

IBM Systems & Technology Group

z/VM System Limits

WAVV 2011

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Agenda

- Describe various limits
 - Architected
 - Supported
 - Consumption
 - Latent
- Show how to keep tabs on consumables
- Discuss limits that may be hit first



Limits

- Processors
- Memory
- I/O
- Others
- Latent limits
- Additional Disclaimer
 - This presentation looks at individual limits, it is quite possible that you will hit
 one limit before you hit the next. We do it this way to help illustrate which limits
 Development will address first, but then to set expectations as to how much
 greater can one run before hitting that next limit.
 - This presentation talks about limits that are some times beyond the supported limits. This is meant to let the audience know what IBM did to determine where the supported limited should be and why it is the supported limit. It is not meant to imply it is safe to run up to that limit or that IBM knows everything that will go wrong if you do. So please stay at or below the supported limit.



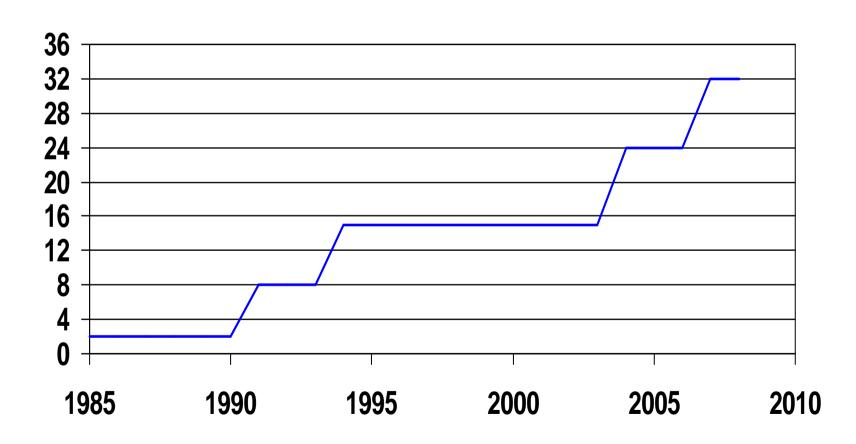
Processors

- Processors (architected): 64
 - Includes all engine types (CP, zAAP, zIIP, IFL...)
- Processors (hardware):
 - z9: 54
 - z10: 64
 - z196: 80
- Logical processors (unsupported): 64 (z10 EC); 54 (z9 EC)
- Logical processors in z/VM partition (support statement): 32
- Master processor (architected): 1
 - 100%-utilized master is the issue
 - z/VM will elect a new master if master fails
- Virtual processors in single virtual machine (architected): 64
 - But $N_{Virtual} > N_{Logical}$ is not usually practical
- Number of partitions: 60 (z9 through z196)



Processor Scaling

Number of Supported Processors





Processors: FCX100 CPU

FCX100 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28 CPU

General CPU Load and User Transactions

From 2007/09/04 09:07:00 To 2007/09/04 10:00:00 For 3180 Secs 00:53:00

CPU 2094-700

z/VM V.5.3.0 SLU 0701

```
Vector Facility
CPU Load
                                                                 Status or
                                                            REST ded. User
PROC TYPE %CPU %CP %EMU %WT %SYS %SP %SIC %LOGLD
                                                %VTOT %VEMU
POO IFL
           16
                    14 84
                                  0
                                      84
                                            16
P15 TFI
           18
                    16 82
                                  0
                                      80
                                            18
                    16 82
P14 IFL
           18
                2
                            1
                                0
                                     80
                                            18
P13 IFL
           18
                    16 82
                                     80
                                            18
P12 IFL
           18
                    16 82
                                  0
                                     81
                                            18
P11 IFL
           18
                     17 82
                 2
                              1
                                  0
                                      80
                                            19
 ... truncated ...
```

- 1. $T/V \sim 18/16 = 1.13$ a little CP overhead here
- 2. Master does not seem unduly burdened



