

IS03/VS02 - z/VSE Network Appliance

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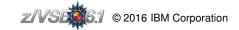
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New: z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA)

Announcement "IBM z/VSE V6 -- What will be next" (216-128)



- The z/VSE Network Appliance builds on the z/VSE Linux Fast Path (LFP) function and provides TCP/IP network access without requiring a TCP/IP stack in z/VSE
 - The appliance utilizes the new **z Appliance Container Infrastructure** (zACI) introduced on **z13 and z13s** servers
- The z/VSE Network Appliance is an extension of the z/VSE z/VM IP Assist (VIA) function introduced on z114 and z196 servers
 - VIA provides network access for TCP/IP socket applications running on z/VSE as a z/VM guest
 - With the new z/VSE Network Appliance this is available for z/VSE systems running in an LPAR
 - When available, the z/VSE Network Appliance will be provided as a downloadable package
 - It can then be deployed with the appliance installer

In summary:

- The VIA function is available for z/VSE systems running as z/VM guests
- The z/VSE Network Appliance is available for z/VSE systems running without z/VM in LPARs
- Both provide network access for TCP/IP socket applications that use the Linux Fast Path
- However, no TCP/IP stack is required on the z/VSE system, and no Linux on z Systems needs to be installed
- The z/VSE Network Appliance can be used with **z/VSE V5** and later
- Available since: June 30, 2016



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Fast Path to Linux on z Systems (LFP)

- Allows selected TCP/IP applications to communicate with the TCP/IP stack on Linux without using a TCP/IP stack on z/VSE
- All socket requests are transparently forwarded to a Linux on z Systems system running in the same z/VM

→ Linux Fast Path in a z/VM environment

- Both z/VSE and Linux on z Systems run as z/VM Guests in the same z/VM-mode LPAR on IBM z10, z114 or z196, z13 or z13s
- Uses an IUCV connection between z/VSE and Linux

→ Linux Fast Path in an LPAR environment

- Both z/VSE and Linux on z Systems run in their own LPARs on a zEnterprise server or IBM z13/z13s
- A HiperSockets connection is used between z/VSE and Linux on z Systems
- LFP requires the HiperSockets Completion Queue function that is available on a z114, z196, zBC12, zEC12, z13 or z13s

The Fast Path to Linux on z Systems provides standard TCP/IP socket APIs for programs running on z/VSE

- Other than the basic socket API, no other tools are provided
- Since z/VSE V5.1: LFP supports IPv6

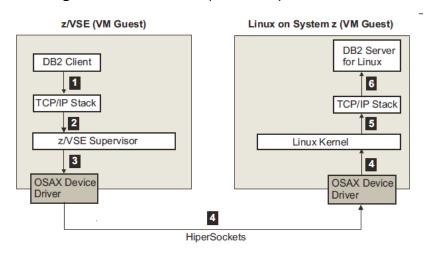
Possible performance increase due to:

- Less overhead for TCP/IP processing on z/VSE (TCP, sequence numbers and acknowledging, checksums, resends, etc)
- More reliable communication method (IUCV) compared to HiperSockets, which is a network device, with all its packet drops, resends, etc.



Communication flows when using Linux Fast Path

Using a TCP/IP stack (CSI/BSI):



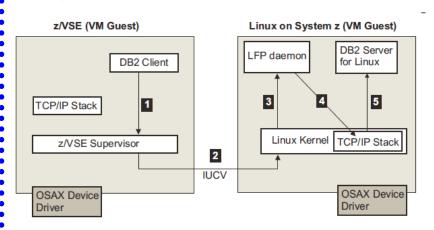
Less overhead for TCP/IP processing on z/VSE

- Building of IP and TCP packets
- Sequence numbers and acknowledging
- Checksums
- Retransmission of lost packets

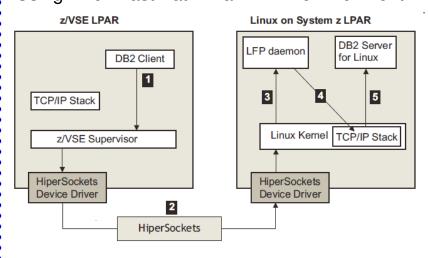
More reliable communication method compared to a traditional network device

- IUCV is a reliable communication method (z/VM)
- HiperSockets Completion Queue support allows to build a reliable communication path (LPAR)

Using Linux Fast Path in a z/VM environment:



Using Linux Fast Path in an LPAR environment:

