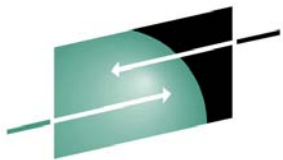




IBM Americas ATS, Washington Systems Center

ICSF Update Session #7997



S H A R E

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Agenda

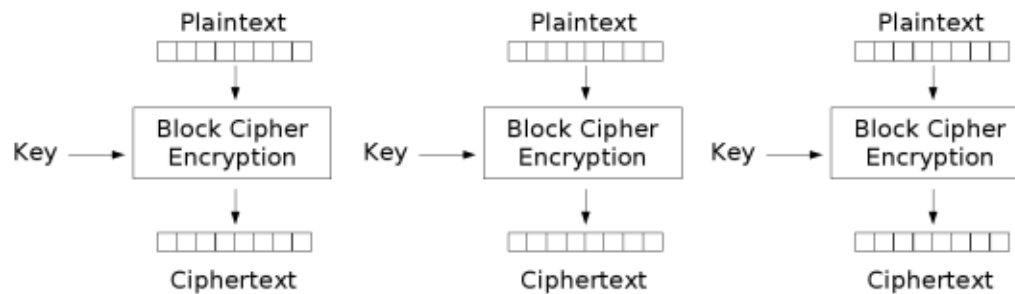
- **zEnterprise 196 Hardware**
 - CPACF
 - CEX3
- **ICSF**
 - HCR7780
 - FIPS SPE
 - Toleration and Migration
- **VM and Linux**
- **TKE 7.0**



z196 Hardware - CPACF

- **MSA-4 (Message Security Assist 4)**

- New instructions for additional chaining options (CFB, OFB, Counter Modes)
- New option for existing instructions (XTS-AES)



Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode encryption

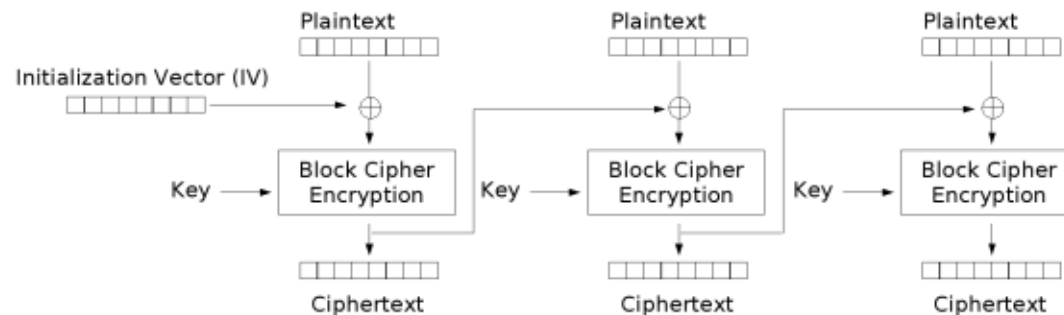


Images from Wikipedia

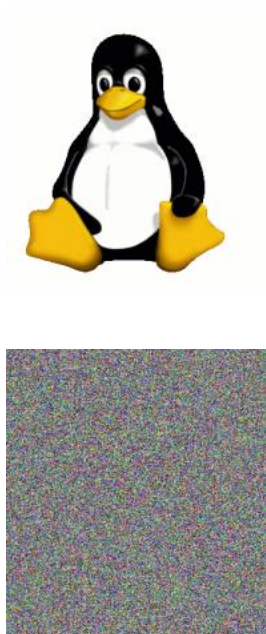
z196 Hardware - CPACF

■ MSA-4 (Message Security Assist 4)

- New instructions for additional chaining options (CFB, OFB, Counter Modes)
- New option for existing instructions (XTS-AES)



Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode encryption

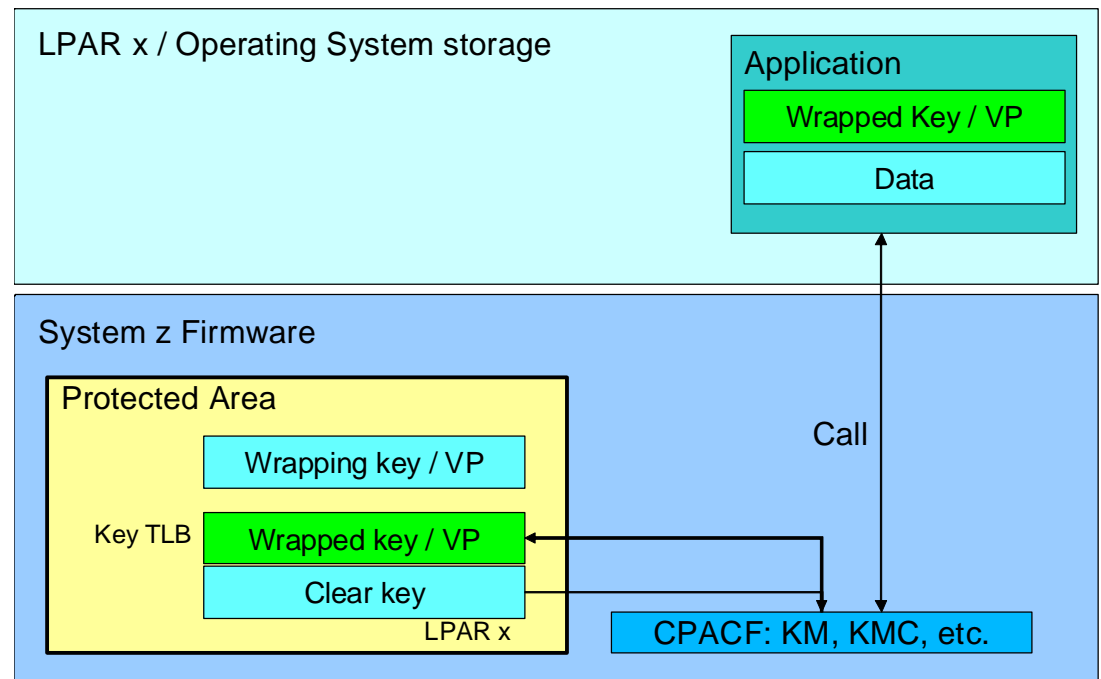


Images from Wikipedia

z196 Hardware - CPACF

- **MSA-3 (Message Security Assist 3)**

- Became available on the GA3 of the z10 EC/GA2 of the z10 BC
 - Protected Key Support



Protected Key – How it works

- **Create a key, with the value 'ABCD' and store it as a secure key in the CKDS (i.e. encrypted under the Master Key, MK)**
 - $E_{MK}(x'ABCD') \Rightarrow x'4A!2'$ written to the CKDS and stored with a label of MYKEY

- **Execute CSNBSYE (the clear key API to encrypt data), but pass it the key label of a secure key, MYKEY; and text to be encrypted of 'MY MSG '**
 - CALL CSNBSYE(.....,
 MYKEY,
 'MY MSG ')

Protected Key – How it works (cont ...)

- **ICSF will read MYKEY from the CKDS and pass the key value x'4A!2' to the CEX3**
- **Inside the CEX3, recover the original key value and then wrap it using the wrapping key**
 - $D_{MK}(x' 4A!2') \Rightarrow x' ABCD'$
 - $E_{WK}(x' ABCD') \Rightarrow x' *94E'$
- **ICSF will pass the wrapped key value of x'*94E' to the CPACF, along with the message to be encrypted**
- **In the CPACF, we'll retrieve the wrapping key, WK**
 - $D_{wk}(x' *94E') \Rightarrow x' ABCD'$
 - $E_{x' ABCD'}('MY MSG')$ \Rightarrow ciphertext of x' 81FF18019717D183'

