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## 2005 B2B Customer Conference

*Pioneering New Horizons – Solutions that Evolve*

### Using WDI in a Real Time Environment

David Hixon

WebSphere. software



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## Agenda

- **Methods of using WDI in a real time environment**
  - **MQ Triggering**
    - WDI Adapter and the multi-threaded adapter
  - **CICS**
    - WDI as a transaction
    - Hot DI
  - **APIs**
    - C++ and Java
    - C
- **Case study – Danny Robbins of BNSF**



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## Real Time Options for WebSphere MQ

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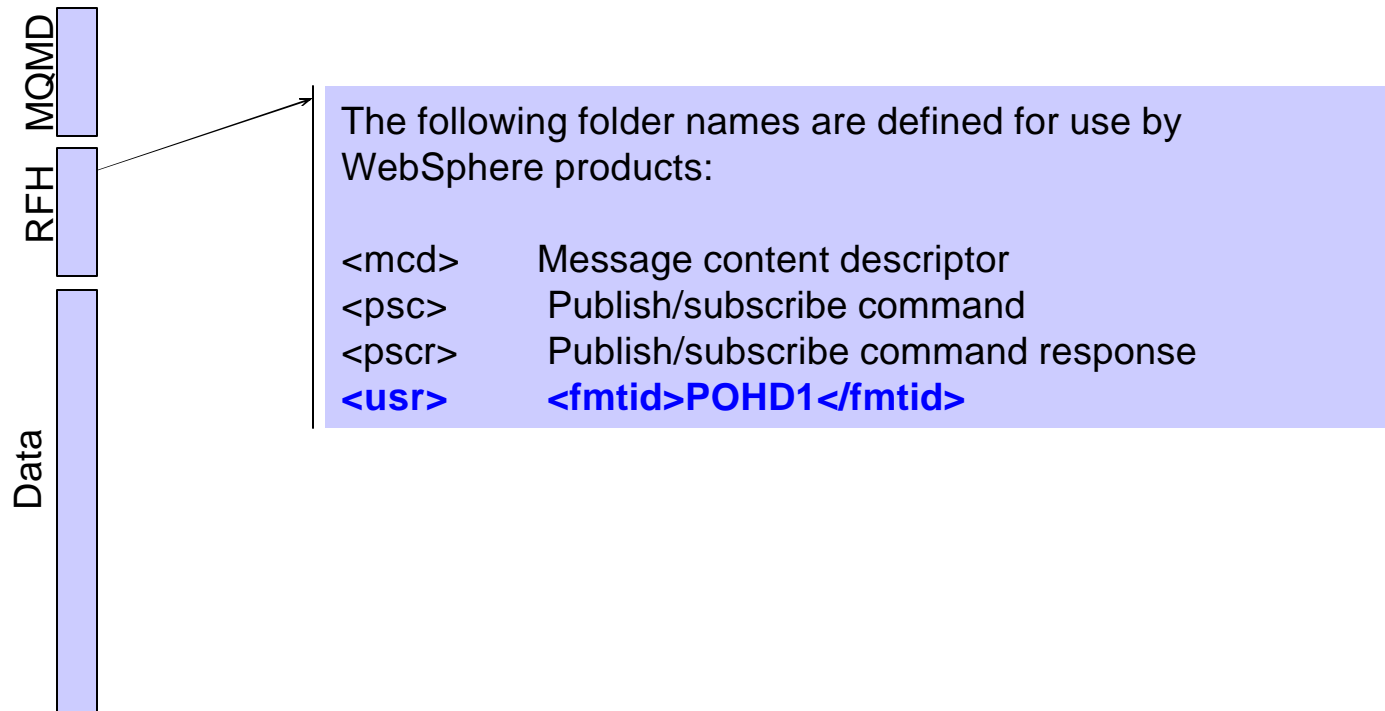
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## Command Substitution

- Information from the RFH2 header can be used to specify parameters in a PERFORM command in a Service Profile.
  - Perform command arguments are put into the <usr> folder of the RFH2 header.
  - &TagName is used on the PERFORM COMMAND to substitute the value from the RFH2 header.

## Command Substitution

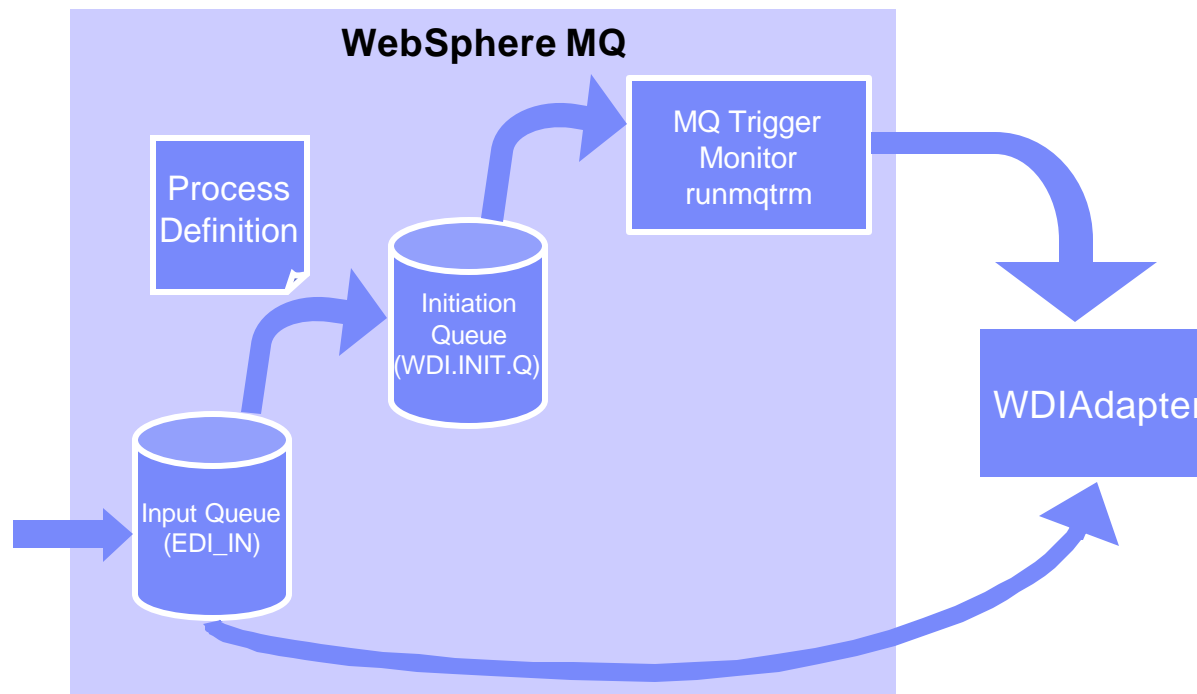


## Command Substitution

- **PERFORM TRANSFORM WHERE DOCID(&fmtid)**
  - &fmtid will be replaced with the value from the element in the user folder