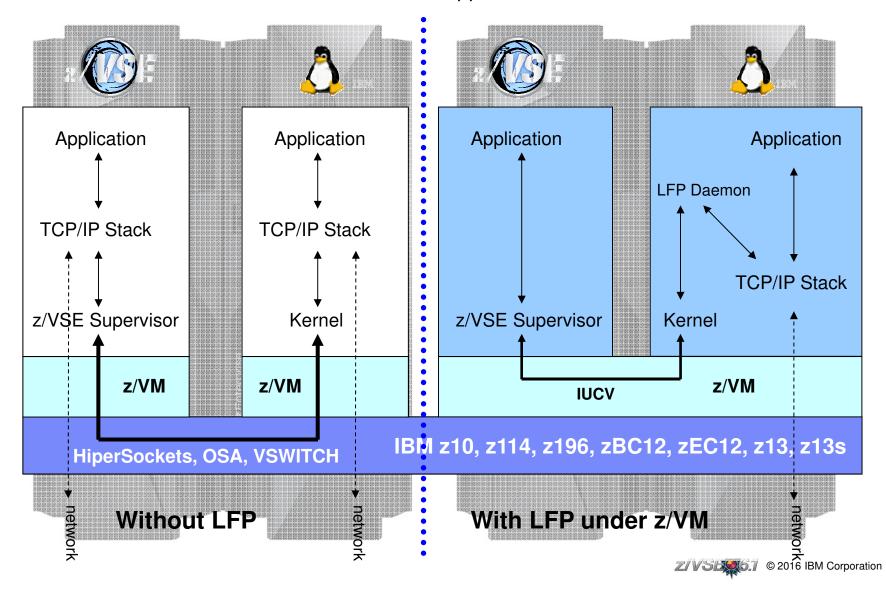






Linux Fast Path in a z/VM environment

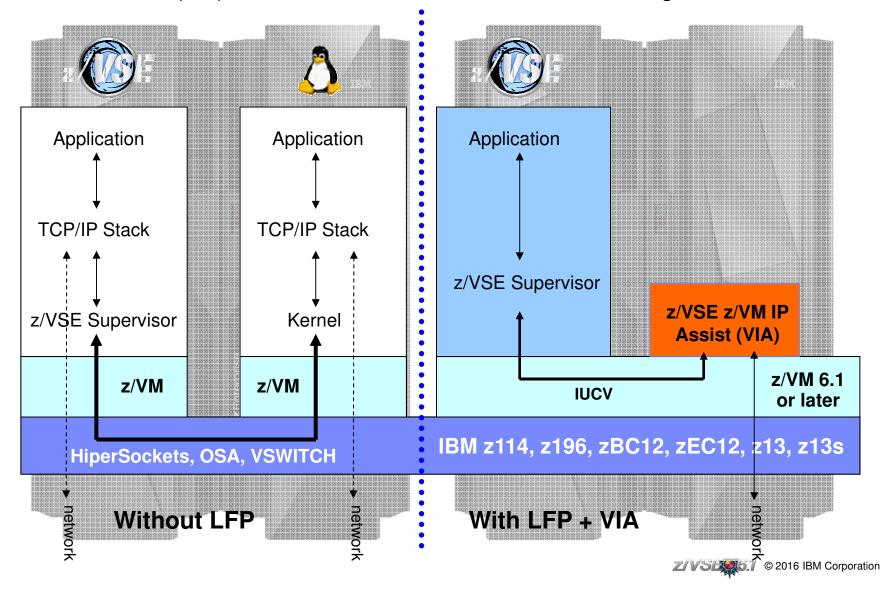
Faster communication between z/VSE and Linux applications





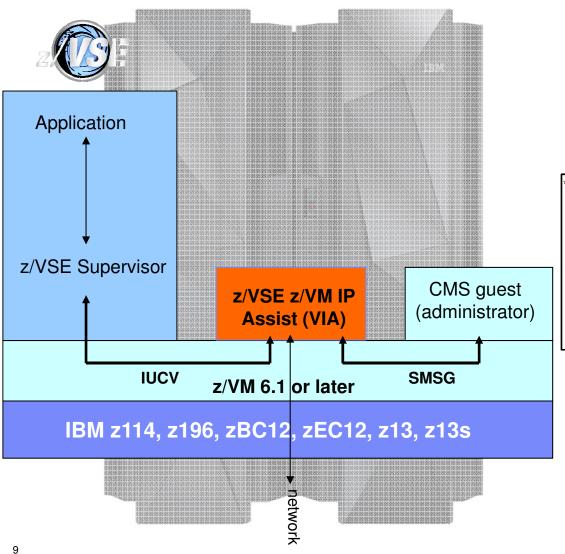
z/VSE z/VM IP Assist (VIA)