Processors: FCX144 PROCLOG

			<	Percent	Busy	>	< R	ates	per Sec	c>	<		- PLDV		>
	C										Pct	Mean	VMDBK	VMDBK	То
Interval	Р						Inst				Em-	when	Mastr	Stoln	Mastr
End Time	U	Туре	Total	User	Syst	Emul	Siml	DIAG	SIGP	SSCH	pty	Non-0	only	/s	/s
>>Mean>>	0	СР	54.5	53.9	.6	50.4	5608	28.2	1588	155.1	47	1	0	423.5	.1
>>Mean>>	1	СР	61.1	60.7	.5	56.8	6304	30.2	1481	161.5	99	1		421.4	.0
>>Mean>>	2	СР	62.3	61.7	. 5	57.7	6444	30.6	1475	160.8	97	1		418.7	.0
>>Mean>>	3	СР	63.9	63.5	.4	59.5	6534	30.0	1453	153.4	99	1		395.8	.0
>>Mean>>	4	СР	58.3	57.7	.6	54.2	5744	27.2	1520	152.1	99	1		442.8	.0
>>Mean>>	5	СР	60.2	59.8	. 4	56.2	5860	26.7	1457	141.5	99	1		402.7	.0
>>Mean>>	6	СР	61.8	61.3	. 4	57.4	6356	30.6	1552	156.7	99	1		418.9	.0
>>Mean>>	7	СР	60.1	59.7	. 4	55.9	6173	30.6	1554	156.3	98	1		413.3	.0
>>Mean>>		СР	60.2	59.8	. 4	55.9	6128	29.2	1510	154.6	92	1		417.1	.0



Processors: FCX114 USTAT

FCX114 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28

USTAT

Page 186

Wait State Analysis by User

From 2007/09/04 09:07:00

To 2007/09/04 10:00:00

CPU 2094-700

For 3180 Secs 00:53:00

z/VM V.5.3.0 SLU 0701

										<-SV	м an	d->				<	:%T	ime	spen	t in	> Nr of	
Userid	%ACT	%RUN	%CPU	%LDG	%PGW	%IOW	%SIM	%TIW	%CFW	%TI	%EL	%DM	%IOA	%PGA	%LIM	%отн	Q0	Q1	Q2	Q3	EO-3 Users	
>System<	64	1	0	1	0	0	0	83	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	10	1	29	10	57	0 211	
TCPIP	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	97	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	
RSCSDNS1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SNMPD	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	98	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	
SZVAS001	100	2	0	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	12	85	0	

- 1. %CPU wait is very low nobody is starved for engine
- 2. %TIW is "test idle wait" we are waiting to see if queue drop happens



Memory – Part 1

Central storage

- Supported central storage: 256 GB
- Unsupported central storage (maximum LPAR size):
 - z9: 512 GB minus your HSA
 - z10: 1 TB
 - z196: 1TB
- z/VM primitive tests have been run with 1TB

Expanded storage (architected): 16TB

- z/VM Limit: 128GB supported
 - Up to about 660GB unsupported (depends on other factors)
- See http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/storconf.html



Memory – Part 2

Virtual machine size:

- Supported/Tested 1 TB (2⁴⁰)
 - Practical limit can be gated by Reorder Processing.
 - Production level performance will require adequate real memory.
- Hardware limits
 - Z196 16TB
 - z10 8TB
 - z9 1TB
 - z990 256GB
 - z900 256GB



Memory – Part 3

- Active, or instantiated, guest real limit imposed by PTRM space limits (architected): 8 TB
 - 16 4-GB PTRM spaces; each PTRM space can map 512 GB of guest real
- Virtual to real ratio (practical): about 2:1 or 3:1
 - Warning: Different people have different definitions for "Virtual to real memory". Here we are using total virtual machine size of started virtual machines to central storage.
 - 1:1 if you want to eliminate performance impact for production workloads.
 - As you get above 2:1, you really need to do your homework on your paging subsystem
 - Many factors come into play here:
 - Active:Idle Virtual machines
 - Workload/SLA sensitivity to delays
 - Exploitation of shared memory
 - CMM usage
 - Other



Memory - Part 4

- Paging space (architected) (optimal when <= 50% allocated):</p>
 - 11.2 TB for ECKD
 - 15.9 TB for Emulated FBA on FCP SCSI
- Concurrent paging I/Os per paging volume: 1 for ECKD, >1 for EDEV (Have observed 1.6)
- System Execution Space (SXS) (architected): 2 GB
 - For practical purposes it is 2GB, but there are structures in the space placed above 2GB
- DCSS aggregate size (architected):
 - Individual Segments up to 2047 MB
 - Segments can reside above 2GB, starting in z/VM 5.4.0
- Minidisk Cache (architected): 8GB
 - Practical 2GB
- Installing z/VM: 2GB
 - On some machines, there is a problem with having more than 2GB Central when doing the initial install of z/VM off the DVD.



