

IBM IT Education Services

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Web Services, the modern Technology of future computing

VSE Technical Conference

Web services



What are Web Services?

Web Services Architecture

Web Services Protocols

What is the value of Web Services?

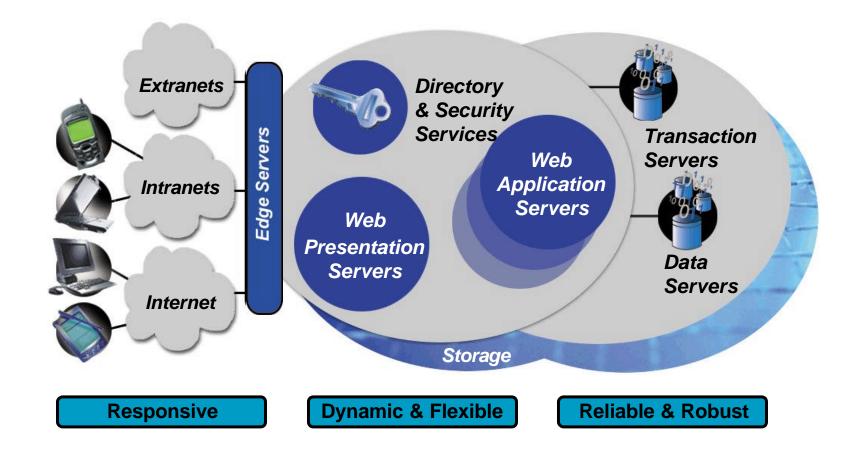


Infrastructure



End User Services

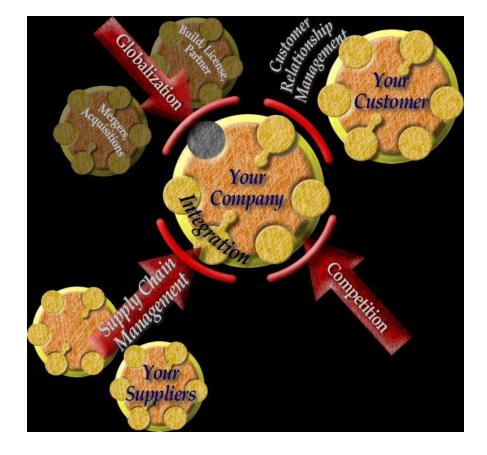
Web - Business Appl. Services Data / Transaction Services



Dynamic e-business



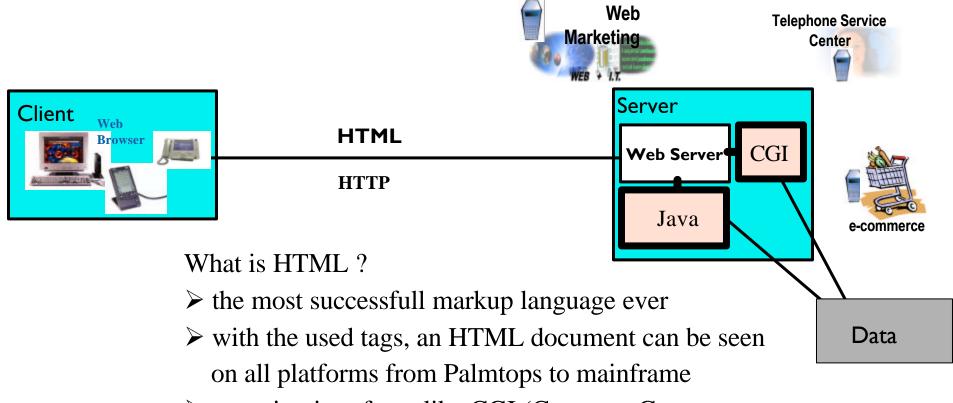
The Networked economy is driving an evolution of e-business and integration is the key



- Business-to-business
- Across towers
- With 3rd party software and services
- Across tiers



HTML - Traditional Internet Technology

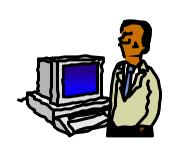


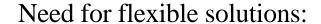
- ➤ extension interfaces like CGI (Common Gateway Interface) and Java (applets, servlets, EJB) allow access to backend systems
- > HTML was designed with humans in mind



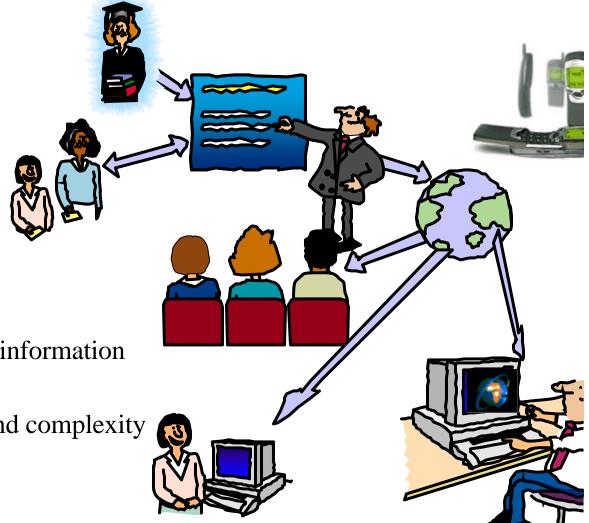
HTML - wasn't designed for todays requirements







