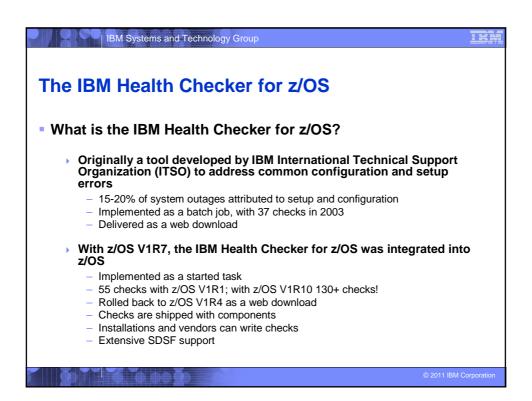
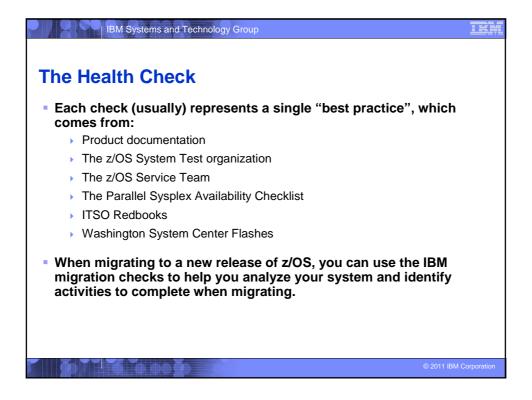


Agenda History of the IBM Health Checker for z/OS Structure The Health Check The RACF Health Checks Check "Philosophy" Check Output Installation-Defined RACF Checks References



IBM Systems and Technology Group Structure of the IBM Health Checker for z/OS The IBM Health Checker for z/OS consists of: A managing address space (the "backbone") The Health Checks - Written by individual components (such as RACF, UNIX® System Services) - ISVs and Installations can write their own checks Can be written in System REXX, stating with z/OS V1R9 A utility (HZSPRINT) for collecting check output A check is identified by a: ▶ 1-32 character check name, examples of which are: - CSV_APF_EXISTS - GRS_CONVERT_RESERVES - RACF_IBMUSER_REVOKED 1-16 character check owner The owner for an IBM-supplied check begins with IBM, for example:

· IBMCSV, IBMGRS, and IBMRACF



The Health Check...

- Associated with each check is information about its execution:
 - Execution state:
 - ACTIVE or INACTIVE
 - How often the check runs
 - ONETIME, hh:mm
 - > The severity of the check, which influences how check output is issued
 - HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW, NONE

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- WTOTYPE
 - CRITICAL, EVENTUAL, INFORMATIONAL, HARDCOPY, NONE
- Some checks accept parameters which direct the processing of the check or set thresholds
- Check information is set by the check writer, but can be changed by the installation by:
 - Policy statements in the HZSPRMxx member of PARMLIB
 - MVS MODIFY Command (F HC)

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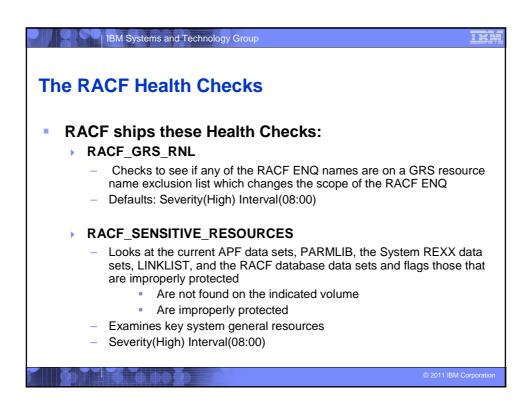
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Health Checks

- The IBM Health Checker for z/OS is dynamic. That is, health checks:
 - Are separately packaged and shipped
 - Do not have to be predefined
 - Check writers must merely register with the HZSADDCHECK MVS dynamic exit point
 - Can be added after the startup of the Health Checker "backbone"
 - Can have their characteristics changed by either MVS command or PARMLIB
 - Do not execute if the IBM Health Checker for z/OS is not active
- IBM is adding new checks in new releases and in the service stream
 - To get the most recent checks, use the Enhanced Preventative Service Planning (PLP) tool

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The RACF Health Checks...

