The Value of VM for the VSE Enterprise (*What Else Can I Do With VM?*) Session G42

2000 VM and VSE Technical Conference

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Benefits of VM for VSE Guests

- More Flexible than Logical Partitions
- Disk and Tape Services
- Database Services
- Network Services
- Web Services
- New Application Servers as VM guests





Partitioning Alternatives

Hardware Partitioning



Partitioning with VM



A Hypervisor that does more than Partition

Monitor and tune a multi-image VSE system

- System wide monitoring tools (RMF-like capability)
- Share capping
- Accounting
- Minimal performance impacts
 - Preferred Guests with dedicated disk provides equivalent to LPAR performance
 - When volumes must be shared, VM Minidisks can be cached in processor storage to mitigate overhead
 - When Virtual Disks in Storage are controlled by VM, storage resources are pooled and available on demand
 - VM will use more than 2Gb real storage, deploying it to any VSE image at the appropriate time as Virtual Storage, cached minidisks, virtual disks in storage, etc.
 - Better n-way dispatching



The Hardware Pager Notification Facility

VM/ESA integrated console support enables use of a hardware paging system, delivering critical VM and VSE messages to the pager of the key operator or system programmer who needs to know!



VM Serves Disk Files to VSE

Mini-Disk (MDisk)

- Share VSE Volumes without dedicating physical paths, similar to ESCON Multiple Image Facility (EMIF)
- Performance impact mitigated by
 - MDisk Cache
 - CCW Fastpath
 - Economic 4-pathing for devices on parallel channels
- Manage VSE MDisks with DFSMS
 - Panel driven method to expand MDisks
 - Operates on Groups of MDisks
 - Migration to new disk geometry

VM Virtual Disk (VDisk)

- Pool memory and paging resources across multiple VSE images
- Put Data in Memory that can be shared (linked) by multiple guests
- Ideal for VSE Lockfile

Shared File System (SFS)

- Multi-user access with locking available at the file level
- Xedit
- A great place for VSE application source and JCL



VM Virtual Disks in Storage

- VM Virtual Disks can be used by VSE applications and end users to provide high speed, temporary disk in real storage.
 - Putting the VSE Lockfile into real storage alleviates a common bottleneck when multiple VSE images share DASD
 - Appears to the VSE guests as a real FBA DASD device
 - Can be shared between VSE guests, unlike native VSE Virtual Disks
 - Removes need for 3rd party software or solid state devices





Application Development

- ICCF is 3270 editor which runs as a CICS transaction and is included in VSE/ESA V2 base functions.
- Xedit is the CMS editor included in VM/ESA base functions. It is preferred by MVS, VSE and Unix programmers alike.
- The Shared File System is a standard component of VM/ESA that allows multiple concurrent access with systems management. It is a great place for VSE application source code and JCL.





Tape Capacity Utilization



Virtual Tape Serving with VM

Magstar Virtual Tape Library Server

- The 3494-B18 can use the entire 60Gb capacity of the 3590 cartridge. Most VSE data sets are smaller than 600 Mb, leaving unused space even on the 3490E media (2.4Gb)
- The VTS takes advantage of the density of the 3590 cartridge while emulating 3490E, improving media utilization with no changes required to VSE or its applications
- Front end RAID Disk drives ensure fast access to data with no operator interaction
- Controlled by DFSMS/VM Removable Media Services
- VTS snaps onto existing 3494 tape library, which can be shared with other platforms, e.g. Tivoli Storage Manager, AS/400, AIX, Windows and Solaris.
- New capability: Peer-to-Peer VTS for remote mirror image



VM Accelerates DB2

- VM optimizes resources, balancing memory, CPU, and paging subsystems between DB2 and multiple VSE images.
- VM Data Space Support (VMDSS)
 - Performs better than large page and directory buffers
 - Striping, unmapped internal DB spaces, and database directory in storage
 - Additional tuning parameters: targetws, saveint, etc.
 - VMDSS is included in the base of DB2 V5&6 for VM & VSE
- RXSQL for interpreted and compiled REXX access
- DB2 World Wide Web Connection
- For shops with multiple VSE images
 - Inter-User Communication Vehicle (IUCV) out performs SNA Cross Domain function shipping
 - VM can run multiple DB2 data bases
 - CICS partitions can connect to multiple VM/DB2 databases





A Super Server for the LAN

Bring the strength of the mainframe to the LAN environment Utilize mainframe capacity for Unix and Windows Applications Exploit Data Center Discipline for the LAN Reliable tape media Operators and automation VM VSE Security Easy capacity upgrades Server Consolidation Network Services File Serving Print Serving Distributed Storage Management Webserving

Why VM/VTAM?

