



CICS und die Web Services

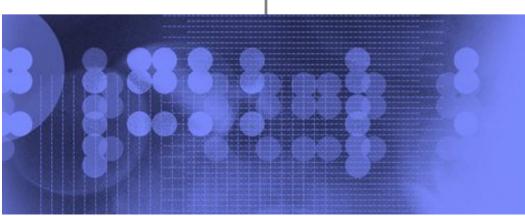
- ein langer Weg, in moderne Strukturen -

Integration

z/VSE

IBM zSeries and System z

Wilhelm Mildz/VSE Solution ArchitectIBM Boeblingen Laboratory, Germany





Trademarks

References in this publication to IBM products or services do not imply that IBM intends to make them available in every country in which IBM operates. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the products, features, and services available in your area.

AIX*, APPN*, CICS*, CICS/VSE*, CICS, DB2*, DB2 Connect, DB2 Universal Database, DFSORT, DRDA*, e-business logo*, Enterprise Storage Server, FlashCopy, HiperSockets, IBM*, IBM logo*, IBM eServer, iSeries, Language Environment*, MQSeries*, Multiprise*, pSeries, S/390*, S/390, Parallel Enterprise Server, TotalStorage, VSE/ESA, z/VSE, VTAM*, WebSphere*, xSeries, z/OS, z/VM, zSeries and Distributed Relational Database Architecture are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds.

Java and all Java-related trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc.

UNIX is a registered trademark in the United States and other countries, licensed exclusively through The Open Group.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, Visual Basic and the Windows flat logo are Trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Other trademarks and registered trademarks are theproperties of their respective companies.

IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply. This equipment is subject to all applicable FCC rules and will comply with them upon delivery.

Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products. Questions concerning those products should be directed to those suppliers.

All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

(C) Copyright IBM Corporation 2006 All Rights Reserved.



Wie die Geschichte begann

After the success of the airline reservation systems, the idea of a centralized repository became very appealing to utility companies in the US to help them find customer records. If all the customer data could be put on a computer for everyone to interrogate, that would be great.

In the 1960s, many, many electricity companies all over the country set up projects to create these Customer Information Systems, usually with two teams:

- (1) application programmers familiar with the business, and
- (2) system programmers, familiar with OS/MFT, and access methods like BTAM, QTAM, BDAM, BISAM, and so on.

The two teams typically **spent a couple of years defining their needs**, the system, defining (and redefining) their interfaces, writing (and rewriting) their programs.

Someone in IBM noticed that the development on the system side was like rediscovering sliced bread, and decided, after visiting nine or so existing installations all over the country, to write, once and for all, the system code. He decided to call it the

Customer Information Control System (CICS). That someone was Ben Riggins.



Die Schlagzeilen der Zeit

"On 8 July 1969, the first version of IBM's Customer Information Control System (CICS) was released.

The Hursley laboratory has world-wide responsibility for CICS. The number of licences for CICS products has grown from 4,000 to 30,000. CICS is today used in over 90 countries around the world, at more than 22,000 sites and from over 5 million terminals. For many modern commercial enterprises, business without CICS would be simply impossible.

What does CICS stand for?

Customer

Information

Control

System



How do I pronounce CICS?

It's really up to you! Here are a few of the pronunciations used around the world, as the home of CICS is Hursley, UK, we like to use the first one

KICKS in the UK

SEE EYE SEE ESS in the US

SICKS in Spain

CHICKS in Italy

SAY EEE SAY ESS in France

ZICKS in Germany



Einschlägige Veränderungen am Anfang schon

Among them was the idea of

'unbundling' and fee software.

In **1969**, IBM introduced the idea of Program Products, for a fee. Gone were the days of free software and Type 2 Application Programs. The free copies of CICS distributed in 1968 were honored for the life of that 'version', and it took until about 1972 before the last of the freebies 'died'.

The Hursley laboratory has world-wide responsibility for CICS.

During that time, the number of licences for CICS products has grown from 4,000 to 30,000. CICS is today used in over 90 countries around the world, at more than 22,000 sites and from over 5 million terminals. For many modern commercial enterprises, business without CICS would be simply impossible.

CICS History – 35 year evolution



CICS was first released to the world as a gram Product in 1969 when:

We had S/360, 64K storage and Rolling Stones were touring

CICS OS V1 released 8th July 1969, 100 KLOC and cost \$600/Mth Continually developed to support the latest industry technologies from then to the current day with:

- Early 3270, virtual storage systems, database and recovery/restart support in the 1970s
- Client/Server support
- Support on multiple platforms z/OS (OS/390), VSE, AIX, AS/400, OS/2, NT
- Exploiting latest mainframe features high scalability, availability, managability, parallel systems etc.



What is CICS?



CICS is a transaction management system that can be used on a variety of operating systems – not only OS/390, but MVS. VSE, UNIX, Windows and others too.

CICS can be classed as middleware, or acting as an "application server" to user applications. Providing the customer services to help them implement online business applications.

It is a data (base) communications system that provides the user access to online business systems and data with security.

CICS – What Does It Do?

