

IS01 – z/VSE 4.3 Technical update

Ingolf Salm salm@de.ibm.com





© 2010 IBM Corporation



Trademarks

The following are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Not all common law marks used by IBM are listed on this page. Failure of a mark to appear does not mean that IBM does not use the mark nor does it mean that the product is not actively marketed or is not significant within its relevant market.

Those trademarks followed by ® are registered trademarks of IBM in the United States; all others are trademarks or common law marks of IBM in the United States.

For a complete list of IBM Trademarks, see www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml:

*, AS/400®, e business(logo)®, DBE, ESCO, eServer, FICON, IBM®, IBM (logo)®, iSeries®, MVS, OS/390®, pSeries®, RS/6000®, S/30, VM/ESA®, VSE/ESA, z/VSE, WebSphere®, xSeries®, z/OS®, zSeries®, z/VM®, System i, System i5, System p, System p5, System x, System z, System z9®, System z10®, BladeCenter®

The following are trademarks or registered trademarks of other companies.

Adobe, the Adobe logo, PostScript, and the PostScript logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States, and/or other countries. Cell Broadband Engine is a trademark of Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both and is used under license therefrom.

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Intel, Intel logo, Intel Inside, Intel Inside logo, Intel Centrino, Intel Centrino logo, Celeron, Intel Xeon, Intel SpeedStep, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

ITIL is a registered trademark, and a registered community trademark of the Office of Government Commerce, and is registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

IT Infrastructure Library is a registered trademark of the Central Computer and Telecommunications Agency, which is now part of the Office of Government Commerce.

* All other products may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

Notes:

Performance is in Internal Throughput Rate (ITR) ratio based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput improvements equivalent to the performance ratios stated here.

IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply.

All customer examples cited or described in this presentation are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual customer configurations and conditions.

This publication was produced in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services or features discussed in this document in other countries, and the information may be subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the product or services available in your area.

All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

Information about non-IBM products is obtained from the manufacturers of those products or their published announcements. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the performance, compatibility, or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

Prices subject to change without notice. Contact your IBM representative or Business Partner for the most current pricing in your geography.



Agenda

- Roadmap
- VSE strategy
- z/VSE 4.3 key functions
- Statement of Direction: 64 bit virtual addressing





VSE Strategy

- Helps <u>Protect</u> your existing investments in core VSE programs, data, equipment, IT skills, *plus* business processes, end user training, etc.
 - modernize, i.e. extend VSE resources to Web
 - exploit IBM servers, storage, and software
- <u>Integrate VSE</u> with the rest of your IT based on open and industry standards
 - IBM middleware
 - VSE connectors and web services
- <u>Extend</u> with Linux on System z
 - infrastructure consolidation/simplification
 - add new infrastructure and/or line-of-business applications

Why Not Think Inside the Box?





z/VSE 4.3

- Preview: 10/2009, Announced: 10/2010, planned GA: 11/26/2010
- IBM System z10 / z196 exploitation
 - Dynamically add of CPUs
 - Large (1 megabyte) page support
- Virtual storage constraint relief for 24 bit (CICS) programs
- 4 digit device addresses (CUUs)
- Basic Security Manager (BSM) will allow to protect MQ resources
- Monitoring agent based on SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)
- Linux Fast Path
- Midrange Workload License Charges (MWLC) with sub-capacity mode

 Sub-Capacity Reporting Tool (SCRT) available with z/VSE 4.1 and later (z9 / z10 / z196 only)
- FSU from z/VSE 4.1 and 4.2



