

IBM Encryption Facility for z/OS and Other Platforms

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Challenges

- Protecting the data from unauthorized access
 - RACF
 - Identification
 - PIN
 - Certificates
- Guarding the integrity of the data
 - Message authentication
 - HASHING
- Protecting disclosure of the information
 - Encryption

Mainframe Encryption

Integrated Cryptographic Server Facility (ICSF)



CP CP CP CP CP CP CP CP

Why IBM Mainframe encryption hardware?

To accelerate encryption and provide Secure Key services

Secure Key

- For Secure Key exchanges
- Master keys in “tamper-resistant” package
- Dual control for Master Key management
- Important for banking functions
 - ✓ ATM support, Triple-DES, Trusted Key Entry
- Designed to comply with FIPS 140-2
- **CP Assist for Cryptographic Function (z890, z990, z9-109)**
- Support high levels of security for demanding applications
- Very high performance TDES, AES -128 (requires z9-109) and SHA-256 (requires z9-109)
 - ✓ SSL/TLS support

CP



Regulatory and Compliance Considerations

- Gramm-Leach-Bliley Financial Services Modernization Act (GLBA)
- Sarbanes Oxley (SOX)
- European Union Data Protection Directive (EUPA)
- International IT Security Standard (ISO 17799)
- California SB 1386
- New York Bill August 2005
- Ontario Bill 198
- PCI



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Examples:

- March 19, 2004 – CitiBank Japan loses tapes, put under government review
- February 28, 2005 – Bank of America loses tape with 1,200,000 accounts
- March 22, 2005 – Time Warner loses tape with information on 600,000 employees
- April 21, 2005 – Ameritrade loses tape with 200,000 clients information
- April 22, 2005 – Iron Mountain indicates 4 incidents of tape loss, **suggests clients encrypt their tapes before archive**
- January 2003 - IBM ISM reports theft of hard drive

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Mainframe Encryption

Integrated Cryptographic Server Facility (ICSF)



Crypto Express2



CP Assist for Cryptographic Function

Why z/OS centralized key management?

- Over a decade of production use

Helps to protect and manage keys

- Support of encryption standards
- Generates keys
- Manage based on customer policies
- Provides key recovery capabilities
- Uses tamper resistant hardware for “secure keys”

Provides information for:

- Audit Compliance
- Management Controls
- Access Controls

Integrates with z/OS security features:

- z/OS Digital Certificate hosting services
 - Customer can be their own certificate authority
 - Identrus certified (z/OS 1.5)
- z/OS RACF for authorization, authentication



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Data Base Encryption

- **IBM Data Encryption for IMS and DB2 Databases 5655-P03**
 - Encrypt DB2 rows and IMS segments
- **DB2 V8**
 - Encrypt DB2 columns

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IBM Encryption Facility for z/OS V1.1

- Program Number 5655-P97

- Encryption Services
 - Copy “on steroids”, encrypts the data and secures the data key or recovers the key and decrypts the data
 - z/OS Batch program reads sequential files
 - JAVA Client encrypt/decrypt

- DFSMSdss Feature
 - Encrypts/Decrypts data via DFSMSdss Dump/Restore
 - Includes VSAM files without sequential REPRO first
 - DFSMSHsm support
 - DEFINE DUMPCLASS
 - No ABARS support
 - Disk to tape

Parameters that impact hardware requirements

- DESC=description freeform text
- ICOUNT=SHA PKCS#12 iteration count (default 16)
- PASSWORD/RSA
 - Password – 8-32 byte password used to generate a key that protects the data key
 - General Purpose CPs
 - RSA – label of an existing public key that will encrypt the data key
 - z800/z900
 - CCF for RSA key w/Modulus <= 1024 bits
 - PCICC for RSA key w/Modulus 1025-2048 bits
 - z890/z990 – CEX2 or PCIXCC
 - z9 109 – CEX2

Parameters that affect performance

Compression

- ❑ Yes
 - Uses General Purpose CPs to do the compression
 - Requires approx 50% more tapes than compressing at the drive

- ❑ No
 - No compression workload on the General Purpose CPs
 - Requires 2-3 times more tapes than compressing at the drive

Parameters that affect performance

- Encryption Algorithm to protect the data
 - ❑ CLRAES – AES-128 Bit Clear Key
 - ❑ CLRTDES – TDES Clear Key
 - ❑ ENCTDES – TDES Secure Key

Crypto Hardware

- z9 109
 - CPACF – AES-128 Clear Key; TDES Clear key
 - CEX2C – TDES Secure Key

- z890/z990
 - CPACF – TDES Clear Key
 - CEX2C or PCIXCC – TDES Secure Key/RSA Support

- z800/z900
 - CCF – TDES Clear Key*/TDES Secure Key
 - PCICC – RSA Support

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CLRAES – where does it execute?

