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Processor Resources	
<ul> <li>Configuration</li> <li>Virtual 1- to 64-way, defined in user directory or via CP command</li> <li>A real processor can be dedicated to a virtual machine</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Control and Limits</li> <li>"Share" setting</li> <li>Absolute or relative</li> <li>Target minimum and maximum values</li> <li>Maximum values (limit shares) either hard or soft</li> <li>Virtual machine share is divided among its virtual processors</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Rules of thumb</li> <li>For each guest, N<sub>v</sub> &lt;= N<sub>1</sub></li> <li>Define only as many virtual processors as the workload needs         <ul> <li>Share dilution; Diag x'44' overhead</li> <li>Do not mix shared and dedicated processors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
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Processor: SIE Exits	
SIE = Start Interpretive Execution	
Used by z/VM <sup>a</sup> to run a guest	
<ul> <li>Exits from SIE indicate work for VM</li> <li>I/O processing</li> <li>Page fault resolution</li> <li>Instruction simulation (aka priv ops)</li> <li>Minor time slice expires</li> <li>Loaded wait state</li> </ul>	
Each reason for exiting SIE has a different cost (CPU time spent in CP)	
<ul> <li>Rate of SIE executions available from most performance monitor products (for example, Performance Toolkit FCX239 report)</li> </ul>	
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## **VM Overhead Cloud Chart**

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Processor: Virtual MP	
<ul> <li>Define additional processors dynamically</li> <li>Directory include MACHINE ESA 2</li> <li>CP DEFINE CPU vcpu_addr</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Or put everything in the directory</li> <li>CPU 00 NODEDICATE</li> <li>CPU 01 NODEDICATE</li> </ul>	
Detaching a virtual processor resets virtual machine	
Usually, not more virtual processors than real ones	
<ul> <li>Do not define virtual processors unnecessarily</li> <li>Dilutes share</li> </ul>	
Produces excessive Diag x'44' overhead	
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Storage Resources	
<ul> <li>Configuration</li> <li>Defined in user directory or via CP command</li> <li>Can define storage with gaps (useful for testing)</li> <li>Can attach expanded storage to virtual machine</li> <li>Control and Limits</li> <li>Scheduler helps control overcommitting storage and paging resources</li> <li>Virtual machines that do not "fit" criteria are placed in eligible list</li> <li>Virtual machine can be made exempt from eligible list via QUICKDSP</li> <li>Can "reserve" or "lock" pages for important guests</li> <li>Reserve a number of pages to influence storage management page steal algorithms (recommended approach)</li> <li>Lock specific pages (less flexible, requires clairvoyance)</li> </ul>	
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## Define some central storage for MDC Define some central storage for MDC

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Networking Choices	
<ul> <li>Lots of variations for connecting:</li> <li>Guests to other guests</li> <li>Guests to another LPAR</li> <li>Guests to external network</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Continued improvement in both Linux and VM stacks</li> <li>z/VM 4.4.0 TCP/IP and VSWITCH are notable</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Workload-dependent</li> <li>MTU impact</li> <li>Below-2-GB storage impact (z/VM 5.1 or earlier)</li> <li>Performance may improve as load increases</li> <li>Data rate and number of connections</li> </ul>	
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