Requirements addressed in z/VSE 4.3

- MR1120076646 Provide 24-bit GETVIS-shortage relief by moving additional VSE/VSAM control blocks (including the CLWA) and executable code into 31-bit area
- MR0719046030, WAVV200413 Move large system modules in 31-bit SVA
- WAVV200715 Allow 4 digit cuu for compatibility
- MR0426071917 Enhance cuu range from 3 to 4 digits
- MR0411056737 Port z/OS LE changes to CEEFETCH Macro
- MR0511075750 LIBR CATALOG from SYSLNK
- MR0626082059 LIBR RENAME with DATE=OLD
- MR0729082910 VSE Connectors Support Numeric Decimal Data with decimal points
- MR071707545 BSM XREF Service
- WAVV200820 Audit enhancements integrate DTSECTAB
- WAVV200830 Job Control Commands (JCCs) and Job Control Statements (JCSs) whose effect extends beyond the end of the current VSE job should be subject to security checks.
- MR0071008 Redirection of Power Punch Entries
- WAVV200721 Cancel job output when output limit reached
- Restart PNET TCP/IP passive connection
- WAVV200721 Flush Power jobs when output limit is exceeded
- MR0525093425 API for AMDSB
- MR0820095815 Enhancement to SHOWCB macro
- WAVV200841, MR1027084841 Summary list for record mapfile

Supported z/VSE Environments

z/VSE 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 (will) run on the following platforms only

-IBM e-server zSeries processors (z800, z900, z890, z990)

- –IBM System z9 Business Class (z9 BC)
- –IBM System z9 Enterprise Class (z9 EC)
- –IBM System z10 Business Class (z10 BC)
- -IBM System z10 Enterprise Class (z10 EC)
- -IBM zEnterprise 196 (z196)

and supports

≻uni- and multiprocessors

- ▶ Basic mode (z800, z900 only), as z/VM guest or in LPAR
- z/VSE 4.1, 4.2 or 4.3 (will) run under all supported z/VM releases, including z/VM 6.1. z/VM 6.1 requires z10 technology.



VSE Support for System z

VSE Release	z800 / z900	z890 / z990/ System z9 / z10 / z196	VSE EoS	
z/VSE V4.3 (GA 11/2010)	Yes	Yes	tbd	
z/VSE V4.2	Yes	Yes	tbd	
z/VSE V4.1	Yes	Yes	04/30/2011	
z/VSE V3.1	Yes	Yes	07/31/2009	
VSE/ESA V2.7	Yes	Yes	02/28/2007	
VSE/ESA V2.6	Yes	Yes	03/2006	
VSE/ESA V2.5	Yes	No	12/2003	
VSE/ESA V2.4	Yes	No	06/2002	
VSE/ESA V2.3	No	No	12/2001	



Hardware Support

- Crypto Express3
 - -Available on z10 and z196, supported with z/VSE 4.2 or higher
- AP (adjunct processor)-queue adapter-interruption facility
 - -May accelerate the SSL throughput
 - -Available on Crypto Express2 or Crypto Express3 feature
- IBM XIV Storage System
 - -Attached via FCP subchannels
 - -XIV (SCSI) devices supported as system and data device
 - -Support to be delivered for z/VSE 4.3 via PTF
- IBM System Storage SAN Volume Controller



Hardware Support

- IBM System Storage DS8000 Series
 - Remote Mirror and Copy feature (RMC)
 - Supported through ICKDSF, supported with z/VSE 4.1 or later
 - Full disk encryption
 - Transparent to z/VSE, supported with z/VSE 4.1 or later
 - Solid State Disks
 - Supported with z/VSE 4.1 or later
 - FlashCopy Consistency Group
 - Allows to create a consistent point-in-time copy across multiple volumes
- IBM System Storage TS7700 Virtualization Engine
 - z/VSE 4.1 or later supports the TS7700 Release 1.7
 - as standalone system in transparency mode
 - z/VSE 4.2 with PTFs or later supports the TS7720 disk-only virtual tape
 - z/VSE 4.3 exploits TS7700 WORM volumes
- IBM System Storage TS7680 ProtecTIER Deduplication Gateway for System z
 - Combines a virtual tape library solution, inline data deduplication and disk-based storage option



Large Pages for Dataspaces

- Better exploitation of large processor storage, may improve performance
- No configuration options required
- Transparent to applications
- Large pages (1 MB page frames) for dataspaces
 Supported on z10 and z196
- Will always be used on z10 during during dataspace allocation, if enough real storage is available
- 1 MB frames are not pagable
- If real frame shortage:
 1 MB frames will be broken up into 4K frames and paged out
- Enabled SYSDEF DSPACE, query 1 MB frame usage: QUERY DSPACE, MAP REAL
- Not supported in z/VM guests