- Enterprise wide integration
- > Flexible personalisation
- ➤ Dynamic presentation of same information
- > Flexible search
- ➤ Reduce of Data Redundancy and complexity
- >Standard Internet protocol,
- > Application independent,
- > Platform independent,
- > Architecture independent,



HTML vs. XML - extendet Markup Language

- VS@
 - ➤ HTML contains tags to tell a browser how to display information but <u>not</u> WHAT that information is
 - > XML was designed with applications in mind (distributed application)
 - > XML has information about structure and content of information
 - > XML supports attributes that hold additional information about a tag
 - > HTML can be written within XML

An address in HTML Mrs. Mary Brown

 1401 MainStreet
 Winston Salem, WN 34123

```
An address in XML

<address>
    <title>Mrs.</title>
    <firstname>Mary</firstname>
    <lastname>Brown</lastname>
    <street>1401 MainStreet</street>
    <city state="WN">Winston Salem</city>
    <postalcode type="int">34123</postalcode>
</address>
```

XML - extendet Markup Language

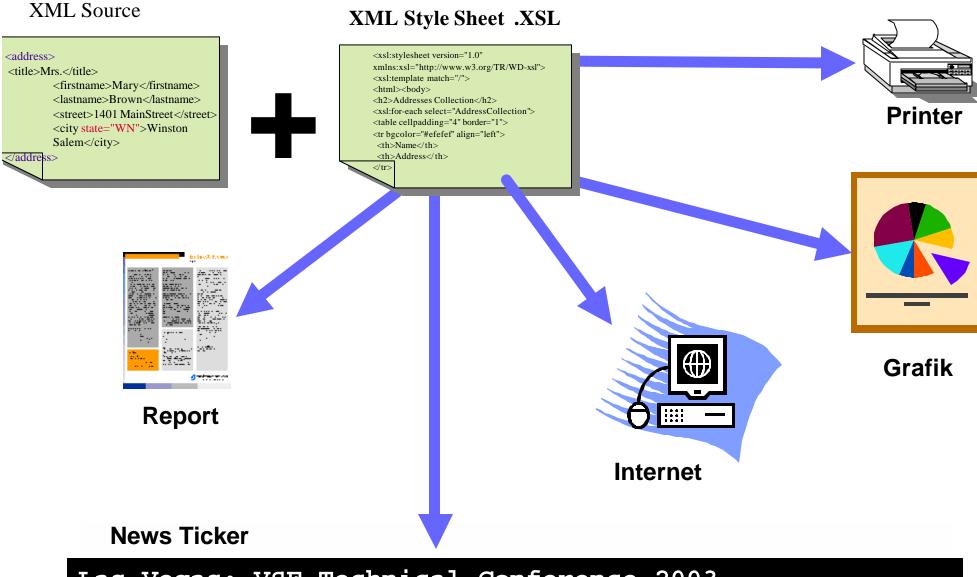


```
resses PTD Posument Type Definitions ses XSL – XML Style Sheet
ntains the descriptions of the tags attributes and their yelid values the XML document – validations ylesheet version="1.0" xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-xsl"> LEMENT AddressCollection (address+)> molate match="1.0"
                                                                                  An address in XML
                                                                               <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
                                                                               <!DOCTYPE addresses SYSTEM "addresses.dtd">
LEMENT address (title?,firstname,lastname,street,city,postalcode)>
                                                                               <?xml-stylesheet type='text/xsl' href='addresses.xsl'?>
(HEMEN Tritle (#RCDATA)>
                                                                               <AddressCollection>
DE-EMENETE STRANDER SHECOLO CTIAN >>
                                                                                <address>
                                                                                                                         -tag
Esthrackinsasinaherdere DATA)>
                                                                                   <name>
reenhen"#stetet"(#bedalpA")>
                                                                                      <title>Mrs.</title>
     Name
//IENT city (#PCDATA)>
Address
                                                                                      <first-name>
LEMENT postalcode (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                      Mary
                                                                                                                          > element
                                                                                      </first-name>
                                                                                                                          (with 3 childs)
or-each select="address">
                                                                                      <last-name>Brown</last-name>
                                                                                   </name>
d><h>
<xsl:value-of select="title"/>
                                                                                   <street>
<xsl:value-of select="firstname"/>
                                                                                   1401 MainStreet
<xsl:value-of select="lastname"/></b>
                                                                                   </street>
                                                                                                 v----- attribute
ad><xsl:value-of select="street"/>,
                                                                                  <city state="WN">Winston Salem</city>
  <xsl:value-of select="postalcode"/>
                                                                                  <postal-code type="int">34123</postal-code>
sl:value-of select="city"/>
                                                                                </address>
                                                                               </AddressCollection>
for-each>
e >
'or-each></body></html>
```

emplate></xsl:stylesheet>IBM @server. For the next generation of e-business.