With z/VM IP Assist (VIA), no Linux is needed to utilize the LFP advantage





z/VSE z/VM IP Assist (VIA)



- ➤ The z/VSE VIA guest image is configured using the SCPDATA parameter of the LOADDEV directory control statement of a z/VM directory entry
 - specifies the network configuration for the z/VSE VIA guest.
 - formatted in JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)

```
* Network adapters and configuration
LOADDEV SCPDATA '{',
    '"profiles":["zVSE-VIA"],',
    '"networkCards": [',
    { "OSM": "all", "linkLocalIPv6": null},',
    { "OSA": "2408", "staticIPv4": "9.152.11.86/24"},',
    { "OSX": "110", "staticIPv6": "2001:0db8:85a3::7334/64"},',
    { "hipersockets": "9000", "linkLocalIPv6": null},',
    ],',
    '"defaultGateway":"y.y.y.y/nn",',
    '"DNS":["y.y.y.y/nn","z.z.z.z/nn"],',
    '"hostName":"myServer"',
    ''}'
```

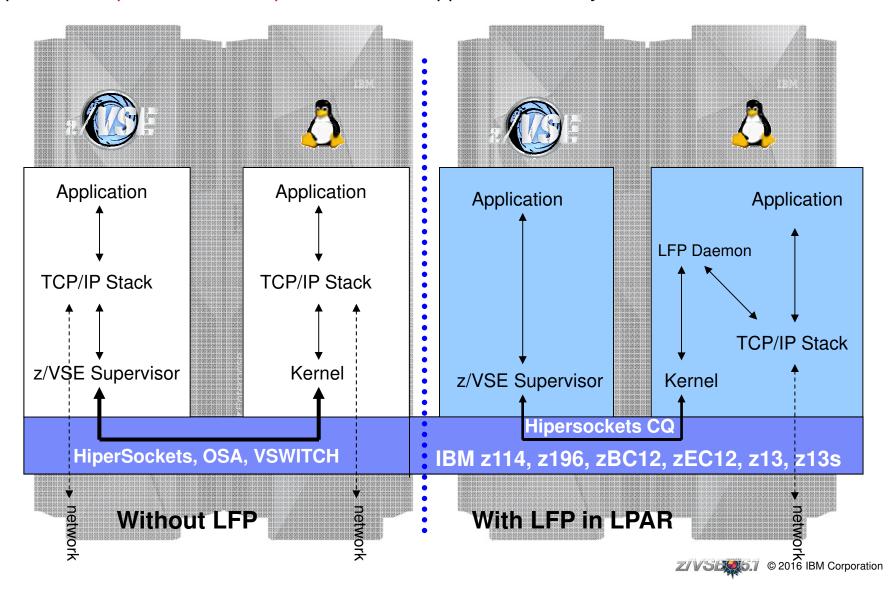
- ➤ The z/VSE VIA guest is configured to have access to 2 CMS minidisks:
 - 1. Configuration disk (0D4C)
 - · LFP instance configuration files
 - SENDERS.ALLOWED
 - 2. Data disk (0D4D) optional
 - For trace output





Linux Fast Path in an LPAR environment

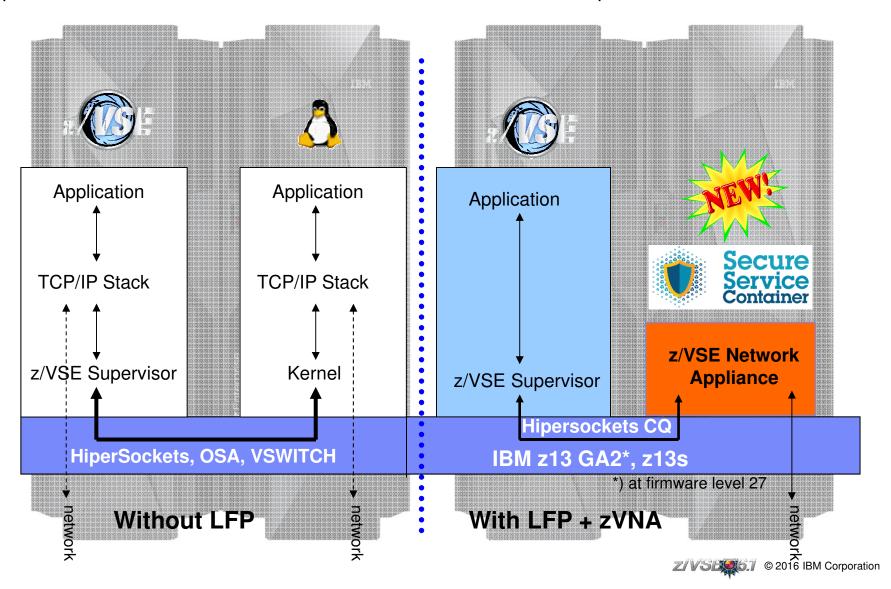
Exploits the HiperSockets Completion-Queue support of IBM z Systems