Dynamic Add of logical CPUs

- Ability to dynamically add and remove logical central processors (CPUs) without preplanning
- Logical processor add from HMC/SE
- Supported on z10 and z196 (standby CPUs)
- Allows adding CPUs to LPAR without re-IPL of the z/VSE system
- Capacity of the z/VSE V4.3 system may be in-/decreased dependent on workload needs
- New SYSDEF TD parameters to manage the additional CPUs
- Standby CPUs are not used for the LPAR CPU share calculation
- Standby CPUs can be added to the CPU configuration

 SYSDEF TD,STARTSBY: will set standby CPU online and active
 SYSDEF TD,STOPSBY: CPU will set back into standby state
- Not supported in z/VM guests



CPU Balancing

- When CPU balancing is activated, the z/VSE Turbo Dispatcher will only use CPUs required for the current workload
- Can be activated and deactivated via AR/JCL command
 - -SYSDEF TD,INT=0 to deactivate, default
 - SYSDEF TD,INT=nn (=1..99) to activate and "nn" interval in seconds, after which the CPU utilization is inspected
- Threshold can be defined after which an additional CPU is activated – SYSDEF TD, THR=nn (10..99) in percent, default: 50
- CPU balancing via stop or quiesce process
 - -SYSDEF TD,INT=nn,STOP the stop process to be used
 - May provide performance improvements for z/VM 5.4 guests
 - -SYSDEF TD,INT=nn,STOPQ the quiesce process to be use, default
- CPU balancing may reduce multiprocessing overhead
- Supported with z/VSE 4.2 and later



CPU Balancing ...

Retrieve CPU time values: QUERY TD

que	ery to	d						
AR	0015	CPU	STATUS	SPIN_	TIME	NP_TIME	TOTAL_TIME	NP/TOT
AR	0015	00	ACTIVE		0	63715	96636	0.659
AR	0015	01	ACTIVE		0	13668	22614	0.604
AR	0015	02	INACTIVE		210	23692	34187	0.693
AR	0015							
AR	0015	TOTAL			210	101075	153437	0.658
AR	0015							
AR	0015		NE	P/TOT:	0.658	SPIN	(SPIN+TOT):	0.001
AR	0015	OVER	ALL UTILIZA	ATION:	80%	NP U	JTILIZATION:	53%
AR	0015							
AR	0015	CPU E	BALANCING	(STOP):	INT:	9 SECON	NDS THR:	50%
AR	0015							
AR	0015	ELAPS	SED TIME SI	INCE LA	ST RESE	Т:	190550	
AR	0015	11401	READY					
тот	TOTAL TIME = CPU time used by workload							

NP_TIME	= non-parallel CPU time, contained in TOTAL_TIME			
SPIN_TIME	= CPU time needed to wait for a non-parallel work unit			
All above velues given in milliceconde				

All above values given in milliseconds.

NP/TOT = ratio NP_TIME / TOTAL_TIME = non-parallel share SPIN/(SPIN+TOT) = spin time ratio



Parallel Access Volume (PAV)

- Optional licensed feature of DS8000, DS6000, ESS series
- Enables z/VSE to simultaneous process multiple I/O operations to the same volume
- Can provide enhanced throughput
- Multiple logical addresses to the same physical device
 Base and alias volumes for concurrent processing of I/O operations
 Configuration in DASD, IOCDS and z/VSE
- Multiple z/VSE jobs can transfer data to or from the same physical volume in parallel
- Can help to consolidate small volumes to large volumes
- In z/VSE PAV processing can be dynamically activated or deactivated via the AR/JCL command SYSDEF PAV=START or STOP
- Supported with z/VSE 4.2.1 and later



4 digit CUUs

- Ease of use and infrastructure simplification
 - In mixed environments running z/VSE together with z/VM, Linux on system z or z/OS
 - Removes the requirement for a z/VSE specific IOCDS configuration
 - Provides more flexibility
- 4 digit CUUs transparent to applications and most system programs
 - Implemented via mapping to 3 digit CUUs during IPL
 - z/VSE will only use 3 digit CUUs after IPL complete
 - Exception: z/VM DIAG instruction use 4 digit CUUs





4 digit CUUs

- IPL ADD extended to 4 digit CUUs, IUI dialogs allow to define mapping
 - Will provide the mapping to 3 digit CUUs,
 - e.g. ADD <4digit CUU> as <3 digit CUU>