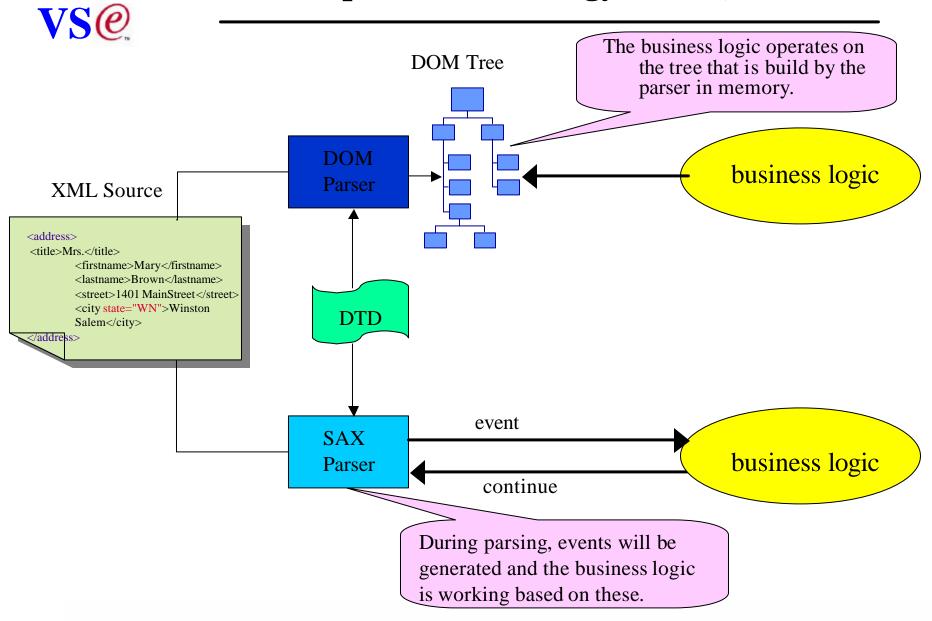
XSL – formating of **XML** documents





Las Vegas: VSE Technical Conference 2003

XML parser Technology (DOM,SAX)



What is SOAP?





- Simple Object Access Protocol
- SOAP is an XML based protocol for communication between two remote applications:
 - ► is based on RPC messaging
 - **▶** is language independent (<u>de-couples</u> interface from implementation)
 - represents remote procedure calls and responses
- A SOAP message consists of:
 - envelope
 - -wraps the message itself
 - -defines rules for decoding the message
 - message
 - -request
 - method to invoke on a remote object and parameters
 - -response
 - result of running the method and exceptions



</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>

SOAP XML data stream sample

SOAP Call

```
SOAP Response
POST /cics/CWBA/SOAPSERV HTTP/1.0
                                                                              HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Host: 9.164.143.23
                                                                              Content-type: text/xml; charset="utf-8"
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
                                                                              Content-Length: 00000391
Content-Length: 505
SOAPAction: "urn:mytestservice"
                                                                              <SOAP-ENV:Envelope
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF -8'?>
                                                                                     xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope
                                                                                     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema-instance"
       xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
                                                                                     xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema">
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema-instance"
                                                                               <SOAP-ENV:Body>
       xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema">
                                                                                <ns1:testMethodResponse
 <SOAP-ENV:Body>
                                                                                     xmlns:ns1="urn:mytestservice"
  <ns1:testMethod
                                                                                     SOAP-ENV:encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encodir
       xmlns:ns1="urn:mytestservice"
                                                                                 <Result>
       SOAP-ENV:encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/">
                                                                                 OK
   <filename xsi:type="xsd:string">
                                                                                 </Result>
    FILEA
                                                                                </ns1:testMethodResponse>
   </filename>
                                                                               </SOAP-ENV:Body>
   <key xsi:type="xsd:string">
                                                                              </SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
    00000001
   </key>
   <data xsi:type="xsd:string">
                                              Parameters
    Record1
   </data>
  </ns1:testMethod>
 </SOAP-ENV:Bodv>
```

What is WSDL?





- •WSDL is an XML based vocabulary for defining a Web Service:
 - **►** interfaces
 - -operation types (i.e. one-way, request-response, notification)
 - -messages defining a Web Service interface
 - -definition of data types (XML Schema)
 - ► access protocol (i.e. SOAP over HTTP)



► contact endpoints (i.e. Web Service URL and URNs¹)

(1URNs are location independent pointers to a file, or to different representations of the same content. In most ways they can be used like URLs)

- A Web Service URL returning WSDL makes Web Services <u>self-describing</u>
- Similar in purpose to IDL (Interface Definition Language)
 - From a WSDL file, wizards can generate:
 - proxy classes for calling Web Service
 skeleton classes to implement a Web Service
 - IBM @server. For the next generation of e-business.

What is UDDI?