Suite B

- **Symmetric Encryption**
 - AES w/key sizes of 128 and 256
- **Digital Signatures**
 - ECDSA
- **Key Agreement**
 - ECDH
- **Message Digest**
 - SHA-2 (SHA-256 and SHA-384)

http://www.nsa.gov/ia/programs/suiteb_cryptography/

z196 Hardware – CEX3

- **Elliptic Curve Support**

- ECDSA
- New ECC Master Key

- **Effective Key Size Security**

RSA Key Size	ECC Key Size
1024	163
3072	256
7680	384
15360	512

- Point multiplication $Q=kP$
- Repeated point addition and doubling:
 $9P=2(2(2P)) + P$
- Public key operation: $Q(x,y) = kP(x,y)$
 Q = public key
 P = base point (curve parameter)
 k = private key
 n = order of P
- Elliptic curve discrete logarithm
 Given public key kP , find private key k
- Best known attack: Pollard's rho method with running time: $\frac{(\pi n)^{1/2}}{2}$

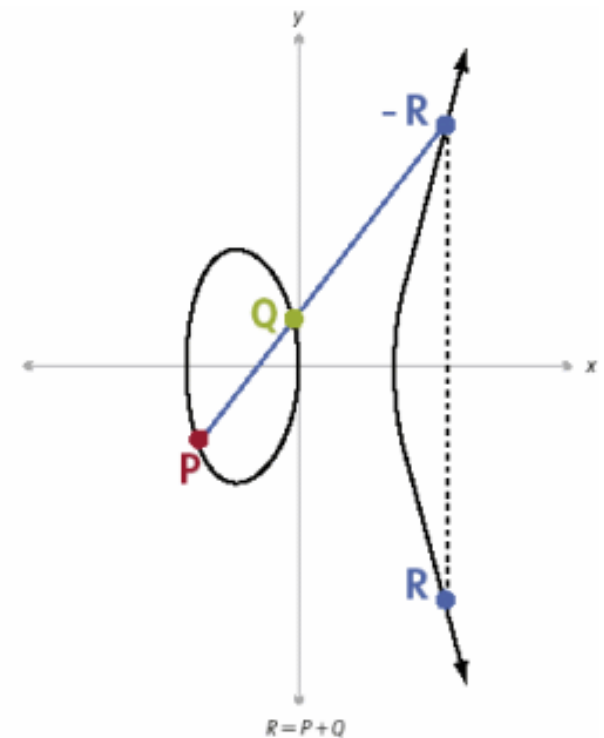


Image from DeviceForge and other sites

z196 Hardware – CEX3

■ CEX3

- ANSI X9.8 (PIN Processing)
- ANSI X9.24 (CBC Key Wrapping)
- HMAC (w/APAR OA33260 in 1Q2011)
- Concurrent Patch Apply (CPA) / Concurrent Driver Upgrade (CDU)



ICSF – HCR7780

- **MSA-4, MSA-3**
- **Elliptic Curve Support**
 - New 256-bit ECC Master Key
- **ANSI X9.8 PIN**
- **ANSI X9.24 (CBC Key Wrapping)**
 - Original vs Enhanced
- **HMAC**
- **TKE 7.0**



ICSF – HCR7780

■ **FIPS Mode SPE for PKCS #11 – Public Key Cryptographic Token Interface**

- PKCS #11 provides APIs for talking to devices which hold crypto info or perform crypto operations (think Smart Cards)
- FIPSMODE was an option in HCR7770
- SPE provides additional support required for FIPS certification

■ **CKDS Constraint Relief**

- CKT, in-storage copy of CKDS, above the bar
- Optimized for speeding up searches
- Limit performance impact of bulk updates
 - Buffering Read-Aheads
 - Tighten allocate / open / IO / close / deallocate process



ICSF – HCR7780

■ PCI Audit

- Several current subtypes will have additional info
 - RACF Userid
 - Connect Group
 - Certificate Issuer's Distinguished Name
 - Certificate Subject's Distinguished Name
 - Registry that authenticated the user
 - Jobname, Job Entry Date & Time
 - Terminal ID
 - Security Label
 - User-defined Identification Field
- New SMF Type 82 Subtype 29 (TKE Offload)