BG	0000	ADD	1030	AS	004,3277
BG	0000	ADD	1810	AS	005,3490
BG	0000	ADD	1FF0	AS	006,1050A
BG	0000	ADD	3000	AS	007,ECKD
BG	0000	ADD	6400	AS	008,ECKD

– QUERY Command and IUI dialogs show CUU mappings

query io	,cuu=all			
AR 0015	VSE ADDR	PHYSICAL ADDR	DEVICE CLASS	
AR 0015	001	1000	TERMINAL	
AR 0015	002	1010	TERMINAL	
AR 0015	003	1020	TERMINAL	
AR 0015	004	1030	TERMINAL	
AR 0015	005	1810	TAPE	
AR 0015	006	1FF0	TERMINAL	
AR 0015	007	3000	DASD	

- z/VSE uses 3 digit CUUs after IPL complete



CICS Considerations

- z/VSE 4.3 will no longer offer CICS/VSE 2.3 as part of the z/VSE 4.3 base
 - Fulfills the statement of direction in announcement from October 9, 2007
 - Coexistence environment removed which includes DL/I V1.10
 - Migration from CICS/VSE to CICS TS on z/VSE 4.2 or earlier
 - Most migration inhibitors should be removed with recent improvements
 - Basic Security Manager (BSM) enhancements
 - More tasks
 - Virtual constraint relief
- DOS/VS RPG II compiler support for CICS TS
 - Allows RPG programs implemented for CICS/VSE V2.3 to run with CICS TS
 - Will be available on z/VSE 4.2 (z/VSE 4.1) via PTF (see Info. APAR II4447)
- New DL/I VSE 1.12 release
 - Optional product of z/VSE 4.3 (the only DL/I release)
 - Provides constraint release (DL/I resources moved above the 16 MB line)
 - Replaces DL/I VSE 1.11 and DL/I DOS/VS 1.10



Up to 512 tasks

- Introduced with z/VSE 4.2
- More tasks may help to
 - Grow CICS workloads
 - Consolidate VSE systems
 - Ease migration from CICS/VSE to CICS TS
- System and maintasks are considered as old tasks
 - Old tasks are tasks with ids from 1 to 255
- No IPL option required
- System option (SYSDEF) to set max. number of tasks and defaults
 - SYSDEF SYSTEM,NTASKS=(nnn|MAX),TASKS=(<u>ANY|</u>OLD)
 - NTASKS need to be specified in BG ASI procedure
 - TASKS defines system-wide default, can be specified any time
 - TASKS=OLD for compatibility reasons
- EXEC parameter for compatibility mode
 - // EXEC phase,TASKS=(ANY|OLD)



Up to 512 tasks ...

- QUERY SYSTEM
 - -AR, JCC and JCS
 - -Example:
 - IPL SYS NPARTS=150
 - Old subtasks limit: 255 32 system tasks NPARTS (maintasks)
 255 32 150 = 73
 - New subtasks limit: 512 old tasks (255) 1 = 256

que	ery sy	jstem							
AR	0015	NUMBER OF TASKS TOTAL L	IMIT: 512						
AR	0015	OLD SUBTASKS LIMIT:	163	IN USE:	Θ	MAX.	EVER	USED:	Θ
AR	0015	NEW SUBTASKS LIMIT:	257	IN USE:	15	MAX.	EVER	USED:	15
AR	0015	DEFAULT TASK TYPE: ANY							
AR	0015	PARALLEL ACCESS VOLUME	(PAV): IN	ACTIVE					
AR	0015	1I40I READY							



Security Enhancements

- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)
 - -Sign-on support for CICS TS introduced with z/VSE 4.2
 - -LDAP client on z/VSE, LDAP server running on a non-z/VSE system
 - Connected via TCP/IP network
 - -LDAP sign-on enables users to z/VSE with long company-wide userids / passwords
 - Userids/passwords can be up to 64 character
 - -Allows centralized management of userids
 - Password rules and password renewal can be enforced via LDAP server
 - -z/VSE 4.3: Sign-on support for batch jobs, new IUI dialog for the LDAP support
- Basic Security manager (BSM)
 - Security for WebSphere MQ for z/VSE V3 to protect MQ resources
 - Includes DTSECTAB resources into SMF logging and reporting
 - –BSM cross reference reports
 - -Selected JCL statements can be protected by BSM