Memory References

Memory Over Commit

http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/memory.html

Paging in General

– http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/prgpage.html

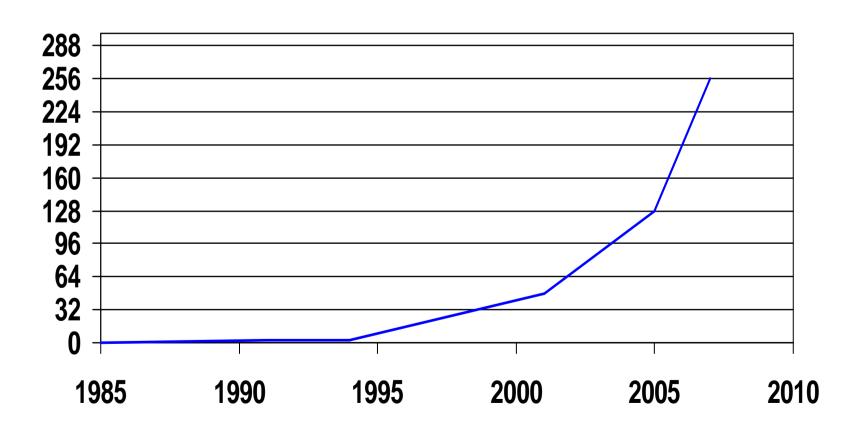
Reorder Processing

– http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/reorder.html



Memory Scaling

Effective Real Memory Use Limits





Page Slots: FCX146 AUXLOG

FCX146 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28 AUXLOG

Auxiliary Storage Utilization, by Time

From 2007/09/04 09:07:00 To 2007/09/04 10:00:00 For 3180 Secs 00:53:00

```
<Page Slots> <Spool Slots> <---- Spool Files ----> <Average MLOAD>
           Total Used
                         Total Used
                                       Total Used <-Created--> <--Purged-->
                                                                             Paging Spooling
Interval
           Slots
                         Slots
                                                    Total
                                                             /s Total
Fnd Time
                                       Slots
                                                                               msec
                                                                                        msec
          87146k
                       5409096
                                  52
                                                       54
                                                            .02
                                                                    54
                                                                         .02
                                                                                2.8
>>Mean>>
                   44
                                           0
                                                                                          . 8
          87146k
09:08:00
                       5409096
                                  52
                                                            .02
                                                                         .02
                                                                                2.3
                                                                                          . 8
                  44
                                                                    1
                                                        1
          87146k
                                                                                3.9
09:09:00
                   44 5409096
                                  52
                                                            .02
                                                                        .02
                                                                                          . 8
09:10:00
          87146k
                       5409096
                                  52
                                                           .02
                                                                        .02
                                                                                3.6
                                                                                          . 8
09:11:00
          87146k
                       5409096
                                  52
                                                            .02
                                                                        .02
                                                                                2.8
                                                                                          . 8
                                                        1
09:12:00
          87146k
                   44 5409096
                                  52
                                                            .02
                                                                        .02
                                                                                2.9
                                                                                          . 8
                                                        1
                                                                    1
```

1. This system is using 44% of its page slots.



DASD I/O: FCX109 DEVICE CPOWNED

FCX109 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28 DEVICE CPOWNED Page 152 Load and Performance of CP Owned Disks From 2007/09/04 09:07:00 2007/09/04 10:00:00 CPU 2094-700 3180 Secs 00:53:00 z/VM V.5.3.0 SLU 0701 Page / SPOOL Allocation Summary PAGE slots available 87146k SPOOL slots available 5409096 PAGE slot utilization SPOOL slot utilization 44% 52% T-Disk cylinders avail. DUMP slots available 0 T-Disk space utilization . . . % DUMP slot utilization <----> User < Device Descr. -> Serv MLOAD Block %Used Volume Area Area Used <--Page---> <--Spool--> SSCH Inter Queue Time Resp Addr Devtyp Serial Type Extent % P-Rds P-Wrt S-Rds S-Wrt Total +RSCH feres Lngth /Page Time Size Alloc F08B 3390 VS2P49 PAGE 0-3338 .02 2.4 1.7 ... 4.4 1.6 2.4 89 F090 3390 VS2P69 PAGE 0-3338 45 2.7 1.6 ... 4.3 1.6 1 0 2.7 2.7 7 84