- Universal Description, Discovery and Integration
- UDDI is a specification for <u>publishing and discovery</u> of businesses and the services they provide
- UDDI specifications define how to construct UDDI Business Registries
- •UDDI specifications are based on XML and SOAP:
 - API to communicate with a UDDI Registry are SOAP based
 - -UDDI4J (UDDI for Java) Open Source implementation in Java
 - -JAXR (Java API for XML Registries) Sun
 - data structures that define Web Service in UDDI Registry are XML based

UDDI Business Registry





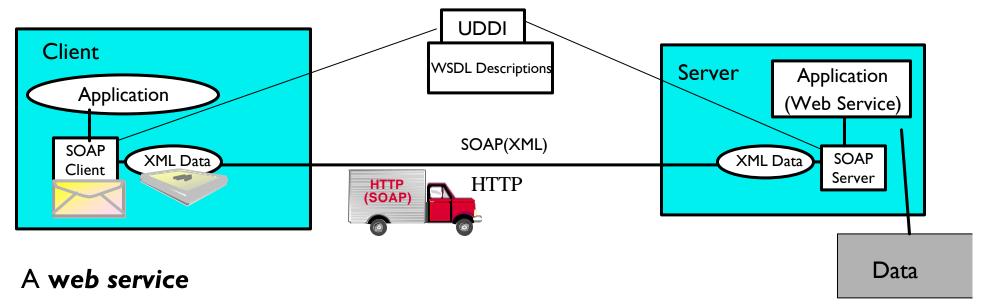
- There are three public registry nodes on the web
 - ► sponsored by IBM, Microsoft and HP
 - ► in UDDI Business Registries, businesses register information about themselves and their services
 - **►** registration is free
 - ► registration entries are replicated to other nodes on daily basis
 - businesses can discover each other's services:
 - -automated searches (UDDI APIs)
 - -manual searches (search engines in UDDI Registry web sites)
- •UDDI Registries are organized into three areas:

White Pages	business information	business name, description, contact information
Yellow Pages	service information	industrial categorizations based on standard taxonomies
Green Pages	binding information	the technical information about services that are exposed by the business



Web Services

XML Document + SOAP Protocol = Web Services



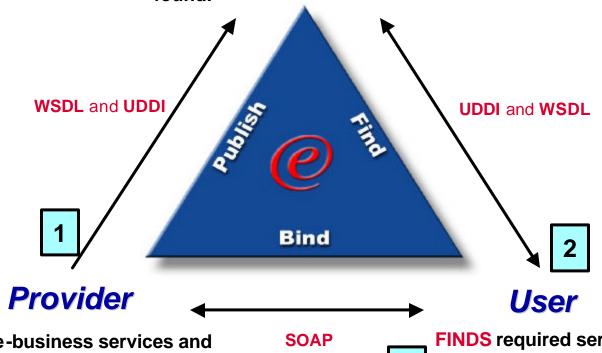
- implements a bussiness, application or system functionality
- is intended for application communication
- is useable in internet, intranet, extranet
- is useable for browser-based solutions up to the B2B integration between companies
- wuses only standard internet technologies

Web Services Participants and their Roles





Maintains Web Services Registry where services are published and found.

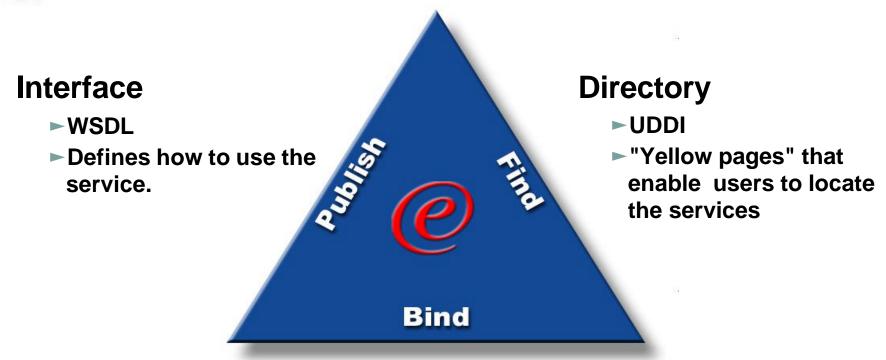


Provides e-business services and PUBLISHES availability of these services to Web Services Registry.

FINDS required services in Web Services Registry, BINDS to those services in applications.

Web Services Architecture





Transport

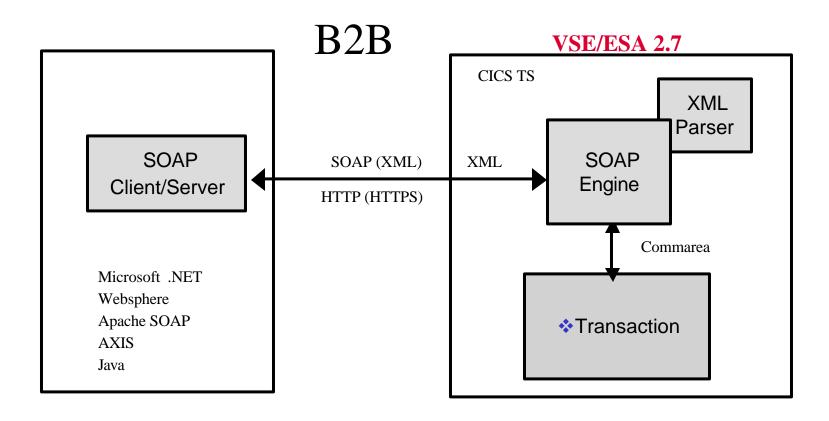
- **►SOAP**
- Mechanism for connecting with applications and data.