## WDIAdapter Overview



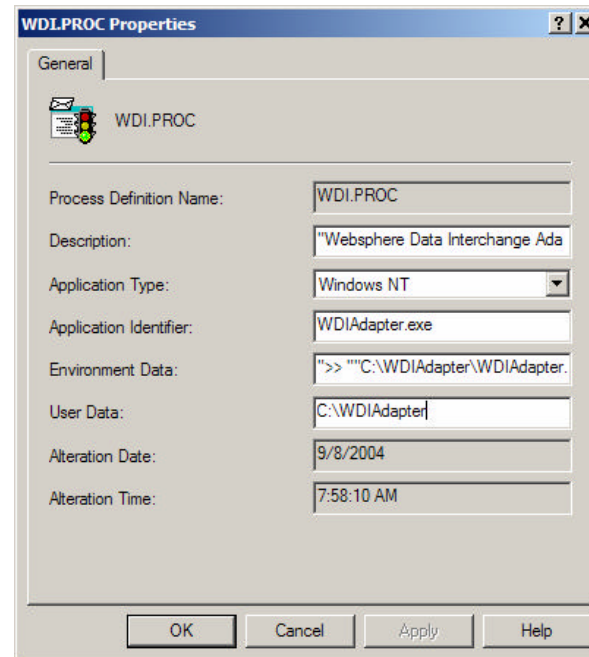
## Setting up MQ Objects for WDIAdapter

- Setup Script “wdimqcommands.txt”
  - Process Definition – WDI.PROC
  - Initiation Queue – WDI.INIT.Q
  - Default Input/Output queues
- Execute script with runmqsc command
  - runmqsc < wdimqcommands.txt



## Process Definition

- WDI.PROC
  - Environment Data
  - User Data



The image shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "WDI.PROC Properties". It has a "General" tab selected. The dialog contains the following fields:

- Process Definition Name:** WDI.PROC
- Description:** "Websphere Data Interchange Ada
- Application Type:** Windows NT (dropdown menu)
- Application Identifier:** WDIAdapter.exe
- Environment Data:** ">> ""C:\WDIAdapter\WDIAdapter.
- User Data:** C:\WDIAdapter\
- Alteration Date:** 9/8/2004
- Alteration Time:** 7:58:10 AM

At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: OK, Cancel, Apply, and Help.

## Configuring WDIAdapter with “wdi.properties”

- The “wdi.properties” file specifies:
  - Directories to be used
  - Database Name
  - Language Code
  - Wait Time



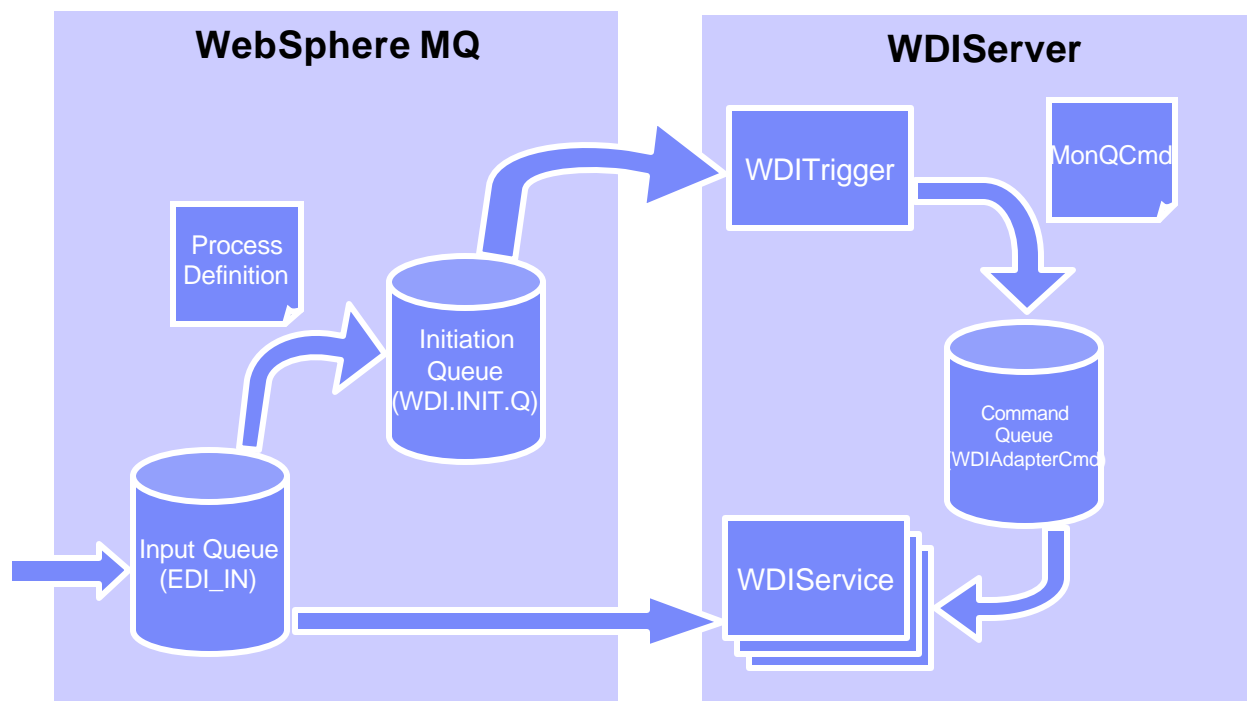
## Directories to be used

- `runtime` directory – location of WDI executables
- `data` directory – working directory for WDIAdapter
- `rcv` directory – Receive file directory
- `prt` directory – Print file directory
- `dtdd` directory – directory for DTD files

## Database Name, Language Code, Wait Time

- Database Name “EDIEC32E”
  - User id and password can be specified
- Language code
  - Identifies the Language Profile to be used
- Wait Time
  - Indicates how long WDIAdapter will wait for a message