V:R Ratio and Segment Tables: FCX113 UPAGE

```
<----- Paging Activity/s -----> <----- Number of Pages ----->
                      Page <-Page Migration--> <-Resident-> <--Locked-->
        <Page Rate>
                                                                                                  Stor Nr of
Userid Reads Write Steals >2GB> X>MS MS>X X>DS
                                                    WSS R<2GB R>2GB L<2GB L>2GB XSTOR
                                                                                            DASD Size Users
                                                          2347 106962
>System< 1.7
                1.1
                       4.1
                              .0 2.4 3.7 1.4 122050
                                                                                 24 12240 179131 1310M
                                                                                                         212
DATAMOVF
                 .0
                        .0 .0 .0 .1 .0
                                                     13
                                                                                      483
                                                                                             254
                                                                                                   32M

      147
      0
      0
      0
      0
      220

      192
      0
      0
      0
      0
      220

      191
      0
      0
      0
      0
      220

DATAMOVA .0 .0
                        .0 .0 .5 .5 .0
                                                                                             368
                                                                                                   32M
                        .0 .0 .6 .6 .0
DATAMOVB .0 .0
                                                                                             366
                                                                                                   32M
                        .0 .0 .6 .6 .0
DATAMOVC .0 .0
                                                                                             369
                                                                                                   32M
                              .0 .6 .6 .0
                 .0
                                                    189
                                                                                      220
                                                                                             362
                                                                                                   32M
DATAMOVD
```

- 1. Resident Guest Pages = (2347 + 106962) * 212 = 88.3 GB
- 2. V:R = (1310 MB * 212) / 91 GB = 2.98



PTRM Space: FCX134 DSPACESH

```
<----- Rate per Sec. -----> <-----> Number of Pages----->
                                                      <--Resid--> <-Locked--> <-Aliases->
                Pgstl Pgrds Pgwrt X-rds X-wrt X-mig Total Resid R<2GB Lock L<2GB Count Lockd XSTOR DASD
Data Space Name
                                 .043 .074 .022 147k 1842
                 .075 .093 .015
                                                                    0
                                                                                        75 2998
-----
                      .000 .000
                                 .000 .000 .000 524k
                                                              0
FULL$TRACK$CACHE$1 .000
                                                         0
                                                                                    0
                                                                                         0
                                                                                              0
                      .000 .000
                                 .000 .000 .000 524k
                                                                  100 74 112
                                                                                  100
                                                       112
ISFCDATASPACE
                  .000
                                                              74
                                                                                              41
                14.79 1.733 .752 14.05 14.43 .039 1049k
                                                                                    0 5879 54074
PTRM0000
                                                       596k 30116
                      .000 .000
                                 .000 .000 .000
                 .000
                                                  40M
                                                         0
                                                                                         0
                                                                                              0
REAL
                 .023 .000 .037
                                 .019 .023 .004 524k
SYSTEM
                                                        41
                                                                                        17 6410
```

1. PTRM space =
$$(596,000 + 5879 + 54,074) = 655,953 = 2.5 \text{ GB}$$



Real Memory: FCX254 AVAILLOG

FCX254 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28 AVAILLOG Page 190
Available List Management, by Time