New: z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA)

Exploits the IBM Secure Service Container introduced on the z13 platform





IBM Secure Service Container (formerly z Application Container Infrastructure – zACI)

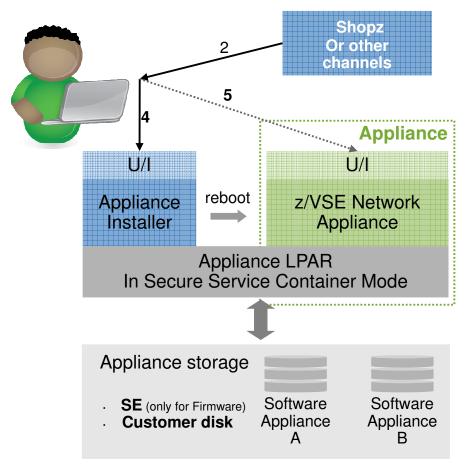
The base infrastructure to host and build software appliances

- » A z Systems Appliance is an integration of operating system, middleware and software components that work autonomously and provide core services and infrastructures focusing on infrastructures focusing on consumability and security «
- » The IBM Secure Service Container provides the base infrastructure needed to create appliances: Operating System, middleware, SDK and firmware support «



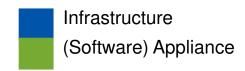


Deploying a Software Appliance





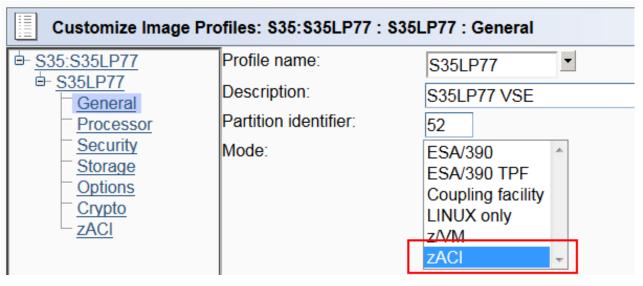
- Purchase a Software Appliance (e.g. z/VSE Network Appliance)
- Download the z/VSE Network Appliance image from distribution channel
- 3. Create and activate an appliance (Secure Service Container) LPAR
- Deploy z/VSE Network Appliance using Appliance Software Installer
- Configure and use z/VSE Network Appliance through web UI







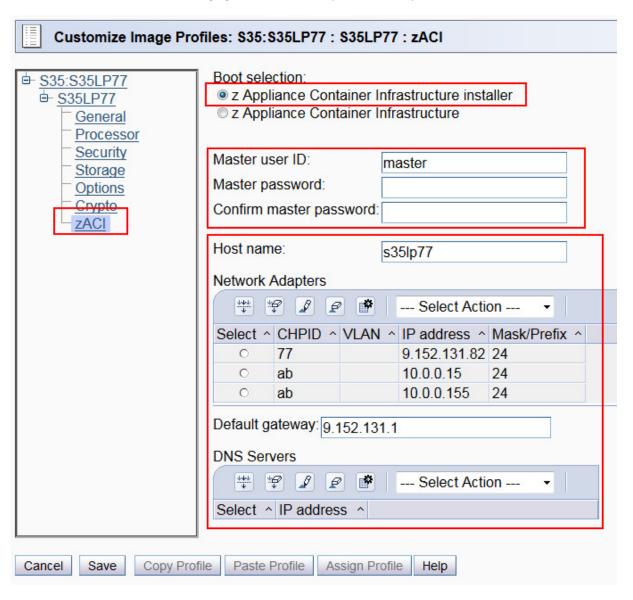
z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) – LPAR activation profile