## WDIServer Overview



## Setting up MQ Objects

- AdvAdapterMQ.txt
  - Creates WDI.TRANSLATOR.PROC
  - Creates WDIAdapterCmd Queue



## WDI.TRANSLATOR.PROC

- New process definition for WDI Server
- Parameters can be passed on “Environment Data”
  - NumThreads – number of translators from pool to assign
  - Timeout – amount of time in microseconds to wait
  - ReqId – value for REQID keyword
  - FileId – value for FILEID keyword



## Input Queue - Trigger Data

- Trigger Data can pass parameters
- Environment Data can pass parameters
- Not on both





## Large Queue Names

- Long queue names supported with WDIServer
  - Passing ReqId and FileId allows this
  - Default is to use Queue Name for both



## Configuring WDI Server

- qmgrname
- initq
- numtranslators
- genprtfile
  - Always/onerror – on error is default
- Keeparchive
  - Always/onerror – never is default



## Starting WDIServer

- WDIServer will look for properties when started
  - Current working directory
  - WDISERVER\_PROPERITES environment variable
- Initializes translator pool (WDIService processes)
  - Each translator creates a directory
  - WDITransCmdQ\_XXXX
- Creates archive directory

## Starting WDI Server on AIX

- Extended Shared Memory
  - export EXTSHM=ON



## Added Benefits of WDI Server

- Multiple Translators per queue
- The ability to use long queue names





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## Real Time Options for CICS

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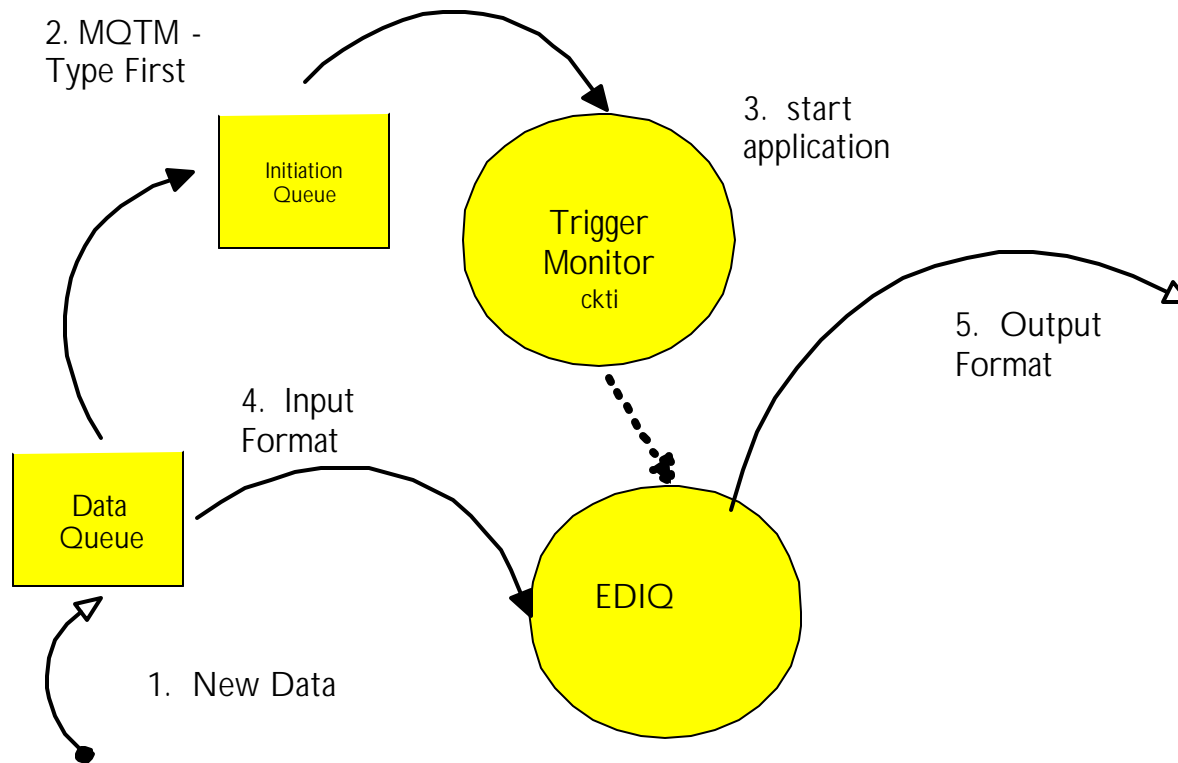
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## EDIQ

- Provides dynamic behavior in CICS
- Uses triggering
- Based on Continuous Receive