From 2007/09/04 09:07:00 To 2007/09/04 10:00:00

TO 2007/09/04 10:00:00 CPU 2094-700

For 3180 Secs 00:53:00 z/VM V.5.3.0 SLU 0701

```
<----->
        <---- Thresholds ----> <----- Page Frames -----> <-Times-> <----- Replenishment ------> Perct
Interval <---Low---> <--High---> <Available> <Obtains/s> <Returns/s> <-Empty-> <--Scan1--> <--Scan2--> <-Em-Scan-> Scan Emerg
                              <2GB >2GB <2GB >2GB <2GB >2GB <2GB >2GB Compl Pages Compl Pages Compl Pages Fail
End Time
         <2GB >2GB <2GB >2GB
           20 7588 5820 13388
                              5130 7678 323.3 857.4 311.5 844.8
                                                                                  63 1380k
                                                                                            58 84490
>>Mean>>
                                                                       27 1381k
                                                                                                          88
09:08:00
           20 7680 5820 13480
                              6665 15122 353.3 838.5 353.2 1007
                                                                        0 43091
                                                                                  3 26491
                                                                                                 0
                                                                                                     3
                                                                                                         100
09:09:00
          20 7680 5820 13480
                              3986 5496 163.1 640.2 108.9 442.7
                                                                                                 0
                                                              0
                                                                        1 14528
                                                                                                          0
09:10:00
          20 7681 5820 13481
                              6622 9542 222.4 556.1 257.0 598.3
                                                                        0 30103
                                                                                  2 8868
                                                                                                     1
                                                                                                         100
09:11:00
           20 7681 5820 13481
                              4982 6710 292.1 615.2 248.8 533.6
                                                                        0 21246
                                                                                            1 3989
                                                                                                     1
                                                                                                         100
                                                                                  0 8547
09:12:00
           20 7681 5820 13481
                              4769 1560 284.9 946.9 254.4 830.0
                                                                        0 18253
                                                                                  0 22438
                                                                                            2 656
                                                                                                     1
                                                                                                         100
```

- 1. Pct ES = 88% generally this system is tight on storage
- 2. Scan fail >0 generally this system is tight on storage
- Times Empty = 0 this indicates it isn't critical yet (you do not need to wait for things to be critical).



SXS Space: FCX261 SXSAVAIL

FCX261 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28 Page 261 SXSAVAIL System Execution Space Page Queues Management From 2007/09/04 09:07:00 2007/09/04 10:00:00 CPU 2094-700 3180 Secs 00:53:00 z/VM V.5.3.0 SLU 0701 Interval Avail <-Pages/s--> <Preferred> Avail <-Pages/s--> <Preferred> <---- Replenishment ---> End Time Pages Taken Return Used Empty Pages Taken Return Used Empty Pages Taken Return Used Empty Thres Att/s Stolen MinPgs 26 .513 .509 .513 .000 3 1.798 1.804 1.798 4.114 466946 130.3 130.1 126.2 .000 >>Mean>> 128 .000 128 09:08:00 26 .483 .383 .483 .000 0 1.650 1.650 1.650 3.667 467829 128.2 127.3 124.5 128 .000 .000 128 .583 .583 3.067 465679 120.8 84.98 117.8 09:09:00 26 .500 .500 .500 .000 0 .583 .000 128 .000 128 09:10:00 27 .517 .533 .517 .000 0 1.183 1.183 1.183 4.000 467657 109.1 142.1 105.1 .000 128 .000 128 09:11:00 27 .517 .517 .517 .000 0 1.633 1.633 1.633 2.917 467632 137.2 136.8 134.3 128 .000 128 09:12:00 29 .450 .483 .450 .000 0 2.000 2.000 2.000 3.383 467654 129.9 130.2 126.5 128 .000 128 .000 09:13:00 27 .517 .483 .517 .000 0 2.483 2.483 2.483 3.550 467698 139.3 140.0 135.7 .000 128 .000 128 0 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.750 465651 119.0 84.92 116.3 .000 09:14:00 25 .550 .517 .550 .000 128 .000 128

- 1. How we touch guest pages: (1) 64-bit; (2) AR mode; (3) SXS.
- 2. There are 524,288 pages in the SXS.
- 3. This system has 466,000 SXS pages available on average.



MDC: FCX178 MDCSTOR

	<		Mair	Storage Frames						
Interval		<actu< td=""><td>a1></td><td>Min</td><td>Max</td><td>Page</td><td>Steal</td><td></td></actu<>	a1>	Min	Max	Page	Steal			
End Time	Ideal	<2GB	>2GB	Set	Set	Del/s	Invokd/s	Bias		
>>Mean>>	5839k	82738	1354k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		
09:57:41	5838k	119813	1932k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		
09:58:11	5838k	119813	1932k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		
09:58:41	5838k	119825	1932k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		
09:59:11	5838k	119825	1932k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		
09:59:41	5838k	119825	1932k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		
10:00:11	5838k	119837	1932k	0	7864k	0	.000	1.00		