Encryption Facility for z/VSE

- Optional priced feature for VSE Central Functions V8
- Supports the use of SAM files, VSE/VSAM files, VSE library members, tapes, virtual tapes as input or output
- Requires CP Assist for Cryptographic Function (CPACF)
 - no charge feature, only on z890, z990, z9, z10 and z196 servers
- Extends affinity between z/VSE and z/OS
 - Function roughly equivalent to EF for z/OS 1.1
 - Compatible with EF for z/OS V1.1 (Encryption Facility System z format)
 - EF for z/VSE tapes can be read by EF for z/VSE, EF for z/OS, EF for z/OS Java Client, and Decryption Client for z/OS,
 - EF for z/OS V1.1 and EF for z/OS Java client tapes can be read by EF for z/VSE V1.1



Encryption Facility for z/VSE ...

- EF for z/VSE 1.1
 - Announced: 10/2007, GA: 11/2007
 - Supports z/VSE 4.1
 - Function roughly equivalent to EF for z/OS V1.1
- EF for z/VSE 1.2
 - Announced: 04/2009, GA: 07/2009
 - Supports z/VSE 4.2 and later
 - Supports openPGP standard
 - Optional compression using ZIP or ZLIB algorithms
- EF for z/VSE complements z/VSE support for IBM TS1120 / TS1130 tape
 - TS1120 / TS1130 preferred solution for high volume backup/archive
 - EF option for limited backup/archive and/or exchange with partners with no TS1120/TS1130



TCP/IP Connectivity for z/VSE

- TCP/IP connectivity for IPv4 communication
 - -TCP/IP for VSE/ESA 1.5 licensed from CSI International
 - IPv6/VSE licensed from Barnard Software, Inc. (BSI)
 - -Linux fast path (LFP)
 - -EZA socket interface, new function calls
 - -LE/C socket API
- TCP/IP connectivity for IPv6 communication
 - -IPv6/VSE
 - -EZA socket interface, new function calls
- All TCP/IP stacks can run concurrently within one z/VSE system
- z/VM queue-I/O assist for real networking devices
 - Performance assist for OSA-Express adapters and HiperSockets



IPv6/VSE

- Announced: 04/06/2010, GA 05/28/2010, to be updated 11/26/2010
- Full function IPv4 (with November update) and IPv6 stack with applications
 MWLC with sub-capacity option for IPv6/VSE product
 - -Supported releases: z/VSE 4.2 plus PTFs or z/VSE 4.3
 - –Optional Product of z/VSE 4.3
- IPv6 solution for z/VSE
 - -Includes the IPv6 stack, IPv6 APIs and IPv6-enabled applications
 - IBM's EZA Assembler interfaces support IPv4 and IPv6 communication
 - -Extends 32 bit addresses (used in IPv4) to 128 bit addresses
 - -To meet requirements of governmental agencies for products



IPv6/VSE - Functionality

- IPv6/VSE's dual stack support: allows IPv6-enabled applications to transparently communicate with partners via either IPv6 or IPv4 network
- IPv6 tunneling: encapsulates IPv6 datagrams within IPv4 packets allows communication with IPv6 networks, even if local infrastructure is IPv4
- IPv4 and IPv6 enabled applications:
 - FTP server, FTP client
 - Batch FTP client
 - TN3270E server
 - NTP client / server to query time of day to synch TOD clock
 - System logger client to log e.g. z/VSE messages to Linux
 - Batch email client
 - Batch LPR + TN3270E / FTP / DIRECT printer sessions
 - Batch remote execution client
 - Batch PING
 - GZIP data compression
 - REXX automation
 - DBCS support: FTP client / server, LPR, batch email client, GZIP



Linux Fast Path (LFP)