Set of industry-standard approaches to enable simplified connection of applications.

Web services with VSE/ESA 2.7



Integration of CICS Transactions as Web Services (XML data interchange with SOAP)



❖ VSE/ESA Transactions as Web Service

VSE XML Parser



- The VSE XML Parser can be invoked by user programs
- There are 2 calling interfaces:
 - SAX like interface to parse a XML document
 - Callable from C programs
 - Can be invoked directly
 - Uses Callback functions
 - DOM like interface to parse and generate XML documents
 - Callable via EXEC CICS LINK (or direct call from programs)
 - Builds a DOM like tree of Control blocks imn memory
 - XML generator converts the tree in a XML document

VS@

Overview

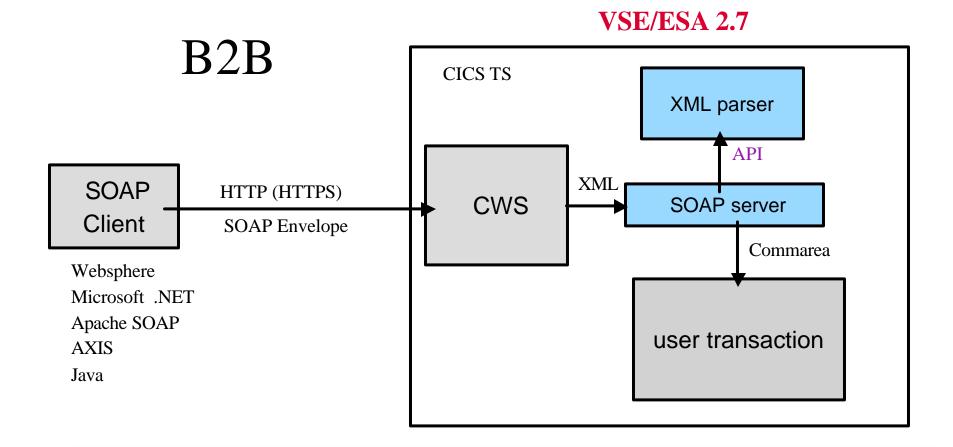
- VSE can act as
 - SOAP server
 - Driven through CICS Web Support
 - -Allows to invoke a CICS program from remote
 - -Transport protocol is HTTP (and HTTPS)
 - SOAP client
 - A CICS program can invoke a WebService
 - Transport protocol is HTTP
 - Connection possible through firewalls
 - HTTP Proxy
 - Socks V4/V5



VSE/ESA as SOAP server

Web Services (SOAP)

SOAP - Simple Object Access Protocol (platform independent remote procedure call)



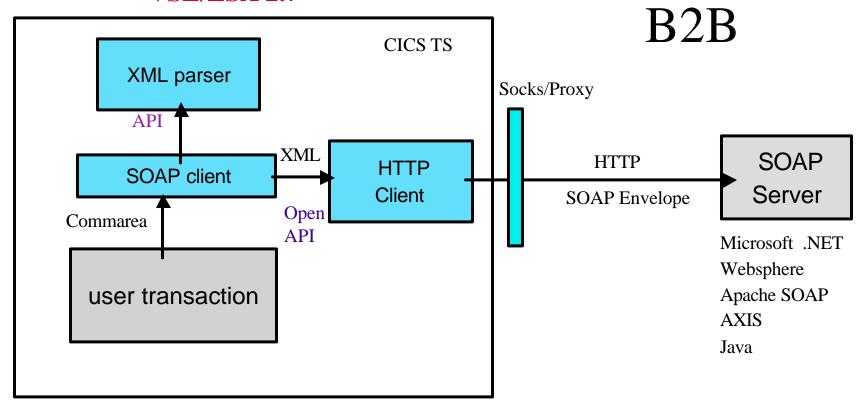
VSE/ESA 2.7 as SOAP client



Web Services (SOAP)

SOAP - Simple Object Access Protocol (platform independent remote procedure call)