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| ■ z9 109 | CPACF |
| ■ z890/z990 | Software (ICSF) |
| ■ z800/z900 | Software (ICSF) |

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CLRTDES – where does it run

- z9 109 CPACF
- z890/z990 CPACF
- z800/z900 CCF*

ENCTDES – where does it run

- z9 109 CEX2C
- z890/z990 CEX2C or PCIXCC
- z800/z900 CCF

Performance Expectations

- CLRAES is best done on a z9 109 because its supported on the hardware
- ENCTDES on z890/z990/z9 109 uses less CPU than CLRTDES, but takes substantially longer wall-clock
- ENCTDES on a z800/z900 is as good as or better than CLRTDES BUT if the customer moves to a z890/z990/z9 109, secure key crypto moves to the PCI cards in the I/O cage

Encryption Options by Machine Type

	z800 z900	z890 z990	z9-109
CLRTDES	CCF Hardware (25MB second)	CPACF Instruction (150MB second)	CPACF instruction (200MB second)
ENCTDES	CCF Hardware (25MB second)	PCI Hardware (5MB second. Longer path length)	PCI Hardware (5MB second. Longer path length)
CLRAES	General purpose CP (CPU intensive)	General purpose CP (CPU intensive)	CPACF (250-290MB second)

Extending Mainframe Encryption to Tape

Introducing: Encryption Facility for z/OS V1



**Centralized
Key Management**

Compressed &
Encrypted Tape

Encrypted Tape

Compressed &
Encrypted Tape



*Encrypt
and
decrypt
with Java
client*

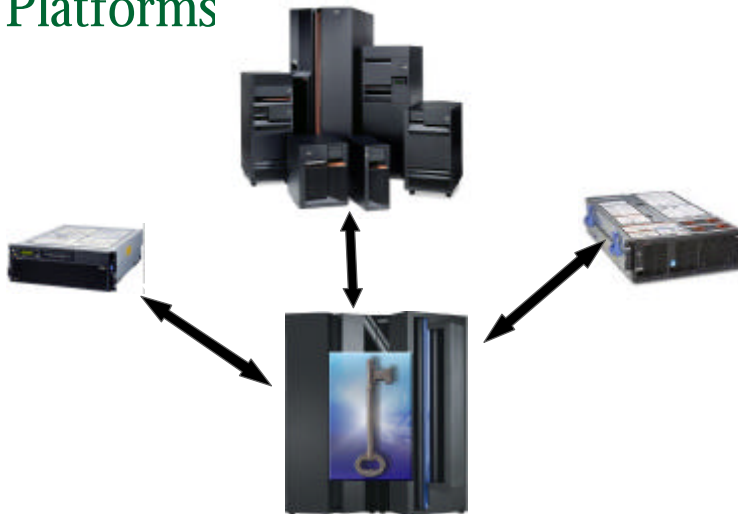
Mainframe Encryption Services

- Encryption hardware
- Centralized key management
- Encryption standards (AES, TDES, SHA-256)

- IBM Encryption Facility for z/OS :
 - Encryption Services – 28 Oct, 2005
 - DFSMSdss Encryption - 2 Dec, 2005

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Encrypted Data Shared Across Platforms

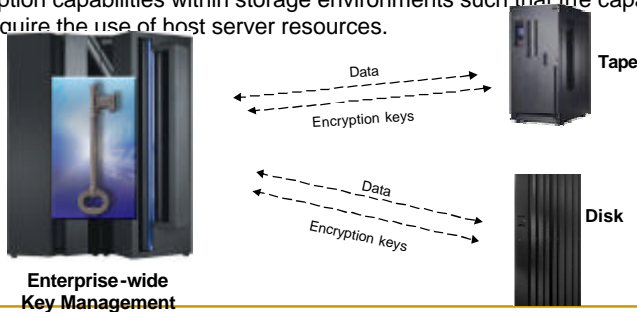


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Future Directions – Extending Encryption to IBM TotalStorage

- Statement of Direction:

- This includes the intent to offer, among other things, capabilities for products within the IBM TotalStorage portfolio to support outboard encryption and to leverage the centralized key management functions planned for z/OS ICSF.
- To address customers' growing concern with data security, IBM is announcing a statement of direction for the development, enhancement and support of encryption capabilities within storage environments such that the capability does not require the use of host server resources.