- Xstore not used for this configuration so edited out from report.
- Add up the pages in Main Storage and you get ~8GB



MDC Spaces: FCX134 DSPACESH

			<		>						
Owning		Users		<res< td=""><td>sid></td><td><-Locl</td><td>ced></td><td><-Alia</td><td>ases-></td><td></td><td></td></res<>	sid>	<-Locl	ced>	<-Alia	ases->		
Userid	Data Space Name	Permt	Total	Resid	R<2GB	Lock	L<2GB	Count	Lockd	XSTOR	DASD
>System<		0	1507k	5665	101	0	0	100	0	0	0
SYSTEM	FULL\$TRACK\$CACHE\$1	0	524k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	FULL\$TRACK\$CACHE\$2	0	524k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	FULL\$TRACK\$CACHE\$3	0	524k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	FULL\$TRACK\$CACHE\$4	0	524k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	ISFCDATASPACE	0	524k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	PTRM0000	0	1049k	44489	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	REAL	0	7864k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYSTEM	SYSTEM	0	524k	805	787	0	0	800	0	0	0
SYSTEM	VIRTUAL\$FREE\$STORAGE	0	524k	23	23	0	0	0	0	0	0

- You'll see the address spaces used for MDC (track cache)
- Values here are zero for page counts, ignore.
- More than one FULL\$TRACK\$CACHE\$# space should be investigated to see if it the MDC settings are higher than needed.



Reorder Processing - Background

- Page reorder is the process in z/VM of managing user frame owned lists as input to demand scan processing.
 - It includes resetting the HW reference bit.
 - Serializes the virtual machine (all virtual processors).
 - In all releases of z/VM
- It is done periodically on a virtual machine basis.
- The cost of reorder is proportional to the number of <u>resident</u> frames for the virtual machine.
 - Roughly 130 ms/GB resident
 - Delays of ~1 second for guest having 8 GB resident
 - This can vary for different reasons +/- 40%



Reorder Processing - Diagnosing

Performance Toolkit

- Check resident page fields ("R<2GB" & "R>2GB") on FCX113 UPAGE report
 - Remember, Reorder works against the resident pages, not total virtual machine size.
- Check Console Function Mode Wait ("%CFW") on FCX114 USTAT report
 - A virtual machine may be brought through console function mode to serialize Reorder. There are other ways to serialize for Reorder and there are other reasons that for CFW, so this is not conclusive.

REORDMON

- Available from the VM Download Page http://www.vm.ibm.com/download/packages/
- Works against raw MONWRITE data for all monitored virtual machines
- Works in real time for a specific virtual machine
- Provides how often Reorder processing occurs in each monitor interval



REORDMON Example

	Num. of	Average	Average					
Userid	Reorders	Rsdnt(MB)	Ref'd(MB)	Reorder Times				
LINUX002	2	18352	13356	13:29:05 14:15:05				
LINUX001	1	22444	6966	13:44:05				
LINUX005	1	14275	5374	13:56:05				
LINUX003	2	21408	13660	13:43:05 14:10:05				
LINUX007	1	12238	5961	13:51:05				
LINUX006	1	9686	4359	13:31:05				
LINUX004	1	21410	11886	14:18:05				



Reorder Processing - Mitigations

- Try to keep the virtual machine as small as possible.
- Virtual machines with multiple applications may need to be split into multiple virtual machines with fewer applications.
- See http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/reorder.html for more details.
- Apply APAR VM64774 if necessary:
 - SET and QUERY commands, system wide settings
 - Corrects problem in earlier "patch" solution that inhibits paging of PGMBKs (Page Tables) for virtual machines where Reorder is set off.
 - z/VM 5.4.0 PTF UM33167 RSU 1003
 - z/VM 6.1.0 PTF UM33169 RSU 1003



VMDUMP Processing Concern

- VMDUMP is a very helpful command for problem determination.
- Some weaknesses:
 - Does not scale well, can take up to 40 minutes per GB.
 - It is not interruptible
 - APAR VM64548 is open to address this.
- Linux provides a disk dump utility which is much faster relative to VMDUMP.
 - It is disruptive
 - Does not include segments outside the normal virtual machine.
- See http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/vmdump.html