Transactions Defined - What we do every day

e.g. buy a train ticket short conversation, hand over money, take ticket

Transaction:

- Handling the user interface
- Data retrieval and modification
- Communications with other applications
- Communications with network attached devices

Unit of Work = a Transaction





= Unit of Work



CICS

Overview

2000s

1990s

1980s

1970s

1960s

Welcome to the CICS 35th Anniversary site

"I'm thrilled to join the CICS team, past and present, in celebrating the milestone of 35 years as one of IBM's most popular and successful products. CICS has a long and proud history ofdelivering value and quality to our clients. I know I can rely on the current team to build on this fine heritage and continue the innovation in the on demand era."

Steve Mills Senior Vice President and Group Executive IBM Software Group



35 years as one of IBM's most popular and successful products iscertainly a great achievement, and on July 8th 2004 the CICS team, past and present, throughout the world are celebrating just that! CICS forms the heart of many of the worlds major enterprise business systems - upwards of 300 billion transactions flow through CICS systems each day. CICS has been at the forefront of innovation throughout its life

- initially bringing access to computing function out of the machine room and on tousers desks, enabling distributed computing, exploiting the scalability and power of zSeries Sysplex technology, and providing modern application capability through support for Java, SOAP and Web Services.Customers know that CICS applications will continue to provide excellent value as IBM takes CICS forward as a key component of our on demand solutions. The outstanding success of the product comes not only from the rich and reliable capabilities delivered by the development and test teams in Hursley, but is also thanks to the superb team from all around the world providing education, consultancy and support. Join us as we celebrate this momentous event and gain a unique insight into CICS and the people who make it at IBM Hursley.

Introduction to CICS



→ Learn why CICS is important to you

Customer Testimonials

→ See what CICS has done for these businesses

Learn More

- → Hursley Park
- Download: CICS an introduction (640k)
- ☐ Get Adobe® Reader®

Latest CICS Products

- → CIC S Transaction Server V2.3
- → CICS Business Event Publisher for MOSeries V1.2
- → CICS Transaction Gateway V5.1



CICS: 35 Years

A Short Introduction to CICS

Short for Customer Information Control System, a TP monitor from IBM that was originally developed to provide transaction processing for IBM mainframes. It controls the interaction between applications and users and lets programmers develop screen displays without detailed knowledge of the terminals being used.

CICS, Customer Information Control System, is the premier OLTP (On-Line Transaction Processing) product family from IBM. CICS (pronounced "KIX" or "KICKS" by many, including the IBM CICS developers in Hursley, England) is sometimes referred to as a DB/DC (Data Base/Data Communication) system and recently celebrated its 35th birthday. With over 30,000 CICS licenses in over 20,000 businesses, CICS offers solutions to many businesses to solve complicated computing problems and offers many employment opportunities to CICS knowledgeable professionals. Over 90% of the fortune 500 companies run CICS.

Typical CICS applications include bank ATM transaction processing, library applications, student registration, airline reservations, etc.

The original design intent of CICS was to support a varied and large number of terminals and a large transaction volume with fast and consistent response time. CICS has occasionally been referred to as an operating system within an operating system, because it has a dispatcher, storage control, task control, file control, etc. It was designed to allow application programmers to devote their time and effort to the application solution, instead of dwelling on difficult technical issues. CICS can be described as an interface between the CICS applications and the operating system.

To find out more about CICS please use the links on the right.











Customer Testimonials

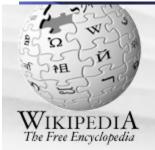
→ See what CICS has done for these businesses

Learn More

- → Hursley Park
- Download: CICS an introduction (640k)
- [→ Get Adobe® Reader®

Latest CICS Products

- → CIC S Transaction Server V2.3
- → CICS Business Event Publisher for MOSeries V1.2
- → CICS Transaction Gateway V5.1



navigation

- Main Page
- Community Portal
- Featured articles
- Current events
- Recent changes
 Random article
- Help
- Contact Wikipedia
- Donations

search

Go Search

toolbox

- What links here
- Related changes
- Upload file
- Special pages
- Printable version
- Permanent link
- Cite this article

in other languages

- Deutsch
- Español
- Français

article discussion edit this page history

Your continued donations keep Wikipedia running!

CICS

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

CICS® (Customer Information Control System) is a transaction server that runs primarily on IBM mainframe systems under z/OS or z/VSE. CICS is available for other operating systems, notably i5/OS, OS/2, and as the closely related IBM TXSeries software on AIX, Windows, and Linux, among others. The z/OS implementation is by far the most popular and significant.

CICS is a transaction processing system (like TCAM) designed for both online and batch activity. On large IBM zSeries and System z9 servers, CICS easily supports thousands of transactions per second, making it a mainstay of enterprise computing. CICS applications can be written in numerous programming languages, including COBOL, PL/I, C, C++, Assembler, REXX, and Java.

Each CICS program is initiated using a transaction id. CICS screens are sent as maps using a programming language such as COBOL. The end user inputs data which is made accessible to the program by receiving a map. CICS screens may contain text that is highlighted, having different colors or blinking. An example of how a map can be sent through COBOL is given below.