- Set LPAR mode to zACI
- Processor can be IFL(s) or a CP(s)
- The LPAR needs ma minimum of 4GB of storage



z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) – LPAR activation profile



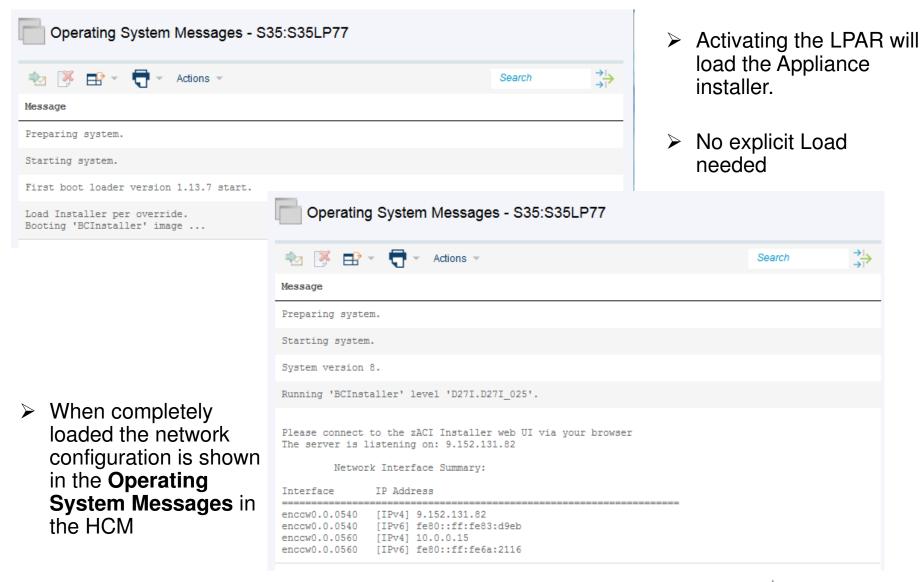
 Set Boot selection to z Application Container Infrastructure installer

Configure Logon settings and network settings for the appliance



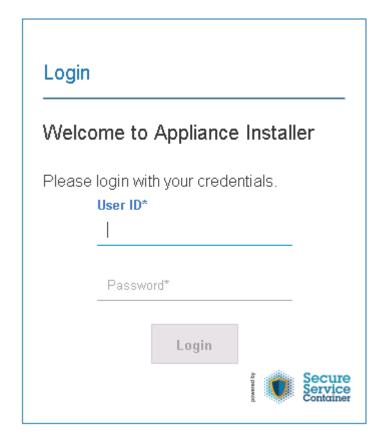


z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) – Activate LPAR





z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) – Login to installer



Connect with your web browser to the IP address shown in Operating System Messages in the HMC

Logon with user-id and password that you configured in the LPAR activation profile



z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) - Select appliance to install

Welcome, master!

You are logged in to the **z Appliance Container Infrastructure(zACI) Installer**. In this panel you can select a **zACI** appliance to be installed.

Appliances with valid license are marked with a key symbol (). In addition you can install image files from local media by clicking the plus icon().



Available Appliances Version Description

IBM zAware

2964 IBM zAware is an analytics engine for z/OS.

 Click on the Add icon to install a z/VSE Network Appliance from an image file



z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) - Select appliance to install

Install Software Appliance

To use a Software Appliance you can upload an image file from the local machine to a target disk on the server or attach a disk with an already installed Software Appliance.



Attach existing disk

Local Installation Image*

zVSE_Network_Appliance Browse

Image Details

Name: z/VSE Network Appliance

Version: 1.0

The z/VSE Network Appliance

Description: provides a TCP/IP stack based on the LFP functionality for z/VSE running

under LPAR.

Target Disk on Server*



Select the image file for the z/VSE Network Appliance

➤ Enter the disk (ECKD, 3390-9) where the appliance is to be installed on





z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) - Reboot after installation

Reboot

Welcome to z/VSE Network Appliance



Server s35lp77 is currently rebooting.

You will be routed to the login page as soon as the server gets available.

