

IBM ITSO Poughkeepsie
OS/390 in an e-business environment

Domino Go Webserver V5

SSL Client Authentication



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SSL Client Authentication



- **SSL allows encrypted communication with or without client authentication**
- **SSL client authentication requires the client to present a certificate**
- **DGW can be configured to require client authentication**
 - ▶ With client authentication, the server can control the access of resources by using the client certificate information instead of challenging for user ID/password.

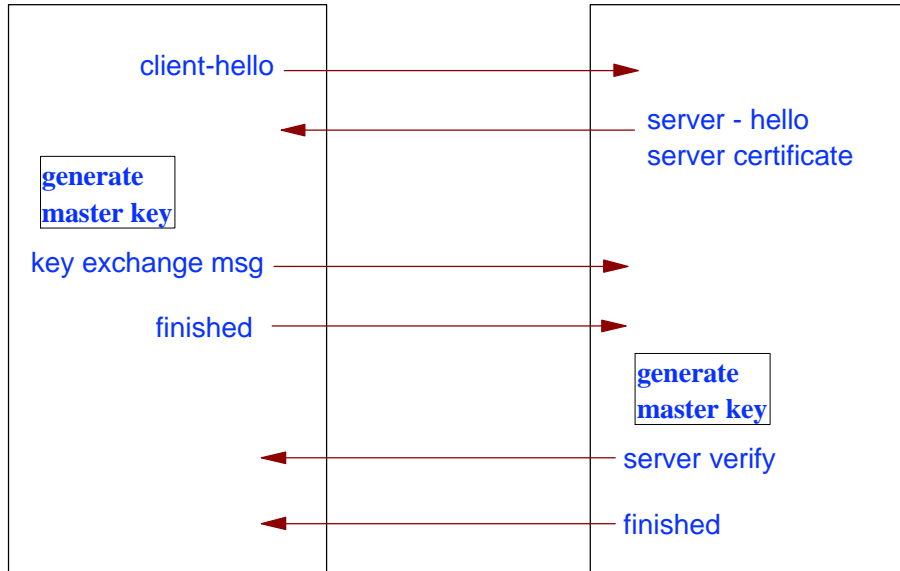
SSL Client Authentication



SSL handshake without client authentication

Client

Server



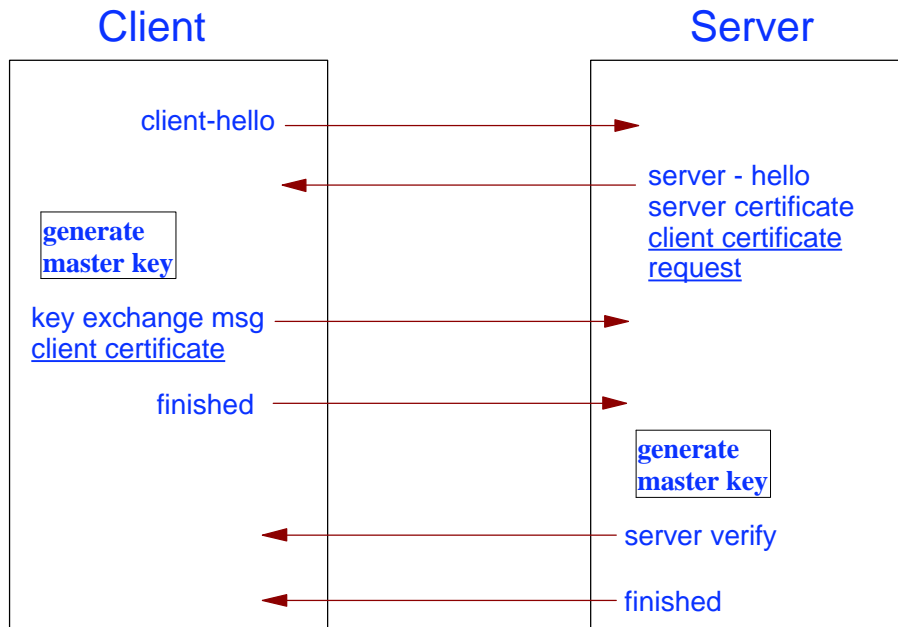
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SSL Client Authentication



SSL handshake with client authentication



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SSL Client Authentication



Web Server enablement

● SSL Client Authentication Configuration Directives

- ▶ SSLClientAuth directive enables validation of client certificates
 - off default - no client validation
 - local enable client validation (was "on" before 4.6.1)
 - strong if using an X500 directory server for certificates
 - passthru for validation with user supplied routines

- ▶ passthru is the right spelling for the option - even if webmasters guide suggests passthrough