VSE/VTAM by design restricts certain I/O buffers and I/O blocks below the 24 bit line.

- VM/VTAM can be implemented as a cross domain resource to alleviate virtual storage constraints due to
 - Very large VTAM networks
 - Replacing 37x5 SDLC lines with a router and OSA-2

VSE/VTAM does not have back-to-back SNA Network Interconnection (SNI) capability

- VM/VTAM can provide the gateway allowing VSE to participate as an end node
- ► If you don't need the full function of VM/VTAM, there are cheaper alternatives
 - Passthrough/VM (PVM)
 - Access to CMS from VSE/VTAM terminals
 - Access to VSE guests from CMS logon
 - Programmability gives VM Webservers gateway to CICS
 - TCP/IP for VM
 - Telnet exit can dial a guest automatically
 - TN3270E drives PC attached printer
 - Function level 320



TCP/IP for VM , for VSE or for both?



TCP/IP for VM, for VSE



- Webserving with Integrity and Security
 - Webgateway handshake with VSE IPServer
 - Apache on Linux for S/390



File Serving with VM

- Byte File System (BFS)
 - A Unix style file system optimized for S/390
 - Centralized Management
 - Automated Storage Management with DFSMS
 - Secure Host Access Control (e.g. RACF)
 - Centralized Adminstration of logical and physical capacities
 - Enables Server Consolidation
 - Over 700 Posix interfaces in VM/ESA 2.3 & 2.4
 - Java Virtual Machine, JDK 1.1.6 and NetRexx
 - Network Station Manager and Boot Server
 - Easy access from/to Unix and Windows
 - FTP send without pre-allocation
 - NFS access with Unix naming conventions
 - Automatic EBCDIC/ASCII Translation





Systems Managed Storage with DFSMS/VM

SFS and BFS

- Define classes of data and policies for management
 - By user directory
 - By Size
 - By Date of last reference
- Define types of media to manage
 - Primary, high speed disk
 - Secondary disk
 - Slower, cheaper devices
 - Data automatically compacted and uncompacted
 - Tape
 - Requires its own TSM instance
 - DFSMS provides CMS client code
- VM Makes a Great Place for
 - Cyclical and historical data
 - VSE application source and JCL
 - Unix and Windows application source and shell scripts
 - Documents and spread sheets



Remote Spooling and Control Subsystem

- S/390 Reliability and Scalability make possible a single point of management for any and all printers
 - Mainframe line printers
 - High capacity quality printers
 - Disperse LAN printers
 - Workstation attached printers
- Flexible Store & Forward Printing
 - Postscript
 - Binary graphics
 - Many Delivery options including *Guaranteed Delivery*
 - No RSCS license charge for LPR/LPD support!
 - NJE to/from Power queue to distribute VSE listings to printers on the LAN
 - Transport over IP to other VSE systems



Manage Distributed Storage with VM and **Tivoli**

Tivoli Storage Manager, S/390 Edition (5697-TSO)

- Centrally managed back-up, recovery & archive solution for distributed servers
- Takes advantage of existing S/390 infrastructure: Hardware, Software, Security, Skills, Data Center Discipline
- Browser Interface
- ADSM V3.1 Pre-installed on VM/ESA 2.4 (5697-VM3)

Tivoli Space Manager, S/390 Edition (5697-SPO)

- Optimize disk space on SUN and AIX Servers
- Automates Policies
 - Moves infrequently used files to tape
 - Recalls files upon user request
- Previously a feature of ADSM V3.1
- ▶ IBM Announcement 299-282



Web Serving Models with VSE



VM puts the Middleware back into the Mainframe!



New Application Servers as VM guests

- Create virtual Linux servers on demand
- Virtually unlimited, independent Linux images
- Central administration
- Shared hardware resources
- High-speed inter-Linux connectivity
- Access to legacy VSE/ESA applications and data bases
- Build high-speed networks of virtual servers on a single hardware platform





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Summary

- VM increases flexibility and control while conserving hardware resources
 - Processor and memory management
 - VSE Disks
 - Productivity tools
 - Automated Tape Operations
 - Database
- VM as a Super Server
 - Provides Wide Area Network Services
 - Provides File and Print Services
 - Storage Management with Tivoli
- VM brings middleware back to the mainframe
 - Web enablement with VM tools and ISV products
 - Web enablement and new application servers with Linux guests