EXEC CICS
SEND MAPSET (MPS1) MAP (MP1)
END-EXEC.

CICS is one of the world's most durable software products thanks to its ever-expanding capabilities, continuous and aggressive vendor support, large installed base, exceptional reliability, high performance, and huge variety of applications and tools. It is also a very secure system and functions at a high speed. (Many of these attributes depend on the zSeries platform.) CICS is used in bank teller applications, airline reservation systems, ATM systems etc. CICS first went on sale on July 8, 1969, not long after IMS. Originally developed in the United States, CICS development shifted to IBM's programming labs in Hursley, United Kingdom, where work continues today.

While CICS has its highest profile among financial institutions such as banks and insurance companies, over 90 percent of Fortune 500 companies are reported to rely on CICS (running on z/OS) for their core business functions. Most state and national governments do as well.

Recent CICS enhancements include support for Web services and Enterprise Java Beans (EJBs). IBM began shipping the latest release, CICS Transaction Server Version 3.1 for z/OS, in early 2005.

Part of CICS was formalized using the Z notation in the 1980s and 90s in collaboration with the Oxford University Computing Laboratory, under the leadership of Sir Tony Hoare. This work won a Queen's Award for Technological Achievement.

Pronunciation

- In Britain, Canada, Australia, and some other countries, CICS is pronounced the same as the word kicks. In the US, it is more usually pronounced by reciting each letter (C-I-C-S). Both pronunciations are popular.
- In Germany, it is pronounced zicks
- In Italy, it is pronounced chicks.
- In Spain it is pronounced thicks.



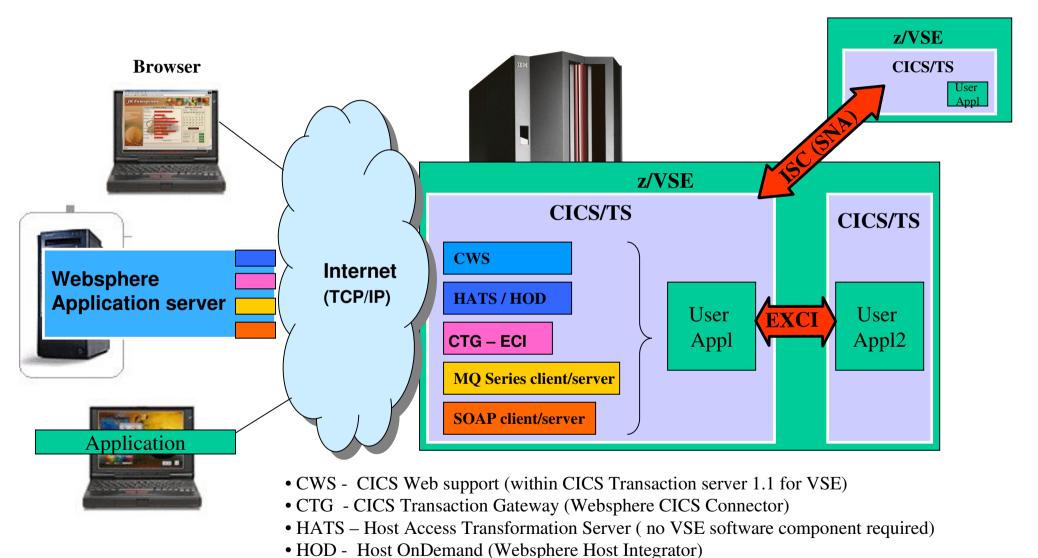
CICS - den Bedürfnissen angepasst – modern und zeitgemäß

- •Support of the Internet and new web browsers
- •Interoperability with WebSphere
- •Ability for composite CICS and WebSphere transactions
- •Support of the Java and EJBs
- •Foundation of today's enterprise-wide onDemand applications





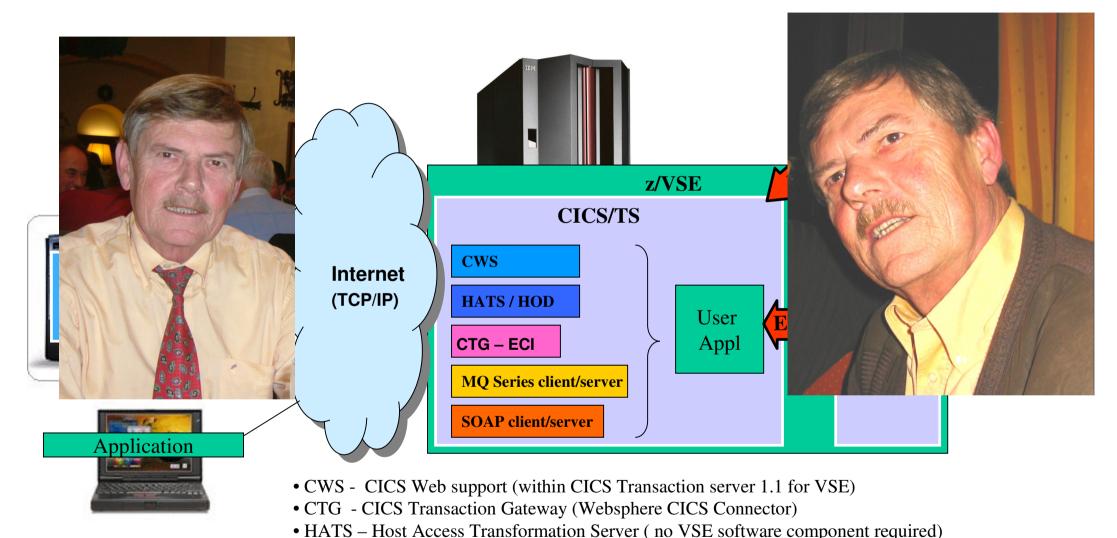
Inter-Communication with VSE Transactions



