROG storing R15 instead of R13 in the back-chain field) LE z/VSE was unable to perform language condition handling semantics or report on the actual failure (via a formatted CEE5DMP dump with a complete Trace Back report). So was forced to issue a U4083 abend instead to terminate the enclave.



– Any questions on handling 4083 User Abends?







Environment Validation :

- Storage overlays are some of the most difficult application problems to diagnose.
- This CEETRACE enhancement is intended to provide comprehensive validation for :
 - Internal LE z/VSE core control blocks.
 - LE z/VSE user HEAP managed storage.
- Available in both CICS and BATCH environments.
- Can be set to perform both validation types simultaneously or individually.
- Beneficial for determining causes of Heap storage corruption abends (eg CEE0802C/U4042).
- For any CEETRACE-enabled application executing in an enabled (or not excluded) partition:
 - Will produce an execution statement history report when corruption is detected.
 - Will identify the statement number responsible for the corruption in the report.
- Heap validation will include the standard LE z/VSE HEAPCHK dump output.
- Latest version for z/VSE 5.1 currently (Aug 2013) CEETRACE V1.2.0 fixpack b.
 - z/VSE 4.3 users can install CEETRACE V1.1.2 fixpack b.







- Environment Validation (contd):
 - For HEAP storage CEETRACE validation processing provides :
 - Standard LE z/VSE HEAPCHK output :

• New Console CELT060E validation failure message.

```
Z2 0051 CELT060E ENVIRONMENT CHECKING TRAPPED CORRUPTION.
Z2 0051 CELR021W LANGUAGE ENVIRONMENT FOR Z/VSE CEETRACE REPORT COMPLETE.
```

Program Execution Statement History Report showing corruption culprit identification

```
14/08/2013 09:15:13.56
                                                 106
                                                                            This Language does not support the SYSDEBUG fi
                          DD:SYSIPT
                                        main
                                                       +000003F0
14/08/2013 09:15:13.56
                          DD:SYSIPT
                                        main
                                                 107
                                                       +00000434
                                                                            This Language does not support the SYSDEBUG fi
                                                                             Requested Validation failed at previous stmt#
14/08/2013 09:15:13.57
                          DD:SYSIPT
                                        main
                                                 108
                                                       +0000046E
```

Check application compile listing at Line/Stmt #107 for error.

```
LINE STMT

*..+...1...+...2...+...3...+...4...+...5...+...6...+...7...+...8...+...9.....*

107 29 | bytes = sprintf(m_char+count, "%d\0", div_res.quot);
```





Using the "auto_rprt" CEETRACE function :

- Benefits:
 - Allows for a program execution statement history report to be produced when:
 - A specific statement number within a specific module entry-point is executed
 - Or after a specified number of statements have been executed within the entire application.
 - Provides a program execution statement history report without an abend occurring.
- Can be used to target program logic execution flow issues.
- Supported in both the BATCH and CICS environments.







Using the "auto_rprt" CEETRACE option (contd):

- For example:
 - Produce a program statement execution history report showing program logic execution flow when statement number #768 in program IGZT5INF is executed.
 - Use a current compiler listing to determine the desired statement number to monitor.

```
000767 *******

000768 Move Ver to Ver-D.

000769 Display ' LE z/VSE Version : ' Ver-D.
```

- At a z/VSE operators console issue the following commands:
 - Note: specify the entry-point name not the PHASE name. See the link-edit map for this information.

```
s cee,ceetrace=(auto_rprt_epn=igz5inf)
AR 0015 CEL4068I CEETRACE Over Ride Options Accepted
AR 0015 CEL4019I Language Environment for z/VSE command complete.
```

- Define statement number to monitor within entry point.

```
s cee,ceetrace=(auto_rprt=s768)
AR 0015 CEL4068I CEETRACE Over Ride Options Accepted
AR 0015 CEL4019I Language Environment for z/VSE command complete.
```





- Using the "auto_rprt" CEETRACE option (contd):
 - The resultant CEETRACE report output when the program is executed is:

```
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 741
                                                       +0000097C
                                                                     COBOL If not CEE000 of fc then
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    Ent/Ext/Par
                                                 N/A.
                                                       +000009AA
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 745
                                                        +000009AC
                                                                     COBOL If bit-result = 1 then
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    Ent/Ext/Par
                                                N/A.
                                                       +000009C2
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
                                                                              Display ' Yay!!! this is COBOL/VSE '
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 746
                                                        +000009C4
                                                                     COBOL
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    Ent/Ext/Par N/A.
                                                       +000009F6
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                         IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 753
                                                        +000009F8
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                            Move 18 to bit-value.
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                                                                            Move 'CEESITST' to LE-CWI.
                         IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 754
                                                       +00000A02
                                                                     COBOL
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 755
                                                        +00000A0C
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                            Call LE-CWI Using env-info, bit-value, fc, bit
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                         IGZ5INF
                                    Ent/Ext/Par
                                                 N/A.
                                                       +00000A6A
                                                                     COBOL
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                         IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 756
                                                        +00000A6C
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                            If not CEE000 of fc then
                                    Ent/Ext/Par N/A.
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                                       +00000A9A
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 760
                                                       +00000A9C
                                                                     COBOL If bit-result = 1 then
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                         IGZ5INF
                                    Ent/Ext/Par N/A.
                                                       +00000AD0
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                          IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 763
                                                       +00000AD2
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                                                running in AMODE24.'
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                         IGZ5INF
                                    Ent/Ext/Par
                                                N/A.
                                                       +00000AE6
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                              External Entry/Exit point, End clause or Par
14/08/2013 13:57:37.90
                         IGZ5INF
                                    IGZ5INF
                                                 768
                                                        +00000AE8
                                                                     COBOL
                                                                            Move Ver to Ver-D.
```

CEETRACE Program Execution Trace Report Complete





Further information

- CEETRACE Heap Storage corruption online tutorial (on vimeo):
 - http://vimeo.com/69933156
- CEETRACE specific new features, hints and tips (on slideshare):
 - http://www.slideshare.net/lezvse/ceetrace-nnew-featurestipsandtricks
- Latest code version and documentation for CEETRACE :
 - http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zvse/downloads/tools.html#ceetrace

















Brazilian Portuguese







English





ありがとうございました

Japanese

감사합니다





Thank You



Please forward your questions or remarks to:

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<u>LEzVSE Blog</u>: https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/lezvse/?lang=en





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