SSL Client Authentication

Web Server enablement

- **Protection based on client authentication**

- ▶ The following protection directive can be used to protect a resource using certificate information

```
Protection Prot2 {
  ServerId      Candy_Prot_Test2
  AuthType     Basic
  CommonName   "Roland Trauner"
  Locality     "Internet"
  Organization "VeriSign, Inc."
  OrgUnit      "Digital ID Class 1 - Netscape"
  IssuerLocality "Internet"
  IssuerOrganization "VeriSign, Inc."
  IssuerOrgUnit "VeriSign Class 1 CA - Individual Subscriber"
  Mask         anybody@*
}

Protect /sec2/*      Prot2
```

SSL Client Authentication



Web Server enablement

● Some Remarks:

▶ Caution:

- If you set up a protection directive like the example and forget to define *SSLClientAuth on*, then the certificate related parameters (CommonName etc.) will be ignored and the access is simply granted by *Mask anybody@**
- Accessing the directory like the example above requires HTTPS protocol (SSL client certificates) .
- If you don't use https, an error message will be delivered in the trace and *403 forbidden by role* shows up.



SSL Client Authentication

Web Server enablement

● More Remarks:

▶ Browser Action:

- When `SSLClientAuth=on` then the server requests a client certificate the first time the server will be accessed through SSL (https).
- This requires a certificate grant action at the browser at the first time.
 - >> THE SITE requested client authentication
 - >> Here is the site's certificate
 - >> Select your certificate
- The browser then keeps the status and issues the certificate every time it will be asked.
- If one decided not to grant the certificate the first time, it is also denied every subsequent time.
- This is configurable through browser parameters.

SSL Client Authentication



Web Server enablement

● More Remarks:

▶ DGW's vv trace shows the user certificate:

```
HTHandle.... Beginning SKREAD
HTSession... SSL server handshake complete
Client certificate data:
  Common Name = Roland Trauner
  Locality = Internet
  Organization = VeriSign, Inc.
  Organizational Unit = VeriSign Class 1 CA -
  Individual Subscriber
  Issuer Locality = Internet
  Issuer Organization = VeriSign, Inc.
  Issuer Organizational Unit = VeriSign Class 1 CA -
  Individual Subscriber
Keep-Alive.. Starting HTTPD 1.1 loop.
```



SSL Client Authentication

Web Server enablement

● Protection based on client certificates

- ▶ Possible since ICSS 2.2
- ▶ Authentication process ran under the user ID defined by the UserID directive. The user ID was either a generic user ID (*PUBLIC*) or a user specified user ID (*%%CLIENT%%*).
- ▶ DGW 4.6.1 invented *%%CERTIF%%* and enabled the use of client certificates to set up the user ID the process should run under.
- ▶ *%%CERTIF%%* forces RACF to compare the certificate with the certificate stored in the **CERTDATA** segment of the **DIGTCERT** RACF class.
 - RACF APAR OW26930 describes the details or look at SYS1.SAMPLIB(IRR26930 and IRR31933)



SSL Client Authentication

RACF Digital Certificate Support

- **Enable RACF to handle certificates**

- ▶ Enable the RACF DIGTCERT class
 - SETR CLASSACT(DIGTCERT) RACLIST(DIGTCERT)
- ▶ Allow individual users to register a certificate with their own RACF user ID
 - RDEFINE FACILITY IRR.DIGTCERT UACC(NONE)
 - PERMIT IRR.DIGTCERT CLASS(FACILITY) ID(*) ACC(READ)
 - SETR RACLIST(FACILITY) REFRESH



SSL Client Authentication

RACF Digital Certificate Support

- **Register a certificate using RACDCERT**

- ▶ Obtain a client certificate from a CA in PKCS7 format.
- ▶ Upload the certificate to an OS/390 PS dataset (FTP, binary)
 - DSORG=PS, RECFM=VB, LRECL=4096, BLKSIZE=27998
- ▶ Register the certificate using the RACDCERT TSO command
 - RACDCERT ID(TRAUNER) ADD('TRAUNER.CERT.P7C') TRUST

- **Use %%CERTIF%%**

- ▶ Define UserID %%CERTIF%% and SSLClientAuth local
 - The referring userid is now set when a registered certificate is presented.
 - If no certificate or no valid certificate is presented, %%CERTIF%% acts like %%CLIENT%% and asks for user ID and password.

▶ See SG24-5158 Ready for e-business: OS/390 Security Server Enhancements



SSL Client Authentication

RACF Digital Certificate Support

● RACF AutoRegistration Web Application

- ▶ Instead of registering the certificates in TSO, the RACF AutoRegistration Web Application can be used.
- ▶ Is shipped as a PTF since OS/390 R5 or can be obtained via FTP from: <ftp://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redbooks/SG245158>
- ▶ It contains three html pages and one REXX registration clist
- ▶ Enables to register user certificates with OS/390 through the web interface
 - requires a browser and DGW 4.6.1 or higher running on OS/390 R5 or higher