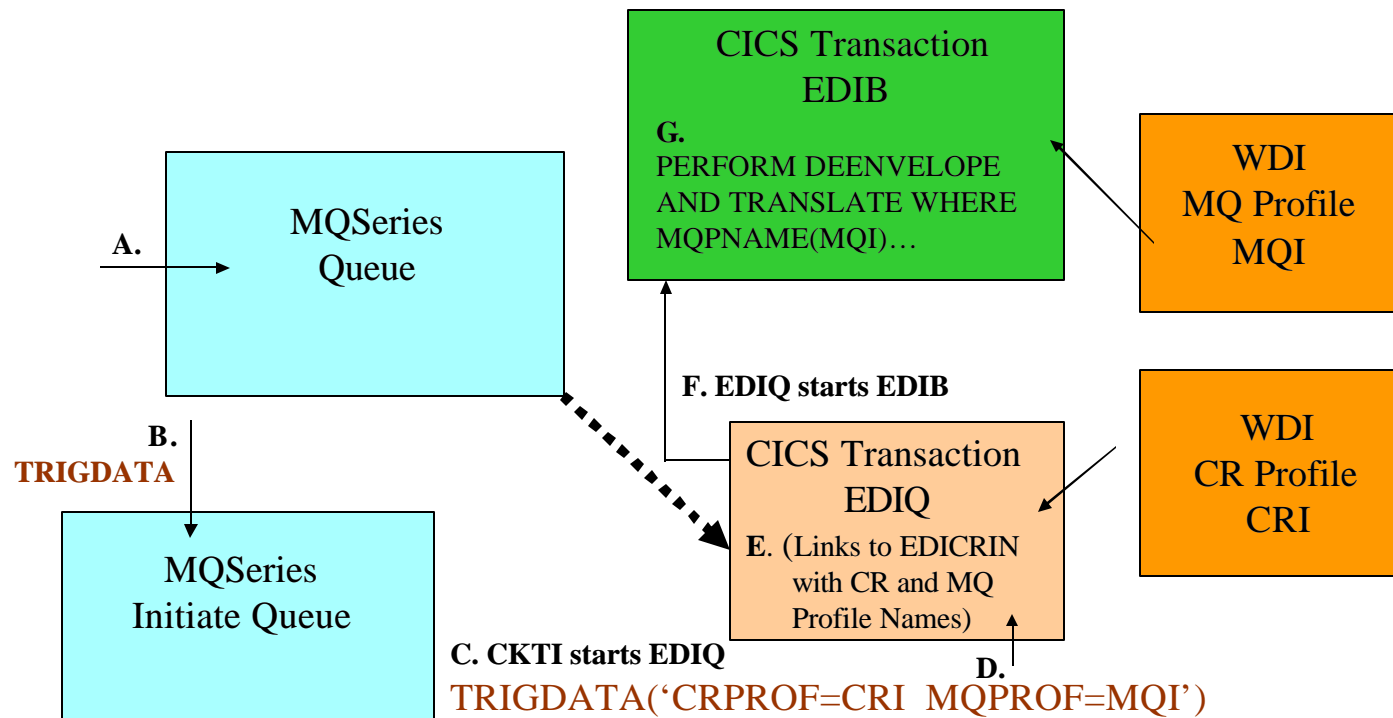


## EDIQ

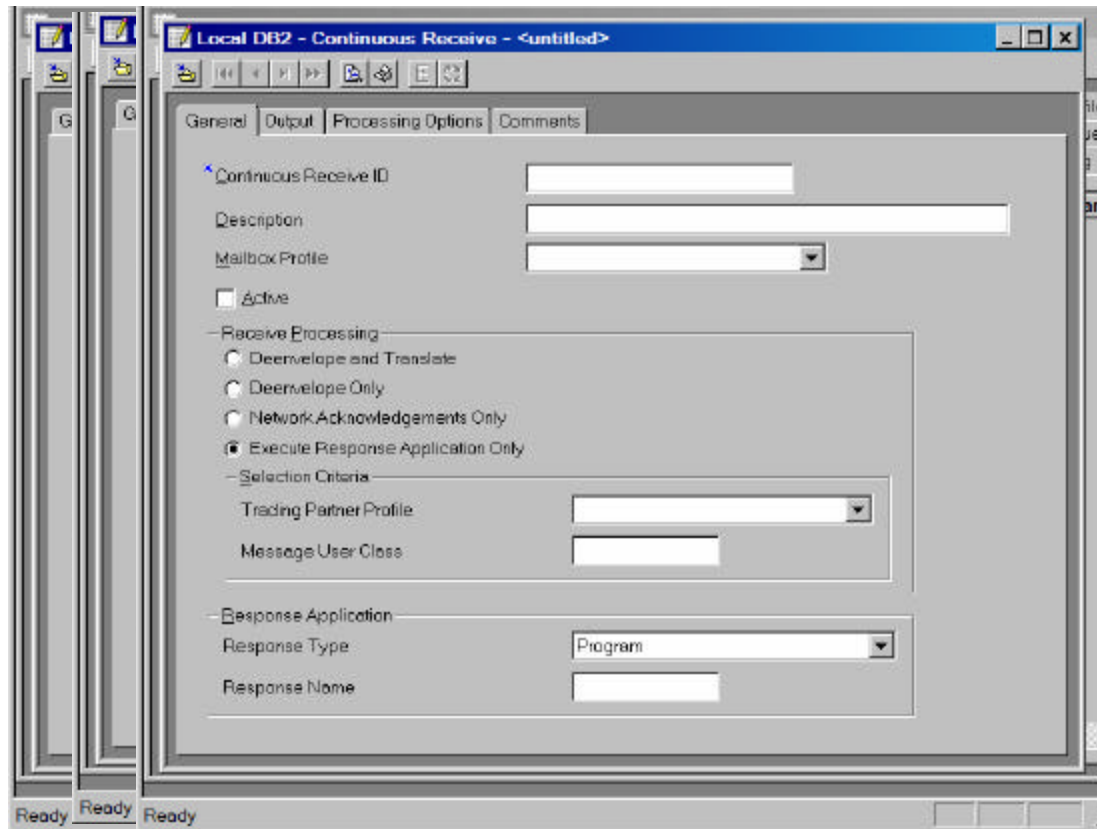




## Transaction overview



## CR Profile



Local DB2 - Continuous Receive - <untitled>

General Output Processing Options Comments

Continuous Receive ID:

Description:

Mailbox Profile:

☐ Active

Receive Processing:

- ☐ Develope and Translate
- ☐ Develope Only
- ☐ Network Acknowledgements Only
- ☒ Execute Response Application Only

Selection Criteria:

Trading Partner Profile:

Message User Class:

Response Application:

Response Type:

Response Name:

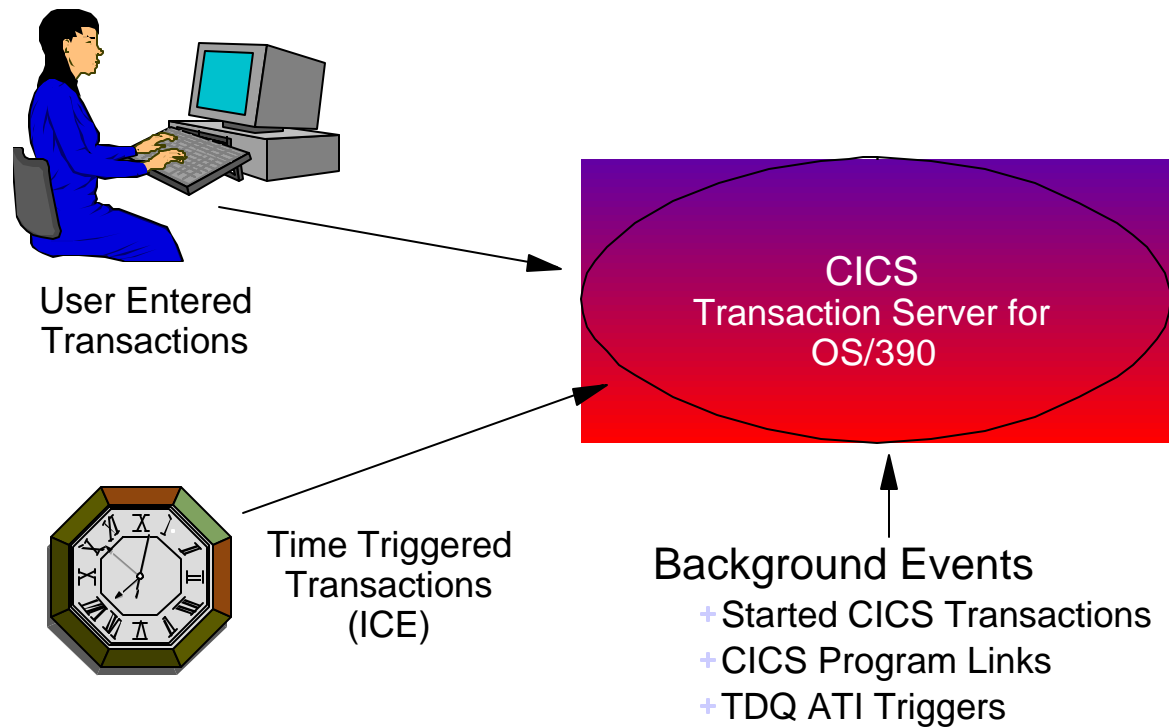
Ready Ready Ready

## WDI CICS Specific Functions

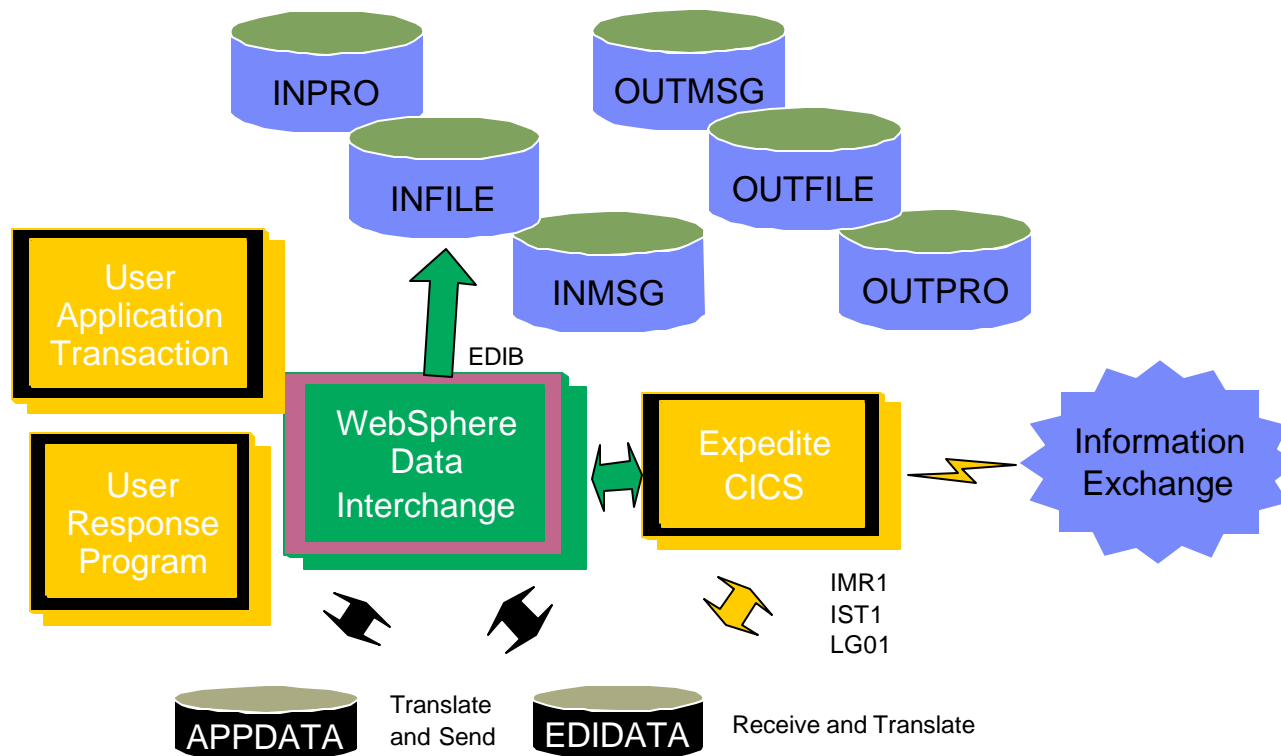
- Real time processing
  - WDI Continuous Receive
    - CICS Response programs
    - Update Status
    - Expedite CICS interface to Information Exchange mailbox
  - Hot DI
- CICS preserves and allocates MVS resources in behalf of WDI
- CICS encourages Multiple Concurrent Threads (Processing)
  - WDI has resource contention techniques
    - TSLT DB2 Lock
    - ENQ/DEQ requirements
    - WDI "files" required for concurrency