I/O

- Number of subchannels in a partition (aka device numbers) (architected): 65,535
- Device numbers per disk volume
 - Without PAV, 1
 - With PAV or HyperPAV, 8 (base plus seven aliases)
- Virtual Devices per Virtual Machine:
 - 24576 (24K)
- Concurrent real I/Os per ECKD disk volume: 1 usually, but 8 with PAV or HyperPAV if of guest origin



I/O: DASD Volume Sizes

- ECKD minidisk for a CMS file system:
 - 32768 cylinders (22.5 GB)
 - 65520 cylinders (~45 GB) with CMS EAV APAR VM64711
- Largest EFBA minidisk for a CMS file system: 381 GB
 - Practical limit of 22GB due to file system structure under 16MB, unless there are very few files.
- Largest ECKD volume:
 - 65536 cylinders (45 GB)
 - 262,668 cylinders (~180 GB) with EAV APAR VM64709
 - CP use limited to first 64K cylinders
- Largest EDEV CP can use: 1024 GB (but PAGE, SPOL, DRCT must be below 64 GB line on volume)
- Largest EDEV, period: 2³² FB-512 blocks (2048 GB)



I/O

- VDISK size (architected): 2 GB (minus eight 512-byte blocks)
- Total VDISK (architected): 2TB
- Single VSWITCH OSAs: 8
- Real HiperSockets VLAN IDs: 4096



DASD I/O: FCX108 DEVICE

FCX108 Run 2007/09/06 14:00:28 DEVICE Page 110

General I/O Device Load and Performance

From 2007/09/04 09:07:00

To 2007/09/04 10:00:00

CPU 2094-700 SN

For 3181 Secs 00:53:01

Z/VM V.5.3.0 SLU 0701

```
<-- Device Descr. --> Mdisk Pa- <-Rate/s-> <----- Time (msec) -----> Req. <Percent> SEEK Recov <-Throttle->
         Label/ID
                     Links ths I/O Avoid Pend Disc Conn Serv Resp CUWt Qued Busy READ
                                                                                     Cyls SSCH Set/s
Addr Type
                                           . 2
                                                .1 3.4 3.7 3.7
>> All DASD <<
                                 . 5
                                                                   .0
                                                                                 17
                                                                                     1173
                                                                                                         .0
                             4 12.9 147.0
                                           . 2
                                                . 7
                                                     .4 1.3 1.3
                                                                       .0
                                                                                      193
F024 3390
           VS2426
                                                                                 91
                                           . 3
                                                . 2
                                                     .6 1.1 1.1
0C20 CTCA
                             1 12.6
                                                                       .0
                                           . 2
F685 3390
           VS2W01
                       290
                             4 11.8
                                                .0
                                                     .3 .5
                                                             . 5
                                                                   .0
                                                                       .0
                                                                                 84
                                                                                       89
                                           .2 .3
                                                         .9
                                                                        .0
F411 3390
           VS2613
                         1
                             4 10.6
                                       . 5
                                                     . 4
                                                             . 9
                                                                   .0
                                                                                  1 1303
```



Other

- Number of spool files (architected):
 - 9999 per user
 - 1.6 million spool files per system
 - 1024 files per warm start block * (180 * 9) warm start blocks
- Number of logged-on virtual machines (approximate): about 100,000 (per designers)



Metrics for Formal Spin Locks

FCX265 CPU 2094 SER 19B9E Interval 02:31:51 - 12:34:01 GDLVM7

	<			Spin Lock Activity							
	<	- Total -	>	<]	Exclusive	>	<	- Shared	>		
Interval	Locks	Average	Pct	Locks	Average	Pct	Locks	Average	Pct		
End Time LockName	/sec	usec	Spin	/sec	usec	Spin	/sec	usec	Spin		
>>Mean>> SRMATDLK	1.9	.539	.000	1.9	.539	.000	.0	.000	.000		
>>Mean>> RSAAVCLK	.0	2.015	.000	.0	2.015	.000	.0	.000	.000		
>>Mean>> FSDVMLK	.0	24.97	.000	.0	24.97	.000	.0	.000	.000		
>>Mean>> SRMALOCK	.0	.000	.000	.0	.000	.000	.0	.000	.000		
>>Mean>> HCPTRQLK	4.1	.195	.000	4.1	.195	.000	.0	.000	.000		
>>Mean>> SRMSLOCK	34.0	1.096	.001	32.7	1.037	.001	1.3	.001	.000		