- SOAD Circle Of int Annual Protect (W. 1. Coming
- SOAP Simple Object Access Protocol (Web Services based with XML data)



Inter-Communication with VSE Transactions



- HOD Host OnDemand (Websphere Host Integrator)
- SOAP Simple Object Access Protocol (Web Services based with XML data)

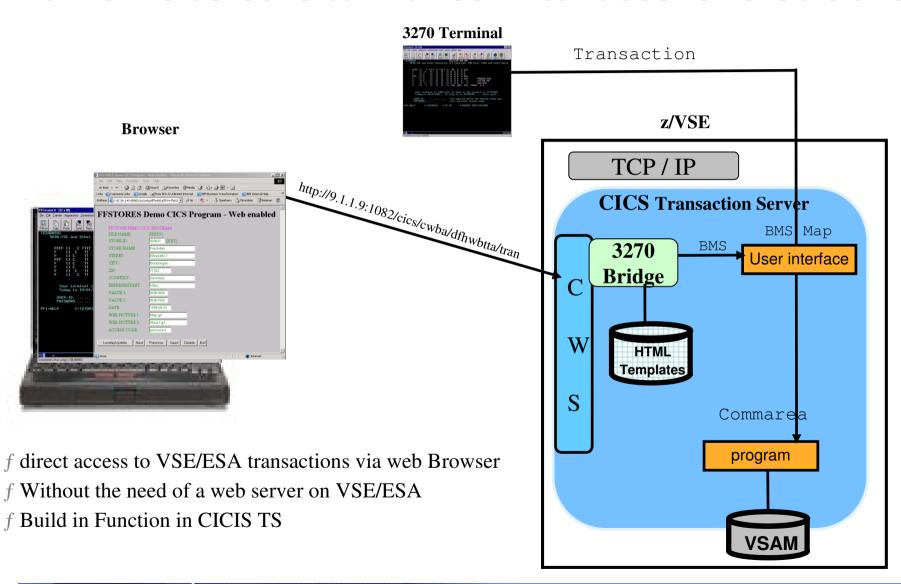






CICS Web Support (CWS)

From 3270 screens to Browser interfaces for CICS transactions





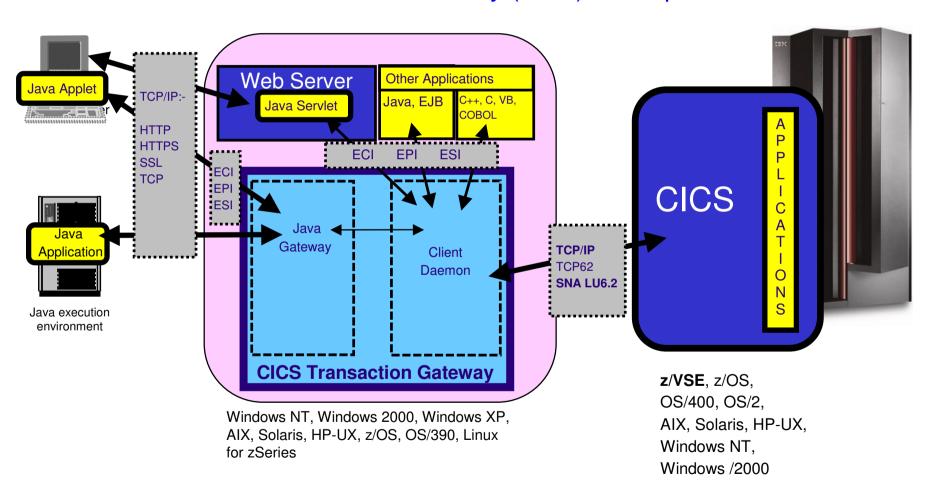
IBM CICS Web Support

- functional characteristics
 - f direct access to VSE CICS transactions via a simple web browser
 - f transaction security for the called transaction
 - f secured connections (SSL)
- requirements
 - f VSE CICS Transaction Server