## WDI Initiation in CICS



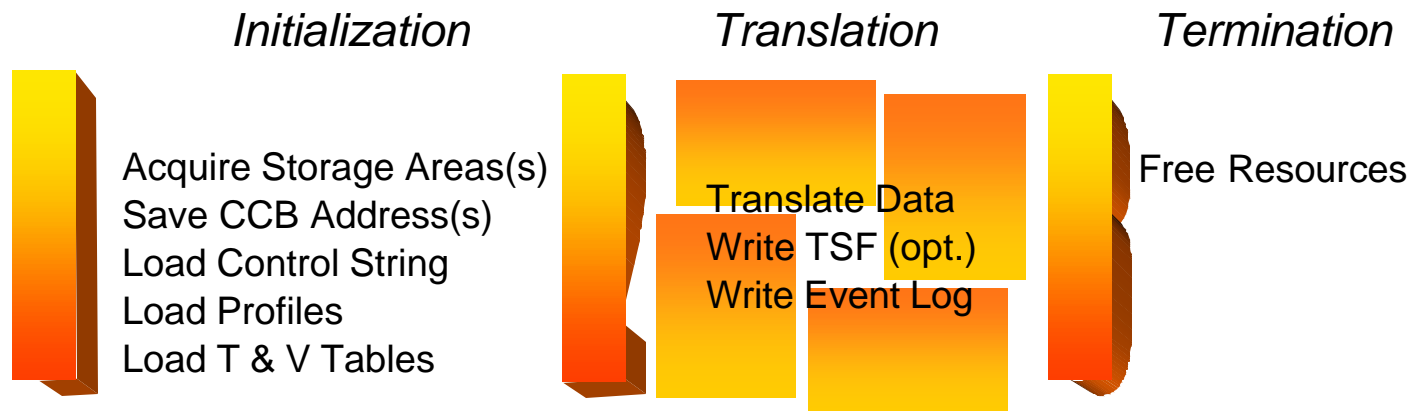
## Continuous Receive



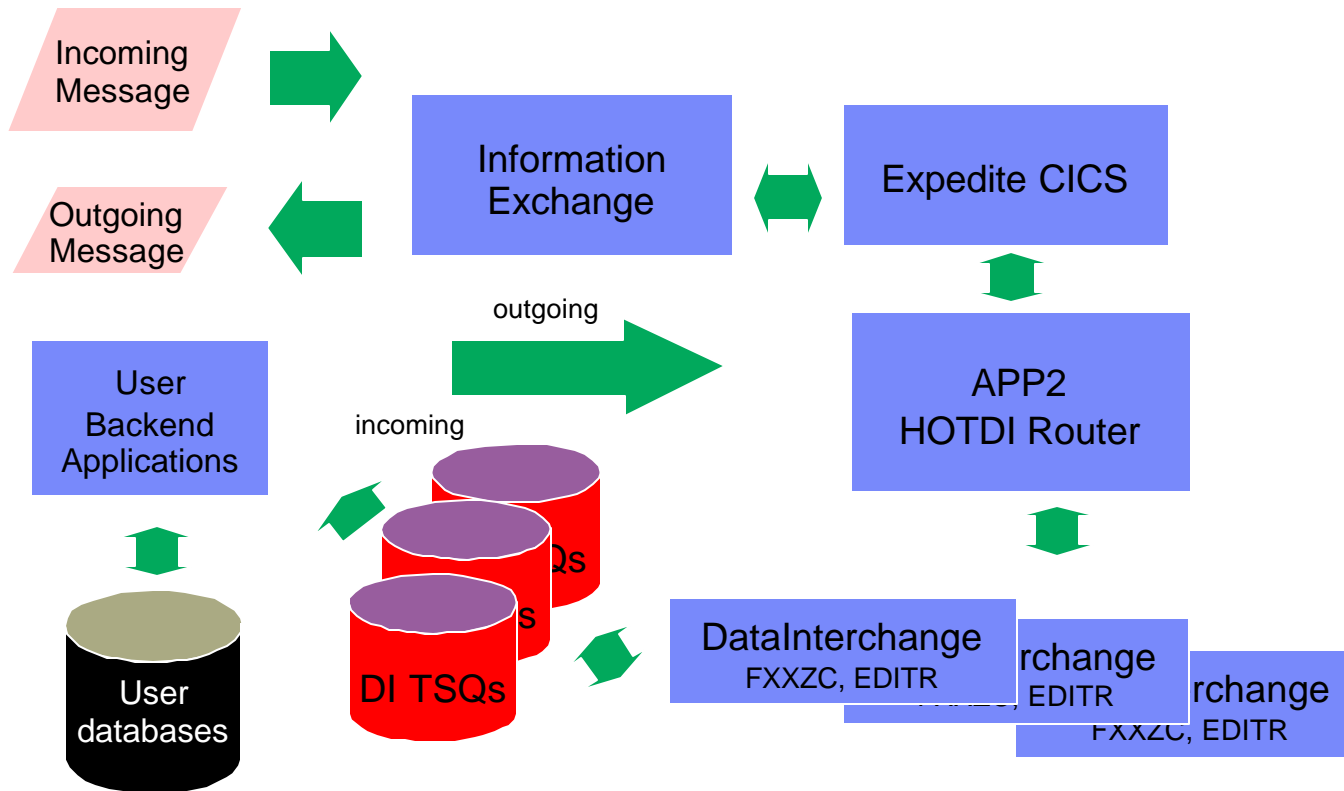


## HOT-DI

### “HOT-DI” Translation Process

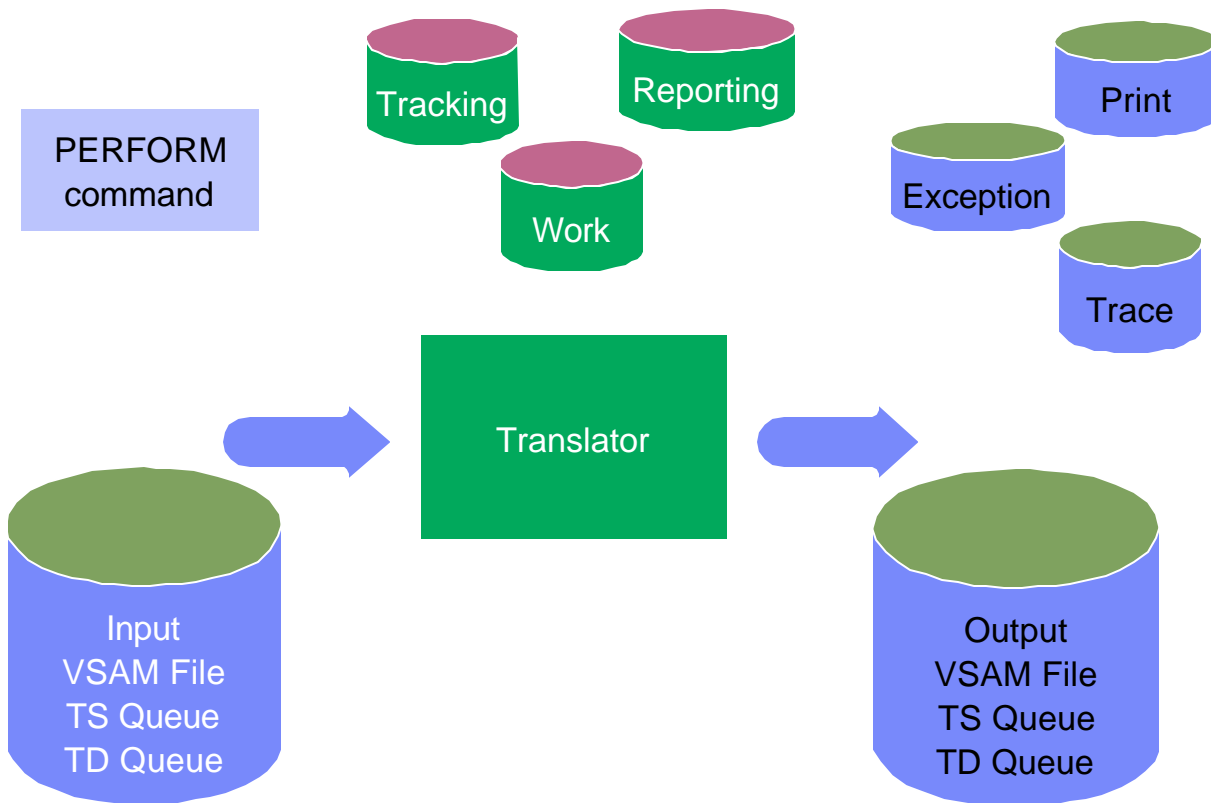


## Hot DI Example





## WDI MVS Basic Flow





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## Real Time Options using the Various APIs