VSE/ESA 2.7



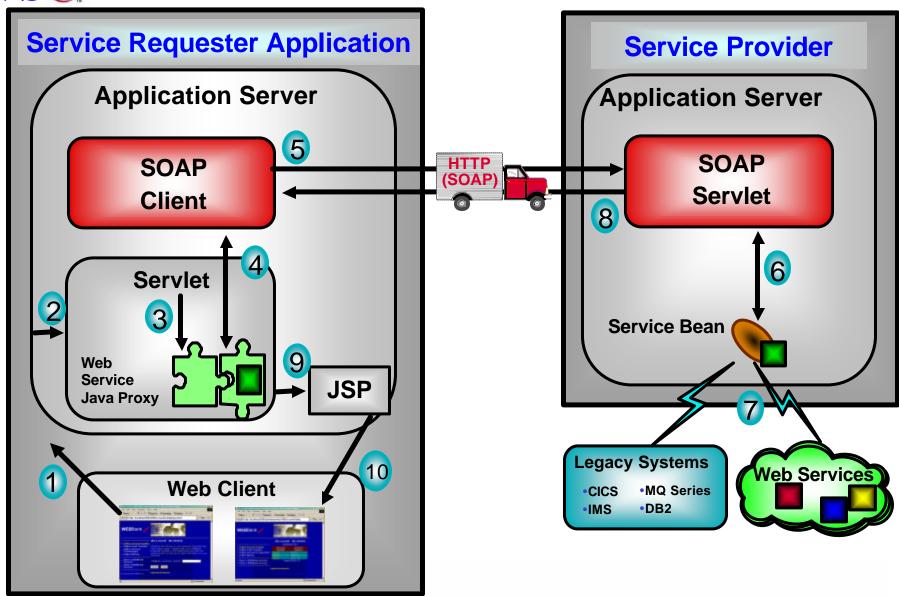
VS@

VSE provided HTTP client

- The VSE provided HTTP client can be used by user written programs
- EXEC CICS LINK interface (or direct call)
- Supports connections through firewalls
 - HTTP proxy
 - Socks V4 and V5
- HTTP Methods supported
 - GET
 - POST
- Data to send/receive can be passed via
 - Buffers in memory
 - Callback functions/programs

Web Services Runtime View





Web Services Value - Technical Perspective



- 1 Technology is backed by key software vendors (IBM, Microsoft, Oracle, etc.) and Open Source organizations (Apache)
 - ► all cooperate to develop Web Services standards
 - Web Services protocols continue to evolve rapidly
 - -Web Services are based on open protocols
 - software vendors compete in the tooling and runtimes arena
 - -high quality Web Services tooling is available
 - developers can concentrate only on writing the business logic
 - developers do not need to write the Web Services "plumbing" code
 - •i.e. IBM's WSAD wizards generate (Java Proxy to consume Web Service, Java Bean Skeleton to create Web Service, etc...)
 - most runtimes (Web Application Servers) support consumption and provision of Web Services

2 Implementation is de-coupled from interface

- ► Web Services developers (produces and consumers) are not restricted to any particular language, operating system or object model
 - -a Web Service built with .net technology can be called from J2EE application

Web Services Value - Business Perspective

VS@

Web Services technology will enable businesses to:

- 1 deliver new IT solutions faster and at lower cost
 - -development can focus on the code related to core business, and
 - -use Web Services application for non-core business programming
- 2 protect their investment in IT legacy systems
 - -use Web Services to wrap legacy software systems for integration with modern IT systems
- 3 externalize their business processes and integrate them with business processes of their customers and partners at a much lower cost
 - Web Services make this integration feasible by allowing to share business processes without sharing technology
 - •with lowered entry costs even small business will be able to participate in B2B integration
- 4 enter new markets and widen customer base
 - -Web Services listed in UDDI Registries can be "discovered" and thus are "visible" to the entire web community

How Can Web Services Be Used?



- Between businesses
 - ► Providing service to your customers
 - Integrating business processes with your partners and suppliers
- Within a business
 - Accelerate and reduce the cost of integratio
 - Save on infrastructure deployment and management costs
 - ► Reduce skill requirements
 - ► Improve reuse
- Between a business and end-users
 - Deliver a better user experience
 - ► Integrate diverse content
 - ► Reduce the cost of content delivery



- Standards and common infrastructure reduce the barriers
- Simplicity accelerates deployment
- Dynamics opens new business opportunities

Travel services

One of the world's leading providers of electronic global distribution services (GDS) -- connecting more than 42,000 travel agency locations to 511 airlines, 37 car rental companies, 47,000 hotel properties, 350 tour operators and all major cruise lines in an electronic marketplace.

Using web services

Offer travel services
- Access travel suppliers

Other
Travel
Services

Galileo

e-Market



- Provide e-commerce support to construction equipment part suppliers
 - Integrate with parts suppliers systems
 - ► Imediate availability data
 - ► Imediate part reservation
 - "Virtual inventory"
- Using web services
 - ► To link to part suppliers and manufactors
 - To integrate with equipment owner's systems in the future