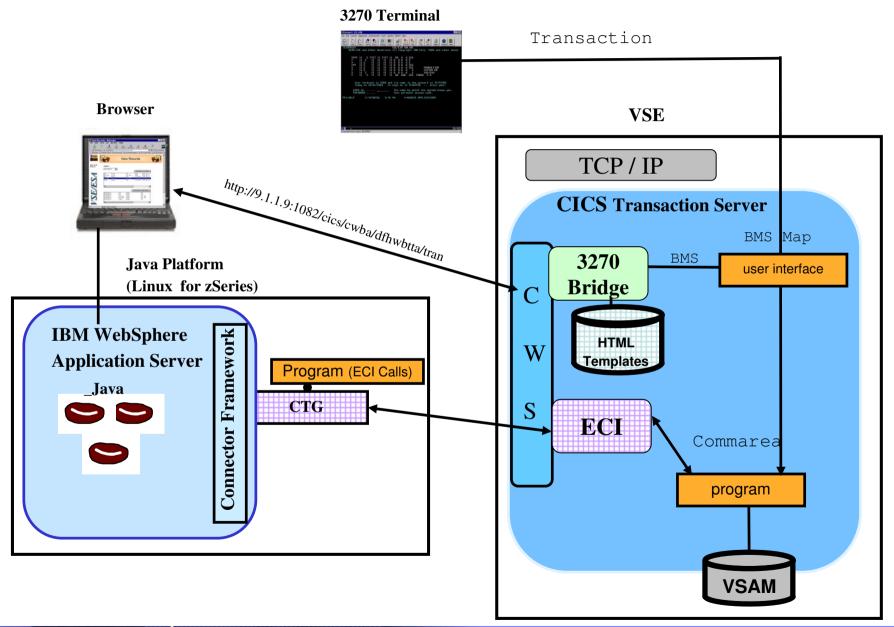
Integration of VSE transactions in distributed processes

CICS Transaction Gateway (CTG) - Components





From 3270 screens to Browser interfaces for CICS transactions





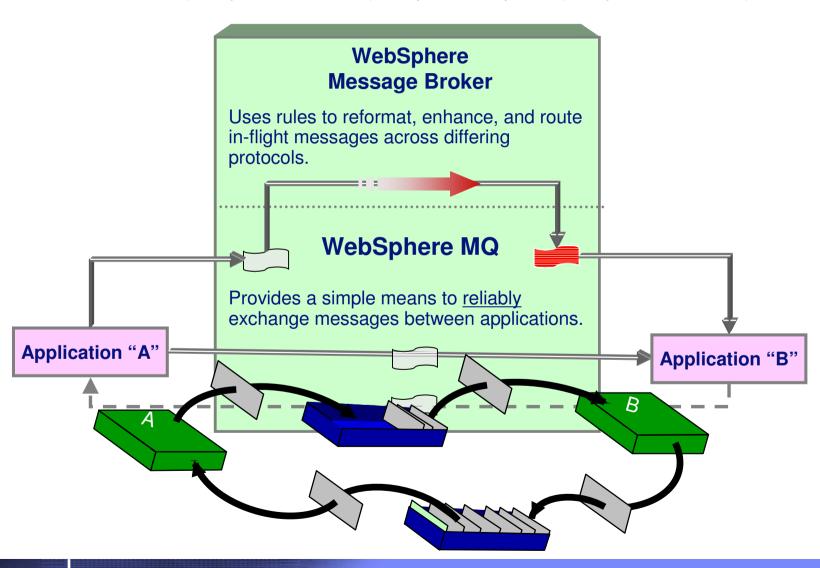
MQ Series

Synchronous/Asynchronous data transfer and distribution



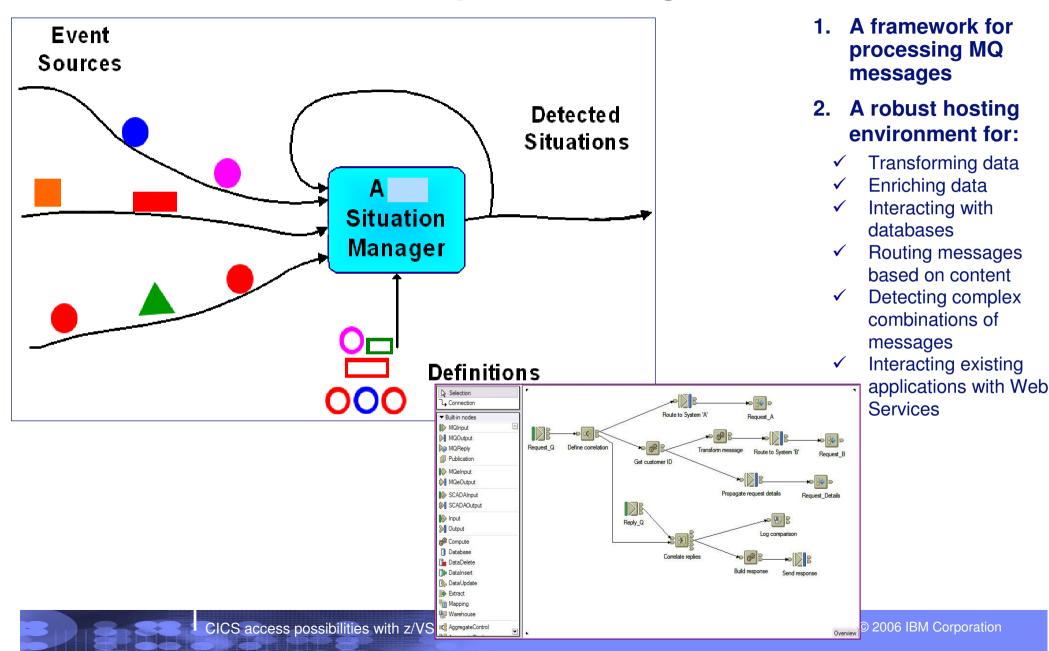
Messaging Overview

Event Notification (1 way communication), Request / Response (2 way communication)