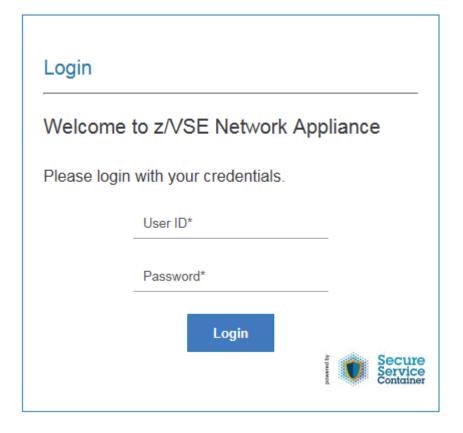
Accustomed time: 10m 00s

Elapsed time: 0m 23s





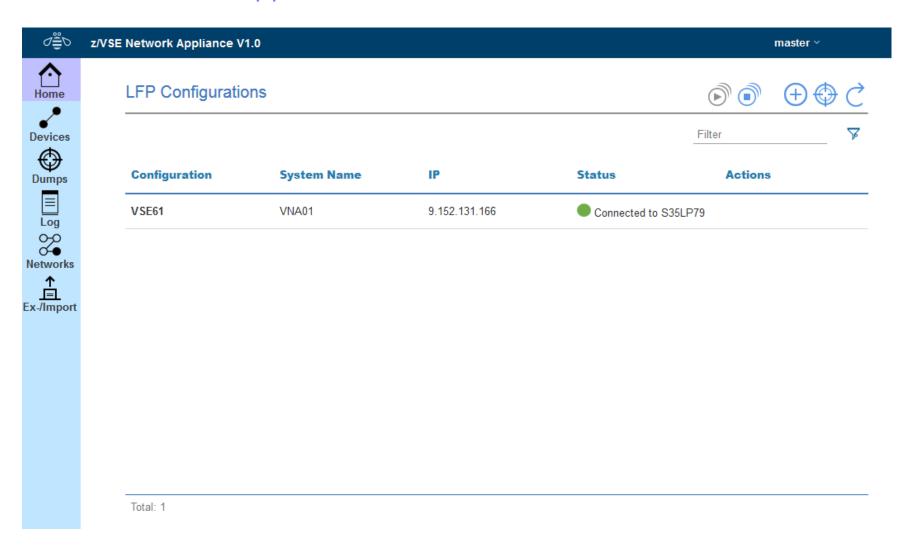
z/VSE Network Appliance (zVNA) - Login to appliance



Logon with user-id and password that you configured in the LPAR activation profile