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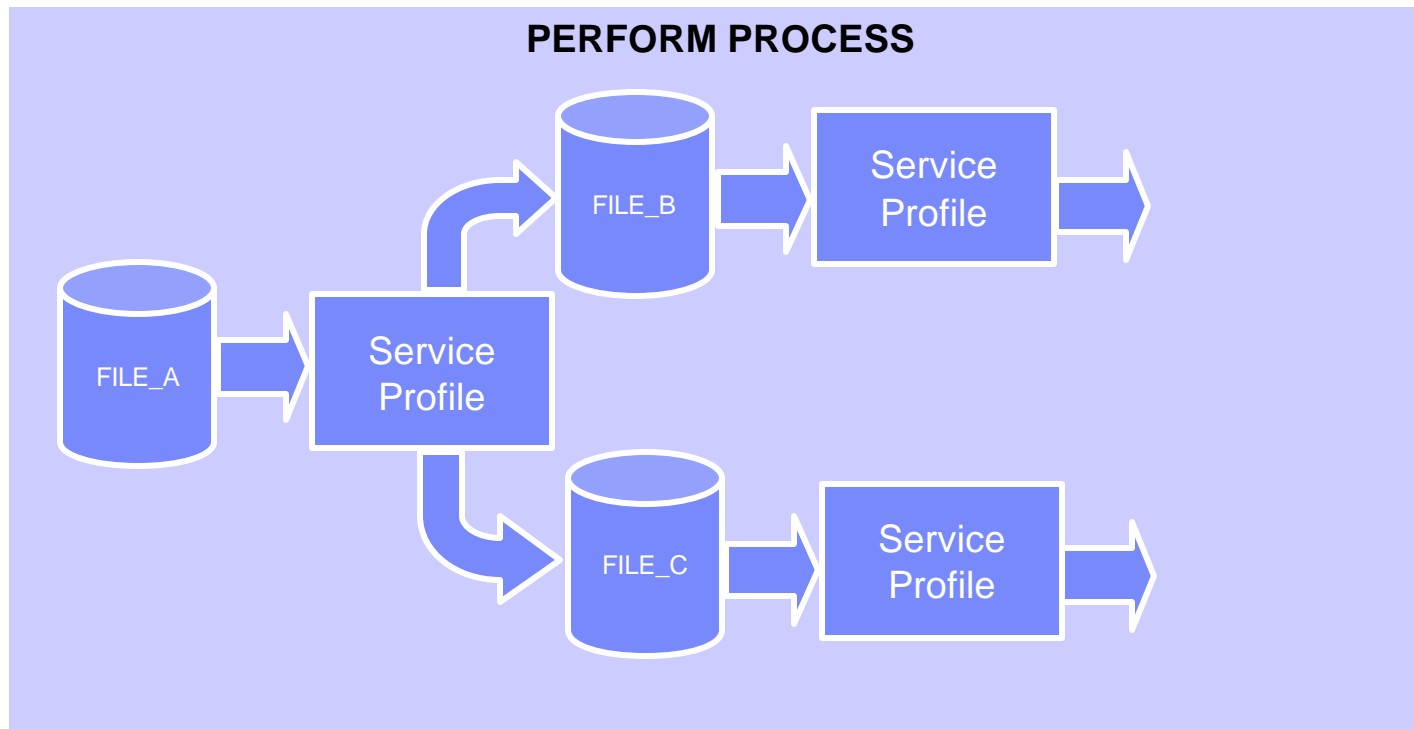
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## What is Command Chaining?

- Introduced with the PROCESS keyword
- Uses PERFORM command templates
- Allows dynamic command substitutions
- Invokes commands when logical files are available
- Used by WDIAdapter and WDIServer



## Command Chaining Overview



## What functionality does it provide?

- New level of flexibility for solutions.
  - Appropriate action can be taken for each input source.
  - The output of one command becomes input for additional commands.
- Provides the foundation upon which the WDIAdapter and WDIServer programs are built.



## What is a Service Profile?

- Service Profiles provide the link between a data source and the specific PERFORM command that will be used to process data found on that data source. The service profile also defines all the files required by the PERFORM command.



## Elements of a Service Profile

- Service Profile name
- PERFORM command
- Criteria for continuing the chain
- Input and output file names



## What determines which Service Profile is used?

- Process to select a service profile:
  - Logical file has been closed
  - Logical file name matches a Service Profile
  - The current error level matches Service profile criteria