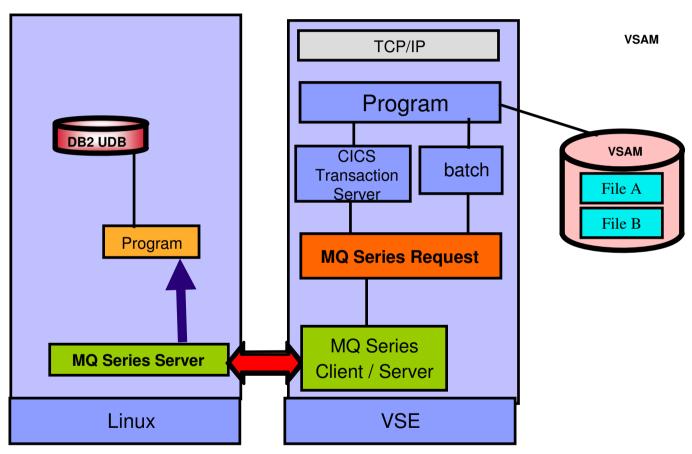


What is WebSphere Message Broker?





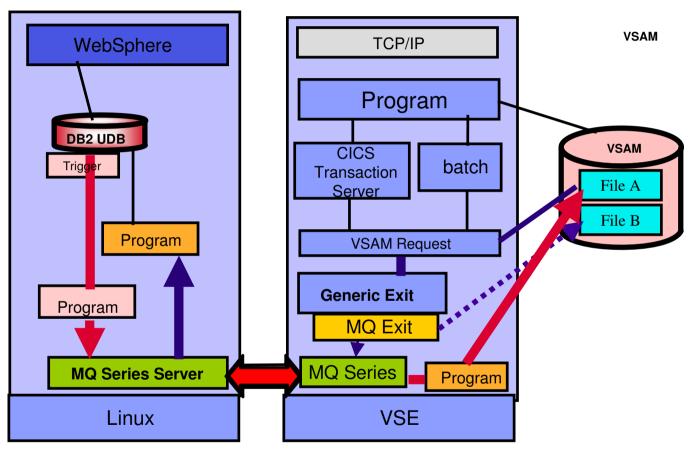
Integration of VSE Programs with MQ Series



- f Data distribution via MQ Series technology
- f VSE programs have to write MQ messages requires changes to existing applications
- f NEW: WebSphere MQ Series Client for VSE free of charge enablement for MQ environments and modern solutions



Integration of unchanged VSE Programs with MQ Series

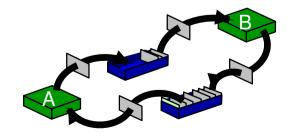


- f Data distribution via MQ Series technology
- f NO changes to VSE programs using MQ Exit and VSE VSAM Redirector
- f NEW: WebSphere MQ Series Client for VSE free of charge enablement for MQ environments and modern solutions



MQ Series - asynchronous transactions

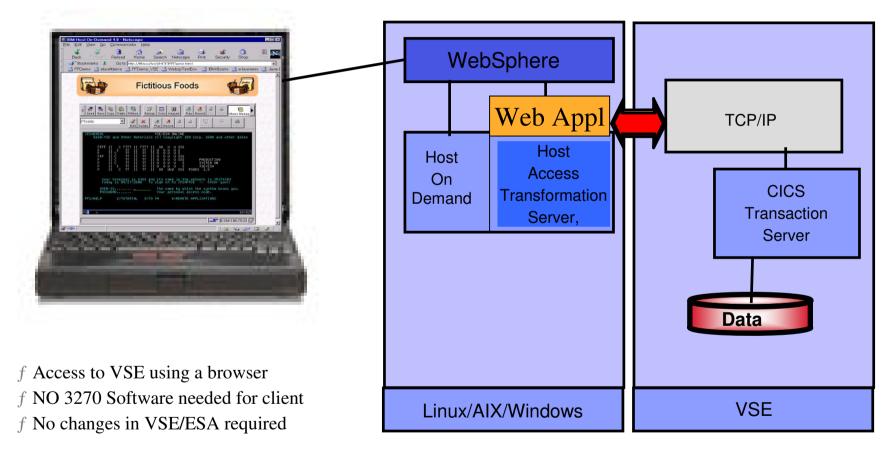
- functional characteristics
 - f guaranteed, secured asynchronous data access for remote systems
 - f same API for all supported MQ Series platforms
 - f transaction security, therefore appropriate for e-business processes
 - f integration with WebSphere Application Server
 - f works well for Business-to-Business (B2B) environments
- software requirements
 - f For VSE/ESA:
 - f VSE/ESA 2.6/2.7
 - f MQ Series Server
 - f Program that interfaces with MQ on VSE or VSAM Redirector
 - f On the remote system:
 - f MQ Series Client / Server
 - f Program that interface with MQ Series