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RACF IBMUSER REVOKED

- Verifies that the user ID IBMUSER is revoked
- Defaults: Severity(Medium), Interval(24:00)

RACF_<class-name>_ACTIVE

- Verifies that the class <class-name> is active
 - Check is performed for FACILITY, OPERCMDS, TAPEVOL, TEMPDSN, TSOAUTH, UNIXPRIV
- Defaults: Severity(Medium), Interval(24:00)

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The RACF Health Checks...

ICHAUTAB checks:

- For over 20 years, IBM has recommended not using the RACF Authorized Caller Table (ICHAUTAB)
- RACF introduces a new check to verify that ICHAUTAB is not being used
 - RACF_ICHAUTAB_NONLPA raises a SEV(MED) exception if a non-LPA resident ICHAUTAB is found
 - Severity(Medium), Interval(24:00)
 - The existing RACF_SENSITIVE_RESOURCES raises a SEV(HIGH) exception if an LPA-resident ICHAUTAB is found
- The "installation-defined resource" check which allows you to define the resources that you want to check

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Check Output

- The output of a check consists of:
 - Write to Operator messages (WTO)s, which are written with the routing codes and descriptor codes associated with the check
 - Messages written to the Health Check message buffer, which can be:
 - Kept in storage (most recent check invocation only)
 - Written to a log stream
- Check output can be processed with:
 - SDSF, using the "CK" panels
 - Using the HZSPRINT utility

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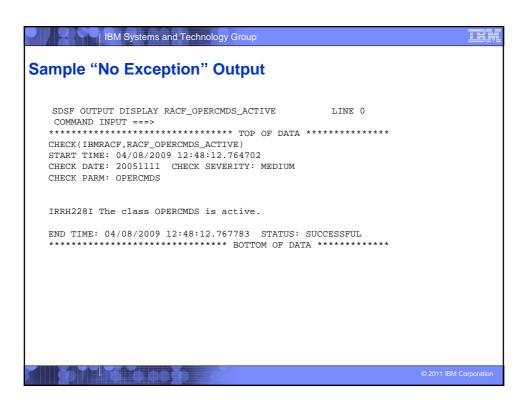
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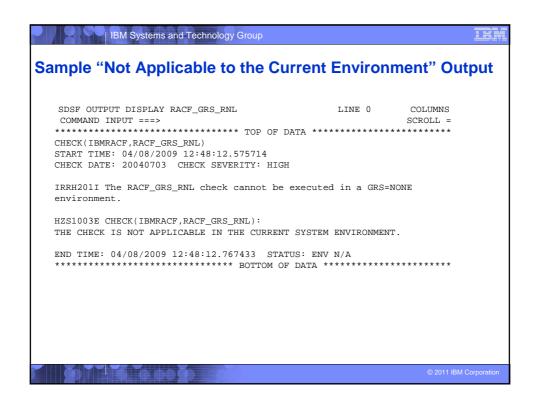


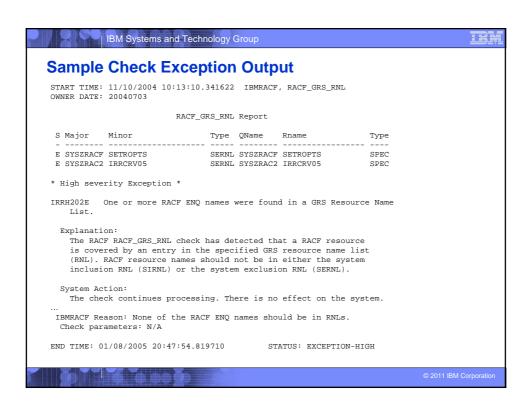
Check "Philosophy"