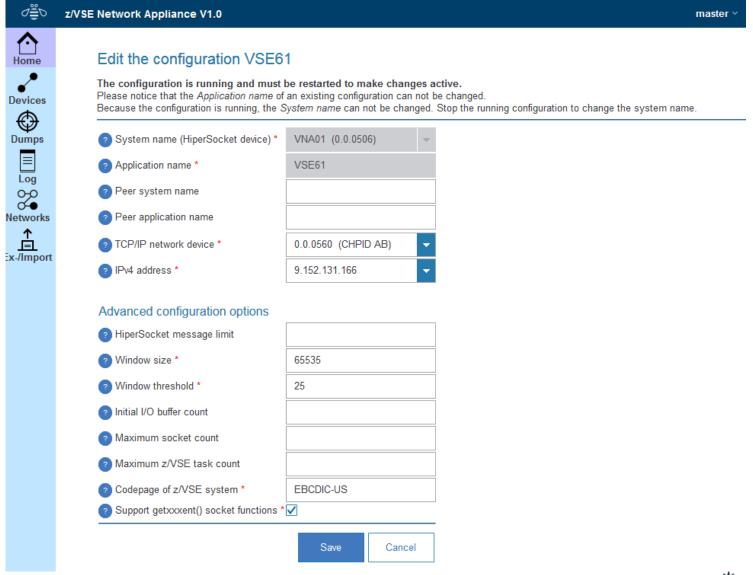


z/VSE Network Appliance – Home screen



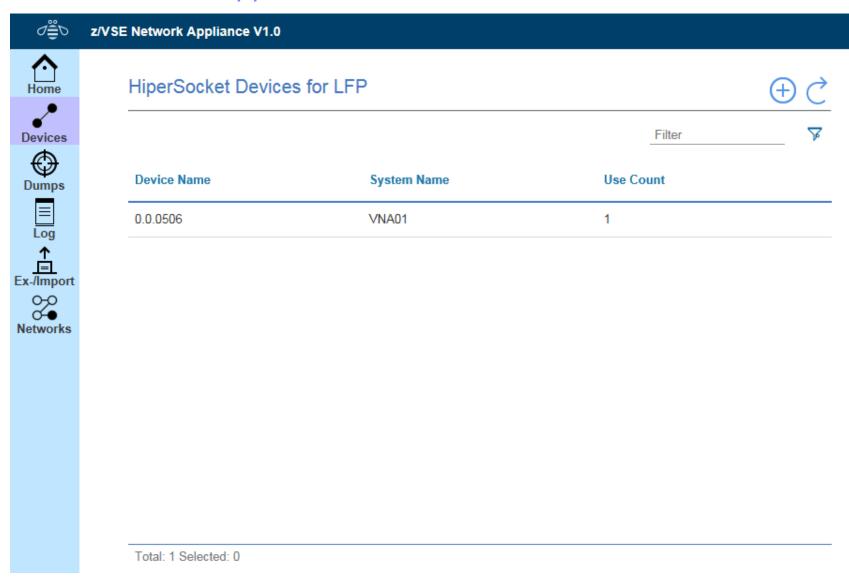


z/VSE Network Appliance – LFP configuration



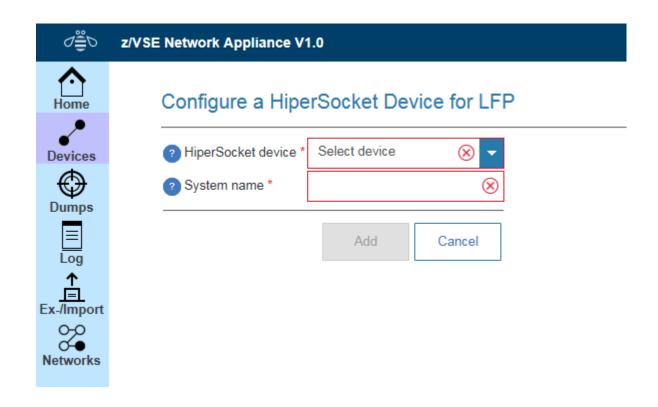


z/VSE Network Appliance – Devices screen





z/VSE Network Appliance – Configure a device

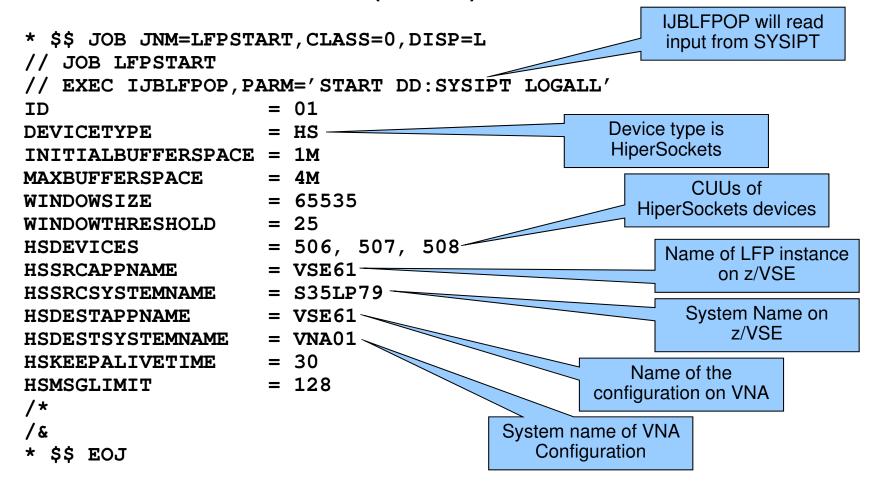




Sample configuration on z/VSE



For LFP in LPAR Environment (for VNA):





z/VSE Skeletons for use with LFP



■ The following skeletons are available in ICCF library 59 for use with LFP:

Skeleton	Description
SKLFPSTA	Start an LFP Instance
SKLFPSTO	Stop an LFP Instance
SKLFPLST	List all active LFP Instances
SKLFPINF	Query information about an active LFP Instance
SKLFPACT	Contains control statements to activate LFP you many need to include into the JCL of your applications





Operating an Linux Fast Path on z/VSE

List active LFP Instances

- // EXEC IJBLFPOP, PARM='LIST'
LFPB025I ACTIVE LFP INSTANCES: 1
INSTANCE 01 HAS 3 ACTIVE TASKS
LFPB026I END OF ACTIVE LFP INSTANCES LIST