Parts Suppliers

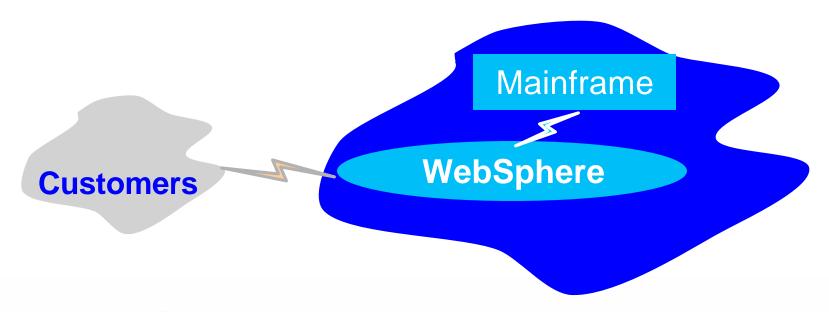
VendQuest

Construction Equipment Owners **Equipment Manufactors**

Financial

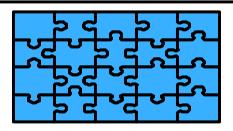


- A Financial and insurance holding company
- •6,500 companies with approximately 390,000 employees
 - Manually synchronize the records of those employees such that individual coverage could be accurately calculated for each employee under a variety of insurance schemes.
- Replace the manual process with an automated web services process
 - ► Extract information directly from payroll systems and transmit via web services requests to Storebrand where it is entered into Storebrand's mainframe

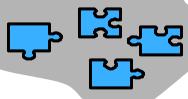


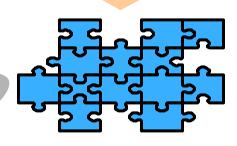
Unbundling IT





Customers and Partners









Benefits

- •Get more value from assets
- Strengthen relationship with partners

Web Services Value

- Netural: Language, OS, hardware, app design
- Leverages existing network infrastructure
- Standards based
- Loose coupling

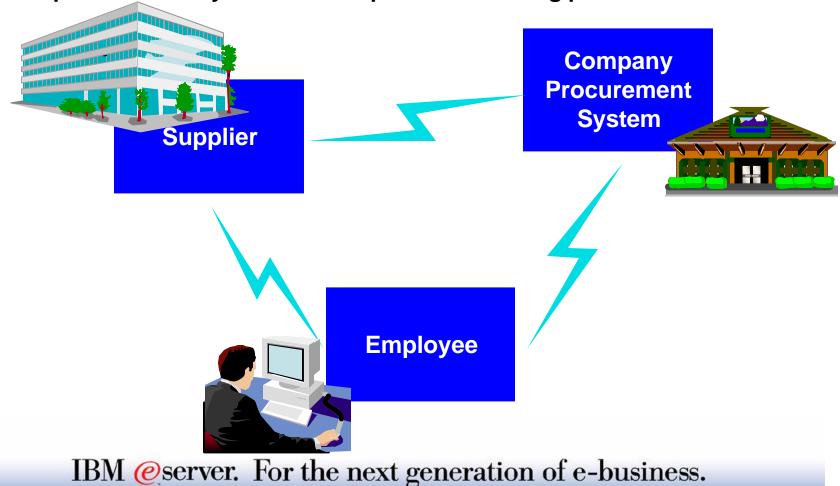
Benefits

- Reduce noncompetitive investment
- Stay up-to-date



Business Process Extension

- Supplier provides a UI for parts selection
- Company "passes-thru" UI for parts selection from its internal procurement system
- Supplier forwards the results of parts selection to the company's procurement systems to complete the ordering process





VS@ Complete IBM Software Portfolio for Web Services

WebSphere	Web Services Runtime and Deployment <u>Web Application Server 4.0/50</u> . Includes SOAP Servlet and support for access to UDDI Registries. <u>WebSphere Business Integrator</u> . New software to manage web services	
	workflow within and between enterprises. <u>Web Services Development Environment Toolkit</u> . AlphaWorks free Toolkit for basic Web Service programming tasks: create, deploy and test.	
	Development and Integration of Web Services Applications VAJ V4.0/50 WebSphere Studio Application Developer. IDE, hosting a	
Development	complete web application development environment. Includes major Web Services functions such as: Web Service creation: Java beans, DADX, DB2 XML Extender, WSDL, URLs; Test Client generation for Web Services test and verification Web Services consumption: generate Java Proxy from WSDL Full interface to UDDI Registries to browse, discover, download and publish.	



VS@ Complete IBM Software Portfolio for Web Services

DB2 UDB 7.2/8.x	Manage Data in Web Services Environment	
	<u>DB2 XML Extender</u> . Stored procedures and SQL statements to be exposed as invokable Web Service operations. Enables Web services applications to access data stored in DB2 as an XML structured document.	
Tivoli	Manage the IBM Middleware that Runs the Web Services <u>Tivoli Web Services Manager.</u> Software for performance monitoring of Web Services. <u>Tivoli Manager for WebSphere Application Server.</u> Software providing a single point of control to manage Web Services. <u>Tivoli SecureWay Policy Director.</u> Software to build consistent security policy into	
Lotus	Web Services Enablement in Lotus Products Lotus Web Services Enablement Kit. Software tools to build Web Services with Lotus products. Lotus Domino Server. Collaboration, workflow and messaging software that can be accessed by Web Services. Lotus Knowledge Discovery System. Knowledge management software to access expertise from Web Services.	

The Magic of Web Services



What makes web services different from previous "revolutionary" component and communication models?