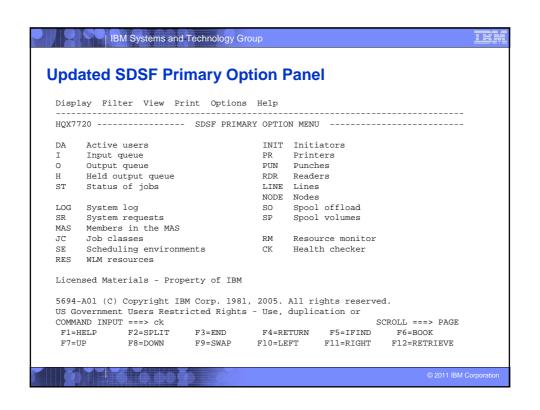
- Checks which are not applicable to the current environment place themselves in a "not applicable" status and will not run unless triggered.
- Health Checks raise exceptions and make recommendations, <u>but they do not automatically take</u> any actions
 - You must review the recommendation and ensure that it is appropriate for your environment
- When an exception is found, Health Checks present the entire message information, including the "explanation", "systems programmer response", etc., along with pointers to relevant documentation.
- Checks which find no exception clearly state that no exception was found.

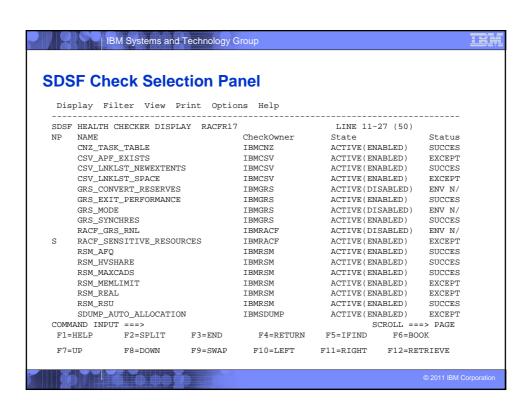
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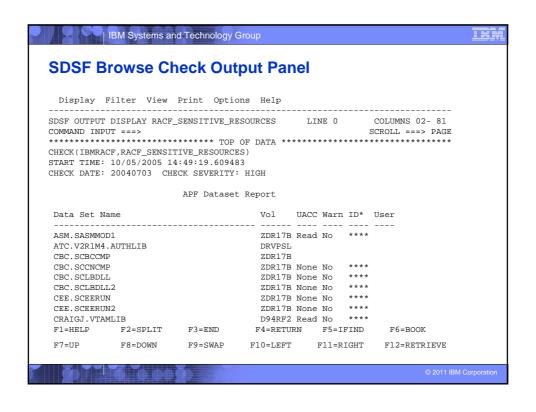