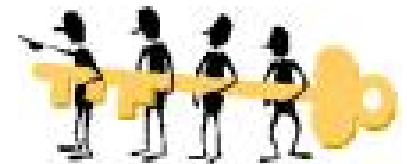
■ AMODE 64 Support

ICSF Versions supported on z196

■ ICSF FMIDs

- HCR7780 (www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/downloads)
- HCR7770 (z/OS V1.12)
- HCR7751 (z/OS V1.11)
- HCR7750 (z/OS V1.10)
- HCR7740 (z/OS V1.9 with IBM Lifecycle Extension with PTFs)
- HCR7731 (z/OS V1.8 with IBM Lifecycle Extension with PTFs)
- HCR7731 (z/OS V1.7 with IBM Lifecycle Extension with PTFs)*

(*note that z/OS V1.7 included HCR7720, but HCR7720 will not support the z196, you must have upgraded to HCR7731 or later on your z/OS 1.7 system)



Crypto Express3 Support

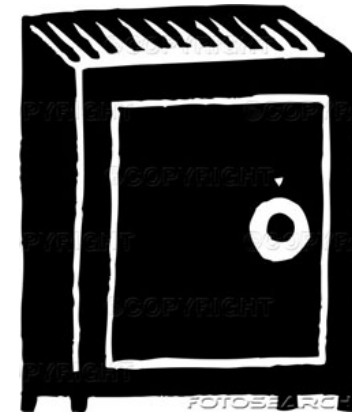
■ Crypto Express3 Toleration APARs

- ICSF OA29839
- RMF OA28670
- SAF OA29194
- RACF OA29193



ICSF Toleration

- **Toleration APAR OA33320**
 - CBC Key Wrapping – ‘Enhanced’ key wrapping
 - ECDSA Keys in the PKDS
- **HMAC Support OA33260 (1Q2011)**
 - No toleration support, but all versions of ICSF must be on HCR77780 before you can start using it



z/VM 5.4 and z/VM 6.1

- **Provides guest support, VM does not directly use the crypto hardware**
 - Crypto Express3 - VM64656
 - Protected Key Support - VM64793



Linux on System z

■ CPACF

- MSA-4 support in a future distribution

■ CEX3

- Drivers in SUSE SLES10 SP3 and SLES11 and Red Hat RHEL 5.4 provide toleration support (CEX3 acts like a CEX2)
- CCA (secure key support) software download at the CryptoCards website (http://www.ibm.com/security/cryptocards/?S_TACT=107AG01W&S_CMP=campaign)

■ Thin interrupts

- already supported in Novell SUSE SLES 10 SPE and Red Hat RHEL 5.4



TKE 7.0 – New hardware platform

- **TKE 7.0 will run on a new hardware platform**
 - 4765 (CEX3) Crypto Card
 - Add USB ports; Drop serial ports
 - Old Kobil Smart Card readers used a serial port
 - New Omnikey Smart Card readers use the USB
 - Support USB Flash Memory Drive (as an alternative to the DVD-RAM media)
 - New Smart Cards
 - JCOP41 NXP Smart Cards replacing the older Data Key Smart Cards
 - Six digit PINs



TKE 7.0 - New Key Support

- **Support ECC Master Keys**
 - 32-byte AES Key to protect ECC Keys
 - Generation and loading of ECC keys not supported on TKE 7.0
- **CBC Key Wrapping**
 - KW-ENH Key Wrapping Enhanced
 - KW-ORIG Key Wrapping Original



TKE 7.0 - Migration Wizard

- **TKE 6.0 introduced a configuration migration utility to automate the process of replacing a host crypto adapter**
 - Captured public configuration data
 - Roles
 - Authorities
 - Domain Control Settings
 - Only 'public' (non-secret data), no key material
- **TKE 7.0 adds support for migration of key material**
 - Master Keys only
 - New Smart Card Types
 - Migration CA (MCA)
 - Injection Authority (IA)
 - Key Part Holder (KPH)



TKE 7.0 - Audit Offload

- **Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards (PCI-DSS) driving new requirements**
 - With TKE 5.3 we provided additional logging for security-relevant events on the TKE
 - These records can be written to the DVD for post processing
- **With TKE 7.0 we'll support sending those records to a specified z/OS Host, using SMF**



Summary

- **z196 continues the implementation and support of new crypto technology, techniques and standards to support the evolving world of data security**