- Provided with the z/VSE 4.3 base product no additional charge
- LFP uses an IUCV connection between z/VSE and Linux on System z
 - Both z/VSE and Linux need to be z/VM guests of the same z/VM
 - Routes the socket request to Linux on System z
 - Without using the local TCP/IP stack
 - LFP daemon on Linux forwards the socket request to the Linux TCP/IP stack
 - Will run best in **z/VM mode LPAR** (z/VM 5.4 or higher)
 - Available on z10 and z196
 - Linux on System z on IFL, z/VSE on standard processors
- LFP is transparent to IBM socket APIs
 - Supported APIs: LE/C socket API, EZA socket / EZASMI interface, ...
 - Transparent to IBM applications (DB2 client, Connectors, Power PNET)
 - No standard TCP/IP applications (Telnet, FTP, ...) provided
- System requirements:
 - z/VM 5.4 or higher
 - Linux on System z distribution (min. SLES 10 SP3 or RHEL 5.5)



Linux Fast Path (LFP) ...





Connectors

- E-business Connectors
 - Supports decimal datatypes such as PACKED and ZONED with implied positions
 - -VSAM redirector support for CICS TS subtasking
- SNMP Connector
 - -SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) V1 protocol
 - -Allows to monitor system events on a network
 - -Clients can retrieve z/VSE specific system and performance data
 - -Performance monitors may collect the data for planning purposes



SNMP Connector ...



© 2010 IBM Corporation



Enhancements for z/VSE Components

- Language Envionment
 - -Support of BEAR (break-event-address register) feature for debugging
 - -PL/I multitasking for improved performance
 - -LE/C TCP/IP socket API multiplexer for multiple TCP/IP stacks

VSAM enhancements

- -Constraint relief: control blocks and buffers moved to 31 bit storage
 - New DLBL option: BUFDAT=RMODE31
 VSE/VSAM data buffers to be allocated in 31-bit Partition Getvis

-GETVIS subpools for VSAM storage

-SHOWCB macro shows new fields and attributes



Enhancements for z/VSE Components ...

POWER enhancements

- Direct punch to VSE library
- -Allow to cancel jobs whose output exceeds a defined limit
- -New display time operand to show job start time and date
- Restart PNET passiv TCP/IP connection
- Librarian enhancements
 - Allows to catalog OBJ-type members from SYSLINK
 - -LIBR RENAME enhanced to keep to original timestamp
- Additional Floating Point (AFP) support



Virtual Storage Constraint Relief

- Control blocks and system routines moved above 16 MB
 - Transparent to applications
 - -I/O control blocks moved to SVA (31 bit)
 - New IODEV parameter:
 - o IODEV=1023 (default) all I/O control blocks in SVA (24bit)
 - o IODEV=1024 I/O control blocks moved to SVA (31 bit) such as PUBX, channel queue entries, ...
 - -VSAM: most control blocks / routines moved to 31 bit area
 - -DL/I: control blocks and routines moved to 31 bit area
- SVA (24 bit): size reduced by 1 MB in z/VSE environments



64 bit Addressing in z/VSE 4.3

- Processor storage support up to 32 GB
- 64 bit real addressing only, introduced with z/VSE 4.1
- Virtual address/data space size remains at max. 2 GB
- 64 bit virtual addressing not supported
- 64 bit addressing mode not supported for applications or ISVs
- Implementation transparent to user applications
- Performance: 64 bit real can reduce / avoid paging
- Many z/VSE environments can run without a page dataset (NOPDS option)
- 64 bit register support for programs

64 bit Addressing: Statement of Direction

- z/VSE intends to provide 64 bit virtual addressing for user applications
- APIs to manage 64 bit virtual memory objects
 - -Memory objects are chunks of virtual storage obtained by a program
 - -Allocated above the 2 GB line (above the bar)
 - -Allows to keep more data in memory
 - -Can improve performance
 - -APIs to be ported from z/OS (Assembler APIs only)
 - -Maximum VSIZE remains at 90 GB

 All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intend are subjects to change or withdrawal without notice.



More Information

... on VSE home page: <u>http://ibm.com/vse</u>

Hints and Tips for z/VSE V4.2:

ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zos/vse/pdf3/zvse41/hint9mm2.pdf

IBM Redbooks:

- Introduction to the New Mainframe: z/VSE Basics
 http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247436.html?Open
- Security on IBM z/VSE
 http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redpieces/abstracts/sg247691.html
- z/VSE Using DB2 on Linux for System z http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247690.html?Open