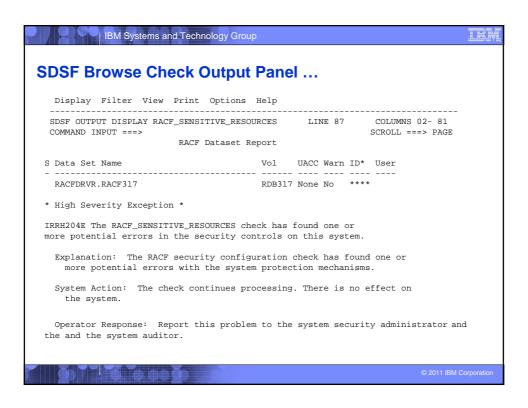


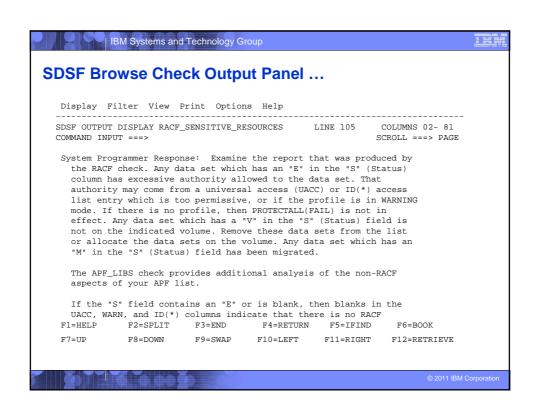


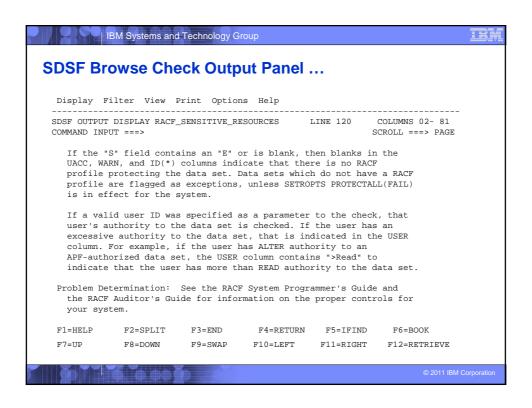


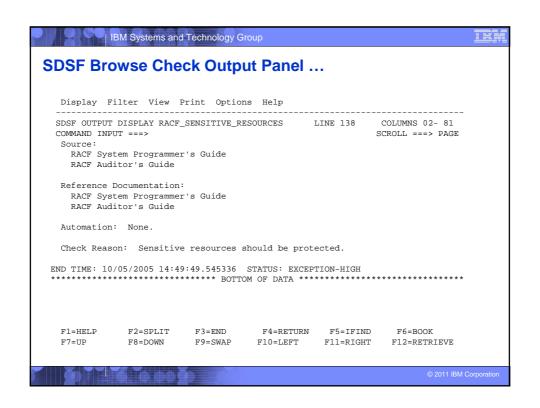








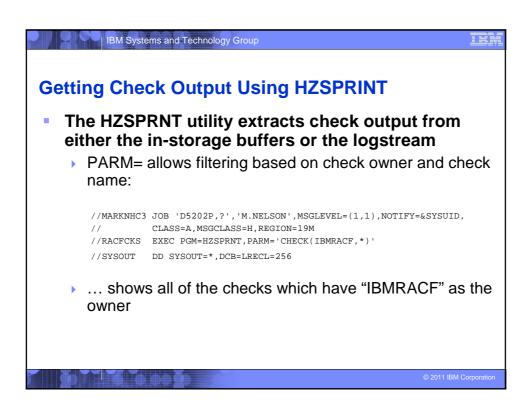




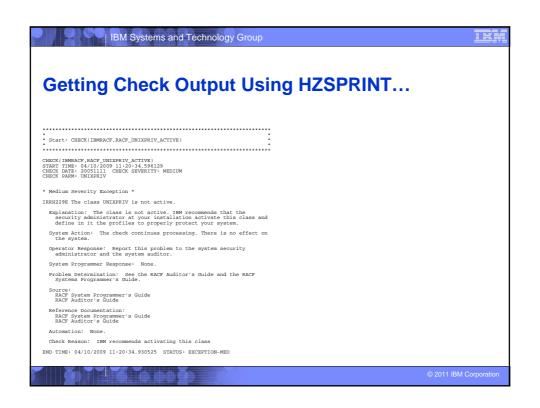
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z/OS Console Messages from Health Checks
       *RACFR17 *HZS0015E PROBLEM WITH HZSPDATA DATA SET:
         *DD NOT DEFINED
         *RACFR17 *10 HZS0013A SPECIFY THE NAME OF AN EMPTY HZSPDATA DATA SET
          $HASP003
                                    SPECIFICATION
          RACFR17 $\text{$\text{$\text{$}}} AASP646 12.0000 PERCENT SPOOL UTILIZATION RACFR17 HZS00011 CHECK(IBMCSV,CSV_APF_EXISTS):
          CSVH0957E Some problem(s) were found with data set(s) in the APF list.
         *RACFR17 *HZS0003E CHECK(IBMRACF,RACF_SENSITIVE_RESOURCES):
*IRRH204E The RACF_SENSITIVE_RESOURCES check has found one or
   *more potential errors in the security controls on this system.

OR RACFR17 $HASP003 RC=(52),
$HASP003 RC=(52),S1-999 - NO SELECTABLE ENTRIES FOUND MATCHING
$HASP003 SPECIFICATION
                                                                                                                           C
         SHASPOOD NO.