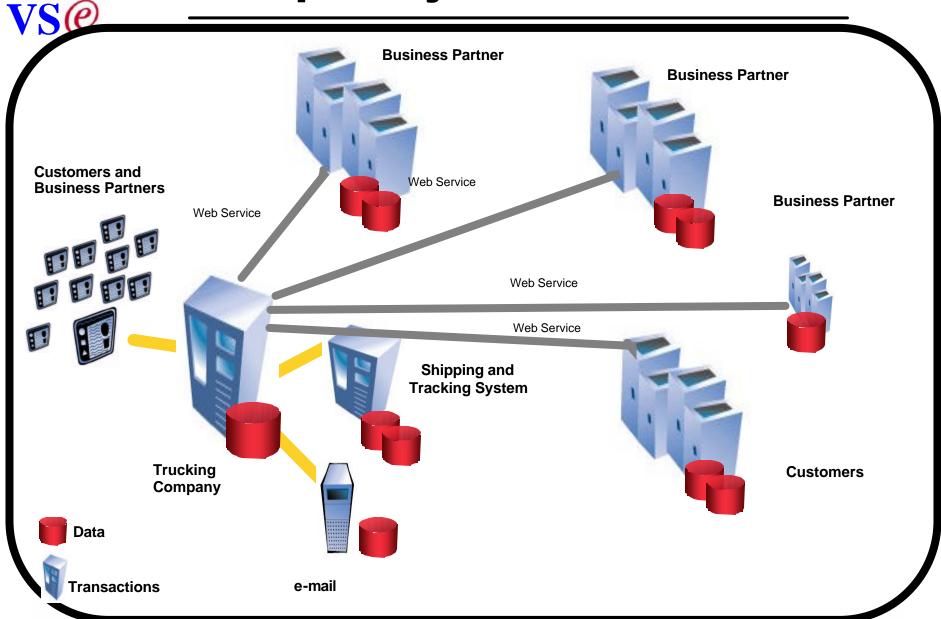
- Based on real Standards
 - ►TCP/IP, HTTP, XML, ...
- Leverages industry support
 - ► The Internet, routers, load balancing, firewalls, web servers, ...
- •We made the right choices this time
 - ► Loose coupling, simple, solution driven



Why will Web Services Technology Succeed?

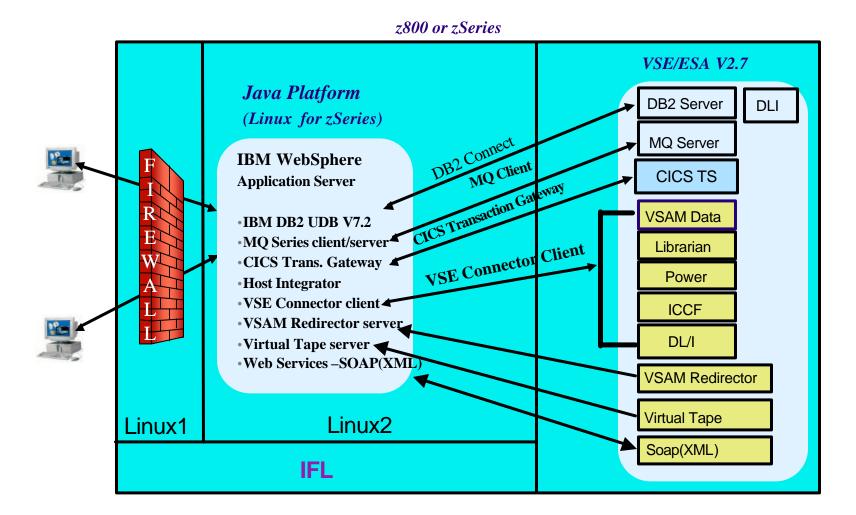
- Other distributed technologies are not optimized for the Internet because they required strong coupling:
 - required the use of the same transport technologies
 - required knowledge of each others implementation
- •What is wrong with other distributed technologies?
 - **► DCOM requires Windows at each endpoint**
 - ► CORBA requires compatible ORBs at each endpoint
 - ►RMI requires Java at each endpoint
- •Why is XML/WSDL/SOAP/UDDI so much better?
 - **►** implementation choices are de-coupled from interfaces
 - -any language can be used to write and consume Web Services
 - -more than one open standard transport technology can be specified
 - -operating system differences are not a factor

Roadmap for dynamic e-business



VSE/ESA Connections







More Information...

developerWorks - Web Services Zone IBM sponsored site that contains articles, tutorials and latest news related to Web Services.	www-106.ibm.com/developerworks/webservices
AlphaWorks - Web Services Toolkit IBM sponsored site to provide early adopters access to emerging "alphacode" technology. The Web Services Toolkit exploits new technologies that may be adopted in future releases of IBM Web Services Tools.	www.alphaworks.ibm.com/tech/webservicestoolkit
XMethods An organization dedicated to promoting the development, deployment, and use of web services.	xmethods.com
UDDI Project and Community web site contains UDDI specification, whitepapers, FAQ. IBM is a member.	www.uddi.org
SOAP The latest version of SOAP specification hosted by the W3C Organization web site.	www.w3.org/TR/SOAP
WSDL The latest version of WSDL specification hosted by the W3C Organization web site.	www.w3.org/TR/wsdl