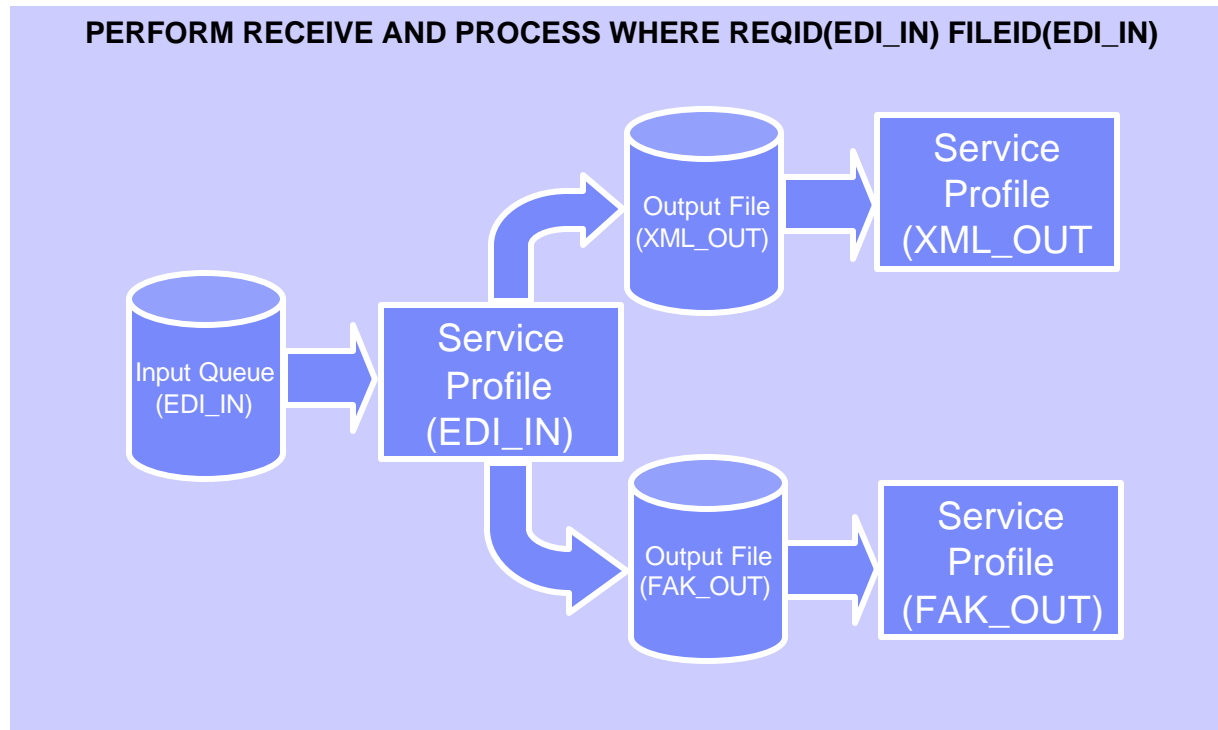




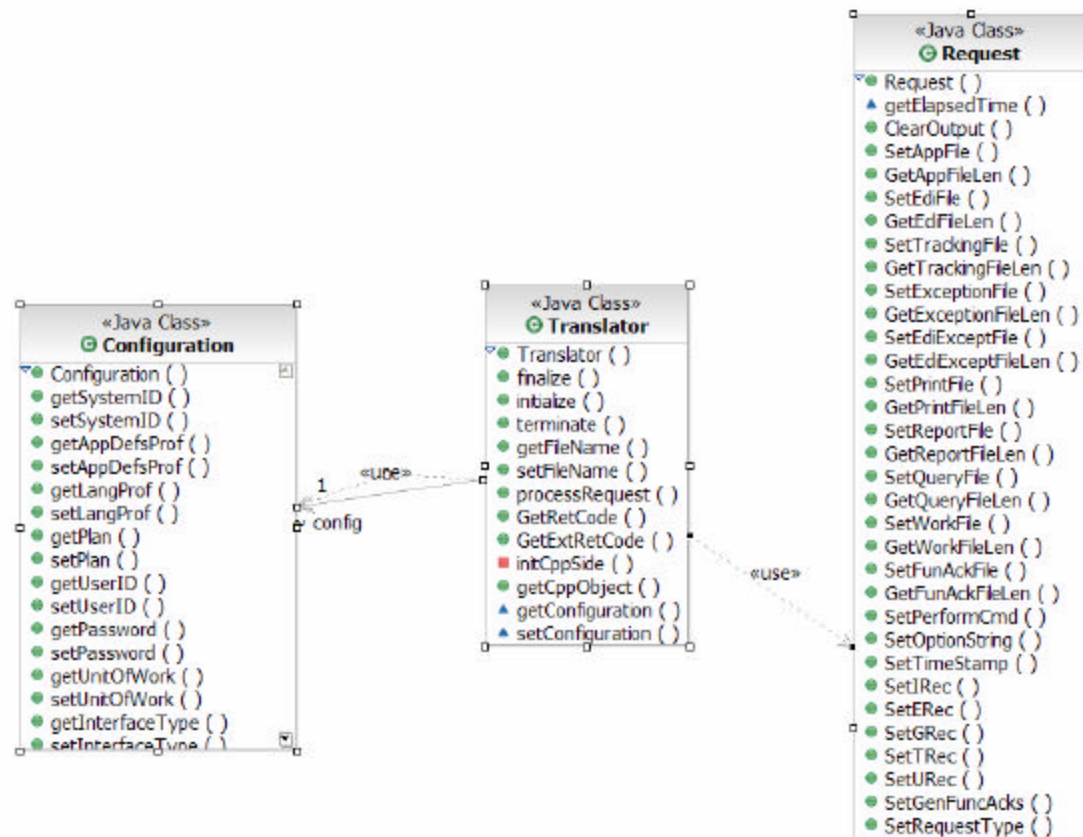
## How does command chaining work?

- **PERFORM RECEIVE AND PROCESS**
  - REQID – Names a Mailbox Profile
  - FILEID – Logical filename
- **PERFORM PROCESS**
  - FILEID – Logical filename

## EDI to XML Example



## Real Time Java API Definition



## Real Time C++ API Definition



## Real Time C++ API Program Example

```
#include <string.h>
#include "diapi.h"
int main ()
{
    CDIEEnvironment aCDIEEnvironment;
    CDIREquest      aTransformRequest;
    CSyncTranslator aCSyncTranslator;
    enum eResult    rc;
    bool            bShutdown = 0;

    //Define the Data Interchange Environment
    aCDIEEnvironment.SetPlan("EDIEC32E");
    aCDIEEnvironment.SetLang("ENU");
    aCSyncTranslator.SetFileName("INFILE", "sample.dat");
    aCSyncTranslator.SetFileName("OUTFILE", "sample.out");
    aCSyncTranslator.SetFileName("FFSEXCP", "sample.aex");
    aCSyncTranslator.SetFileName("PRTFILE", "sample.prt");

    // Initialize the translator:
    rc = aCSyncTranslator.Initialize(aCDIEEnvironment);

    while (!bShutdown) {
        // TODO: Get data to be processed and write to INFILE:

        // Set the perform commands to be executed:
        aTransformRequest.SetPerformCmd
            ("PERFORM PROCESS WHERE FILEID(INFILE);");

        // Ask the synchronous translator to process the EDI to ADF Request:
        rc = aCSyncTranslator.ProcessRequest(aTransformRequest);
    }

    // If we are shutting down, then terminate:
    rc = aCSyncTranslator.Terminate();

    // Terminate and go home:
    return(0);
}
```





## Questions and Discussion