Latent Limits

- Sometimes it's not an architected limit
- Sometimes it's just "your workload won't scale past here, because..."
- In our studies of z/VM 5.3, we found these kinds of latent limits:
 - Searching for a below-2-GB frame in lists dominated by above-2-GB frames (storage balancing functions)
 - Contention for locks, usually the scheduler lock
- These kinds of phenomena were the reasons we published the limits to be 256 GB and 32 engines
 - We wanted to publish supported limits we felt would be safe in a very large variety of workloads and environments
 - Many of our measurement workloads scaled higher than this (for example, 440 GB and 54 engines)



Other Notes on z/VM Limits

Sheer hardware:

- z/VM 5.2: 24 engines, 128 GB real
- z/VM 5.3: 32 engines, 256 GB real
- zSeries: 65,000 I/O devices

Workloads we've run in test have included:

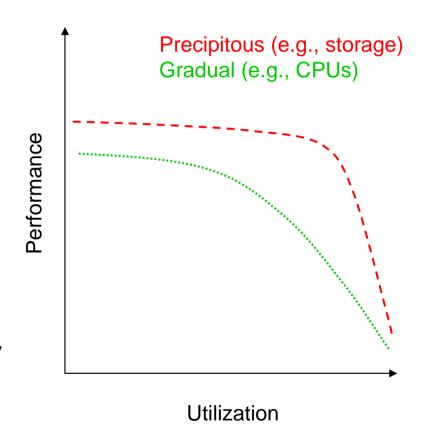
- 54 engines
- 440 GB real storage
- 128 GB XSTORE
- 240 1-GB Linux guests
- 8 1-TB guests

Utilizations we routinely see in customer environments

- 85% to 95% CPU utilization without worry
- Tens of thousands of pages per second without worry

Our limits tend to have two distinct shapes

- Performance drops off slowly with utilization (CPUs)
- Performance drops off rapidly when wall is hit (storage)





Keeping Tabs on Consumption Limits

Processor

CPU utilization: FCX100 CPU, FCX114 USTAT

Memory & Paging

- Page slots in use: FCX146 AUXLOG
- DASD I/O: FCX109 DEVICE CPOWNED
- V:R Memory ratio: FCX113 UPAGE
- PTRM space consumed: FCX134 DSPACESH
- Storage in use for segment tables: FCX113 UPAGE
- Consumption of SXS space: FCX261 SXSAVAIL
- MDC: FCX178 MDCSTOR, FCX134 DSPACESH
- Consumption of real memory: FCX103 STORAGE, FCX254 AVAILLOG
- Consumption of expanded storage: FCX103 STORAGE

I/O

- DASD I/O: FCX108 DEVICE
- Concurrency on FICON chpids: FCX131 DEVCONF, FCX215 INTERIM FCHANNEL, FCX168 DEVLOG



What Consumption Limits Will We Hit First?

Depends on workload

- Guest-storage-intensive:
 - page slots on DASD... at 5-6 TB things start to get interesting... mitigate by paging to SCSI
 - utilization on paging volumes and chpids: watch for MLOAD elongation... mitigate by spreading I/O
 - Page Reorder Processing
 - mitigation by application tuning... perhaps smaller guests
- Real-storage-intensive:
 - Ability of the system to page will limit you: ensure adequate XSTORE and paging capacity
 - You can define > 256 GB of real storage, but we are aware that some workloads cannot scale that high
 - Mitigation by application tuning or by using CMM
- CPU-intensive:
 - FCX100 CPU and FCX 114 USTAT will reveal CPU limitations
 - You can define > 32 engines, but we are aware that some workloads cannot scale that high
 - Mitigation by application tuning
- I/O-intensive:
 - Device queueing: consider whether PAV or HyperPAV might offer leverage
 - Chpid utilization: add more chpids per storage controller
- Ultimately partitions can be split, but we would prefer you not have to do this (too complicated)
- Without trend data (repeated samples) for your workloads it is difficult to predict which of these limits you will hit first



Summary

Knowing Limits:

- Real resource consumption
- Limits to managing the virtualization of real resources

Measuring Limits:

- Knowing where to watch for these limits
- Including these in capacity planning

Managing Limits

- Tuning and configuring
- Planning for growth