General access to VSE/ESA via browser

Websphere host Integrator - Implementation



NEW: IBM Communication Server (TN3270, APPN) and IBM Communication Controller (374x replacement)

-> available for Linux for zSeries



Host Access Transformation Server

- functional characteristics
 - f access to VSE/ESA via browser
 - f the access is similar with a local access via 3270 emulator
 - f can be used in Intranet or Internet and /or
 - f integrated with WebSphere Application Server
 - f support for secured connections (SSL) to the HostOnDemand Server and a redirector to mask the real IP addresses
 - fHost Access Transformation Server for 3270 screen scraping
 - f Host Publisher a bean generator to create the Java Beans (Integration Objects), to provide legacy access for new Web applications.
- Requirements
 - f WebSphere Host Integration products on middle tier
 - f NO additional software on VSE/ESA required

Benefit: Easily extend existing applications to the web



Interaction with VSE via HATS application and browser



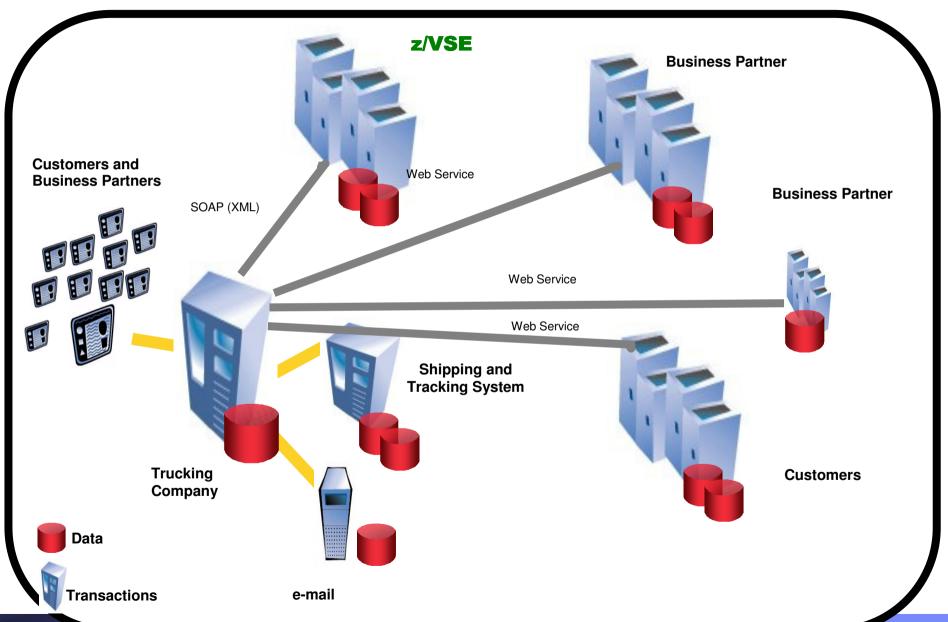


Web Services

Modern architecture of program communication using XML data and the SOAP protocol



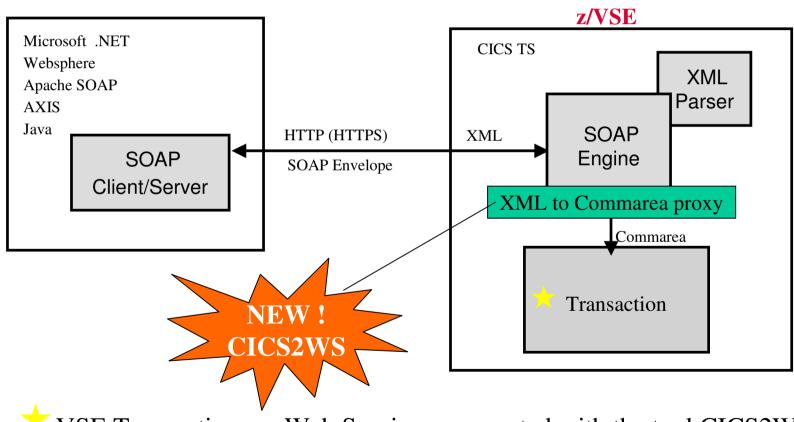
Service Oriented Architecture - Web Services