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IBM Encryption Facility for z/OS, 1.1

Licensed Program Product
MSU-based pricing*

Runs on the following servers: System z9 109 (z9-109), or equivalent
zSeries z900 or z990, or equivalent
zSeries z800 or z890, or equivalent

Requires: z/OS V1.4 or higher z/OS.e V1.4 or higher

Feature: Encryption Services

Optional Priced Feature*

Encryption Facility Client

Web download

Feature: DFSMSdss Encryption

Optional Priced Feature*

- Supports encrypting and decrypting of data at rest (tapes, disk)
- Supports either Public Key/Private keys or passwords to create highly-secure exchange between partners
- Java technology-based code that allows client systems to decrypt and encrypts data for exchange with z/OS systems
- Allows encryption and compression of DUMP data sets created by DFSMSdss
- Supports decryption and decompression during RESTORE

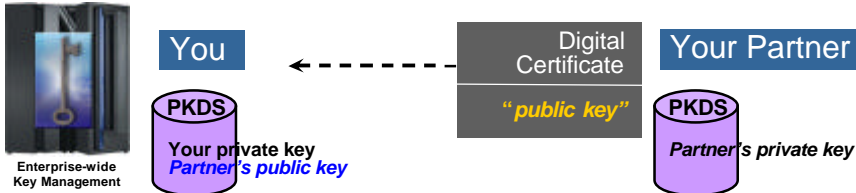
* Variable Workload License Charges (VWLC), Entry Workload License Charges (EWLC), zSeries Entry License Charges™ (zELC), Parallel Sysplex License Charges™ (PSLCC)
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Establishing a Trusted Exchange with Your Partners

Key Exchange –

- Digital Certificates or passwords can be used to identify and authenticate



Options for Partners to acquire a Digital Certificate:

1. z/OS customer can generate a certificate for the partner
 - z/OS can be a Digital Certificate Authority using z/OS PKI Services
2. Partner may already have a Digital Certificate
3. Partner may use third party Digital Certificate Authority

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Performance Considerations

- Performance measurements for Encryption Facility for z/OS are available at
 - <http://www-03.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/WP100700>
- Performance will vary based on a number of factors including:
 - Server type
 - Cryptographic features available on server
 - Data type
 - Type of encryption
 - FICON/ESCON/TAPE contention
 - Compression
- z9-109 provides advanced encryption services (AES-128 and SHA-256) and is provides the highest cryptographic performance among IBM mainframes.

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z990 Sample Run Times

your mileage may vary....

Option	Size	Elapsed Time	TCB Time
CLRTDES	80MB DCB 80*5120	00:00:10.42	00:00:00.84
CLRTDES	523MB DCB 125*1632	00:01:57.67	00:00:05.35
CLRTDES	523MB DCB (U) 27998	00:00:38.15	00:00:04.26
CLRTDES COMPRESS	80MB DCB 80*5120	00:00:09.16	00:00:01.26
CLRTDES COMPRESS	523MB DCB 125*1632	00:01:50.25	00:00:09.89

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These figures are from a LAB run and do not necessarily represent values you may achieve.
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1.5GB Sample Run Times

your mileage may vary....

System	Clear Key Triple- DES	Clear Key Triple-DES w/ Compression	Clear Key AES	Clear Key AES w/ Compression	Secure Key Triple- DES	Secure Key Triple-DES w/ Compression
z9-109	143 MBytes/CPU sec	64 MBytes/CPU sec	167 MBytes/CPU sec	67 MBytes/sec	52 Mbytes/CPU sec	42 Mbytes/CPU sec
z990	104	44	33	29	34	29
z890	78	33	25	21	26	23
z900	27	20	15	15	27	20
z800	20	15	11	11	20	15

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Additional Information

- <http://www-03.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/WP100700>
- <http://www-03.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/PRS1666>
- <http://www-03.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/PRS1601>
- Or <http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs>
 - search on key words **crypto** or **encryption facility**

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Encryption Facility Requests

- PGP support
- Certificate create/import without RACF (OA15156)
- Encrypted file destined for multiple sites/keys



**IBM System z9
109 (z9-109)**

These are a sample of requests by customers. IBM makes no representation as to whether these requests will be addressed.

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ICSF Utility Menu OA15156

```
----- ICSF - Utilities -----
OPTION ==>>
Enter the number of the desired option.
1 ENCODE          - Encode Data
2 DECODE          - Decode Data
3 RANDOM          - Generate a random number
4 CHECKSUM        - Generate a checksum and verification and hash
                  pattern
5 PPKEYS          - Generate master key values from a pass phrase
6 PKDSKEYS        - Manage keys in the PKDS ←
```

Press ENTER to go to the selected option.
Press END to exit to the previous menu.

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ICSF PKDS Key Management

```
CSFPKY00----- ICSF - PKDS Keys -----
Enter the PKDS record's label for the actions below ==>>
Select one of the following actions then press Enter to process:
- Generate a new PKDS key pair record
  Enter the key length ==>>          512, 1024 or 2048
  Enter Private Key Name (optional)
  ==>>
- Delete the existing public key or key pair PKDS record
- Export the PKDS record's public key to a certificate data set
  Enter the DSN ==>>
  Enter the desired subject's common name (optional)
  CN ==>>
- Create a PKDS public key record from an input certificate.
  Enter the DSN ==>>
```

Press ENTER to go to the selected option.
Press END to exit to the previous menu.

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Questions



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