SHASPOOD SPECIFICATION
RACFRI7 SHASPOOD RC=(52),
SHASPOOD RC=(52),T1-999 - NO SELECTABLE ENTRIES FOUND MATCHING
SHASPOOD SPECIFICATION
INVALID OPERAND OR MISPLACED OPERAND
          SHASP003 SPECIFICATION
RACFR17 $HASP650 Q,Q=W INVAI
RACFR17 $HASP893 VOLUME(SPOOL1)
                                                     INVALID OPERAND OR MISPLACED OPERAND
                                                                                                                           C
          SHASP893 VOLUME(SPOOL1) STATUS=ACTIVE,SYSAFF=(ANY),TGNUM=175,$HASP893 TGINUSE=21,TRKPERTGB=3,PERCENT=12
          $HASP893 TGINUSE=21,TRKPERTGB=3,PERGRACFR17 $HASP646 12.0000 PERCENT SPOOL UTILIZATION
    IEE612I CN=C3E0S17 DEVNUM=03E0 SYS=RACFR17
```



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Getting Check Output Usi	ng HZSPRINT	
:	······:	
* HZSPRINT (HBB7730-06024) 2009/04/10 11:23	*	
* HZSU001I Check messages * Sysplex: LOCAL System: SY1	*	
* * Filter: CHECK(IBMRACF,*)	*	
* *************************************	******	
·····	******	
* Start: CHECK(IBMRACF,ZOSMIGV1R9_RACF_PASSWRD_ENVELOPE) * **********************************	* *	
********************	*****	
* * No messages exist	*	
* ************************************	*	
***************************************	******	
* End: CHECK(IBMRACF,ZOSMIGV1R9_RACF_PASSWRD_ENVELOPE)	*	
*********************	*****	
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Authorization Checking

- The IBM Health Checker for z/OS performs authorization checks in the XFACILIT class
 - The eXtended FACILITy class
 - Member class for the GXFACILI class

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- Resource name of up to 246 characters
- Shared POSIT value with the FACILITY class
- The resource names that are checked, depending on the type of output which is being accessed are:
 - READ authority to HZS.sysname.QUERY
 - READ authority to HZS.sysname.check-owner.QUERY
 - READ authority to HZS.sysname.check-owner.MESSAGES
 - READ authority to HZS.sysname.check-owner.check-name.MESSAGES
- See "Setting up security for the HZSPRNT utility" in the "IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide" for details.

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Installation

- The steps for installing the IBM Health Checker for z/OS are:
 - 1. Allocate the HZSPDATA data set
 - HZSPDATA is used to save data between executions of a check
 - 2. Create the RACF definitions
 - Assign the Health Checker started task a user ID which has UID(0), HOME('/') and PROGRAM('bin/sh')
 - With z/OS V1R12, you can use BPX.SUPERUSER instead of UID(0)
 - Give the user ID above UPDATE authority to the HZSPDATA data set and READ authority to the PARMLIB data sets
 - If you are using a log stream for the check output define the LOGSTRM resources required to allow the Health Checker to connect and write to the log stream.
 - 3. Start the Health Checker address space

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Installation-Defined RACF Health Checks in z/OS V1R10

- The current RACF checks examine key elements of the z/OS infrastructure, but:
 - The checks look at the resources IBM thinks are important
 - Unless you wrote your own check you can't examine the protection of your data resources
- With z/OS V1R10, you can check the protection of the resources you want simply by defining profiles and registering your check with the IBM Health Checker for z/OS

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Installation-Defined RACF Health Checks...

- Defining your own resource check takes these three steps:
 - Defining a RACF profile in the new RACFHC general resource class. This profile contains the list of resources that you want to check
 - Define a PARMLIB entry that defines your check using the IBM Health Checker for z/OS Dynamic Registration
 - 3. Activate your PARMLIB entry

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IBM Systems and Technology Group Installation-Defined RACF Health Checks... The RACFHC class contains profiles which have the resources you want to check. The RDEFINE command to add a profile is: RDEFINE RACFHC MY_RESOURCE_LIST ADDMEM(DATASET/PROD. VALUABLE. DATA/ZDR17B/NONE DATASET/SEC.FILING.FORMS//NONE RACFHC/MY_RESOURCE_LIST//NONE) The ADDMEM field defines the resources that you want checked. The format is: className/resourceName/volume/maximumPublicAccess className is any valid RACF class resourceName is a resources name within the class Volume is the volume serial for a DATASET resource, otherwise no value should be specified maximumPublicAccess is the access level which if exceeded results in an exception. Valid values are NONE, READ, UPDATE, and CONTROL.