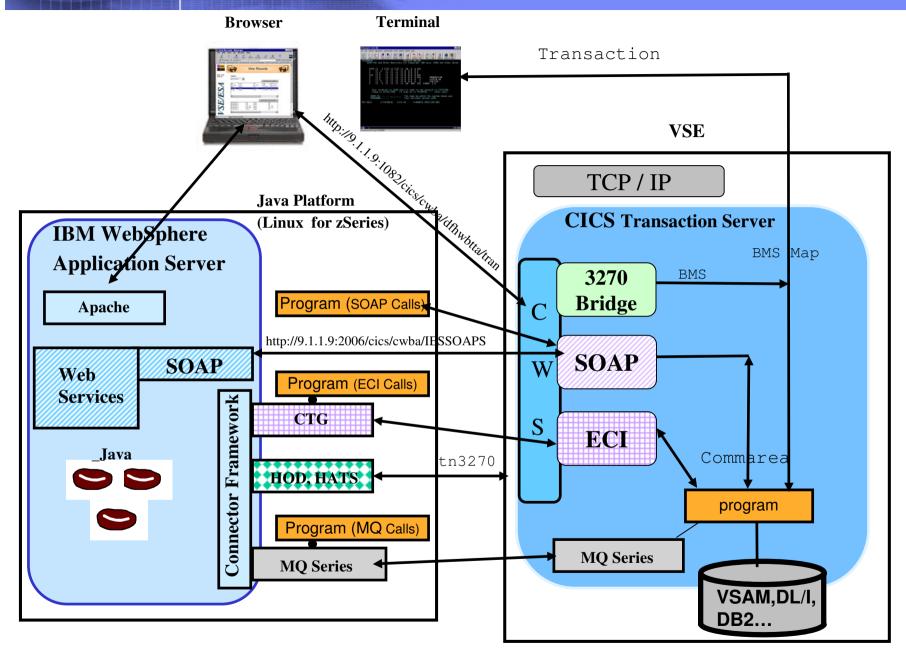
Web Services with z/VSE

XML data interchange with CICS transactions



VSE Transactions as Web Service – generated with the tool CICS2WS

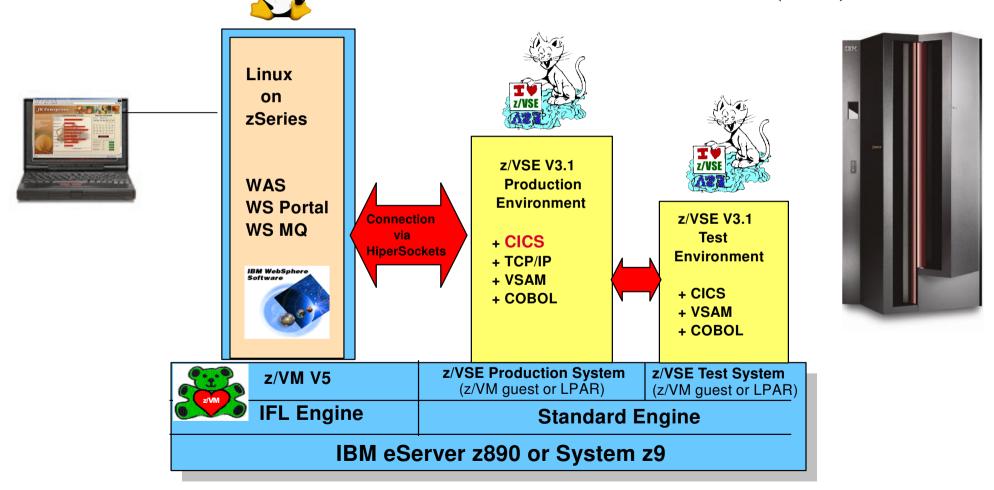






WebSphere Application Server for VSE Customers

The possibility of application integration and Software Oriented Architecture (SOA)



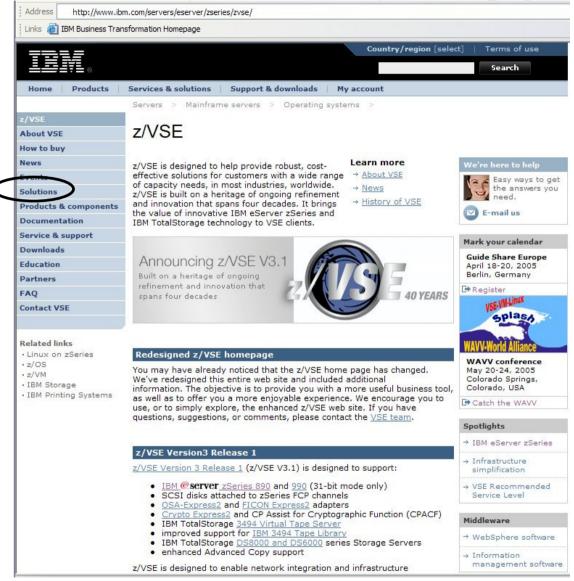


Transactional processing with CICS TS

Solution	Connector to use
Webify	 CWS – CICS Web Support HATS – Host Access Transformation server HOD – Host on Demand server
CICS application access from remote	 CTG – CICS Transaction Gateway HATS – Host Access Transformation Server MQ Series (Client or Server)
Flexible, platform independent, CICS application integration, the most advance Application-to-application communication Method	■Web Services – using XML data and SOAP protocol



Solutions on the new z/VSE homepage



http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zvse/



Additional Information

z/VSE Home Page http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zvse/

Solutions for VSE

http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zvse/solutions/



•e-business Connectivity for VSE/ESA SG24-5950

•e-business Solutions for VSE/ESA SG24-5662

• Servlet and JSP Programming SG24-5755

Linux Web Hosting with WebSphere,DB2, and DominoSG24-6007

• NEW: Websphere Handbook (Connectors to z/OS and VSE) SG24-7042

We appreciate your comments at zvse@de.ibm.com