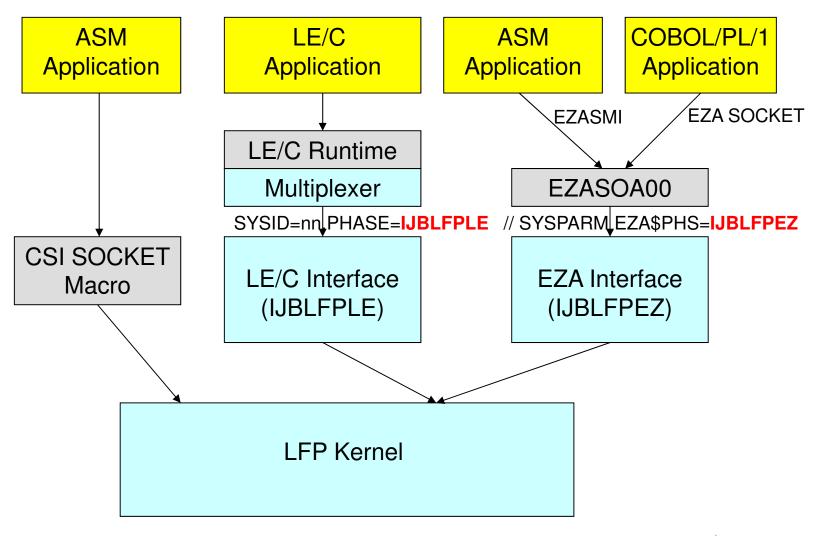


```
- // EXEC IJBLFPOP,PARM='INFO <INSTID> [SHOWTASKS] [LOGALL]'
 LFPB023I INFO ABOUT LFP INSTANCE '01':
   *** INSTANCE ***
    STATUS .... : UP
    WINDOW SIZE ..... : 65,535
   *** DEVICE ***
    DEVICE STATUS ..... : ACTIVE
    DEVICE TYPE .... : HS
    MTU SIZE ..... : 32,768
    HS DEVICES ..... 506,507,508
    HS SOURCE APPL. NAME ..... : VSE61
    HS SOURCE SYSTEM NAME ..... : S35LP79
    HS DEST. APPL. NAME ..... : VSE61
    HS DEST. SYSTEM NAME ..... : VNA01
   *** TASKS ***
    ACTIVE TASK COUNT ..... : 3
   -- TASK #1 -
    TASK ID (PARTITION ID)..... : 2E (Z1)
    SOCKET COUNT ..... : 1
    L2 SOCKET LIST COUNT ..... : 1
 LFPB024I END OF INFO ABOUT LFP INSTANCE '01'.
```





Socket API Support of Linux Fast Path





LE/C Socket API Multiplexer

- Different Stacks use different Interface routines
 - TCP/IP for VSE (CSI/IBM): \$EDCTCPV
 Linux Fast Path: IJBLFPLE
 IPv6/VSE (BSI/IBM): BSTTTCP6
- Avoid complicated setup using specific LIBDEFs for different stacks
- Interface phase is selected by System ID
 - Optionally, SSL implementation can be selected (e.g. OpenSSL)
- Use skeleton EDCTCPMC in ICCF library 62





CSI SOCKET macro considerations

For the CSI SOCKET macro, the Linux Fast Path only supports the following connection types:

- TCP
- UDP
- CONTROL
- Other connection types (such as CLIENT, TELNET, FTP, RAW, and so on) are not supported and will be rejected if used with the Linux Fast Path.
- For CONTROL type connections, the only commands supported are:
 - GETHOSTBYNAME
 - GETHOSTBYADDR
 - GETHOSTNAME
 - GETHOSTID
 - For details, refer to the individual macro descriptions in the "TCP/IP for VSE V1R5F Programmers Guide" manual.
- For CONTROL type connections, these commands (from Barnard Software, Incorporated) are also supported:
 - NTOP
 - PTON
 - GETVENDORINFO
 - For details, refer to the "IPv6/VSE Programming Guide" manual



z/VSE Fast Path to Linux on z Systems (LFP)

Most existing applications run unchanged with Linux Fast Path

- Provided they use one of the supported Socket API (LE/C, EZA or ASM SOCKET)
 - And they do not use any CSI or BSI specific interface, features or functions
 - LFP supports IPv6

IBM Applications supporting Linux Fast Path

- VSE Connector Server
- CICS Web Support
- VSE Web Services (SOAP) support (client and server)
- CICS Listener
- DB2/VSE Server and Client
- WebSphere MQ Server and Client
- VSAM Redirector
- VSE VTAPE
- VSE LDAP Support
- VSE Script Client
- POWER PNET
- All BSI IPv6/VSE applications (e.g., batch FTP client, FTP server, etc.)

Customer applications should run unchanged:

Provided they use one of the supported Socket API (LE/C, EZA or ASM SOCKET)





Questions?



THANK YOU